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SECURITY COUNCIL STARTS MEETING ON SUEZ; ISRAEL SEEKS PARTICIPATION

UNITED NATIONS, N. Y., Sept. 26. (JTA) -- The United Nations Security Council today started deliberations on the Suez Canal issue. The opening session was marked by a strong stand in favor of Egypt taken by the Soviet delegate, who blasted Britain and France charging the two democratic powers with using "crude pressure" against Egypt and threatening Egypt with military action and economic sanctions. He was interrupted by the president of the Council who urged him to limit himself to procedural matters.

It was announced at the opening of the meeting that Israel has requested permission to participate in the proceedings of the Security Council, although she is not a member of the Council. Prior to the opening of today's session, Israeli circles made it clear today that Israel's case with reference to the discussions would be confined to one central theme--that Israel has the right to pass through the Suez Canal in accordance with international conventions and international law, as do all nations. Israel, it was indicated, will not enter the question of seizure of the canal by Egypt.

Ambassador Abba Eban, chief of the Israel delegation, in presenting his request today to be given the opportunity to participate in the Security Council discussions, emphasized that his request was made because of "the restrictions imposed by Egypt on the passage of Israeli goods and shipping through the Suez Canal, which violate the central principle of the international convention under which the canal is operated." The Israeli letter added that the Security Council had taken cognizance of this matter in its resolution of 1 September 1951, which Egypt had disregarded, and in subsequent discussions in 1954 and 1955.

Attended by an unprecedented number of diplomats as onlookers, the Security Council meeting was opened today with a statement by the president of the Council, Dr. Emilio Nunez-Portuondo of Cuba, announcing that Secretary General Dag Hammarskjold had sent him a note this morning reporting the "unfortunate events" which have taken place on the Jordan-Israel border "during the last few days." This note, he said, was distributed by him to all members of the Council this afternoon. As president of the Council, he voiced his sorrow over the loss of life and expressed concern over the developments.

The fact that he did not single out the Israel-Jordan clash of last night, but spoke in general terms of the events of the week, is considered indicative of the mood in which the Security Council is starting its meeting. The meeting is expected to last several weeks. The general sentiment at the opening meeting today was to avoid blaming Israel for last night's raid but to consider the event as part and parcel of the general tension prevailing along the Arab-Israel borders.

Delegates of Britain, France and the United States spoke on procedure and proposed that discussion of the basic issue--Egypt's seizure of the Suez Canal--be postponed until the middle of next week to enable the Foreign Ministers who wish to lead their delegations in the debate, to come to New York. The British delegate took note of Israel's request to be given a seat at the Council table during the debate and said that he reserved the right to speak on this subject later. (See page 3 for Secretary of State Dulles' views of Israel rights in Suez Canal.)

ISRAEL URGES U. N. TO CHECK JORDAN; EXPLAINS MILITARY RAID ON JORDAN

JERUSALEM, Sept. 26. (JTA) -- The Israel Government today asked the United Nations to take steps to insure observance by Jordan of the cease-fire pledge given UN Secretary General Dag Hammarskjold, in order to avoid Israeli retaliation such as the Israeli raid last night on a Jordan police station in which 50 Jordanian soldiers were reported killed. Israeli casualties in the raid were given as eight dead and nine wounded.

The Israel request was transmitted to the United Nations by Foreign Minister Golda Meir who summoned Gen. E. L. M. Burns, UN truce chief, to present to him the views of the Israel Government on the raid, which took place following the killing of 36 Israelis in recent Jordan attacks, including the attack on members of the archaeological convention now taking place in Jerusalem. Six Israelis were killed by Jordanians in the last 48 hours alone.

The Israel Foreign Minister pointed out to the UN truce chief that Israel's attack last night was "the inevitable consequence of a chain of murderous aggression" by

Jordan. Mrs. Meir told Gen. Burns that Israel was determined to secure and maintain the peace of its borders. Israel, she went on, had never initiated attacks and now reiterates the pledges it gave UN Secretary General Dag Hammarskjold to scrupulously abide by the cease-fire on the basis of reciprocity.

Israel asks the UN Secretary General and the Chief of Staff to take steps to insure like observance on Jordan's part and to institute such policies as will secure its maintenance, Mrs. Meir stressed. The reestablishment of the cease-fire was essential for the restoration of peaceful conditions in the area and Israel will always abide by it, she concluded.

Israel Army Reports Details of Attack on Jordan Police Station

The details of the Israeli attack on the Jordan police post were given early this morning in a communique issued by the Israeli Army. It said: "Several Jordan Army posts, including a company stronghold in the Husan area, were attacked and taken tonight by an Israeli Army unit. The Husan police station also was taken and blown up. Two enemy armored cars were set afire, and the enemy suffered approximately fifty killed. After accomplishing the task, our forces returned to their bases. Booty, including cars, heavy mortars, machine guns and rifles were brought back.

"This attack was carried out after Jordan soldiers killed four Israeli citizens in a murderous attack at Ramat Rachel, killed a woman in the vicinity of Moshav Aminadav and kidnapped and murdered a tractor driver of the kibbutz (settlement) Maoz Haim in the past three days," the communique concluded.

Eban Confers with Hammarskjold on Jordan-Israel Situation

UNITED NATIONS, N. Y., Sept. 26. (JTA).-- Israel's retaliatory raid on Jordan last night was explained today to UN Secretary General Dag Hammarskjold by Ambassador Abba Eban, chief of the Israel delegation here, following a letter sent by Mr. Hammarskjold earlier this morning to the president of the Security Council calling the Council's attention to the "latest development" on the Israel-Jordan frontier.

"The most recent events at the Jordan-Israel demarcation line have brought to a culmination a development which has been progressing for a few months," the Secretary General said in his letter. "I have, so far, not found that I should ask the Security Council to take the situation up for active consideration. However, if the governments concerned, in cooperation with the Truce Supervision Organization, do not bring the situation rapidly under control, I submit that the Security Council should take the matter up in order to reaffirm its policy, as established in previous resolutions, and, were the Council to find the continued deterioration to constitute a threat to peace, to decide on what further measures may be indicated."

Mr. Eban told Mr. Hammarskjold that the action undertaken last night by Israeli forces against some Jordan posts was an "inevitable consequence in the chain of murders and aggressions committed by Jordanian forces against citizens of Israel, within Israel territory, and in repudiation of Jordan's solemn undertakings to the Secretary General to observe a permanent and unconditional cease-fire. Since these undertakings were given, 36 Israelis were killed and 51 wounded in Jordan attacks, he pointed out.

"No government could fail to act in defense of its citizens in face of continuing murders organized from across its borders," Mr. Eban said. "Israel's determination to assure and maintain peace along these borders remains unchanged. Israel deeply deplores the loss of lives on either side. But the responsibility is Jordan's. Israel has at no time initiated hostilities nor will she do so in the future.

"The Government of Israel reiterates its pledges given to the Secretary-General scrupulously to maintain a cease-fire on the basis of reciprocity. It requests the Secretary-General and the Chief of Staff to take the necessary steps to ensure like observance by Jordan of its cease-fire undertakings and the institution of such policies as will secure its maintenance."

ISRAEL STRIKES OIL AGAIN; QUALITY SIMILAR TO OTHER MID-EAST FIELDS

TEL AVIV, Sept. 26. (JTA).-- Israel struck oil again today. Heletz Number 11, actually the eighth well dug in the only paying oil field in Israel, came in at a depth of 5,026 feet. Present for the breaking through were Development Minister Mordecai Bentov and a number of members of Parliament.

Five of the eight wells have a daily capacity of 130 barrels each, it was revealed today by Israel Barnea, general director of the Matsada Company, one of the firms involved in the drilling operations. He said the quality was similar to that of other Middle Eastern fields. His company, he announced, is planning to sink 33 wells by the end of 1957, which should add up to an annual output of 200,000 tons.

SECRETARY DULLES AFFIRMS ISRAEL'S RIGHT TO PASSAGE THROUGH SUEZ

WASHINGTON, Sept. 26. (JTA) -- Secretary of State John Foster Dulles said today that while he deplored and regretted the outbreak of additional Israel-Jordan border friction, he did not at the moment see any direct relation of this development to the Suez Canal crisis.

Mr. Dulles was asked at his press conference if the new happenings involving Israel and Jordan would have an adverse effect on attempts to solve the Suez Canal problem. His reply indicated belief that the two issues were independent of each other. In deploring the border developments, Mr. Dulles said they seemed to indicate non-acceptance of the peace objectives sought by United Nations Secretary General Dag Hammarskjöld.

Secretary Dulles expressed the view that it was "irrelevant" whether Israel was given membership in a Suez Canal users' association. He held that the association's facilities would theoretically be made available to Israel even if she were not a member. He said he did not think Israel's interests would be prejudiced by Israel being turned down for membership in the association.

In explaining why Israel could not join the association, Mr. Dulles pointed out that the Jewish State might not meet the qualifications for membership provisionally adopted. These qualifications require participating nations to have had a certain volume of previous commerce through the canal. (Since Israel was barred by Egypt from canal usage, it would not have the minimum required by the users' association.)

Secretary Dulles was asked about tankers blacklisted by Egypt for trading with Israel, with regard to his view or their right to Suez passage and of consequences if they were barred. He replied that there was no reason to think we would "shoot our way through" and spoke of "inevitable pressures" and "undesirable repercussions" that in the long run would "inexorably" prove bad for Egypt.

In general, he insisted that Egypt ultimately would not get away with its action in seizing the Canal. He predicted Egypt would ultimately lose, even in its relationship to other Arab states and spoke of the interdependence of nations in the modern world. But Mr. Dulles did not think the present Suez situation called for any drastic solution "such as going to war."

In a prepared statement, the Secretary of State said "important business and financial interests" were thinking of big tankers "and additional pipelines which will make it possible for nations to be less dependent on the Suez Canal." Asked if the United States might help financially on pipelines across "Israel or Turkey," Mr. Dulles said the oil companies concerned had adequate resources to do what they deemed necessary in that respect.

ISRAEL JOINS INTERNATIONAL FINANCE CORPORATION IN WASHINGTON

WASHINGTON, Sept. 26. (JTA) -- Israel today joined the International Finance Corporation, an affiliate of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development.

The articles of agreement were signed by David Horowitz, Governor of the Bank of Israel, who is currently in Washington attending the eleventh annual conference of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development. Mr. Horowitz is one of the governors of the International Bank.

BERLIN BANS TWO NEO-NAZI ORGANIZATIONS; ADVOCATED ANTI-SEMITISM

BERLIN, Sept. 26. (JTA) -- The West Berlin government banned yesterday two neo-Nazi organizations which it charges were paving the way for the establishment of a new party under the leadership of Otto Strasser, one-time aide of Hitler who later broke with him.

The organization, known as "Working Group, Never Forgotten Homeland" and "League for the Renewal of Germany," were dissolved as un-constitutional and any successor groups banned. In its action, the municipal government pointed out that Strasser recently said he stood by "Construction of German Socialism," an anti-Semitic, anti-Catholic and anti-Protestant tract.

AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT DISSOLVES NEO-NAZI NATIONAL YOUTH CORPS

VIENNA, Sept. 26. (JTA) -- The Austrian Ministry dissolved today a new neo-Nazi group--the "National Youth Corps." The organization immediately announced that it would appeal to the Austrian Supreme Court.

The ground on which the government dissolved the organization was that it had held public meetings at cemeteries and had placed honor guards before the tombs of former S.S. men and other Nazis.

TURKEY MAY LIFT BAN ON RELIGIOUS INSTRUCTION IN JEWISH SCHOOL

ISTANBUL, Sept. 26. (JTA) -- The introduction of Jewish religious instruction at the local Jewish High School may soon become possible, it was indicated here today. Religious instruction has been barred from secondary schools in the past.

A new government regulation introduces Moslem teachings in Moslem public and private high schools. As a result, Jewish leaders expect to apply soon to the authorities and hope to receive permission to extend religious instruction from the primary grades, where it is now permitted, to the secondary grades.

Meanwhile, it was revealed today that the Rabbinical Seminary, a recognized high school which is expected to train rabbis and other personnel needed for the spiritual welfare of Turkish Jewry, now has an enrollment of 50. The Grand Rabbinate, which sponsors the seminary, has made arrangements for two qualified teachers from Israel to join its faculty.

BOARD OF JEWISH DEPUTIES ANNOUNCES STAND ON RELIGION IN ISRAEL

LONDON, Sept. 26. (JTA) -- The Board of Deputies of British Jews expressed its anxiety last night over the "cleavage of opinion" in Israel over the place of religion in the state.

In a formal statement, the Board expressed its "profound sorrow at the recent Sabbath disturbances in the Holy City of Jerusalem." The government's action in setting up an independent inquiry committee to study the causes of the clashes was praised as "an earnest endeavor to preclude similar occurrences in the future."

While it condemned "attempts by insignificant and irresponsible elements in the country who have tried to exploit the recent events in order to spread hatred against the Government and State of Israel," the Board expressed its desire "to put on record that the overwhelming majority of Anglo-Jewry cannot envisage Jewish history, Jewish unity and a Jewish future without according to religion its rightful place in Jewish life and education everywhere, especially in Israel."

The Board further expressed its "confidence" that the Government of Israel will give serious consideration to this problem and its "trust" that there will be "cooperation with the Chief Rabbinate in Israel (on) a *modus vivendi* which will preserve the sanctity of the Sabbath and assure harmony in Jerusalem and throughout Israel."

BELGIUM DEPORTS WOMAN LINKED TO ABDUCTION OF JEWISH ORPHAN

BRUSSELS, Sept. 26. (JTA) -- The Belgian authorities released Gertrude van Moorst, foster mother of the abducted Dutch Jewish war orphan Anneke Beekman, from prison in Liege Saturday and gave her 24 hours to leave the country. it was learned today.

Mrs. van Moorst's release followed an opinion by the Attorney General of Belgium rejecting a Netherlands request for extradition of the woman, who is under sentence for her part in spiriting the Beekman child out of Holland in defiance of a court decision to return the Jewish teen-ager to the Jewish community. While free pending an appeal against her sentence, Mrs. van Moorst, a sister and several Catholic clergymen fled the country.

INTERNATIONAL CULTURAL CONGRESS IN MEXICO CONDEMNS ANTI-SEMITISM

MEXICO CITY, Sept. 26. (JTA) -- All forms of race hatred, with special reference to anti-Semitic attacks on a cultural basis, were sharply condemned here in addresses before the International Congress for Cultural Freedom, which concluded its sessions here.

Participants in the meeting included Norman Thomas, American Socialist leader; Salvador Madariaga, noted Spanish philosopher; Sara Ibanez, a Uruguayan poetess; and cultural leaders from various countries.

N. Y. MAYOR URGED TO ACT AGAINST FIRMS PRACTICING DISCRIMINATION

NEW YORK, Sept. 26. (JTA) -- The Commission on Intergroup Relations of New York City, a municipal agency, today urged Mayor Robert F. Wagner to act against firms holding city contracts which practice discrimination. Herbert Bayard Swope, chairman of the unit, told the Mayor that some contractors and subcontractors on city jobs were unaware of a local law prohibiting discrimination in hiring.

PROF. ISAAC ZARETSKY, NOTED JEWISH PHILOLOGIST, DEAD IN U. S. S. R.

LONDON, Sept. 26. (JTA) -- Professor Isaac Zaretsky, noted Soviet Jewish philologist and expert on the Yiddish language, died in Kursk, in the Soviet Union, last August 27, according to a report in the Warsaw Yiddish newspaper "Folkshtimme," which reached here today. He was 65 years old.

The author of numerous books on Yiddish philology and grammar, Prof. Zaretsky was the leading spirit in carrying out the Yiddish orthographic reform which took place in the Soviet Union in 1920. He also had served as editor of a Soviet Yiddish philological journal.