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EISENHOWER REBUFFS EGYPT'S PROPOSAL FOR A NEW PARLEY ON SUEZ ISSUE

WASHINGTON, Sept. 11. (JTA) -- President Eisenhower said today that Egypt's proposal for new Suez talks contains mothing substantive on which to base a second conference. Egypt's President Col. Nasser proposed yesterday that all states using the Suez Canal-except Israel-should meet in conference to revise the Constantinople Convention of 1888.

At his weekly press conference, President Eisenhower reaffirmed support for a peaceful solution to the Suez dispute. He expressed regret that Egyptian Premier Col. Nasser had rejected the 18-nation proposal for international control of the Canal.

The President said that the U.S. is in continual consultation with other countries seeking an answer to the Suez dispute. But the President avoided direct answers to questions of whether the U.S. would back its allies if Britain and France resorted to force over the Suez issue.

Asked about the possibility of taking the Suez dispute to the United Nations, President Eisenhower indicated that he was not sure that this was the correct time to refer the issue to the world body. He said, however, that the U.S. would put the dispute before the United Nations before taking what he called physical steps.

Dulles Assures Israel of His Non-Discrimination Standin Suez Issue

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., Sept. 11. (JTA) -- Secretary of State John Foster Dulles has assured Israel's Ambassador in Washington, Abba S. Eban, that the principle of complete freedom of passage for ships of all nations through the Suez Canal without any discrimination still guides United States policy.

Is raeli sources here indicated today that that position was explained to Mr. Eban yesterday when the Ambassador conferred with Mr. Dulles. The Secretary is understood to have made it clear that his current policy includes afirm adherence to the principle of complete universality and non-discrimination in the use of the canal by all nations, without exception.

Ambassador Eban, chairman of the Israel delegation to the United Nations, conferred for over an hour today with Secretary General Dag Hammarskjold. Mr. Eban said after the conference that the talks concerned "many matters, including the Suez." Asset whether he had made any proposals to Mr. Hammarskjold in regard to the Suez Canal situation, Mr. Eban said: "Our position on the Suez Canal is well known. We are against discrimination."

ISRAEL CABINET HOLDS URGENT MEETING; CLASH WITH EGYPTIANS REPORTED

JERUSALEM, Sept. 11. (JTA) -- An urgent meeting of the Israel Cabinet, devoted to security and foreign affairs, was held today under the chairmanship of Levi Eshkol, Acting Premier, following a visit he made to Premier David Ben Gurion who is now vacationing at 5deh Boker.

While the Cabing was in session, the United Nations headquarters here announced it had received a complaint from Egypt that Israeli forces penetrated 10 miles into Egyptian territory and attacked an army post south of El Auja. Five Egyptian soldiers were killed and one wounded in the attack, the UN report said.

BRITAIN DENIES SEEKING MILITARY BASES IN ISRAEL; SCORES ARAB REPORT

LONDON, Sept. 11. (JTA) : The Foreign Office denied today reports from Arab sources that Britain would use bases in Israel. A Foreign Office spokesman, commenting on the report published by the Middle East News Agency and several Cairo newspapers, said, it was untrue. "There is no agreement of any kind between Britain and Israel for the use of bases in Israel," he said.

Meanwhile, a communique issued from 10 Downing Street today following talks between Prime Minister Sir Anthony Eden and French Premier Guy Mollet asserted that "a very grave situation" had been created by Egyptian President Gamal Abdel Nasser's refusal to negotiate the Suez Canal crisis on the terms of the 18-nation London conference. The Anglo-French leaders discussed further measures to be taken, the communique added, and reached full agreement upon them."

ZIONIST ACTIONS COMMITTEE CONCLUDES SESSION; INCREASED AID SOUGHT

JERUSALEM, Sept. 11. (JTA) -- The Inner Zionist Council, also known as the Small Actions Committee, concluded its two-day session here today with an appeal by Levi Eshkol, Igrael Finance Minister and head of the Jewish Agency's settlement department, urging world Jewry to double its current efforts in behalf of settlement in Israel.

Mr. Eshkol emphasized that only such an increased campaign can safeguard-thefure of the 466 settlements set up since the State of Israel was established. He pointed out that the new settlements--22 were established since the World Zionist Congress met here last April--have provided one-third of the country's agricultural needs.

The Finance Minister reported that the country would soon be self-sufficient as far as food was concerned. He also spoke of the phenomenal expansion of "industrial" cross including: peanuts for export; cotton in which Israel will shortly be self-sufficient and will thus save \$3,000,000 in foreign currency annually, and sugar for which processing plants have been established so Israel will be able to export refined rather than raw sugar.

Dr. Giora Josephtal, Jewish Agency treasurer, reported that cultural and personal reasons were more often responsible than economic conditions for the emigration of Jews from Israel. A recent survey revealed, he said, that 40 percent of the people leaving Israel did not speak Hebrew.

Three-fourths of all the emigrants, Dr. Josephthal disclosed, had come to Israel since the state was established. Twenty percent were pre-1948 immigrants and the remaining five percent were Israel-born. Some 8, 000 persons left Israel in 1953, he said, 5, 300 in 1954, 3, 500 in 1955 and 3, 200 in the first half of this year.

Among the reasons they gave for leaving were: to rejoin families abroad, inability to work at former professions, inability to find a place for themselves in Israel society, economic reasons and lack of adequate living quarters. Two-thirds of all emigrants went to the United States, Canada and Australia.

General Debate Focuses Attention on Settlement Problems

In the debate which followed Mr. Eshkol's and Dr. Josephtal's reports, Poale Zion degate J. Bankover urged the expansion of Negev settlement as a means of increasing the state's security. He demanded increased allocations for the Youth Aliyah movement to enable the movement to maintain its wards in the collective settlements. Mr. Bankover asked more money for housing in the kibbutzim in order to attract settlers from the cities.

Mapam member S. Rosen demanded that the standard of living be raised for agricultural families as a means of attracting more people to the soil, and proposed that more irrigation, electric power, schools and cultural facilities be made available to the settlements. He termed inadequate a proposed budget allocation of 75,000,000 pounds for agriculture in the Jewish Ågency's budget and expressed the opinion that concentrating on the collective settlements would be more advantageous for the state than pushing the development of smallholders cooperative settlements.

General Zionist delegates I. Golan and Baruch Weinstein criticized the lack of capital available for new settlers and the fact that settlements were being set up along party lines. Mr. Golan asked that the Agency's settlement staff be increased so that it could offer more assistance and guidance to new settlers, many of whom had no previous experience on farms.

M. Machhai of the Herut expressed satisfaction that 22 new settlements had come into being since the last Zionist congress and asked increased assistance for settlements located in the hilly areas of the country. He urged that a revolving fund be set up to provide low interest credits for settlers in difficult regions.

Hope to Obtain American Loan to Expand Israel's Agriculture

Mapai leader Abraham Hartzfeld expressed the hope that the Isræl Government would be able to obtain a loan from the United States Export-Import Bank exclusively for agricultural purposes and asked that such funds be devoted to consolidation of the new settlements. He urged the expansion of the movement by the establishment of 30 to 40 new settlements annually and hoped that world Jewry would understand that this was the best means for absorbing the newcomers.

A. Rafael of the Labor-Mizrachi criticized the Jewish Agency's provision of religious facilities in the new settlements:

During his summation, at the end of the debate, Mr. Eshkol pointed out to the religious delegates that the Agency supplied the settlements with such religious amenities as synagogues, ritual baths and cemeteries, but that the Ministry for Religion was responsible for the maintenance of functionaries in the settlements. He told all the speakers that unless there was a considerable rise in income, there was no possibility of fulfilling even a fraction of the needs outlined by different members of the Actions Committee.

JERUSALEM POLICE CHIEF URGES BARRING SABBATH TRAFFIC IN THREE AREAS

JERUSALEM, Sept. 11. (JTA) - Three districts of Jerusalem whose residents are predominantly Orthodox should be barred to all Sabbath traffic Levi Abrahami, Jerusalem's police chief, recommended today to a public commission investigating the death of 55-year-old Pinhas Segalow in a riot following attempts by Neturei Karta members to interfere with Sabbath traffic in this city.

"Testifying before the inquiry unit, Commissioner Abrahami also recommended that' the transportation of Jerusalem residents by truck to nearby swimming pools and other amusement spots on the Sabbath be barred. This device has been used to circumvent the closing down of bus transport on the Sabbath in Jerusalem by the government-operated bus line.

Finally, the police commissioner suggested that some 30 ring-leaders among the Neturei Karta, who, he said, instigated roadblocks and other attempts at halting traffic, be kept under police surveillance. If they create further difficulties, he added, they should be banished to the Jordan-held Old City of Jerusalem under the government's emergency powers. Mr. Abrahami's proposal, noted that members of the ultra-Orthodox sect-which does not recognize the Israel Government have indicated a desire to return to the Old City.

His testimony followed that of Rabbi Moshe Forush an Agudah leader, who charged that by failing to halt traffic circumventing the Sabbath regulations the government was responsible in part for last week's riots. He noted that the trucks were not licensed to transport passengers. He insisted that the government act against those who broke the Sabbath regulations and thus provoked the disturbances. Until now, he said, the government had acted only against the religious elements.

Medical testimony, earlier, revealed that Mr. Segalow had died of an internal hemorrhage, but that there were no external signs of wounds which might have been inflicted during police action against the rioters. A post mortem was not permitted because of the religious beliefs of the dead man.

ISRAEL'S EXPORT OF PHOSPHATES INCREASED 80 PERCENT, MINISTER REPORTS

JERUSALEM, Sept. 11. (JTA) -- Israel's export of phosphates has increased 80 percent in the last year, Mordecai Bentov, Minister for Development, announced here today. Mr. Bentov said that Israel's annual production of phosphates will soon hit 150,000 tons.

Shipments to Japanwill be renewed under an order just received for 8,000 tons at world prices. A final consignment of 30,000 tons is due to go to Hungary shortly. A Hungarian representative is expected here to negotiate a new agreement for the purchase of fertilizers.

ISRAEL SHIPPING COMPANY PLANS TO ADD 35 NEW VESSELS TO ITS FLEET

JERUSALEM, Sept. 11. (JTA) -- The Zim shipping company is contemplating a ship construction program which will add 35 new vessels to its fleet, the company announced today. Five of the ships will be huge 20,000 ton tankers.

An executive of the firm, J. Brefel, recently toured West European shipyards discussing the possibilities of placing such orders. If the government approves the construction program, it was pointed out, the new vessels could all be in service within four years.

REPUBLICANS AND DEMOCRATS TO ADDRESS Z. O. A. CONVENTION IN WASHINGTON

NEW YORK, Sept. 11. (JTA) - Leading spokesmen of the Republican and Democratic Parties will address the annual convention of the Zionist Organization of America which will open in Washington on October 4, it was announced here today. The convention will last four days.

The spokesmen of the two political parties will give expression to their positions on American policy in the Middle East in the light of the planks on this subject included in the platforms of the two parties. More than 1, 200 delegates representing 600 districts from all over the country are expected to attend the convention, at which major issues facing the Zionist movement will be discussed.

The tentative agenda made public by the national ZOA headquarters indicates that the topics will range from organizational issues to discussions of fundamental problems dealing with ideology and program. In the forefront of the agenda looms the current political American scene relating to U.S. policy toward is rael and the Middle East.

One of the plenary sessions at the convention will be dedicated to the centenary of the late Justice Louis D. Brandeis. An address of tribute reviewing the life and works of Justice Brandeis will be rendered by Dr. Abraham Sachar, president of the Brandeis University. The presidential address will be delivered by Mortimer May and the annual report covering all phases of ZOA activities will be presented by Dr. Sidney Marks, ZOA national secretary and executive director.

MUNICH, Sept. 11. (JTA) -- Ambitious plans for next year's Bundestag elections were announced by the anti-Semitic "German Reich Party" at its national convention held in Wiesbaden and attended by more than 250 delegates and 800 guests. The "German Reich Party," largest of the avowedly neo-Nazi political groups in Germany, polled 300, 000 votes in the last Bundestag elections. It is represented in a number of state and local parliaments.

The convention elected Wilhelm Meinberg, a professional Nazi, as the new leader of the party. Dr. Heinrich Kunstmann, a notorious Nazi physician, was elected deputy leader. The latter is considered by the "German Reich Party" as Germany's rightful chief of state because he briefly succeeded Hitler as chief of state after Hitler's suicide.

Herr Meinberg joined the violently Jew-baiting "Racist Defensive and Offensive League" in 1919, the "Steel Helmets" shortly thereafter and the Nazi Party in 1929. Lever since he has been a professional Nazi, holding various high positions in the Nazi apparatus. He was also a member of the Prussian legislature, head of the Nazi "Reich Food Estate, " labor director of the "Hermann Goering Works," "Reichshauptamtsleiter" of the Nazi Party and SS general. He now lives in Westohalia.

In 1953, the Adenauer Government brought suit before the Federal Constitutional Court to have the "German Reich Party" declared unconstitutional because of its Hitlerite affinities and sympathies, but the suit was dropped the following year on the basis of a strange secret deal and for reasons which have never been explained adequately.

ISRAEL SIGNS INTERNATIONAL CONVENTION ON ABOLITION OF SLAVERY

GENEVA, Sept. 11. (JTA) -- Israel signed here today the "Supplementary Convention contine abolition of Slavery, the Slave Trade, and Institutions and Practice Similar to Slavery," adopted by a United Nations conference earlier this month.

This brings to 33 the number of countries that have signed the new instrument, which is designed to supplement and bring up to date the agreements made-under an antislavery convention of 1926. The latter, still in force, is confined mainly to crude types of chattel slavery and traffic in human beings, while the new convention seeks to abolish also such practices as serfdom, debt bondage, bride price, and abuses arising out of the adoption of children.

DR. MINTZ, CALIFORNIA SCIENTIST, TO WORK IN ISRAEL ON METEOROLOGY

JERUSALEM, Sept. 11. (JTA) -- The appointment of Dr. Yale Mintz, of the University of California at Los Angeles, as Visiting Professor of Meteorology at the Hebrew University was announced here today. Dr. Mintz' appointment will be for a two year period and his work will be trimarily directed toward the initiation of a program of basic research which may provide the basis for a rational method of long-range weather forecasting.

Dr. Mintz will be accompanied by his wife and their three children. Mrs. Mintz will also carry out a project while in Israel. She will complete a volume of translation of the work of four Israeli poets.—S. Shalom. Avraham Shlonsky, Leah Goldberg and Amir Gilboa. She will also continue studies with Dr. Simon Halkin, of the Hebrew University, which she began when Dr. Halkin was a Visiting Professor at U. C. L. A.

ITALIAN JEWISH AUTHOR RECEIVES ITALY'S MOST COVETED LITERARY PRIZE

ROME, Sept. 11. (JTA) -- Carlo Levi, author and painter, today won the Premio Viareggio, one of Italy's most coveted literary awards. The Italian Jewish author, who became world famous upon the publication of his first book, "Christ Stopped at Eboli," received the award for his latest work, which also deals—with the life of peasants in southern Italy.

URUGUAYAN-ISRAEL CULTURAL INSTITUTE FORMED: WELCOMED BY GOVT.

MONTEVIDEO, Sept. 11. (JTA) -- Dr. Francisco Gamarra, Uruguayan Fo<u>reign</u> Minister; received today a Jewish delegation which informed him of the establishment here of an Uruguayan-Israel Cultural Institute. Dr. Gamarra expressed pleasure at the formation of the group.

DR. ABRAHAM RINSKY, ZIONIST LEADER, DIES IN BUENOS AIRES-

BUENOS AIRES, Sept. II. (JTA) - Dr. Abraham Rinsky; a physician and veteran Zionist leader here, died yesterday following a heart attack. He was 62 years old. The son of one of the first Hebrew teachers in the Argentine Jewish colony of Mosesville, Dr. Rinsky practiced medicine and served as a leader of Zionist activities there for many years. He moved to Buenos Aires in 1941.

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