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ISRAEL'S FATE WILL BE DECIDED BY SUMMER, BEN GURION STATES

JERUSALEM, Nov. 30. (JTA) -- Israel's fate will be decided during the coming summer, or perhaps even earlier, Premier David Ben Gurion predicted today, addressing the Foreign Affairs and Security Committee of the Israel Parliament. This, he said, necessitates the use of all means at the government's disposal to strengthen the security of the State despite the fact that Israel's economic situation is serious.

Mr. Ben Gurion reported to the committee on the political situation, as well as the security aspects. He expressed similar views yesterday when he spoke to a meeting of members of the Cabinet to which representatives of Israel's labor parties and of the Histadrut had been invited.

U.S. SECURITY COUNCIL TO DISCUSS ISRAEL-EGYPTIAN SITUATION TODAY

WASHINGTON, Nov. 30. (JTA) -- The Israel-Egyptian situation was reported by informed sources to be on the agenda of the National Security Council tomorrow when President Eisenhower's top military advisers meet with him at Gettysburg, Pa. The meeting will actually take place 25 miles from Gettysburg proper at Camp David, the Presidential retreat in the Catoctin Mountains.

In addition to regular NSC members, those expected to participate include Admiral Arthur W. Radford, chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff; Gen. Maxwell D. Taylor, Chief of Staff of the Army; Admiral Arleigh A. Burke, Chief of Naval Operations; Gen. Nathan F. Twining, Chief of Staff of the Air Force, and Gen. Lemuel C. Shepherd, Commandant of the Marine Corps. The Secretary of Defense, Charles E. Wilson, is a regular member of the NSC and will be in attendance.

STATE DEPARTMENT'S VIEWS ON ARAB "GOODWILL" EVOKE SKEPTICISM

WASHINGTON, Nov. 30. (JTA) -- Diplomatic circles today indicated skepticism of State Department intimations that the Arab states now entertain "goodwill" toward Israel and sincerely desire a fair peace settlement. Suspicion exists that the "solution" presently envisaged by the State Department might involve territorial or other sacrifices by Israel although it is not believed that the United States completely subscribes to a return to the 1947 partition plan as advocated by Prime Minister Anthony Eden.

This view was expressed after a statement made today by State Department spokesman Lincoln White who said he believed goodwill existed on both sides in the Arab-Israel dispute. The United States, he declared, was confident that with goodwill on both sides the solution to the problem could be found and "our main objective of achieving peace in the area can be accomplished." Asked if the United States Government had told this to the Arab states and Israel, Mr. White said he could not go into "specifics."

One well-informed source expressed fear lest the State Department's belief in peaceful Arab intentions delay early action by the Department on the Israel arms purchase application. If the Arabs are showing signs of peace, the State Department might reason, it would be foolish to ship arms and thus encourage an "arms race." Suspicion exists that the current Arab "peace" line is aimed at creating a "smokescreen" to delay arms sales by the United States to Israel and to create the impression that it is the Arabs who want peace. Meanwhile, Arab war preparations continue, it was pointed out.

Arab propaganda is being focused on depicting the Arab states as willing to accept the Eden formula involving territorial sacrifice by Israel. Israel Foreign Minister Moshe Sharett declared here last night that a "war of nerves" is being launched against Israel as a result of British Premier Eden's "compromise" proposal and Arab support of it.

"I have read today in the American press a dispatch from Cairo which, drawing its inspiration from British sources, conjures up most alluring prospects of an early peace in the Middle East," he said. "Israel will not fall into this trap laid in the name of peace. Israel will not submit to amputation." "Barren or not, that desert triangle (in the Negev) has as its apex a most valuable asset for Israel which we would never dream of giving up. It is the port of Elath, our gateway to the Red Sea, the Indian Ocean, the sea of the Far East. Is it conceivable that any country in the world would willingly give up its access to a sea?"

BRITISH FOREIGN SECRETARY PRODDED IN PARLIAMENT ON AID TO ISRAEL

LONDON, Nov. 30. (JTA) -- British Foreign Secretary Harold Macmillan today evaded direct answers to questions put to him in Parliament by MP's asking for a specific statement of the extent to which Britain will go in helping Israel defend itself in the current Middle East crisis triggered by the Czech-Egyptian arms deal.

Mr. Macmillan was asked specifically whether Britain's arms commitments to members of the Bagdad alliance would preclude assistance to Israel in the event that she applies for arms. Mr. Macmillan replied that the Bagdad Pact had already been approved by Parliament, and refused to spell out any possible effect on Anglo-Israel relations.

A similar evasion occurred when Foreign Under Secretary Lord John Hope refused to give any figures of the number of British Centurion (heavy) tanks delivered to Egypt and how many remained to be shipped. It was reported that 60 tanks had been authorized for sale and 38 had been delivered.

Laborites clashed with Mr. Macmillan over the question of Britain's handling of Egypt's blockade of the Strait of Tiran, which controls the entrance to the Gulf of Akaba on which lies Israel's port of Elath. The Foreign Secretary revealed that British vessels were now making reports of their intentions to enter the strait in advance of their arrival there.

When he was challenged on the propriety of complying with Egyptian regulation of an international waterway, Mr. Macmillan said that Britain continued to maintain her legal position that Egypt was not justified in attempting to regulate an international waterway, but had taken "these practical steps" to keep its maritime traffic moving into the Gulf of Akaba.

A Labor Party delegation which conferred last night with Foreign Secretary Macmillan on the possibility of an Anglo-Israel security pact was "dissatisfied" with the results of the talk, it was learned today from a Labor Party source. After the Laborites had presented their case, the Foreign Secretary said that he would present their views to the government. It is understood that the demand for such a treaty will be pressed by the Labor MP's when the entire Middle East situation is debated in Commons.

ISRAEL'S OPPOSITION TO EDEN'S PROPOSALS REITERATED IN LONDON

LONDON, Nov. 30. (JTA) -- A restatement of Israel's objections to the "compromise" proposals made three weeks ago by Prime Minister Sir Anthony Eden was made today by Israel Ambassador Eliahu Elath in rebuttal of a dispatch from Jerusalem published by the Times of London to which Sir Anthony referred in Parliament yesterday.

Asserting that the Times dispatch creates the "false impression that there is likely to be some change" in the Israel Government's attitude toward Sir Anthony's proposals, Mr. Elath noted that the Israel Government's rejection--with the united support of the Israel people, he stressed--is based on the demand for one-sided territorial concessions from Israel before negotiations begin.

Israel cannot but view the latest British proposals against the background of British Government handling of a number of matters vitally affecting Israel's welfare, Ambassador Elath continued. He recalled that these matters included British supplies of arms to the Arabs, and its attitude toward the Arab economic boycott of Israel and toward the Egyptian blockades of the Suez Canal and the Strait of Tiran--leading to Israel's southern port of Elath.

Most important, however, Mr. Elath emphasized, was the security aspect. It detailed the treatment given Israel's requests for the purchase of arms for "legitimate self-defense" as pledged in the Tripartite Declaration of 1950, noting that Britain had resumed supplying Egypt with arms after the Suez settlement and had increased the arms flow to Iraq after that nation joined Turkey in the Bagdad Pact. But, when Israel attempted to buy arms from Britain to prevent the military balance being tilted against her, she "saw the greater part of her list of requirements struck out. In particular, she was refused Centurion (heavy) tanks of which 32 were reported to have been already supplied to Egypt."

U. N. VOTES \$26,800,000 AID TO ARAB REFUGEES; ISRAEL FAVORS DECISION

UNITED NATIONS, N. Y., Nov. 30. (JTA) -- The General Assembly's special political committee today adopted by a vote of 38 in favor, no opponents and 19 abstentions a resolution providing for the continuation of the United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine and Arab Refugees, setting the agency's budget for 1956 at \$26,800,000.

Israel voted for the resolution. The 19 abstentions included all the members of the Arab League bloc here, most of the countries represented in the Asian-African caucus and the Soviet Union and its satellite states. The resolution was sponsored by the United States, Britain and Turkey.

W. J. C. PARLEY DISCUSSES GROWTH OF ANTI-JEWISH MOVEMENT IN FRANCE

PARIS, Nov. 30. (JTA) -- The growing anti-Semitic movement in France was the major point of discussion at the two-day meeting of the national council of the French Section of the World Jewish Congress that closed here last night. The anti-Semites are rallying around the Poujade movement, originally launched as a protest against the taxation of small businessmen.

Other subjects discussed were the situation of Jews in North Africa and Israel's crisis. The conference concluded with a reception for French Grand Rabbi Jacob Kapian and Israel Ambassador Yaacov Tsur.

SENATE BODY HEARS JEWISH VIEWS ON COMPENSATION OF NAZI VICTIMS

WASHINGTON, Nov. 30. (JTA) -- Victims of Nazi persecution, who are now American citizens, should be compensated for war damages to their property in Germany on an equal basis with other American citizens, the American Jewish Committee urged today. It proposed that the pending Administration-approved Senate Bill No. 2227 be amended to include as eligible claimants those former aliens who were Nazi persecutees.

Testifying before a Senate Judiciary Subcommittee on Trading With the Enemy Act, of which Sen. Olin D. Johnston is chairman, Prof. Herman A. Gray of New York University, a member of AJC executive board, declared that there is ample precedent for legislation establishing "that persons who were treated as enemy by the enemies of the United States should be accorded substantially the same rights as citizens of the United States."

"That principle," he pointed out, "is embodied in such legislative enactments as the Trading With the Enemy Act, which in 1946 was amended to provide for return of property to persons who, while technically enemy nationals, were in fact treated as enemies by Germany and Japan and by their satellites, and in various international acts and agreements, among them the treaties of peace with Italy, Bulgaria, Hungary and Rumania, all of which were ratified by the Senate of the United States."

The Senate bill contains two basic provisions. The first would permit German citizens to reclaim their pre-war deposits in the U. S. to the limit of \$10,000, which, as enemy alien assets, had been confiscated by the U. S. Government. The second part of the bill would establish a \$100,000,000 fund from repayments by Germany of American loans made before the rise of Hitler. From this fund, American citizens would be compensated for war damages up to a limit of \$10,000 for any one individual. The amendment suggested by the AJC would extend to American citizens, who were victims of Nazi persecution, the same right to be paid from this fund as those who were citizens before the war.

N. Y. STATE COMMISSION BANS "CHURCHES NEARBY" ADVERTISING BY HOTELS

NEW YORK, Nov. 30. (JTA) -- The New York State Commission Against Discrimination has ruled that a New York State resort hotel advertising "churches nearby" has violated the State Law Against Discrimination and must discontinue the use of that phrase, the American Jewish Congress reported today.

The ruling was set forth by Commissioner J. Edward Conway after an investigation conducted by him on a complaint filed by the American Jewish Congress. The complaint was lodged against Alfred M. Eisenbach doing business as Blackhead Mountain Lodge, a resort hotel located near Ca-ro, N. Y. The resort included in its newspaper advertisement a reference to the fact that there were "churches nearby." The hotel also in response to an inquiry about its guest policy had replied that it was "a Christian place."

Commissioner Conway ruled that the resort hotel must abandon in all advertising, whether by brochure, newspapers, periodicals, letters, or orally, the use of the phraseology "churches nearby" and similar language which suggests any restriction because of race, color or creed. The Conway ruling also requires the hotel to maintain for a year a record of all correspondence in relation to accommodations, including all cases of accommodation denied, as well as a full register of guests, and all advertising copy. According to Commissioner Conway, Mr. Eisenbach has agreed to comply with the ruling.

ARCHBISHOP OF CANTERBURY TO CELEBRATE JEWISH TRICENTENARY IN ENGLAND

LONDON, Nov. 30. (JTA) -- Plans for the celebration of the tricentenary of the re-settlement of Jews in England next year now include a garden party to be given at Lambeth Palace by the Archbishop of Canterbury, head of the Church of England. The Palace is the Archbishop's official residence here.

U. S. BAPTIST GIRLS' CAMP SENDS CONTRIBUTION TO JEWISH AGENCY

JERUSALEM, Nov. 30. (JTA) -- Donations from a Baptist girls' summer camp in the United States and an Anglican bishop were among those announced here today by the Jewish Agency. The money has been earmarked for relief work.

The American girls' contribution was for 500 Israel pounds and was part of a sum collected for refugee relief in various parts of the world. The bishop's contribution, 150 pounds, came from England through the Foreign Ministry.

UNITED ISRAEL APPEAL AGENCIES SPENT \$93,153,000 DURING YEAR

NEW YORK, Nov. 30. (JTA) -- A total sum of \$93,153,000--the largest single portion of which was provided by American Jews--has been spent during the past fiscal year, ending October 31st, by United Israel Appeal agencies for their immigration, rehabilitation and resettlement programs, Dewey D. Stone, national chairman, United Israel Appeal, said in a report to the board of directors meeting here tonight at a closed session.

Stressing that the "mounting pressure of events, particularly the growing influx of North African Jews, has increased expenditures," Mr. Stone said that the costs of UIA projects during the past year exceeded the budget by more than \$4,000,000. The UIA is the major beneficiary of the nationwide United Jewish Appeal and provides the greatest single portion of the funds for the program of its constituents, the Jewish Agency and the Keren Hayesod in Israel; the balance of their needs is made up by campaigns in other countries, loans and German reparations payments.

Mr. Stone warned that the government of Israel, "hard-pressed by the tightening grip of hostility from surrounding countries and threatened by heavy Czech armor, cannot assume entirely by itself the responsibility for the influx of needy Jews from North Africa. UIA agencies, which are charged with the task of receiving, rehabilitating and resettling immigrants, can no longer count on subsidies from the Israel government which necessarily means that our budget of needs will increase proportionately as it has during the past few months of this year. Economic dislocation caused by the inability to absorb the influx can weaken Israel and create a temptation for surrounding aggressor nations. American Jews can do no less than to help Israel receive to her shores Jews who are in need and in danger."

The largest expenditure during the course of the past year--a total of \$59,880,000--went for the category of agricultural settlement which includes establishing new villages, development of existing settlements, payment of past farming debts and the building and operation of irrigation networks, all of which are geared to the productive absorption of needy Jewish immigrants. Last year, Mr. Stone said, 28 new villages were set up and development aid was provided for 400 settlements created since the establishment of the State.

Mr. Stone reported that Israel's agricultural production for the past year exceeded \$200,000,000, a five percent increase above the previous year "which is particularly remarkable in view of the severe drought." Industrial crops including cotton, peanuts, sugar-beet and tobacco, which are a comparatively new development for Israel's agriculture, showed marked increases during the past year with close to half of the country's raw cotton needs now filled domestically.

The UIA chairman urged "widespread and intensive support of the United Jewish Appeal's \$25,000,000 supplemental campaign which will make possible the effective integration of the 45,000 Jews coming to Israel from North Africa during the next year."

ARAB CLUBS IN AMERICA SEEK ANTI-ISRAEL ACTION IN WASHINGTON

WASHINGTON, Nov. 30. (JTA) -- The National Association of Federations of Syrian and Lebanese Clubs in America made known today it is seeking interviews with President Eisenhower and Secretary of State Dulles to urge revision of American policies that the association contends favor Israel.

A statement issued here by the association today said a revision of U.S. policy toward Israel is "the only way to guarantee peace in the Middle East." The association said it represented more than 150 organizations of Americans of Arab descent. A resolution presented by the association to the State Department listed four suggestions for changes in U.S. policy:

1. "Divorcing our foreign policy from the influence of political Zionism in the United States."
2. "Discontinuing our partiality for Israel."
3. "Taking serious and effective steps to implement and enforce the three principal United Nations resolutions for: (A) Internationalization of Jerusalem; (B) Repatriation of the Arab refugees to their homes; and (C) Restoration of the Israel-Arab boundaries to those defined in the so-called 'partition resolution' of the United Nations."
4. "Public officials of the United States Government should desist from activities in support of the sale and floating of Israeli bonds in the United States."

RELATIONS BETWEEN ISRAEL AND LATIN AMERICA ANALYZED AT N.Y. UNIVERSITY

NEW YORK, Nov. 30. (JTA) -- The relations between Israel and the Latin American countries was analyzed today by Moshe Tov, director of the Latin American Department of the Israel Foreign Ministry, at a lecture at the Washington Square College of New York University.

Present at the lecture, delivered under the auspices of the NYU chapter of Sigma Delta Pi, national Spanish honorary society, were students, professors and United Nations delegates. At a ceremony held together with the lecture, Mr. Tov was made an honorary member of the NYU chapter.