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NEW CABINET FORMED IN ISRAEL; WILL BE PRESENTED TO KNESSET MONDAY

JERUSALEM, Oct. 13. (JTA) -- Premier-designate David Ben Gurion announced today the members of his new four-party coalition government. The list of Ministers which Mr. Ben Gurion will present to Parliament next Monday follows:

Mr. Ben Gurion, Mapai, Premier; Moshe Sharett, Mapai, Foreign Minister; Levi Eshkol, Mapai, Finance Minister; Mrs. Golda Myerson, Mapai, Labor Minister; Peretz Naphtali, Mapai, Minister for Trade and Industry; Behor Shitreet, Mapai, Minister for Police; Kaddish Looz, Mapai, Agriculture Minister; Zalman Arrane, Mapai, Education Minister; Mordecai Namir, Mapai, Minister without portfolio.

Also, Israel Bar Yehuda, Achdut Avodah, Interior Minister; Moshe Carmel, Achdut Avodal, Minister for Communications; Mordecai Bentov, Mapam, Development Minister; Israel Barzilai, Mapam, Minister of Health; Dr. Pinchas Rosen, Progressive, Minister of Justice, and Moshe Kol, Progressive, Minister without portfolio.

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL TAKES UP COMMUNIST SALE OF ARMS TO EGYPT

WASHINGTON Oct. 13. (JTA) -- The question of the flow of Communist munitions into the Middle East was discussed this morning by the National Security Council, the nation's top policy planning body.

Secretary of State John Foster Dulles reported to the Council on his discussion earlier this week with President Eisenhower c. 3 Middle Eastern arms issue. The President's thinking on the problem was conveyed to the Council by Mr. Dulles.

The Council also discussed preparations for the Geneva meeting which will take place in a formight. The Middle Eastern arms matter is not on the formal agenda but will be pursued privately by Secretary Dulles with Soviet Foreign Minister V, M. Molotov, Mr. and has already asked the Soviet Minister to look into the matter and Mr. Molotov promised to do so.

Fifteen Congressmen Demand U.S. Arms and Security Pact for Israel

WASHINGTON, Oct. 13. JTA) -- Fifteen Congressmen from New York State today demanded that the United States provide arms and conclude a security pact with Israel. The Congressmen also urged a reappraisal of the U.S. policy in the Middle East.

The representatives "earmestly" demanded that in order to dissipate the imbalance of power created by Egypt's acceptance of Communist arms "there be expeditiously sent to Israel jets, tanks and fighter planes, equivalent in number and power to those received by Egypt from the Reds." The Congressmen indicated that if Israel cannot pay cash, credit should be provided.

The Congressmen also used that negotiations begin to establish a security pact with Israel guaranteeing the integrity of Israel and Arab borders. "This will be a warning to Egypt that the U.S. stands behind Israel and will not tolerate any violation of her sovereignty," they said. They emphasized that both requirements are consistent with the Tripartite Declaration of 1950.

In urging a reappraisal of U.S. policy vis-a-vis Israel and Egypt, the New York Representatives reviewed Egypt's past and present actions and their threat to Israel. "Israel faces a dangerous crisis as a result of the shipment, by Czechoslovakia and Russia to Egypt, of heavy arms in exchange for cotton and rice. Egypt is to receive large quantities of MIG jets, Stalin tanks, fighter planes, torpedo boats and heavy artillery. This is a serious threat to the balance of power and a disturbance of peace in the Middle East. We, the undersigned member of the House of Representatives, view such an imbalance of arms with misgiving if not alarm, "they said in a statement.

The New York Congressmen supporting the statement were: Victor L. Anfuso, Charles A. Buckley, Emanuel Celler, Irwin D. Davidson, James J. Delaney, Isidor Dollinger, Sidney A. Fine, Lester Holtzman, Edan F. Kelly, Eugene J. Keogh, Arthur G. Klein, Abraham J. Multer, Adam C. Powell, Jr., John J. Rooney, and Herbert Zelenko.

FIRM FRIENDSHIP FOR ISRAEL" REMAINS BASIC U.S. POLICY, SOBELOFF SAYS

NEW YORK, Oct. 13. J(TA) -- The policy of "firm friendship for Israel," enunciated by President Eisenhower last year, remains one of the central factors in the U.S. Government's approach to the Middle East problem, Simon E. Sobeloff, Solicitor General of the United States, declared here tonight addressing an Israel bond dinner tendered in honor of Israel's Ambassador Abba Eban and his wife at the Waldorf Astoria.

Declaring that Secretary of State John Foster Dulles "is carefully examining the possible effects of the Egyptian-Czech arms transaction on Israel's security and on the stability of the Middle East," Mr. Sobeloff said:

Tam permitted by the Secretary of State to say to you that fundamentally he is convinced that mutual fears can best be allayed, not by an arms race, but by collective arrangements committing decisive power to the deterring of aggression by anyone against anyone. In his notable address on August 26th of this year, Mr. Dulles pointed out the advantages that would accrue from a security treaty such as President Eisenhower is willing to recommend.

The recent increase of tension in the area arising from the willingness of the Soviet blot to offer arms and from the unfortunate readiness of Egypt to accept them makes it all be more urgent to strengthen stability by a treaty or treaties that will guarantee against any attempt to alter frontiers and demarcation lines by force. The Secretary's suggestion on this point achieves added urgency in the light of the events of the past two weeks," Mr. Sobeloff stressed.

Declaring that "Israel is a natural ally of America and the other democratic nations," the Solicitor General called for investment by Americans in Israel bonds. "Nothing is more truly consistent with American character and tradition than for it to recognize the links which exist between America and Israel," he said. "Our country has repeatedly shown its friendly interest in peoples seeking independence, freedom, and stability. A consideration of the history of these two nations demonstrates how uniquely they parallel each other."

Ambassador Eban told the audience that there are no problems outstanding between israel and the Arab states which would for so much as a few weeks survive a mutual decision to solve them by negotiation. "The tragedy of the Middle East," he said, "lites not only in the Arab refusal to envisage peace and mutual recognition, but, even more acutely, in the painful consciousness of the rich potentiality which lies so close to our common door. If we are denied this fair prospect of conciliation; if conflict and controversy are forced upon us, we shall deploy ourselves accordingly."

Other speakers included Gov. Averell Harriman; Abraham Feinberg, president of the Bond organization; Rabbi Irving Miller, chairman of the American Zionist Council; Rabbi Mordecai Kirshblum, president of the Mizrachi Organization of America; Samuel Leidesdorf, member of the bond executive and treasurer of the United Jewish Appeal, and Mrs. Israel Goldstein, of the Pioneer Women of America. The dinner launched an intensive three-month drive to sell \$10,000,000 worth of bonds in New York City.

MOSCOW SUPPORTS CZECHOSLOVAK ARMS DEAL WITH EGYPT, SOVIET LEADER SAYS

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., Oct. 13. (JTA) -- V. V. Kuznetsov, First Deputy Foreign UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., Oct. 13. (JTA) -- V. V. Kuznetsov, First Deputy Foreign Assembly. today told a press conference here that the Soviet Government views the sale of arms by Czechoslovakia to Egypt as a "purely commercial arrangement between two sovereign countries,"

Asked about Moscow's readiness or willingness to join the United States, Britain and France in a four-power guarantee of security for the Middle East, Mr. Kuznetsov said that Russia s opposition to the forming of any blocs anywhere is well known,

MOSLEM NATIONALISTS PLEDGE TO INCLUDE JEWS IN MOROCCAN CABINET

PARIS, Oct. 13. (JTA) -- Jews will be represented in the Cabinet which is formed in Morocco as a result of the agreement reached between the French Government and Moroccan nationalist leaders, it was revealed here last night in a statement issued by the stiglal Party. leading Moroccan nationalist group. The statement said that one or two seats on the Cabinet would be awarded to Jews.

The seating of Jews in the Cabinet would be a move to provide representation for an element of the Moroccan population not as a concession to a religious minority, the Istiqial statement said. This point is of particular significance since the status of Jews in Morocco has traditionally been that of guests under the protection of the Sultanate, not as subjects equal to the Moslem population. It is expected that full nationality will be granted Moroccan Jews in the constitution drafted by the new Moroccan Government, as it was by the Tuntsian Government.

Meanwhile, the Moroccan nationalists have pledged adherence to the United Nations leternational Declaration on the Rights of Man, which guarantees fundamental legal, social, political and religious rights to all men.

U. J. A. GETS \$10, 300, 000 TO ASSURE REMOVAL OF JEWS FROM MOROCCO

NEW YORK, Oct. 13. (JTA) -- Leaders of the United Jewish Appeal from all parts of the country came forward here today with checks for the UJA totalling \$10, 330, 000 to help the Appeal top a \$10, 000, 000 cash goal it had set 45 days ago following receipt of pleas by Jews in disturbed Morocco for the earliest possible removal to Israel. The checks were presented to Edward M. M. Warburg, president of the UJA, and Sol Luckman of Cincinnati, the Appeal's national cash chairman. The United Jewish Appeal of Greater New York led the list of campaign affiliates with \$1,500,000, followed by Chicago and Los Angeles with \$1,500,000 each.

The huge dollar outflow came as the high point of a farewell meeting at the Waldorf-Astoria Hotel for a 60-member UJA overseas study mission. The mission is leaving tomorrow from New York via El Al Israel Airlines to survey priority Jewish immigration, settlement, welfare and rehabilitation needs in Western Europe, Israel and North Africa. It will return early in November to report its findings, which will help the UJA plan the balance of its 1955 campaign, and its drive for 1956. The 60-man mission is being headed by William Rosenwald, general chairman of the UJA.

Mr. Warburg, speaking as a member of the mission, told the meeting that receipt of the \$10,330,000 cash proceeds will enable the UJA mission to give a direct assurance to the Jewish Agency in Jerusalem that it can go ahead at full speed with its plan to bring an additional 8,500 Moroccan Jews to Israel during the rest of October and all of November. The UJA president noted that UJA funds had helped to move 3,000 Moroccan Jews to Israel in September and 1,500 during the first week of October. He pointed out in this connection that these Jews were the most directly affected during the August disturbances in Morocco and had appealed to both the UJA and the Jewish Agency in Jerusalem for the swiftest possible help in moving them to Israel.

Mr. Luckman, as the Appeal's cash chairman, asked Mr. Warburg and other members of the mission to convey to the UJA's overseas beneficiaries an assurance that "the United Jewish Appeal is on an emergency footing and will continue in the most vigorous way to mobilize additional multi-million dollar sums for the saving of endangered Jews and the strengthening of Israel's ability to take them in. "

Rosenwald Outlines Plans of U. J. A. Overseas Study Mission

Mr. Rosenwald, who heads the mission, said the investigation will focus on two phases of the current crisis—the situation of the Jews of North Africa and the sharply rising needs of Israel's people in the face of mounting immigration from Morocco and Tunisia. The mission will spend the first leg of its overseas survey attending the 10th Annual Country Directors! Conference of the Joint Distribution Committee. This meeting will convene next Sunday at UNESCO House in Paris and will hear last minute reports on the status of Jews in Morocco, Algeria and Tunisia.

The mission is scheduled to arrive in Israel on October 20th and will go into conference immediately with leaders of the Israel Government and the Jewish Agency. Following conclusion of the mission's work in Israel on October 28th, a sub-committee will go into North Africa for an on-the-spot investigation and assessment of Jewish relief and emigration needs.

In addition to Mr. Rosenwald and Mr. Warburg, other prominent members of the UJA mission include: Dewey D. Stone of Brockton, Mass,, a national chairman of the UJA anational chairman of the UJA state Appeal, the latter a constituent agency of the UJA; Samuel H. Deroff of Philadelphia, chairman of the Appeal's national campaign cabinet; Jack D. Weiler of New York, a national chairman of the UJA; Rabbi Herbert A. Friedman, executive vice-chairman of the UJA, and others,

SOVIET ENVOY IN U.S. ASKED FOR DATA ON JEWISH CULTURE IN USSR

NEW YORK, Oct. 13. (JTA) -- The World Congress for Jewish Culture, which has its headquarters in New York, sent a memorandum today to Soviet Ambassador Georgi Zarubin in Washington, asking for information on the "condition of Jewish culture, Jewish book publishing, press and theater," and the situation of Jewish writers and artists in the Soviet Union.

"We are cognizant that until 1948 there existed in the Soviet Union a variety of Jewish newspapers, publishing houses, theatres, schools and other Jewish cultural institutions," the memorandum said. "In our records we have a list of about 450 Jewish writers, artists and actors who were prominent at that time. Since 1948, nothing further has been heard of their activities, Moreover, we are aware that the newspapers, periodicals and book publishing houses no longer exist. During these past years they have become silent and we have failed to find any work of these Jewish writers who have been productive for many years.

Jewish cultural institutions and national organizations have made numerous inquiries regarding these writers and artists but they received no reply. We are encouraged to take note of the Geneva spirit and the negotiations between East and West. However, we are still deeply disturbed and concerned by the lack of response to our inquiries regarding the fate of Jewish culture in the Soviet Union. In our view, clarity in this matter is at this time in the interest of all of us, "the memorandum stressed.

UNITED HIAS SERVICE OPENS THREE-DAY CONFERENCE ON MIGRATION

PARIS, Oct. 13. (JTA) -- The United Hias Service opened today its three-day annual conference here under the chairmanship of Louis Horowitz, director of the European service of the organization. The conference will explore ways of increasing resettlement opportunities for Jews of Europe and North Africa who have become displaced as a result of current or past political events, or who fear persecution.

Mr. Horowitz, in his opening address, reported that the resettlement rate of Jews in new countries has been increased by the United Hias Service almost 50 percent since the beginning of the year. The work of helping Jews to immigrate to South America has been strength ned and efforts will be continued—in cooperation with local Jewish communities—to aid the migration of Jews to the United States, Canada, Australia and elsewhere, Mr. Horowitz said.

CHICAGO JEWISH PEOPLE'S INSTITUTE CLOSED; WAS LARGEST JEWISH CENTER

CHICAGO, Oct. 13. (JTA) -- Chicago's largest and most active Jewish educational and recreational center, the Jewish People's Institute, has closed its doors to make way for a public school.

The center, which has served tens upon tens of thousands of men and women of all ages, was built in 1927 at a cost of \$2,000,000. It was recently purchased by the Chicago Board of Education for \$300,000. The JPI was an agency of the Jewish Federation of Chicago. At the time it was opened, the JPI was the largest and most modern center of its kind in the United States.

Over the years, the center has featured varied programs including theatrical producness. lectures, forums and a multitude of clubs. At one time during the depression, when the City of Chicago was forced to close down its junior colleges because of financial inabilit to operate them, a People's Junior College was opened at the JPI and was operated until 1936 when the city was again able to assume financial sponsorship of its junior college program. The program of activities which was in operation at the JPI when it closed will be continued in other Jewish community centers in this city.

MRS. IDELSON, DEPUTY SPEAKER OF ISRAEL PARLIAMENT, ARRIVES IN U.S.

NEW YORK, Oct. 13. (JTA) -- Although the people of Israel are deeply disturbed by Egypt's acquiring arms from the Soviet bloc and by Egyptian provocations in the Gaza area, there is no panic in Israel, Beba Idelson, Deputy Speaker of the Knesset and general secretary of Israel's Working Women's Council, declared at a press conference here today.

Mrs. Idelson, who arrived here to participate in the convention of the Pioneer Women which will open in Toronto on October 23, said: "Work in Israel goes on as usual and thousands of immigrants, 4,000 to 6,000 monthly, largely from Morocco, are gladly welcomed. Comprised mostly of large families, the bulk of the newcomers are speeded from ship to new settlements. The continuing favorable reports from Huleikat in the Negev on the recent oil discovery has fired the people with hope for a major source of economic strength. Drilling is now going on in Beeri in the Dead Sea region, "

DR. NELSON GLUECK ASSAILS PROPOSALS TO PARE ISRAEL TERRITORY

CINCINNATI, Oct. 13. (JTA) -- Proposals that Israel cede part of the Negev desert to neighboring Arab states in return for Western guarantees of her borders were denounced as 'empty, absurd and mischievous!' today by Dr. Nelson Glueck, president of Hebrew Union College-Jewish Institute of Religion. He spoke at the opening of the 81st academic year at HUC-JIR,

Dr. Glueck, noted archaeologist, who has just completed a square-mile by square-mile survey of the Negev, drew on his studies of its ancient civilizations to support his assertion that Israel's interest in the Negev, far from being merely "romantic" is bound up "inseparably, historically, geographically, topographically and economically" with the desert. He warned that cession would be "fatal to the future development and present safety of Israel."

The plan for "dismemberment of Israel through boundary adjustments of the Negev or Galilee to Arab states," was prompted, he asserted, by "the wish to appease am perhaps soften the frenzied desire of these states to crush Israel and annihilate its people.

PLAN TO CONSTRUCT SUBWAY IN HAIFA ANNOUNCED; CITY TO FINANCE PROJECT

PARIS, Oct. 13. (JTA) -- A plan to construct a subway to link the center of Haifa with Acarmel, a distance of two kilometres (one and one-quarter miles) away, was announced here today following an inspection visit to Haifa by four engineers employed by Dunkirk Enterprises, the company which will build the railway link.

The line, which will have three intermediate stations between its two terminals, will run underground for a distance of about 1,500 metres in the metropolitan section of Haifa and about half that distance on the surface when it begins to climb the slope of Mt. Carnel. The city of Haifa will finance the project.