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## ISRAEL GOVERNMENT PROTESTS TO U. S. AGAINST BYROADE'S SPEECH

JERUSALEM, May 4. (JTA) -- The Israel Government today protested formally to the United States against interference in matters which concern Israel alone and warned that Assistant Secretary of State Henry A. Byroade's suggestion last Saturday night that Israel should limit immigration into the country as a means of reassuring the Arabs might "impose a severe strain on Israel-American friendship." (See page 3 for more criticism of Mr. Byroade.)

The protest was made by Dr. Walter Eytan, director general of the Israel Foreign Ministry, who summoned American Charge d'Affaires Francis Russell on instructions from Premier and Foreign Minister Moshe Sharett and conveyed to him the sentiments of the Israel Cabinet.

Dr. Eytan declared that the Israel Government regards the passage in Mr. Byroade's speech--made before the anti-Zionist American Council for Judaism--as "unjustified interference in matters which are purely Israel's own concern, subject entirely to her own sovereign judgment."

Dr. Eytan pointed out that the right of every Jew to immigrate to Israel is a fundamental principle of Israel's policy and legislation. "The Israel Government deeply regrets the attempt made by a United States official spokesman, despite that principle, which is liable to impose a severe strain on Israel-American friendship," he stated.

(The address by Mr. Byroade was cleared by the State Department and approved in advance of delivery by the Department's top command, it was officially stated today in Washington.)

## VISHINSKY HAMPERS SECURITY COUNCIL ON ISRAEL-JORDAN ISSUE

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., May 3. (JTA)--The United Nations Security Council today failed again, for the fifth time, to find a formula on how to discuss the Jordanian and Israeli complaints against each other - whether to talk about them item by item, or as a whole. It adjourned until tomorrow.

The only development at today's meeting was the withdrawal by British delegate Sir Pierson Dixon of his suggestion that a new item should be added to the agenda to discuss "compliance with and enforcement of the general armistice agreement between Israel and Jordan."

The joint Brazilian-Colombian proposal that a general discussion be held in which reference may be made to any or all of the items on the agenda - which is opposed by the Soviet Union and Lebanon, but has the support of the Western Powers, Denmark, New Zealand - was about to be voted upon, but obstructionist tactics by Soviet delegate Andrei Vishinsky and by Lebanese delegate Dr. Charles Malik, who speaks at the Security Council for all the Arab countries, prevented a vote on the proposal.

JORDAN CABINET FALLS OVER BRITISH NOTE URGING TALKS WITH ISRAEL

LONDON, May 3. (JTA) -- King Hussein of Jordan today summoned former Premier Tewfik Abdul Huda and asked him to form a new government following the sudden resignation yesterday of the entire Jordanian Cabinet as a result of a note delivered on Saturday by British Charge d'Affaires John Richmond advising Jordan to accept the United Nations invitation for direct talks with Israel on the border situation.

It was confirmed here today that such a note was presented to the Amman government, but the belief was expressed in official British circles that the note was not responsible for the fall of the Jordanian Cabinet. The note was prepared by the Embassy staff in Amman and was designed to make clear the United Kingdom's position as the Security Council prepared to resume discussion of the problem, it was stated here.

It is believed here that a British note has also been handed the Israel Government. This one, it is understood, suggested that Israel return to participation in the Israel-Jordan Mixed Armistice Commission.

British Parliament Debates Israel-Jordan Situation

LONDON, May 3. (JTA) -- A full-scale debate on the Israel-Jordan situation took place in the House of Commons today when Laborite M. P. Arthur Henderson undertook to question Minister of State for Foreign Affairs Selwyn Lloyd on the British Government's position at the Security Council, which today again debated the Palestine question.

Mr. Lloyd told the House that "our primary objective in the current Security Council debate is to work out measures which will reduce tension between Jordan and Israel by preventing more incidents and by restoring to use the armistice machinery." On this basis, he stressed, the government did not exclude the possibility of instructing its representative at the United Nations to propose in the Security Council that Israel and Jordan be invited to high level talks on the basis of the existing armistice pact.

This last suggestion was supported by Mr. Henderson, who also wanted Britain to suggest to the Security Council that the observer staff in Palestine be increased substantially. Mr. Lloyd promised that the government would keep the suggestion in mind during discussions of methods for reducing tension.

Mr. Lloyd said that it was his impression that the observer staff had recently been increased from 19 to 32. Conservative deputy Godfrey Nicholson commented dryly that the more United Nations observers there were in Palestine, the more incidents there seemed to be among the parties concerned. Mr. Lloyd said he felt the difficulty in the present situation was that the UN truce staff observed what happened after it had transpired. The problem of how to prevent such occurrences, he repeated, was still under consideration.

Queried by Capt. L. Duncan, Conservative, who noted that border incidents were not restricted to Jordan but also affected Egypt, the Minister said that the matter before the Security Council dealt with more than the situation between Jordan and Israel.

Laborite Thomas Reid asked what specific arrangements for defense arising out of the Anglo-Jordan Treaty had recently been entered into with Jordan. Mr. Lloyd replied that in line with that treaty the two governments consulted regularly the last meeting having been held last month at Amman. He refused, however, to make known any details of that meeting.

## HOUSE FOREIGN AFFAIRS BODY MEETS ON SENDING ARMS TO ARABS

WASHINGTON, May 3. (JTA) -- Recommendations urging arms aid to Arab military forces were made to the House Foreign Affairs Committee in secret session today. The press and the public were barred from the hearing on "security" grounds.

Among those who testified were Henry A. Byroade, Assistant Secretary of State for Near Eastern Affairs; Maj. Gen. George C. Stewart, director of the Office of U.S. Military Assistance, and Norman S. Paul, Near Eastern regional director of the Foreign Operations Administration.

## BEN GURION ATTACKS BYROADE'S VIEWS ON ISRAEL LINK TO JEWRY

TEL AVIV, May 3. (JTA) -- Former Premier David Ben Gurion today took issue sharply with Assistant Secretary of State for Near Eastern Affairs Henry A. Byroade for his recent advice to Israel not to think of itself as a center of world Jewry.

Writing in Davar, the labor daily, Mr. Ben Gurion insists that Sec. Byroade's statement is the result of a lack of knowledge about the Jewish belief which, unlike other religions, holds that the Jewish nation has religious and historic ties with Israel and its revival.

Sec. Byroade's conception of the Jewish nation appears to be copied from the new Russian Encyclopedia, Mr. Ben Gurion writes. Although it is unlikely that the State Department has learned from the Communists, he continues, it seems that it has taken its ideas from the ideology of Lessing J. Rosenwald, president of the American Council for Judaism, which favors the Communist conception about the Jews.

Neither State Department representatives nor Russian scholars are authorized to fix a definition of the Jewish nation and its links--historic and religious--with Israel, Mr. Ben Gurion points out in his article.

## JEWISH AGENCY PLANS TO BRING 30,000 NORTH AFRICAN JEWS TO ISRAEL

TEL AVIV, May 3. (JTA) -- The Jewish Agency is discussing implementation of plans for the immigration to Israel of 30,000 Jews from North Africa annually, S. Z. Shragai, head of the Agency's immigration department, announced today at a meeting of the organization's immigration council.

He reported that during his recent visit to various European countries he had learned that there are about 3,000 middle class Jews in a number of these countries who are ready to leave immediately for Israel if they are granted certain special conditions. Mr. Shragai also criticized the suggestion made Saturday night by Assistant Secretary of State Henry Byroade that Israel limit its immigration as a method of reassuring the Arab states that Israel has no expansionist aims against them.

## THREE ISRAELIS RELEASED BY IRAQ ARRIVE IN TEHERAN

JERUSALEM, May 3. (JTA) -- The three Israelis who were imprisoned by the Iraqi authorities for months when the plane on which they were travelling was forced down at Baghdad have been released and are already in Teheran, Iran, it was announced here today.

A Foreign Office spokesman expressed the Israel Government's thanks to United Nations Secretary General Dag Hammarskjold and to various states which intervened with Iraq, at Israel's behest, to secure the release of the three Israelis, an elderly couple and a young woman.

It is understood that the Israel authorities promised Sec. Hammarskjold that if seven Iraqi soldiers who Iraq claims have disappeared in Israel since 1948 when the Arabs invaded the country are found, the Israelis will turn them over to the Iraqi authorities. It is also understood that Israel will in the future, as in the past, release any foreign Arab who through circumstances beyond his control finds himself in Israel illegally.

### SLOVAKIAN OFFICIALS CHARGED WITH FAVORING JEWISH ORGANIZATIONS

VIENNA, May 3. (JTA) -- Five former government officials in Slovakia have been sentenced to long prison terms on charges of collaboration with former Foreign Minister Clementis in a trial which was characterized by anti-Semitism, it was reported here today. It was also reported that Jews have recently been arrested in Prague and Pilsen.

The five men convicted at Bratislava were identified as Hussak, former Chief of Government; Daniel Okali, former Minister of Justice; Holdos, once a high official in the Ministry for Religious Questions; Horvath, formerly chairman of the Slovak Parliament; and Novomesky, one-time Education Minister. They received prison terms ranging between 10 years and life.

All were accused of having favored Jews and Jewish organizations. Mr. Okali was specifically charged with having protected groups of Zionists, and of having failed to prevent them from acting as agents of "Western imperialism and espionage." He was also said to have failed to bring to trial "Jewish collaborators of the Fascist secret service police and the Gestapo, to have sabotaged an investigation of the Joint Distribution Committee--permitting "dangerous Zionists to escape--and to have allowed the illegal transfer of capital by Zionists and "Jewish capitalists."

### JEWISH CLAIMS BODY SETS DEADLINE FOR APPLICATIONS FOR FUNDS

NEW YORK, May 3. (JTA) -- The Conference on Jewish Material Claims Against Germany announced today the deadline dates for the submission of applications by organizations seeking the allocation of Conference funds for the coming year.

For activity within Israel the deadline date for applications for the coming fiscal year is July 1, 1954. The fiscal year will extend from October 1, 1954 to September 30, 1955. Applications are to be addressed to Dr. Giora Josephthal, Jewish Agency treasurer, in Jerusalem.

For activity during the calendar year 1955 in all countries outside of Israel, the deadline for applications is September 15, 1954. Applications are to be submitted to the Conference on Jewish Material Claims Against Germany in New York.

The Conference stressed that the applications should contain detailed description of activities, including precise budgetary information, for which Conference funds are requested. By the terms of the agreement with the Federal Republic of Germany the Conference can allocate funds only for those activities that contribute to the relief, rehabilitation and resettlement of Jewish victims of Nazi persecution, in accordance with the urgency of need, the Conference pointed out.

### 30 CLERGYMEN, INCLUDING RABBIS, PERMITTED TO VISIT MOSCOW

NEW YORK, May 3. (JTA) -- A number of American rabbis may be admitted for a week's visit to Moscow as part of an interfaith goodwill mission arranged by the World Parliament of Religions, it was announced here today.

The announcement said that the Soviet Embassy in Washington will issue visas to 30 American clergymen of all faiths, subject only to the acceptance of individual passports. The mission will leave New York by air on August 10 and will also visit a number of countries including both the Israeli and Jordanian parts of Jerusalem.

### "JEWS NOT WANTED" PROPAGANDA OF NAZIS BACKFIRES ON GERMANS

AMSTERDAM, May 3. (JTA) -- German tourists in the Netherlands were greeted here with pamphlets and stickers pasted to the windows of their buses and cars reading "Germans not wanted." The stickers and pamphlets were printed in the same form and with the same type faces used by the Nazis during the occupation of Holland when they flooded the country with "Jews not wanted" propaganda.

ANTI-SEMITISM HAS CHANGED, BUT ITS DANGER REMAINS, SURVEY FINDS

NEW YORK, May 3. (JTA) -- Anti-Semitism throughout the world has altered its character, but it still presents a constant threat, the World Jewish Congress reported today on the basis of a survey conducted by its Institute of Jewish Affairs. The survey also established that "the secret trials of Jewish leaders in the Soviet satellite countries are motivated by the desire to deter Jewish emigration to Israel."

In analyzing the character of anti-Semitism on a world-wide scale, the survey points out that "political anti-Semitism now dominates all other types of Judophobia." Anti-Semitic leaders in such countries as France, Western Germany, England and Sweden, have sought to participate in nationalistic movements and to propagate their ideas under the common banner of a People's Party, National Union, or Imperial Party, it reports.

Anti-Semitic occurrences, the study further shows, "have lost much of their purely domestic character and have clearly transcended the boundaries of single countries." Present-day anti-Semitism, the report declares, "tends to unite the various anti-Semitic movements into one anti-Semitic international under the guise of a fascist movement."

In evaluating the strength of anti-Semitism abroad, the study comments: "Despite the ideological poverty of this variety of anti-Semitism, and despite the fact that it is still based on a repetition of the same old vicious absurdities, we can by no means consider anti-Semitism as a dying movement. There is no doubt that now, more than at any time since the end of the war, the ideas of Nazism are alive in certain circles."

Regarding the secret trials of Jewish leaders which have been proceeding in Rumania, Hungary and Czechoslovakia, the study says: "They are an indication of a renewed determination on the part of the Communist regimes to combat national Jewish tendencies. They have been arranged to coincide with what Communist propaganda now calls the need to 'reorganize' Jewish life and Jewish communities--a move whose object is to weaken those communities still further."

Germans Assailing Allied Military Tribunals

In a section devoted to the treatment of war criminals by the Allied powers, the survey emphasizes that despite the extraordinary amnesty measures toward Nazi war criminals--a policy of clemency which has opened the prison doors for the greater majority of the Nazis sentenced by Allied Military Tribunals--"the commonalty of Germans were not satisfied."

An important segment of the German people, the study declares, "consider the amnestying of war criminals who committed crimes against humanity not as an act of clemency, but as one of 're-establishing justice,' and this has afforded them an opportunity of assailing the Military Tribunals, including the International Military Tribunal."

In sections devoted to the plight of Jews in the Arab League countries, the survey pictures the status of Jews as almost unrelievedly "dark." "Ultra-nationalism and xenophobia" are the two principal factors which are principally responsible for the deterioration of the Jewish position in the Middle East today. The Jewries of Iraq, Syria and Libya, the report says, "have apparently no prospects for survival, even on a modest scale." Conditions in Lebanon, Morocco and Tunisia, while less tense than in the other Arab nations, are nevertheless "deteriorating."

EX-NAZIS ASK "RESTITUTION" FOR DENAZIFICATION ACTIONS

MUNICH, May 3. (JTA) -- Some 200 former officials of the Nazi party yesterday attended a rally here called by the Association of Denazification Victims to demand "moral, legal and economic restitution" for those who were interned and came before denazification courts after the war. Most of those at the rally were members of the association.

### HAIFA TECHNION REPORTED FACING SERIOUS FINANCIAL CRISIS

HAIFA, May 3. (JTA) -- The Israel Technical Institute at Haifa is facing a serious financial crisis and may have to lower its standards unless it can find the necessary means to maintain its present organization, Brigadier Yaacov Dori, head of the institute, told a meeting of the board of governors of the school. He revealed that 1,468 students were currently studying at the school, which he described as one of the finest technical schools in the world.

### ISRAEL YOUTHS MAY BECOME "DEFICIT GENERATION," U.S. JEWS ARE TOLD

NEW YORK, May 3. (JTA) -- The adolescent population of the State of Israel presents a "problem of grave proportions" because the shortage of funds prevents about 43,000 of them from attending school or finding employment, according to Ellis Radinsky, executive director of the United Israel Appeal. He spoke to 500 women at a Hotel Astor brunch, sponsored by the Women's American ORT today in behalf of the 1954 campaign of the United Jewish Appeal.

Mr. Radinsky referred to the young people of Israel as the "deficit generation" because they are "among the unfortunate victims of Israel's current economic dislocation, which is responsible for their idleness and the resulting cases of juvenile delinquency." The incidence of juvenile delinquency in Israel is rising although the general crime rate is falling, he said.

Secondary education for young people in Israel presents a problem because parents must contribute to its cost. Of a total adolescent population of 93,000 only 15,000 are attending high school. However, with elementary education compulsory and free, the number of pupils has almost tripled to 215,000 since Israel attained statehood, Mr. Radinsky pointed out.

The Jewish Agency provides one hot meal a day - more than half their nutritional intake, in most cases - for thousands of recently arrived children whose parents' incomes are very small, he reported. At present, 1,000 immigrant youths of high school age are going to school on scholarships provided by the Jewish Agency. There are 3,500 students in 19 ORT vocational schools in Israel.

### MODELS OF HEBREW UNIVERSITY-HADASSAH MEDICAL CENTER EXHIBITED

JERUSALEM, May 3. (JTA) -- Plans and scale models of the first section of the Hebrew University-Hadassah Medical Center to be built in this city were exhibited to the press today by the architect who drew them up, J. Neufeld.

The first section, the architect revealed, will include a 430-bed hospital with attached research facilities needed for a teaching hospital. In addition, a nursing school for 150 students, an out-patient clinic capable of handling 1,000 patients a day and a medical school will complete the section. The buildings will provide a total of 45,000 square meters.

The second section to be built when the medical center is ready for expansion, Mr. Neufeld revealed, will bring the total bed capacity to 750, will add schools of dentistry and pharmacy and will have separate children's and cancer hospitals.

### UNITED NATIONS BODY REPORTS ISRAEL SUCCESSFUL IN BREEDING FISH

UNITED NATIONS, N. Y., May 3. (JTA) -- Israel has had good success in supplementing the protein diet of its population in recent years through the technique of pond culture--the raising of fish, mostly carp--the UN Food and Agriculture Organization announced here yesterday. The area under carp cultivation increased from 15 hectares in 1939 to 3,400 hectares at the end of last year. Ponds, irrigation reservoirs and lakes are used to breed the rapidly multiplying carp.

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