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SECURITY COUNCIL REMAINS DEADLOCKED ON ISRAEL-JORDAN ISSUE

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., April 22. (JTA) -- The United Nations Security Council today, for the third time, failed to reach a decision on the adoption of its agenda on the Lebanese complaint against Israel, submitted on behalf of Jordan, concerning the Nahalin incident, the four-point Israeli complaint against Jordan, and the method of dealing with those two matters. The meeting was adjourned until Tuesday afternoon.

A compromise proposal formally introduced by Brazil, and supported by Golombia, could easily have obtained the necessary majority of seven votes at today's meeting of the Council. However, Soviet delegate Andrei Vishinsky--who is president of the Security Council for this month--and Dr. Charles Malik, Lebanese delegate who speaks for the Arab countries, strongly warned the members of the Council against taking the proposal to a vote today.

Dr. Malik threatened he "may have something to say" if the proposal is adopted, implying that he may leave the Security Council.

The Brazilian proposal, which also has the support of the United States, Britain, France, New Zealand and Denmark, provides that the Security Council: 1. Adopt its provisional agenda which lists the Lebanese complaint first and the Israeli complaints second; 2. Hold general discussions in which reference can be made to both items; 3. Does not judge at this time whether, as a result of the general discussion, a joint resolution or several separate resolutions are to be adopted.

Vishinsky Insists on Discussing Complaints Separately

Speaking as the delegate of the Soviét Union, Mr. Vishinsky insisted that the Arab and Israel complaints should be considered separately because "Israel's complaint is fundamentally different from the Lebanese complaint." He summarized the Soviet position as follows:

- The Palestine question as a whole should not be considered within the framework of the present agenda, whether the two items are discussed jointly or separately.
 - 2. The two items must be considered separately.
- 3. References to issues of a more general nature would be permissible in the discussion of each item.
- 4. As to the passage of resolutions,the Security Council could decide this question at the appropriate time.

Then speaking as president of the Council, Mr. Vishinsky said that he would have great difficulty in guiding a debate conducted in accordance with the Brazilian proposal. Speaking again as Soviet representative, he stated he understood the Brazilian

motion as not proposing a debate on the Palestine question as a whole. Thus, he said, such a debate would not be in order. However, he could not agree to a joint consideration of both complaints.

In opening today's meeting, Mr. Vishinsky reported that he had received a letter from the representative of Israel, Ambassador Abba Eban, asking that "for religious reasons" the Security Council meeting scheduled for April 19 be postponed as he would not be able to attend. However, Mr. Vishinsky did not mention the fact that he had rejected Mr. Eban's request and postponed the meeting only after the Lebanese delegate informed him that he was ill and could not attend.

Leslie Knox Munro, delegate of New Zealand, in announcing that he would support the Brazilian-Colombian proposal assured Dr. Malik that it was "far from our intention to smother or evade" the Nahalin incident; however he thought that the discussion of the present Arab-Israel border problem should not be confined to "symptoms." He was joined in his view by William Borberg, delegate of Denmark.

Dr. Malik, in opposing the Brazilian proposal argued that he failed to see "any difference whatsoever" between this proposal and what Sir Pierson Dixon of the United Kingdom had proposed at the very first Council meeting devoted to this issue. The United Kingdom idea, from the very beginning, had been to put aside the examination of the individual complaints and to proceed to a general debate, he said.

In view of the "exceeding gravity of the situation" and of the decision to be taken, Dr. Malik urged the Security Council not to adopt a decision which would only show that the Council "had not moved one step" from the original position of the United Kingdom. The Security Council should show that the "ten hours of procedural wrangle have not been in vain as regards budging some honorable members from their original position," he concluded.

NO LEGISLATION AGAINST MISSION SCHOOLS IN ISRAEL PROPOSED

WASHINGTON, April 22. (JTA) -- The Embassy of Israel said today through an official spokesman that inaccurate reports have recently appeared in the American press alleging that the Israel Government is proposing legislation directed against parents who send their children to mission schools or against the mission schools themselves.

The charges now being spread in the United States, said the Embassy spokesman, are purely speculative. The Israel Government does not have before it any such legislation.

The facts are that as a result of strong public feeling against the reported use by certain missionaries of economic lures to further their objectives, a Knesset sub-committee was set up to establish the facts. This subcommittee presented its report some time ago.

SO. AFRICAN JEWS REPORT \$120,000,000 IN INVESTMENTS IN ISRAEL

TEL AVIV, April 22. (JTA) -- A call to South African Jewish professionals and middle class elements to come to Israel was voiced here today at the conclusion of the first national convention of the Federation of South African Jews in Israel. It was reported to the conference that South African Jews had invested \$120,000,000 in Israel since the state was established.

The 1,000 former South Africans now living in Israel who attended the convention also voted to establish an office to assist new immigrants from South Africa to find employment in Israel and to organize an information service to inform prospective investors and immigrants in South Africa of opportunities in this country.

MORE THAN 100 ZIONISTS TRIED IN CAMERA IN RUMANIA

LCNDON, April 22. (JTA) -- More than 100 men and women prominent in Rumanian Zionist affairs have been tried behind closed doors during the past few months, it was learned here today from reliable sources.

The great majority of those brought to trial were sentenced to long prison terms on charges of treason and Zionist activities. Among those convicted during these trials are some 20 members of the left-wing Hashomer Hatzair, including Armand Mark, former member of the executive of the party in Rumania and of the OSE in Rumania.

Mr. Mark, who has been held in Rumanian prisons since 1950, defended himself by explaining his Zionist convictions and by bitterly attacking the oppression and torture used against Zionists. He was sentenced to a 20-year term.

JEWISH DP'S REFUSED PERMISSION TO LAND IN BRAZIL; HOLD VISAS

BUENCS AIRES, April 22. (JTA) -- A vessel with 13 displaced Jews who had been refused permission to land in Brazil, despite the fact that they held entrance visas for that country, docked here yesterday.

Representatives of the local Jewish immigrant aid organization boarded the vessel to assure the DP's that the Joint Distribution Committee, HIAS and the local group were intervening with the Brazilian Government to obtain permission for the immigrants to land in Brazil when the vessel touches there on its return trip to Europe.

The refusal of the Brazilian authorities to permit the entrance of the 13 is due to the fact that they failed to comply with a new month-old regulation which provides that immigrants who do not have a regular passport must first obtain a special permit from the Brazilian Ministry of the Interior. The 13 include nationals of Yugo-slavia, Hungary, Poland and Rumania.

THIRD TURKISH PARTY NAMES JEW AS CANDIDATE FOR PARLIAMENT

ISTANBUL, April 22. (JTA) -- A third major party in Turkey has nominated a Jew as a candidate in the Parliamentary elections of May 2, it was announced today.

The Republican Nationalist Party has named Djemil Beraha, a financial expert who has served in several government departments. Previously, the Democratic and Republican Parties had each named one Jew.

UNITED NATIONS PUBLISHES STUDY ON JUDAISM IN THREE LANGUAGES

LONDON, April 22. (JTA) -- Judaism as a way of life is the subject of a study published by the United Nations Educational, Social and Cultural Organization as part of its series on the race question and modern thought. The pamphlet, "Jewish Thought as a Factor in Civilization" by Leon Roth, was issued in English, French and Spanish.

The manuscript of the pamphlet was obtained from the culture department of the World Jewish Congress. Mr. Roth is a professor of philosophy and was once rector of the Hebrew University in Jerusalem. He is the author of a number of works in English and Hebrew on education and philosophy.

J.T.A. OPENS DIRECT U.N. LINE FOR SPEEDY HANDLING OF NEWS

NEW YORK, April 22. (JTA) -- A direct line from the United Nations conference rooms into the editorial rooms of the Jewish Telegraphic Agency was opened today in a move to facilitate quicker handling of United Nations news of interest to Jewish readers.

The line is connected with the UN loud speaker system and enables the JTA editor to listen to the actual proceedings in the Security Council and other UN bodies, thus making it possible to summarize speeches speedily and transmit them to JTA offices throughout the world with a minimum loss of time.

DR. GOLDMANN RETURNS TO NEW YORK; CONFERRED IN ISRAEL AND BONN

NEW YORK, April 22. (JTA) -- Dr. Nahum Goldmann, chairman of the Jewish Agency executive, yesterday returned to this country from a visit to Europe and Israel.

While in Israel, Dr. Goldmann discussed the forthcoming Zionist Actions meeting this summer and other topics with leaders of Zionist parties there. In Germany, Dr. Goldmann, who is head of the Conference on Jewish Material Claims, discussed with Chancellor Konrad Adenauer and other Bonn officials speedy improvement and implementation of the German Indemnification Law.

NON-DISCRIMINATION CLAUSE IN GOVERNMENT CONTRACTS CLARIFIED

WASHINGTON, April 22. (JTA) -- Deputy Attorney General William P. Rogers announced today the text of a revised non-discrimination clause for contracts executed by the United States Government.

Mr. Rogers said that revisions in the new clause define the discriminatory employment practices based on race, color, religion, or national origin as well as provide for the posting of notices in conspicuous places on the job by the contractor in order to acquaint employes and applicants for employment with the provisions of the non-discrimination clause.

The purpose in revising the clause was to clarify it to guarantee equal job opportunities for all persons in companies doing business with the government. One of the responsibilities of the President's Committee on Government Contracts, said Mr. Rogers, is to make certain that the contracting agencies of the government see to it that contractors who do business with the Federal Government do not discriminate because of race, religion, color, or national origin

Mr. Rogers made the announcement as chairman of the Subcommittee on Contract Clause Revision of the President's Committee on Government Contracts. The committee was established by executive order of the President in August, 1953, to continue work initiated under the Democratic Administration. The text of the revised non-discrimination clause is as follows:

"In connection with performance of work under this contract, the contractor agrees not to discriminate against any employee or applicant for employment because of race, religion, color, or national origin. The aforesaid provision shall include, but no be limited to, the following: employment, upgrading, demotion, or transfer; recruitment or recruitment advertising; layoff or termination; rates of pay, or other forms of compensation; and selection for training, including apprenticeship.

"The contractor agrees to post hereafter in conspicuous places, available for employees or applicants for employment, notices to be provided by the contracting officer setting forth the provisions of the non-discrimination clause. The contractor further agrees to insert the foregoing provision in all subcontracts hereunder, except subcontracts for standard commercial supplies or raw materials."

U.N. BODY SEEKS EXTENSION OF PROTECTION FOR STATELESS PERSONS

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., April 22. (JTA) -- The United Nations Social Committee this morning recommended that the International Law Commission continue its efforts to bring about international agreements which would reduce or eliminate statelessness.

In addition, the committee recommended that a conference of plenipotentiaries be convened to adopt a protocol to the Convention Relating to the Status of Refugees so as to extend the protection granted under that convention to persons who are stateless without being refugees.

BOSTON JEWS OPPOSE SELECTION OF ROSENWALD AS HEAD OF TERCENTENRY

BCSTON, April 22: (JTA) -- Dissatisfaction with the selection of Lessing Rosenwalk, president of the American Council for Judaism, as an associate chairman of the American Jewish Tercentenary was voiced here by the Jewish Community Council of Metropolitan Boston. A majority of the Council, after thorough debate, voted to make public the following resolution:

"The Jewish Community Council of Metropolitan Boston expresses to the American Jewish Tercentenary Committee the Council's dismay and indignation on the selection of the person who is president of the American Council for Judaism as an associate chairman of the Tercentenary Committee and regards the selection of Mr. Lessing Posenwald as an affront to the Jewish community of America; further, the Boston Council urges the Tercentenary Committee to reconsider and rescind his selection and to terminate Mr. Rosenwald's tenure as an associate chairman."

Although the resolution was adopted by the Council on February 1, by a majority vate, decision to make it public was withheld until the Council had ample time to react to a letter from Ralph E. Samuel, chairman of the American Jewish Tercentenary Committee, setting forth that the Steering Committee of that body of 300 had given serious consideration to the Council resolution and had, by overwhelming vote, requested Mr. Samuel to say that "your suggestion that the election of Mr. Rosentalia as associate chairman be rescinded would be in conflict with the basic Tercentenary theme, 'Man's Copportunities and Responsibilities Under Freedom."

In forwarding the Boston resolution to the national body and in makin- public the text of the resolution, the Council emphasized that the local community relations group "subscribes completely to the Tercentenary project and wants in no way to but, but on the contrary, to help substantially, that important undertaking."

In the letter to Mr. Samuel, the Boston Council stated: "The sense of those who voted for the resolution was that the American Council for Judaism has done irreparable harm to Jews and to American interests both at home and abroad; that the Tercentenary Committee selection of Mr. Rosenwald will, in the view of the public, enhance the status of the American Council for Judaism, regardless of the fine instances the Tercentenary Committee; that the inclusion of the head of that organization (the American Council for Judaism) on the theory that all facets of Jewish life should be represented in the celebration would lead, logically, to the distressing tracksion that persons of the Jewish faith who hold obnoxicus political views should also be included; that Mr. Rosenwald should not be honored during such an important celebration and that the Tercentenary Committee can correct its error without burt to the celebration."

Tercentenary Committee Clarifies Its Position

NEW YCRK, April 22. (JTA) -- The American Jewish Tercentenary Committee today told the Jewish Telegraphic Agency that the selection of Lessing Rosenwald is accordance with the program policy of the organization which was approved unanimously by its entire national committee of 300 on April 12, 1953, and which reads:

"We do not believe that the Tercentenary should be made a vehicle for propagation of any particular ideology in American Jewish life. Some among us may feel strongly that the identification of a Jew is solely in terms of his religion; others may lean toward a different interpretation. The celebration should not be committed to either philosophy. It should be neither Zionist, non-Zionist, nor anti-Zionist. It should but ty to formulate or advance any particular definition of Jewishness.

"The Tercentenary belongs primarily to five million people who regard themselves as patriotic, loyal American Jews, whatever their definition or their philosophy; it should be broad enough to appeal to 160 million Americans, who have all shared in the building of America, and who, we would hope, would be willing to join in commemorating with us this happy anniversary.

"The overall program to be developed and carried out by the Tercentenary Committee ought to have the general agreement of all major forces in American Jewish life. We do not see in the Tercentenary Committee an instrument for organizing the American Jewish community in any particular direction. By adhering to certain general principles and by carrying out a broad program, we hope there will be reached a healthy agreement in the conduct of this observance."

CURB ON ANTI-SEMITIC MATTER IN U.S. MAILS CONSIDERED DIFFICULT

WASHINGTON, April 22. (JTA) -- There is little likelihood of barring anti-Semitic matter from the mails, it was indicated here today by officials of the House Post Office and Civil Service Committee which is considering means of curbing the use of mails for distribution of obscene printed material.

The officials pointed out that anti-Semitic material is not considered obscene, and that additional legislation would be necessary to eliminate such material from the mail. Such legislation is not expected because of Constitutional questions involving the freedom of speech and of the press.

Rep. Jacob K. Javits, on April 7, called the attention of the committee to what he described as the "enormous volume" of anti-Jewish propaganda disseminated "under the cover of anti-Communism." Rep. Oliver P. Bolton, of Chio, joined with Rep. Javits in expressing concern over material promoting religious and racial prejudice. It was made known by Rep. Bolton that he had received "much of that kind of material" and subsequently made inquiries at the Post Office and Justice Departments to determine if measures could be taken. Chairman Edward H. Rees of the House Post Office and Civil Service Committee gave assurances to those Congressmen concerned that his committee would give the problem "fair consideration."

U.S. GROUP OBSERVES HITLER'S BIRTHDAY; DISSEMINATES ANTI-SEMITISM

NEW YORK, April 22. (JTA) -- An American pro-Hitler Party, which calls itself the National Renaissance Party, is distributing anti-Semitic leaflets in connection with Hitler's 65th birthday this week.

The so-called party, headed by James H. Madole, with headquarters in Beacon, N.Y., disseminates leaflets attacking "international Jewish communism" as a "danger to Aryan civilization." The sheets assert that Hitler was the first "Aryan statesman" to fight this "mortal enemy of mankind" and attack the Western Allies for opposing Hitlerism.

D.A.R. CONVENTION OPPOSES ADOPTION OF U. N. HUMAN RIGHTS PACT

WASHINGTON, April 22. (JTA) -- The Daughters of the American Revolution now in session here, approved a resolution opposing adoption of the United Nations Covenant on Human Rights on the ground that it "would restrict freedom of religion and speech."

The resolution was adopted without discussion. It said if the covenant were adopted it could restrict freedom of religion and speech, and thus "could destroy the Bill of Rights of the Constitution of the United States."

MEYER KESTNBAUM SWORN IN AS CHAIRMAN OF PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, April 22. (JTA) -- Meyer Kestnbaum, Chicago manufacturer, was today sworn in at the White House as chairman of President Eisenhower's Commission on Intergovernmental Relations. The President witnessed the ceremony. Mr. Kestnbaum, president of Hart, Schaffner and Marx, is chairman of the Committee for Economic Development.