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ARGENTINE MINISTER OF EDUCATION ORDERS REVISION OF ANTI-SEMITIC TEXTBOOK

Buenos Aires, Aug. 28. (JTA) -- Acting on a complaint from the DAIA, central representative body of Argentine Jewry, the educational authorities here ordered the revision of the contents of a textbook containing anti-Semitic material.

Attention to the fact that this textbook poisons the minds of the school children with anti-Jewish feelings was drawn by the DAIA president, Dr. Ricardo Dubrovsky, in a letter addressed to Dr. Julio Cesar Avanza, Minister of Education of the province of Buenos Aires. Replying to this letter, the Minister informed the DAIA today that "necessary measures have been taken to rectify the situation."

The Minister emphasized that he understands the reasons that prompted the DAIA to complain against the textbook. The complaint, he said, is in line with the principle of defending the traditions and customs of Argentina. "And it is the aim of my Ministry to have these traditions respected," he added.

FIVE-DAY DISCUSSION ON JEWISH EDUCATION IN UNITED STATES STARTS TODAY AT CEJWIN CAMPS

New York, Aug. 28. (JTA) -- Leading Jewish educators from all parts of the United States will start tomorrow a five-day discussion of Jewish education in this country at Cejwin Camps, Port Jervis, N.Y.

The five-day program, arranged by the American Association for Jewish Education, includes revision and reconstruction of Jewish school curricula, the place of Hebrew in the curriculum, problems of school management, school activities supplementary to classroom instruction, relationships between schools and local bureaus of Jewish education, and experimentation on the elementary school level.

Discussion leaders include Dr. Israel S. Chipkin, vice-president of the Association; Dr. Azriel Eisenberg, executive vice-president of the Jewish Education Committee of New York; Rabbi George Ende, consultant of the Jewish Education Committee of New York; Dr. Uriah Z. Engelman, director of the Department of Research and Information, A.A.J.E.; A.P. Gannes, executive director of the Philadelphia Council on Jewish Education; A. Hillel Henkin, executive director of the New Haven Bureau of Jewish Education; Dr. Leo L. Honor, professor of education at Dropsie College; Dr. David Rudavsky, executive director of the Jewish Education Association of Essex County, N.J.

JEWISH STUDENT LEADERS FROM 78 COLLEGES START EIGHT-DAY SUMMER INSTITUTE

West Shokan, N.Y., Aug. 28. (JTA) -- More than 125 Jewish student leaders from 78 colleges and universities assembled here today for the nationwide Hillel Summer Institute sponsored by the B'nai B'rith Hillel Foundations. The Institute will last eight days.

"The fact that this Institute is searching for values rooted in Judaism does not mean that we are an isolated fragment of the community," Rabbi Arthur Lelyveld, national director of the Hillel Foundations, declared. "We are united with our fellow American young people of all races and creeds in behalf of human freedom resting on a concept of the sanctity of the individual man. We are united in a free search for truth through study and discussion and in the exaltation of kindness and of concern for our fellow men," he said.

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## DAILY NEWS BULLETIN

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ZIONIST CONGRESS DEFINES TASKS OF MOVEMENT; ASKS FOR SPECIAL STATUS IN ISRAEL

JERUSALEM, Aug. 29. (JTA) -- The 23rd World Zionist Congress completed its major work today by adoption of a declaration defining the tasks of Zionism and unanimous adoption of a resolution calling on the State of Israel to grant the World Zionist Organization special status in Israel as the representative of the Jewish people in all matters relating to their participation in the upbuilding of the Jewish State.

The resolution also asked for consultative status on activities conducted in the interests of the state in Jewish communities outside Israel. The Congress left for future determination promulgation of a new "Jerusalem Program redefining the ultimate aims of the Zionist movement."

Adoption of the statement, "The Tasks of Zionism," was marked by heated controversy as right and left-wing elements combined in an attempt to force the Congress to adopt a maximalist position.

The declaration, adopted by the Congress by a vote of 286-0, with the right-wing Herut Party abstaining, declares that "the task of Zionism is the strengthening of the State of Israel, the ingathering of the exiles in Eretz Israel and the fostering of the unity of the Jewish people." The statement declares that the program of work of the World Zionist Organization shall be:

1. Encouragement, absorption and integration of immigrants and Youth Aliyah, stimulation of settlement and of economic development, acquisition and development of land as the property of the people.
2. Intensive work for haluziut (pioneering) and hachshara (pioneer training).
3. Effort on a large scale for the mobilization of funds for the purpose of carrying out the tasks of Zionism. Encouragement of private capital investment.
4. Fostering of Jewish consciousness by the propagation of the Zionist idea and the strengthening of the Zionist movement, imparting the values of Judaism, Hebrew education and the spread of the Hebrew language and mobilization of world opinion for Israel and Judaism.
5. Participation in the effort to organize and intensify Jewish life on a democratic basis and maintenance and defense of Jewish rights.

The declaration was based on a formula proposed by Dr. Nahum Goldmann. The Revisionists and Herut delegates on one hand and Maram delegates on the other, launched an offensive against the majority statement of the tasks of the Zionist movement. Maximalist demands that this task be described as "the redemption of the Jewish people

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through the ingathering of exiles" had been deleted from the declaration. The majority proposal listed the "ingathering of exiles" as one of the three fundamental tasks of Zionism but without describing it as the instrument for the redemption of the Jewish people.

This same controversy had raged for six days in the Congress' Commission on Fundamental Problems, largely because of the opposition of many American and British Commonwealth delegates, crossing party lines, who objected to the implication of the maximalist demand that the Jews of those countries are also exiles.

#### New World Zionist Executive to Issue Call to Jews Throughout World

Ezra Shapiro, of Cleveland, chairman of the Commission on Fundamental Problems which submitted the majority resolution to the Congress, said that within the Commission, there had been unanimity almost from the first on the question of special status in Israel for the Zionist movement but that this had not been the case with regard to the "Jerusalem Program."

It was finally decided to abandon the attempt to draw up a statement of ultimate aims of the movement, he said, and concentrate on a statement of the tasks. It was also decided, he said, to draw up a statement of the areas of work confronting the Zionist movement for submission to the Congress. A third decision, for a call to Jews throughout the world to rally in carrying out these tasks, he said, had been referred by the Commission to the new executive to be elected by the Congress.

Dr. Itzhak Gruenbaum asked, after the vote had been taken, whether the tasks of the Zionist movement would be listed on the shekel, the certificate entitling holders to vote for delegates to the World Zionist Congress. Dr. Goldmann, president of the Congress, replied in the negative since, he said, this formula was the task and not the aim of the Zionist movement. The Basle Program, adopted by the first Congress in 1897, would remain on the shekel, he said.

Dr. Goldman then explained that personally he was for the redemption of the Jewish people as the true aim of Zionism but the Congress had shown statesmanship by avoiding a definition of aims, which was longer and more difficult, and concentrating, instead, on tasks. The debate on the aims of the movement, he said, could continue until a fortunate formula were found.

Three years after the establishment of the Jewish State, he stated, it was not yet possible to formulate the ultimate aims of the Zionist movement and these could not be formulated by a majority vote. "There is nothing to be ashamed of," he added. "The controversy and debate was wholesome and useful. We accomplished a great job. American Jews have always been asked for money and came through beautifully. Now we shall ask them for children and I am confident they will come through after much education and effort."

#### Opposition Outlines Arguments Against the Declaration on Tasks of Zionism

In the debate on the statement of tasks of the Zionist movement, Dr. Gruenbaum charged that the majority proposal was a "cancellation" of Zionism. The majority proposal, if labelled "tasks of the Zionist movement," he said, might be "half-acceptable" but it is a "cancellation of Zionism" when it is described as the task of Zionism as such. Zionism has not been achieved, territorially or democratically, he said, so long as less than 2,000,000 Jews lived in Israel and 10,000,000 were still

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"suppressed." This "suppression," he explained, was not necessarily persecution, but the inability of the majority of the Jewish people to realize their lives fully.

Meir Grossman, Revisionist leader, in an attack on the majority proposal said that the Jewish world, which had been awaiting a statement of aims and program would not be impressed by a statement of tasks. Addressing himself to the American delegates, he said: "Why are you afraid to query Jews and non-Jews on the aims of Zionism and its final fulfillment? No one will charge you with disloyalty. Why hide behind words?"

A strong attack on the proposal was made by Eliezer Peri, Mapam spokesman, who said that his party would vote for the majority proposal if its own amendment were debated, in order to advance the Zionist cause. He complained, however, that the majority failure to state the aim of Zionism to be the redemption of the Jewish people was a "reduction of the image of Zionism. Just as the Basle Program was revolutionary, he added, so must an equally revolutionary program emerge from the Jerusalem Congress.

#### Congress Adopts Resolutions on Jewish Education and Culture

The Congress adopted a series of resolutions dealing with Jewish education and culture, pointing out that "these cultural activities shall be based on the spiritual inheritance of the Jewish people and upon the values of halutzim (pioneering) and its personal realization in Israel."

The program outlined in the resolution for the Jewish Agency Department of Education and Culture for the next year includes the training of teachers for overseas countries, establishment of model educational institutions in various overseas countries, stimulation of public interest in establishment of Hebrew day schools, Hebrew summer camps for children to be established in Israel and overseas, and the establishment, in cooperation with the Israeli Government, of an "institute for Israeli culture" to serve as a cultural link between Israel and Jewish community overseas.

The Congress expressed the wish that in schools where Yiddish is taught along with Hebrew, "this language should also be used for the purpose of inculcating Jewish values and promoting knowledge of the people and land of Israel." The Congress voiced its appreciation to Dr. Chaim Greenberg, of New York, the head of the Jewish Agency's education and culture department, to his staff and to the staff of the Kol Zion Radio, Jewish Agency broadcasting service from Israel.

#### AMERICAN AIRMEN, MECHANICS TO ESTABLISH \$7,000,000 AIRCRAFT REPAIR COMPANY IN ISRAEL

JERUSALEM, Aug. 29. (JTA) -- A group of 50 American airmen and mechanics, many of whom served in Israeli forces during the War of Liberation, are coming to Israel to establish a \$7,000,000 aircraft repair company, it was reported today at the weekly meeting of the Cabinet.

Equipment is already being purchased for the company which will be state-owned and will service Israeli planes and foreign aircraft. The company will also train local mechanics.

David Horowitz, director of Israel's Treasury Department, will visit the United States and Britain next week to conclude "certain financial tasks," it was learned here today. While in Washington, he will discuss the problem of American securities in possession of the Israeli Treasury. He will also attend the Israel Bond conference which is to take place in Washington next month.

SECURITY COUNCIL DELAYS VOTE ON RESOLUTION ORDERING EGYPT TO LIFT ANTI-ISRAEL BLOCKADE

FLUSHING MEADOWS, Aug. 29. (JTA) -- The United Nations Security Council today again postponed a vote on the three-power resolution calling upon Egypt to lift its blockade of the Suez Canal against Israel. The request to postpone the vote until Saturday was made by Soviet delegate Semyon Tsarapkin.

The Council first voted not to postpone its decision, but it later reversed its stand after the Soviet delegate said that perhaps there still was a possibility of an agreed solution, if all approaches were explored. He indicated that he may have "something concrete" to propose at Saturday's meeting.

Egypt's effort to have the Suez Canal case shifted to the International Court of Justice collapsed today when Egyptian delegate Mahmoud Fawzi Bey informed the Security Council "with deep regret" that there would be no point to his resolution while the five council members concerned in the issue insisted upon their right to vote in the Council on the question. The five members are the United States, Britain, France, The Netherlands and Turkey.

The Egyptian decision meant that Fawzi Bey had failed to get a Council sponsor for his move, which was to ask the court whether the five members having a special interest in the Canal issue should be permitted to vote on it.

POSSIBLE ROLE OF ISRAEL ARMY IN EVENT OF WORLD WAR OUTLINED BY U.S. SENATORS

WASHINGTON, Aug. 29. (JTA) -- The Israel Army could be used to defend the uranium mines of the Belgian Congo and North African air bases, Sen. Robert A. Taft, the leading Republican sponsor of aid for Israel, suggested to the Senate Armed Forces and Foreign Relations Committees, it was learned today. The testimony of Senators Taft and Democratic Senator Paul H. Douglas was made public today and it was revealed that they told the Senate committees that the Israel Army could be used to good advantage in the event of war between America and the Soviet Union.

The Senators told the committees that the Israel Army could play a powerful role in defending not only the Middle East but also Africa. Sen. Douglas said: "The Jews have developed, to everyone's surprise, a tremendously effective army of more than 200,000 in Israel." He added that it demonstrated its combat effectiveness by defeating the invading armies of five Arab states. "The Israel Army, plus that of Turkey and Greece, can offer effective resistance to any Russian attempt to conquer the Middle East," he declared.

Sen. Taft told of the importance of the Belgian Congo's uranium to the atomic bomb production of the western world and pointed out that the Israel Army would be useful in the defense of strategic points in Africa. The testimony of the two Senators urged economic aid for Israel and the Near East in connection with the Mutual Aid Bill which is now before the Senate.

Sen. Taft was asked if Israel will ever become self-supporting. He replied: "It seems to me that the obstacles they have to overcome are smaller than those they have overcome." He said Israel's accomplishments have been "extraordinary" and it could become a vital manufacturing center in the Middle East because it could operate plants on a cheaper and more efficient basis. The Senator pointed out that 7,000,000 people live in New York City, which, he said, has no natural resources, and commented that Israel should be able to support a population of 2,000,000.

The committees were told by Sen. Douglas that "Israel's needs arise almost exclusively out of an immigration program never before paralleled in recorded history. In the first three years this state absorbed 600,000 immigrants, almost all of them completely destitute; the Jewish population was doubled."

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ISRAEL MINISTER IN MOSCOW PROTESTS TO KREMLIN AGAINST SOVIET ANTI-ZIONIST PROPAGANDA

PARIS, Aug. 29. (JTA) -- The Paris radio reported today that the Israel Minister in Moscow protested to the Kremlin against the publication of anti-Zionist matter in the Soviet press and particularly against the aggressive nature of Arab language broadcasts from Russia beamed to the Middle East.

JORDAN COMPLAINS TO STATE DEPARTMENT AGAINST ISRAEL; SEEKS AMERICAN INTERVENTION

WASHINGTON, Aug. 29. (JTA) -- Jordan today charged Israel with "polluting" the waters of the Jordan River while Jordanian Minister Yusif Haikal asked Assistant Secretary of State George C. McGhee to bring about the intervention of America at the United Nations on behalf of Jordan on the river complaint.

The Jordanian Minister said that he informed Mr. McGhee that Israel was depriving the Jordanian people of badly-needed water by diverting and polluting the Jordan. He said "this hampered the resettlement of Arab refugees and jeopardized the survival of many residents of Jordan."

Diplomatic sources here believe that the Jordanian action is part of a propaganda move calculated to instigate a United Nations ban against Israel development projects which are connected with the Jordan River. The Jordanians, it is said, hope to impede Israel development work as part of the Arab economic warfare against the Jewish state.

MIXED ARMISTICE COMMISSION FINDS JORDAN GUILTY OF ATTACK ON ISRAELI WORKERS

JERUSALEM, Aug. 29. (JTA) -- The United Nations Mixed Armistice Commission today ruled that the attack last week by Jordan Arabs against a jeep carrying four Israeli workers--during which two Israelis were killed--was a breach of the existing Israel-Jordan armistice. The Commission called upon the Jordan Government to take immediate steps to arrest and punish the perpetrators and to prevent new incidents.

The decision came during a meeting of two army representatives of each side under the chairmanship of Col. Bennet de Ridder, U.N. representative, who voted with the representatives of Israel. The Jordanians argued that it is not known whether the assailants came from Jordan. However, Col. de Ridder stated that undeniable proof existed that the attack was carried out by Arabs from Jordan.

CHALUTZ TRAINING FARM NEAR LONDON ADDS TO BRITAIN'S FOOD STOCKS, OFFICIAL SAYS

LONDON, Aug. 29. (JTA) -- The Earl of Listowel, Parliamentary Secretary to the Ministry of Agriculture, today praised the members of an Orthodox Chalutz training farm outside this city for adding to the food stocks of Britain while preparing to pioneer in Israel. He declared that Israel was a "living example of a new social order" which was teaching the world true cooperation and mutual help.

Eliahu Elath, Israeli Minister to Britain, who was also present at "open day" exercises at the farm, asserted that the training of pioneering youth in countries outside Israel for work in the Jewish state was needed more at this time than ever before. Insisting that the Jews of Israel need leadership of the highest quality, Minister Elath said "the youth of the Western world can produce this type of man who through his upbringing in an atmosphere of free democracy has the natural background for leadership in the new state."