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DAUGHTER OF FORMER NAZI MINISTER ASKS STALIN TO RELEASE HER FATHER FROM BERLIN PRISON

MUNICH, Aug. 23. (JTA) -- The daughter of Baron Constantin von Neurath, former Nazi Foreign Minister and Hitler's "Protector" for Bohemia and Moravia, has appealed to Premier Josef Stalin of Russia asking his consent to the release of her father from Spandau Prison in Berlin, it was reported here today.

Von Neurath is serving a 15-year term following his conviction by the Nuremberg Tribunal for war crimes. During the trial he admitted responsibility for a plan to destroy the Czechoslovak nation by the systematic elimination of its educated class. He also told the court that he believed the persecution of the Jews by the Nazi regime had been necessary. During his regime in Czechoslovakia, von Neurath once refused to sign anti-Jewish legislation for the Protectorate because he believed the draft submitted for his signature was too lenient.

U.S. GROUP SPONSORS ESTABLISHMENT OF SOUTH AMERICAN PALESTINE ECONOMIC CORPORATION

NEW YORK, Aug. 23. (JTA) -- The establishment of the South American Palestine Economic Corporation was revealed today in a report issued by the Palestine Economic Corporation here. The report says that a representative of South Americans living in Israel is now traveling through various South American countries to secure capital for the new corporation.

The Palestine Economic Corporation in New York has agreed to act as sponsor, to make a nominal financial investment, and to be the administrative agent of the South American corporation in the United States, the report emphasized. Several projects for the new company are being considered.

The report also revealed that the Israel Government is considering a proposal by the company that the P.E.C. underwrite \$1,000,000 towards its own refinancing. Part of the proposal includes a \$2,500,000 loan from the Export-Import Bank. "On the basis of present world market prices, the company should earn in foreign exchange for Israel millions of dollars annually," the report declares.

The P.E.C. also reported that its wholly-owned subsidiary, the Bayside Land Development Corporation in Israel, is considering a plan to construct a group of factory buildings in various cities of Israel for leasing to small manufacturers. "The actual work on these factories has already begun," the report said. The Palestine Economic Corporation is also acting as agent in Israel for a number of American firms, including General Electric, Aluminum Company of America and others.

LAST RABBI IN CZERNOWITZ DIES; CITY WAS ONCE LARGEST JEWISH CENTER IN BUKOVINA

BAITIMORE, Aug. 23. (JTA) -- Rabbi David Tabak, last surviving rabbi of Czernowitz, once the largest Jewish community in Bukovina, died this week in Rumania, according to a cable received here by his son Rabbi Israel Tabak.

MENACHEM GENESSIN, WELL-KNOWN HABIMAH PLAYER, DIES IN ISRAEL; WAS 69 YEARS OLD

TEL AVIV, Aug. 23. (JTA) -- Menachem Genessin, well-known Habimah actor and playwright, died at the Beilinson Hospital yesterday after a short illness. He was 69 years old.

DAILY NEWS BULLETIN

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AMERICAN AND ISRAELI DELEGATES DIFFER SHARPLY ON FORMULATION OF ULTIMATE ZIONIST PROGRAM

JERUSALEM, Aug. 26. (JTA) -- The Commission on Fundamental Problems of the World Zionist Congress, in which all Zionist parties are represented, has agreed to recommend to the Congress a request for the granting of a special status to the World Zionist Organization by the Israel Government and has also agreed on a formula outlining the relationship between the Zionist movement and the Israel Government. The Commission has not yet, however, worked out the so-called "Jerusalem Program," which is to replace the Basle Program, and outline the tasks and aims of the Zionist movement following the establishment of the State of Israel.

Formulation of the "Jerusalem Program" has been impeded by a wide gap between the Israelis and many representatives from the United States on the definition of the "Ingathering of the Exiles." Many Americans maintain that the term has one meaning in Israel and might have an ominously different meaning in the United States. It has been suggested that in order to resolve the impasse, the "Jerusalem Program" be deferred and instead a proclamation be issued on the obligations of Zionists in this decisive period.

The following two paragraphs regarding the status and relations between Israel and the Zionist movement have been adopted: 1. "The Congress declares that a practical program of the World Zionist Organization and its agencies is the fulfillment of its historic tasks in Eretz Israel, and calls for the fullest degree of cooperation and coordination on its part with the State and Government of Israel in accordance with the laws of the land." (The term "fullest cooperation and coordination" was substituted for the previously-proposed "unconditional cooperation.")

2. "The Congress considers it essential that the State of Israel, through an appropriate legislative act, grant the World Zionist Organization the status as representative of the Jewish people in all matters relating to organized participation of Jews throughout the world in the development and upbuilding of the land and the rapid absorption of the newcomers."

Major Commission Discusses Relationship with Non-Zionist Groups

The above paragraphs will be proposed to the first plenary session of the Congress, which will probably be resumed tonight. No agreement has yet been reached by the Commission on Fundamental Problems on the relationship between the Israel Government and the World Zionist Organization and non-Zionist Jewish groups. A formula under consideration would suggest that the government undertake projects or any activity with such groups in "consultation with the W.Z.O."

Meanwhile, the Budget Commission has appointed two subcommittees to facilitate its work. Under consideration are various proposals for organizational adjustments of the Zionist funds and creation of a single fund-raising apparatus overseas. However, there is not a single proposal seeking to divert the Jewish National Fund from

its traditional functions and autonomy in the performance of those functions, or affecting the J.N.F. structure in Israel proper.

Other proposals discussed in various commissions which have not yet made decisions on them include a proposal, emanating from the Labor Zionists, that only Zionist parties willing to abide by the Congress resolutions on the Zionist movement's cooperation with the government - if and when they are passed - should be co-opted into the Jewish Agency executive.

Also discussed was a proposal whether the Jewish Agency should accept responsibility for the full immigrant absorption program, or only for the maintenance of the newcomers in Israel while they are in reception centers and immigrant camps. The latter plan would involve an expenditure of 5,000,000 Israel pounds annually. The reason that some delegates suggest that the Agency shed part of its responsibilities and transfer them to the government is that it has no funds with which to undertake a full-scale absorption program over a long period, which is its present responsibility.

Want World Zionist Congress to Meet Once in Three Years

Also under study is a resolution that the World Zionist Congress meet once in three years, the General Zionist Council twice a year, and that the endorsement of one-third of the General Council would be needed for the convening of an emergency Council meeting.

The Immigration Committee has decided to recommend that the Congress "express the hope that the scale of immigration to Israel will continue and that before the Congress reconvenes three years hence, the Jewish population of Israel will be 2,000,000 souls." Without mentioning the Iron Curtain countries, the same resolution expresses gratitude to all countries permitting Jewish immigration to Israel and calls "upon other countries likewise to open their doors."

Special gratitude is expressed to countries which have permitted the transit through and temporary stay of Jews, but the names of these countries are not mentioned. These countries are first and foremost France, followed by Italy. Under different conditions, transit was also permitted by Aden for Yemenite Jews, thus making possible the removal of all Yemenite Jews to Israel, and by Iran, enabling Iraqi and Afghanistani Jews to find sanctuary.

The Immigration Committee also recommends to the Congress that it "call upon the Israel Government to continue its efforts for emigration of Jews from Russia, especially for the reuniting of families, whose members are residents and nationals of Israel." It may also be recommended to the Congress that priority be granted in immigration where emigration possibilities exist today, but may not exist in the future, or where Jews are in the shadow of impending peril.

Compulsory One-Year Service for Physicians, Nurses, Teachers Asked

The Congress will be called upon to direct its efforts to replacing tents and aluminum huts in the immigrant work settlements in Israel (Maabaroth) with wooden structures, and expending vocational and cultural training programs for newcomers. Also, the Congress will be asked to demand that the Israel Government enact legislation for compulsory one-year service in the immigrant work settlements by physicians, nurses and teachers.

A resolution to be offered the Congress will praise the Malben program in Israel, which provides care for the aged, ill and handicapped immigrants, and will suggest that the government be urged to pass legislation obligating every business and industrial establishment in Israel to accept a set percentage of workers from among immigrants in the 50-60 age bracket, and that workers in this age category be housed close to urban areas.

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ZIONIST CONGRESS BODY DEMANDS RELEASE OF ZIONISTS IN RUSSIA, RUMANIA, HUNGARY

JERUSALEM, Aug. 26. (JTA) -- A resolution expressing "profound pain" over the fact that the Soviet Government, after supporting the establishment of Israel in the United Nations General Assembly, has not yet released Zionists imprisoned years ago in the U.S.S.R. was adopted today by a subcommittee of the Political Commission of the World Zionist Congress. The resolution is likely to be adopted by the full Political Commission with only a few dissenting votes.

The resolution also urges the Soviet Government to permit Jews to emigrate to Israel, emphasizing that emigration to the Jewish State is "the natural right of every Jew." The same resolution notes with regret the persecution of Zionists in Rumania and Hungary and urges that the campaign against Zionists in these two countries be halted immediately. Representatives of the pro-Soviet Mapam Party objected to the wording of the resolution and intend to press for their view at the plenary session of the Congress.

The subcommittee also adopted a resolution calling upon the nations of the world to protest against the mistreatment by the Iraqi authorities of Iraqi Jews migrating to Israel, and the persecution of Jews remaining in Iraq. Another resolution takes note of the revival of Nazism and anti-Semitism in Germany and Austria and of the danger of these doctrines spreading.

Subcommittee Adopts Compromise Formula on Final Aims of Zionism

JERUSALEM, Aug. 26. (JTA) -- A subcommittee of the World Zionist Congress Commission on Fundamental Problems today adopted a compromise formula suggested by Dr. Nahum Goldmann, president of the Congress, in an effort to resolve a major conflict among the delegates.

Dealing with the controversial "Ingathering of the Exiles" formulation of the aim of Zionism, Dr. Goldmann's proposal calls for the acceptance of a three-fold program, as follows: 1. Redemption of the Jewish people through ingathering of the exiles; 2. Achieve the security of the State of Israel; 3. Achieve the unity of the Jewish people.

This formula attempts to meet the objections of those who oppose the bunching of the United States with those portions of the Dispersion from which emigration has become a necessity. It is also hoped to meet the objection of those delegates who are opposed to the negation of the Jewish culture developed outside Israel.

ISRAEL GOVERNMENT ASKS U.N. SECURITY COUNCIL TO REOPEN DEBATE ON HULEH ISSUE

TEL AVIV, Aug. 26. (JTA) -- The Israel Government has officially requested the United Nations Security Council to reopen its debate of last May's fighting in the demilitarized zone of the Huleh border region. In a cable sent last night by Foreign Minister Moshe Sharett, the Israel Government demanded that the Council hold Syria responsible for violating the Israeli-Syrian armistice agreement.

Mr. Sharett's cable referred Council president Warren Austin to the Official Gazette of Syria, Number 31, published in Damascus July 19, 1951. In the gazette is an order awarding military medals to 79 Syrian officers and enlisted men for their part in three specific battles within the Huleh area. Mr. Sharett's communication pointed out that the Security Council had blamed Israel for armed aggression against Syrian positions following assurances from Lt. Gen. William E. Riley, Palestine truce supervisor, that no evidence of Syrian military intervention had been found by U.N. observers.

SENATE COMMITTEES CUT AID TO ISRAEL; SENATE TO VOTE ON FOREIGN AID BILL THIS WEEK

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26. (JTA) -- The Senate is preparing to begin work Tuesday or Wednesday on the \$7,535,000,000 Foreign Aid Bill, which contains grants to Israel. The Senate version of the measure, approved late Friday by the Foreign Relations and Armed Services Committees, calls for less aid to Israel than is contained in the House bill.

The measure as approved by the Senate groups makes available to President Truman \$40,000,000 to aid refugees settling in Israel. A similar amount would be available for Arab refugees. These figures represent a cut of \$10,000,000 each from the House version. The U.S. contribution to the International Refugee Organization was cut from \$30,000,000 to \$10,000,000.

The bill now ready for Senate action provides a total of \$518,750,000 for the Near East and Africa. The sum of \$122,500,000 would be for economic and technical aid for Africa and the Near East outside of Iran, Greece and Turkey. This is an across-the-board 30 percent cut below the House version. Military aid to the Arab-Israel area would be limited to 10 percent of the \$396,250,000 made available for arms to Iran, Greece and Turkey.

The House and Senate versions of the bill represent a one billion dollar cut below the figure requested by President Truman. The President has made it clear that he will attempt to have the cut restored. Senate leaders hope to finish work on the measure by the end of this week. However, the Upper Chamber seldom approves large foreign aid bills in such a short time. After the Senate finishes voting, a House-Senate conference committee will iron out differences and submit the bill to both Houses for a final vote. Then the whole process starts again as Congress goes to work on the bill to appropriate the money.

AMERICAN-ISRAEL TREATY OF FRIENDSHIP LAUDED IN UNITED STATES AND BRITAIN

LONDON, Aug. 26. (JTA) -- The United States-Israel treaty of friendship, commerce and navigation, signed at Washington last Friday is likely to have a "quietening effect" on a considerable body of business opinion in Israel and on "certain American Zionists now attending the World Zionist Congress" who had accused Premier David Ben Gurion and his Labor Party of "frightening away American capital with threats of Socialism in our times," the Times of London said.

(The New York Times in an editorial on the treaty pointed out that the pact is a sort of mutual "most-favored nation" arrangement, guaranteeing non-discriminatory treatment of shipping and commerce and smoothing the way for further private American investment in Israeli enterprises. "Israel's exports to the United States last year came to \$8,500,000 (double the figure for 1949) and amounted to almost one-quarter of Israel's total exports; while American exports to Israel exceeded \$100,000,000, accounting for nearly two-fifths of Israel's imports. The new treaty can be expected to encourage these commercial and financial relationships," the editorial said.)

The role which American Jews played in helping to bring about the establishment of Israel was lauded in an editorial published in the Times of London, commenting on the current World Zionist Congress session in Jerusalem. The editorial said: "In making the new State of Israel possible, American Jewry played the lead among the communities of the Diaspora; its spokesmen in a very real sense were the 'government-in-exile' of the Jewish nation; and it looks now for special recognition in Israel.

"The debt is large. The Jews of America had a striking success in winning support from Washington. Their tireless energy brought to birth the United Nations resolution commencing the Jewish State in Palestine. Their political pressure secured the instant recognition of Israel by the Government of the United States. They gave financial and material support to Israel's struggle against the Arabs; they mobilized world opinion so deftly that even now the cause of the Arabs finds few supporters among the Western peoples," the editorial states.

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BELGRADE RADIO REPORTS MOSCOW ORDERED ABOLITION OF BIRO-BIDJAN AS JEWISH REGION

BELGRADE, Aug. 26. (JTA) -- The Belgrade Radio said today that the so-called Jewish Autonomous Region of Biro-Bidjan in the Soviet Union has been abolished by order of the Soviet Government and has been incorporated into the province of Habarovsk. The broadcast adds that the position of the Jewish minority in Russia is now worse than it ever was during the Czarist regime.

EIGHTY IRAQI JEWS WILL GO ON TRIAL FOR THEIR LIVES IN BAGDAD; CHARGED WITH ESPIONAGE

LONDON, Aug. 26. (JTA) -- Eighty Iraqi Jews will go on trial for their lives in Bagdad on charges of espionage in behalf of an enemy country and attempts to undermine the security of the country, the British-controlled Near East Arabic radio has reported. The defendants are accused of being part of a "Zionist plot" against Iraq. The Iraqi police claimed that in searches of synagogues and other Jewish-owned properties, 22 arms caches were found.

JEWISH GROUPS ASK U.N. COUNCIL FOR MEASURES TO CHECK MASS EXULSIONS FROM HUNGARY

GENEVA, Aug. 26. (JTA) -- The Consultative Council of Jewish Organizations asked the United Nations Economic and Social Council this week-end to take "appropriate measures" to halt the deportations of Jews and others from the major cities of Hungary. Prof. Herman Gray, of the American Jewish Committee, said that it is estimated that up to 35,000 persons were evacuated from their homes, including the entire Jewish community of the city of Debreczen.

BAVARIAN PARLIAMENTARY COMMISSION BEGINS INVESTIGATION OF CHARGES AGAINST AUERBACH

MUNICH, Aug. 26. (JTA) -- A special Bavarian Parliamentary investigating committee this week-end began hearing charges of fraud and forgery against Dr. Philip Auerbach, former head of the provincial restitution office. Wilhelm Hoelper, prosecutor, told the commission that the police have uncovered no proof that Dr. Auerbach intentionally settled false restitution claims or accepted bribes, as had been charged originally. The inquiry is expected to last several months.

AMERICAN JEWISH CONGRESS CHARGES SOME MAINE HOTELS WITH PRACTICING DISCRIMINATION

NEW YORK, Aug. 26. (JTA) -- The American Jewish Congress this week-end charged that some resort hotels in the state of Maine practice discrimination and asked for corrective legislation. In a letter to Maine Gov. Frederick S. Payne, the A.J.C.'s counsel for New England, Gerald R. Berlin, cited brochures and letters from specific hotels which contained "latently discriminatory language," and urged Gov. Payne to initiate action on a public accommodations law to correct the abuses.

MASSACHUSETTS LAW PREVENTS CATHOLIC MOTHER FROM GIVING CHILD TO JEWISH COUPLE

BOSTON, Aug. 26. (JTA) -- A Catholic mother who attempted this week-end to return her four-month-old son to a Jewish couple here who reared him from birth was prevented from doing so by a new Massachusetts law which forbids the adoption of a child by foster parents of a different religion from the child's real parents.

The Jewish couple, Mr. and Mrs. Alan M. Lipsky, were given the child by its mother, Mrs. Elsie Flanagan, a widow with two other children. However, under apparent pressure from the Catholic Charitable Bureau of Boston, Mrs. Flanagan opened a court battle to regain her child. Still later, after winning the legal battle and staying with the child in the Lipsky home for a day, Mrs. Flanagan again attempted to give the child to the Jewish couple, but was stopped this time by the law.