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## ISRAEL PARLIAMENT DEBATES GOVERNMENT'S APPROVAL OF U.N. RESOLUTION ON KOREA

JERUSALEM, July 5. (JTA) -- The Israel Parliament's debate on the government's support of the United Nations Security Council resolution on Korea was opened today by a statement by Foreign Minister Moshe Sharott. The galleries were packed and the atmosphere was tense as the Foreign Minister spoke.

"The world trembles between a doubtful peace and the threat of war," he declared. "Who began the fighting in Korea put a match to the powder keg." Millions all over the world are looking to the United Nations to nip the war in the bud, he added.

Israel's foreign policy, he insisted, remains one of non-identification with any side. He recalled the basic principles of Israel's foreign policy as laid down by Premier David Ben Gurion on March 8, 1949: "Adherence to the United Nations; preserve peace and friendly relations with all states, especially the United States and Russia." This principle remains the guiding spirit of Israel's policy, he stressed, adding: "But this does not mean escaping from international responsibilities and assistance to the United Nations."

As soon as the Foreign Minister sat down, he was attacked by Mapam leader Itzhak Ben Aharon, who charged that the government has made a "fatal" misstep -- "a warnongoring step which will split world Jewry. The government has not contributed to world peace and to peace in Korea. The government had a formal, legal basis to avoid such a step," he added.

Arich Ben Eliezer, of Horut, presented a motion which would have the Parliament disapprove the government's stand, but at the same time "condemn North Korea's aggression." Both Nathan Friedman-Yollin, of the Fighters Party, another rightwing group, and Moir Wilner, Communist deputy, presented separate motions of no confidence in the government. Mr. Wilner said that this was the "greatest blunder committed by the government since its inception, because it is the first step toward dragging Israel into the Atlantic Pact."

### Press Approves Government Decision; Displays Little Enthusiasm

The entire Israel press, except the Communist newspaper Kol Haam and Mapam's Al Hanishmar yesterday welcomed the government's decision. Very little enthusiasm was, however, displayed -- even by those newspapers which justified the government's decision. They pointed out that the Israel Government could not have acted differently because of Israel's membership in the United Nations, and asserted that Israel's national interests compelled the government to take this decision.

Al Hanishmar reports that the decision by the Israel Cabinet to support the Security Council resolution was taken "under severe American pressure" and only after U.N. Secretary-General Trygve Lie called the Israel Foreign Office for a third time for a reply.

WORLD ZIONIST ORGANIZATION DEMANDS TERRITORIAL AUTONOMY; DECIDES TO SPONSOR CHALUTZ WORK IN U.S.

CHICAGO, July 4. (JTA) -- A declaration demanding autonomy for local Zionist organizations in countries outside of Israel, and a special status for the World Zionist Organization in Israel was adopted here today at the 53rd annual convention of the Zionist Organization of America.

The 1,200 delegates at the parley also voted acceptance of a program which calls for: sponsorship of the chalutz movement in the United States; establishment of an American-Israel information service; promotion of activities through which Israel students will be able to come to the U.S. for special studies; sponsoring of work vacations in Israel for American Jewish college students; and, establishment of chairs for the study of the Hebrew language in American colleges.

The declaration on local autonomy reads in part: "We reaffirm the special status of the World Zionist Organization and urge such reaffirmation upon all Zionists and upon the Government of Israel. The World Zionist Organization should continue to be possessed of special functions in conducting its activities in the field of immigration, chalutzioth, economic investment, and public relations and education in the Diaspora.

"Similarly the local territorial units of the World Zionist Organization should be accorded exclusive status in their communities with respect to activities conducted in behalf of Israel, which should be channeled through local bodies or coordinated by such bodies."

Israel Follows Korean Developments with Anxiety, Consul Says

Arthur Lourie, New York consul-general of Israel, in his address to the convention, declared that events in Korea have far-reaching implications for Israel. "While any suggestions of peace with Israel is rejected, the accumulation of jet planes and heavy tanks continues apace. It is because of this that we follow, with keen anxiety, the developments in Korea, for if the resort to naked force can succeed in the Far East, why not also in the Near East," he said.

An indication that the United States Government is ready to support Israel against aggression and to strengthen its economic position was given yesterday by Vice President Alben Barkley, addressing the convention. "Nothing could happen that could give greater discredit to the United States than to have people hear that the state of Israel has collapsed, either because of outside aggression or because of its inability to support a people who have come and will continue to come," Vice President Barkley stated.

He expressed his "deep pleasure" in being named honorary chairman of the Jewish National Fund project to establish Kfar Truman, an agricultural settlement in Israel, as a permanent tribute to the help that President Truman and the help which the United States Government gave to the creation of the Jewish state.

A plea for more free enterprise in Israel was made by Dr. Ezer Weizman, member of the Israeli Knesset and president of the General Zionist Organization in Israel. Admitting that certain government controls were necessary at the present time, Dr. Weizman said they should be loosened as far as possible, declaring that Israel "cannot attract the necessary investment capital unless the regime of the country is favorable to its workings."

Dr. Israel Goldstein, president of the World Confederation of General Zionists, in an address called talk of Communism in Israel "a phobia," and declared that

"Communism is as remote in Israel as it is in England, France or Italy, no more and no less." Dr. Goldstein made three major criticisms of Israel: the extreme partisanship in the educational system, the lag in industrial efficiency, and the factionalism and fragmentation among the people.

### Relations Between Israel and Zionism Abroad Analyzed by Dr. Goldmann

The view of those who hold that with the establishment of Israel there is no longer any need for a strong Zionist movement in countries outside of the Jewish state was challenged at the convention by Dr. Nahum Goldmann, chairman of the American section of the Jewish Agency, and Dr. Emanuel Neumann, former President of the Zionist Organization of America. Dr. Goldmann said:

"The experience of these two years has shown that despite the colossal impact of the creation of the state on the vast majority of Jews in the world and the initial enthusiasms, indifference with regard to the Jewish state and the lessening of interest in it, the preference for local needs of Jewish communities is gaining in strength. The experience in Israel on the other hand shows a similar development -- a tendency of losing sight of the problems of the Jewish people outside of the state, of regarding the Diaspora only as a resource of financial help and manpower for Israel and of indifference or ignorance with regard to vital problems and Jewish life in the Diaspora.

"It is just as necessary to 'Zionize' Jews in the Diaspora as those in Israel in order to overcome the division of the people into two parts," the Jewish Agency leader argued. "A Zionist today is a Jew who thinks about Israel in terms of 'we.' A non-Zionist, even if he is a great friend of Israel, thinks in terms of 'I and you.'"

Dr. Goldmann suggested the following tasks for the Zionist movement: 1. To coordinate and centralize Zionist activities in the Diaspora more than ever before with the reorganization of parties within the movement to the background since the largest part of the task is common to all; 2. To pay much more attention to Jewish community life; 3. To influence Jewish development and activities in every sphere always from the point of view of strengthening the unity of the people and its solidarity with Israel.

Dr. Neumann emphasized that Israel is far too young, too weak and isolated, to stand alone without the organized and powerful support of its tried and true friends. "The future of the Zionist movement," he declared, "is largely dependent upon the precise character of the new relationship to be established between itself and the state of Israel. The leaders of Israel are becoming increasingly aware of the crisis through which Diaspora Zionism is passing, but thus far, they have not realized the full gravity and urgency of this problem, nor given it the attention it requires.

"Too many of our friends in Israel, either take the continued existence and activity of Diaspora Zionism too much for granted, or else underrate the importance of organized Zionism, now that the Jewish state is an accomplished fact," Dr. Neumann stated.

The delegates elected Benjamin G. Brown as president of the organization for his first full term. Rudolf G. Sonneborn of New York was re-elected chairman of the Administrative Council, and Mortimer May of Nashville, Tenn., was re-elected chairman of the National Executive Committee.

EVERY JEW HAS RIGHT TO ENTRY AND CITIZENSHIP IN ISRAEL, BEN GURION TELLS PARLIAMENT

JERUSALEM, July 4. (JTA) -- It is the right of every Jew in the world to enter Israel and assume citizenship there, Premier David Ben Gurion told the Israel Parliament last night. He was speaking in behalf of a series of government-sponsored citizenship bills.

The Premier stressed that this right existed before the state of Israel -- that it was "granted by Jewish history." He pointed out that since the seventh century B.C.E. Jews were to be found in every country of the world, but that the Jewish homeland has always been a bond among them. He cited as evidence of this point the fact that Jews from 55 nations fought in Israel's Army during its war of liberation. Finally, the Premier emphasized that although the right to return to Israel is guaranteed to all Jews it does not give Jews priority rights over other citizens of the state.

Later, a bill to abolish capital punishment, except for acts of treason during war-time, was presented by Minister of Justice Pinhas Rosen. Introducing the measure, Minister Rosen declared that a "criminal endangers the life of the individual, whereas treason endangers the state, especially now when our young state is surrounded by enemies and nobody knows what the morrow will bring." He asked that the Parliament adopt the bill, otherwise "the state will have to find a hangman and I doubt whether one can be found in Israel."

ISRAEL DENIES EGYPTIAN REPORT OF BORDER CLASHES IN GAZA AREA; PATROL LOST ITS WAY

TEL AVIV, July 4. (JTA) -- Israel military authorities have denied a report from Cairo of a clash between Israel and Egyptian military forces in the Gaza area.

An official spokesman explained that what actually happened was the following: An Israel patrol in the border area lost its way and entered Egyptian territory. The Egyptians opened fire and the patrol, realizing its mistake, withdrew to Israel territory without casualties.

The report from Cairo said that: "light" Israel forces, with air cover, crossed the Palestine armistice lines on Friday and penetrated an Arab village 20 miles southwest of Gaza. The Israel forces were driven back by Egyptian soldiers, the Cairo statement said.

TRANSJORDAN MAKES INFORMAL OFFER TO OPEN LATRUN ROAD FOR BETHLEHEM ROUTE; JEWS REFUSE

JERUSALEM, July 4. (JTA) -- Israel received yesterday an informal proposal from Transjordan to open the Latrun Road in return for the Jews opening the Bethlehem Road.

The offer was refused because the Israelis felt that traffic on all roads which were ordered opened to traffic under the armistice agreement must be free. They pointed out that freedom of access to Mt. Scopus was very important to the Jews. The informal discussions between the representatives of the two states will continue in no man's land tomorrow, but no date has been fixed for a formal meeting of the joint armistice commission.

WEIZMANN SENDS GREETINGS TO TRUMAN ON INDEPENDENCE DAY; SHARETT GREETS ACHESON

TEL AVIV, July 4. (JTA) -- President Dr. Chaim Weizmann today sent a message of greetings to President Truman on the occasion of the celebration of Independence Day. A similar message was sent by Israel's Foreign Minister Moshe Sharett to U.S. Secretary of State Dean Acheson.

MUNICH MUNICIPAL COUNCIL RECOMMENDS TOUR OF DACHAU DEATH CAMP FOR SCHOOLCHILDREN

MUNICH, July 4. (JTA) -- The Munich Municipal Council today recommended that schoolchildren of this city be made to visit the site of the Dachau concentration camp and the burial sites of victims of Nazism in the area before they are graduated from school.

The Federation of Jewish Communities in Bavaria today protested against the acquittal by a Nuremberg denazification court of Donno Martin, Gestapo general and former chief of police of Nuremberg under the Nazi regime. The Nazi leader was originally sentenced to three years at hard labor and confiscation of half of his property. However, he was now acquitted because internment camps are being dissolved in Germany.

The Ministry of Interior of Hesse, in the United States zone, today reported that the Jewish cemetery in Loehberg has been desecrated by unknown vandals. The Ministry ordered an immediate investigation. The synagogue of the city of Essen, in the British zone, was desecrated for the second time in two months last night. Both local and British officials are investigating the incident.

FRENCH COURT IMPRISONES WOMAN FOR EXTORTING MONEY FROM JEWS DURING NAZI REGIME

PARIS, July 4. (JTA) -- A French war crimes court here today sentenced Elisabeth Borogy to 13 months' imprisonment and forbade her to reenter France for 20 years for extorting money from Jews while acting as an agent for the German police during the Nazi occupation of France.

Miss Borogy, a Czechoslovak citizen, extorted over 1,000,000 francs from Mussua Gelbrank and Miss Quagliano on the promise that she would procure certificates describing them as Aryans. She also led a German raiding party to Savigny-en-Orge where Miss Quagliano owned three villas. The villas were looted by the Germans.

Miss Borogy had been sentenced in absentia to 20 years at hard labor in July, 1949. Shortly afterwards she was arrested and retried.

FRENCH RABBINATE CALLS FOR BAN ON ATOMIC WEAPONS; CONDEMNS MERCY KILLINGS

PARIS, July 4. (JTA) -- The General Assembly of the French Rabbinate, meeting here today under the chairmanship of Chief Rabbi Isaac Schwartz, called for the prohibition of atomic weapons. It instructed the Rabbinical Council to draft a resolution to this effect for publication.

The Assembly also considered the problem of artificial insemination. It decided to issue a statement after consulting rabbinical authorities in Israel, Great Britain, United States and Morocco, as well as obtaining technical details from gynecologists and psychologists. The Assembly condemned euthanasia as contrary to Jewish law.

OPERAS OF TWO JEWISH COMPOSERS CHOSEN FOR PRESENTATION AT "FESTIVAL OF BRITAIN"

LONDON, July 4. (JTA) -- Two Jewish composers are among four whose operas were chosen by a jury of judges of the Council of Britain for presentation at next year's "Festival of Britain." The Jewish composers are: Arthur Benjamin, of Australia; and, Berthold Goldschmidt, a naturalized British subject who was born in Hamburg, Germany.

