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JTA Daily News BulletinISRAEL OPPOSES ARAB DEMAND FOR FRONTIER REVISIONS; SUBMITS VIEWS TO U.N. BODY TODAY

LAUBANNE, Aug. 31. (JTA) -- Total opposition to the territorial demands presented on Monday by the Arab delegations here to the U.N. Conciliation Commission for Palestine is expressed in a statement which will be submitted to the Commission tomorrow by the Israel delegation.

However, it was learned here today that Israel is concerned less with the Arab territorial demands -- which have already been defeated largely by their own absurdity -- than with the demand for revision of Israel frontiers which is expected to be made by American representatives.

It is understood that Israel stakes its border claims on the armistice frontiers and also demands a reestablishment of Egyptian frontiers as they existed in Palestine under the former Mandatory Power, and which would involve Egyptian evacuation of the Gaza coastal strip.

While it is reported here that American representatives continue to press Israel for territorial concessions in the southern part of the Negev, it is also reported that the British indicated that they no longer have any territorial interest in southern Palestine. They believe that the continuity of the Arab states' territory could be ensured by a road crossing Israel territory from Egypt to Transjordan, near Akaba, which would be a kind of free zone.

Members of the U.N. Conciliation Commission emphasized today that the Arabs, in their statement on Monday, expressed their willingness to discuss frontiers other than those specifically demanded. The Commission members hope that Israel will take this opportunity to do so since an alternative to continued negotiations through the Conciliation Commission would be the ultimate imposition of a solution either by the U.N. economic survey group headed by Gordon R. Clapp or by the U.N. General Assembly which opens its session at Flushing Meadows in three weeks.

U.N. COMMISSION RECOMMENDS ARAB-JEWISH DIVISION OF JERUSALEM UNDER HIGH COMMISSIONER

LAUBANNE, Aug. 31. (JTA) -- The U.N. Conciliation Commission will recommend to the U.N. General Assembly that both Israel and Transjordan claims for full sovereignty over part of Jerusalem be rejected.

However, it was learned today, the Commission will recommend creation of a new kind of Jewish and Arab "semi-sovereignty". The Commission's report, drafted by a subcommittee on Jerusalem, has been dispatched to Lake Success. Under its suggestions, the Arabs would retain control over the Old City and the Jews over the new city, but control would be lodged in their respective municipalities and not in their national governments.

Under the "semi-sovereignty" plan, taxes will be levied and laws made by the municipalities although the taxes and laws may be identical with those of Israel and Transjordan. There would be a U.N. High Commissioner to maintain supervision and also have free access to all Holy Places.

The proposals to the Assembly are such that the plan can be implemented only after the future of all Palestine has been settled. It is essentially a transition plan to serve for a number of years until the situation becomes clarified.

BEN GURION URGES U.S. PARENTS TO SEND THEIR CHILDREN TO ISRAEL FOR PERMANENT SETTLEMENT

TEL AVIV, Aug. 31. (JTA) -- An appeal to Jewish parents in the United States to send their children to Israel for permanent settlement there was made here today by Premier David Ben Gurion. "Even if they decline to help us, we will bring the youth to Israel," the Premier of the Jewish State declared. He expressed, however, the hope that "this will not be necessary".

Mr. Ben Gurion made his appeal in the course of an address at a farewell party for the American Histadrut delegates who spent three weeks in Israel visiting various parts of the country and studying various aspects of life in the Jewish state. "I am positive that you are returning to the United States with the feeling that it was worth your while to devote many years of toil for Zionism and for the creation of our state," he told members of the delegation.

"Although we realized our dream of establishing a Jewish state, we are still at the beginning," the Israel Premier continued. "Today there are only 900,000 Jews in Israel while the greater part of the Jewish people is still abroad. Our next task will not be easier than the creation of the Jewish state. It consists of bringing all Jews to Israel.

"You saw how difficult it was to bring in and to absorb 200,000 immigrants. But we are determined to bring millions more and I am positive that we will bring them. We appeal chiefly to the youth in the United States and in other countries to help us achieve this big mission. We appeal to the parents to help us bring their children here. Even if they decline to help, we will bring the youth to Israel, but I hope that this will not be necessary," the Israel Premier concluded.

David Remez, Israel's Minister of Communications, addressing the American delegates, similarly appealed through them to the Jews of the United States to send American Jewish youths to Israel.

KNESSET DEBATE ON MILITARY SERVICE BILL RESUMES; PLANS FOR STRONG ARMY WIN SUPPORT

TEL AVIV, Aug. 31. (JTA) -- Yaacov Meridor, Ezeret deputy, declared in the Knesset last night during the resumed debate on the military service bill now under consideration by the Israel parliament that "every three Jews will have to reckon with one Arab" after the anticipated admission of 100,000 Palestine Arab refugees to Israel.

Mr. Meridor, who was deputy commander of the dissolved Irgun Zvai Leumi, said that this would result in a "most dangerous situation, likely to bring about serious domestic troubles in case of war with the Arab countries". The Ezeret leader expressed approval of government plans for a strong army and for equal duties for men and women who, he said, "proved invaluable in the Haganah ranks".

Israel Galilee, former Haganah field commander, speaking for the Mapam faction in the Knesset, asserted that there is no guarantee that war between Israel and the Arab states will not be resumed suddenly since "neither peace nor military treaties have as yet been signed". He added that the Israel Army should be made as strong as possible, in accordance with budgetary limitations which, he stated, prevent the organization of a nationwide reserve force similar to the one in Switzerland. He also approved of government plans for compulsory agricultural training in addition to military instruction.

The Knesset decided last night not to send an Israel delegation to the sessions of the Inter-Parliamentary Congress opening soon in Stockholm. The decision was taken after the deputies failed to reach agreement on the composition of the Jewish state's delegation.