VOL. XV No. 283 (30th year)

Sunday, December 12, 1948

JTA Daily News Bulletin

106 EAST GIOS STREET. NEW YORE 17. N. V.

CHURCHILL DEMANDS RECOGNITION OF ISRAEL; BRITISH GOVT, SAYS IT IS NOT FREPARED TO MOVE

LONDON, Dec. 10. (JTA) -- The British Government, in the person of Foreign Under Secretary Christopher Maynew, today served notice that it is not prepared to recognize Israel, while wartime Prime Minister Winston Churchill demanded that Britain recognize the Jewish state. Both statements were made in the course of the second day of a foreign policy debate in the House of Commons.

Describing the establishment of Tsrael as an "event in world history." Ohurohill insisted that the Israeli Government cannot be ignored. Calling for an end to the Labor Government's "sulky beyoott" of the Jewish state, the Conservative leader asked that British representatives be sent to Tel Aviv immediately.

"A settlement of the Palestine question would certainly have been attempted in the closest possible association with the United States and in personal contact with the President by any government of which I happened to have been the head," Churchill stated. Summing up the achievements of the Jews in establishing their state, he said: "The Jews have driven out the Arabs from a larger area than contemplated under the partition decision; they have established a government which functions efficiently; they have a victorious army at their disposal; and, they have the support of both the Soviets and the United States."

Federation of Israel and Arab States Envisaged by Churchill

He also claimed that once the war ends, it will be easy to establish an Arab federation consisting of coveral Arab states and one Jevish nation. Addressing himself to Foreign Secretary Ernest Bevin, Churchill reminded him that he had staked his reputation on solving the Palestine problem. Reforring to the Transjordan issue raised by the British delegate at the United Nations, Churchill warned against adding Transfordan in its present conflict.

"If Transjorden is attacked and we are brought in," he pointed out, "it might bring us into dispute with the United States. After all the good work we have done in Palestine it would be trasic if the only result we carried away was a deep divergence between ourselves and the United States."

Mayhew, in his statement, insisted that Britain has no intention of permanently ostracizing the Jovieh state. Asserting that the British Government looks forward to friendly relations with Israel, he revealed that the British Consul General at Haifa is now returning to Palestine for consultations. "The question of establighing better contacts with the Jewish authorities, without prejudice to the question of recognition, is being closely studied by the government.

"We cannot decide on the question of recognition before we consider the result of the deliberations of the current assembly and have taken into account the observance or non-chaervance of the Security Council truce," he declared. Maybew then added that before recognition is granted the British must have assurance as to the frontiers of Icrael, assurances about truce observance, and assurances about any further claims of the Jewish authorities against the neighboring states."

egyftian troops launch heavy attack against jenish shitlement in negev

TEL SIV, Dec. 10. (JTA) -- Egyptian units, supported by about 15 tanks, today launched a heavy attack against the Joulah settlement of Hirlm, south of Caze, in the Negry, an official Israell communique said. The attack, which began before hoon, was repulsed by nightfall. The government also revealed that in a recent clash in the Negry, the Egyptians lost a battalion, with the number of dead along above 100.

Commenting on a suggestion made by chief U.W. observer Gen. William Riley that the Israelis permit another supply convoy to proceed to the Faluja area, where a large force of Egyptian troops are encircled, an Israeli Government spokesman said today the Faluja question depends on the outcome of armitetice negotiactions. The more acceptance of negotiations is not sufficient," he added. "We want something more tangible, like the eract date of a meeting."

The spokesman also said that the Israelis could not understand why a minor liminon meeting between the Jews and Iraqis last Sunday was "bloom up" by Gen. Rilay, is said that Israel is prepared to negotiate an armistico with the Traqis-or with any other Arab army or state-provided the Iraqi Government formally appoints representatives to such talks.

Commenting on press reports that moves have been made by Britain, France and the United States to reopen the oil pipelines from Iraq to Haifa, although not for oil to be refined in Israel but for refining abroad, the spokesman said that the Israel! Government would consider the matter when it is approached with regard to Haifa. He stated that reopening of the oil lines would be more in the interests of Iraq, since the Bagdad Government is at present losing reyalties.

(In Washington, a State Department spokesman doulined to comment on the report, saying that the Department preferred to withhold comment lest current negotiations with Iraq become complicated.)

THRAKELI GOVERNMENT INFORMS U.H. IT WILL NAVORIANE RELEASE OF EGYPTIANS IN FALUA TRAP

LAKE SUCCESS, Dec. 10. (JTA) -- The Israeli Government has agreed to begin negotiations for the release of Egyptien forces encircled in the Faluja area, in the Negov, exting mediator Dr. Ralph Bunche today announced. His amnouncement was contained in a communication released by U.N. headquarters here today, to the seven-member sub-committee of the Security Council established to assist him in implementing the Council's Negov withdrawal order.

Dr. Bunche's communication quoted a note from Walter Eytan, representative of the Irraeli Foreign Cffice, agreeing to such negotiations. Hytan, pointing out that his government had been reluctant to agree to the release of the Faluja troops until the Egyptian Government accepted the Council's order to convert the Palestine trues into an armistice, stated:

"The Government of Israel, presuming that you are satisfied that the Egyptian Government is now sincerely bent upon seeding an amistice and upon bringing to a speedy end the present war, is prepared to agree to your proposal that its representative be authorized to undertake immediate discussions with the U.N. Chief of Staff concerning the withdrawal of Egyptian forces from Faluja in stages to be determined in the course of negotiation, and parallel discussion with a view to the demarcation of permanent amulatice lines."

Dr. Bunche also informed the Council sub-committee that he was satisfied with the Israeli ensuer. He said: "This reply appears to me to be satisfactory and I em, therefore, instructing the Chief of Staff of the truce supervision organisation to undertals immediately to give full affect to the arrangements envisaged in the proposal, and to bring the Egyptian and Israeli commanders together at the sarliest

PALESTINE CONCILIATION WILL COST UNITED NATIONS OVER \$4,000,000 IF MEET TEN MONTHS

PARUS, Dec. 10. (JTA) -- The proposed conciliation in Palestine will cost the United Nations \$4,022,000 for the next ten months-\$6, for each adult Israel1 and Arab to be conciliated in Palestine.

At the start, the projected U.N. conciliation commission would have 500 military observers, 107 internationally recruited officials and 72 technical personnels. Altogether, the proposed three grand conciliators will have a staff of 679.

The whole ten months of conciliation will cost less than three days that war in Palestine has cost the combetants. It will cost less than one week's additional expenditure by lexed for defense against Expt alone.

CHIEF OF ISRAELI POLICE FORCE WILL STUDY POLICE METHODS IN UNITED STATES

TEL AVIV, Dec. 10. (JTA) - Yehezkel Sahar, Inspector General of the Israeli police, vill come to the United States soon to study new police investigation and organization methods, it was reported here today.

Minister of Trade Dr. Fritz Bernstein, addressing a meeting of the General Zionist executive, announced that a new law on industrial development in Israel will soon be promulgated.

The Maccabi World Congress-spencored by President Weizmann, Fremier Ben Gurion, Tel Aviv Mayor Rokach and other dignitaries-will open in Habimah Hall in Tel Aviv on the eve of Chanukah, it was announced today, Maccabi delegations from all sections of the world, including the displaced persons camps in Germany, will attend the varley.

HISTADRUTH CONFERENCE RATIFIES DISSOLUTION OF PALMACH HEADQUARTERS BY VOTE OF 69-38

TEL AVIV, Dec. 10. (JTA) -- The Histadruth Council conference ratified by a vote of 69 to 38 the discolution of the separate headquarters of Palmach, the striking force of the former Hagnanh. The 69 votes were cast by members of Mapai, the right-wing labor group within Histadruth, and the minority ballot was east by sembers of Mapai, the left-wing segment of the Loracil Labor Federation. The General Zionists within the Histadruth-Racovod Hazioni--abstanced from writing.

THRAKE'S SIGNIFICANCE FOR MANKIND EMPHASIZED AT NOBEL CAPHERING IN NEW YORK

NEW YORK, Doc.10, (JTA) -- The birth of Ierael, following upon the physical destruction of one-third of the Jovich people, the disappearance of entire Joveth committee, and the disporael of numbered of thousands of survivors, "has a significance for mankind and its history" and is part of the world's fight for the rebirth of the "principles of human justice over, where," Eliahu Epstein, Israeli representative to the United States, declared here today.

He spoke at the Eighth Annual Nobel Anniversary Commemoration which took place at Hotel Pierre. Paying tribute to the memory of the late United Nations Palestine mediator Count Folke Bernadotte, Epstein asserted that the "government of Israel is dotermined to stemp out terrorisma"

U.S. EXPERTS ON INTERNATIONAL LAW COMMENT FAVORABLY ON PROPOSED ISRAELI CONSTITUTION

NEW YORK, Dec. 10. (JTA) -- Outstanding American authorities on international and constitutional law have commented favorably on the draft of the Israeli constitution, the full text of which was nade public today in the American press, it was revealed this afternoon by Elfahu Epstein, Israeli envoy in Washington, in a statement to the Jewish Telegraphic Agency.

The draft, prepared by Dr. Leo Kohn, counsellor of the Israeli Foreign Office, attracted wide interest in this country. It combines aspects of the American, French and British systems of government with some of the fundamentale of ancient Jevish law. It abolishes the death penalty, separates state and church, guarantees free access to Palestine's Holy Piaces, establishes freedom of worship for all sects, draws no distinction among Jews, Christians and Moslems in their rights as citizens, and goes beyond any existing constitution-including that of the United States--in setting forth basic human rights.

The draft provides that no one should be subjected to torture, flogging or humiliating punishment and prohibits the application of moral pressure or physical violence in the course of police interrogation. Freedom of speech and opinion is guaranteed. Censcrehip is unlawful, except in time of war or national emergency. No person may be extradited to any country where he is liable to be deprived of such rights as are guaranteed by the Israell Constitution. Hebrew is the official language of Israel, but adequate facilities shell be given to Arab-speaking citizens for use of their language in the legislature, before courts and before administrative authorities.

Sabbath and the Jewish holidays are the official days of rest, but holy days of other religious denominations are recognized equally as days of rest for the members of such denominations. Every citizen has a right to social security and to health services by the state, which will also provide facilities for primary and secondary education for Ieraelis and Araba in their own languages.

The President, according to the constitution, is to be elected for a period of five years by the Israeli Parliament, which is to have not less than 10 members. The Cabinet is to have not more than 15 members and is to be responsible to the Parliament. The Presider and his Cabinet must resign whon they full to get the support of a majority of the Parliament. Numbers of the Parliament are elected for four years.

Israeli Precepts of Justice Are the Some as American, Epstein Says

"Whatever draft is finally adopted by our Constituent Assembly the Constitution of the Ieraeli state will undoubtedly be based on principles of democracy, of fullest freedom for the individual and or equality before law, with democratically-sleuted governing bodies and no discrimination between citizens," Epstein said in his atatement. "These principles will in fact give expression to the twadition of Joviela law and reflect the way of life and of the progressive democratic Jewis society in Icrael. Our precepts of moral and political justice are the same as those which gave liberty and independence to America and other freedom-loving nations of

"To call Dr. Kohn's draft of the constitution 'socialistic' as has been erronsously suggested in one New York journal is both inaccurate and misleading. This draft includes all guarantees of a society based on rull respect for individual property and free enterprise," the Israeli envoy pointed out.

HUNGARIAN JENISH LEADERS MEET TO DISCUSS NEW AGRETMENT SIGNED WITH GOVERNMENT

EUNAPEST, Dec. 10. (JTA) -- Members of the praesidium and other leading officials of the Jewish community mot here last night in the Budapest Community House to discuss the newly-signed agreement between the lungarien Covernment and Beform Jewish communities. Samuel Kahan-Frankel, president of the Orthodox and Reform Jewish communities. Samuel Kahan-Frankel, president of the Orthodox community, and one of the signatories of the pact, reported on the details of the agreement.

Lajos Stoeklor, representative of the Reform community and enother signatory who announced the new concordet between the government and the Jews, also reported on the work of the Eungarian delegates who attended the recent J.D.C. conference in Paris. Stoeklor said that es a result of the Paris parley, the J.D.C. will continue its three-year pregram of reconstruction. In Hungary.

TURKEY MAY NOT PERMIT REFURN OF JEMS WHO LEFT COUNTRY FOR ISRAEL. MINISTER INDICATES

ISTANBUL, Dec. 10. (JTA) -- Minister of Interior Munir Hurrey Gole indicated today at a meeting of the Republican Party that Turkinh Jews emigrating from the country to points outside Israel and who later make their way to the Jewish state may not be permitted to return to Turkoy.

"In emigrating to Palestine," the Turkish Minister declared, "Turkish Jews are committing an illegal act and they have no right to return to this country." He expressed this opinion in reply to a question regarding the present emigration of Turkish Jews. He added that all Turkish consulates in European countries have been specifically instructed to warn Turkish Jews who recently arrived in Europe against proceeding to Pelestine.

CRGAN OF JEWISH DEMOCRATIC COMMITTEE SPURS VIOLENT ANTI-ZIONIST CAMPAIGN IN INMANTA

BUCHAREST, Dec. 10. (JTA) -- Attacks carried out last week-end by members of the Jevish Democratic Committee against the offices of Zionist organizations have been followed by a violent anti-Zionist caupaign, spurred by Unirea, organ of the Jevish Democratic Committee. The attacks were halted unofficially by government authorities.

In a front-page editorial, Unirea today denounced Zioniem as "bourgeois nationalism, which is divorting the Jowich workers from the fight against the exploiters." The article says that "every house person should right Zioniem, which is the weapon of imperialism." The paper also reported that meetings have been held throughout the country denouncing "Jowish nationalism."

ISRAELI LEWOY TO POLAND DISCUSSED ENIGRATION OF JEWS WITH FORETGN MINISTER

WARSAN, Dec. 10. (JTA) -- Polish Foreign Minister Zigmunt Modzelewski conferred with Israeli Minister to Poland Israel Barzilai on the question of the emigration of Polish Jewis to the Javish ctate prior to the latter's departner for Paris to meet with Israeli Foreign Minister Moshe Shertok, it was learned here today.

Meanwhile, Polish Government officials and Israeli representatives will soon conclude a trade agreement between their respective countries. Details of the past are expected to be announced shortly.

YIDDISH AND HEBREW SCHOOLS NO LONGER EXEST IN RUMANIA, REPORTS FROM BUCHAREST REVEAT.

NEW YORK, Dec. 10. (JTA) -- Two private lotters from Bucharest published in the Jewish Daily Forward roveal that all Yadish and Hebrew schools in Rumania have been 15quidated motor a new law on education promulgated by the government. One latter emphasizes that more than 15,000 pupils attended these schools. The names of the authors of the letters are withheld, but they are known to be persons active in Jewhalt united life.

The author of one of the letters, dated, "Bucharest, Oct. 29, 1948," emphasizes that the Jows were promised that Yilddish and Hebrew would be taught in such schools in Rumania where omrollment of Jowish pupils is 20 percent or more. However, this promise has not been kept oc far, he declares. He maintains that today "khire is not a single school where either Yilddish or Hebrew or Jowish history is taught."

U.S. CROUPS LAUD U.N. APPROVAL OF GENOCIDE PACT; WILL SETK TO SECURE ITS RATIFICATION

HEM YORK, Dec. 10. (JTA) -- The adoption yesterday by the U.N. General Assembly of the international convention outlawing the crime of generide was lauded by the U.S. Committee for a U.N. Generide was lauded.

James N. Rosenberg, chairman of the Committee, revealed that his group stimulated organizations from over 30 nations representing hundreds of millions of members to file petitions with the U.S. Committee which were all submitted to the Genoral Assembly towards the adoption of the convention. "This," he emphasized, "is only our first step." The Committee, he caid, now intends to mobilize public opinion to secure the necessary minimum of retification of the pact by 20 governments.

"The adoption of the generale convention may make Dec. 9 as historic a day as the day of the adoption of the American Bill of Rights," the statement said. "History should record that this means the first step toward an International Bill of Rights, a world Magna Charta protecting mon and women and children the world over." The statement paid tribute to Dr. Raphael Lemkin, author of the idea of the Convention, and emphasized that "the moral leadership that has come from the United States in this achievement is the fruit of teamwork of many organizations and individuals."

The international convention outlawing generated was termed "a great step forward in establishing a world system of legally guaranteed human rights" in a state-sort issued today by Judge Joseph M. Prockauer, president of the American Fursh Committee. The A.J.C. is the U.S. member of the Consultative Council, which, as an actredited consultant organization to the U.N. Boonomic and Social Council, has worked with U.N. delegates and staff for the passage of the genecide convention and other human rights guarantees.

BOLIVIAN PRESIDENT PROMISES TO CHECK ANTI-JEMISH PROPAGANDA IN COUNTRY

Via today gave ensurances that measures will be taken to check a campaign of anti-Jevish propagands in Bolivia which is being conducted through leaflets and in the press. The assurance was given to Dr. Henry Shoekes, representative of REAS, who was received by the President and drew his attention to an article in the newspaper "Republica" threatening Jows with pograms.

(Action on the part of the Bolivian Government to check removed anti-Jevish propagands in the country was requested today by the World Jevish Congress in New York in a letter to the Bolivian Ambassador in Washington.)