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SECURITY COUNCIL POSTPONES CONSIDERATION OF RESOLUTION ON SANCTIONS AGAINST ISRAEL

PARIS, Oct. 29. (JTA) -- The U.N. Security Council today decided to postpone consideration of a British-Chinese resolution which would apply sanctions against Israel for refusing to surrender its gains in the Negev. Following opposition by France, the Soviet Union and Israel, the Council which yesterday appeared all prepared to vote the sanctions, today accepted a Canadian suggestion for the appointment of a special sub-committee to draft a more acceptable compromise of the resolution.

The special unit, suggested by Canada, consists of the United Kingdom, France, Belgium, China and the Ukrainians. It began meeting this afternoon and is expected to report to the Council some time next week.

Meanwhile, Britain today used the interval created by the postponement yesterday of the Council meeting to insert a new stipulation into the Anglo-Chinese draft resolution presented at that time. This new provision by Britain, which has the support again of China, calls upon both disputants to withdraw to the lines of Oct. 14, when fighting was resumed in the Negev. The underlying effect of this is a double assault on the Israeli position.

Firstly, it is aimed at nullifying all changes in Israel's favor produced by the fighting in the Palestine desert. The second attack, drawn up yesterday, proposes the creation of an instrument (the imposition of sanctions or penalties) for use by the U.N. Security Council as a threat against Israel if the Jewish state does not comply with the request for a withdrawal to the Oct. 14 positions.

French Suggest Creation of No-Man's Land in Negev

Alexandre Parodi, French delegate to the Council, today expressed the French attitude, the sense of which would be to extract all the teeth from the Anglo-Chinese resolution provision for sanctions. The French want the Israelis to withdraw from their new positions, but they do not want the Egyptians to return to their positions, now lost to them. They envisage a sort of no-man's land to be created in the disputed area in the Negev. Parodi also felt it would be better to request the two parties to withdraw troops rather than issue an injunction.

The French delegate also suggested there be no reference in the resolution of any specific article of the U.N. Charter under which enforcement action would be taken. He felt it was sufficient to refer to the chapter in the Charter under which such action would be taken.

Mahmoud Bey Fawzi, representative of Egypt, then jumped in to suggest that this was unfair to Egypt. He wanted the new British resolution amended to insure that the Egyptians would return to all the positions they held before their rout in the Negev. At this point, British delegate Sir Alexander Cadogan asked Dr. Ralph J.