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PARTITION GROUP DECIDES TO INTERNATIONALIZE WHOLE OF JERUSALEM UNDER U.N. GOVERNOR

LAKE SUCCESS, Nov. 18. (JTA) -- The internationalization of the whole of Jerusalem was decided upon today by the U.N. sub-committee on partition. Only the suburb of Motza will be included in the Jewish State. The city will be administered by a United Nations governor--who will be neither a Jew nor an Arab--for ten years. After this period a referendum will be held in the city to decide its future status.

The governor will be authorized to exercise all administrative powers, including the conduct of external affairs. He will be empowered to organize a special police force "of adequate strength," the members of which shall be recruited outside of Palestine, and will have the right to enact such budgetary provision as may be necessary for the maintenance of this force.

One of the functions of the governor will be to study and submit for consideration a plan for the establishment of special town units consisting of the Jewish and Arab sections of the modern part of Jerusalem. Each of these town units shall continue to form a part of the present municipality of Jerusalem, enjoying joint services such as water supply, sewage system and the like.

Immigration Into City Will Be Controlled by the Governor

Immigration and residence of non-Palestinians within the borders of the City of Jerusalem are to be controlled by the governor. Freedom of transit and visit for the residents or citizens of the Jewish and Arab states will be guaranteed, "subject to security considerations."

All residents of Jerusalem will ipso facto become citizens of the city unless they opt for citizenship of the state of which they have been citizens, or, when Arabs or Jews, have filed the notice of intention to become citizens of the Arab or Jewish states respectively. Arrangements will be made for consular protection of the citizens of Jerusalem outside its territory.

The official languages of Jerusalem will remain English, Hebrew and Arabic. An independent judiciary system will be established, including a court of appeals. All inhabitants of the city will be subject to it.

City to be Demilitarized; Para-Military Groups Prohibited

Under the provisions adopted today, Jerusalem will be demilitarized. No paramilitary formations, exercises or activities will be permitted within its borders. Should the administration of the city be seriously obstructed or prevented by non-cooperation or interference of one or more sections of the population, the governor will have the authority "to take such measures as may be necessary to restore the effective functioning of the administration."

The City of Jerusalem will include the present municipality of Jerusalem plus the surrounding villages and towns, the most eastern of which is Abu Dir; the most

southern Bethlehem; the most western Ein Karim and the most northern Shufat. The villages and townships will enjoy wide powers of local government and administration.

A legislative council elected by adult residents of Jerusalem, irrespective of nationality, will have powers of legislation and taxation. However, no legislative measures are to conflict or interfere with the provisions which will be set forth in the Statute of the City, nor shall any law, regulation, or official action prevail over them.

Governor Has Right to Veto Bills of Legislative Council

The Statute will grant the U.N. governor the right to veto bills of the Legislative Council. He is also empowered to promulgate temporary ordinances in case the Council fails to adopt in time a bill deemed essential to the normal functioning of the administration.

The inhabitants of Jerusalem, without discrimination of any kind on the grounds of ethnic origin, language or religion, will be ensured equal protection of the laws with regard to the enjoyment of human rights and fundamental freedoms. The city will ensure adequate primary and secondary schools for the Jewish and Arab community, respectively, in its own language and its cultural traditions.

The partition sub-committee decided at the same time to recommend that the right of each community to maintain its own schools for the education of its own members in its own language, while conforming to such educational requirements of a general nature as Jerusalem may impose, shall not be denied or impaired. No restrictions shall be imposed on the free use by any inhabitant of any language in commerce, in religion, in the press, in publications of any kind or at public meetings.

Moshe Shertok argued on behalf of the Jewish Agency that the ten-year period during which Jerusalem would be under an international regime be shortened to three years. However, the United States delegation insisted on the ten-year period, declaring that the situation in Jerusalem may be expected to be "unstable" during the coming three years and that trouble might be expected during that time. A compromise was reached providing that the ten-year term can be revised whenever the Security Council finds it desirable.

BRITISH ATTITUDE TO PALESTINE IMPLEMENTATION PLAN MAY BE ANNOUNCED AT U.N. TODAY

LAKE SUCCESS, Nov. 18. (JTA) -- The British reaction to the Palestine implementation plan approved last night by the partition sub-committee is expected to be announced tomorrow by Sir Alexander Cadogan, when the Ad Hoc Committee resumes its meeting to discuss the plan as well as a 60-page report which will be submitted by the sub-committee which coordinated the Arab proposals.

The partition sub-committee was again urged today by Dr. Oswaldo Aranha, president of the Assembly, to complete its deliberations and present its report to the Ad Hoc Committee no later than tomorrow, to enable the Assembly to reach a final decision on partition before its expected adjournment about Nov. 25.

The question of whether the General Assembly has the right to establish a commission which would assume administrative powers in Palestine is expected to be the major issue which the Arab delegations will raise when the Ad Hoc Committee takes up the implementation report. The American and Canadian delegations indicated today the necessity to prepare legal material on this subject.

The Jewish Agency today defended at the partition sub-committee the proposal made late last night by Emanuel Neumann, who urged that the implementation plan, before being submitted to the Ad Hoc Committee, be amended to make it clear that

If the two Provisional Councils cannot be established simultaneously, the fact that one of them is not ready to be formed shall not prevent or impede the establishment of the Council which is prepared to assume its functions."

The Jewish Agency also insisted on the inclusion of a second amendment suggested by Neumann, providing that "the monthly rate of 6,250 Jewish immigrants per month recommended by the UNSCOP majority shall enter into force in the area of the Jewish state immediately upon the assumption by the commission of its duties in Palestine. Similarly, the land regulations of 1940 shall at that stage be discontinued in the Jewish state area."

Russia Opposes U.S. Request for Transfer of Aqaba Area to Arab State

The demand of the American delegation that the Aqaba area of the Negev be transferred from the projected Jewish State to the Arab State provoked a lively debate last night at the partition sub-committee, in which the Russian, Polish and Czechoslovak delegates supported the opposition of the Jewish Agency to the American stand.

U.S. delegate Herschel Johnson, explaining the motives underlying the American request, said that this area, although recommended by the UNSCOP for inclusion in the Jewish State, must be ceded to the Arab State "because it forms a wedge in the Arab league." He also argued that the area, which is on the Red Sea, is more vital to the Arabs for the development of their state than for the Jews. He contended that the Aqaba district is completely worthless.

Shertok, taking issue with Johnson, revealed that Agency explorers have established mineral potentialities in the area, which is also important to the Jewish State because it offers an outlet to the Red Sea for commercial purposes and for the development of export.

(At the time the Bulletin goes to press the discussion on Aqaba is continuing. Dr. Neumann at a late hour withdrew his amendment for the admission of 6,250 Jewish immigrants, and proposed instead that the British evacuate a section in the projected Jewish State, somewhere in the coastal area, no later than Jan. 1, 1948, and the Provisional Governing Council in the Jewish State be authorized to admit immigrants to this area at its own judgment.)

British Circles Consider Implementation Plan "Realistic"

LONDON, Nov. 18. (JTA) -- The latest U.N. plan for the implementation of partition in Palestine, adopted by a four-nation working group yesterday, was today termed "more realistic than previous ones," by "informed quarters" quoted by Reuters, which frequently reflects British Government views.

The same circles felt that the plan, which provides for the establishment of two independent states within two months after the withdrawal of British troops, set by Britain at about August 1, 1948, avoids "the fundamental problem of how to implement partition against armed opposition or in the event of disorder."

VESSELS LOADING OVER 10,000 JEWS FOR VOYAGE TO PALESTINE DELAYED AT RUMANIAN PORT

LONDON, Nov. 18. (JTA) -- Istanbul reports tonight said that the Pan York and the Pan Crescent, 5,000-ton freighters which have been loading in Constanza, to carry more than 10,000 immigrants to Palestine, recently put back to port after making an abortive effort to depart, when it was found that additional repairs were necessary. The reports said that it was not anticipated the vessels would sail for another week or two.

BRITISH MILITARY COURT CONVICTS TWO JEWISH YOUTHS CHARGED WITH BLOWING UP TRAIN

JERUSALEM, Nov. 18. (JTA) -- A British military court today found two Jewish youths guilty of charges of blowing up a Cairo-Haifa train last August 9, discharging weapons at British troops and illegal possession of firearms. All three are capital offenses.

The youths, Mordechai Soffer and Yerucham Krubelnik, both alleged Sternists, refused to participate in the proceedings. Sentence will be passed Friday. Since Soffer is only 16 and Krubelnik's age is in dispute with his parents insisting that he is under 18, a capital sentence is not expected, because under the Emergency Defense Regulations persons under 18 years-of-age may not be condemned to death.

Following the penetration of the Palestine land-sea-air blockade last week-end by some 200 Jewish refugees, the police and military authorities have increased the number and size of shore patrols in an effort to halt completely further blockade running.

Evidence continues to accumulate to strengthen opinions of observers who expect a rapid withdrawal of British forces from this country. Despite a scarcity of supplies, the police force has not asked for bids for shoes and other uniform items to replace equipment now in use. Simultaneously, it was announced that about one-half of the civilian employees in the military camps in the Nathanya district have been discharged. Meanwhile, police detachments are being concentrated in the Gaza, Jablous and Nazareth areas.

Three new Jewish settlements were established today in southern Palestine. The details of the operation have been kept a well-guarded secret in Jewish circles and it is only known that two of the colonies are in the Negev.

REPORTS FROM ARAB CAPITALS INDICATE TRANSJORDAN POISED TO SEIZE ARAB PART OF PALESTINE

JERUSALEM, Nov. 18. (JTA) -- Reports from Beirut and Amman, capital of Transjordan, indicate that King Abdullah of Transjordan is vitally interested in taking over control of the projected Arab part of a partitioned Palestine.

Political circles point out that the reports tend to explain Abdullah's known opposition to plans of the Palestine Arab Higher Committee for forming a temporary Arab government. The dispatches also stated that Arab Palestine would be placed under Abdullah's son, Emir Talal, in the position of viceroys.

A dispatch from Damascus stated that Bechari el Khoury, President of Syria, reviewing 5,000 troops on maneuvers about 30 miles from the Palestine border, yesterday said that the Syrian Army would defend the "integrity" of Arab Palestine to the "last man." Meanwhile, Arab League secretary-general Abdul Rahman Azzam Pasha, who visited in Damascus for nearly a week, left there by air for Saudi Arabia to continue his discussions on Palestine with the heads of the Arab states.

The Higher Committee has issued an appeal to "save Palestine" and called for additional funds. The first contribution in the new drive was a house in Jerusalem donated by an Amin Hussein.

EGYPTIAN JEWS FACING NEW THREATS TO EMPLOYMENT; MAY HAVE TO OBTAIN WORK PERMITS

CAIRO, Nov. 18. (JTA) -- The 50,000 Jews residing in Egypt, including 40,000 who are native born, face further barriers to obtaining employment in the country, it was learned today. The Minister for Social Affairs is reported to have under consideration a new bill ordering "non-Egyptians" to obtain a special permit before accepting a job.

BRITISH MP'S ASK GOVERNMENT TO WITHDRAW POLICE PROTECTION FROM FASCIST PUBLIC MEETINGS

LONDON, Nov. 18. (JTA) -- An all-party delegation of MP's, headed by Harry Wnd and H.E. Goodrich, of Hackney, in London, last night called on Home Secretary James Chuter Ede and submitted a resolution calling for an end to the policy of pro-fascist and anti-Semitic public meetings with massed police protection. Later, the MP's said that they had not received satisfaction.

The National Council for Civil Liberties has requested that Ede receive a delegation to discuss the "subject of the resurgence of fascist activity, with special reference to the first public appearance of Sir Oswald Mosley (pre-war British fascist leader) last Saturday."

Meanwhile, Mosley sent a letter to Ede protesting that the meeting at which he made his first appearance since the end of the war had not received sufficient police protection. He added that "free speech" has been denied him by Labor Party opponents.

700 OSWIECIM AIDES TO BE TRIED IN WARSAW IN GREATEST MASS TRIAL OF WAR CRIMINALS

WARSAW, Nov. 18. (JTA) -- The greatest mass trial of World War II war criminals will open shortly when 700 guards, block captains and other minor officials of the Oswiecim death camp face a court here on charges of having participated in the murder of 1,500,000 Jews and hundreds of thousands of other persons.

The bill of indictment totals 15,000 pages and relates in detail the barbarities perpetrated at the camp and the extent to which many of the officials personally profited from its operations. The proceedings will be carried on in Polish, Russian, English, French and German. Since it was impossible to find attorneys willing to defend the accused, the government will appoint defense counsel.

Forty top officials of the Oswiecim installation, including a former commandant, head of the women's section and several doctors, will go on trial in Cracow on Nov. 24. In other actions against war criminals recently, a circuit court here sentenced to death Guenther Pickenhagen, a member of the S.S. Viking Division, which participated in the liquidation of the Warsaw Ghetto. Pickenhagen was charged with personally murdering a three-year-old child. In Danzig, a court meted out death sentences to 10 officials of the Stutthof Camp and sentenced 16 others to prison terms ranging from eight to 15 years.

RUMANIAN JEWISH COMMUNITIES ASK REORGANIZATION OF BOARDS GOVERNING COMMUNAL AFFAIRS

BUCHAREST, Nov. 18. (JTA) -- A conference of representatives of Jewish communities throughout the country and all Jewish political organizations, with the exception of Dr. William Filderman's Union of Rumanian Jews, today adopted a resolution demanding the immediate dissolution of the interim boards conducting the affairs of the communities and the appointment of new boards elected on democratic principles.

The resolution points out that there have been no elections for community officers since the end of the war and charges that the present boards include representatives of the outlawed National Peasant Party and opposition Liberal Party elements who "hamper the natural development of the Jewish communities and the democratization of Jewish life." The conference elected a committee authorized to suggest the personnel of new boards to the Ministry of Public Worship.

The meeting followed Dr. Filderman's resignation last week as chairman of the Union of Rumanian Jews, which he had headed since the end of World War I, and as President of the Federation of Rumanian Jewish Communities.

U. URGES MEMBER NATIONS TO ACCEPT "FAIR SHARE" OF DP'S AS IMMIGRANTS

FLUSHING MEADOW, Nov. 18. (JTA) -- The United Nations General Assembly last night unanimously adopted a resolution calling on all member nations to accept a "fair share" of non-repatriable DP's as immigrants and aimed two blows at Jewish immigration to Palestine.

A British amendment to the resolution urged member states "not to accord aid and protection to individuals or organizations which are engaged in the promoting or operating of illegal immigration." Another section of the program, inspired by Arab delegates, instructed the International Refugee Organization to give "due weight" to evidence of "genuine apprehension and concern" either in countries of origin or destination to which migrations are considered.

ECUADOR PERMITS JEWISH REFUGEE IMMIGRANTS WHO FLEW IN TO REMAIN AFTER HIAS INTERVENTION

NEW YORK, Nov. 18. (JTA) -- Ten Jewish refugees who flew to Guayaquil, Ecuador, last week as immigrants and were detained because the authorities refused to recognize visas issued by the Ecuadorean embassy in Paris, have been permitted to remain after Oscar Rocca, Hebrew Immigrant Aid Society director in Ecuador, proved that the visas were valid, it was revealed here today by HIAS.

The remaining 18 refugees who landed in Ecuador en route to Colombia will be permitted to proceed, HIAS stated. At the same time, the organization pointed out that of the 3,200 Jews who settled in Ecuador since 1933, all but ten immigrated with the aid of HIAS. Rocca, who arrived here yesterday, was the first Jewish settler in the country.

RECOVERY OF EUROPE'S JEWS THREATENED; IMMEDIATE AID NEEDED, J.D.C. LEADERS STATE

NEW YORK, Nov. 18. (JTA) -- The progress of Europe's 1,500,000 Jews towards recovery may be dissipated during the coming winter months unless increased aid is immediately forthcoming, it was reported here tonight by two leading authorities on the overseas scene addressing a local meeting of the Joint Distribution Committee. Dr. Isidor Lubin, former U.S. Commissioner on Labor Statistics and special assistant to President Roosevelt, now U.S. delegate on the U.N. Economic and Social Council and a member of the JDC reconstruction committee; and Moses A. Leavitt, JDC executive vice-chairman, addressed the meeting which was attended by 150 members of the JDC board of directors and national council from Washington, as well as leaders of the Washington United Jewish Appeal.

"Only the immediate provision of greatly increased supplies of food, clothing and medicines by the JDC can help Europe's Jews survive the winter and emerge strong enough to continue their progress towards revival," Lubin stated. Leavitt, pointed out that most of Europe's Jews live in areas which will not receive assistance under the Marshall Plan. In addition, he said, I.R.O. programs are inadequate to care for most of the surviving Jews on the Continent.

HISTADRUTH DELEGATION MEETS WITH SECRETARY OF LABOR AND CIO, AFL CHIEFS

WASHINGTON, Nov. 18. (JTA) -- Four members of the Histadruth today called upon Secretary of Labor Lewis C. Schwollenbach and Under-Secretary of Labor David Morse and asked them to convey the thanks of the Histadruth to the President for this Government's stand backing the development of a Jewish state in Palestine.

The delegation also called on Allan Haywood, vice-president of the CIO, and upon William F. Green, president of the AFL. Green said that they had the "uncompromising assurances" of the AFL that we "will stand by you all the way through." Included in the delegation were Abba Hushi, Joseph Bankover, Menahem Bader and Don Pines, all members of the executive committee of Histadruth, and Joseph Schlossberg.