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### SOVIET ASKS END OF PALESTINE MANDATE WITHIN TWO MONTHS; DIFFERS WITH AMERICAN PROPOSALS

LAKE SUCCESS, Nov. 3. (JTA) -- The Soviet Union today put forward a ten-point plan for the partitioning of Palestine, which calls for abrogation of the British Mandate within two months and withdrawal of all British forces by April 30, 1948.

The plan, which differs in both content and application from the American proposals made last Friday, provides for Security Council supervision over Palestine during the transitional period before creation of independent Arab and Jewish states, which it suggests should be set up by January 1, 1949.

At a closed session of the sub-committee on partition, Semyon Tsarapkin, the Soviet delegate, outlined the following program:

1. Termination of the Mandate by January 1, 1948.
2. Withdrawal of British troops in the shortest possible time and no later than four months after the termination of the Mandate.
3. The shortest possible transition period between abrogation of the Mandate and proclamation of independence, but no longer than one year from the end of the Mandate.
4. Assumption of the administration of Palestine in the transition period after abrogation of the Mandate by the United Nations, through its Security Council which shall administer Palestine through a special commission composed of representatives of the Council's member states. The seat of this commission shall be in Palestine.
5. Implementation by the special commission, upon its reaching Palestine, of the General Assembly's decision on borders.
6. Election by the same special commission of provisional councils of government in both states, after consultation with the democratic parties and social organs of the Jewish and Arab states. The activities of the Jewish and Arab provisional governments shall be carried on under the direction of the special commission.
8. The constituent assembly of each state shall work out a democratic constitution and elect its government.
9. The provisional governmental councils of each state shall establish central and local administrative organs of government under the supervision of the special commission.
10. The provisional governmental councils shall form armed militias as soon as possible, composed of the citizens of their own states and sufficiently strong to maintain internal order and prevent frontier clashes. The militias shall operate

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under their own command, but remain under the military and political control of the special commission.

### Jewish Agency to Propose Compromise Between U.S.-Soviet Proposals

The Soviet proposals received a mixed reception from the American delegation, as well as from Jewish Agency leaders. The two points to which the American delegation is inclined to take particular exception are: that the Mandate be terminated on January 1st,--six months earlier than proposed by the U.S.--and that the U.N. special commission to be sent to Palestine should be composed of representatives of the member states of the Security Council.

The Americans feel that the best means of guaranteeing a smooth transition period is to have Britain retain its mandatory obligations until July 1st. On the question of having the special commission composed of members of the Security Council the U.S. delegation believes that this may prejudice attempts to secure the necessary two-thirds vote at the Assembly, since the smaller countries have indicated that they want the Palestine issue settled outside of the Security Council, where any of the big powers can invoke its veto.

Ambassador Herschel Johnson, the U.S. representative on the Palestine Committee, indicated that on the other points of the Soviet plan, the Americans might have eye to eye with the Russians. The Jewish Agency, it was learned reliably, will propose a compromise between the U.S. and Soviet stands, by suggesting that the U.N. commission be set up by the General Assembly, but be responsible to the Security Council, since the Assembly is not in continuous session.

### Puzzled As To Why Russians Suggested Longer Transition

Agency leaders were puzzled as to why the Soviets suggested that the transition period run six months longer than the Americans proposed. Moshe Shertok, Agency political chief, put this question to Tsarapkin. Shertok also wanted to know whether all the members of the Security Council would necessarily have to be represented on the special commission. Speaking later, Tsarapkin said that the USSR would welcome a shorter transition period.

On the whole, it is felt in United Nations circles that the Soviet ten points may prolong discussion on partition rather than shorten it. Each point opens an avenue for long discussions and interpretations, some of the delegates pointed out, and thus, instead of acting speedily on the American proposal, which purposely avoided details in order to secure a basic decision immediately, the sub-committee and later the Ad Hoc Committee and still later the Assembly will spend much time discussing the Soviet suggestions.

At the same time, it was pointed out that the Soviet proposal has some advantages. For instance, Jews and Arabs would be able to form their own armed militia from among their own citizens without waiting until July 1st. When Britain would complete the evacuation of its troops from Palestine under the U.S. plan. It also enables the immediate establishment of central and local administrative organs of government in each of the two states without waiting for Britain to leave.

United Nations circles consider that the primary purpose of the Soviet proposal is to get Britain out of Palestine within the next two months and, at the same time, place a Soviet representative on the commission to be sent to Palestine.

The fact that the Soviet proposal specifies that the provisional council of government in each of the two states should be selected by the Security Council's commission after consultation with democratic parties and social organizations of each

state is looked upon with some misgivings, since the Soviet conception of "democratic parties" is different than that of the western countries and therefore leaves the door open for the Soviet to use its veto power if dissatisfied with the parties consulted.

#### Propose Establishment of Working Group to Reconcile U.S. and USSR Plans

The first attempt to reconcile the American and Soviet positions was made this afternoon at an open session of the partition sub-committee, when the Venezuelan delegate suggested that members of the United States, Soviet and Guatemalan delegations--the three states which submitted implementation proposals--set themselves up as a working group to coordinate their schemes.

Maj. Gen. John A. Hilldring, speaking for the American delegation, welcomed the suggestion. He said that the margin of difference between the U.S. and U.S.S.R. implementation plans was not wide and that the U.S. delegation was ready to join a working group for coordination of the various proposals. The Guatemalan delegate also expressed his readiness to join. Tsarapkin, however, urged that before taking any stand on the proposal to form such a working group, the sub-committee provide further opportunity for questions and answers regarding the various implementation plans.

Since the members of the sub-committee did not ask any questions on the implementation issue, the afternoon session proceeded to discuss the question of economic union between the Jewish and Arab states leaving the Venezuelan suggestion open until the Soviet delegation is ready to announce whether it is willing to participate.

#### Sub-Committee Discusses Water Rights and Jewish Subsidy to Arab State

One of the major points on economic union discussed was that of access to water and power facilities by each of the states and Jerusalem. Clarification of the meaning of the phrase "access to" was requested by British observer Harry Martin who wanted to know whether this provision meant that one state can purchase water rights from the other state. Johnson emphasized that it meant equality of treatment, and that irrigation was the main purpose.

Another issue discussed at great length was the autonomy of each state in control of foreign exchange. The Jewish Agency insisted on its original request for control of foreign exchange receipts to enable the Jewish state to secure loans for the development, and for financing imports.

David Horwitz, the economist of the Jewish Agency, told the sub-committee that the subsidy which the Jewish state is to contribute to the Arab state under the economic union must be fixed. He said if no ceiling is placed on it, it would mean diverting to the Arab state Jewish funds secured abroad through loans and otherwise for the specific purpose of settling immigrants. He also expressed the opinion that a fixed subsidy would help to eliminate any possible differences between the Jewish and Arab states with regard to their income under the joint economic union. The viability of a Jewish state would be affected if no ceiling were placed on the subsidy, he concluded.

#### PALESTINE LABORITES ON PALESTINE DELEGATION GOING TO MOSCOW AT INVITATION OF GOVERNMENT

JERUSALEM, Nov. 3. (JTA) -- The Palestine labor delegation which is going to Moscow at the invitation of the Soviet Government to attend the ceremonies marking the 30th anniversary of the Revolution will consist of two Communists, two members of the Haganah, two representatives of the Tenua L'Achdut Avodah, two of the Hashomer Hatzair and Salomo Kaplansky, a leader of the League to Aid Russia, and Mania Shochet, a labor leader, who are going in their individual capacities.

RESOLUTION OF CUBAN SENATE URGES U.N. DELEGATE TO SUPPORT JEWISH STATE IN PALESTINE

HAVANA, Nov. 3. (JTA) -- Dr. Miguel A. Suarez Fernandez, President of the Cuban Senate, has sent a message to Dr. Guillermo Belt, Cuban delegate at the U.N., asking him to support the establishment of a Jewish state in Palestine in accordance with three resolutions favoring such action adopted by the Cuban Senate between 1919 and 1947.

Jewish organizations in Cuba have placed advertisements in the major newspapers pointing out to the Cuban people that Dr. Belt is not following the "traditional friendly policy of the Cuban people" on the Palestine question. They appealed to President Ramon Grau San Martin to instruct Dr. Belt to change his pro-Arab position.

JEWISH LEADERS CALL FOR PROMPT U.N. ACTION AT DINNER MARKING 30TH BALFOUR ANNIVERSARY

NEW YORK, Nov. 3. (JTA) -- The 30th anniversary of the issuance of the Balfour Declaration was marked here tonight in the presence of distinguished members of the delegations attending the General Assembly, at a dinner arranged by the Zionist Organization of America. The principal speakers included former Gov. Herbert H. Lehman, Bartley C. Crum and Dr. Emanuel Neumann, ZOA president, who presided.

Declaring that "it is inconceivable that the world will be willing to have that work, which has been so nobly carried on, nullified, the sacrifices of generations brought to naught," Gov. Lehman called for approval of the UNSCOP majority report, pointing out that "the territory proposed for the Jewish state constitutes the irreducible minimum and must not be whittled down. The Jewish Agency for Palestine has with reluctance accepted the partition with a number of territorial reservations which would do justice to the claims of the Jewish people," he added. "These reservations I greatly hope will be found acceptable to the Committee and to the Assembly. Gov. Lehman stressed the need for immediate immigration to Palestine on a large scale.

Dr. Neumann told the dinner that "I cannot help but feel that now at least we are on the eve of a great event - an event perhaps too great for us to comprehend the full historic significance. Tonight I cannot help but believe that out of this session of the General Assembly of the United Nations will emerge a decision calling for the early establishment of an independent Jewish State. The two-thirds vote required for this decision may not be there at the moment, but it is definitely attainable. I hope, I believe that it will be attained if the Great Powers at the forefront of the effort press forward with determination to achieve that result. Having said that, I must hasten to add that disappointment may still be in store for us from one quarter or another which may affect the outcome," he added.

MIZRACHI LEADER APPROVES U.S. PARTITION PLAN; PARLEY ASKS INCLUSION OF JERUSALEM

NEW YORK, Nov. 3. (JTA) -- "The latest United States proposal for the solution of the Palestine problem is a most logical one," Rabbi Wolf Gold, chairman of the executive of the World Mizrahi Organization, today told 500 delegates attending an extraordinary conference of the American Mizrahi. He warned, however, that Britain may sabotage the plan by insisting that the Arabs must consent before the British agree to the proposition.

Leon Gellman, president of the American organization, pointed out that the Mizrahi have been against partition since it was first proposed in 1937, but added that it was necessary to accept partition at this time because "we have no alternative." He urged acceptance of a \$2,000,000 budget, three-fourths of which would be devoted to work in Palestine and the remaining portion to overseas rescue work. The delegates adopted resolutions calling for an early solution of the Palestine problem by the U.N., inclusion of the Jewish part of Jerusalem in the projected Jewish state and appealed to the Jewish community in Palestine to maintain internal peace.



PALESTINE GOVT. ORDERED TO CUT DOWN EXPENDITURES IN FIRST PRELIMINARY TO WITHDRAWAL

JERUSALEM, Nov. 3. (JTA) -- In one of the first concrete preliminaries to British withdrawal from Palestine, Chief Secretary Sir Henry L. Gurney has ordered rigorous economies involving the dismissal of temporary government officials and the halting of purchases by government departments, it was reported here today. No new projects are to be initiated and all expenditures are to be reduced to a minimum, even if these moves lessen the efficiency of the departments concerned.

A questionnaire regarding evacuation will be circulated soon among all British officials. It has already been distributed to British members of the police force. The questionnaire asks the officials about their future plans and wishes and makes reference to possible employment in England and British-controlled territories. However, there is no indication as to the date of withdrawal.

TWO JEWS KILLED AND SEVERAL WOUNDED WHEN EXTREMISTS CLASH WITH POLICE AND HAGANAH

JERUSALEM, Nov. 3. (JTA) -- Two Jews died today and at least five more persons were wounded in a series of clashes between police and extremists and between the dissidents and the Haganah.

The majority of the battles were concentrated in Tel Aviv, opening in the pre-dawn hours this morning with a skirmish between Sternists defacing street signs and a Haganah patrol, during which two of the extremists were captured by the police.

They were released several hours later by a band of their comrades who invaded the Apak police station, armed with sub-machine guns. The invaders, who caused no damage and no casualties, also carried off a quantity of arms which were stored in the building.

A Sternist died outside a police station in the northern part of Tel Aviv this evening, when another Sternist attempted to rescue him from a policeman who had caught him posting leaflets. The constable was seriously wounded in the gun duel.

Two other British policemen were wounded, one seriously, in another encounter with the Stern Group. Attempting to apprehend a group of "literature" distributors, the policemen drew fire from the underground members, all of whom are reported to have escaped.

In Jerusalem, a 45-year-old Jewish sergeant in the Criminal Investigation Division, Shalom Gurewitz, was shot dead while seated at home eating lunch by several youths, reportedly Sternists, who invaded his home. Gurewitz is said to have received several threatening letters warning him to give up his police work.

A harmless, but noisy bomb was detonated in front of a Haganah headquarters building in Tel Aviv at dawn this morning in reprisal for the Haganah attack on the street sign defacers. The raiders also fired several shots, but no one was injured. Later in the day, a bomb was thrown into the home of M. Herzig, 40-year-old manager of a bus company, who is reputedly a Haganah official.

In the suburbs, Shevach Abner, a 23-year-old youth, was seriously wounded when he was fired on by an armored car which passed him while he was motorcycling.

The Anglo-Palestine Bank in Pardess Chana was robbed of nearly \$3,000 tonight by two youths who invaded the premises, subdued two bank officials and ransacked the premises. The robbers are believed to have been extremists.

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GESTAPO OFFICERS SENTENCED TO DEATH FOR MURDER OF 1,000,000 JEWS, OTHER NON-ARYANS

MUNICH, Nov. 3. (JTA) -- Oswald Pohl, a former Gestapo general, and three of his associates were today sentenced to death by an American military tribunal here for crimes against humanity.

The condemned men were part of a group of 18 former Gestapo officers charged with responsibility for the death of 1,000,000 Jews and other "non-aryans" and the imprisonment of 10,000,000 people. During the trial Pohl told the court that he was influenced on the Jewish question by Henry Ford's "The International Jew," which he read several years after he published it.

TRANSFER OF EXODUS REFUGEES CONTINUES; INCIDENT AVERTED WHEN BRITISH TROOPS REMOVED

LUBECK, Germany, Nov. 3. (JTA) -- The second group of 800 Exodus refugees left the Poppendorf Camp today for a new installation in Emden in the same type of open, wooden coaches that the first contingent travelled in yesterday, despite protests by the refugee leaders. The Poppendorf Camp is expected to be cleared by tomorrow, while all of the Am Stau inmates will be out by Friday.

For the second day in succession British armored cars were at the camp and the railway station, but they remained at a discreet distance, unlike yesterday when several of them entered the camp precincts. A near-incident resulted yesterday from the presence of the military vehicles, since the refugees stated that they would not leave until the soldiers withdrew. The armored cars finally left and the transfer of the deportees proceeded. Local military government officials denied that they were responsible for the presence of the troops.

The first set of twins among the Exodus Jews were born yesterday to Mrs. Hana Bighori. The mother and children will remain in a Lubeck hospital for several days before being moved to Wilhelmshaven. The first death among the adults occurred yesterday when David Griestart, 51, suffered a brain hemorrhage.

The Swedish Red Cross today gave the refugees ten tons of clothing, which will be distributed at the new camps. Previously, it had brought in powdered milk and cod liver oil for the children.

JEWS IN SLOVAK TOWN TERRORIZED BY ANTI-SEMITIC BAND; PUBLIC PROSECUTOR REFUSES TO ACT

PRAGUE, Nov. 3. (JTA) -- Jews in the town of Bardejov, in Slovakia, near the Polish border, are being terrorized by a local anti-Semitic group headed by Josef Kojan, with the tacit approval of the public prosecutor for the district, it is charged in the Bratislava newspaper Tribuna.

The paper reports that police arrested Cepigna, after they had obtained evidence of at least six attacks on Jews, and turned him over to the public prosecutor Presov, who released him after six days. The Tribuna adds: "The action of the prosecutor has resulted in the Jews of Bardejov being in the same situation as they were in 1942. The enemies of the State now choose the local Jews for their victims."

PRO-FASCIST VETERANS GROUP ARRESTED AT TWO MEETINGS IN LONDON CALLED BY PRO-FASCIST VETERANS GROUP

LONDON, Nov. 3. (JTA) -- Five persons were arrested at two pro-fascist meetings in London late yesterday, it was reported this morning. Three men were arrested at Clapham Common, South London, for using "insulting" language, while two others were arrested at Dalton, when the British League of Ex-Servicemen held a meeting.

EXPERTS ON EUROPE, PALESTINE AND U.S. TO HELP COMMUNITIES MAP 1948 DRIVES

NEW YORK, Nov. 3. (JTA) -- A group of outstanding experts on Jewish affairs in Europe, Palestine and America will help leaders of the 30 largest Jewish communities in the United States and Canada date plans to meet overseas, national and local needs in 1948, at an extraordinary conference called by the Council of Jewish Federations and Welfare Funds, in Pittsburgh, November 8 and 9, it was announced today by Stanley C. Myers, Miami, Council President.

The consultants panel will consist of Isador Lubin, U.S. member of the United Nations Commission on Economics and Employment and chairman of the Technical Advisory Committee of the CJFWE Institute on Overseas Needs; David Horowitz, chief of the Economic Department of the Jewish Agency for Palestine; Moses Leavitt, executive vice-chairman of the Joint Distribution Committee; Robert Nathan or Oscar Cass, authors of "Palestine: Problem or Promise;" and Joseph Willen, executive vice-president of the New York Federation of Jewish Philanthropies.

Specific problems to be discussed at the two-day meeting include an analysis of 1947 campaign results and their implications for 1948, relationships between local communities and national agencies as they affect the campaign, local planning, and a survey of overseas needs and the prospects for meeting them.

DELEGATION OF MIAMI FEDERATION TO SURVEY JEWISH NEEDS IN PALESTINE AND EUROPE

MIAMI, Nov. 3. (JTA) -- A three-man delegation representing the Greater Miami Jewish Federation left here this morning on the first leg of a five-week tour of Jewish communities in Europe and Palestine.

The group, which will survey the position and the needs of the hundreds of thousands of Jews in Palestine and various countries of Europe, consists of Mrs. Monte Selig, secretary of the Miami federation and a member of the national boards of the United Jewish Appeal, United Service for New Americans and the National Council of Jewish Women; Rabbi Irving Lehrman, of the Miami Beach Jewish Community Center; and Dr. Max Orovitz, honorary president of the Miami Federation.

The delegation, which is the second to be sent by an American Jewish community to make an on-the-spot study -- the first was sent by the Chicago Jewish community earlier this year -- will leave New York by air for Europe on Wednesday.

EUROPEAN JEWS FACE MOST CRITICAL WINTER, WARBURG TELLS WESTERN J.D.C. REGIONAL PARLEY

LOS ANGELES, Nov. 3. (JTA) -- The coming winter will be the most critical faced by the 1,500,000 surviving Jews of Europe since the liberation, Edward M.M. Warburg, New York chairman of the Joint Distribution Committee, last night told a meeting of the Western States Region of the J.D.C. More than 400 leaders from Jewish communities in California, Arizona, Washington, Oregon, Utah, Idaho and Nevada attended the session.

"European Jewry's progress toward revival may be dissipated unless private philanthropy fills the gap left open because no governmental plan has yet been proposed for European relief appreciably benefitting Jewish survivors," Warburg stated. Max Firestein of Los Angeles was reelected chairman of the Western States Region.

47 EUROPEAN JEWISH REFUGEES FLY DIRECTLY TO CUBA; AIDED BY J.D.C. AND HIAS

HAVANA, Nov. 3. (JTA) -- Forty-seven Jewish refugees from Europe arrived here during the week-end on a plane from Paris, the first to fly refugees directly to Cuba from the European continent. The Jews had been aided in immigration preparations by the Joint Distribution Committee and HIAS.

THE BUDGET OF \$1,447,800 FOR 1948 APPROVED AT ANNUAL MEETING OF FINANCE COUNCIL

DETROIT, Nov. 3. (JTA) -- A 1948 budget for the National Jewish Welfare Board of \$1,447,800 was approved yesterday by the annual meeting of JWB's national finance council here. The action was taken after leaders representing Jewish communities in 40 cities throughout the country had devoted two-and-a-half days to a detailed line-by-line consideration of the proposed budget.

To carry out JWB's responsibilities on behalf of its 309 affiliated Jewish centers and to help it meet the cultural needs of the Jewish community as a whole, the 1948 budget provides \$679,750 for JWB's Jewish center division. This sum will finance activities on behalf of Jewish centers and the Jewish communities such as the training and recruitment of Jewish center personnel, preparation of program materials, and in raising funds for new buildings, technical help in drawing architectural plans for new and improved buildings for centers, maintenance of a regional field staff, counseling on camping and health education needs and serving the Jewish community's cultural needs through the sponsorship of the Jewish book and music councils and the Jewish center lecture bureau.

The new budget also provides \$287,900 to continue JWB's services to the armed forces throughout the United States as well as at overseas points, including ships in Panama and Hawaii, following the termination of the USO at the end of 1947. In care for the religious needs of Jews in the armed forces and veterans hospitals, the 1947 budget provides \$149,675. JWB's division of religious activities is recruiting 150 rabbis to serve at army and navy installations and veterans hospitals.

Irving Edison of St. Louis, chairman of the National Finance Council, presided over the sessions, and was re-appointed chairman of the Council.

J.E.A. SETS UP TWO BODIES TO HELP RUMANIAN JEWS IMPROVE ECONOMIC, POLITICAL STATUS

NEW YORK, Nov. 3. (JTA) -- Two special committees to aid Rumanian Jews were set up at a special conference of the United Rumanian Jews of America, the organization announced this week-end. The committees, which will seek to improve the political and economic condition of Jews still in Rumania, will include representatives of the J.D.C., HIAS, ORT., U.S.N.A., Z.O.A., American Jewish Committee, World Jewish Congress, B'nai B'rith, National Council of Jewish Women and the Institute of Jewish Affairs.

At the perley Dr. Charles H. Kremer, treasurer of the organization, who recently returned from a trip to Rumania, reported that the Jewish community there faced extinction unless they were aided by the Jews of America to emigrate from the country. He added that 90 percent of the Jews were in a poor economic situation.

B'NAI B'RITH HEAD URGES ADOPTION AND IMPLEMENTATION OF U.N. PALESTINE PARTITION SCHEME

KANSAS CITY, Missouri, Nov. 3. (JTA) -- Frank Goldmann, president of B'nai B'rith, urged the adoption and implementation of the UNSCOP majority report on Palestine and the passage by Congress of emergency immigration legislation at the 75th anniversary of the Kansas City Lodge of B'nai B'rith here. He commended the position of the United States in supporting the UNSCOP majority recommendation for partition.

To alleviate the DP situation in Europe, Goldman urged immediate large-scale immigration into Palestine and temporary emergency legislation in the United States to make available unused quotas for the rescue and rehabilitation of the victims of persecution and oppression.

PROPOSE SEVEN-MAN BODY TO REPRESENT JEWS BEFORE NATIONAL AND INTERNATIONAL AGENCIES

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 3. (JTA) -- The election of a seven-man praesidium or political commission to represent the American Jewish community and to act as its spokesman in the submission of proposals to the United States Government and inter-governmental bodies was proposed here yesterday by Louis Lipsky, chairman of the executive committee of the American Jewish Conference, at a meeting of community leaders sponsored by the Philadelphia Council of the Conference.

The proposal was submitted by Mr. Lipsky as his own amendment to the proposed plan for a permanent organization to succeed the Conference. The praesidium would be elected by the delegates to the proposed organization at its biennial conventions. It would act as the official representative of the organization in the execution of its political work.

The meeting here was one of a series of regional conferences called to elicit community reaction to the plan. Similar meetings have been held in Cleveland, Detroit, Chicago, Los Angeles and San Francisco. Mr. Lipsky stated that as a result of the suggestions made at meetings already held, the committee on future organization would make some changes in the plan at a final session to be held on the eve of the meeting of the Conference delegates in Chicago November 28.

RELIGIOUS WORLD "OWES INCALCULABLE DEBT TO JUDAISM," TRUMAN SAYS IN MESSAGE TO U.A.H.C.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 3. (JTA) -- "The world of religion owes an incalculable debt to Judaism," President Truman declared in a message to the Union of American Hebrew Congregations, on the occasion of the Reform organization's launching its second American Jewish Cavalcade.

The U.A.H.C. has set aside the months of November, December and January for the "circuit riding" in behalf of religion which will be carried out by some 50 rabbis touring 70 Jewish communities in 37 states. Each Cavalcade visit will last at least three days during which Jewish religious and fraternal groups will participate in various community-wide celebrations and services.

Dr. Maurice H. Eisendrath, president of the U.A.H.C., revealed that last year's Cavalcade was so successful that letters have poured into the organization's offices from many communities asking to be included on the Cavalcade's itinerary. Last year it was confined to only one month.

KEHILATH ANSHE MAYRIV CONGREGATION OF CHICAGO CELEBRATES 100TH ANNIVERSARY

CHICAGO, Nov. 3. (JTA) -- The Kehilath Anshe Mayriv congregation last night celebrated its 100th anniversary at a dinner here attended by 1,500 persons. Rabbi Shlomo Loth Liebman, author of "Peace of Mind" and former spiritual leader of the congregation, was the featured speaker. Messages of congratulations were received from leaders of all religious denominations in the city.

EXHIBITION OF JAMES N. ROSENBERG'S PAINTINGS OPENS IN BEVERLY HILLS

BEVERLY HILLS, Nov. 3. (JTA) -- An exhibition of paintings by James N. Rosenberg, well-known American Jewish leader, opened today at the Francis Taylor Galleries here. Mr. Rosenberg is exhibiting 28 paintings, including several of his "Americanism" series which attracted considerable attention at a showing in New York. The exhibition will continue throughout November.