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U.N. THAT JEWS WILL ACCEPT PARTITION; WANTS UNSCOP PLAN MODIFIED

SUCCESS, Oct. 2. (JTA) -- Declaring that although the partitioning of Palestine entails a very heavy sacrifice on the part of the Jewish people," Dr. Chaim Silver today told the United Nations that the Jewish Agency is prepared to accept the partition recommendations of the U.N. Special Committee on Palestine and to forego further discussion of the constitution and territorial provisions," which, he said, should take place at the present session of the General Assembly.

Speaking on behalf of the Jewish Agency at the Ad Hoc Committee on Palestine, Dr. Silver said that at least two features of the UNSCOP majority report "are open to serious objections." One is the elimination of Western Galilee from the Jewish state, and the other is the exclusion of all of Jerusalem from that state.

He pointed out that the Peel Commission included Western Galilee in the Jewish state and that in Jerusalem a modern new city has grown up which contains a compact population of approximately 90,000 inhabitants. Also, Jerusalem holds a unique place in Jewish life and religious traditions, he said.

Rejects UNSCOP Minority Recommendation Even as Basis for Discussion

Rejecting the minority UNSCOP plan for the federalization of Palestine as "unacceptable even as a basis for discussion," Dr. Silver presented the following proposals:

1. The Jewish Agency is prepared to accept the UNSCOP majority recommendation of an economic union between the Jewish and the Arab states, but must have in its own hands those instruments of financing and economic control that are necessary to carry out large-scale Jewish immigration and related economic developments.
2. The Jewish State must have independent access to those world resources of capital and supplies that are indispensable for the accomplishment of the above purpose. Although the UNSCOP recommendation for an economic union provides, in effect, a large subsidy from the Jewish to the Arab State, the Jewish Agency is "prepared to assume this burden as one of its sacrifices designed to find a way out of the pre-intolerable impasse."
3. The Jewish State will "scrupulously" respect the equal rights of the Arab population within its own territory and will follow a good neighbor policy towards the Arab State of Palestine, and all the Arab states throughout the Middle East. "If a good neighbor policy is not reciprocated, the Jews will be compelled to assert their rights to the utmost."
4. The Jewish Agency favors an international authority under the United Nations to supervise and insure the implementation of its partition decision. It

urges that the transitional period be as brief as possible. It considers a period of two years "considerably longer than is necessary or desirable."

5. The Jewish Agency assumes that the transfer of the powers and functions of administration to the two peoples in their respective states would not take place at the end of the transitional period, but would be inaugurated immediately and consummated as rapidly as possible.

6. It is the hope of the Jewish Agency that the transition period from the present status of Palestine to the new status of the two independent states, will be attended by a minimum of friction and conflict. Once the boundaries are defined and the states established by the United Nations, they should be entitled to have their territorial integrity and sovereign rights respected and protected as fully as all other nations which are covenanted to peaceful relations under the U.N. Charter.

7. The Jewish Agency assumes that in the constitution of whatever military or police force may be required during the transitional period, full use will be made of the trained manpower available in Palestine which will be prepared to offer its services to the United Nations to maintain law and order.

8. The Jewish people of Palestine will provide without delay the necessary effectives to maintain public security within their country, should British armed forces not be available to the United Nations during the transitional period and should these forces be subject to early withdrawal from Palestine.

Ridicules Arab Threats; Voices Hope Assembly Will Ignore Them

Referring to the threats voiced by Jamal Hussein, during the testimony on behalf of the Palestine Arabs at the Ad Hoc Committee, Dr. Silver repeated that the Jews are "not impressed by idle threats" and are prepared to defend themselves. "We recall with satisfaction that similar threats uttered by the same parties during the first Special Session did not influence the resolution of the Assembly," he said. "Nor was the Special Committee impressed by these threats during its hearings."

In indicating acceptance of the UNSCOP majority proposals, Dr. Silver emphasized that these are not proposals of the Jewish Agency, but of the United Nations Committee on Palestine. "They do not represent satisfaction of the rights of the Jewish people and are a serious attenuation of these rights," he said, explaining that "partition was never contemplated by the Balfour Declaration or the Mandate.

"It was intended," Dr. Silver continued, "that Palestine, the whole of Palestine should ultimately become a Jewish State. This is the clear testimony of Mr. Lloyd George, who was the British Prime Minister at the time of the issuance of the Declaration. The land referred to as Palestine in the Declaration included what is now Transjordan. The Royal Commission of 1937 declared that 'the field in which the Jewish National Home was to be established was understood at the time of the Balfour Declaration to be the whole of historic Palestine.' That area has already been partitioned.

The first partitioning of Palestine took place in 1922 when Transjordan, representing three-quarters of the original area of Palestine, was cut off and has since been set up by the British as an Arab kingdom. Thus, one Arab state has already been carved out of the area assigned to the Jewish National Home. It is now proposed to carve a second Arab state out of the remainder of the country. In other words, the Jewish National Home is now to be confined to less than one-eighth of the territory originally set aside for it. This is a sacrifice which the Jewish people should not be asked to make."

While giving "full approval to all other unanimous UNSCOP recommendations, Dr. Silver said that the Jewish Agency takes issue with the sixth recommendation which

calls upon the General Assembly "to undertake immediately the initiation and execution of an international arrangement whereby the problem of the distressed European Jews, of whom approximately 250,000 are in assembly centers, will be dealt with as a matter of extreme urgency for the alleviation of their plight and of the Palestine problem.

"It will be recalled," Dr. Silver said, "that the Anglo-American Committee of Inquiry likewise recommended that efforts be made immediately to find new homes for these displaced persons. In making this recommendation the Anglo-American Committee stated: 'We have to report that such information as we received about countries other than Palestine gave no hope of substantial assistance in finding homes for Jews wishing or impelled to leave Europe.' The position in this respect has remained completely unchanged. The recommendation has remained a dead letter. Our unfortunate refugees are still languishing in the displaced persons camps facing a third winter after the termination of the war."

The Jewish Agency, Dr. Silver declared, strongly hopes that the nations of the world will welcome those among the displaced persons who wish to emigrate to other lands. "The Jewish Agency," he stated, "never contemplated that any displaced person should be forced to go to Palestine. But surely, to compel those Jewish refugees, many of whom have close family ties with Palestine, to go against their will to other lands and to deny them the right to go to the Jewish National Home, would be most unjust and unkind and would be bitterly resented."

Hits UNSCOP Stand That Palestine Solution Will Not Solve Jewish Problem

Dr. Silver also took issue with the twelfth recommendation of the UNSCOP which says that in appraising the Palestine question it be accepted as incontrovertible that any solution for Palestine cannot be considered a solution of the Jewish problem in general.

"We are at a loss to understand the meaning of this recommendation -- actually not a recommendation but a mere postulate," Dr. Silver said. "The 'Jewish problem in general' is not a problem of Jewish immigration or of refugees. It is the age-old problem of Jewish national homelessness. There is but one solution to this problem, a national home. This was the basic Jewish problem which was faced by the Balfour Declaration and the Mandate, and to which the proper solution was given -- the reconstitution of the national home of the Jewish people in Palestine."

Bitterly attacking the British Government for its statement before the Ad Hoc Committee, Dr. Silver pointed out that it indicated no support of the UNSCOP report and "offers in its stead -- nothing." He said that the Jewish Agency welcomes the British announcement of its intention of making an early withdrawal from Palestine, and emphasized that the failure of Britain "to give the United Nations a measure of guidance and support" makes it more imperative than ever that the General Assembly should proceed with the work before it "with utmost dispatch."

Pointing out that Britain "might just as well have announced six months ago what it declared the other day" at the United Nations, the leader of the Jewish Agency drew attention to the fact that it was Britain which requested that the question of Palestine be placed on the agenda of the General Assembly.

"It was His Majesty's Government which asked the Assembly to make recommendations under Article 10 of the Charter for the future government of Palestine," Dr. Silver stated. "In making these far-reaching requests, with which the United Nations complied, the United Kingdom surely must have had in mind not the thought of ultimately imposing its own solution on the United Nations, but the hope that this great international body, approaching the problem anew and without bias, might find

a solution, which, while not fully acceptable to everyone, would nevertheless represent the collective wisdom and judgment of the nations of the world and would have behind it such weight of authority that His Majesty's Government would be prepared to accept it and to cooperate in its implementation. Surely such loyal cooperation on the part of member nations is presupposed when any international problem is considered by the United Nations."

Questions British Refusal To Use Force To Impose Solution, Citing Current Policy

Emphasizing that the UNSCOP report does not ask the British Government to accept the sole responsibility for enforcing a solution which is not accepted equally by the Jews and the Arabs, but clearly recommends that, if so desired, more members of the United Nations shall be invited to assist in administering the country along with the present Mandatory Power, Dr. Silver declared:

"In view of His Majesty's Government's reluctance to impose a policy by force of arms - a policy which would have behind it the sanction of the community of nations -- one may be pardoned for inquiring why His Majesty's Government has not hesitated to employ in recent years a military force of 100,000 men, along with its navy and its air force, to impose by force a policy on Palestine which no international body has approved, which is contrary to the purposes and provisions of the Mandate, and which has been thrice disproved by international bodies. It would have been more helpful if the statement of His Majesty's Government had been more revealing. Surely it must be clear to everyone that no settlement of the Palestine problem is possible without some enforcement. The Palestine problem is not at all unique in this regard."

It was the realization that an Arab-Jewish agreement was impossible that prompted Mr. Bevin to turn the problem over to the United Nations, Dr. Silver emphasized. Mr. Creech-Jones' declaration, therefore, that "the United Kingdom Government are ready to assume the responsibility for giving effect to any plan on which agreement is reached between the Arabs and the Jews" is very singular indeed and does not advance the solution at all, he added. He also recalled that the principle of partition on which the UNSCOP report is based was first projected by the all-British Royal Commission in 1937.

Rejects Hussein Charge Western Jews Do Not Stem From Ancient Israel

Dr. Silver sharply replied to Jamal Hussein's allegation that the Jews of western Europe are descendants not of Israel of old, but of an ancient tribe called the Khazars, in Russia. He called this allegation a "canard." Concerning the Arab grievances which Hussein outlined at the Ad Hoc Committee, Dr. Silver said that the UNSCOP examined them all and its report, as well as the Royal Commission report, "conclusively prove that the Palestine Arabs benefited considerably and directly from the Jewish development in the economic, financial and social spheres."

The Jewish Agency leader dismissed Hussein's "historic improvisation" on the history of Palestine and pointed out that when the Palestine mandate recognized "the historical connection of the Jewish people with Palestine" it was only stating a fact that was universally acknowledged through the ages.

RUMORED PALESTINE ARABS PREPARING TO ESTABLISH GOVERNMENT-IN-EXILE IN EGYPT

JERUSALEM, Oct. 2. (JTA) -- The Palestine Arab Higher Executive is preparing to establish a Palestine Government-in-Exile in Egypt, it was rumored today. The move has allegedly been delayed because of the cholera epidemic raging in Egypt. A report from Cairo says that Abdul Rahman Azzam Pasha, secretary-general of the Arab League, conferred this morning on Palestine with the ex-Mufti and Abdel Krim, former Riff leader.

JEWISH AGENCY HEARS TRUMAN SUPPORTS UNSCOP MAJORITY PLAN, BUT MARSHALL IS WAVERING

LAKE SUCCESS, Oct. 2. (JTA)--Jewish Agency leaders received indications today that President Truman is inclined to support the UNSCOP majority recommendations, but that Secretary of State Marshall is still wavering. French Foreign Minister Georges Bidault today flew to Washington where he will meet with the President on the Palestine issue.

Dr. Silver's statement today, which took one hour to deliver, was greeted with interest by all members of the Ad Hoc Committee, and welcomed by many, who were encouraged by the Agency's readiness to cooperate with the U.N., particularly in view of the intransigent stand taken by Jamal Hussein, the principal Arab spokesman.

General debate on the problem will start in the Committee tomorrow. Czechoslovakia is scheduled to lead off with a statement of policy. The Committee announced that it had received a cable from the Palestine Communist Party, urging an "undivided Arab-Jewish Palestine" and asking for a hearing. The cable said that the testimony of the Jewish Agency was not sufficient to present a true picture of the Palestine situation.

Philip Murray, president of the CIO, and William Green, AFL president, have informed President Truman that the American labor movement is solidly behind the recommendations of the UNSCOP majority and urged that the U.S. Government support the majority proposals within the shortest possible time, according to an announcement by the Jewish Labor Committee.

Green notified Mr. Truman of the interest of the AFL in a solution of the Palestine problem, referring to resolutions adopted at various Federation conventions on this point. Murray, who told the President that the CIO considers the UNSCOP proposals the most satisfactory available, declared that if the U.S. supports them the British Government will fall in line.

PALESTINE ASSEMBLY ASKS U.N. TO SET UP JEWISH GOVT.; BEN GURION SEES CUNNINGHAM

JERUSALEM, Oct. 2. (JTA)--An extraordinary session of the Assefath Haniivcharin, the parliament of Palestine Jewry, today urged the United Nations to establish a temporary Jewish government in the Jewish area of Palestine, immediately after the Assembly approves the setting up of a Jewish state.

The appeal was contained in a series of resolutions adopted by the body, which included an appeal to the Arabs in Palestine and neighboring countries to accept "the outstretched hands of the Jews in brotherly and peaceful cooperation" based on the recognition of equal rights for both peoples, and authorized all Jewish national bodies to "impose a regime of discipline and voluntary national mobilization to maintain peace and order and secure the establishment of a Jewish state."

The resolutions were adopted after a keynote address by David Ben Gurion, chairman of the Jewish Agency executive, who later conferred with High Commissioner Sir Alan G. Cunningham. The High Commissioner also met with Dr. Hussein Khalidi, secretary of the Palestine Arab Higher Executive. The subject of Sir Alan's talks with the Jewish and Arab leaders was not disclosed.

The Agency chairman said that the British statement of policy at the United Nations had created a political and psychological vacuum in Palestine which the Jews must fill, or it will be filled by others. He declared that the Yishuv and

"the Jewish nation" had before it three primary tasks: guaranteeing the security of the Jewish community in Palestine, establishment of a Jewish state and Jewish-Arab cooperation.

Ben Gurion said that he was convinced that the Yishuv is able to withstand not only assaults from within, but also from without, but on condition that there be total mobilization of all physical, industrial and scientific resources.

He added that the time has come "to take leave" of England. "It may not be a physical leavetaking yet, but political and psychological, and we part honorably," he continued. "We do not ask any more help from Britain, we only demand that Britain does not hamper our efforts and does not place obstacles in our way." Ben Gurion said that there is some doubt whether we have grown up to the task of filling the vacuum that will be left by England's evacuation--but new conditions require this of us."

In a broadcast last night, the Irgun Zvai Leumi urged immediate establishment of a "temporary Jewish government," whose primary task would be the repatriation of Jews to Palestine. The Irgun said that it would not mind having Ben Gurion head the "government," but since he favors partition, somebody else must be named. The broadcast added that the Irgun was even ready to cooperate with the Jewish Agency if it would stand by the demand for an undivided Palestine.

Haganah Mobilized In Preparation For Arab General Strike

Haganah members throughout Palestine were tonight alerted in connection with tomorrow's Arab general strike in protest against any action by the United Nations to establish a Jewish state in Palestine. However, the strike is expected to pass without incident.

Jerusalem had a ten-minute alert at noon today when a bomb blasted an Arab shop. The shop was closed because it was the lunch hour and no one was injured. It is believed that the owner of the shop is a political opponent of the Hussein faction.

A military vehicle was landmined near Hadera tonight and an officer and ten enlisted men were injured slightly. One of the attackers was captured, but his identity is not yet known.

BRITISH FLOTILLA SEIZES TWO REFUGEE SHIPS WITH 3,500 ABOARD; ESCORTS THEM TO HAIFA

HAIFA, Oct. 2. (JTA)--The first of two blockade runners intercepted today by a British flotilla off the Palestine coast anchored off Haifa late this evening. The second transport which is being towed in is expected hourly. Informed sources stated that the 3,500 Jews aboard the vessels would be deported to Cyprus.

Earlier, broadcasts from one of the vessels, the Redemption, were relayed by a Haganah radio station and picked up by radios in private homes and loudspeakers set up in the streets of Tel Aviv by the Resistance movement. The broadcasts declared that the two small craft were surrounded by seven British vessels which were preparing to land boarding parties. The announcer declared that the Jews would resist.

It was stated in official quarters tonight that boarding British sailors had met no resistance on the Redemption, originally named the Northlands. Some resistance, however, was met on the Paducah, renamed the Jewish State. No other information was available as to the nature of the resistance, although Tel Aviv and Haifa were rife with rumors.

Troops and police tonight cordoned off the fishing village of Saoth Yam

and Caesaria, both near here, in a hunt for visaless refugees. It is not known whether they were searching for the immigrants who may have swum from the two intercepted vessels before they were boarded or whether a third blockade runner had eluded the British.

The Redemption broadcast, which ended shortly after the announcer reported the British preparing boarding operations, declared: "Our spirits are not broken. We fought Hitler and we will fight the British. We have lost everything and have no more to lose." The announcer also appealed to the United Nations to break the Palestine blockade.

Later, two young children were put on the air. They addressed the children of Palestine, describing their plight and contrasting it with the situation of the children already in the country. Referring to themselves as "orphans who wander the seas, without home and without shelter," the boy and girl said they hoped to receive a home when "we reach our homeland." The broadcast concluded with the singing of Hatikvah.

Meanwhile, the British set off depth charges in the harbor here to frighten off or blast frogmen who might damage deportation ferries. Three transports have been readied for the deportation of the refugees. The entire port area is overrun with troops, police, tanks and self-propelled artillery.

British Govt. Has No Definite Policy on Fate of Visaless Immigrants

LONDON, Oct. 2. (JTA) -- The British Government has laid down no definite policy regarding the disposition of future visaless immigrants to Palestine, it was learned from authoritative sources today.

A Foreign Office spokesman declared that the disposition of each transport of "illegal" immigrants would be decided individually. He added that the government has been in touch with Bulgaria and Rumania on the question of the blockade runners Paducah and Northlands, but did not reveal the attitude of the Balkan states. The spokesman also indicated that the British forces are exercising increased vigilance in order to prevent visaless immigration, including shadowing all suspected vessels.

(A group of 100-odd Jews who left Marseilles for Australia on Sunday aboard the steamer Tidelands were the subject of a controversy today. A dispatch from Canberra quoted Australian Immigration Minister Arthur Calwell as saying that the immigrants had not left with the authorization of his department, and were probably bound for Palestine. However, Australian Embassy officials in Paris said that the immigrants had been granted permission to embark for Australia. Lewis Neikrug, HIAS director, who arranged the embarkation of the refugees, said that the Tidewater carried no more than 25 percent of Jews, in accordance with an Australian ruling that Jewish refugees would be admitted so long as they did not constitute more than one-quarter of the passenger list of any vessel reaching Australian ports.)

MILITARY COURT IN PALESTINE DISMISSES MURDER CHARGE AGAINST BRITISH ARMY OFFICER

JERUSALEM, Oct. 2. (JTA) -- The trial of Major Roy A. Farran, British Army officer charged with the murder of Alexander Rubovitz, 17-year-old Jewish youth, came to an abrupt end this morning when the court dismissed the case. Farran left the country immediately after the trial ended.

The British military tribunal ruled that inasmuch as no body or part of a body had been found there were no grounds in Anglo-Saxon law to try the defendant. Both the prosecution and the defense attorneys agreed with the interpretation.

HOME SECRETARY SEES NO GENERAL INCREASE IN ANTI-SEMITISM IN BRITAIN; WATCHING FASCISTS

LONDON, Oct. 2. (JTA)--Home Secretary James Chuter Ede today told a delegation of the Board of Deputies of British Jews that he was not aware of any general increase in anti-Semitic activities in Britain, but that recent activities of fascist organizations in London's East End are being carefully watched, and several criminal proceedings have been initiated.

The delegation, which was led by Prof. Selig Brodetsky, president of the Board, voiced the rising anxiety in the Jewish community at the increase in anti-Semitic incitement in the East End and elsewhere. The Jewish spokesman raised the question of the adequacy of present laws to deal with the situation, and the possibility of enacting legislation to protect communities against libel and slander. They stressed that they were not seeking laws which would protect the Jews alone, but ones which would have a general application.

Mr. Ede said that he was giving close attention to the problem, but that he was charged with maintaining freedom of speech as well, and that he would see that appropriate action would be taken to deal with "flagrant abuse."

German prisoners of war are being invited to meetings of the fascist British League of Ex-Servicemen, it was disclosed today. Residents of Laindon, in Essex, have complained to the Home Office that League meetings have been held in their neighborhood, at which a number of Nazis were present.

At a meeting in Laindon last Saturday, addressed by Jeffrey Hamm, chief deputy to Sir Oswald Mosley, 12 prisoners of war were present. Hamm spoke in German and English and records of pre-war addresses by Mosley were played over a loud-speaker system. One speaker explained that the League was holding meetings in Laindon because of difficulty in obtaining halls in London.

50 VIENNA POLICE ARRESTED; IMPLICATED IN MASSACRES OF JEWS IN POLAND DURING WAR

VIENNA, Oct. 2. (JTA)--Fifty Vienna policemen, including 30 who were on duty until recently, have been arrested on charges of participating in the massacre of Jews in Poland during the war, it was reported today in the newspaper Welt Am Abend, sponsored by the French occupation authorities.

A spokesman for the Ministry of the Interior termed the report "exaggerated," but admitted that 15 former policemen who had been dismissed after the liberation are under arrest.

Survivors of several death camps who recently returned to Vienna recognized the murderers and reported them to the authorities. The policemen are former members of a Nazi task force which exterminated over 1,000,000 Jews and other "racially inferior" peoples. The leaders of the special unit are now on trial at Nuremberg.

CZECH JEWS CHARGE U.S. AND BRITAIN LAX IN EXTRADITING WAR CRIMINALS IN AUSTRIA, GERMANY

PRAGUE, Oct. 2. (JTA)--American and British authorities in Germany and Austria are not heeding Czech requests for extradition from their zones of war criminals who killed and deported many Czechoslovak Jews, Jewish circles said today.

Prague newspapers have also commented on the situation. The newspaper Prace (Work) pointed out this week that Sturmabfuhrer Anton Furger, one of the most brutal administrators at the former Theresienstadt concentration camp, has just escaped from an Austrian internment camp, where he had been held despite a Czech request for his extradition.

RELIEF TO EUROPEAN JEWS CURTAILED AS RESULT OF UJA'S FAILURE TO GET SUFFICIENT FUNDS

NEW YORK, Oct. 2. (JTA)--Although the needs of Europe's are steadily rising as a result of the drastic reduction in intergovernmental relief programs, crop failures and general inflation, the JDC has been compelled to curtail its projected program of winter relief because of the slowness with which funds have been received by the United Jewish Appeal, Moses W. Beckelman, vice-chairman of the JDC's European executive council, reported today.

Mr. Beckelman told a press conference at UJA headquarters that Europe's 1,500,000 Jewish survivors this winter will face their "worst crisis" since the end of the war in Europe two-and-a-half years ago, and that starvation looms in Rumania and Hungary unless greatly increased supplies of food, clothing and medicines are provided immediately. He warned that the Jews cannot survive intact their third post-war winter on their present level of subsistence and called upon the American people to act now to assure their survival by supporting the United Jewish Appeal. "Next Spring may be too late," he emphasized.

FORMER IMMIGRATION COMMISSIONER LEAVES FOR EUROPE ON SPECIAL DP MISSION FOR TRUMAN

WASHINGTON, Oct. 2. (JTA)--Ugo Carusi, former Commissioner for Immigration and Naturalization, left today for Europe on a special assignment for President Truman to study the DP situation, particularly in relation to Truman's refugee immigration policy, the White House announced.

Carusi, who was recently appointed to a special State Department post dealing with DP matters, will visit Germany, Austria, Italy and Switzerland where he will confer with military and civilian leaders and International Refugee Organization officials. He is expected to return about the end of December to report on the refugee immigration program and suggest possible improvements in the immigration procedure and law.

300 JEWISH REFUGEE IMMIGRANTS SPONSORED BY JDC. HIAS ARRIVE IN NEW YORK FROM GERMANY

NEW YORK, Oct. 2. (JTA)--The transport Marine Flasher arrived here today with more than 800 persons aboard, a major part of whom are immigrants arriving under President Truman's order facilitating refugee immigration.

The vessel, which left Bromerhaven Sept. 23, carried 174 Jews sponsored by the Joint Distribution Committee and 136 assisted by the HIAS. Representatives of the United Service for New Americans and HIAS were at the pier to greet the DP's.

At San Francisco yesterday, the Marine Swallow arrived from Shanghai with 120 Jewish refugees who fled Germany and Austria during 1938 and 1939 and spent the war years in the Chinese port city. Many of the Jews will be relocated in this country by USNA, but some will go to other countries including Palestine.

MRS. ROOSEVELT GREET'S LAUNCHING OF FALL CAMPAIGN OF SOS COLLECTION; CLOTHING NO.1 NEED

NEW YORK, Oct. 2. (JTA)--In a message greeting the opening of the Fall campaign of the SOS Collection of the JDC, Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt said today that "I knew the most urgent need of relief supplies for Europe's needy Jews and I hope that this collection which began on Sept. 25, will be very successful." Mrs. Isaac Gilman, national co-chairman, announced that clothing has been given the highest priority on the SOS list, because textiles are virtually unobtainable in Europe.

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CONFERENCE PLAN FOR PERMANENT ORGANIZATION TO BE DISCUSSED AT PUBLIC HEARINGS

NEW YORK, Oct. 2. (JTA)--The basic plan for the permanent organization to succeed the American Jewish Conference will be examined at hearings in various key communities during October and November, it was announced today by Louis Lipsky, chairman of the executive committee of the American Jewish Conference.

Sponsored locally by community councils, welfare funds and leaders in Jewish endeavor, these public hearings are designed to provide an opportunity for communal leaders to give expression to their views on the plan and to suggest necessary amendments. Thus far, hearings have been scheduled in Chicago, October 12; Cleveland, October 19; Detroit, October 12; Los Angeles, October 26; and Philadelphia, November 2. Arrangements are being made for hearings in Boston, Nashville, Newark, New York and San Francisco.

The hearings will be presided over by a committee or panel of prominent local Jewish leaders. Louis Lipsky, chairman of the Conference executive committee, and Dr. Maurice N. Eisendrath, chairman of the committee on future organization, and other members of the Conference executive committee will introduce the discussion by presenting and analyzing the plan.

NEW YORK FEDERATION OF JEWISH PHILANTHROPIES TO OPEN \$15,000,000 DRIVE SUNDAY

NEW YORK, Oct. 2. (JTA)--A \$15,000,000 drive will be launched by the Federation of Jewish Philanthropies of New York at a dinner for 1,500 business, civic and community leaders on October 7, Norman S. Goetz, president of the organization, announced today. Gov. Thomas E. Dewey will open the drive.

The proceeds of the campaign, the largest annual maintenance sum in the history of the Federation, will be used to support 116 affiliated health and social service organizations in Greater New York until June 30, 1948. Mr. Goetz and Victor S. Reisenfeld, chairman of the campaign, emphasized that the need for so large a sum stems from the peak operational costs of the hospitals and other organizations participating in the Federation's activities.

They declared that "this year's budget represents the minimum needs under which we can prevent a curtailment or reduction of vital services, which were used by more than 350,000 men, women and children of all races and religions in New York City." Mr. Goetz revealed that last year the Federation network operated with an estimated deficit of more than \$1,600,000 over the allotments voted to it in May, 1946. One month after that budget was voted, he said, OPA controls were lifted and "prices that were already high, rose still higher, wages moved upward, and in fact the entire cost of helping soared."

AMERICAN JEWISH COMMITTEE STUDIES PERSONALITY FACTORS IN PREJUDICE

NEW YORK, Oct. 2. (JTA)--The Scientific Research Department of the American Jewish Committee is conducting a series of investigations "to isolate those personality factors which play so important a role in intergroup conflict," and aimed at discovering "the key to the constructive channeling of hostilities within the individual," Dr. Samuel H. Flowerman, noted social psychologist, author and associate director of the Department, declared today at a luncheon of the New York Chapter of the American Jewish Committee.

Projects of the Scientific Research Department, outlined by Dr. Flowerman, include the collection of clinical material on prejudiced individuals, studies of group and community behavior and testing of anti-prejudice educational material.

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