GITA DAILY NEWS BULLETING

Published by the Jewish Telegraphic Agency 106 East List Street, New York, 17, N.Y.

. XIV No. 163 (29th year)

Sunday, July 13, 1947

CANTONIZATION PLAN FOR PALESTINE STUDIED BY UNITED NATIONS DELEGATES

JERUSHEM, July 11. (JTA) — The nature of political thinking taking shape ong members of the United Nations Special Committee on Palestine may be seen from a federalization plan being considered by a delegation which has been exceedingly tive in the Committee's work.

The plan envisages immediate division of Palestine into seven Jewish and seven ab cantonments, with a temporary ten-year federal government vested in a council mosed of one representative from each cantonment and an equal number of non-Faleshian councillors appointed by the United Nations, presided over by a United Nations vernor.

This program would call for immediate evacuation of the British; giving the ws complete authority over immigration, health, education, land development and milar problems in all Jewish cantonments, including the Negev; placing trade, secury and public works, including water pipelines and other improvements, under juriscition of the federal government.

Plebiscite To Be Held After Ten Years of Joint Arab-Jewish U.N. Rule

After ten years a plebiscite would be held in each cantonment to determine the it wishes to continue the plan, unite more strongly, or desires partition into parate Arab and Jewish states.

Under the plan, the Jewish cantonments would include the region north of Safad; the Tiberius area; the south-western section of the Beisan area; the coastal plain rom Haifa to Jaffa, with the exception of the southern Jaffa district; the area outh of Hebron; the area directly south of Beisan and north of the Dead Sea; and the litire Negev south of a line running about eight miles north of Beersheba.

Arab cantonments would include the Safad, Beisan, Nablus, Hebron, Rahmallah, affa and Gaza districts.

Advantages of the New Scheme over Partition Outlined

In the view of the delegates considering this plan, its advantages over partiion are as follows: first, it would keep the country's economy intact; second, it
rovides a period of observation to see if the Jews and Arabs can get along together
nder United Nations supervision; third, the divisions make civil war remote, as
gainst the more dangerous possibilities under a two-state partition; fourth, security
ould be vested in UN-supervised police rather than in more extremist hands; fifth,
artition is opposed not only by Arabs but also by certain sections of the Jewish
opulation, including dissident groups and Communists.

Certain questions are raised by the plan. For example, it is said that it is mpossible to map seven sizable cantonments in which there are Jewish majorities, exert the Tel Aviv area, because the Jews have acquired Arab territory and there is

24

nd to be an Arab majority in such areas. Also, there are many economic functions ch depend on a federal government but which would be unfeasible under federaliza--taxation and allocation of funds, for example. Since the solution does not vide a Jewish state in the sense demanded, the "ows would probably reject it. Adistration would be complicated.

Yet the fact remains that UNSCOP is trying to find the beginning of a path thing through the maze of complications. Members are currently vacillating between tition and federalization, with at least one group for bi-nationalism and one for tition. At least four delegations find themselves hampered by reluctance to are at any solution which might be considered anti-British or take steps which may end sovereign prerogatives.

UCHMEN DEMAND CHRISTIAN SHARE IN PALESTINE RULE IN TESTIMONY BEFORE U.N. PROBERS

JERUSALEM, July 11. (JTA) - A plea for a Christian share in any future governt of Palestine and the return of the entire country to the status of a "Holy d" was urged today on the United Nations Special Committee on Palestine by the Rev. rk-Kerr, moderator of the Church of Scotland Presbytery in Palestine. He also ed cooperation of the three religions in the cultural and religious development of country.

Rev. Clark-Kerr wespreceded on the stand by Anglican Bishop W.H. Stewart, who blained that Jewish and Mcslem converts to Christianity were subjected to pressure all sides. He charged that the government was too tolerant with the Mcslem and ish faiths, which had a detrimental effect on the Christian minority. He cited tances where Moslem and Jewish converts had appealed to him for pretection against in two communities. He also criticized the fact that UNSCOP held meetings on day.

Bishop Stewart, replying to a question by Chairman Emil Sandstroem, said that Christian share in a future government should be sufficiently strong to guarantee tection of the Christian minority. He pointed out that, as in the case of the ish and Moslem world, the Christian world as a whole was interested in the fate of estine.

SE GETS RESOLUTION ASKING MARSHALL TO SECURE END TO PALESTINE DEFENSE LAWS

WASHINGTON, July 11. (JTA) -- Rep. Andrew L. Somers, Democrat of New York, ay introduced a joint resolution directing Secretary of State Marshall to request ediate abolition by the British Government of the emergency regulations now govern-Falestine, re-establishment of a civil administration and restoration of the civil erties of the people of Palestine.

ATE COMMITTEE DECIDES TO PROBE U.S. IMMIGRATION SYSTEM; WILL STUDY DP ISSUE

WASHINGTON, July 11. (JTA) -- A resolution authorizing the Senate Judiciary mittee to make a thorough investigation of the immigration system of the United tes was approved by that committee today and is now in the Rules Committee awaiting eduling for floor debate.

If approved by the Senate, the resolution would authorize the Judiciary Committee study the immigration system with reference to the history and development of U.S. ignation policy, the administration of immigration and deportation laws, the exty, "if any" of illegal immigration, the situation with respect to the displaced resons of Europe, and the possible effect on this country of any change in the impration laws. Go-sponsor of the resolution is Sen. Chapman Revercomb, Republican West Virginia, who is a fee of immigration.

ESTINE GOVERNMENT CHARGED WITH PROVOKING OUTBREAKS DURING U.N. COMMITTEE HEARINGS

LONDON, July 11. (JTM) — The charge that the Palestine Government is proing outbreaks in the country in an attempt to prove to the United Nations that 0,000 occupation troops must be maintained there, was made here by an authoritative ish Agency source.

The same source, who recently returned from Jerusalem, declared that the Brithauthorities in Pælestine are supporting the Arab toycott of Jewish-made goods d Arab "defense" armies and have persuaded Arab moderates who wanted to testify fore the U.N. Special Committee on Palestine not to appear. This tactic, he asted, will keep the Arabs and UNSCOP apart and give the government the opportunity challenging the committee's report on the grounds that the Arab case was not ard.

He reported that Palestinians believe that Maj. Roy A. Farran, who escaped ile under arrest in connection with the alleged murder of Alexander Rubovits, -year-old Jewish youth, surrendered only when assured that he would be tried not re Rubovitz! murder, but for breaking Army discipline. He also pointed out that he government's handling of the Farran case goaded the extremists, who had slackened heir activities, into violent reprisals.

Predict Britain Will Seek Delay in U.N. Decision on Palestine

The Agency source predicted that the British Government will do all in its ower to delay a U.N. decision because Foreign Secretary Ernest Bevin, who is reorted to have believed a few months ago that Britain would withdraw from Palestine
ithin a year, has now changed his mind. He insisted that high British Army officers
ave informed Bevin that West Africa cannot be developed as a major military base
or another five to ten years and that Palestine is needed until then.

He also disclosed that Jewish observers in Palestine believe that UNSCOP is divided into three groups: the largest consisting of delegates prepared to whitewash the British administration of the Mandate and to recommend its continuance with Pritish control of immigration; the second preferring a form of partition, probably less than that desired by the Agency; and the third, and smallest group, favoring an independent Arab state. Palestine Jews do not expect much from the committee since each representative must consult his government before voting, he said.

He interpreted the United States' silence at the Special General Assembly meeting as meaning that it would fully support any British solution at the September session. The policy of silence, he maintained, was instituted to forestall criticism in America until it is too late.

FOUR JEWS TO STAND TRIAL-IN PARIS FOLLOWING POLICE DISCOVERY OF TWO ARMS CACHES

PARIS, July 11. (JTA) — The trial of four Jews arrested in connection with the discovery of two arms caches in this city is expected to begin shortly. An investigating magistrate was appointed today.

It is believed that the hoard of arms and explosives was collected by the Irgun Zvai Leumi. The detained men are Moise Zizak, Stanislas Mazner, Bernadette Pointard and a man identified only as Eisman. Fifteen other persons also questioned following the unearthing of the weapons have been released.

ISH DEPUTY CHARGES IN PARLIAMENT THAT JEWS ARE "PRIVILEGED" ELEMENT IN COUNTRY

WARSAW, July 11. (JTA) — The first anti-Jewish statements on the floor of new Polish parliament were made this week by Deputy Ziegmunt Zulawski, a former ader of the Polish Socialists, who broke with the party and is the only "independent dialist" member of parliament.

Criticizing the present regime, the aged Socialist also attacked the Jews. He id that "the Jews in Poland today are a privileged element" and blamed them for the ti-Semitic tendencies in the country, asserting that "anti-Semitism is a reaction Jewish behavior." He particularly criticized the fact that "Jews are occupying the positions in government offices."

Prof. Joseph Sack, one of the Jewish deputies, replying to Zulawski's charges at the Jews received special treatment in the government budget, pointed out that sum which the Jewish Central Committee receives from the government is less than we percent of the committee's budget. Ninety-five percent of the budget, he as—rted, is covered by Jewish contributions from abroad. "The largest part of our dget is being spent on constructive work which also serves the interests of the untry," he added.

Sack, who is vice-chairmen of the Jewish Central Committee, emphasized Polish wry's support of the present government. He lauded the government's policy of anting the Jews "full and actual equality," of encouraging Jewish national life thin the country, and of taking "a positive attitude toward the endgration tendenes prevailing among a large part of the Jewish population." He also praised the titude taken by the Polish delegation at the United Nations special assembly on lestine.

DAPEST JEWS SCORE ANTI-SEMITIC TENOR OF STATEMENT BY HUNGARIAN CARDINAL

BUDAFEST, July 11. (JTA) -- Both Jewish and democratic circles here are up arms over the interview given to the Vienna newspaper Die Wolt am Abend by Josef erdinal Eindszenty, Catholic primate of Hungary.

The Cardinal told the Austrian paper that not 600,000 but "only" 500,000 Hungaian Jews were killed during the fascist regime and that several thousand denortees robably returned to the country, further reducing the toll.

The Jewish weekly Uj Elet attacks Cardinal Mindszenty's "anti-Semitic stateents" in its current issue. The rabbi of a promirent Budapest synagogue told his ongregation that "in a country where a prelate may speak thus with impunity I can mly say to Jewish youth: 'Get out of hore.'"

WEDISH AUTHORYTIES ORDER CONFISCATION AND BAN SALE OF ANTI-JEWISH PUBLICATIONS

STOCKHOLM, July 11. (JTA) -- The Chief Public Prosecutor has ordered the coniscation of five anti-Jewish pamphlets published and circulated by Einar Aaberg, inernationally-known Swedish anti-Semite. Distribution of any copies which have not been seized has been prohibited.

The action was taken in connection with the indictment brought this week gainst Aaberg by the prosecutor. Aaberg is president of the so-called Swedish inti-Jewish League.

ENTINE JEWS TO EXPAND PUBLIC RELATIONS ACTIVITIES, STRESS ROLE OF JEWS IN COUNTRY

BUENOS AIRES, July 11. (JTA) -- The DAIA, central Argentine Jewish body, will ensify its activities in the field of public relations and seek to enlighten pubopinion concerning Jewish contributions to the development of Argentine, Dr. ses Goldman, DAIA president, told a general assembly of the organization.

Reporting on the Dala's activities in the past 12 months. Dr. Goldman recalled intervention with the authorities to secure visas for stranded Jewish immigrants m Europe and to check anti-Semitic excesses. He stressed that the Jewish communitook no stand on domestic political affairs.

Dr. Goldman reaffirmed the DAIA's solidarity with the Zionist Organization and World Jewish Congress and hailed the recent unification of relief campaigns here.

ICH WAR MINISTER LAUDS JEWISH VETERANS WHO SERVED IN "ARMY OF LIBERATION"

PRAGUE, July 11. (JTA) -- Gen. Ludvik Svoboda, Minister of War, today praised "excellent" the record of the Jews who served in the Czechoslovak Army of Liberam. The sacrifices of the Jews are "indisputable," he said, addressing a congress Jewish veterans of both World Wars.

The opening of the all-European Zionist convention has been postponed until gust 12, it was anounced here today. The Czech Foreign Ministry has stated that will grant visas to all delegates desiring to attend the parley. The Post Office issuing a special stamp with a Hebrew text on its face in honor of the conference. national radio has made arrangements to broadcast the more important addresses on s short wave transmitter.

RLD CONGRESS FOR JEWISH STUDIES DECIDES TO ESTABLISH INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION

JERUSALEM, July 11. (JTA) -- The establishment of a world academic union for wish studies was agreed upon today prior to the closing of the first world congress r Jewish studies convoked under the sponsorship of the Hebrew University and atnded by Jewish scientists and educators from Palestine and many other countries.

The delegates also decided to hold triennial conventions of the union. During e various sessions the delegates heard over 200 papers on many historical and ientific subjects in the field of Jewish studies.

MANIAN JEWISH ORGANIZATIONS COOPERATING TO SET UP SUMMER CAMPS FOR 7,000 CHILDREN

BUCHAREST, July 10. (JTA) - A number of Jewish organizations have joined in campaign to provide summer recreation for some 7,000 Jewish children from poor mes throughout Rumania, it was reported here today. The OSE, Hechalutz, Agudas rael and the Bucharest and Cluj Jewish communities will establish 17 summer camps r the children.

In expectation of a fuel shortage, the Rumanian branch of the Joint Distribuon Committee has begun collecting and storing firewood for the coming winter. Some ,000 families will probably be provided with additional fuel in this fashion.

NAI B'RITH HILLEL FOUNDATIONS RAISE \$132,775 FOR UNITED JEWISH APPEAL

NEW YORK, July 11. (JTA) -- The B'nai B'rith Hillel Foundations on college camses throughout the country have oversubscribed their quotas to the United Jewish ppeal. Reports from 52 of the 64 foundations show that \$132,775 has been raised, ceeding their \$129,034 goal by more than \$3,500.

E CONTENTS OF THIS BULLETIN ARE NOT FOR FUBLICATION WITHOUT SPECIAL AUTHORIZATION