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ZIONISTS MEETING TODAY WITH U.S. JEWISH GROUPS TO DRAFT TESTIMONY FOR U.N. APPEARANCE

FLUSHING MEADOWS, May 4. (JTA) -- Leaders of the Jewish Agency will confer here tomorrow with representatives of major American Zionist and non-Zionist groups to discuss the testimony to be given by the Agency when and if it is invited to appear before the Political Committee of the U.N. General Assembly.

The Political Committee is expected to begin meeting at Lake Success on Tuesday to decide on the terms of reference of a fact-finding committee and to study the question of allowing an Agency spokesman to participate in its deliberation. In accordance with a resolution adopted by the General Committee on Friday, the Agency's request for participation in the U.N. session was referred to the Political Committee. The Assembly is likely to endorse the decision of the General Committee tomorrow when it resumes debate on a Polish motion calling for a voteless seat for the Agency in the Assembly itself.

Rumors that the American section of the Agency executive has invited Dr. Chaim Weizmann to fly to the United States to act as the Zionist spokesman before the Political Committee were denied today by members of the executive. They revealed, however, that David Ben Gurion, chairman of the executive, has been asked to come to Flushing.

(A Jerusalem dispatch to the JTA tonight said that Ben Gurion would leave Lydda airport tomorrow morning for New York. The report said that Eliezer Kaplan, Agency treasurer, is also being sent to the United States. A meeting of the executive was held in Jerusalem this afternoon to discuss the situation at the U.N. prior to Ben Gurion's departure. The meeting did not discuss the reported invitation to Dr. Weizmann.)

Agency Outlines Conditions for Appearance Before Political Committee

Agency leaders indicated today that should the Political Committee invite Zionist spokesmen to appear, they will do so only on the following conditions:

1. That the Agency is not to appear before any sub-committee, but before the full Political Committee which is composed of the 55 member states composing the United Nations.
2. That only representatives of the Agency, and of no other Jewish groups, are to be asked to express their views before the Committee.

In advancing the second demand, the Agency is aiming at establishing once and for all time its status as the only body internationally recognized as the spokesman for the Jewish people in matters affecting Palestine. This is of particular importance now in view of the attitude of the American delegation--as expressed by Sen. Austin on Friday--that the Agency not only does not represent all Jews, but not even all Jews in Palestine.

There was a strong possibility that the stand of the Agency might result in barring it from testifying before the Political Committee. The U.S. delegation has

demanded that an acknowledgment that the Agency does not speak for all Jews be one of the conditions for approving the appearance of a Zionist representation before the committee, and Soviet delegate Andrei Gromyko has emphasized that he advocates non-voting participation in the Assembly for all Jewish groups who so desire, not only the Agency.

British Attempting to Keep Jews Away From Political Committee

Another, and more serious, obstacle is the British delegation, which is continuing to exert pressure on the other representatives to back its proposal that the Jews be asked to testify at closed hearings before a sub-committee of the Political Committee or a small committee of five established for that purpose. The British move, which is reported to have the support of Canadian delegate Lester Pearson, chairman of the Political Committee, is aimed at preventing a public condemnation of the British Government for its violation of the Palestine Mandate through the promulgation of the White Paper of 1939, which had been rejected by the Mandates Commission of the League of Nations.

Pearson, who has already stated that he will attempt to limit discussion at the Political Committee to questions of procedure, can, as chairman, decide when to call the Agency. Even if it is decided to allow the Jews to appear before the full committee, he can first order discussion of the establishment of the inquiry committee, and invite the Agency only after the probe body has already been set up. This would severely limit the scope of the Agency's participation.

Poles and Soviet Continuing Fight for Zionist Voice Before Assembly

The Polish delegate, Dr. Alfred Fiderkiewicz, who was defeated at the General Committee on Friday, when he attempted to secure a seat in the Assembly for the Agency, resumed the fight before the plenary session yesterday, with the support of Mr. Gromyko. He was opposed, as on Friday, by Sen. Austin who cited the legal grounds why the Agency could not appear before the Assembly.

Replying to the U.S. delegate, Mr. Gromyko attacked the American stand as a purely technical maneuver designed to prevent Jewish representation. He reiterated that the Jews must have an opportunity to be heard, particularly since the Arabs had had an ample opportunity to present their case. It would be abnormal, he added, to bar the Jews.

The Polish representative pleaded with the Assembly to reverse the previous day's decision of the General Committee, declaring that his request was completely within the spirit and letter of the Charter. The debate, which had been scheduled to continue until a vote had been taken, was interrupted at 6:30 p.m. at the suggestion of the Australian delegation. It will be resumed tomorrow morning at 11 a.m. When the Assembly has voted, the scene will shift from Flushing Meadows to Lake Success, where the Political Committee will convene.

Zionists Make Last-Minute Appeal to U.N. Members for Full Hearing

In a last-minute effort to win a full and complete hearing, the Agency today issued an appeal to the members of the U.N. to consider the Zionist case "on its merits" and not allow it to "be prejudiced by conflicts on other issues." Without mentioning those nations by name, the statement voiced thanks for the support given the Agency plea for participation in the Assembly by Poland, the Soviet Union and Czechoslovakia, and expressed regret that the United States and Britain have not taken a similar position. The text of the statement read as follows:

"The Jewish Agency for Palestine appreciates the stand of those countries that have supported its request for the opportunity to be heard by the General Assembly. It

keenly regrets that the mandatory power, the first great nation to promise assistance to the establishment of the Jewish National Home, and the United States, which has always supported Jewish national aspirations in Palestine, have not taken a similar position.

"The Jewish people, who fought in all the armies of the United Nations during the war and who proportionately suffered larger losses than any other people, are hopeful that their case will be considered by the General Assembly on its merits and will not be prejudiced by conflicts on other issues.

"There is irony in the technical objection that the Jewish people cannot be heard in the General Assembly because their spokesman is not a state. This is striking evidence of the validity of the Zionist thesis that a Jewish state must be established in Palestine.

"It is not as reward for the services that the Jewish people rendered in the war, nor as reparation for injuries sustained that we submit our plea. All peoples are justified in asking the United Nations for the opportunity to defend their rights to survival and self-fulfilment. It is that consideration which gives capacity and meaning to our request to plead our own cause. To condemn our people to wait in the anti-chambers while opponents are freely permitted every opportunity to do us injury is to add peril and indignity to the lot of those already too much wronged."

LABOR, CIVIC AND CHURCH GROUPS ASK U.N. TO SET UP JEWISH AND ARAB STATES IN PALESTINE

FLUSHING MEADOWS, May 4. (JTA) -- Five national organizations today submitted to President Oswaldo Aranha of the General Assembly of the United Nations, and to the participating delegations, a 133-page document asking for the immediate establishment of independent Jewish and Arab states in Palestine.

The withdrawal of the British Mandate, immediate admission of the 250,000 Jewish displaced persons in Europe to the area of the proposed Jewish state, cancellation of the White Paper, and repudiation of the British action in declaring Transjordan an independent state were also demanded.

Until creation of the Jewish state, the Jewish Agency for Palestine should be recognized as the official provisional representative of the new Jewish state with authority to regulate immigration, the five groups said. In the interim period after withdrawal of the Mandate, the United Nations was urged to supervise Palestine through a U.N. high commissioner and an international police force.

According to two alternative plans proposed for the establishment of a Jewish state, one calls for an area of 10,400 square miles, 7,000 of which should include western Palestine and the Negev, and 3,000 square miles to be detached from Transjordan. The other plan provides for an area of 7,600 square miles including western Palestine and the Negev but with no part of Transjordan.

The signatories to the memorandum are Freda Kirchwey, president, and Frank P. Graham, chairman of the advisory council of the Nation Associates; Philip Murray, president of the CIO, Frank Kingdon, co-chairman of the Progressive Citizens of America, Henry A. Atkinson, secretary of the Church Peace Union; James G. Patton, president of the Farmers Educational and Cooperative Union; and Raymond Swing, radio commentator.

The interim committee of the American Jewish Conference, at a meeting yesterday, adopted a resolution asking the United Nations to call upon Great Britain to end military rule in Palestine and govern the territory in strict conformity with the Palestine Mandate, while the General Assembly and its fact-finding committee are

deliberating on the Palestine problem. The resolution urged the U.S. delegation to propose to the Assembly the adoption of a resolution to the effect that Britain should cease its violations of the Mandate and its destruction of civil and economic rights of the population of Palestine during the period when the U.N. is attempting to solve the Holy Land issue. Otherwise, the conference warned, there is "imminent danger of plunging Palestine into total chaos."

11 JEWS KILLED WHEN UNDERGROUND ATTACKS ACRE PRISON; 60 FLEE IN MASS JAIL BREAK

JERUSALEM, May 4. (JTA) -- Eleven Jews were killed tonight in a bloody mass jail break from the Acre prison, during which 60 prisoners fled, following an assault on the prison by two jeep-loads of Jewish extremists. One Arab prisoner was also killed.

Two of the dead were attackers, four were escaped prisoners and five were inmates who did not succeed in escaping, but were killed by a detachment of British troops, who alleged that they had been fired upon by the five. Two of the attackers and five of the prisoners were wounded. Five of the extremists were captured, and twelve prisoners were re-captured, of whom two were Jews and ten were Arabs.

The jeeps drove into Acre, which is a totally Arab town, shortly after 6 p.m. under cover of mines strewn on all surrounding roads and diversionary attacks in shattered sections of the city. As they arrived outside the prison walls an explosion occurred inside. The occupants of the jeeps then left the vehicles and opened fire with sub-machine guns. Nine were wounded and later captured. One policeman was slightly injured.

The authorities at Jerusalem Central Prison announced last week that they had thwarted an attempt by Jewish prisoners to break out of the jail. They said that the prisoners had almost completed a tunnel under the prison's outer walls when they were discovered.

A report from Cyprus yesterday said that Ruth Tenenbaum, a Jewish relief worker at the Caracolos camp for interned Jewish immigrants, has been arrested on charges of aiding and abetting an alleged terrorist in escaping from the camp prison. Miss Tenenbaum, a Palestinian, is said to have smuggled a file inside the binding of a book to Arich Vizel who was being held on charges of having planted a mine which blew a hole in the bottom of a British deportation ship in Famagusta harbor, April 2. She was released on bail and will be tried May 10.

Three Jewish youths were killed yesterday by an explosion at the settlement of Geva in the Nazareth district. According to unofficial reports they were members of the Haganah engaged in summer maneuvers. Police are investigating the incident.

Earlier yesterday, one Jew was wounded when Bedouin tribesmen opened fire on a group of Jewish hikers at Wadi Kelt, near the Dead Sea. The injured man was removed to the Hadassah hospital here.

A group of Arabs fired several shots at a Jewish watchman at the colony of Ein Ezer. The sentry returned the fire and the raiders retreated without casualties.

Egyptian police patrolling the Palestine border area have arrested two Arabs attempting to smuggle arms into Palestine. The Arabs were leading a camel caravan and the weapons were hidden in loads of hay.

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AUSTRIAN POLICE BEAT, ROBBED GROUP OF JEWISH REFUGEES ATTEMPTING TO CROSS FRONTIER

VIENNA, May 4. (JTA) -- The beating and robbing of a group of Rumanian Jewish refugees at the Hungarian-Austrian border by Austrian police was reported this week-end when the group reached Vienna.

They reported that on April 23 a group of policemen arrested 58 men and women near Kurzraab. The Jews were detained for two days during which they were fed only bread and water.

The police stole cigarettes and clothing which the refugees had obtained from the Joint Distribution Committee in Budapest. They beat Eva Segal, a pregnant woman, Baruch Koenig, from whom they also stole a pair of boots. From two men identified as Neumann and Jirzek they stole a shirt, a wedding band and some money. Throughout their detention the Jews were abused and insulted by the use of anti-Semitic phrases.

After two days the Jews were brought back to the border and forced to return to Hungary with police bullets whistling over their heads. On their second attempt last week, they succeeded in reaching Vienna. Following a protest from Bernard Teichholtz, head of the Committee of Jewish Refugees, Minister of Interior Oskar Helmer lodged an immediate investigation.

STORM TROOPERS WHO MURDERED JEW DURING 1938 POGROMS GET LIGHT SENTENCE FROM REICH COURT

HAMBURG, May 4. (JTA) -- Jewish survivors in the British zone of Germany are outraged by the mild sentences imposed last Friday by a German court on two S.S. men who murdered a Jew during the November 1938 pogroms in Germany.

In the first trial before the Bremen Criminal Court of participants in the November pogroms the former storm troopers were sentenced to eight and six years at penal servitude, respectively. The defendants pleaded guilty of killing a Jewish merchant by the name of Heinrich Rosenbaum. They admitted entering Rosenbaum's house on the order of their officers with intent to kill. They pleaded, however, that they were acting under duress.

The defense counsel demanded an acquittal, while the prosecutor urged a life sentence. The presiding judge ignored the defendants' confession and, when announcing the verdict, cleared the SS men of the charge of premeditation.

Commenting on the verdict, the legal department of the Jewish Committee for Relief abroad, which operates in the British zone, declared that the court's decision "surprised and shocked" the Jewish population. The sentences are reminiscent of the lenient sentences imposed on Nazis who assaulted Jews in the years immediately preceding the establishment of Hitler's regime, a spokesman said.

JEWISH DP'S IN GERMANY MARK SECOND ANNIVERSARY OF LIBERATION AT GRAVES OF NAZI VICTIMS

MITTENWALD, Bavaria, May 4. (JTA) -- The second anniversary of their liberation was marked here by 5,000 displaced Jews who made a pilgrimage to the mass graves of Jewish victims of Nazism which are situated just outside the town.

Memorial services, in the course of which high-ranking American military and German officials paid tribute to the Jewish dead and expressed hopes for a better future for those who escaped the Nazis, were held. The speakers platform was decorated with American and Zionist flags, and placards inscribed in English and Hebrew urged the opening of Palestine to Jewish refugees.

JEWISH OVERSEER AT NAZI LABOR CAMP EXECUTED FOLLOWING CONVICTION BY CZECH COURT

PRAGUE, May 4. (JTA) -- Paul Rafaelson, a former Jewish overseer at the Zosen labor camp, was executed this week-end shortly after he was sentenced by a Peoples Court here.

Rafaelson was the first Jew to receive a death sentence for crimes committed during the Nazi occupation. He was convicted of extreme cruelty to Jewish prisoners at Zosen. It is expected that the Prague Peoples Court will complete its docket of war crimes cases early this week.

4 ROMANIANS TO BE TRIED FOR PART IN JASSY POGROM; CHARGED WITH "BREACH OF PEACE"

BUCHAREST, May 4. (JTA) -- Ninety-four "small fry" who participated in the Jassy massacre of 1941 in which 14,000 Jews lost their lives will go on trial before a military court, May 6, charged with a "breach of the peace."

Meanwhile, the highest military tribunal is investigating the case of top army officers involved in the pogrom who were previously acquitted, but whose retrial was ordered following a Parliamentary debate.

OVER 21,000 JEWS ARRIVED IN U.S. DURING LAST ELEVEN MONTHS, U.S.N.A. HEAD REVEALS

NEW YORK, May 4. (JTA) -- Over 21,000 Jewish survivors of Nazism have come to the United States since May 20, 1946, when the first shipload of displaced persons from Bremerhaven arrived, it was reported today by Edwin Rosenberg, president of United Service for New Americans.

Immigration from the American zones in Europe, amounting to some 7,000 quota and non-quota immigrants, has been barely one-third of all Jewish arrivals during the past 11 months, Mr. Rosenberg revealed. "Approximately 12,500 quota and non-quota immigrants and persons on non-immigrant visas came to the United States during that period from Sweden, Great Britain, France, other parts of Europe outside the American-occupied zones, Africa, Latin America, and elsewhere," he said. From Shanghai came 2,132 more Jews, including quota and non-quota immigrants, persons on temporary visas, and transients.

CANADIAN GOVERNMENT PERMITS JEWISH CONGRESS TO BRING 1,000 WAR ORPHANS INTO COUNTRY

MONTREAL, May 4. (JTA) -- The Canadian Government has granted permission to the Canadian Jewish Congress to bring into the country as immigrants 1,000 European Jewish war orphans under the age of 18, it was revealed here during the week-end.

Arrangements have been made to place the children in homes in provinces throughout the dominion. In 1942 the government granted similar permission for the Congress to bring in 500 children who were assembled in France, but the plan was upset when the Nazis occupied the Vichy-ruled areas.

Prime Minister William MacKenzie King, announcing a liberalization of the immigration policy recently, declared that Canada has a moral obligation to resettle a limited number of DP's and refugees. He said that refugees who are admitted within the near future after being selected by a government commission which is now touring Europe, will be subtracted from the quota finally accepted by the government as Canada's fair share in meeting the refugee problem. The liberalization of policy he announced permitted the entrance of families of married persons eligible to enter Canada by virtue of being relatives of residents.

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BERLIN TO HAVE FIRST RABBI SINCE 1938; DR. MUNK SAILS TOMORROW UNDER J.D.C. AUSPICES

NEW YORK, May 4. (JTA) -- Dr. Michael L. Munk will leave for Europe aboard the S.S. Mauretania tomorrow to become the first rabbi of Berlin since pre-war days, he was announced yesterday by the Joint Distribution Committee through whose auspices Rabbi Munk will serve in the German capital.

Invited by the Jewish community of Berlin to return to the city of his birth for an extended stay and guide the re-establishment of Jewish religious life there, Dr. Munk will assume his new post through arrangements made by the JDC, but his primary responsibility will be to the Berlin Jewish community. The 42-year-old religious leader, a distinguished scholar who escaped from Nazi Germany in Dec, 1938, will provide spiritual guidance for a resident Jewish community of 7,500.

FIRST JEWISH MUSEUM IN U.S. TO BE OPENED IN N.Y. BY JEWISH THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY

NEW YORK, May 4. (JTA) -- The first Jewish Museum in the United States, and probably the largest in the world, will be opened to the public on Thursday, under the auspices of the Jewish Theological Seminary of America, it was announced last night by Dr. Louis Finkelstein, president of the seminary, and Dr. Stephen S. Kayser, director of the museum. The museum is housed in the former home of Mrs. Felix Warburg, who presented the six story structure in 1944 for this purpose.

The museum will display and promote all forms of artistic expression in the Jewish tradition--painting, sculpture, architecture, music and letters. The central theme of the inaugural exhibition will be "The Giving of the Law and the Ten Commandments."

Two days of ceremonies will precede the opening to the public on Thursday. The board of directors, board of overseers and faculties of the Seminary, and invited guests will attend a preview of the exhibits on Tuesday evening, May 6. The formal dedication will take place on Wednesday evening, May 7.

BRITISH JEWISH LEADERS SAIL FOR U.S. TO CONSULT WITH AMERICAN GROUPS ON GERMAN PACT

LONDON, May 4. (JTA) -- A.G. Brotman, a leader of the Board of Deputies of British Jews, sailed today for New York where he will consult with the American Jewish Conference and the World Jewish Congress and other organizations with a view to coordinating their activities on the German peace treaties. Brotman will also maintain contact with United Nations circles on human rights problems and the projected International Refugee Organization.

Sailing on the Queen Elizabeth at the same time was Roland H. Landman, chairman of the European Council of the Anglo-Jewish Association, who will attend a meeting of Jewish organizations for joint action on the German peace pact. He will also participate in a parley of the Consultative Council of Jewish Organizations.

PALESTINE SOCCER TEAM DEFEATS AMERICAN ALL-STARS 2-0; RECORD CROWD WITNESSES MATCH

NEW YORK, May 4. (JTA) -- The Palestine Hapoel Soccer team today defeated a local all-star aggregation 2-0 in a fiercely fought game before the largest American audience ever to witness a soccer match. According to the official figures, 55,237 persons saw the contest at Yankee Stadium.

The Hapoel goals were scored by Itzhak Fried and Herbert Meitner. Fried and Hapoel's 18-year-old goalie Jacob Chodorov starred for the Palestinians. The spectators stood in silence for one minute in memory of the 6,000,000 Jews murdered in Europe.

Funeral Services Held in New York for Monsky; Body En Route to Omaha for Burial

NEW YORK, May 4. (JTA) -- Leaders from all walks of Jewish life today attended funeral services at Temple Emanu-El for Henry Monsky, president of B'nai B'rith and chairman of the Interim Committee of the American Jewish Conference, who died here of a heart attack on Friday. Mr. Monsky's body will be sent to his home in Omaha tomorrow, where funeral services and burial will take place on Wednesday.

Five prominent rabbis officiated at the services in Temple Emanu-El, paying tribute to the many contributions Mr. Monsky made to Jewish and non-Jewish communal activities during the past 20 years. The rabbis were: Stephen S. Wise; Israel Goldstein; Maurice Eisendrath, president of the Union of American Hebrew Congregations; Samuel H. Goldenson of Temple Emanu-El and David Wise of Newark, N.J.

Among statements mourning the passing of Mr. Monsky issued yesterday and today by many national Jewish organizations were the following:

Louis Lipsky, chairman of the executive committee of the American Jewish Conference, declared that Monsky "was a man dedicated to moderation, fair dealing and the democratic way of life, not only in American affairs, but in Jewish life as well. His influence was always on the side of the highest interests of his people, for which he sacrificed time and means all his life. He brought with him to the support of the cause in which he was interested, the strength and influence of B'nai B'rith, which owes a great deal to his unselfish devotion as its leader for a decade. The whole American Jewish community mourns his untimely death."

Judge Joseph M. Proskauer, president of the American Jewish Committee, stated that "the news of the death of Henry Monsky brought to the membership of the American Jewish Committee a sense of profound shock and grief. We have been closely allied with him and his organization in community work. His death means to us a great personal loss and to the community, a great tragedy."

Rabbis Stephen S. Wise and Irving Miller, president and chairman of the American Jewish Congress, said that "the American Jewish community has sustained a grievous loss with the passing of its greatest leader and most faithful son, Henry Monsky, foremost in the struggle for the defense of the rights of Jews and the cause of Jewish survival. Loyal to his Jewish heritage and profoundly dedicated to the service of America, he will be mourned by men of good will the world over."

The National Executive Committee of B'nai B'rith stated: "The Supreme Lodge of B'nai B'rith mourns the loss of its great president and leader who died as he lived--in the service of his people and all humanity. His memory is a blessing to the 350,000 men, women and youths of B'nai B'rith who knew him as a wise statesman, a devout Jew, and a loyal American. To American Jewry he was the symbol of far-flung leadership; to Americans generally, he was an active proponent and leader in many causes in the best interests of democracy and social welfare; to people everywhere he was a fighter for human rights and human dignity. His memory will be an inspiration to countless men and women of all faiths."

The United Jewish Appeal said that it "mourns with deep sorrow the sudden death of a distinguished leader of American Jewry and a tireless and devoted force for the betterment of all mankind. His constant and inspiring devotion as honorary chairman of the United Jewish Appeal to the cause of the Jewish people everywhere will be long remembered and revered."