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TELEGRAPHIC AGENCY

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TERRORISTS KILL FIVE FORE JEWS IN POLAND JEWISH GROUP OPPOSES ELIGRATION

MARSAM, Jan. 10. (JTA) -- Security police were today hunting for terrorist bands which killed five Jews in the city of Piotrkow this week, as the Polish National Council here resumed discussion of the anti-Semitic problem in this country.

The Piotrkow victims were Lev Malo, 21; Sara Uszerson, 27; Chana Rolnik, 42, Stalom Hindler, age unknown; and a fifth man whose name is not known.

In an address in the Council during a discussion of the statements on anti-a-Semitism made last week by Premier Eduard Osubka-Morawski, M. Szuldenfrie, of the Jewish Socialist Bund, said that despite the very real danger facing Jews in many parts of Poland today, the Bund was opposed to "emigration tendencies" among the Jews and urged that they remain here and participate in the rehabilitation and reconstruction of Poland.

At the same time, he stressed that anti-Semitism must be fought constantly and systematically, and expressed the hope that the Fremier's condemnation of anti-Jewish activities would "find a vivid echo in Poland and abroad."

Polish Press Criticized for Silence on Anti-Jewish Incidents

Adolf Berman, a deputy of the left Poale-Zion Party, who was a leader of the Jewish partisan movement during the German occupation, emphasized that "the Jewish working class is in the first ranks of those helping to rebuild Poland. He reviewed the numerous murders of Jews in recent months and chided the press for not devoting sufficient attention to these incidents. Asserting that the Jews in Poland were rebuilding their lives with great difficulty, he expressed the hope that the Polish people would support their efforts.

Premier Osubka-Morawski, concluding the discussion, admitted, again, that dews were still being assaulted and killed, but said that the problem is less acute than it was some months ago. he attributed this to the fact that public or nion had condemned the murders, the destruction of many terrorist centers by the Government and the recent decree providing the death penalty and severe punishments for incitement and attacks against Jews. The present incidents, he added, are only sporadic, compared to the reign of terror that existed previously.

The Polish Press Agency reports today from Cracow that Polish Jews returning from Russia are arriving there in great numbers.

U.S. ASKED TO ADMIT DISPLACED JEWS ON LUMIGRATION QUOTAS NOT USED DURING THE WAR

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10. (JTA) -- Emphasizing that fulsatine can be regarded at best has only one of the places" to which displaced Jews from Europe can emigrate, lessing J. Rosenwald, president of the American Council for Judaism, today told the inglo-American Inquiry Committee here that the problem of the homeless Jews in Europe esn be solved only by the United Mations Organization under the leadership of the United States.

"I propose that the United Nations Organization immediately call a conference of all of its members," Ar. Resemvald said at the hearings of the inquiry committee. "Each nation should agree to accept a number of the total figure of those desiring emigration. Any single nation's offer of help may take into account those th whom they have already given refuge."

America Can Set Example for Other Nations, Says Rosemvald

The United States can make a signal contribution to such a conference, Mr. Resembld declared. "Owing to the war, the flow of new, potential American mitizens through the channels of immigration was virtually halted," he explained. "We recommend that the United States agree to admit up to the number of immigrants that would normally have been admitted under our immigration quotas, but who were prevented from coming due to the war.

"By our use of the hitherto unused quotas, a notable contribution to the solution of this problem would be made within the meaning and intent of our immigration lass which recognized the value of continuous and regulated additions to our population through immigration," Rosenwald continued. "Once such action is taken, other countries, should be persuaded to assume comparable shares of what is a common responsibility.

Pointing out that such a plan could be put into operation quickly, and that the very knowledge of its existence would do much to bolster the spirits of Jews who no longer wish to stay in Europe, Rosenwald said that even if the complex political problems were solved and the gates of the country were opened, Falsatine would still be inadequate, on practical grounds, as the answer to the immediate needs of the displaced and other Jews in Europe who wish to emigrate.

"The most optimistic Zionist estimates," he said, "have indicated that Palestine can receive at the most 100,000 immigrants a year, and this at a high cost. Not including any immigration of American Jewish youth, such as is presently being organised and sent by Zionists, and assuming that European Jews would be given this quota exclusively, it would require over six years to meet the problem of the 600,000 potential Jewish emicross."

Advocates Annulment of International Commitments or Palestine

Declaring that the American Council for Judaian believes that "Palestine can ami must contribute a share "to the alleviation of the Jawish emigration problem, Rosemala said, "But even such a contribution is possible only on remunciation of the claim that Jaws possess unlimited national right to the land, and that the country shall take the form of a racial or theoretic state."

Palestins, he continued, stands in an increasingly important place stratetically in the new patterns of world communication. The peace of the country is therefore a prime consideration. "If, in order to insure peace, former declarations or commitments require amendment or annulment, such action should be taken." Rosenwald urged. "Without basic peace, Jews who may leave Europe and go to Palestine may be going from the frying pan into the fire."

The legder of the American Council for Judaiem pointed out to the committee that his group rejects that Hitlerian concept that classified Jaws as a race or na-

tion." He said that Jews are members of a religion, Judaism, and must, as such, receive full equality of rights and responsibilities averywhere in the world. "We reject any thesis that asks for action on their behalf on grounds of nationality or race, he stated.

Committee Hears of Adjustment of Refugees in the United States

Joseph E. Beck, executive director of the National Refugee Service, and Pref. Naurice R. Davie, director of a mation-wide investigation conducted by the Committee for the Study of Recent Immigration, testified before the committee on America's experience with the 250,000 refugees who were admitted to this country.

The two experts revealed that the refugees who have found haven in the United States are almost all well-adjusted, self-supporting members of their communities and that they have had a beneficial influence upon this country out of proportion to their numbers. Mr. Beck described the national refugee-assistance program centering around the RES which enabled the Jawish refugees to speedily and smoothly adjust themselves to American life.

Zionist-Laborite Demands Outlined By G semberg to Inquiry Committee

Hayim Greenberg, leader of the American Zionist Laborites, testifying before the inquiry committee, emphasized that the Jewish Federation of Labor in Palestine would beloome an unrestricted number of Jewish newcomers and empressed hope for establishment of a Jewish commonwealth and of early entry of 100,000 displaced Jews, recommending use of the experience and apparatus of the Federation to facilitate the transfer. There is room in Palestine both for its present inhabitants and for the many thousands of Jews who clamor for admittance and opportunity to start a new productive life in their historic homeland, he said.

No political entity is contemplated, he continued, in which any fragment of the population would be subjected to any disabilities or prevented from carrying on their way of life. He outlined the health, educational and social services of the wish Federation of Labor, declaring that they benefit Arabs as well as Jews, and had been instrumental in raising the Arab standard of living. His explanation of the existence of separate trade unions for Arabs and of differing wage scales for Jewish and arab workers evoked rather lengthy questioning chiefly from British members Singleton and Crossman.

He warned that "only a firm and resolute decision in favor of a Jewish Commonwealth by the U.S. and Britain would satisfy the Jews and-paradoxical as it may sound-pacify the Arabs." Arab tempers, he explained, will be calmed when the Arabs are convinced that "the period of their ambiguous diplomacy has been ended and that britain and the U.S. are determined to apply the principles of faithfully carrying out political promises and moral obligations."

New Zionist Organization Refuses to Testify Before Committee

The New Zionist Organization of America today declined an invitation it reorived from the committee to submit "written evidence and to make oral presentations" in a statement, the NZO said: "We flatly reject this inquiry as an obvious attempt to place a question mark upon all pledges and obligations internationally made to the Jewish people, and upon the inherent and historic rights of the Jewish people to Falsatine."

(In London, the Foreign Office announced tenight that the inquiry committee would hold hearings there between Jan. 25 and 31).

STREICHER DESCRIBED AS THIEF AND SADIST IN EVIDENCE INTRODUCED AT NUREMBERG TRIAL

NUREMEERG, Jan. 10. (JTA) -- Julius Streicher, the Nazi's No. 1. anti-Semite, when Hitler once called the standard bearer of National Socialism, boday heard himself described in the war crimes court here as a thief who amaged dauge fortune from confiscated Jewish property, and a sadiet "who likes to beat people with whips."

These charges were contained in the report of an official commission appointed by Goring in Nov., 1938 to investigate Streicher's conduct as "gauleiter" of Franconia. The report was one of fifty-two documents presented as evidence by British prosecutor Col. Griffith Jones. Most of the material submitted to the court were excepts from Streicher's anti-jewish speeches and articles appearing in his pornagraphic anti-Jewish newspaper "Der Steurmer."

The Goring commission investigating "aryanization" in Franconia found that Streicher had purchased for himself, at less than one-tenth of its actual value, a large block of stock in the Mars Werkes at Nuremberg, which had been held by a Jewishmusd banking firm. He, and his subordinates, also purchased Jewish homes and villas on their own terms, which were usually less than ten percent of the nominal value.

Among the evidence was an article by Baldur von Schirach, Nazi youth leader, and one of the defendants here, describing the Steurmer as having "enlightened the broad masses of the German people in a popular way concerning the Jewish world danger." Humler, it was shown, also praised the paper and Streicher for "enlightening" the German people in a popular way concerning the Jewish world danger.

Col. Jones also read the following passage written by Streicher for the Nov. 4, 1945 issue of the Steurmer: "It is really the truth that the Jews have, so to spak, disappeared from Europe, and that the Jewish reservoir in the East, from where the Jewish plague has for centuries beset Europe's people, has ceased to exist. However, the German people at the wer's beginning prophesied what has now come to pass."

Presenting the case against Hans Frank, Mazi ruler of Poland, Lieut. Col. W. H. Baldwin, an associate U.S. prosecutor, charged that in 1941 Frank doesned 1,200,000 Jews to death by starvation, trdening that only 500,000 of the estimated 1,500,000 Polish Jews who were still alive would be provided with food, because they were being used as forced labor by the Germans.

ECUADORIAN LINISTRY ISSUES SECRET INSTRUCTIONS BARRING JEWISH INSIGRATION

ASUMCION, Paraguay, Jan. 10. (JTA) - The Equadorian Ministry of Foreign Affairs has issued secret instructions to its consuls ordering them not to grant visas to Jans, reliable sources reported here today.

Heammile, the Faragusyan Minister of Foreign Affairs, Dr. Horacio Chiriani, in an interview with the Jowish Redespraphic Agency, today pointed out that his mation desires to increase the facw of immigration and would not exercise any religious or racial bias in the selection of immigrants. Although preference will be shown to farmers desiring entrance into Faragusy, immigrants with other occupations will be cranted visus too.

Dr. Chiriani stated, however, that Paraguay does not wish to admit immigrants who do not plan to take up perminent residence.

DESPLACED JEWS IN GERMANY RECEIVE TRANSPORT OF MACHINES SENT BY SWISS ORT

MUNICH, Jam. 10. (JTA) - A truckload of machines and tools for Jews in the displaced persons camp at Landsberg arrived here today. The tools and machines, part of a larger shipment destined for vertous camps in Germany and Hungary, was contributed by the Swiss CRT and manufactured in part by students in the CRT's school at Geneva.

ANTI-SELITE FILES \$100,000 LIBEL SUIT AGAINST JEWISH PUBLICATION IN CHICAGO

CHICAGO, Jan. 10. (JTA) -- The Sentinel Iublishing Company, publishers of the Jewish Sentinel, an Anglo-Jewish weekly, are being sued for libel by Elizabeth Dilling, notorious anti-Semite and one of the defendants in the recent mass sedition trials in Weshington.

The \$100,000 suit, which is the third one to be filed against the Sentinel within six months by nationally known anti-Semites, is based on an article, which appeared in the Sentinel, demanding the continuation of the sedition trials. The other autisters being brought by George Vose, one of the Gerald K. Smith's henchmen, and Joe Wollliams and eight other defendants in the sedition trials.

FIRST FOST-WAR INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE OF OSE OPENS IN SWITZERLAND

GENEVA, Jan. 10. (JTA) -- The first post-war international conference of the SE, devish Health Society, opened here today. The initial session of the conference mas devoted to a discussion of the health problems of Jews in devastated European countries and the condition of Jews in displaced persons camps.

Creetings to the conference from Prof. Albert Einstein read in parts. "The practint task at the present time is to restore the health of the victims of war and prescution and to return to normality the children and youngsters who survived the ast holocaust and in whom lies the future hope of Jewry."

EUGARIAN ZIONIST ORGANIZATION OPENS FIRST CONFERENCE SINCE OUTBREAK OF WAR

SOFIA, Jan. 10. (JTA) -- The first conference of the United Zionist Organitation of Bulgaria to be held since the outbreak of the war opened here in the Jewish Feople's House. The conference is being attended by 126 delegates from all parts of the country and numerous guests.

Services commemorating the millions of murdered Jews, the fallen Jewish soldiers of the Allied armies, as well as the dead of the Jewish Brigade were conducted by Chief Rabbi Daniel Zion. He stressed the necessity for Jewish unity.

The opening address was delivered by Eaimoff, chairman of the UEO who, paying tribute to the fellen Jéwish fighters, stressed the fact that Bulgarian Jewry had taken its place in the frontline of the liberators, and urged continuation of the struggle for Jewish mational ideals. Greetings were sent to the conference by Bulgarian Transer Kimon Georgiev and General Biriusoff, chairman of the Allied Commission in Bulgaria,

The Poale Zionist Conference closed here with greetings to the Yishuv "for its heroic answer to the British policy of maintaining the White Papers" The conference also called for the establishment of a free "swish State, abolition of the White Paper, and the free immigration to Pelestise of all "sws still in European camps.

CEMPAL CONFERENCE ON PALESTINE OPENS IN ST. LOUIS CHRISTIAN LEADERS ATTENDING

ST. 10UIS, No. Jan. 10. (JTA) -- A three-day "Central Conference on Palestine" opened here yesterday with the participation of several hundred prominent Christian playmen and laymen. The conference, which is under the auspices of the American Christian Palestine Committee, yesterday was addressed by Sen. Owen Brewster of Maine Other speakers to be heard include Senators Alben Barkley and James Mead and Prof.
Fracts Mainen of the University of Chicago.

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