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CURFEW LIFTED IN TRIPOLI; ARABS ADVANCE ANTI-JEWISH DEMANDS; REFUSE TO GUARANTEE ORDER

TRIPOLI, Libya, Nov. 28. (JTA) -- The curfew proclaimed in Tripolitania following the pogroms in which more than 100 Jews were killed by Arabs, was lifted today in most of Tripoli, but Arab leaders refuse to guarantee that order will be maintained unless certain conditions are met.

The demands advanced by the Arabs include the removal of a Palestinian company serving with British troops here, disbandment of the Jewish boy scouts, cessation of all Zionist activities and termination of the Jewish quota for this city's mixed police force.

160 JEWS FACING TRIAL IN PALESTINE; CHARGED THEY "INTENDED" TO RESIST POLICE

TEL AVIV, Nov. 28. (JTA) -- About 160 Jews who were arrested Monday during the British invasion of several Jewish settlements near Tel Aviv will be tried shortly, an official communique announced today.

British troops last night arrested 70 members of the Mayan settlement of the Young Maccabi, and about 100 settlers from the Zikhron Jacob colony. They had attended a rural conference and were unable to return home due to the curfew regulations. After being held all night in barbed-wire enclosures, they were transferred today to the Atlit camp.

The communique announcing the forthcoming trial of the 160 Jews said: "These Jews were traveling in trucks and buses and were returning from the area of Givat Haim, whether they had gone with the apparent intention of offering organized obstruction to the police."

Authoritative Jewish circles, meanwhile, challenged the accuracy of an official communique on the disturbances at the colony of Hogla, where six Jews were killed, which stated that the settlers had opened fire on the troops, using automatic weapons and rifles.

A careful inquiry on the spot, these sources said, disclosed no evidence of the Jews having fired upon the troops. They cited the fact that the communique makes no mention of any casualties suffered by the soldiers, and that no firearms were found on any of the hundreds of Jews detained for questioning.

Students attending a memorial meeting today for the victims, at the Hebrew University, sent word to the colonies of Shefayim, Givat Haim and Rishpon, which were damaged during the invasion by units of the Sixth Airborne Division, that they were ready to come to the colonies to help make necessary repairs.

Gen. John C. Darcy, British commander in Palestine, announced today that he has reduced most of the sentences meted out by a military court in Haifa to 20 young Jews - including two girls - accused of illegal possession of arms. The original sentences ranged from 3 to 7 years imprisonment.

14 JEWS KILLED, 100 WOUNDED IN PALESTINE WITHIN FORTNIGHT; BRITISH SUFFER NO CASUALTIES

JERUSALEM, Nov. 28. (JTA) -- It is now possible to discern both in the British and the Jewish behavior a distinct pattern since the statement Nov. 23 by Foreign Secretary Ernest Bevin on Palestine in the House of Commons.

In less than two weeks, 14 Jews have been killed by the British, including two men and a boy under 16, while nearly 100 people have been shot, including an eight-year-old. All this violent suppression has been accompanied by the classic excuse that acts from the crowds provoked a reply. Yet despite the reputation for deadly and accurate assaults built up by the "terrorists," not a single British soldier or policeman has been seriously hurt in the clashes with the public.

On the other hand, the Jewish activities indicate a plan of attacks upon specific targets where minimal forces can be engaged as, for example, in the selection of such meaningful targets as the government offices at Tel Aviv--in protest against the British pronouncement--and the attacks on the coastal stations this week in retaliation for the capture of a schooner carrying immigrants without entry permits.

Aside from such sharply limited attacks, which are definitely to be classified as carried out by resistance forces organized in quasi-military cadres, the Jewish answer to the British is obviously taking the form of passive mass resistance. The Tel Aviv demonstrators last week did not reply as an organized mass to the attacks by British troops, while the tactics of passive resistance were most obviously demonstrated by the events yesterday which were exactly paralleled in two separate areas.

In both cases, thousands of Jews with no arms and with nothing in their hands, attempted to stream into the collective farms which had been surrounded by troops, simply to demonstrate their solidarity. Although the British communique today declares that a horseman led the colonists toward Givat Chayim and that other Jews opened fire from the flanks of the soldiers, there is not a single instance of a casualty among the troops as evidence of any firing.

300 Jewish Soldiers Reported Separated from British Division Sent to Palestine

Witnessing events at Givat Haim where British troops fired at Jews, and witnessing also the picking off by rifle fire in the Tel Aviv streets of people who could have been dispersed by the simplest means--such as the use of streams of water--convinced this correspondent that the armed forces here, while they are acting with the utmost restraint, are nevertheless firing unnecessarily. Perhaps these troops were "over-trained" in the expectancy of a general armed uprising.

The report is current here that 300 Jewish soldiers of the Sixth Airborne Division were separated from that detachment before the outfit entered Palestine. The main body of troops are also said to have been politically briefed along lines that the Jews, having now been given a homeland, want to establish a state by force. It is noteworthy that violent antagonism toward the Jews has been expressed by nearly all the soldiers with whom this correspondent has talked.

AMERICAN COMMISSION ON PALESTINE WILL REPORT FINDINGS WITHIN 120 DAYS

WASHINGTON, Nov. 28. (JTA) -- Secretary of State Byrnes told his press conference today that the Governments of the United States and Great Britain have agreed to urge upon the committee appointed to consider the Palestine question that they conduct their inquiry with the utmost expedition, and report within 120 days of the inception of the inquiry. He said that the President was not yet prepared to announce membership of that commission and that announcements would be made simultaneously in London and Washington.

DR. SILVER VISITS INVASED COLONIES; CRITICIZES "DIRTY WORK" OF BRITISH SOLDIERS

JERUSALEM, Nov. 28. (JTA) -- Returning from a visit to the scene of Monday's violence, during which he attended funeral services for the dead, Rabbi Abba Hillel Silver, president of the Zionist Organization of America, described the use of British soldiers "in the dirty work of attacking defenseless men, women and children," as a "great evil."

At a press conference later, he stated that Dr. Chaim Weizmann should have resigned as president of the Jewish Agency ten days ago when several Jews were killed by British troops during disturbances in Tel Aviv, and "he has a new opportunity now."

Dr. Silver said that the fate of Palestine will not be settled by the projected Anglo-American commission of inquiry, but by the United Nations Organization, "and we are preparing our best talent for the battle there." Questioned concerning the Russian attitude to Zionism, the American Zionist leader said that "it is a mystery now, but we must explore this to the utmost, since it is inconceivable that the Palestine problem will ever receive a proper solution without reference to the greatest power bordering the Middle East."

Fludging the support of Jews in the United States, Dr. Silver said that "5,000,000 American Jews have taken it upon themselves to help you. They will not rest until the doors of Palestine are open, and they are satisfied that they never again will close. We know that the Yishuv is a responsible body," he continued, "and is not acting impulsively, especially now when its life is at stake. Whatever you do here, we will back you up. The more heroic your actions, the stronger our support."

ROME VICE-MAYOR ADDRESSES CONFERENCE OF DISPLACED JEWS; SAYS ITALIANS NOT ANTI-SEMITIC

ROME, Nov. 28. (JTA) -- Speaking in behalf of the people of Rome, Vice-Mayor [name] addressed today's session of a three-day conference of representatives of displaced Jews in Italy. He assured the gathering that there are no traces of Nazi anti-Jewish theories among the inhabitants of this capital.

The 150 delegates, representing about 15,000 displaced Jews from UNRRA camps all over Italy, also heard greetings from Chief Rabbi Prato, Antonio Sorieri, chief of the UNRRA section for displaced persons; Allen Brook, representative of the Joint Distribution Committee; Umberto Nahon, representative of the Jewish Agency; Rafaelo Cantoni, representative of the World Jewish Congress and others.

The conference was arranged by the Central Committee of Jewish Refugees in Italy whose main function has been to represent the displaced Jews before civil and military authorities and relief organizations. Jacob Gorfunkel, president of the committee, addressing the conference, protested against Bevin's statement on Palestine and emphasized that the majority of the displaced Jews in Italy are determined to go to Palestine.

EFFORT TO FINANCE FRENCH JEWISH ORGANIZATION AIDING THOSE AWAITING EMIGRATION

PARIS, Nov. 28. (JTA) -- Isaac L. Asofsky, executive director of the HIAS, announced here that an agreement had been reached between Hias and Cojaser, the Jewish Committee for Relief and Reconstruction in France, under which Hias will furnish Cojaser the funds needed for the care of Jews awaiting repatriation or emigration to other countries. At present, the funds of the Cojaser permit only limited assistance to these Jews.

AMERICAN JEWISH COMMITTEE ASKS U.S. GOVERNMENT TO ACT AGAINST ARGENTINE ANTI-SEMITES

NEW YORK, Nov. 28. (JTA) -- The American Jewish Committee today called upon the United States Government to take action in concert with other American republics and the United Nations Organization against the recurrent attacks on Jews in Argentina by fascist elements which support the Peron regime.

In communications addressed to Secretary of State James F. Byrnes and to Spruille Braden, Assistant Secretary of State for Latin American Affairs, signed by its president, Joseph M. Proskauer, the Committee declared that the undemocratic practices of the Peron regime in Argentina have reached such a stage that the security and peace of other nations are now threatened and the entrenchment of a resurgent Nazism in Argentina is no more an internal Argentine affair.

The Committee called attention to two international agreements to which the Argentine Government was a signatory and which established the principle of equality for all, regardless of race or religion. One is a resolution adopted by the Inter-American Conference on Problems of War and Peace held in Mexico City in March 1945, and the other is the charter of the United Nations.

EINSTEIN REVEALED AS PRIME MOVER IN DEVELOPMENT OF ATOMIC BOMB BY UNITED STATES

WASHINGTON, Nov. 28. (JTA) -- Dr. Albert Einstein was revealed yesterday to have been the first scientist to concern himself with the potentialities of the atom bomb as it might affect the United States, at a hearing before a special Senate Committee.

Dr. Alexander Sachs, a Russian-born American economist, told the committee that in October, 1939, he went to President Roosevelt with a letter from Dr. Einstein describing developments to date on atomic energy, and pointing out that it was conceivable that an atomic bomb might be developed which could be carried by ship to our shores and blast an entire port area and its environs. The letter also pointed out that the Germans had made considerable progress along these lines.

As a result of the Einstein letter and a memorandum by physicist Dr. Leo Szilard, the late President named a board to form a working committee. Early in 1940, dissatisfied with the progress being made, Dr. Sachs, upon the advice of Prof. Einstein, appealed to the White House for more assistance, which was given. This was the beginning of the experiments which culminated in the establishment of the "Manhattan Engineering District" and the manufacture of the bombs which fell upon Hiroshima and Nagasaki.

WEIZMANN HELPED DEMOCRACIES TO WIN FIRST AND SECOND WORLD WARS, TRUMAN SAYS

NEW YORK, Nov. 28. (JTA) -- The scientific discoveries by Dr. Chaim Weizmann were of great help to the democracies in winning the first and second World Wars, President Truman said last night in a message addressed to Dr. Weizmann on the occasion of his 71st birthday which was observed at a dinner at the Waldorf-Astoria Hotel.

President Truman said that Dr. Weizmann's discoveries "hold great promise for millions who are now living under the weight of poverty and starvation." Dr. Weizmann was presented with a check for \$1,250,000 for the Weizmann Institute in Palestine instead of a million-dollar check as originally planned.

AMERICAN REPRESENTATIVE, RETURNING FROM POLAND, REPORTS ALL JEWS WANT TO EMIGRATE

LONDON, Nov. 28. (JTA) -- Practically all of the seventy to eighty thousand surviving Jews in Poland want to emigrate, Rabbi Solomon Schoenfeld, a leader of the Union of Orthodox Congregations, said today, reporting to a meeting here on his recent visit to that country.

He revealed that at least 20,000 Jews still retain forged identity papers bearing non-Jewish names, because of the continued anti-Semitism and their fear of persecution. Two thousand Jewish children are still living with Polish foster parents, he disclosed.

Despite efforts by the Polish Government to improve the standard of living, the condition of the majority of the Jews is bad, Rabbi Schoenfeld said, adding that the only bright spot is UHRA, which "is doing a really fine job."

TRUMAN'S SPECIAL ENVOY REPORTS POSITION OF DISPLACED JEWS IN GERMANY IS "ADEQUATE"

WASHINGTON, Nov. 28. (JTA) -- The position of Jewish displaced persons in "settlements" in Germany was reported to be adequate by Byron Price, former director of the office of censorship, in a memorandum released today by President Truman.

Price went to Germany as a special representative of the President to study the relationship between the American occupation forces and the German people, and submitted his report to the President on Nov. 9. "These unfortunate people are not living under the best of conditions," he reported, "but I received no complaints of physical suffering."

Price said that at the special request of General Eisenhower, he visited, during October, several of the centers which house the remaining 400,000 displaced persons in the American zone, four of which were reserved for Jews. These are located at Stuttgart, Feldafing, Wolfratshausen and Deggendorf.

"None of these is a 'camp' in the ordinary sense," Price declared. "With few exceptions the buildings are of permanent winterized construction, mostly stone or brick, equipped with hospitals and community kitchens, and heated. The residents are free to come and go at will. In only one instance did I observe overcrowding and that situation was being remedied. There appeared to be no serious shortage of medicines, clothing or blankets, but nowhere was there sufficient cleaning material. The official records showed a daily ration of 2,300 to 3,800 calories, far in excess of the European average."

Truman Asked to Protest to Britain Against Arrest of Jews in Belsen Camp

WASHINGTON, Nov. 28. (JTA) -- President Truman was urged yesterday by the American League for a Free Palestine to protest against the arrest of leaders of displaced Jews in the Bergen-Belsen camp by British military authorities.

In a telegram to the President, the League drew his attention to the report by the Jewish Telegraphic Agency of the arrest of leaders of the Central Jewish Committee in Bergen-Belson on Nov. 16 and of the desecration by British military police of the Communist flag. "If this is liberation, what was Nazism?" the telegrams asked.