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ARAB THROUS IN TEL AVIV; TROOPS FIRE INTO CROWDS; GOVERNMENT OFFICES SET AFIRE

TEL AVIV, Nov. 14. (JTA) -- A rigid curfew was clamped down on Tel Aviv tonight following the wounding of a number of Jews by British troops who fired into a crowd of demonstrators, ten of whom were hospitalized.

The curfew, which restricts all inhabitants to their homes, will continue for an indefinite period, until the military authorities order it lifted.

At least twenty other Jews were injured here by club-swinging police as demonstrations were held throughout the country during a twelve-hour general strike called to protest the British Government's statement of policy on Palestine. Several policemen were also hurt.

The troops fired after groups of Jewish youths had set the government district offices here on fire and stoned police who rushed to the scene. The troops tried at first to disperse the crowds by firing into the air but later were ordered to fire directly into the demonstrators.

The youths also broke into the income tax offices and destroyed the files. Some of the records were thrown into the street and burned in a bonfire.

Crowds prevented the voluntary fire brigade from extinguishing the fire in the district offices. Later the Light Industries offices were also set afire and explosions were heard inside. Military lorries, speeding through the streets of the city, were stoned.

The demonstrations continued despite the shooting. Armored cars were patrolling the streets of Tel Aviv tonight, while loud speakers mounted on automobiles ordered people to go home.

All Quiet in Jerusalem; U.S. Soldier Injured in Clash with Arabs

All was quiet in Jerusalem tonight, but military police were calling troops from theatres and other places of amusement and sending them back to barracks.

Police report that marauding Arabs exchanged shots with the armed crew of a British-owned truck on the Jerusalem-Jericho road. One United States sergeant and a passenger were slightly injured by glass splinters.

Arab shepherds grazing their flocks on a Jewish settlement near Haifa were involved in a clash with Jewish youths, the police also reported. One Arab and a Palestinian constable were slightly injured.

The general stoppage of work proclaimed by the Jewish National Council started exactly at noon. All workers left their machines and shops and offices were closed. A

self-imposed curfew ordered yesterday was revoked by the Jewish leaders in order to allow the Jews to give vent to their feelings by participating in demonstrations and protest meetings.

Just before the strike began, 600 students of the Hebrew University held a meeting in Jerusalem at which they passed a resolution stating that they were "ready to be called out at any moment by the national institutions to fight for the elementary rights of the Jewish people." The meeting charged that "the treacherous declaration by the mandatory power is a scheme designed to strangle the Zionist movement and the spiritual and cultural life of the Jews in exile." The resolution emphasized that "there is no power on earth that can prevent us from returning to the Jewish homeland and from fulfilling it."

A call to the Jews in Palestine and abroad to begin active resistance "against the policy of condemning the Jewish national effort in Palestine to stagnation" was broadcast in the afternoon by the secret Jewish radio station.

The broadcast, attacking Pevin's "great betrayal," said: "What Hitler did in his murderous blitz is now being repeated in the form of slow, grinding political policy by the democracies. We are being condemned to live in an intolerable ghetto so as not to deprive Europe of its Jewish talents. The new proposals are anti-Jewish and inhuman. This land is ours to work in, to build, to create and to defend. This treachery must not stand. It must not be maintained."

TRUMAN TO NAME U.S. MEMBERS OF ANGLO-AMERICAN INQUIRY COMMITTEE ON PALESTINE

WASHINGTON, Nov. 14. (JTA) -- Secretary of State James F. Byrnes today announced at his press conference that the United States members of the Anglo-American Inquiry Committee on Palestine will be selected by President Truman and that the committee will begin work as soon as the members are selected.

Though no names have yet been mentioned, the Jewish Telegraphic Agency learns that a British suggestion, which is now under consideration, provides that the committee be composed of six to eight members, with the probable inclusion of one member of the House of Commons, one member of the House of Lords and one or two experts.

Mr. Byrnes emphasized that he doubted whether President Truman had time during the past three days to select the American members of the delegation, but added that the objective was to have the committee formed promptly.

THE SENATE BODY TO STUDY PALESTINE PROBLEM AFTER MEETING OF FOREIGN RELATIONS COMMITTEE

WASHINGTON, Nov. 14. (JTA) -- Following a meeting today of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, chairman Tom Connally announced that he would appoint a five-man sub-committee to consider the Palestine problem and the Wagner Taft resolution, which calls for free immigration into Palestine and the establishment of a democratic Commonwealth there.

PALESTINE ARABS CALL ON ARAB NATIONS TO RESIST ADMISSION OF JEWS

JERUSALEM, Nov. 14. (JTA) -- The Palestine Arab Party executive, after a five-hour meeting today, decided to call on all Arab nations to support the Arabs here in their resistance to Jewish immigration.

A message sent to heads of Arab Governments and delegates to the Arab League declared: "Palestine is united in refusing to take any new Jewish immigrants, and insists on its natural right to independence."

JOINT AMERICAN COUNCIL CALLS ANGLO-AMERICAN INQUIRY COMMITTEE "A MOCKERY"

NEW YORK, Nov. 14. (JTA) -- The American Zionist Emergency Council today issued a statement declaring that "the United States has fallen into a carefully prepared trap" by accepting the British proposal for a joint Anglo-American inquiry committee on Palestine. It termed the appointment of the committee a mockery.

The statement, signed by Mr. Abba Hillel Silver and Dr. Stephen S. Wise, co-chairman of the council, said that though President Truman emphasized that he continues to adhere to the views expressed in his letter to Prime Minister Attlee in which he asked for immediate admission of 100,000 Jews to Palestine, his acceptance of the British scheme which provides for the admission of only 1,500 immigrants a month represents a complete recession from his original position.

"The President has done an ill-service to the cause of saving the Jews of Europe by cooperating in a procedure which will postpone for many months any possibility of a solution of their problem and any decision in regard to the opening of the doors of Palestine," the statement declared. It asserted that President Truman has associated this country with a committee of inquiry whose conclusions have already, in important respects, been determined in advance by British Secretary Bevin.

The text of the statement reads as follows:

"1. The statement by Foreign Secretary Bevin, yesterday, on Palestine and on Jewish migration from Europe brings to a climax the self-stultification and the betrayal of pledges which has characterized the policy of the British Labor Government on the Palestine issue since its assumption of office.

"2. As recently as April 1945, the National Executive Committee of the British Labor Party reaffirmed its support for the Jewish National Home in the following terms: 'There is surely neither hope nor meaning in a Jewish National Home unless we are prepared to let the Jews, if they wish, enter this tiny land in such numbers as to become a majority. There was a strong case for this before the war, and there is an irresistible case for it now.'

"This may be compared with Mr. Bevin's insulting remark when dealing with this issue yesterday: 'If the Jews, with all their sufferings, want to get too much at the head of the queue, you have the danger of another anti-Semitic reaction through it all'.

Charges Labor Government With Avoiding Fulfilment of Its Pledges

"3. Instead of carrying out its unequivocal commitments, the Labor Government has sought in every way to procrastinate and to avoid the fulfilment of its pledges.

"4. In this policy of delay it has now succeeded in enlisting the inadvertent support of the President of the United States. By agreeing to the proposal for a joint Anglo-American Committee of Inquiry, the United States Government has fallen into a carefully prepared trap.

"5. In his letter to Mr. Attlee of August 31st, 1945, the President stated on the basis of the investigation conducted at his direction by Mr. Earl G. Harrison, that the main solution for the non-repatriable Jews of Europe was the quick evacuation of those who wished it to Palestine. 'If it is to be effective,' wrote Mr. Truman, 'such action should not be long delayed,' and he urged the immediate grant of 100,000 migration certificates to Palestine. Instead of acceding to this request, the British Government turned it aside by the proposal for a joint Anglo-American Committee of Inquiry. President Truman now states that he continues to adhere to the views

expressed in his letter to Mr. Attlee. But his acceptance of the British scheme, with provision for a paltry fifteen hundred certificates per month until such time as the Committee makes its recommendation, represents a complete recession from his original position.

Jews Again Treated to Empty Words While They Rot, Council Says

"6. The possibilities of Jewish emigration to countries other than Palestine were exhaustively considered at international conferences at Bermuda and at Evian in 1937 and 1938 and the results were nil. The Intergovernmental Committee on Refugees, which has been in existence for years with a like object and with a like result. The burning desire of the majority of the Jews of Europe to emigrate to Palestine is established not only by the reports of Mr. Harrison, or Judge Rifkind, and of Mr. Gibbons of the Red Cross, but by every unbiased observer. In these circumstances, the appointment of another committee of inquiry is a mockery.

Instead of concrete measures in conformity with clearly defined and valid international agreements, the Jews of Europe are again to be treated to empty words while, physically and spiritually, they rot and perish. The President has done an ill-service to the cause of saving the Jews of Europe by cooperating in a procedure which will postpone for many months any possibility of a solution of their problems and any decision in regard to the opening of the doors of Palestine.

"7. At no point in Mr. Devin's statement of policy is there any direct reference to the obligations of His Majesty's Government in regard to the establishment of the Jewish National Home. The British Foreign Secretary has, on the other hand, by implication, accepted the continuance of the infamous policy of the Chamberlain White Paper with its gross discrimination on racial grounds against Jewish purchase of land in Palestine and its limitation of Jewish immigration to a trickle. All this, despite the fact that the party of which Mr. Devin is a leader, in 1939 condemned the White Paper policy as a "cynical breach of pledges given to the Jews and the world, including America," and despite the express statement by Mr. Herbert Morrison, now Lord President of the Council, that that policy would not be automatically binding upon the successors of the Chamberlain Government.

"8. Finally, we must point out that the President of the United States has associated this country with a committee of inquiry whose conclusions have already, in important respects, been determined in advance by the British Foreign Secretary. In spite of the unequivocal commitments of our Government and people to the re-establishment of Palestine as a Jewish Commonwealth, in spite of the statements of President Wilson, of Prime Minister David Lloyd George, of Mr. Winston Churchill, of General Smuts and others at the time of the Balfour Declaration that what was contemplated was the ultimate establishment in Palestine of a Jewish State, the British Foreign Secretary has already declared that the establishment of Palestine as a Jewish State is precluded. Mr. Devin further prejudged the issue by declaring that Palestine cannot, by itself, "provide sufficient opportunity for grappling with the problems" of the surviving Jews of Europe - a conclusion which is in diametrical conflict with authoritative investigations, such as those of Dr. Walter Clay Lowdermilk of the United States Department of Agriculture. Mr. Devin's statement, further, altogether ignores the fact that as was stated by the British Royal Commission on Palestine "unquestionably the primary purpose of the Palestine Mandate was the establishment of the Jewish National Home."

"9. The closer cooperation of our own country with Great Britain in the settlement of the problem of Jewish national homelessness and of Palestine is warmly to be welcomed, but we deeply deplore the form which this cooperation has taken. It is with the utmost regret that we charge our Government with having allowed itself to be involved in a procedure whose main purpose is delay where action is long overdue. We desire to draw attention further to the fact that the terms of reference of the proposed Joint Committee omit all mention of the basic commitments of the British Government in regard to the reconstitution of the Jewish National Home in accordance with the Balfour Declaration and the Palestine Mandate."

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CHARGED WITH PREJUDGING FINDINGS OF ANGLO-AMERICAN INQUIRY COMMITTEE

LONDON, Nov. 14. (JTA) -- Foreign Secretary Bevin was charged today with prejudging the finding of the projected Anglo-American inquiry committee on Palestine by asserting that Palestine alone cannot grapple with the Jewish problem, not even the Arab refugee problem.

The charge was made by David Ben-Gurion, chairman of the executive of the Jewish Agency, addressing a press conference under the chairmanship of Moshe Shertok, head of the Agency's political department. He said that Bevin's statement on Palestine was a shocking disappointment, because it continues the British White Paper in a modified form. "Jews will never agree to make the return to their homeland dependent upon anybody else's consent," he stated. "They will never renounce their claim for statehood."

Leading British newspapers today expressed approval of Bevin's statement and of the creation of an Anglo-American inquiry committee. Some doubts, however, were expressed in connection with the length of time that will be required by the committee to find a solution of the Palestine problem.

The London Times states that the policy enunciated by Bevin deserves full support and makes a notable advance upon many previous attempts at a settlement. In its determination to face these complex issues from the standpoint of the wider interests of the United Nations it makes a significant contribution to the foundations of international security. From the point of view of the inhabitants of Palestine, Jew and Arab alike, it holds out a promise of a better era," the Times says.

The liberal Manchester Guardian asserts that Bevin's statement reveals that the Government has made a great gain at great cost. "The gain is American willingness to share the responsibility for the vast human problem; the cost is the almost infinite delay in finding a solution," the paper says. The time taken to appoint a committee, for the committee to make its investigations and finally to write the report must in practice prolong "for perhaps two years the very situation that now exists in Palestine where Jewish hopes and Arab fears grow fat on the uncertainty," it adds.

"Patience From All Concerned" Is Asked; U.S. Participation Emphasized

"However magnificent the result may be it must be admitted that there is nothing here to encourage the Jew lying on his pailiasse in Belsen or dodging the British army in the mountains of Judea," the Guardian continues. "The Government should realize that however reasonable it may appear in the seclusion of Downing Street, there is little in this statement to put a stop to liberal Jewish immigration or to calm the unrest in Palestine."

The conservative Daily Express describes the new Anglo-American committee as offering "the best hope yet of a settlement which has seemed to move further out of reach with each fresh attempt to obtain it." The association of America with the inquiry is described by the conservative Daily Telegraph as marking a "degree of departure of the United States from the isolationist policy of recent years and follows naturally from President Truman's recent intervention when he suggested allowing further immigration into the country of 100,000 Jews. Nobody can say that the United States offers gratuitous and embarrassing advice without undertaking any responsibility. A little further patience from all concerned is a small price to ask for extinction of a potential volcano in world politics" the Daily Telegraph declared.

The conservative Daily Mail states: "The joint inquiry should have several useful results, even before its report is presented. In the first place, this evidence

good faith on Britain's part, backed by America with her fresh angle of approach, will avert serious trouble now threatening in Palestine. If it does not have that effect, the only conclusion will be that the extremists--Jews or Arabs, or both--have a desire for an equitable settlement, but are determined to pursue a policy of aggressive nationalism."

U.S. PRESS APPROVES, WITH RESERVATIONS, AMERICA'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR PALESTINE

NEW YORK, Nov. 14. (JTA) -- Leading New York newspapers, though approving in principle the fact that the United States Government has assumed part of the responsibility for Palestine, express the belief that the statement represents a blow at Zionist aspirations, and urges that whatever aid the Anglo-American committee of inquiry may bring to the suffering Jews, be brought quickly.

"The New York Times" concedes that the statements of Truman and Devin "will give a vast disappointment to those immediately concerned," and that "under this arrangement the average European Jew's chance to get to Palestine will be, like his chance to win in any other lottery, a slim one." On the other hand, it says, the proposed rate of immigration - 18,000 a year - is greater than the 15,000 a year under the White Paper.

The Times approves Mr. Devin's policy of insisting on the creation of conditions in European countries which will permit the Jews to live there without discrimination and expresses the hope that "the new committee quickens the free world's conscience, and it has the power to do, to the sufferings and present predicament of these innocent people."

The "New York Herald Tribune" considers President Truman's announcement to be a striking departure from the American policy of the last quarter of a century. "President Truman," the paper declares, "has accepted an equal responsibility for the United States in any decisions...and also gained...an equal right to bring its influence constructively to bear on the solution not only of the Palestine problem, but of the problem which the misused and tortured Jews of Europe present to the conscience of civilization as a whole". Such a departure, the paper states, "is a sound one, because it rests on the principle of distributing responsibility." The paper believes that the committee of inquiry may become "a rough model for the kind of agency which must be developed if a working international system is to be achieved."

"The New York Sun" does not see any need for a new inquiry. "If our State Department," the paper declares, "and the British Foreign Office do not know plenty of facts about conditions in Palestine, then a lot of persons employed in both of them ought to be fired out of hand."

WORLD JEWISH CONGRESS SCORES DEVIN FOR DRAWING DISTINCTION BETWEEN ZIONISTS AND JEWS

NEW YORK, Nov. 14. (JTA) -- The World Jewish Congress today issued a statement expressing "surprise and regret" at the fact that Foreign Secretary Devin, in the course of one of his statements yesterday, sought to draw a distinction between the Zionist Organization and "Jewry as a whole" in their insistence "on the fulfillment of the pledged rights of the Jewish people in respect to Palestine."

"The World Jewish Congress, speaking for Jewish communities and organizations in more than thirty countries and expressing what is without question the attitude of the great majority of the Jews of the world, completely repudiates the existence of any such distinction," the statement says. It stresses that the World Jewish Congress and Jews everywhere, "will continue to give to the Jewish Agency "full and complete support in its battle for the rights of the Jewish people with regard to Palestine."

JEWISH AGENCY SAYS JEWS WILL NEVER SUBMIT TO NEW PALESTINE POLICY; PRESS BITTER

JERUSALEM, Nov. 14. (JTA) -- Expressing its "deep disappointment" and the Jewish people's determination "never to submit" to the policy enunciated yesterday by Foreign Minister Bevin, the political department of the Jewish Agency here said today that an official statement of the Agency's position would be issued by its office in London.

The Agency leaders here do not want to enter into a detailed discussion on the subject until after the meeting of the Agency executive on Nov. 25. David Ben-Gurion, chairman of the executive, is expected to arrive here from London this week-end and other members in Britain and the United States have been urged to come to Palestine as soon as possible. (In Washington, it was learned today that Rabbi Abba Hillel Silver, Dr. Nahum Goldmann, and Louis Lipsky are preparing to leave for Jerusalem.)

The Hebrew press unanimously condemns the Bevin statement as a betrayal of Jewish hopes and declares that it cannot and will not be accepted. The Revisionist newspaper Hamashkiff writes that "the Jewish reply to Bevin is short: No. Even if America has joined in the statement, and even if we will remain isolated, our reply is the same."

Charges Statement Discriminates "Between Jews and Jews"

The influential Labor daily Davar says that "the statement introduces new discriminations, not only between Jews and Arabs, but also between Jews and Jews. There is not a single Jew in the world, it continues, "who will not understand the meaning of making the Jews' right to a life without fear and persecution subject to inquiry."

Hishmar, the organ of the left-wing Hashomer Hazeir, charges that "not only Bevin, but the entire Labor Government has disappointed us. But we will not submit," it warns. "Every Jew feels himself betrayed. We have been pushed into a fight and we will take it up."

The English-language Palestine Post, asserting that the Bevin announcement "has only served to increase the dissatisfaction of both Jews and Arabs, leaving the country in chaos," adds: "The Bevin statement is a tangle of hesitant contradictions and timorous hedging. Nowhere is there a single reference to the core of the miraculous Zionist enterprise where 600,000 Jews enriched Palestine and the whole Arab community. After the happenings in Tripoli and Egypt an inquiry commission will consult the rulers of the above countries and formally invite them to decide the future of Palestine and Jewish rights. Jews are bound to reject this new policy which proposes immigration subject to Arab consent."

The first Arab press reaction came from Al Difa, which said that the new policy closed the door of Palestine to Arab aspirations for eventual independence and joining the Arab League. The policy of the Arab League, it added, was further weakened by the inclusions of America, "the open enemy of the Arabs." "How could Mr. Bevin permit himself to invite a pro-Zionist Government to share in the shaping of the destinies of the Arabs?" it asks.

UNITED STATES WILL GRANT THEM CITIZENSHIP

OTTAWA, Nov. 14. (JTA) -- About 3,500 refugees from enemy or enemy-occupied countries who were admitted to Canada during the war have been given permission to remain and will be granted full citizenship rights. Nearly 2,000 of them are Jews, among them 1,000 from Germany who were brought to Canada as internees after the capitulation of France.

The announcement of this change in policy of the Government is contained in an order-in-council released here. It points out that many of these refugees are stateless and escaped from the country of their birth and citizenship prior to the outbreak of the war. Many of these people have rendered valuable service to Canada in the prosecution of the war, the government statement declares.

CONFERENCE IN PARIS DECIDES TO CREATE WORLD FEDERATION OF JEWISH WAR VETERANS

PARIS, Nov. 14. (JTA) -- The creation of a worldwide organization of Jewish war veterans was decided upon yesterday at the conclusion of a conference attended by representatives of the Jewish Brigade, the U. S. Army, French Maquis, Polish Army and partisans, and Belgian resistance groups.

A provisional committee was given the task of convoking a full conference, including members of all Jewish veteran organizations throughout the world, for formal creation of the new group within the next few months. The aims of the organization will be to unite Jewish war veterans, to defend Jews everywhere and to support the struggle of the Jewish people for freedom, immigration to Palestine and national statehood. The conference protested against the conduct of the Belsen trials and asked for independent Jewish representation at the forthcoming Nuremberg trials.

David Ben Gurion, chairman of the executive of the Jewish Agency, in a speech to the conference emphasized the tragic character of the present conflict between the British and Jews and stressed the determination of Jews to fight "for their legitimate rights." A white and blue flag of the French Jewish Maquis was presented to Ben Gurion by Capt. Pierre Loeb of the Maquis.

REINTEGRATION OF JEWISH VETERANS INTO COMMUNAL LIFE DISCUSSED AT WELFARE BOARD MEETING

SPRINGFIELD, Mass. Nov. 14. (JTA) -- The outstanding problem confronting the Jewish centers of the country in the immediate future is the reintegration of the returning veteran to Jewish communal life, Benjamin Rabinowitz of New York, director of the Jewish center division of the National Jewish Welfare Board, told 300 lay and professional leaders of Jewish centers in this part of the country attending the 35th annual convention of the New England section of the National Jewish Welfare Board at the Hotel Kimball here.

Other major tasks which will require Jewish center leadership, Mr. Rabinowitz declared, were the place of Jewish youth in community life; the necessity to work with other segments of community life to eliminate inter-racial tensions and the development of a unified program for Jewish communal life on a national as well as a local level.

Mr. Rabinowitz described the many war activities which the Jewish Welfare Board has carried out as a member agency of USC and predicted that the progress in interfaith relations developed during the war would be continued. He said that the JWB was exploring the possibility of organizing a worldwide federation of Jewish youth organizations, a number of which are already in existence in England, Canada, Australia and South America.

ISRAELI WORLD COMMITTEE UNAWARE OF PROPOSAL FOR ARAB-JEWISH ROUND TABLE

JERUSALEM, Nov. 14. (JTA) — The central committee of the World Agudas Israel organization today issued a statement declaring that leaders of the organization here were unaware of any proposal for an Arab-Jewish round table conference.

Such a round-table parley would at this moment only delay the transfer to Palestine of Jews who are now starving and dying from cold in camps in Germany, Dr. Eliezer Broder, a member of the Agudas Israel central committee, told the Jewish Telegraphic Agency. He emphasized that the transfer of these displaced Jews to Palestine must be delayed for a single moment."

The statement of the central committee was made following a report from Washington that an Agudah delegation headed by Jacob Rosenheim, world president of the organization, had visited Secretary of State James F. Byrnes and submitted a proposal for a round-table conference of Arabs and Jews looking primarily toward the admission to Palestine of 100,000 Jews from Europe. The report said that Mr. Byrnes had promised to submit the proposal to President Truman.

LEAGUE IN MEXICO CHARGED WITH POSTING ANTI-JEWISH SIGNS ON WALLS

MEXICO CITY, (JTA) (By Airmail) — A recent outbreak of anti-Jewish signs affixed to walls of numerous schools and office buildings here is believed the work of an agent of the Arab League, who recently arrived in this capital, according to the daily El Popular.

The newspaper said that "this dangerous anti-Jewish outbreak springs from the Arab League that recently has organized propaganda offices in this hemisphere to propagate anti-Semitism." It added that "a representative of this League is now in Mexico where he arrived to carry out political propaganda activities and it would not be surprising if this person was the one who instigated the racial discrimination in this capital."

Although the anti-Jewish posters were unsigned, it is believed by some circles that the same elements in the wealthy Lebanese colony here which helped finance the pre-war anti-Jewish campaigns of the "Gold Shirts," Nazi-styled political organization, may have collaborated with the recent purported Arab campaign.

JEWISH BRIGADERS, BELGIUM QUEEN HAIL HUBERMAN AT FIRST POST-WAR CONCERT IN BELGIUM

BRUSSELS, Nov. 14. (JTA) — Over 700 soldiers of the Jewish Brigade and Queen Elizabeth were in the distinguished audience that gave an enthusiastic ovation to violinist Bronislaw Huberman at his first concert here since the liberation of Belgium.

Huberman, who is staying at the Royal Palace, lunched at Jewish Brigade headquarters, and afterwards gave an informal concert for the Brigade which, he said, gave him the "greatest satisfaction of any." The Polish-Jewish violinist was well known in Europe before the war, and was a favorite in Vienna until the Anschluss.

"NIGHT OF STARS" IN NEW YORK BRINGS \$110,000 FOR UNITED JEWISH APPEAL

NEW YORK, Nov. 14. (JTA) — The sum of \$110,000 was raised last night by the United Jewish Appeal of New York at the "Night of Stars," a panorama of personalities from the entertainment world, held at Madison Square Garden and attended by more than 20,000 persons. A 170-page yearbook recording Jewish achievements in Palestine was turned by the UJA on the occasion of the event.

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