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WORLD ZIONIST CONFERENCE ISSUES POLITICAL MANIFESTO; ADOPTS \$24,000,000 BUDGET

LONDON, August 13, (JTA) — A nine-point political manifesto was issued to-day by the World Zionist Conference following the adoption of a \$24,000,000 budget and the passing of a resolution empowering the World Zionist executive to raise additional loans for Zionist activities.

The manifesto protests the fact that the White Paper, closing the doors of Palestine for Jewish immigration, is still in effect. With the repeal of the anti-Jewish Nuremberg Laws, the White Paper is characterized as "the only survival of racial discrimination in the civilized world" since it is directed specifically against Jews.

The White Paper is held responsible for the loss in the past of hundreds of thousands of Jewish lives. The manifesto charges that even now the White Paper is making impossible the rehabilitation of tens of thousands of Jews "languishing in camps."

Emphasizing that the White Paper was condemned by the Mandates Commission of the League of Nations and by former Prime Minister Winston Churchill, the manifesto recalls that Herbert Morrison, member of the Labor Government, declared that this document would not be binding for a Labor Cabinet, if the Labor Party came to power.

The Zionist declaration further reminds the British Government that it failed to receive Arab support and that the Arab states declared war against the Axis only when the United Nations victory was assured. "The Jews in Palestine were the only people in the Middle East who mobilised full support for the Allies, and the Jewish Brigade gallantly participated in the defeat of the enemy in Italy," the declaration points out.

Other points of the manifesto emphasize that the surviving Jews in Europe "cannot remain in graveyards" and that "their only salvation lies in a speedy settlement in Palestine," and that "the Jews the world over will feel no freedom from fear unless their status is normalized and Palestine is established as a Jewish State."

The manifesto endorses the attitude of the Jewish Agency that "the White Paper is void of moral and legal validity." Now that the war is over, the Jews cannot acquiesce in the continuation of the White Paper under any circumstances, whether in its present or in a modified form, the manifesto declares.

"No solution, except constituting Palestine as an undivided and undiminished Jewish State in accordance with the original purpose of the Balfour Declaration, and no delay or half measures, can meet the tragedy and the increased sufferings of the Jews," the manifesto concludes.

J.T.A. CORRESPONDENT ADMITTED TO HUNGARY; FINDS ONLY ONE-FIFTH OF ALL JEWS SURVIVED

BUDAPEST, August 13. (JTA) — The first direct contact between the Jews of Hungary and the United United States was established today when a correspondent of the Jewish Telegraphic Agency, accredited to the U.S. Armed Forces, was permitted to enter Budapest and make a survey of the Jewish situation.

"Budapest is now the largest Jewish city of Europe," the correspondent was told by Louis Stockler, president of the local Jewish community. "There are almost 120,000 Jews now in the city, which is about half the number here before the war. Elsewhere in Hungary there are another 40,000 to 50,000 Jews. Roughly speaking, one-fifth of the nearly million Jews who lived in Hungary before the German occupation survive.

"That any of us are here at all," he continued, "is a miracle that few would have believed possible seven months ago. At that time, this place where we are now talking - the narrow ghetto of Budapest - was used by the Nazis to crowd in 68,000 Jews in a space normally filled by 5,000. From here, as was true elsewhere, transports regularly went off to the extermination camps. But it was our good fortune that the Germans were late in starting their systematic extermination, and that the Red Army came early.

"When the Russians arrived," Dr. Stockler related, "we were a starving people, dying from hunger daily. We are still filled with gratitude that we have food and that we are free again." He expressed great appreciation on behalf of the Jewish Community for the aid sent by the Joint Distribution Committee to the Jews in Hungary. The J.D.C. relief, he said, arrived in considerable quantity through the International Red Cross. Nevertheless this need continues for food, clothing and medicine.

Religious freedom has been restored under the provisional government, and Jewish services are attended by large numbers. The synagogue in Uchany street is equipped with minor damages, and adjoining buildings of the Jewish Community are in use. Decrees for the restoration of confiscated Jewish property have been issued by the government.

Since the lack of transportation facilities makes it difficult to get around the country, it is virtually impossible to estimate how many Hungarian Jews want to emigrate. But Max Domonkos, secretary of the Budapest Jewish Community, told the J.T.A. correspondent that most of the older people appear to want to remain, while the younger Jews hope eventually to go elsewhere. Statistics are being compiled, but are not yet completed for the reasons stated.

UNRRA COMMITTEE OPENS DEBATE ON PROBLEM OF DISPLACED PERSONS WHO REFUSE TO BE REPATRIATED

LONDON, August 13. (JTA) — The Committee on Policy of the UNRRA Council today began debate on the problem of displaced persons. On that subject the sessions of the committee, which is headed by Jan Masaryk, the Czechoslovak Foreign Minister, may last several days since the problem has great importance for the hundreds of thousands of persons who are expected still to remain under UNRRA's care next winter in Germany and Austria.

The Committee has been asked to rule on two points. These are, first, the authority of the UNRRA administration to assist in the care of displaced persons who cannot or do not wish to return to their homelands and, second, the question of an agreement with the governments of which displaced persons are nationals as a prerequisite to their care in enemy or ex-enemy countries.

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20,000 JEWISH REFUGEES, INTERNED IN SHANGHAI, WILL BE LIBERATED BY JAPAN'S SURRENDER

BERN, Switzerland, August 13. (JTA) -- More than 20,000 Jewish refugees from Germany and Poland interned by the Japanese in Hongkew section Shanghai will be liberated as soon as the surrender of Japan is announced, it was stated here today by leaders of Jewish relief organizations.

Contact with the Jewish community of Shanghai has been maintained from here since Japan entered the war against the Allies and made it impossible for the American Joint Distribution Committee to send direct relief to the refugees who escaped from Nazi Europe to Shanghai. Two of the J.D.C. representatives in Shanghai, Miss Laura Margolies and Emanuel Siegel, were interned by the Japanese authorities with all other Americans in February 1943. Miss Margolies was later repatriated to the United States on a Swedish exchange ship. Mr. Siegel is still interned.

Despite heroic efforts to feed the needy Jewish internees in the Hongkew camp, there were only sufficient funds to provide one meal a day for 5,000 people. This money was borrowed locally on the promise that it would be repaid at the end of the war by the Joint Distribution Committee. The Shanghai Jewish Relief Association, composed mostly of Russian Jews, has imposed a voluntary tax upon the local Jewish population and the Jewish Relief Committee in Tienstin also participated in raising funds to feed the interned Jewish refugees.

75,000 POLISH JEWS SURVIVED IN GERMAN CONCENTRATION CAMPS, WARSAW RADIO REPORTS

MOSCOW, August 13. (JTA) -- A Yiddish broadcast from Warsaw today reported that 75,000 Polish Jews were found in the German concentration camps after the fall of the Nazi regime.

The broadcast also reported that a meeting took place in Lodz of Jewish and Polish workers at which plans were outlined for the organization of measures to combat anti-Semitism which has been renewed in a virulent form lately in the murderous acts of Polish terrorists.

The Association of Jewish partisans has begun registration of all Jews who fought in the underground movement as partisans against the Germans, the broadcast said. It also reported the establishment of a central Jewish library by the Central Committee of Jews in Poland.

PAN-ARAB LEAGUE WILL MEET THIS MONTH TO DISCUSS PALESTINE, ARAB BROADCAST REPORTS

PARIS, August 13. (JTA) -- Leaders of the pan-Arab League will shortly hold a special conference to discuss the Palestine question in connection with the new political developments in England, the Madrid radio reported in its broadcast in Arabic. The conference will take place in Cairo at the end of this month, the broadcast said.

The French Telegraphic Agency today reported from Palestine that Saudi Arabia asked the American-Arabian Oil Company to establish the terminus of its oil pipeline not in Haifa, but in Gaza "because the Saudi Arabian Government objects to the pipeline crossing into Jewish territory."

JEWISH SERVICE CLUB OCCUPIES FORMER RESIDENCE OF HITLER AT BRUNSWICK

LONDON, August 13. (JTA) -- Field Marshall Bernard Montgomery, commander of the British Armed Forces in Germany, was one of the first visitors to a Jewish Service Club in Brunswick, Germany, occupying a building which was formerly Hitler's residence, the London newspapers report today.

The British commander presented the Jewish club with a Union Jack which is now flying beside the Blue-White Jewish flag. The club is open to all men of the armed services and serves refreshments to 3,000 persons daily. Its secretary, a Jewish social worker from London, is quartered in the bedroom where Hitler slept when in Brunswick.

DISCRIMINATION AGAINST JEWS STILL SERIOUS IN BERLIN; JEWS RECEIVE SMALL RATIONS

LONDON, August 13. (JTA) -- The London press today carries a report from Berlin stating that surviving German Jews are finding it difficult to obtain work in the American-held zone in Berlin because many in posts of authority to provide work are anti-Semitic followers of the Nazis.

Estimating that there are about 6,000 Jews in Berlin, the report says that the liberated German Jews have so far benefited little from the revocation of the Nazi anti-Jewish laws. Though the Jews have been undernourished and tortured under the Nazi regime, they are classified as Germans and not as "victim of Nazism," and are treated as Germans and not as displaced persons who are able to obtain better rations than the Germans, the report says.

CANADIAN JEWISH CONGRESS ASKS UNRRA REPRESENTATIVE TO SUPPORT JEWISH DEMANDS FOR AID

MONTREAL, August 13. (JTA) -- The Canadian Jewish Congress today cabled to Leslie Pearson, Canadian representative at the UNRRA, asking him to support the demands of Jewish organizations for increased UNRRA aid to surviving Jews in Europe.

The cable recalled Mr. Pearson's cooperation with the representatives of the Canadian Jewish Congress at the Montreal sessions of the UNRRA Council last year, and requested his aid in securing the following:

1. That the UNRRA should provide the inmates of various camps in Germany with necessities of life.
2. That the UNRRA immediately begins relief for Jews in enemy and former enemy countries directly or through voluntary relief agencies.
3. That the UNRRA distributes supplies to Jews of foreign nationalities now in France, Belgium and Holland, directly or through the International Red Cross.
4. That the UNRRA takes care of displaced persons who cannot or do not wish to be repatriated against their will.
5. That the UNRRA cooperate with the Intergovernmental Committee for Refugees in finding new homes for the displaced Jews.
6. That the UNRRA enlist the cooperation of the Palestine mandatory power to facilitate the resettlement in Palestine of displaced Jewish persons.

The Canadian Jewish Congress points out in its cable that it associates itself with the joint memorandum submitted last week to the UNRRA by the Board of Deputies of British Jews, the American Jewish Conference and the World Jewish Congress.