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JTA CORRESPONDENT, ARRIVING IN LIBERATED CAMP, FINDS CORPSES OF 1,500 HUNGARIAN JEWS

WITH THE 4th ARMORED DIVISION IN GERMANY, April 8. (JTA) -- As correspondent of the Jewish Telegraphic Agency, I arrived today in the Nordlager Ohrdruf camp, from which the Germans retreated yesterday taking with them about 3,500 internees, and killing the remainder, including 1,500 who were deported from Hungary.

Many of the bodies of the massacred were burned by the Germans prior to retreating, but some of the corpses were only half-burned. The bodies of the 1,500 Hungarian Jews were discovered in huge mass-pits, a half mile away from the camp, in a woods near a tank testing ground. The Nazis tried to burn these bodies, so as to leave no trace of the atrocities. They laid beside the pits 24 stretch rails for a mass grave. Six tar barrels and piles of cut fire logs remained. There were also fifteen - foot-long hook-ended poles for manipulating the burning corpses.

Seven ghostly-looking slave workers liberated by the speedy advance of the units of the Fourth Armored Division were questioned by this correspondent. One of them, who said his name was Yehuda and who is only 19 years old, related how for five years he has been driven by the Germans from prison to prison. He is an invalid, since his toes were cut off by the Gestapo after severe beatings. He is the last of a family of five, the others were all cremated by the Germans in the notorious Oswiecim camp in Poland.

Another survivor among the seven is a 17-year-old Hungarian Jew who said that his name was Alex. "I have been here for four months," he stated. "I was brought here from the Jewish concentration camp which the Germans established in Birkenau and where I had been led to the gas chamber together with my younger brother. In the final selection, the Gestapo officials decided that I was big enough to be used for slave labor, but my brother was too young to do hard work, so I saw how they killed him in the gas chamber. These clothes that I have on me were given to me from the gas chamber. When brought here I was put to work at building an underground factory nearby producing V-weapons."

Another of the survivors is Joachim Leipziger, who was deported by the Germans from Brussels because he was a German-Jewish refugee. He is so weak that he is not able to remain on his feet. The camp officials and the sadistic commanders of the camp succeeded in escaping together with the retreating German units. Lt. Tannenbaum of New York and Sgt. Egon Fleck of Los Angeles have been assigned to aid the surviving wreaths.

NAZI UNDERGROUND RADIO THREATENS JEWISH SOLDIERS; CITES MURDER OF GEN. ROSE

LONDON, April 8. (JTA) -- A warning to American and British Jewish soldiers to stay out of Germany was broadcast today by the Nazi underground "Werewolf" station, citing the murder of Maj. Gen. Maurice Rose.

Threatening that all Jews who enter Germany will be murdered, the broadcast said: "This is the signal. Unless Jews waddle out of Germany with lightning speed, their miserable casualty list will grow. Jews must go. We ourselves have sworn that no Jew shall enter German soil. Let any who dare do so be reminded of General Rose."

PRESIDENT OF BELGRADE JEWISH COMMUNITY RESUMES POST AFTER FOUR YEARS IN GERMAN CAMP

BELGRADE, April 8. (JTA) -- After almost four years in a German prisoner-of-war camp in Pomerania, David A. Alcalay, president of the Belgrade Jewish Community, has just returned to his post.

Still wearing his worn prisoner's coat, he described today to a special correspondent of the Jewish Telegraphic Agency his experiences and outlined his hopes for the upbuilding of Jewish life in this Yugoslavian capital.

"There were two Jewish communities here before the war," Mr. Alcalay said. "One was the Sephardic community numbering 9,500 members, and the other was the Ashkenazi community with 2,500 members. Today we have only about 400 Jews of these two communities left. In addition, there are in Belgrade about a thousand Jewish refugees from other sections of Yugoslavia. We were virtually destroyed, but are now united in a single community and we are trying to re-establish our life. It is a most difficult job.

"To enjoy full religious freedom. Marshal Tito and government officials have shown great interest in our problems. However, we are so stripped of our resources and so weakened in numbers, that we greatly need assistance from Jews abroad, both financial and moral. We hope that our brethren in other lands will not forget us."

(The Sofia correspondent of the Jewish Telegraphic Agency reports today that a delegation of the Federation of Jewish Communities in Yugoslavia has submitted a memorandum to the government urging promulgation of a law outlawing anti-Semitism and official recognition of the status of the Jewish institutions.)

The Sephardic synagogue in Belgrade, after remaining untouched during the years of Nazi occupation, was blown up by the Germans a day before they retreated from the city, last October. All that is left of the building are four crumbling walls and a pile of ashes, brick and mortar. However, on the top of the Eastern wall, silhouetted against the sky, still stand the tablets of the Ten Commandments, unscathed, symbolizing the things which Hitler's vandalism could not destroy.

JEWISH DEPORTEES FROM PARIS RETURN HOME FROM OSWIECIM; FIND THEIR APARTMENTS OCCUPIED

PARIS, April 8. (JTA) -- The first group of Jewish deportees from Paris to return from the notorious Oswiecim death camp reached here today from Poland via the Russian port of Odessa, after being liberated by the Red Army.

The group consists of eight persons. The case of one of them, Anna Stockhammer, can serve as an example of the position of many other rescued Jews who may be repatriated to their homes in France after being liberated from Gestapo camps in Eastern Europe. This Jewish woman, who is only 23 years old, but looks emaciated from many months of starvation, found her apartment in Paris occupied by others, her husband deported, and her father, a tailor, unable to work because he cannot recover his apartment although he served as a volunteer in the French Army from 1939 until the fall of Paris. He managed to hide from the Germans during the occupation.

The repatriated Jewish deportees had their camp numbers tattooed by the Gestapo in blue ink on their left forearm with a small triangle which the Nazis used as a special identifying mark for Jewish internees. They were deported from Paris early in 1943. They told the correspondent of the Jewish Telegraphic Agency of the mass-executions of thousands of Jews which they witnessed in Oswiecim and of the medical experiments which German doctors made on the bodies of Jews, dead and alive.

PRESIDENT OF ECUADOR SAYS HIS COUNTRY WILL WELCOME JEWISH IMMIGRANTS FROM EUROPE

QUITO, Ecuador, April 8. (JTA) -- Jews from European countries will be admitted without difficulty to Ecuador, President Dr. Jose Maria Velasco Ibarra today told Leon Gruszko, special correspondent of the Jewish Telegraphic Agency.

"While I am President," President Ibarra said, "the doors of Ecuador will be opened to every honest foreigner, regardless of race or religion. Jews who wish to establish an industry in Ecuador, or cultivate our fields, and who bring their capital, large or small, will be received with satisfaction. Our laws will protect them fully. And the Jews who cross our frontiers seeking protection from hatred and persecution, will receive shelter even though they have not one cent. Because in times of emergency when men who are suffering must be helped, the supreme law is that you must love your neighbor. This transcends any economic consideration or any administrative regulations.

"I know that in many instances the world has been cruel and barbarous. But Ecuador is a humanitarian, a liberal and a Christian state. The ancient church which is now just a memory, sold its ecclesiastical treasures to help the poor. The world must return to the practice of the primitive gospel if it wishes to be saved. If Jews agree to work in agriculture and, after reaching the countries in which they seek shelter, work in commerce instead, this is due to the cruelty with which they have been persecuted. To save themselves from a concentration camp, they will promise anything, and later cannot fulfill their promises. They are not to be blamed for this. The cruel persecutors in other countries, and the lack of adequate facilities for colonization in the countries of refuge are to be blamed.

"I hope the world will recognize its debt to the Jews. The Bible, the Gospel, Isaiah, St. John are Jewish. The greatest modern physicists and physicians are Jews. The Jewish race has a right to have a geographical home in which it may constitute a state. England and humanity have a juridical debt to the Jewish race. In Palestine the Jews must have the physical foundation on which they can recreate an autonomous and sovereign state from which Jewish thought, incomparable in its profundity and creative ability, may point out to the world the road to deeper ethical orientation and scientific clearness. The Jew is not avaricious. It is Man, the bourgeois man, who is avaricious. The Jew is the greatest moralist of all times and a sage of the first order."

PALESTINE COMMUNIST PARTY REGRETS FORMER STAND, NOW SUPPORTS JEWISH NATIONAL HOME

TEL AVIV, April 8. (JTA) -- The Palestine Communist Party regrets its past policy of opposing Jewish immigration and condoning Arab disturbances, and now supports unrestricted immigration and the establishment of a Jewish national home, Meir Slonim, a leader of the party, said today.

Addressing a conference of the "Communist Education Association," Slonim also advocated support of the "territorial concentration" of Jews in Palestine and said that "there is no conflict between Jewish and Arab interests in Palestine, nor between the demand for the restoration of Jewish rights in Europe and the fight for immigration and upbuilding of the Jewish national home."

PALESTINE SCHOOLS URGED TO INTRODUCE STUDY OF ESPERANTO, CITED AS AID TO WORLD PEACE

JERUSALEM, April 8. (JTA) -- An appeal to Palestine educational institutions to introduce the study of Esperanto, the international language, in the secondary schools and colleges of the country was voiced here in a resolution adopted at the seventh conference of the Palestine Esperanto League. The resolution pointed to the urgent need for a neutral language which could "foster cooperation among nations" and said that Esperanto was suitable.

SEDITION TRIAL WILL BE RESUMED AT THE END OF THIS MONTH, DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE HOPES

WASHINGTON, April 8. (JTA) -- The Department of Justice expects to be ready by the end of April to resume the mass sedition trial which ended in a ~~new~~ trial last fall. It was learned today, but difficulties in finding a judge may compel further postponement.

Revision of the trial brief, now under way, will be completed by mid-April. The number of defendants is being cut from twenty-six to ten or twelve, and an intensive hunt is on for a judge. Heavily loaded calendars of District of Columbia judges may require importation of a judge from another district. So far the search has been without success, so that no definite date can yet be set for the trial.

NEW JERSEY ASSEMBLY PASSES BILL PROHIBITING RACIAL DISCRIMINATION IN EMPLOYMENT

TRENTON, N. J., April 8. (JTA) -- Anti-racial discrimination measures passed the New Jersey Assembly during the week-end with negligible opposition and were assured of Senate approval.

The legislation would prohibit discrimination in employment, union membership and public assemblies because of race, color or creed.

U.S. JEWISH SOLDIERS IN BRITAIN CONTRIBUTE TO REBUILDING OF BOMBED SYNAGOGUE

LONDON, April 8. (JTA) -- American Jewish soldiers who are stationed in East Anglia have made a donation of \$200 to the Norwich Synagogue in memory of their fallen comrades, it was reported here today. The Norwich synagogue was destroyed by bombs.

A story of how an unarmed German-Jewish refugee soldier in the U. S. army captured an escaped Nazi prisoner in England is revealed in last night's Evening Standard. The soldier, Sgt. Charles A. Simon, was walking cross-country when he spied a man wearing an American uniform hiding behind a tree. Acting on a hunch, he barked at the fugitive in German: "What are you doing there." When the German did not answer he forced him to come out from behind the tree and accompany him to camp, an hour's walk away.

DETROIT ZIONISTS URGE DR. SILVER RESUME ZIONIST LEADERSHIP IN COOPERATION WITH OTHERS

DETROIT, April 8. (JTA) -- The Board of the Zionist District of Detroit has passed a resolution on the internal crisis in American Zionism, recommending that Dr. Abba Hillel Silver be urged to resume leadership in the American Zionist emergency Council in cooperation with the other executives and members of that body. A similar resolution was also passed by the Zionist Council of Detroit.

WORLD JEWISH CONGRESS PLANS TO CONDUCT CULTURAL WORK AMONG JEWS IN LIBERATED EUROPE

NEW YORK, April 8. (JTA) -- The World Jewish Congress has embarked upon a program for the educational, cultural and spiritual rehabilitation of Jews in the war-torn countries of Europe and North Africa, it was announced today by Dr. Nahum Goldmann, chairman of its executive committee. Appropriations are being allocated to a new Department of Culture and Education to help build or support schools, train teachers, furnish textbooks and supply other literature necessary for the survival of Judaism in war-torn communities impoverished by the war directly or indirectly, the announcement said.