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ALL JEWS IN SLOVAKIAN CITY ARRESTED IN REPRISAL FOR JEWISH PARTISAN ACTIVITIES

ZURICH, Sept. 11. (JTA) -- The Nazi puppet government of Slovakia has ordered the arrest of the entire Jewish population in the city of Nitra in reprisal for Jewish participation in the partisan units which are now fighting in various sections of the country, the Bratislava radio reported today.

Acting on this order, the chief of police of the Nitra district announced that "Aryans" sheltering Jews will be punished severely. The same announcement said that Jews who, in an effort to escape arrest, flee from their homes in Nitra to join the partisans will be considered rebels and treated as such when caught.

The German Transkontinent Press today reported that a total of 11,185 yokes of confiscated Jewish farm land in pest county will be distributed in the near future among Hungarian ex-soldiers. Another report from Hungary stated that five non-Jews were arrested during the week-end in the city of Kosice for hiding Jews from deportation and that Samuel Friedlander, son of the "Laszliszker Robbo," was arrested and charged with helping Jews to obtain false identification documents in order to escape deportation.

AMERICAN JEWISH ORGANIZATIONS UNITE ON FIVE-POINT PROGRAM FOR CIVIC PROTECTIVE WORK

NEW YORK, Sept. 11. (JTA) -- A five-point program of clearance and coordination on Jewish civic protective work in the United States was adopted here today at the close of a three-day conference of the National Community Relations Advisory Council. The conference, attended by representatives of six national and eighteen local community civic protective agencies, elected David Sher of New York as chairman of the Council. The program provides:

1. To study, analyze and evaluate the policies and activities of the national and local agencies.
2. To ascertain the problem areas from time to time.
3. To ascertain the areas of activities of these organizations and to conduct a continuous inventory of their projects.
4. To serve as a coordinating and clearance agency for projects and policies, to eliminate duplication and conflict of activities, and to recommend further projects to member agencies.
5. To seek agreement on and formulate policies. Such policies once formulated and adopted, it is expected that the affiliated organizations will adhere to such policies and will not engage in any activities in contravention of such policies.

In his report as executive director, Isiah Minkoff reviewed the activities of the National Community Relations Advisory Council since its inception on March 19th of this year, and expressed his belief that "the individual agencies should

continue the functioning end of the job, and the NCRAC should concern itself with the task of evaluating, analyzing and questioning."

Discussion among the delegates to the sessions centered about five papers presented by representatives of the national agencies. Louis Novins, assistant national director of the anti-Defamation League of B'nai B'rith, discussed the problems of political anti-Semitism; Rabbi J. X. Cohen, chairman of the Commission on Economic Discrimination of the American Jewish Congress, and Charles Sherman, director of public relations of the Jewish Labor Committee, presented papers on the problems of post-war economic dislocation and its impact upon the position of the Jews; and Dr. John Slawson, executive vice-president of the American Jewish Committee, and William Wolpert, of the Jewish Labor Committee, reported on recent studies on anti-Semitism and the work being done in the field of scientific research.

Political Anti-Semitism a Failure in the United States

Mr. Novins reported that although political anti-Semitism has cropped up in many areas throughout the country, it is nevertheless a fact that as yet political anti-Semitism has been a failure wherever it was introduced. Dr. Cohen and Mr. Sherman both reported the possible dangers confronting Jews through post-war economic dislocation. It was the opinion of the speakers, and the consensus of the delegates, that American Jewry must align itself individually and organizationally with liberal forces and their programs to lessen the impact of economic dislocation upon the American people.

Dr. Slawson reported a growing anti-Semitism that he described as "grave" and presented to the delegates a picture of the work being done by a group of social scientists working on new techniques to combat anti-Semitism. Mr. Wolpert described an investigation being made among labor groups. Two national agencies -- the Jewish War Veterans of the U.S. and the Union of American Hebrew Congregations -- and four community agencies -- Kansas City, Newark, New Haven and Bridgeport -- were added as members of the NCRAC.

Criteria for Membership Formulated by the Conference

Following a report by Sidney Hollander of Baltimore, chairman of the membership committee, a criteria for membership was devised and accepted. The executive committee was authorized to accept local communities for membership if they met the following three requirements,

- 1.-A Jewish population of 12,000 or more. (Provision was made for smaller communities getting together in a regional setup with the authorization of the executive committee.)
- 2.-That the applicant city have a community organization supported by the community that concerns itself primarily with the problem of civic protection.
- 3.-That the applicant city have a professional directing the civic protective activities of the community.

In the case of national organizations, new members must be accepted by a vote of the entire NCRAC at plenary session. The yardstick determined was that of "proven effectiveness and extent of activity on the area of community relations."

Immediately following his election, Mr. Sher made a brief statement expressing his confidence in the ability of the NCRAC to prove itself a coordinating and clearing agency of great value to the American Jewish Community. Other officers elected besides Mr. Sher, who is a member of the executive committee of the American Jewish Committee, are: Harry Epstein of the American Jewish Congress, and Bernard Epstein, president of Jewish Community Council of New Haven.

JEWISH POLICEMEN RESIGN FROM SERVICE IN TEL-AVIV; ARE REPLACED BY ARABS

TEL AVIV, Sept. 11. (JTA) -- Claiming that their salary is not sufficient to meet the cost of living, many Jewish policemen resigned last week from the Tel Aviv police force. They are being replaced by Arabs. This is the first time that the all-Jewish city of Tel Aviv has had Arabs on its force.

Joseph Banner, 29, alias Leib Wagner, alias Yehuda Ben-David, who escaped from the Latrun Detention Camp in August, 1943, together with 19 others, was fined ten pounds today for breaking jail and returned to the camp. Banner was captured last month. He refused the services of an attorney, and addressed the court assailing the policy of the Palestine Government and the conditions in the Palestine jails.

ASSISTANT DIRECTOR OF WAR REFUGEE BOARD ARRIVES IN LONDON; DISCUSSING RESCUE PLANS

LONDON, Sept. 11. (JTA) -- James Mann, assistant director of the War Refugee Board, has arrived in London where he will be the permanent WRB representative, it is learned here. Mann has already conferred with Eliahu Dobkin, chief of the immigration department of the Jewish Agency for Palestine, on the problems involved in rescuing Jews in Europe. He has also seen Sir Herbert Emerson, head of the Intergovernmental Committee for Refugees.

The hope that a separate Jewish unit in the British Army will be among the Allied troops which will occupy Germany after hostilities cease was voiced in Dorchester yesterday by Lord Strabolgi, Laborite peer, addressing a reception to Palestine Jewish units who recently arrived in Britain for special training. Lord Strabolgi revealed that he has seen Lord Gort, new High Commissioner for Palestine, with whom he discussed various problems affecting Palestine. He warned that the Palestine problem must be solved soon.

AMERICAN JEWISH CONFERENCE DECIDES TO HOLD ITS SECOND SESSION IN PITTS. IN DECEMBER

NEW YORK, Sept. 11. (JTA) -- The second session of the American Jewish Conference will be held in Pittsburgh, Pa. and will open on December 3, it was announced here today by the administrative committee of the Conference.

Originally it was intended to hold the second session in Chicago over the Labor Day week-end, but a ninety day postponement was voted by the Interim Committee in June, in compliance with the request of the Office of Defense Transportation.

The Interim Committee met this week in New York to consider the agenda for the second session. On the unfinished business from the first session is the selection of a delegation to represent American Jewry at the Peace Conference.

34 NEW IMMIGRANTS ARRIVE IN PALESTINE FROM GREECE AND BULGARIA

JERUSALEM, Sept. 11. (JTA) -- Thirty-four new immigrants arrived in Palestine over the week-end by way of Turkey. Twenty-three of them came from Greece and 11 from Bulgaria.

GRUENBAUM RESIGNS LEADERSHIP OF GENERAL ZIONISTS "A" IN PALESTINE

JERUSALEM, Sept. 11. (JTA) -- Itzhak Gruenbaum, a member of the executive of the Jewish Agency, has resigned as leader of the General Zionists "A" because of differences with other leaders of the party, it was learned today.

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AMERICAN JEWISH COMMITTEE LAUNCHES PROGRAM OF SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH INTO ANTI-SEMITISM

NEW YORK, Sept. 11. (JTA) -- The extension of its program of scientific research and experiment in the extent and nature of anti-Semitism in America, study of the measures that are being applied to combat it and new experimentation with tests for the effectiveness of these measures was announced today by Judge Joseph M. Proskauer, president of the American Jewish Committee, in making public the appointment of Dr. Max Horkheimer, director of the Institute of Social Research at Columbia University, as Research Consultant in Domestic Defense for the American Jewish Committee.

"One of the world's outstanding social scientists," said Judge Proskauer, Dr. Horkheimer and a special staff of sociologists, psychiatrists, political scientists and economists will seek to develop a workable hypothesis for anti-Semitism upon which can be built a civic protective program for American Jewry that will be scientifically valid and the basis for a more effective and psychologically sound workday program for our practical public relations experts. This procedure," Judge Proskauer pointed out, "is urgently needed in the problem of inter-group relations just as so-called 'scientific charity' was needed thirty or forty years ago to make the profession of social service a successor to the good intentions of the lady bountifuls of that era."

Dr. Horkheimer and some of his associates from the Institute of Social Research were among the group of twenty-five scholars who participated last spring in a Conference on Research in the Field of Anti-Semitism sponsored by the American Jewish Committee. It was on the basis of the findings of this group--which included Dr. Gordon Allport, professor of psychology at Harvard; Dr. Mark A. May, director of the Institute of Human Relations, Yale University--that the American Jewish Committee decided to extend its program in the field of scientific research on anti-Semitism. This work--its experiments, tests and surveys--Judge Proskauer announced, will be conducted by Dr. Horkheimer and his associates under the supervision of Dr. John Slawson, executive vice-president of the American Jewish Committee. Dr. Horkheimer comes to the American Jewish Committee from a long and successful career as a social philosopher in the universities of Europe and the United States.

Absence of Scientific Inquiry Leads to Complacency, Dr. Slawson Says

In supplementing Judge Proskauer's announcement of the appointment of Dr. Horkheimer to the staff of the American Jewish Committee, Dr. Slawson said:

"It should be clearly understood that the scientific approach to the problem of anti-Semitism is supplementary to and not a substitute for techniques presently used; neither is it a substitution for common sense or experience. We are dealing with a problem of sickness in the area of group relations on the part of the American public. The furtherance of inter-group relations will be facilitated by the employment of our developing knowledge of individual and group reactions, of our knowledge of our limitations, and of our ability to see crystal clear objectives. In fostering anti-Semitism, the Nazis have used pseudo science, through its Institute for the Study of the Jewish Problem, whereas we, on the other hand, have failed to utilize the scientific resources at our disposal to strengthen and preserve the forces of good and to counteract the forces of evil. Our scientific approach carries with it three major objectives;

"1. Investigation of the extent and special nature of anti-Semitism in America. This involves the supplementation of the poll technique with intensive

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psychological investigation of the subconscious of individuals and groups.

"2.-Experimentation with tests for evaluating the effectiveness of current techniques for combatting anti-Semitism

"3.-Study of the measures that are today being applied to combat anti-Semitism with a view towards enhancing their effectiveness. This includes the testing of experimental and demonstration activities on more intensive levels than now reached by our public relations technicians.

"It is quite evident that a general strategy needs to be mapped out for defense activities of American Jewry. It is a well-known truth that in no field of social pathology--and anti-Semitism must be viewed as a pathological aberration--can progress be made without an all-inclusive strategy and without mapping out specific objectives. It is because the absence of scientific inquiry tends to lead to complacency and smugness, and tends to close minds to new developments and new methods, that we have asked Dr. Horkheimer and his associates to join the American Jewish Committee.

"Although it is easier to debate and continue our work on the basis of intuition, and one's prejudices than to engage in scientific research that might possibly prove the error of one's past ways, we feel that the American Jewish community in the grave situation it faces deserves no less than that the best minds in America be assigned to the work of preserving the democratic way in America which is threatened by the cancer of anti-Semitism that so thoroughly destroyed the last vestiges of decency in Germany.

"We are hopeful also that we will be able to create a profession skilled in techniques and procedures for the promotion of positive inter-group relations. From these research projects and scientific inquiry, material will be evolved that will constitute the content by means of which persons so skilled can be trained. This has happened in the field of social work and in other areas of human relations; it will similarly be a development in the field of Jewish civic protection. There must be a correlation between the public relations worker who has been so important in our past defense activities, and that of the social scientist. The scientist must be assigned the function of diagnosis and general planning, and the public relations man must continue to carry on his shoulders the practical responsibility for executing and administering the therapeutic treatment recommended by the social scientist."

SAMUEL S. SCHNEIERSON TO HEAD 1944 APPEAL OF NEW YORK JEWISH FEDERATION

NEW YORK, Sept. 11. (JTA) -- Samuel S. Schneierson, long active in Jewish philanthropic and educational work in New York City, will head the 1944 appeal of the Federation of Jewish Philanthropies, it was announced here today.

Accepting the new post, Mr. Schneierson said that this year's appeal would be "for the most generous possible gifts, keyed not merely to today's vast immediate needs, but towards strengthening and safe-guarding the 116 historic Jewish agencies for tomorrow's post-war responsibilities."

AMERICAN COUNCIL OF WARSAW JEWS OPENS \$1,000,000 DRIVE FOR JEWS IN POLAND

NEW YORK, Sept. 11. (JTA) -- A million dollar drive to organize relief for Jews in Warsaw immediately after the liberation of the Polish capital was launched here yesterday by the American Council for Warsaw Jews at a mass-meeting held at the Hotel Commodore attended by representatives of 46 Warsaw groups in New York. The meeting was addressed by a representative of the United Jewish Appeal.