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EDEN GIVES PARLIAMENT GLOOMY PICTURE OF SITUATION OF JEWS IN HUNGARY

LONDON, July 5. (JTA) -- Foreign Secretary Eden, speaking in the House of Commons, today presented a very gloomy picture of the position of the Jews in Hungary and of the possibilities of saving them from annihilation.

"I greatly regret to report that there are strong indications that the German and Hungarian authorities have begun the barbarous deportations of Jews in the course of which many have been killed," he told the House.

"Unfortunately," he continued, "there are no signs to show that the repeated declarations of His Majesty's Government and of other governments of the United Nations, of their intention to punish the instigators and the perpetrators of the frightful crimes have moved the German government and its Hungarian accomplices to allow the departure of even a small proportion of victims or abate the persecution."

Says Victory is Only Hope of Saving Jews

The principal hope of saving the Jews of Hungary is a speedy victory, Mr. Eden emphasized, when asked whether the United Nations are taking any further steps to prevent the total extermination of Hungarian Jewry. Queried whether it is true that of 400,000 deported Hungarian Jews about 100,000 have been slain, Eden replied that he would rather not give any figures since exact information was not available.

"We have done all we can, and shall do all we can," he declared. He referred to intervention by the Pope and by the King of Sweden with the Hungarian Government, and pointed out that Britain, too, has intervened by endorsing, last March, President Roosevelt's warning to Hungary of retribution for extermination of Jews.

"We shall, of course, continue to use our radio facilities to bring home to the Hungarian Government the feelings of the House and of our nation," the Foreign Secretary said. He reiterated that the British Government "is completely in step with the government of the United States" with regard to making representations to Hungary, but it cannot associate itself with the representations of the Swedish king "because the position of a neutral king is different."

The Archbishop of Westminster, Catholic Primate of Britain, today sent a letter to the World Jewish Congress pledging that he "will not leave a stone unturned" in behalf of Hungarian Jewry. Expressing horror and disgust at the persecution of the Jews, the Archbishop stated that he would appeal to the Pope for further intervention by the Vatican and expressed the hope that "our joint appeal will be successful."

The Archbishop of Canterbury, head of the Anglican Church, also voiced his concern over the fate of the Hungarian Jews and pledged his efforts in support of measures to aid them.

GERMANS "LIQUIDATE" GHETTO IN DVINSK; NO JEWS LEFT IN MINSK AND IN VITEBSK

STOCKHOLM, July 5. (JTA) -- With the Russian Army advancing towards the Baltic countries, it was reported here today that the German authorities have "liquidated" the ghetto in the Latvian city of Dvinsk and transported the 11,000 Jews remaining there to an "unknown destination."

Swedish newspapers reporting details of the capture of Minsk by the Red Army, state that the Germans prior to their retreat from Minsk, set the ghetto afire. Not a single Jew was found by the Russians in Minsk when they entered the city.

A Moscow report describing the situation in Vitebsk, which was a heavily-populated Jewish city before the war, says that no Jews were left alive by the Germans. "Vitebsk, once the pride of Byelorussia, is now almost completely destroyed," the report states. "The streets are filled with debris, broken glass, stones and bricks. The Germans mercilessly demolished every building and reduced everything to ruins."

AMERICAN CORRESPONDENTS FIND ANTI-JEWISH LAWS STILL VALID IN BESSARABIA UNDER SOVIETS

NEW YORK, July 5. (JTA) -- American correspondents in Russia who are visiting the liberated parts of Rumania today report that they have found 16,000 Jews in the city of Botoshani, Bessarabia. They are being conducted through the area by Soviet authorities.

Four hundred of the wealthier Jewish families there are helping the others, one correspondent reported. The entire population of Botoshani is 22,000 as compared with 30,000 before the war. Two thousand Botoshani Jews were killed or deported by the German-Rumanian authorities. In the entire Botoshani district 60,000 Jews have vanished.

All correspondents emphasize that the Soviet authorities have left the Rumanian anti-Jewish laws in force in the liberated part of Rumania, as part of their policy of non-intervention in local affairs. This especially affects Jewish merchants. Jews, however, are serving as local officials and policemen and their children are attending school freely. Many Jews pressed on the correspondents the addresses of their relatives in America, asking them to inform their families that they were alive and well.

8,507 JEWS ENTERED PALESTINE IN PAST SIX MONTHS; MAINLY FROM NEAR EAST AND BALKANS

JERUSALEM, July 5. (JTA) -- A total of 8,507 Jewish immigrants have arrived in Palestine during the last six months, it is reported today in the statistical bulletin of the Palestine Government.

Of these, 2,421 came from Yemen, 2,158 from Turkey, 1,999 are Polish nationals, and the balance came from the Levant countries, and Bulgaria, Germany, Czechoslovakia, Hungary and Rumania.

More than 6,000 of the immigrants entered on labor certificates, 356 were classified as "capitalists," while the remainder were dependents of the principal immigrants.

U. S. JEWISH FLYER WHO PARACHUTED FROM FORTRESS AROUSES HUNGARIAN ANGER

BERNE, July 5. (JTA) -- Hungarian newspapers reaching here today report that "the people in Budapest were quite incensed" when an American flier who bailed out of a U. S. bomber which was shot down by anti-air craft fire turned out to be a Jew who had lived in Budapest for many years. The Jewish flier, whose name is not given, is reported by the Hungarian newspapers to have left Hungary for the United States only a few years ago.

SPAIN EXPECTS NEW REFUGEES AS RESULT OF INCREASED TERROR IN OCCUPIED FRANCE

LONDON, July 5. (JTA) -- With 600 refugees transferred from the Miranda refugee camp in Spain to a "temporary refugee shelter" in North Africa, the Spanish authorities are now rearranging the camp, which is in northern Spain, to accommodate hundreds of other refugees who are expected to flee from France and Belgium across the Pyrenees, it was learned here today.

The new influx of illegal refugees is expected in connection with the new wave of terror which the German authorities have now started throughout France as a result of the progress of the Allied invasion. Jews are being rounded up in all parts of France and house-to-house searches for hidden Jews are being conducted on a twenty-four hour basis.

It was revealed here today that an agreement between the UNRRA and a number of governments of Europe, including Russia, has been drafted in London covering the repatriation and resettlement of the millions of people who lost their homes when they became refugees, deportees or forced laborers. Officers of the UNRRA here who are studying the question estimate that there are about 30,000,000 uprooted persons who will be in need of repatriation and settlement.

Of this total, 4,000,000 are Jews. The UNRRA officers consider the resettlement of uprooted Jews one of the most difficult parts of their program, since it is not known yet whether many of them can be repatriated to their countries of origin, or whether they will agree to such repatriation.

JEWISH AGENCY WARNS AGAINST "PREMATURE OPTIMISM" OVER FORMATION OF JEWISH BRIGADE

LONDON, July 5. (JTA) -- Spokesmen for the Jewish Agency today warned against "premature optimism" concerning the announcement in the House of Lords, yesterday, that Britain was considering the formation of a separate Jewish brigade. The Agency officials stressed that so far no practical steps have been announced.

Under-Secretary for War Lord Croft told the House of Lords that while formation of a separate Jewish army or division was not feasible at present, the government was studying the possibility of establishing a Jewish Brigade.

Replying to a demand by Lord Strabolgi for formation of a Jewish Army, Lord Croft said that the difficulties involved in transporting all Jews who would wish to join such a unit from four continents, and the problems which would result from the great diversity of languages made it difficult to create such an army, "although," he continued, "we would welcome ten or twelve extra divisions" if it were possible.

Supporting Lord Strabolgi's demand, Lord Melchett charged that Palestinian Jewish soldiers serving at present in Libya and Palestine feel that they are wasting their time at guard duties, and resent the fact that they are not being allowed to participate in the fighting.

STETTINIUS URGES STUDENTS TO PRACTICE TOLERANCE; EMPHASIZES RACIAL UNITY

NEW BRUNSWICK, N.J., July 5. (JTA) -- Graduates of Rutgers University were told today by Under-Secretary of State Edward Stettinius, Jr., principal speaker at commencement exercises, that they must learn "quickly and effectively" to work with their fellow men "in a spirit of tolerance, understanding, and good will." He stressed that "men of different nationalities, race, color and creed are fighting side by side today."

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