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by the

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HUNDREDS OF REFUGEES SEIZED FOR DEPORTATION IN FRENCH AREAS

VICHY, Dec. 1. (JTA) -- Hundreds of Polish, Czech and German refugees are being rounded up for deportation in the Marseille, Nice and Toulouse districts, it was learned here today. They are being concentrated in camps pending their deportation.

There were nearly 7,000 Jews among the 70,000 Lorraine residents deported by Germany to unoccupied France, it has been ascertained. Collections to assist them are being held in all Jewish communities.

Meanwhile, Paris advices said that a number of Jews formerly identified with anti-Nazi activities in France have been seized by the Nazi authorities and transported to Germany.

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Many Jews Listed Among Wounded French Repatriates

VICHY, Dec. 1. (JTA) -- Many Jewish names were included in the Official Journal's list, published today, of wounded French war prisoners repatriated from Germany, affording ironic commentary on the recently-enacted law barring Jews from service in the French Army.

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Jews Barred From Music Post

VICHY, Dec. 1. (JTA) -- Jews are barred from the post of professor of music at the famous Paris Musical Conservatory under the terms of a notice published today in the Official Journal.

VICHY DECREE PERMITTING EMIGRATION OF INTERNED REFUGEES PUBLISHED HERE

NEW YORK, Dec. 1. (JTA) -- A copy of a decree issued by the French Government in Vichy permitting emigration, except for "special cases," of interned refugees who can prove their ability to enter some other country was made public here today by the American Committee to Save Refugees, headed by Prof. Walter Rautenstrauch, who said it had been forwarded by inmates of the Camp du Vernet.

Issuance of the decree, it was stated, served to dispel fears that anti-Nazi refugees would be turned over to the German Government, in accordance with the clause

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of the armistice agreement providing for return of any German nationals demanded by the Reich. The copy of the decree follows:

"OFFICIAL NOTICE ISSUED BY MINISTRY OF INTERIOR OF FRENCH GOVERNMENT, VICHY:

"Refugees from Germany, ex-Austria, Danzig and the Czechoslovaks born in the Sudeten area.

"These foreigners were in a camp visited by the Kundt Commission. Please give me the names of those foreigners who want to leave the country and who fulfill the conditions stipulated by Paragraph 1. With the exception of special cases, I will comply with their request.

"In effect, since the Kundt Commission, after having consulted the list of these foreigners, did not make use of the rights to which the German authorities are entitled by Paragraph 2 of Article 19 of the Armistice Terms, I believe, and this in accordance with the Secretary of State to Foreign Affairs, that they are to be allowed to emigrate.

"NOTE: Foreigners in this category who wish to go to a country other than their country of origin will be sent (whether they are at liberty or in a camp) to a locality chosen by the Prefect of Bouches du Rhone where a camp will be set up.

"IF: 1) they have the material means of making the trip

"2) they have:

"I - either a visa to a foreign country and the necessary transit visas

"II - or a letter from the consulate of the country where they plan to go, informing them that a visa has been granted and asking them to call for its delivery

"III - or a simple letter from this consulate asking them to present themselves for an examination of their situation and a medical examination in view of granting them the visa.

"Exit Permits: When a foreigner has been transferred to this special camp in the Bouches du Rhone, he will be considered as allowed to leave France and the Prefect of this Department will automatically deliver an exit permit which will be stamped on the document described above."

NAZIS DECREE BLOCKS BANK DEPOSITS OF OVER 3,000 CROWNS HELD BY CZECH JEWS

ZURICH, Dec. 1. (JTA) -- A decree blocking all bank holdings of Jews over 3,000 crowns has been issued by the Nazi authorities in the Czech Protectorate, it was reported here today.

According to Der Neue Tag, Prague Nazi organ, Jews, persons married to Jews, and Jewish organizations must surrender their savings bank books by Dec. 13 and the deposits will be transferred to blocked accounts managed by German-appointed trustees. Jewish enterprises are permitted to retain cash not exceeding one year's sales.

RUMANIA FORCES JEWISH CAFES TO CLOSE ON SUNDAYS, HOLIDAYS

ZURICH, Dec. 1. (JTA) -- The Rumanian Labor Ministry has ordered Jewish restaurants, cafes and similar establishments throughout Rumania to close on Sundays and holidays, the German wireless reported today.

SEEK RELEASE OF VOLTERRA'S SON FROM BRITISH INTERNMENT CAMP

LONDON, Dec. 1. (JTA) -- Strong efforts are being made to secure the release of Prof. Enrico Volterra, Italian Jewish engineer, from the Isle of Man internment camp, it was learned today.

Volterra is the son of the late Senator Vito Volterra, outstanding Italian mathematician who died in Italy in October. Enrico Volterra was exiled from Italy in 1939 for anti-Fascist views and came to England where he was interned last June.

It was learned that Volterra had declined an invitation to fill the chair of engineering of the Institute for Testing Materials at Rosario University, Argentina, to come to England. The University recently renewed the offer but Volterra has not yet accepted, declaring in a letter that he would prefer to remain in England and place his knowledge at the service of this country's war effort. He said, however, that if his services were not desired he would accept the invitation.

Volterra was at one time professor of engineering at the University of Rome. He did special research at King's College, Cambridge, before his internment.

NAZIS FORCE JEWISH DOCTORS TO DISPLAY STARS ON NAMEPLATES

LONDON, Dec. 1. (JTA) -- The Nazi authorities in Poland have issued an order requiring all Jewish physicians to display six-pointed Jewish stars on their nameplates, the Polish Telegraphic Agency reported today.

Two Cracow Jews have been sentenced to 18 months' imprisonment for violating the ban on kosher slaughter, according to the Nazi press.

In Warsaw, the authorities have discontinued tramway service between the ghetto and other parts of the city.

The authorities in Lodz have issued a decree forbidding Jews to enter public meeting places, gatherings and entertainments or to use electricity and gaslight after 8 p.m.

ROOSEVELT, YALE HONOR NEW HAVEN TEMPLE'S 100TH ANNIVERSARY

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Dec. 1. (JTA) -- President Roosevelt, religious leaders and Yale University have joined in honoring the 100th anniversary of the founding of the Reform Congregation Mishkan Israel, oldest synagogue in Connecticut and second oldest in New England. The anniversary will be celebrated from Dec. 2 to 9.

"The continuous existence of your synagogue through a full century bears ample evidence of its worth to the community it serves," President Roosevelt said in a message

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to Rabbi Edgar E. Siskin, "and the world never had greater need than at the present time to strive to attain the ideal set forth by the grand Old Testament Prophet Micah: 'To do justly, and to love mercy, and to walk humbly with thy God.'

"I trust, therefore, that the celebration will be an enjoyable event and one that will inspire all who participate with new zeal to exemplify in modern terms the ancient teachings of Israel."

Yale will formally open an exhibition in the University's Sterling Memorial Library tomorrow afternoon in connection with the centennial celebration. This exhibition will include important works on Hebraica and Judaica, particularly as they affect the early Jews of New Haven and New England. Manuscripts and letters from early Jewish residents to Yale officials will be shown, as well as several communications written by Ezra Stiles, Yale president who was greatly interested in the study of Hebrew.

UNIVERSAL CALENDAR, BASED ON REFORM OF HEBREW CALENDAR, PROJECTED IN BUENOS AIRES

BUENOS AIRES, (JTA-By Mail) -- A plan for a new universal calendar, based on reform of the Hebrew calendar, has been brought forward by Nissim Elnecave, Jewish scholar, in an article in a special edition of the review La Luz commemorating the end of the 57th Hebrew century.

After reviewing the calendars of ancient and modern times, the author outlines a Perpetual Sabbatical Calendar, involving primarily reform of the Hebrew calendar but which could be used by all nations.

This calendar's characteristics are the following:

(1) The year, the month and the week start always on Sunday and end on Saturday. Commemoration of the Sabbath as a day of rest would fit in perfectly since Sunday always would come at the end of a week, a month and a year.

(2) The year is sub-divided always in complete weeks. The dates of holidays and the day of the week in which they occur would thus be permanently established. For example, Rosh Hashona (Hebrew New Year) and Easter would always take place on a Sunday.

(3) A year consists of 364 days (or 52 weeks) when a regular year is involved and 371 days (or 53 weeks) in a leap year.

(4) A year is divided into 13 months of 28 days each. The additional week in a leap year is added to the 13th month, making it a 35-day month. Thus a Sabbatical Calendar applied to any year is suitable for the ensuing years.

(5) The calendar establishes a 28-year period during which five additional weeks are included in order to ffset the loss of 11¼ days each year. These five weeks are added on in the 5th, 10th, 15th, 20th, and 28th year of this 28-year period, which thus become leap years.

(6) To establish whether a year is a leap year or not all that is necessary is to divide the specific year by 28. If the remaining figure is equal to 5, 10, 15, 20 or 28 the year is a leap year, otherwise it is a regular year.