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1560 BROADWAY, N.Y.C.

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Thursday, August 1, 1940.

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It was understood that today's action followed conferences among consular officials and British authorities regarding the large numbers of refugees unable to complete formalities for securing visas. To aid them, the American Consulate established a branch office near Huyton camp.

The White Paper removes some of the most obvious complaints against the internment procedure. It grants exemptions for persons under 16 and over 70; the invalid or infirm; youths under 18 residing with British families or in schools; skilled workers, scientists and researchers whose work is of national importance; employers of British labor; doctors and dentists authorized to practice or study; persons who served in the armed forces or have been accepted for the Pioneer Corps or who have a British-born or naturalized son serving in the forces; ministers, except of the German Church, and officials of refugee organizations.

The campaign for a reversal of the Government's internment policy, designed to make internment an exception instead of the rule is still proceeding in Parliament and in the press.

Wickham Steed, former editor of The Times, in a letter to the Picture Post, denounced the present policy as an "egregious and avoidable blunder." He charged that the policy had resulted in at least 12 suicides in a fortnight.

Among the internees already released is Martin Rosenbluth, head of the Commission for Settlement of German Jews in Palestine.

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Allowing for the several other frontier towns along the Pruth--and also for the thousands of unregistered persons who crossed the Pruth during the first few days after the occupation--observers estimate that a total of from 60,000 to 70,000 persons have abandoned Rumania and returned to their homes in Bessarabia.

Whether or not all remaining Bessarabian Jews in Rumania will be expelled to Soviet territory has not yet been decided by the Government. Thirty-two Jewish businessmen and merchants who recently received orders from the Interior Ministry to leave the country within five days have obtained a stay until a general policy has been decided on. One legal difficulty that may perhaps save bourgeois Jews from concentration camps in Bessarabia is that by sending to Bessarabia Jews who are Rumanian citizens, the Rumanian Government will, in effect, be recognizing the legality of the Russian seizure of Bessarabia and that is one thing that the Government wishes to avoid.

On the other hand, Foreign Minister Mihail Manoilescu, in a speech last night, declared that the Government was determined to settle the Jewish question by "firm and decisive measures."

As if to emphasize his statement, it was officially announced today that all Jews employed by the Ministry of Interior in Bucharest have already been dismissed and that Jewish employees would shortly be removed from local services as well.

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