

VOL. VII. NO. 88.

Sunday, July 21, 1940.

FRANCE BARS CIVIL SERVICE TO KIN OF FOREIGN BORN

ZURICH, July 19. (ONA) -- Two important decrees--one of them providing that no French civil servant be of foreign origin--were published in the Official Gazette in Vichy today under the signature of Marshal Henri Petain, French chief of state, according to a German wireless report.

Under the new ruling all civil servants must be able to prove that their father and mother were French. Some exceptions will be made for veterans of the Great War and the present war. Civil servants whose ancestry does not meet these requirements may be discharged and will receive a small pension.

The other decree provides that civil servants of the French state and other administrations, including military bodies, may be discharged by the Government between now and October 31 despite previous legal provisions pertaining to their tenure. Those discharged will be granted a severance pay equivalent to three months! wages.

RUMANIA HALTS CONVERSION OF JEWS

BUCHAREST, July 19. (JTA) -- Jews in Rumania henceforth will be forbidden to adopt the Christian religion, Education Minister Demeter Caracostea announced today in a radio broadcast.

The minister also stated that the State subsidy for the Jewish community amounting to 1,000,000 lei per year had been cancelled. The Education Ministry is at present drawing up a list of Jewish teachers and professors who will be discharged from their posts.

In a second interview within the week, Interior Minister David Popescu informed Dr. William Filderman, president of the Union of Rumanian Jews, that he was trying to suppress agitation leading to disturbance of the peace. He asked that the Jews remain calm.

Shift to Pro-Soviet Policy Forecast

LONDON, July 19. (ONA) -- Informed quarters today forecast a complete policy switch by King Carol of Rumania following Soviet Russia's occuration of Moldavian territory and Germany's failure to protect the country from Russia or to quiet Hungarian and Bulgarian demands on Bucharest.

Since the policy of attempting to conciliate Germany by giving Rumania a pro-German fascist regime failed, Carol is seen here as contemplating going to the other extreme, ousting the right-wingers and installing a government under Julius Maniu, Peasant Party leader, with a policy of throwing Rumania at the mercy of the Soviet.

ITALIAN PAPER URGES EXILE OF ALL JEWS TO MADAGASCAR; BUDAPEST PAPERS REPRINT ARTICLE

EUDAPEST, July 19. (JTA) -- The inspired article by Alfredo Signoretti, editor of the Turin newspaper La Stampa, advocating that all European Jews be exiled after the war to Madagascar, was reprinted in a number of Budapest newspapers today.

"A necessary condition to a new order in Europe is completely to remove all Jews from the continent," Signoretti said. "Precautionary measures taken by Germany and Italy are not enough. After the war, our military victory will make it possible for us to find an arbitrary solution to many important problems. Why should we not also put an end to this problem, which is not one century old but thousands of years.

"The Jews must be sent as far away from Europe as possible and their return prevented. It is an absurd experiment to settle the Jews in Palestine on the shores of the Mediterranean, where they remain in contact with European life.

"The suggestion that the Jews settle in Madagascar is surely the happiest solution to the problem. This gigantic island has a warm climate and agriculture could support millions without difficulty.

"But, whether the European Jewish population is exiled to Madagascar or to some other spot," Signoretti concluded, "some emigration project to liberate Europe of its Jews must be carried out."

JEWISH PAPER TO BE ISSUED IN NAZI POLAND, NAZIS REPORT

ZURICH, July 19. (JTA) -- A newspaper for Jews in Nazi-occupied Poland will be issued shortly, the Berlin wireless reported today from Cracow.

"The paper will be devoted to a discussion of purely Jewish matters and will thus resemble other Jewish papers in the Reich and in the Bohemia-Moravia Protectorate," the report said. "Problems of training the Jews in professions, transfer and emigration of Jews will be the main topics of this paper."

(As far as is known the only Jewish paper being published in the Reich or Naziheld territory at the present is the Juedisches Nachrichtenblatt, issued under Nazisupervision once a week-in Berlin.)

BRITISH POLICY ON REFUGEES HIT; FORMATION OF 'EUROPEAN LEGION' URGED

LONDON, July 19. (ONA) -- The New Statesman and Nation today termed the Government's treatment of the refugee question a "scandal" and urged that the entire problem be reviewed by the Government.

The periodical demanded that a "sane policy" be instituted by the Government with regard to the question and recommended a program along the following lines:

1--Organization of a European Legion comprising Austrians, Germans and Czechs to fight the common enemy;

2--Appointment of a special Undersecretary for the Home Office to deal with the question and establishment of an advisory committee to assist him.

The magazine Spectator also attacked the Government treatment of refugees, asserting that the policy of general intermment and even deportation of proved, notorious anti-Nazis was harsh, uneconomic and dangerously calculated to drive humane Englishmen to hostility against the Government.

AGENCY, N.Z.O. REPORTED IN LONDON PARLEY

LONDON, July 19. (JTA) -- Representatives of the Jewish Agency for Palestine and the New Zionist Organization met recently, it was reported today "on good authority" by the Zionist-Revisionist organ the Jewish Standard.

The meeting reportedly was arranged through the efforts of "certain Jewish personalities" who were deeply anxious to see some form of Jewish national cooperation and coordination of efforts in essential matters.

"While the results of the meeting are not known," the Standard said, "there is reason to believe that the next few days will show whether any material results may be expected."

TANGIER PUTS NEW CURB ON IMMIGRATION

LISBON, July 19. (ONA) -- Tangier authorities have ruled that only citizens of the countries signatory to the Tangier International Zone Convention-Britain, France and Spain-will be permitted to enter the zone without depositing 5,000 Moroccan francs, it was reported here today. Persons of other nationality must provide the deposits.

Twenty-one German Jewish refugees arrived here today from Switzerland. The refugees, who have been granted United States visas, will leave for that country July 30 on the Greek steamer Nea Hellas.

J.D.C. Men Push Refugee Aid

LISBON, July 19. (JTA) -- Emmanuel Rosen, member of the American Jewish Joint Distribution Committee, will leave shortly by plans for Casablanca, French Morocco and Tangier, to discuss refugee problems with authorities there, it was learned here today. Herbert Katzki, also attached to the J.D.C., will leave Lisbon soon for Perpignan, France, to establish contact with Jewish organizations in unoccupied France.

Aide of Verdier On Way Here to Help Refugees

LISBON, July 19. (ONA) -- Mme. Imbert-Weiss, secretary of the relief committee established by the late Jean Cardinal Verdier, Archbishop of Paris, arrived here today en route to New York where she will appeal for aid for Jewish refugees. Mme. Imbert-Weiss will leave by the next Clipper.

ICA TO CARRY ON WORK DESPITE REDUCED EMIGRATION OUTLETS, GOTTSCHALK STATES

NEW YORK, July 19. (JTA) -- The Jewish Colonization Association and HIAS-ICA Emigration Association intend to carry on their work to the greatest extent possible, despite the closing of most emigration channels and the dispersal of ICA leaders, Max Gottschalk, president of the HIAS-ICA and member of the ICA board, declared in an interview with the J.T.A. today.

Gottschalk, a commandant (major) in the Belgian army and president of the Belgian Social Security Board, arrived here on the Greek steamer Nea Hellas on July 12 from Lisbon. His army unit had retreated to Bordeaux, France, after King Leopold's surrender, and when France surrendered he left for Lisbon. He will remain here permanently.

"The ICA will go on with its work," Gottschalk said at his hotel today, "although its leaders are scattered. The president, Leonard G. Montefiore, is in London. The general director, Louis Oungre, is in Marseille with his brother Edouard and cannot cross the border Mirkin is in Lisbon awaiting instructions and planning to go to Argentina.

"Of the ICA's three activities--colonization, emigration, through the HIAS-ICA, and loan kassas, through the Joint Agricultural Foundation--colonization remains the chief sphere of operation and will be continued, although it cannot be extended for the duration of the war because Britain does not permit new credits. The ICA colonies, mainly in Brazil and Argentina, remain active.

"The HIAS-ICA still has much work to do because there are many refugees in southern France who have visas for the United States and South American countries. There will be some difficulty because of German examination of emigrants in occupied France, but many will be able to leave. They will have to be aided by existing organizations.

"The loan kassa system has lost the main part of its activity because the kassas can no longer function in the German-occupied and Soviet-dominated countries, where perhaps as many as 550 of the Foundation's 600 kassas existed. It may be possible to establish new loan kassas in South America."

Gottschalk ridiculed a published report that \$500,000,000 in funds of Jewish organizations had been seized by the Nazis in France. The ICA, he said, maintained only enough funds in France to meet current operating expenses, while the Alliance Israelite had little money within the country.

It has not yet been decided where the ICA will establish new headquarters. Gott-schalk said he personally favored Buenos Aires, as a center of ICA activities, while the HIAS-ICA could conduct its emigration work from New York and Lisbon.

Gottschalk, in addition to being president of the Belgian Social Security Board, was Belgian delegate to the International Labor Office and a member of the Institut Sociologique Solvey.

LITHUANIA DROPS AID TO REFUGEES

LONDON, July 19. (ONA) -- The Lithuanian Government has abrogated the agreement under which it contributed the equivalent of 50 per cent of the funds sent into Lithuania by American and British organizations for the relief of refugees from Poland, it was learned here today.

(Continued on reverse side)



VOL. VII. NO. 88.

Sunday, July 21, 1940.

FRANCE BARS CIVIL SERVICE TO KIN OF FOREIGN BORN

ZURICH, July 19. (ONA) -- Two important decrees--one of them providing that no French civil servant be of foreign origin--were published in the Official Gazette in Vichy today under the signature of Marshal Henri Petain, French chief of state, according to a German wireless report.

Under the new ruling all civil servants must be able to prove that their father and mother were French. Some exceptions will be made for veterans of the Great War and the present war. Civil servants whose ancestry does not meet these requirements may be discharged and will receive a small pension.

The other decree provides that civil servants of the French state and other administrations, including military bodies, may be discharged by the Government between now and October 31 despite previous legal provisions pertaining to their tenure. Those discharged will be granted a severance pay equivalent to three months! wages.

RUMANIA HALTS CONVERSION OF JEWS

BUCHAREST, July 19. (JTA) -- Jews in Rumania henceforth will be forbidden to adopt the Christian religion, Education Minister Demeter Caracostea announced today in a radio broadcast.

The minister also stated that the State subsidy for the Jewish community amounting to 1,000,000 lei per year had been cancelled. The Education Ministry is at present drawing up a list of Jewish teachers and professors who will be discharged from their posts.

In a second interview within the week, Interior Minister David Popescu informed Dr. William Filderman, president of the Union of Rumanian Jews, that he was trying to suppress agitation leading to disturbance of the peace. He asked that the Jews remain calm.

Shift to Pro-Soviet Policy Forecast

LONDON, July 19. (ONA) -- Informed quarters today forecast a complete policy switch by King Carol of Rumania following Soviet Russia's occuration of Moldavian territory and Germany's failure to protect the country from Russia or to quiet Hungarian and Bulgarian demands on Bucharest.

Since the policy of attempting to conciliate Germany by giving Rumania a pro-German fascist regime failed, Carol is seen here as contemplating going to the other extreme, ousting the right-wingers and installing a government under Julius Maniu, Peasant Party leader, with a policy of throwing Rumania at the mercy of the Soviet.

ITALIAN PAPER URGES EXILE OF ALL JEWS TO MADAGASCAR; BUDAPEST PAPERS REPRINT ARTICLE

EUDAPEST, July 19. (JTA) -- The inspired article by Alfredo Signoretti, editor of the Turin newspaper La Stampa, advocating that all European Jews be exiled after the war to Madagascar, was reprinted in a number of Budapest newspapers today.

"A necessary condition to a new order in Europe is completely to remove all Jews from the continent," Signoretti said. "Precautionary measures taken by Germany and Italy are not enough. After the war, our military victory will make it possible for us to find an arbitrary solution to many important problems. Why should we not also put an end to this problem, which is not one century old but thousands of years.

"The Jews must be sent as far away from Europe as possible and their return prevented. It is an absurd experiment to settle the Jews in Palestine on the shores of the Mediterranean, where they remain in contact with European life.

"The suggestion that the Jews settle in Madagascar is surely the happiest solution to the problem. This gigantic island has a warm climate and agriculture could support millions without difficulty.

"But, whether the European Jewish population is exiled to Madagascar or to some other spot," Signoretti concluded, "some emigration project to liberate Europe of its Jews must be carried out."

JEWISH PAPER TO BE ISSUED IN NAZI POLAND, NAZIS REPORT

ZURICH, July 19. (JTA) -- A newspaper for Jews in Nazi-occupied Poland will be issued shortly, the Berlin wireless reported today from Cracow.

"The paper will be devoted to a discussion of purely Jewish matters and will thus resemble other Jewish papers in the Reich and in the Bohemia-Moravia Protectorate," the report said. "Problems of training the Jews in professions, transfer and emigration of Jews will be the main topics of this paper."

(As far as is known the only Jewish paper being published in the Reich or Naziheld territory at the present is the Juedisches Nachrichtenblatt, issued under Nazisupervision once a week-in Berlin.)

BRITISH POLICY ON REFUGEES HIT; FORMATION OF 'EUROPEAN LEGION' URGED

LONDON, July 19. (ONA) -- The New Statesman and Nation today termed the Government's treatment of the refugee question a "scandal" and urged that the entire problem be reviewed by the Government.

The periodical demanded that a "sane policy" be instituted by the Government with regard to the question and recommended a program along the following lines:

1--Organization of a European Legion comprising Austrians, Germans and Czechs to fight the common enemy;

2--Appointment of a special Undersecretary for the Home Office to deal with the question and establishment of an advisory committee to assist him.

The magazine Spectator also attacked the Government treatment of refugees, asserting that the policy of general intermment and even deportation of proved, notorious anti-Nazis was harsh, uneconomic and dangerously calculated to drive humane Englishmen to hostility against the Government.

AGENCY, N.Z.O. REPORTED IN LONDON PARLEY

LONDON, July 19. (JTA) -- Representatives of the Jewish Agency for Palestine and the New Zionist Organization met recently, it was reported today "on good authority" by the Zionist-Revisionist organ the Jewish Standard.

The meeting reportedly was arranged through the efforts of "certain Jewish personalities" who were deeply anxious to see some form of Jewish national cooperation and coordination of efforts in essential matters.

"While the results of the meeting are not known," the Standard said, "there is reason to believe that the next few days will show whether any material results may be expected."

TANGIER PUTS NEW CURB ON IMMIGRATION

LISBON, July 19. (ONA) -- Tangier authorities have ruled that only citizens of the countries signatory to the Tangier International Zone Convention-Britain, France and Spain-will be permitted to enter the zone without depositing 5,000 Moroccan francs, it was reported here today. Persons of other nationality must provide the deposits.

Twenty-one German Jewish refugees arrived here today from Switzerland. The refugees, who have been granted United States visas, will leave for that country July 30 on the Greek steamer Nea Hellas.

J.D.C. Men Push Refugee Aid

LISBON, July 19. (JTA) -- Emmanuel Rosen, member of the American Jewish Joint Distribution Committee, will leave shortly by plans for Casablanca, French Morocco and Tangier, to discuss refugee problems with authorities there, it was learned here today. Herbert Katzki, also attached to the J.D.C., will leave Lisbon soon for Perpignan, France, to establish contact with Jewish organizations in unoccupied France.

Aide of Verdier On Way Here to Help Refugees

LISBON, July 19. (ONA) -- Mme. Imbert-Weiss, secretary of the relief committee established by the late Jean Cardinal Verdier, Archbishop of Paris, arrived here today en route to New York where she will appeal for aid for Jewish refugees. Mme. Imbert-Weiss will leave by the next Clipper.

ICA TO CARRY ON WORK DESPITE REDUCED EMIGRATION OUTLETS, GOTTSCHALK STATES

NEW YORK, July 19. (JTA) -- The Jewish Colonization Association and HIAS-ICA Emigration Association intend to carry on their work to the greatest extent possible, despite the closing of most emigration channels and the dispersal of ICA leaders, Max Gottschalk, president of the HIAS-ICA and member of the ICA board, declared in an interview with the J.T.A. today.

Gottschalk, a commandant (major) in the Belgian army and president of the Belgian Social Security Board, arrived here on the Greek steamer Nea Hellas on July 12 from Lisbon. His army unit had retreated to Bordeaux, France, after King Leopold's surrender, and when France surrendered he left for Lisbon. He will remain here permanently.

"The ICA will go on with its work," Gottschalk said at his hotel today, "although its leaders are scattered. The president, Leonard G. Montefiore, is in London. The general director, Louis Oungre, is in Marseille with his brother Edouard and cannot cross the border Mirkin is in Lisbon awaiting instructions and planning to go to Argentina.

"Of the ICA's three activities--colonization, emigration, through the HIAS-ICA, and loan kassas, through the Joint Agricultural Foundation--colonization remains the chief sphere of operation and will be continued, although it cannot be extended for the duration of the war because Britain does not permit new credits. The ICA colonies, mainly in Brazil and Argentina, remain active.

"The HIAS-ICA still has much work to do because there are many refugees in southern France who have visas for the United States and South American countries. There will be some difficulty because of German examination of emigrants in occupied France, but many will be able to leave. They will have to be aided by existing organizations.

"The loan kassa system has lost the main part of its activity because the kassas can no longer function in the German-occupied and Soviet-dominated countries, where perhaps as many as 550 of the Foundation's 600 kassas existed. It may be possible to establish new loan kassas in South America."

Gottschalk ridiculed a published report that \$500,000,000 in funds of Jewish organizations had been seized by the Nazis in France. The ICA, he said, maintained only enough funds in France to meet current operating expenses, while the Alliance Israelite had little money within the country.

It has not yet been decided where the ICA will establish new headquarters. Gott-schalk said he personally favored Buenos Aires, as a center of ICA activities, while the HIAS-ICA could conduct its emigration work from New York and Lisbon.

Gottschalk, in addition to being president of the Belgian Social Security Board, was Belgian delegate to the International Labor Office and a member of the Institut Sociologique Solvey.

LITHUANIA DROPS AID TO REFUGEES

LONDON, July 19. (ONA) -- The Lithuanian Government has abrogated the agreement under which it contributed the equivalent of 50 per cent of the funds sent into Lithuania by American and British organizations for the relief of refugees from Poland, it was learned here today.

(Continued on reverse side)