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3 JEWS REPORTED KILLED, 3 WOUNTED IN BAGHDAD BOMBING

JERUSALEM, July 14. (JTA) -- The Hebrew newspaper Davar, in a dispatch from Beirut, reported today that three Jews were killed and three others wounded in a bombing of a Jewish club at Baghdad.

The dispatch said five Arab youths were arrested as suspects and the Iraq Government forbade publication of the incident. The bombing was attributed to members of the Arab Committee for Palestine.

Hebrew U. Student Gets 7-Year Term ;

JERUSALEM, July 14. (JTA) -- The Jerusalem military court today sentenced Bernard Teitler, 28-year-old Hebrew University student from Germany, to seven years in prison for possession of explosives in his room. Sentence followed testimony by Teitler's Jewish landlady contradicting his claim that the furniture in which the explosives were found did not belong to him.

Rector Abraham Fraenkel testified that Teitler was one of the most brilliant mathematics students in the university. Defense Attorney Goitein pleaded for leniency in view of the sufferings undergone by Teitler's family prior to their emigration from Germany. The prosecution contended that the defendant was a "cat's-paw covering up Jewish bomb makers."

SWISS NAZIS GET JAIL TERMS FOR PRO-GERMAN ESPIONAGE

ZURICH, Switzerland, July 14. (JTA) -- Switzerland's Nazi "Fuehrer" and six of his confederates were sentenced here today to prison terms ranging from three months to two years after being convicted of pro-German espionage. All eight defendants were given 10 days in which to file an appeal.

Dr. Alfred Zander, head of the "League of Faithful Confederates," insisted throughout the trial that he and his followers had maintained no contact with the Reich, and protes ed that they had not sought to overthrow the Swiss Government. The prosecution produced testimony to prove the defendants had communicated with Nazi party officials at Munich.

Zander and his confederates were convicted under the 1935 espionage law. Johann Frei described as the "go-between" man, was given the severest sentence -- two years' imprisonment and five years! loss of civil rights. Frei was tried in absentia, having fled to Germany. Zander was imprisoned for 18 months and will be deprived of his civil rights for three years.

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COUGHLIN PROGRAMS FACE FIRST TEST UNDER RADIO CODE ON CONTROVERSIAL ISSUES

NEW YORK, July 14. (JTA) -- Executives of the National Association of Broadcasters indicated today that the first effort to enforce the new code of ethics adopted at the association's Atlantic City convention this week, under which sale of radio time for presentation of controversial issues is prohibited, will involve "radio priest" Charles E. Coughlin, whose Sunday programs from Royal Oak, Mich., have frequently been anti-Semitic in tenor.

The test will develop, it was stated, when Coughlin's contracts with radio stations carrying his program expire in the Fall. The code goes into effect on Sept. 24, when standard time is resumed. Between the time Coughlin's contracts expire and now, the radio code authority set up by the association is expected to rule on whether or not the Coughlin programs are controversial.

According to the New York Herald Tribune, in a dispatch from Atlantic City, association officials said the decision will chiefly hinge on whether the code authority decides the Coughlin speeches are religious worship programs or discussions of controversial subjects.

"If the code authority rules the speeches are controversial," the dispatch said,
"Father Coughlin will be barred from buying radio time. Stations would then undoubtedly
both decrease the number of his broadcasts and deny him the Sunday afternoon program spot he
now fills. They would be forced also to grant equal free time to responsible groups or individuals desiring to refute his statements."

The Tribune said four ranking executives of the N.A.B. admitted, on questioning, that they did not see how the code authority could rule the Coughlin speeches other than controversial. Only one of seven radio broadcasters whose stations carry the Coughlin hour, the Tribune said, expressed the belief that the "radio priest's" programs were non-controversial.

Drafters of the code voiced the belief that enforcement of the code in Coughlin's case would sharply limit his influence on American public opinion by reducing his time on the air and making free time available for rebuttal.

ARSON SUSPECTS SEIZED IN FIRES THAT RAZED LITHUANIAN JEWISH TOWNS

KAUNAS, Lithuania, July 14. (JTA) -- Several persons have been arrested on suspicion of incendiarism in connection with a number of big fires which swept Jewish towns in recent weeks, it was disclosed here today.

Editor Verblovsky of the Jewish newspaper Folksblatt has been ordered dismissed for allegedly publishing false reports concerning a fire at the Jewish township of Jukliai. The dismissal was ordered by the Interior Minister under the new press law. Verblovsky had reported that members of the national militia of Siauliai beat Jews with rifles when they tried to rescue their belongings from the fire.

Twenty-seven persons, including two Jews, were fined up to 1,000 lits each in connection with recent anti-Jewish excesses at the township of Leipalingai.

MORE REFUGEE SHIPS SAILING FOR PALESTINE FROM RUMANIAN PORT

BUCHAREST, July 14. (JTA) -- The Panamanian steamer Partis sailed from Constanza for Palestine today with 600 Jewish emigrants on board. Two more Panamanian ships, the Papetta and the Colorado, arrived at Constanza yesterday and will sail over the weekend with approximately 1,000 emigrants.

A Jewish refugees' home will be opened shortly at the Black Sea resort of Carmen Silva, near Constanza, where several hundred awaiting emigration opportunities will be accommodated.

It was learned reliably, meanwhile, that Rumanian frontier guards have received official instructions not to send back foreign Jews who have succeeded in crossing the Rumanian border.

Nazis Sorry "Rim" Exiles Were Saved

LONDON, July 14. (JTA) -- An Arabic broadcast from Germany voiced regret that the Jewish refugees on the steamer Rim, which last week burned off the Island of Rhodes, had escaped death, it was revealed today by the Times.

The following version of the Rim tragedy was broadcast from Germany on July 7 and recorded in London and Palestine: "Fire broke out in a ship flying the Panama flag with 814 Jews on board. Unfortunately these errant Jews were rescued from the death that they deserved by near-by boats."

1,286 Landed at Shanghai

SHANGHAI, July 14. (JTA) -- Two Italian steamers have landed 1,286 Jewish refugees here in the last few days. The Conte Biancamano disembarked 827, including 216 married couples, 96 children, 94 single women and 205 single men. The Usaramo landed 459 refugees, including 114 couples, 56 children, 33 single women and 142 single men. All have been placed in three hostels in the Hongkew district. There are now more than 13,000 Jewish refu ees here and the number is expected to grow to 20,000 by the end of the year.

LUXEMBURG POLICE SEIZE NEW NAZI PAPER

LUXEMBURG, July 14. (JTA) -- The police today confiscated the first issue of the Nazi newspaper Luxemburger Freiheit on the grounds that it endangered public order. The newspape was printed by a German press at St. Vith, in the Eupen-Malmedy region of Belgium. All Luxemburg printing plants had refused to handle the paper.

MEMEL JEWESS WHO TRIED TO WIN HUSBAND'S RELEASE JAILED BY GESTAPO

MEMEL, Germany, July 14. (JTA) -- The Gestapo has arrested the wife of Dr. Hanemann, Jwish communal worker, on charges of "atrocity propaganda," it was learned today. The arrest followed her effort to obtain intervention by the Lithuanian Foreign Ministry on behalf of Dr. Hanemann, a Lithuanian citizen, who had been seized by the Nazis prior to annexation of Memel by Germany.

907 JEWS EMIGRATED FROM RUMANIA IN 1938

BUCHAREST, July 14. (JTA) - Official statistics revealed today that 907 Jews had emigrated from Rumania in 1938. Of the 2,739 persons who entered Rumania in the same perioonly 56 were Jews.

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FOLLY OF ANTI-SEMITISM DESCRIBED IN VOLUME BY TWO ENGLISH PUBLICISTS

LONDON (JTA) -- The folly of anti-Semitism is described in a booklet by Sidney Dark and Herbert Sidebotham, two prominent English publicists, published by Hodder and Stoughton.

Anti-Semitism, the authors point out, is not merely a Jewish concern, but the concern of all men who care for justice, decency and kindness; it is the deliberate exaggeration of difference for mean ends. The authors deny the existence of a Jewish problem anywhere, even in Nazi Germany.

"The character of Nazism, and its development," they write, "suggest that there is no such thing as a peculiarly Jewish problem. The Jewish problem is part of the problem of a world in the throes of revolutionary change and of the clash of antagonistic ideas. The war against the Jew is not the war against an alien minority but against the freedom of the individual, which is vital both to democracy and to Christian philosophy, as the late Pope insisted in one of his great Encyclicals. Pastor Niemoeller soon followed the Jewish rabbis into a concentration camp. As has always been his fate, the Jew is the vanguard of suffering. But he will not suffer alone.

"German anti-Semitism has certain characteristics that might not necessarily be associated with anti-Semitic developments in other countries, since German racialism is the outcome of distinctively German qualities. But contempt for any group of men and women, not because of individual vices or deficiencies, but because of their descent, is foolish and demoralizing and, given untoward circumstances, may always become the prelude to persecution.

"Anti-Semitism has curiously contradictory excuses. In Germany the Jew was resented because he was prosperous and influential. In Poland he is resented because he is powerty-stricken. To Certain critics of capitalism the Jew is the most effective supporter of the tyranny of interest. To the defenders of capitalism he is the power behind international communism. These contradictions are themselves indicative of the folly of an agitation that has to find different excuse according to circumstance and surroundings. And everywhere behind the racial and economic pleadings there is a wealth of opportunity for fully satisfying jealousy, envy, hatred, and all uncharitableness."

POLISH JEWRY HAILS FRANCE ON BASTILLE DAY

MARSAW, July 14. (JTA) -- President Maurice Maizel of the Union of Jewish Communities today sent a message of congratulations to the French Ambassador on the occasion of Bastille Day. The message emphasized that the Revolution had granted emancipation to the Jews simultaneously with freedom for the French people. It expressed the hope that the "noble ideals of the Revolution" would be continued "for the good of civilization."

STATE UNIVERSITY RECOGNIZES YIDDISH AS MODERN TONGUE

STORRS, Conn., July 14. (JTA) -- The University of Connecticut has recognized Yiddish as a modern language, proficiency in which may be offered toward a bachelor of Arts degree, it was learned today. Recognition of the language was contained in a ruling in the case of Leo Wilensky of Moodus, Conn., who had petitioned the university's committee on scholastic standing to be permitted to take a Yiddish reading knowledge test to satisfy the requirement for his degree. At least one year's study of a modern language and passage of a reading test in the same or any other modern tongue is required for the arts degree.