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JEWISH TELEGRAPHIC AGENCY

1560 BROADWAY, N. Y. C.

VOL. V. NO. 68.

Thursday, February 25, 1939.

ARABS AND JEWS TO MEET INFORMALLY FOR FIRST TIME TODAY

LONDON, Feb. 22. (JTA) -- Jewish delegates and representatives of Arab states will meet face to face tomorrow morning for the first time in the two-week-old Palestine conferences, it was announced today.

An informal meeting for general discussion will be attended by Foreign Secretary Lord Halifax and Colonial Secretary Malcolm MacDonald, representing Britain; Dr. Chaim Weizmann, representing the Jews, and delegates from Iraq, Egypt and possibly also Saudi Arabia. No Palestine Arab representatives will be present.

The meeting was described -- in the words of Prime Minister Neville Chamberlain's speech to the opening session of the conferences -- as an attempt to solve the problem by "personal contact." It was stated, however, that the Arabs' attendance does not imply recognition of the Jewish Agency.

Earlier, the British Cabinet was understood to have authorized Mr. MacDonald to make concrete proposals to the Jews involving restriction of Jewish immigration to the Holy Land. (The Associated Press reported that Mr. MacDonald had told the Cabinet that the conferences were virtually over and that the rival delegations were beyond reconciliation.)

This morning Dr. Weizmann and David Ben Gurion called on Foreign Secretary Lord Halifax and Mr. MacDonald at the Colonial Office. Dr. Stephen S. Wise and the Rev. Maurice Perlzweig, of the British Jewish delegation, were scheduled to confer this evening with Foreign Undersecretary Richard A. Butler. The conversations were understood to be aimed at clarification of the situation, the Jews stressing refusal to accept a permanent minority status or to make concessions limiting Jewish rights.

Reports of a breakdown in the Anglo-Jewish part of the triangular conferences on Palestine, circulated following an inconclusive three-hour session Monday night which ended with no date set for a new meeting, were officially denied yesterday. It was understood that Mr. MacDonald and Mr. Butler met with Arab and Jewish delegates yesterday, although no meetings had been formally scheduled, and that the next meeting with the Jews would be held Friday. Official summaries of the British negotiations with both Jews and Arabs to date were issued.

Meanwhile, the Government's talks with Arabs and Jews entered their third week, having failed so far to disclose any basis for mutual understanding and with the only possible outcome believed to be imposition by the Government of a policy still to be officially revealed.

In a fortnight's arguments and discussions during the conferences and private negotiations behind the scenes, the British representatives have failed to shake Arab insistence on their extremist demands and the British Cabinet is considering this week the fact that the Arab states, which Britain has been so assiduously wooing, have now united in support of the demand for independence. On the questions of restriction of Jewish immigration and land purchases, there is still ground for further discussion between the Arabs and British when the Arab-British talks are resumed.

As far as the British and the Jews are concerned, both sides have now talked themselves out and it is difficult to see what grounds remain for further discussion on the proposals submitted by Colonial Secretary Malcolm MacDonald, which were categorically rejected. The Jews have been steadfast in their demands that the Balfour Declaration, which promised to facilitate establishment of a Jewish national home in Palestine, remain in force and in their refusal to accept anything involving a permanent minority status. Between these and the extremist demands lies a wide gap which it is believed Mr. MacDonald will be unable to bridge.

Among the Jews, the conviction has steadily grown that only in direct talks with the Arabs can the differences between both parties ever be resolved. Otherwise there is no course left but for Mr. MacDonald to announce officially what the British intentions are and seek to secure the approval of some Arabs and Jews. Failing this approval, the Government, according to frequently reiterated declarations, must formally announce that it will implement a policy for the future of Palestine. Informed quarters do not believe that the Government has such a program cut and dried and ready for imposition, though the suggestions thrown out by Mr. MacDonald last week -- to use the official phrase -- are believed to indicate more or less the lines which the Government intends to follow.

There is not much doubt that the Government has embarked upon a policy of placating the Arabs, not so much the Palestine Arabs as the 22,000,000 constituting the five independent states spread over the Near East in a position of vital importance to Britain in time of war. This policy explains in the first place why the Arab states are at the conferences and why there have been so many behind-the-scenes talks with their representatives, and why the possibility of an Arab State being established in Palestine must not be excluded from any speculation on the outcome of the Palestine issue.

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Crisis Unites Mizrachi, Agudath

LONDON, Feb. 22. (JTA) -- United action on behalf of Palestine has been agreed upon by the Mizrachi, religious Zionist organization, and the Agudath Israel, religious non-Zionist body, it was announced here today by the leaders of the two groups. A joint proclamation issued by Rabbi Meir Berlin, for the Mizrachi, and Dr. Jacob Rosenheim, for the Agudath Israel, declared: "In these critical times, when the fate of the Jewish nation hangs in the balance and the future of the homeland is a matter of grave concern, we have resolved to unite in great emergency efforts for strengthening the influence of the Torah tradition in the Holy Land."

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3 Jewish Policemen, Nashashibi's Cousin Wounded

JERUSALEM, Feb. 22. (JTA) -- Three Jewish special policemen and a cousin of Ragheb Bey Nashashibi, leader of the Arab moderates at the London conferences, were shot and seriously wounded by Arab terrorists today as disorders continued in various parts of Palestine. Uhdi Nashashibi was attacked near the Herod Gate here. The authorities immediately imposed curfew on the section. Two Jewish ghaffirs were wounded while on duty at the Jerusalem abattoir. Another ghaafir was struck down by gunfire while on duty near the German colony at Haifa.

OPINION DIVIDED ON FREE SPEECH ISSUE IN BUND RALLY

NEW YORK, Feb. 22. (JTA) -- The impression left on New York by the spectacle of 20,000 persons gathered Monday night in the Madison Square Garden to listen to German-American Bund leaders denounce the Government and the Jews, while a record detail of more than 1,700 police kept some 10,000 anti-Nazis at bay, continued to evidence itself today in comment of press and public.

Predominant opinion appeared to be that while such a rally was deserving of condemnation, the democratic principle of free speech left city officials no alternative but to permit the meeting and protect it from disturbance. There were some, however, who took the opposing view, that the Bund rally was a threat to democracy and that permitting it was a sign of weakness.

The New York Times expressed the majority press opinion when it said editorially that while the Bund was an enemy of democracy, "its members are entitled to free speech and to the protection of the other constitutional guarantees so long as they keep within the laws which bind all of us....If any groups attempt to overpass these limits, ample and legal force exists to put them down -- and let them have no doubt of the outcome: they will be put down."

The Herald Tribune said that the Bund presented a "grave problem" that required action by legislators and prosecutors, without "hasty conclusions or wholesale condemnations," and added that "it is along these lines of clear legal right that the nation must protect itself, and not by establishing unsound restraints upon the right of free speech which might well destroy that right altogether."

The World-Telegram asserted that "democracy worked last night with health and self-respect, to the refutation of the Bund and the contradiction of short-sighted Americans who felt that the demonstration should be prevented." The World-Telegram also featured an editorial cartoon, captioned "Incitement to Nausea," which depicted "New York Nazism" as a storm trooper with a swastika flag shouting Nazi and anti-Jewish phrases and receiving the "heils" of the audience. The Post, pointing out that such movements had come and gone in America before, said that "the Bund isn't big enough for us to make a dent in our own Constitution to fight it."

Dorothy Thompson Sees Coughlin-Kuhn Alliance

Dissenting opinions were voiced by two commentators who attended the meeting. Dorothy Thompson, who created a sensation at the rally by laughing loudly at a Nazi speaker's reference to the "Golden Rule" and other remarks as her form of protest against it, said in her Herald-Tribune column today that an alliance had been formed between the followers of Father Coughlin and Fritz Kuhn "to abolish the American democracy as we have known it since the days of Lincoln." In a statement in the Herald Tribune yesterday explaining her demonstration at the Garden, she warned that "between Mr. (Wilhelm) Kunze's speech and a wholesale pogrom is but a short step." She asserted: "If this democracy allows a movement, the whole organization and pattern of which is made by a government openly hostile to the American democracy, to organize, set up a private army and propagandize on this soil, we are plain saps....The immediate object of the Bund is to deprive all non-Aryans (according to their own interpretation) of their Constitutional rights. This conspiracy -- an open conspiracy -- is protected, heaven help us, by the American Civil Liberties Union!"

Heywood Broun, who had assisted Miss Thompson's demonstration at the Garden by giving her his seat at the press table and later insisting that she be permitted to return after police had removed her from the hall, said in his World-Telegram column: "I do not think our frontier is the Rhine. But let us defend the Hudson and the Harlem and keep our river rim safe from these drums of devilment....Once again our leader Washington must cross the Delaware."

In contrast with the English-language press, the dominant note in Yiddish press comment was that the rally should have been prohibited. The Jewish Morning Journal declared that such meetings "must not be tolerated in New York" on the ground that to permit the preaching of anti-Semitism in the center of New York is "to open the way for the undermining of American freedom." The Jewish Daily Forward asserted that "the first duty of a democracy is to protect itself against internal and external enemies" and the permitting of racial incitement "no longer means democratic freedom but rather permitting anarchy." The Day, on the other hand, viewed the meeting as "a plague which perhaps must be tolerated."

The New-Yorker Staats-Zeitung, principal German-language daily, confined itself to praising the work of the police in handling the rally, without taking a stand on the question of whether such rallies should be allowed.

In the aftermath of the Nazi rally, several anti-Nazi organizations took action. Col. Lewis Landes, chairman of Serve America, Inc., and commander of an American Legion post, wrote to United States Attorney Gregory F. Noonan requesting a Federal Grand Jury investigation of the Bund members' conduct as a conspiracy to violate the civil rights of American citizens, particularly Negroes and Jews. The Non-Sectarian Anti-Nazi League filed a complaint with Attorney General John J. Bennett Jr. charging the Bund with fraudulent advertising in connection with sale of tickets and collection of funds for the meeting. The Socialist Workers' Party, Trotskyist organization which had sought to organize picketing of the Garden but was prevented by police, charged police brutality in the fighting that occurred in the streets around the hall. Similar charges were made by the American Fund for Political Prisoners and Refugees. However, Mayor LaGuardia expressed satisfaction with the police handling of the meeting, asserting that "it was a contrast between the way we do things here and the way they do things there."

While some 10,000 anti-Nazis were packed in all side streets within a block's radius of the Garden, prevented by police cordons from coming closer and dispersed in many attempts to break through police lines, there was only one anti-Nazi demonstration in the Garden, in addition to Miss Thompson's laughter. While Fritz Kuhn, leader of the Bund, was attacking the Jews in the final address of the evening, a young man who had been standing near the platform leaped upon it and tried to reach Kuhn. He was pounced on immediately by about a dozen uniformed Nazis and beaten before police could climb the high platform and rescue him. He was dragged down by police, the while shouting, "Down with Nazism! Down with Communism!" and placed under arrest. The man, Isidore Greenbaum, 26-year-old ship's waiter, was fined \$25 for disorderly conduct.

During the meeting the crowd cheered speeches demanding the freeing of America from "Jewish domination" and various other attacks on Jews, the present administration and the C.I.O. One noteworthy fact was that the loudest and most sustained applause of the evening was not for Hitler or Mussolini, but for Father Charles E. Coughlin. James Wheeler-Hill, executive secretary of the Bund, in an announcement which closed the meeting, urged all present to join in the picketing of Station WJCA, which has barred Father Coughlin from the air.

While the extraordinary police precautions averted any serious incident, the rally and the presence of large numbers of anti-Nazis in the area caused considerable tension. A Jewish Telegraphic Agency reporter who toured the area after the meeting was over found numerous altercations and some fist fights occurring even many blocks away from the Garden as late as one a.m. One fight was seen to start because an anti-Nazi thought he heard a man mutter, "Dirty Jew!" The police made only 15 arrests, limiting their activity largely to halting fights and dispersing crowds.

During the rally, the Madison Square Garden office made public a letter received from the American Jewish Committee opposing "any action to prevent the Bund from airing its views." The committee, together with the Zionist Organization, B'nai B'rith, the Alliance Israelite and the Jewish Colonization Society, were attacked by Kuhn in his address as "outposts of the Jewish government."

Congress Applauds Attack on Bund

WASHINGTON, Feb. 22. (JTA) -- The House today applauded an attack on the German-American Bund by Representative John A. Martin of Colorado, who declared that "every man who attended the (Madison Square Garden) meeting and sympathized with it is a traitor to American Government." He said the Bund members wore the "uniform of the greatest enemy in the world of every-thing that George Washington stood for and that America typifies." Terming the Nazis the "swaggering minions of a pagan dictator," he said that when he read of the New York rally he had "to pinch myself to be sure I was awake and in America."

Shotwell Assails Coughlin's "Unchristian Animus"

BALTIMORE, Feb. 22. (JTA) -- Father Coughlin "sullies the name of Christian priests" by his anti-Jewish attacks, Dr. James T. Shotwell of the Carnegie Endowment for International Peace asserted today, receiving an honorary degree at Johns Hopkins University. Warning that the danger of the demagogue who "stirs resentments into hostilities" was greater now than ever before, Dr. Shotwell assailed Father Coughlin's "un-Christian animus...against millions of his fellow citizens to whom the United States had become the harbor of refuge from persecution in other lands."

Ex-U.S. Official Sees Effort to Start War "To Protect Jews in Germany"

PITTSFIELD, Mass., Feb. 22. (JTA) -- Decrying administration attacks on dictator nations as increasing war sentiment, former Undersecretary of State William R. Castle told an American Legion group here last night that pacifists, whom he described as the most dangerous of American citizens, "seem really to want us to go to war to protect the Jews in Germany." Mr. Castle continued:

"This is a curious thing. Its basis is claimed to be purely humanitarian and yet just as many Christians have been killed in Russia as there are Jews in Germany and you never hear a cry that we ought to go to war with the Soviet to save the lives of their citizens who are still being 'liquidated' rapidly. You never heard people urging that we go to war with the so-called 'legitimist' government of Spain because of their murder of all who disagreed with them. There is splendid propaganda somewhere against Germany and Italy to the exclusion of other dictatorships and we Americans fall for it."

Book Urges Drastic Course of Action to Ward Off Fascism Here

NEW YORK, Feb. 22. (JTA) -- A drastic course of action to ward off fascism in the United States, including deportation of all fascist-minded Reich citizens here, ban on private armies and wearing of uniforms by all extra-governmental organizations, and a policy of

complete non-intercourse with Germany, Italy and Japan, is mapped by Lewis Mumford, noted critic and author, in "Men Must Act," published here by Harcourt, Brace Co.

The same publishing firm tomorrow is issuing "Through Embassy Eyes," in which Martha Dodd, daughter of the former United States Ambassador to Germany, relates her impressions of Nazism as gleaned during more than four years in the Reich. Miss Dodd gives intimate glimpses of many of the leading Nazi personalities, describes the background and development of such sensational events as the bloody June 30, 1934, purge and devotes considerable space to Nazi treatment of the Jews.

HUNDREDS OF LIQUOR DEALERS LOSE LICENCES IN RUMANIA, SURVEY REVEALS

BUCHAREST, Feb. 22. (JTA) -- Only 20 Jewish wholesalers have had their liquor licences returned to them while hundreds of small Jewish retailers and bar keepers have been ruined since Feb. 15, it was disclosed today in a survey prompted by reports published abroad that the Rumanian Government has adopted a more lenient policy toward Jews.

The aspect of Duesti and Vacaresti streets, main thoroughfares in the Bucharest Jewish quarter, has completely changed, with shutters of almost all Jewish taverns closed, while Jewish cafe owners have been allowed to continue to sell liquor for only one month more. Hundreds of Jewish waiters have lost their jobs and are without hope of re-employment. Their number will be considerably increased on March 15, when the Jewish cafes, no longer permitted to sell liquor after that date, will be forced to close down.

Withdrawal of liquor licenses from Jews is being accomplished under the citizenship revision decree, which provides that persons deprived of their citizenship may not engage in trade. However, although illegal, similar action is being taken against Jews who have remained recognized citizens.

Meanwhile, conversions, previously almost unknown among Rumanian Jews, are assuming a mass character. Three hundred Jews, mostly bankers, wealthy merchants and professionals, have been baptized in Bucharest alone since the first of the year.

The Minister of Education has ordered Jewish public school teachers who have been deprived of their citizenship to be replaced by Rumanians. The dismissed teachers are forbidden to engage in any teaching whatever.

Army Asks Ban on Youth Emigration

LONDON, Feb. 22. (JTA) -- The Daily Telegraph reports from Bucharest that the Rumanian General Staff has asked the Government to take measures to prevent the emigration of Jewish youths of military age. Hitherto, the Government has facilitated emigration of Jews between the ages of 18 and 25.

REFUGEE BODY GIVES UNIVERSITY \$25,000 TO PRESS SETTLEMENT STUDY

BALTIMORE, Feb. 22. (JTA) -- Dr. Isaiah Bowman, president of the Johns Hopkins University, announced today a \$25,000 grant from the Refugee Economic Corporation for a continuation of a scientific study of settlement begun ten years ago.

3,500 Child Refugees Now in England

LONDON, Feb. 22. (JTA) -- A group of 122 refugee children from Germany arrived at Harwich today, bringing to 3,500 the total number now in England.

Sweden to Spend \$125,000 in Retraining Exiles

STOCKHOLM, Feb. 21. (JTA) -- The Government Financial Commission today approved expenditure of 500,000 Swedish crowns (about \$125,000) for assistance in retraining of refugees.

Magazine Paints Gloomy Picture of Guiana Prospects

NEW YORK, Feb. 22. (JTA) -- A pessimistic picture of prospects for refugee colonization in British Guiana is painted in an article in the Feb. 23 issue of Ken magazine under the pseudonym "Panamericus." The writer, speaking from personal experience in the colony, asserts: "Though many eager men have tried it no man, all down through Guiana's long history of 'inviting colonization,' has ever been able to defeat the natural handicaps of the lost interior. These men were all pioneers, used to hardships, natural handicaps. If they couldn't make a semi-prosperity of Guiana's interior, nobody can." The article is entitled "Guiana -- The Gift Horse."

SHARP DROP IN POLISH LUMBER EXPORTS PUT TO DANZIG PERSECUTION OF JEWS

WARSAW, Feb. 22. (JTA) -- A 30 per cent decline in exports of Polish timber was reported to Parliament today as directly attributable to persecution of Jews in Danzig. An official of the Ministry of Agriculture declared the Nazi-controlled Free City had forced liquidation of a number of Jewish concerns engaged in the timber business, with "catastrophic results" to Polish exports.

3 POLISH JEWISH LEADERS PLAN TRIP HERE ON ECONOMIC MISSION

WARSAW, Feb. 22. (JTA) -- Three prominent Polish Jewish leaders, representing the Jewish Economic Committee and the Jewish Export Organization, will go to the United States shortly on an important economic mission, it was revealed here today. The delegation consists of Deputy Henry Rosmarin, Samuel Wolkowicz, an editor, and Henry Kortenberg, an industrialist. The object of both organizations they represent is to create export outlets for Jewish products, thereby helping Jewish artisans and unemployed Jewish workers in Poland. The delegation said in a statement that it hoped to establish mutually profitable business relations with Jewish firms in the United States. The committee already conducts export trade with Jewish firms in England, South Africa, Egypt and other countries. It also provides training for Jewish youths and girls who are preparing for emigration.

TELEKI PLEDGES TO PRESS ANTI-SEMITIC POLICY IN FIRST PARLIAMENT TALK

BUDAPEST, Feb. 22. (Havas) -- Premier Teleki, in his first appearance before Parliament, made it clear today that his Government would in no way depart from the recent policies of its predecessors -- dependency on the dictatorships, legislation of anti-Semitic measures and radical agrarian reforms. The anti-Semitic laws formulated by Bela Imredy, who resigned as Premier when he discovered his own ancestry to be part Jewish, will be submitted without change for Parliament's approval, he said. He denied Hungarian leaders had turned to anti-Semitism under foreign prodding. Ever since the collapse of Bela Kun's postwar communist regime, he declared, the country has felt the need for settling the Jewish question.

NAZI PRESS VOICES OPPOSITION TO PACELLI, NAMES CARDINAL IT FAVORS AS POPE

BERLIN, Feb. 22. (Havas) -- The Nazi press, having already expressed its bitter opposition to election of Eugenio Pacelli as Pope, indicated tonight the axis powers would find it equally distasteful if the Cardinal-Camerlengo were reappointed Papal Secretary of State.

Der Angriff said there were some among the Cardinals who were concerned solely with religious works and peace, notably Granito Cardinal Pignatelli di Belmonte, 88-year-old Dean of the Sacred College. It declared Elia Cardinal Dalla Costa, Archbishop of Florence, had little chance of being elected Pope, because Italy too openly supports him.

LORD READING TO REPLACE SAMUEL AS HEAD OF COUNCIL FOR GERMAN JEWRY

LONDON, Feb. 22. (JTA) -- It was reliably learned today that Lord Samuel is resigning as chairman of the Council for German Jewry and will be succeeded by Lord Reading. Lord Samuel has been chairman of the Council since its inception in 1936.

REICH OUSTING KIN OF POLISH JEWISH DEPORTEES, WARSAW HEARS

WARSAW, Feb. 22. (JTA) -- The Polish Telegraphic Agency reported from Berlin yesterday that hundreds of Jewish women and children, relatives of Jews deported from Germany last October, have been ordered by the German authorities to leave the Reich immediately. Since the majority of them have lost their Polish citizenship, special permission of the Polish authorities is necessary to rejoin their relatives, in most cases husbands and fathers, in Poland.

EXPULSION OF REFUGEES TEMPORARILY HALTED, BULGARIAN OFFICIAL REVEALS

SOFIA, Feb. 22. (JTA) -- Interior Minister Nedeff, denying a foreign radio report that 6,000 Bulgarian Jews had been expelled, revealed today that expulsion orders against Jewish refugees have been temporarily suspended and that a special commission is now collecting material for regulation of the problem of foreigners.

"Not a single Jew who is a Bulgarian citizen," General Nedeff stated, "has been forced to leave, nor will any Bulgarian Jew ever be forced to leave. The Jews in Bulgaria enjoy the same rights as other Bulgarian citizens without distinction of race or religion. The authorities, however, will enforce rigorously regulations with regard to foreigners. A special commission is now collecting material for regulation of the problem of foreigners. The Cabinet has not yet made a decision on the question. Expulsion orders against Jewish refugees have been suspended for the time being."

LORD ROTHSCHILD, ON FIRST VISIT HERE, TO CONFER WITH SCIENTISTS

NEW YORK, Feb. 22. (JTA) -- Lord Rothschild, head of the banking family in England, arrived here on the Ile de France last night for his first visit to the United States. Lord Rothschild, who is known in England for his interest in biology, will confer with scientists of Columbia University and visit Washington before returning to England in about ten days.

SALMAN SCHNEOUR, HEBREW POET, ARRIVES IN U.S.

NEW YORK, Feb. 22. (JTA) -- Salman Schneour, the Yiddish-Hebrew poet and author, arrived from Paris last night on the Ile de France, at the invitation of the Jewish National Workers' Alliance, for a lecture tour covering of important cities in the United States and Canada. This is his first visit to America since 1922. He will be the guest at a reception here Sunday evening.

NO JEWISH PROBLEM IN YUGOSLAVIA, JUSTICE MINISTER TELLS DELEGATION

BELGRADE, Feb. 22. (JTA) -- Justice Minister Victor Ruzic told a delegation of Jewish leaders that there was no Jewish problem in Yugoslavia and pledged equal treatment for all citizens irrespective of religion. The delegation, representing the Union of Jewish Communities, included President Friedrich Pops, Vice-President David Albala and General Secretary M.S. Spitzer.

6-POINT CZECH MEMORANDUM TO U.S. IMPORTERS GIVES ASSURANCES ON JEWS

NEW YORK, Feb. 22. (JTA) -- Details of assurances on the future of the Jews given by the Czecho-Slovakian Government to Joseph S. Rosenberg, who recently visited Praha as representative of 57 American importing concerns to warn that anti-Jewish discrimination would lead to a boycott of Czech goods, were made public today by Mr. Rosenberg.

A six-point memorandum was given to Mr. Rosenberg by Dr. Jiri Havelka, Chancellor to the President of Czecho-Slovakia, which said that regulations against emigres would be promulgated, but promised that there would be no change in the status of the Jewish minority and denied that there was any "direct pressure on Czecho-Slovakia by neighboring states" to issue anti-Semitic legislation.

A summary of the points contained in the memorandum follows:

- (1) There is no "social anti-Semitic boycott" in public life.
- (2) The authorities are acting to eliminate anti-Semitic articles from the press.
- (3) The Government is preparing regulations against emigrants, "regardless of nationality," which "have nothing in common with the racial policy." Revision of citizenships granted in recent years will be treated "from the same point of view." The Government "has no intention to consider as Jews those citizens of Jewish origin who...are proving that they are in effect citizens of Czech, Slovak or Carpatho-Russian nationality."
- (4) "...if the indirect cause for these measures originated in the neighborhood, let it be on the other hand emphasized that in official circles there is nothing known of a direct pressure on Czecho-Slovakia by neighboring states to create such measures. As in other matters also in this policy Czecho-Slovakia acts independently."
- (5) The measures "do not originate in any racial or otherwise anti-Semitic tendencies" but result from the population's lower earning power owing to territorial changes and economic losses and the "fact that a considerable of the Jewish race in the territory of the Czecho-Slovak State....sided with its national adversaries....."
- (6) "...the above measures are the only ones the Czecho-Slovak Government intends to establish towards the solution of this question. Other measures are not intended."

As a result of this memorandum, a meeting of more than 60 importers on Feb. 14 unanimously adopted a resolution "to pledge the cooperation of the American importers to encourage trade relations with Czecho-Slovakia to the fullest extent." This resolution was cabled to Dr. Havelka.

In his report to the meeting, Mr. Rosenberg declared: Two days after I had received the memorandum, I was both surprised and happy to see that all the newspapers had stopped printing anti-Jewish propaganda, as was promised. Licenses were given to hundreds of people who could not obtain them previously....Posters began to disappear from public buildings and stations, and people who were previously very oppressed and dissatisfied now began their business activities wholeheartedly....Whoever applied to me for help received it for I knew many Government officials. All I had to do was to give those people letters of recommendation and they received their permits at once."

PALESTINE BIRTH DOESN'T CONFER BRITISH CITIZENSHIP, COURT RULES

LONDON, Feb. 22. (JTA) -- Palestine birth does not confer British citizenship, the Court of Appeals decided yesterday in dismissing an appeal by Isaac David Ketter against an order of deportation for failing to comply with the Aliens Order. In his ruling, Justice Singleton said the Treaty of Lausanne did not transfer Palestine to Great Britain, therefore Ketter was not a British subject either by birth, naturalization or annexation of territory.

ENDEK STUDENTS, CAUGHT WITH BOMBS, GET JAIL TERMS

LWOW, Poland, Feb. 22. (JTA) -- Two Endek students were sentenced today to prison terms of five months each in connection with discovery of arms, bombs and ammunition in a medical student's home following murder last November of a Jewish student, Karol Zellermaier, on the campus of Lwow University.

A small proportion of Polish university students are creating anarchy in university life, it was declared by Education Minister Swietoslowski yesterday during a budget commission discussion in Parliament. Pointing out that the improved position attained by the universities last year had again deteriorated, the Minister expressed the belief that a sobering process would soon set in and that with it would come a general condemnation of anti-Jewish excesses. Meanwhile, he said, all steps to combat "anarchy and irresponsibility" in the universities would be taken by the authorities.

LATE PALESTINE NEWS

LONDON, Feb. 22. (JTA) -- The Jewish delegates who will attend tomorrow's three-sided meeting in St. James Palace are Dr. Chaim Weizmann, David Ben Gurion, Moshe Shertok, Prof. Selig Brodetsky, Dr. Stephen S. Wise, Lord Reading and Lord Bearsted. Premier Nuri Pasha es-Said and Foreign Minister Tewfik es-Suwaydi of Iraq will be among the Arabs present. It was stressed tonight that the meeting would be entirely informal, that the delegates would attend as individuals and that the presence of representatives of Arab states did not imply recognition of the Jewish Agency nor mean that the conference had so far established any grounds for bringing both sides closer.

British representatives met the Arab delegations today and continued discussion of the immigration problem for two hours. It was understood that Colonial Secretary MacDonald replied at length to the demand of Jamal el Hussein, leader of the Palestine Arab extremists, for complete stoppage of Jewish immigration, refuting several of Hussein's assertions and stating that complete prohibition of Jewish entry was impossible. Mr. MacDonald was also understood to have criticized more of Hussein's economic arguments. The question of restriction of Jewish land buying was also discussed.

Before the conclusion of the meeting, the Palestine Arabs asked for time to prepare a reply to Mr. MacDonald, which will be given at the next meeting on Saturday morning. Nuri Pasha will leave for Baghdad on Saturday and Tewfik es-Suwaydi will remain for the duration of the conferences. During this afternoon's meeting Ragheb Bey Nashashibi, leader of the Palestine Arab moderates, was called out of the conference room and was given a telegram stating that his cousin, Zuhina Nashashibi, 64, had been shot and critically wounded by terrorists in Jerusalem today. He was understood to have informed Mr. MacDonald and Prince Abdul Moneim of Egypt of the contents of the message.