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2 JEWS REPORTED SLAIN IN WEEK OF VIOLENCE AT BAGDAD

JERUSALEM, Sept. 28. (JTA) -- It was reported today from Bagdad, capital of Iraq, that Arabs had slain two Jews and injured several other in a week-long outburst of terrorism. The Jewish residents have been so terrorized by the outbreaks, it was stated, that few of them are leaving their homes.

A dozen Arabs were arrested today for possession of arms and for shooting on Jewish settlements and military patrols.

A bomb exploded at the grave of Haj Khalil Taha, president of the Haifa Moslem Council and prominent industrialist, who was assassinated yesterday. The slaying was attributed to factional differences among Arabs. Taha was a supporter of the Grand Mufti.

James E. F. Campbell, district commissioner of the Jerusalem district, warned striking Arab councillors of Hebron to resume their municipal duties or he would nominate others in their place.

Hebrew Daily Suspended, Another Warned

JERUSALEM, Sept. 28. (JTA) -- The Government today suspended the Hebrew daily, Haaretz, for two days and warned Davar, Laborite Hebrew daily, on publication of reports discountenanced by the authorities.

Martial Law Order Expected Tonight; Last Troops Set to Go

LONDON, Sept. 28. (JTA) -- Orders-in-council, bearing the approval of King Edward and the Privy Council, will be published tomorrow night providing for proclamation of martial law in the most disturbed areas of Palestine, it was disclosed today. The decision was approved at a council meeting in Balmoral Castle.

The Third Battalion of the Coldstream Guards and the Second Battalion of the Buffs, comprising the last two units of the First Division being sent to Palestine, will sail Saturday on the steamship Laurentic, it was announced today.

GESTAPO RELEASES RABBI NUSSBAUM AFTER 4 DAYS

BERLIN, Sept. 28. (JTA) -- The Gestapo, secret State police, today freed Rabbi Max Nussbaum, one of Berlin's leading rabbis, arrested last week for undisclosed reasons. His four days' detention was caused, it is believed, by remarks he made during the course of a New Year's sermon delivered Sept. 18.

Two other Jewish leaders are still in custody at Gestapo headquarters in Alexanderplatz. They are Franz Meyer, executive head of the German Zionist Federation and Benno Cohn, council member of the Federation. Rabbi Emil Bernhard Cohn, Zionist leader and writer, was released last Saturday after he had been held for a week.

NAZIS REPORTED MAPPING PLANS TO CONFISCATE JEWISH REALTY

BERLIN, Sept. 28. (JTA) -- Several projects for confiscation of Jewish realty have been worked out, it was learned today, and a comprehensive measure covering the seizure has been in the hands of ministries concerned for the past week.

The Ministry of Finance was understood to be opposing confiscation on the grounds that Jewish landlords were good taxpayers and the seizure would deprive the treasury of their taxes. Nazi extremists, however, were reported demanding confiscation and observers expected that some concession would be made to them before the end of 1936.

Dr. Hellmuth, Nazi Commissar for Franconia, issued an order today establishing headquarters "to regulate difficulties between landlords and tenants." The order was interpreted as opening the door to placing Jewish realty under the control of the Nazi Party.

REICH JEWISH PRESS EXECUTIVES TOLD TO REPORT TO HINKEL

BERLIN, Sept. 28. (JTA) -- All business managers of Jewish newspapers and publishing houses were ordered by the Reich Press Chamber today to communicate with Hans Hinkel, Nazi Commissar for "Non-Aryan" Culture, and await his instructions.

While no reason was given for the action, the order was interpreted as a move to transfer control of Jewish publications from the Propaganda Ministry to Mr. Hinkel. Similar notifications were expected to be sent to Jewish editors.

REICH DISSOLVES 41-YEAR-OLD JEWISH ARTISANS GROUP

BERLIN, Sept. 28. (JTA) -- The Association of Independent Artisans of the Jewish Faith, founded 41 years ago, was dissolved today by the authorities. The organization gave legal advice and protection to its members. It published a directory of Jewish artisans in Berlin so that Jews could offset the Nazi boycott against them by patronizing Jewish artisans.

SOVIET REORGANIZES BIRO-BIDJAN SETTLEMENT WORK; TO STRESS AGRICULTURE

MOSCOW, Sept. 28. (JTA) -- The Central Executive Committee of the U.S.S.R., in its first statement on Jewish policy, today outlined plans for reorganization of settlement work in the autonomous Jewish region of Biro-Bidjan to place greater emphasis on agriculture.

Recalling the centuries-old struggle of the Jews for the right to create their own culture and education unhindered in their development, the committee said that "for the first time in the history of the Jewish people this deep-felt desire has been realized through the establishment of a Jewish region."

The statement embodied decisions on economic and cultural development of the Siberian territory adopted at the council's meeting on Aug. 29.

Paying tribute to Jewish achievements in instituting the technique of Socialist agriculture, as well as accomplishments in artisanship and industry, the committee declared that Biro-Bidjan was gradually emerging as the center of a Soviet national Jewish culture.

Increased interest among Jewish workers of Russia in the experiment was noted. The desire to migrate to Biro-Bidjan is growing, not only among the Jews of Russia, but abroad, the statement said.

It proceeded to outline the details of reorganization of settlement work to give the fullest attention to agricultural settlement. The Commissariat of Agriculture was instructed to have a plan ready for development of about 250,000 acres.

Plans were also outlined for strengthening cooperative organizations of artisans.

The statement, signed by President Kalinin and Ivan Akulof, secretary of the council, ordered the Far Eastern, Ukrainian and White Russian executives to cooperate in the Biro-Bidjan work, paying particular attention to assisting in selection of settlers.

An expression of confidence that Jewish workers and Soviet public opinion would apply all strength to the rapid completion of the task of creating a national Jewish state concluded the statement.

LODZ SOCIALISTS DEFEAT ENDEKS IN COUNCIL ELECTION

LODZ, Poland, Sept. 28. (JTA) -- The Polish Socialist Party was today in full control of the City Council, following yesterday's elections in which 34 of its members won seats.

The election was a distinct set-back for the anti-Semitic National Democratic Party, which was able to return only 26 of its 39 councillors.

Jewish groups returned twelve representatives to the council, six representing the Jewish Labor Party and the Poale-Zionists, three the Zionists and three the Agudath Israel.

MORITZ NEUMAN, PHILANTHROPIST, DEAD AT 83

NEW YORK, Sept. 28. (JTA) -- Moritz Neuman, Jewish philanthropist and religious leader, died early today in his eighty-third year. His widow, Mrs. Clara Neuman, four daughters and one son survive.

Mr. Neuman was vice-president of the Israel Orphan Asylum and president of the Congregation Ohav Zedek for twenty years and was its honorary president for the last ten years. He was a member of the Hungarian Society of New York and of the Independent Order of Brith Abraham.

HADASSAH LEADER, J.D.C. PUBLICITY CHIEF BACK FROM TOURS ABROAD

NEW YORK, Sept. 28. (JTA) -- The deplorable condition of Jews in Eastern European countries was described today by Mrs. Edward Jacobs, national president of Hadassah, women's Zionist organization in America and Herbert J. Seligman, public relations director of the American Joint Distribution Committee, both of whom returned yesterday from European tours.

Mrs. Jacobs said that the mounting anti-Semitism abroad was a "reflection of the unhealthy and unwholesome general state" in Europe.

Mr. Seligman asserted that the Jews of Eastern and Central Europe were existing under conditions "more critical than even in the anarchic post-war years."

COPELAND SEEKS ROOM FOR VAST DEVELOPMENT IN PALESTINE

NEW YORK, Sept. 28. (JTA) -- Palestine's absorptive capacity depends upon the development of its industry and commerce, Senator Royal S. Copeland declared in the first of a series of articles for the Hearst newspapers. In the company of Senators Warren R. Austin, and Daniel O. Hastings, he recently returned from an unofficial tour of investigation in Palestine.

Terming Palestine "the maritime frontier of a vast hinterland which is just beginning to awaken to the call of civilization," the Senator maintained that the country may be made a home for millions of Jews by the development of industry, without minimizing the role of agriculture,

He praised "Jewish endeavor and sacrifice," He said the party found Palestine "an armed camp."

"A state of warfare prevailed, without the martial law warranted by the activities of the Arab terrorists," he said.

Proof of the "industrial progress of the Zionist movement," the articles said, can be seen in the success of the Kremmener foundry on the plain of Zebulon, which is engaged in turning out bath-tubs and plumbing fixtures for Palestine and neighboring countries. The first article dealt for the most part with Haifa.

In his second article, published today, Senator Copeland praised the Jews' fortitude in the face of danger. He declared that many British soldiers were chafing under British leniency and "are pining for a Kitchener or an Allenby."

The article described a perilous train journey made by the senators and their wives between Haifa and Jerusalem, at the conclusion of which they asked themselves:

"Has Great Britain not the power to make human life safe in the Holy Land entrusted to her care by the nations of the world?"

RUMANIA HAS ITS OWN "HORST WESSEL" IN SLAIN CZERNOWITZ ANTI-SEMITES

CZERNOWITZ, Rumania (JTA) -- Nazi Germany has its Horst Wessel. And Rumania today has its George Gregor.

What the young German storm-trooper, allegedly slain by Communists in 1930, symbolizes to the Nazis, this young Rumanian theological student, who was a member of the anti-Jewish Iron Guard, symbolizes for anti-Semitic elements in the province of Bukovina.

In this city of 120,000 people, of whom nearly 60,000 are categorized as "non-Aryans," the Iron Guard has taken upon itself the task of "cleaning up the Jews" by as vigorous a campaign of attacks and terrorism as has recently been seen in the country.

It was during one of these anti-Semitic forays that Gregor met his death. He was immediately canonized by his compatriots as a martyr to the cause of contemporary anti-Semitism.

Recently, two Jewish youngsters, the brothers Isadore and Edward Wagner, aged 16 and 18 respectively were attacked by uniformed Iron Guardists as they strolled through the public park. They were accompanied by a Christian friend, Stephen Peniuc,

In the ensuing scuffle, Gregor, one of the participants, was fatally stabbed with a pocket-knife. Peniuc told the police that the knife was his and that he had used it in self-defense. Despite the confession, the authorities instantly accused the two Jewish lads of murder and jailed them pending further investigation.

On the same night, one of the Wagner brothers, the 18-year-old Edward, jumped, according to a police statement, through the window of his cell on the second floor and was found dead in the back yard. He was

buried secretly on the same night. The other brother, Isidore, was released the next morning, but Peniuc is still reported to be under arrest as this story is written.

Since there was no post-mortem on Edward Wagner's body and because of the hasty burial, rumor quickly spread among his friends that he had been beaten to death at the police station and then thrown out of the window to destroy traces of maltreatment.

To forestall possible investigation, fourteen of Edward's friends and neighbors, all Jewish boys between 17 and 20 years of age, were arrested on a charge of "plotting against law and order and the safety of the State" and were sent away to the town of Jassy, home of Professor Alexander Cuza, the notorious anti-Semitic leader, where they are to be court-martialed in the Fall or Winter.

On the other hand, no storm-troopers were arrested, and the authorities provided them with full facilities for organizing a spectacular burial of their murdered comrade. Twenty-five thousand people from all parts of the country lined the streets of Czernowitz to watch the procession and nearly 50,000 persons, including school-children, students, soldiers, officers and priests, passed before Gregor's bier.

At the burial service, attended by leading representatives of the Greek Orthodox Church, inflammatory speeches were made by Iron Guards. All participants swore before a cross held by a priest to exterminate the Jews of Rumania.

Since Gregor's death, the Jews in Czernowitz and Bukovina live in an atmosphere of panic, expecting outbreak of anti-Semitic excesses any day. Persons who resemble Jews are beaten up in the streets and go out to work only at the risk of their lives. On the spot where Gregor was killed in the public park a small cenotaph has been erected as a perpetual shrine to Rumania's "Horst Wessel." Its flame still flickers there.

Jewish dwellers avoid the park, which is now guarded by armed storm-troopers, because they fear assault.