

# Jewish Telegraphic Agency

## Latest Cable Dispatches

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### ARAB DYNAMITE SUPPLIES FOUND; SCATTERED DISORDERS CONTINUE

JERUSALEM, June 4. (JTA) -- Government forces searching the Beit Dagan sector in connection with the shooting of two Jews there yesterday uncovered today a large quantity of dynamite, rifles and ammunition. 12

As scattered Arab disorders continued, eight army tanks and additional military forces were sent to the Nablus region -- a hotbed of Arab disturbances. Barbed wire barriers were erected around hills in the region to prevent Arab brigands from escaping to hill retreats. 9

A Government arsenal near Jerusalem was discovered today to have been entered and large quantities of ammunition stolen.

Beersheba was notified by the authorities that collective punishment will be imposed on the village because telephone wires in the vicinity have been cut twenty-six times in the last fortnight and forty-six poles wrecked in the same period.

Collective punishment was imposed on numerous Arab villages to cover the expenses of restoring telephone wires cut by marauders. More than 5,000 trees were uprooted at Even Yehuda on the Sharon plain.

### Jews Reopen Shops in Jaffa Area

For the first time since the disorders began April 19, Jews opened their stores in suburbs of predominantly-Arab Jaffa coincident with a report that the authorities would break the Arab general strike by issuing an order Sunday to compel Arab shop owners to open their stores.

The Jewish-controlled Anglo-Palestine Bank in Jaffa was crowded with Arabs. Many Arabs are transferring savings accounts from Arab to Jewish banks because of the "voluntary" ten per cent levy for the strike fund imposed by Arab banks.

The strike continued in full force in Jerusalem. It was believed the Holy City would be the last in which the authorities would employ new regulations permitting district commissioners to break the strike by forcing the opening of shops.

#### Arab Merchants Plan to Remove Stock

It was learned in Arab circles that Arab merchants, fearing the District Commissioner will order them to reopen their closed shops on penalty of six months in prison, are planning to remove their stock and hand over the keys of the emptied premises to the Government.

Keys of all stores in the Arab village of Lifta have been turned over by the merchants to the Arab Supreme Council, which is pushing the general strike against Jewish immigration and sale of land to Jews, now ending its seventh week.

A new Arab daily that appeared in Jaffa was immediately suspended by the authorities.

Arab police last night rejected a one-shilling pay increase offered by the authorities, insisting on complete equality with British policemen, one of their chief demands. Unless the increase is accompanied by equality, the Arab constables threaten to carry out their threats of a strike.

Jewish policemen also rejected the offer of higher pay, explaining it was made under pressure of Arab terror.

Inspector General of Police, Roy G. Spicer, informed the policemen that soldiers were prepared to take over their duties in the Holy City.

An official communique reported that two policemen were injured yesterday when they used force in dispersing a demonstration at Bethlehem.

The communique said eight bombs were thrown since last night at the Nablus, Haifa and Gaza post-offices and at a railway culvert. Telephone wires were cut in six places. Considerable damage was done to citrus groves near Tel Mond.

Panic occurred in Tiberias when two Jews were attacked by an Arab mob. Six Arabs were arrested and the crowd was dispersed.

Shots were fired at Beth Alpha, Makme Israel and at the Kadoorie School. No casualties were reported.

The authorities in Jaffa closed the headquarters of the Arab labor organization.

High Commissioner Sir Arthur Grenfell Wauchope inspected newly-arrived troops at Zerka and later flew to Amman, chief city of Transjordan, where he consulted with the military authorities and conferred with Emir Abdullah, ruler of the territory.

REPORT ITALIANS IN PALESTINE QUERIED BY POLICE ON LINK TO DISORDERS

JERUSALEM, June 4. (JTA) -- A number of Italian residents of Palestine have been examined by the police in connection with the suspected Italian influence in the current disorders, it was reliably learned today.

Some of the Italians were questioned by high officials.

Although the matter has not been publicly disclosed, it is believed that surprising developments are expected.

UNOFFICIAL ARAB DELEGATION OF 4 EN ROUTE TO LONDON

JERUSALEM, June 4. (JTA) -- Armed with the endorsement of Jerusalem's Grand Mufti and a letter of recommendation from the Palestine Government, an Arab delegation is en route to London today as the unofficial representatives of the Arab nation, marking the first attempt of Arab leaders to break the impasse resulting from their opposition to the Government.

The delegation is composed of two Arab Moslems and two Arab Christians. The Moslems are Dr. Hussein Khalidi, mayor of Jerusalem, and Souliman Toukan, mayor of Nablus.

The delegation represents practically all moderate Arab groups with the exception of the party of former mayor of Jerusalem, Ragheb Bey Nashashibi. Nashashibi has opposed the sending of a delegation, even an unofficial one, to London.

INCREASED POLITICAL BODY URGED FOR AGENCY

JERUSALEM, June 4. (JTA) -- Widening the political department of the Jewish Agency for Palestine by co-opting a number of leaders of the Jewish community of Palestine was demanded today in view of the present situation at a special conference of Zionist groups.

Rabbi Meier Berlin, head of the Mizrahi orthodox Zionist Organization, David Yellin and other Zionist leaders said the present crisis made it imperative that non-elected members be added to handle political questions.

POLICE GUARD AGAINST DISORDERS IN WILNO; NEW OUTBREAK IN MINSK

WARSAW, June 4. (JTA) -- Augmented police details patrolled the streets of Wilno today to prevent disorders that threatened to break out after a Jewish tavernkeeper had killed a Pole in self-defense.

Anti-Semites attacked Jews last night and attempted to riot in revenge for the slaying. The explanation given for the slaying was that the Pole entered the barroom of the tavern, turned over furniture and attacked M. Davidsohn, the proprietor, with a knife, whereupon Davidsohn fired twice from a revolver. One of the bullets fatally wounded the Pole.

Fresh disorders broke out in Minsk Mazowieck, thirty miles from Warsaw, this morning following the funeral of the slain Polish sergeant.

Two Jews were wounded there yesterday, bringing total casualties in that town to 41, of whom seven are in a serious condition. Jews numbering 5,000 who evacuated the town were advised to return. (The total Jewish population was 6,000.) Fifteen Jews were injured in anti-Jewish disorders in the neighboring towns of Kolbiel and Dobre.

About 100 persons were under arrest today in connection with the Minsk disorders -- regarded as the most violent since the March 9 disturbances in the town of Przytyk.

Attacks on Jews were also made in the village of Rembertow and a 19-year-old Jew, Michael Rosenstein, was stabbed.

Premier Skladkowski received Senator Trockenheim and Deputy Minzberg, and informed them that the Government would take every measure to suppress the disorders.

BERTHA PAPPENHEIM, NOTED FEMINIST, DIES IN GERMANY AT 77

BERLIN, June 4. (JTA) -- Bertha Pappenheim, writer, Jewish feminist leader and crusader against the white slave traffic, died today at New Isenberg. She was 77 years old.

Miss Pappenheim traveled extensively in the Balkans, Palestine and Russia in her campaign against white slavery.

Born in Vienna in 1859, she spent twelve years in Frankfort-am-Main, participating in the social and pedagogical endeavors of the feminist movement, especially as regards protection of young girls. She established a women's shelter in Frankfort.

In 1904 she created, in connection with the International Women's Congress in Berlin, a Jewish Women's League, which she headed until 1924.

She founded the educational home of the Jewish Women's League at Isenburg in 1907 and had conducted it ever since. In 1917, the Central Welfare Institution of German Jews was founded at her instance.

Among Miss Pappenheim's writings are "The Difficult Struggles," "Travel Notes," "Tragic Moments," and a number of stories. She translated from Yiddish to German the memoirs of Gluckel von Hameln, noted Jewish writer from whom she was descended.

LEAGUE UNION UNANIMOUSLY ADOPTS RESOLUTION ASSAILING NUREMBERG LAWS

GLASGOW, June 4. (JTA) -- A resolution condemning the Nuremberg anti-Jewish laws was unanimously adopted today at a plenary session of the International Union of League of Nations Societies, in convention here.

The resolution was offered by The Netherlands branch of the Union. Germany's organization is not represented at the convention.

In an address preceding the vote on the resolution Mrs. Thomas Dugdale, rapporteur, declared that the Jewish situation in Germany is an obstacle to friendly Anglo-German relations.

Voicing regret at the absence of the German delegation, Mrs. Dugdale attributed their refusal to attend to a "bad conscience."

She stressed the necessity of condemning the Third Reich's aggression against innocent and unprotected German Jews as the Union's moral duty.

The congress also unanimously adopted a resolution asking the British Government to facilitate immigration of Jewish refugees to Palestine "to the utmost extent consistent with the mandate."

SUPPORT FOR WORLD CONGRESS ASKED BY BERNHARD; OPPOSITION SEEN MOUNTING

NEW YORK, June 4. (JTA) -- Prof. Georg Bernhard, German-Jewish refugee journalist, today urged support of the forthcoming World Jewish Congress to combat anti-Semitism throughout the world and, especially, to "examine the question whether the Jews everywhere and in all countries are sufficiently adapted to the tremendous economic and political transformations which have taken place throughout the world." He expressed the hope that sections of Jewry not represented at present in the congress would come in later.

Almost simultaneously, James N. Rosenberg, attorney, reported "mounting opposition" to the congress in the United States. He said that Jewish individuals and organizations numbering more than 2,500 from more than 150 cities had sent telegrams and messages expressing opposition to the congress.

Dr. Bernhard, who arrived in the United States yesterday on the S.S. Paris, spoke at a luncheon of the American Jewish Congress administrative committee at the Hotel Biltmore. It was the first of a series of speaking engagements in behalf of the world congress which will culminate in his delivering the keynote address at the national electoral conference for the congress in Washington June 13 and 14. He will depart for Europe June 20 to attend the inter-governmental conference on refugees July 2 at Geneva.

Describing the plight of the Jews in several European countries, Dr. Bernhard said "there is nothing more timely and nothing more urgent than the final convocation of the World Jewish Congress." He warned those who "do not believe that the racial anti-Semitic poison can spread from Germany over the entire world" that Hitler "wants to be the savior who will rescue the entire world from the danger of the Jewish pestilence!"

He added that the argument that the congress would bring the stigma of internationalism to the Jews came only from Jews, not from non-Jews

Judge Julian W. Mack, the only other speaker, said he was not as optimistic as Dr. Bernhard about the possibility of forces against the congress at an early date abandoning their opposition. Dr. Stephen S. Wise presided.

In an interview yesterday, Dr. Bernhard -- who formerly was editor of the Ullstein newspapers in Germany and now edits the Pariser Tageblatt in Paris -- emphasized the world congress as a means of Jewish self defence. He said it would have the duty of coordinating emigration facilities for Jews in European countries, adding that he thought a large number of Jews should leave Poland.

Voicing doubt whether British Foreign Secretary Anthony Eden was correct in ascribing unrest in Palestine to Italian propaganda, Dr. Bernhard blamed the Nazis. He declared that Nazis were spreading anti-Jewish propaganda among susceptible Arabs, citing as an example that anti-Jewish proclamations issued to the Arabs were printed from matrices manufactured in Berlin.

Mr. Rosenberg, in describing opposition to the world congress, said it would not be truly representative because of the opposition to it among Jews. He said that Judge Mitchell May, head of the Brooklyn division of the American Jewish Congress -- the organization which is sponsoring the world congress movement in this country -- had written to Dr. Wise saying he was withdrawing from all further activity in connection with the world congress.

Mr. Rosenberg declared that the messages in opposition to the congress had come from representatives of many sections of Jewish life -- Zionist and non-Zionist -- and included members of the American Jewish Congress. He cited the following organizations as among those opposing the world congress:

The American Jewish Committee, the Free Sons of Israel, the Jewish Labor Committee, the National Council of Jewish Women, the Order of United Hebrew Brothers, the Union of Orthodox Rabbis of the United States and Canada and the Women's League of the United Synagogue of America.

#### CONGRESS VOTES SITE FOR MEMORIAL TO HAYM SALOMON

NEW YORK, June 4. (JTA) -- The Federation of Polish Jews in America was notified today that the House of Representatives has unanimously adopted a joint resolution directing the Secretary of the Interior to provide a site in Washington for the erection of a memorial to Haym Salomon, who helped finance the American Revolution.

The resolution states the memorial is "in recognition of the Patriotic and meritorious services rendered by him to the United States Government during the most trying period of the American Revolution." It was introduced by Congressman Gillette.

In an accompanying announcement, the Federation hailed passage of the resolution as "culmination of its efforts to bring to the attention of the people of America the great services rendered to the cause of this nation's independence by a Jewish immigrant from Poland, who quietly and selflessly gave his entire fortune and his very life to the cause of American liberty."