

Jewish Telegraphic Agency

Latest Cable Dispatches

220 FIFTH AVENUE, N. Y. C.

Phone: ASHland 4-3093

NEW YORK, N. Y.

VOL. 1 No. 232.

Friday, May 15, 1936.

JEW WOUNDED, ARAB KILLED IN NEW CLASHES; CURFEW EXTENDED

JERUSALEM, May 14. (JTA) -- One Arab was killed and one Jew wounded in new clashes this morning as increasing tension spurred the evacuation of Jews from the Old City of Jerusalem.

About 140 Jews were evacuated from the Old City since last night while 200 women, children and aged persons were transferred to the premises of the Hapoel Sports Club in the center of the city. Others were transported under guard to the Hurveh synagogue within the Old City walls.

An official communique said the Arab was found in the Old City, shot by an unknown person. The victim's brother alleged a person resembling a Jew had shot him, according to the communique, and no other witnesses could be found. Earlier reports said the Arab was shot at the Jaffa Gate when he attempted to stab another Arab for breaking the anti-Jewish general strike.

The Jewish population of Jaffa Street was thrown into panic and Jews hurriedly closed their stores when Arabs attempted to convert the funeral for the slain Arab into a demonstration. Police managed to divert the procession as it was marching into Jaffa Street.

David Horowitz, a Jew, was wounded by Arabs on Mamilah Street and removed to the Hadassah Hospital.

Curfew, which yesterday was proclaimed in the Old City of Jerusalem following slaying by Arabs of two Jews, was today extended to the post office section of this city. The territory under curfew now includes all mixed Arab-Jewish districts in Jerusalem.

The police guard was doubled on the streets of the Old City. Jewish laborers were advised not to work on the outskirts of the city.

Municipal buses were running only as far as the post-office instead of to the Jaffa gate. All Jewish stores between the post-office and the Jaffa gate were closed.

British Civil Officials Given Arms

Arms and steel-helmets were distributed among all British civil officials. Authorities promised to guard every one wishing to be evacuated from the Old City. A delegation from the Agudath Israel, orthodox organization, demanded of District Commissioner Campbell evacuation by the Government of the entire estimated Jewish population of 5,000 from the quarter.

As tension spread from the Old City throughout the rest of the city, police in lorries patrolled the streets, stopping Jewish passers-by and searching them for arms. All Jewish schools on the outskirts of the city dismissed their pupils and sent them home.

An official statement said that High Commissioner Sir Arthur Grenfell Wauchope inspected armored cars and tanks at Ramleh and Sarafend and the reinforcements which arrived here from Egypt.

Other incidents reported were:

A bomb was thrown in Princess Mary Street, but failed to do any damage.

An American Jew, whose name could not be learned, was among three Jewish passengers injured by Arabs who stoned a train passing through Tulkarem en route to Tel Aviv.

Seven hundred trees were reported uprooted by Arabs in a Jewish-owned grove near Hedera.

Arabs attempted to invade the Jewish settlement at Ataroth near Jerusalem during the night, firing thirty shots from different directions. They retreated when police replied with gunfire.

Fire caused heavy damage in the Mishmarim-Emek forest during the night and smaller fires were reported in other places.

A Jew, Shalom Frankenthal, was arrested on a charge of attempted murder preferred by an Arab, who claimed the Jew had fired a revolver. Although the official announcement said no weapon was found on him, Frankenthal was denied bail, even when \$5,000 was offered.

The Arab daily, El Liwaa, published a call to Arab ex-servicemen to register within a week for a special gathering at Ramleh.

The Government ordered the press not to publish reports contradicting the official communique on yesterday's slayings, which says that Reuben Klapholtz, 45, one of the victims, died of a bullet in his head. Klapholtz was a merchant and the father of seven children.

REPORT WAUCHOPE REPEATING LONDON PARLEY BID TO ARAB LEADERS

JERUSALEM, May 14. (JTA) -- High Commissioner Sir Arthur Grenfell Wauchope was reported today to have repeated an invitation to Arab leaders to confer with Colonial Secretary J.H. Thomas in London on matters affecting the government of Palestine.

In a conference with members of the Arab Supreme Council, organized to push a general strike against Jewish immigration and sale of land to Jews, Sir Arthur is said to have offered certain concessions to the Arabs in order to bring the strike to an end. The strike is in its fourth week.

Bethlehem was recorded today as the first city refusing to pay taxes as an Arab campaign of civil disobedience, including withholding of taxes and a rigid boycott of everything Jewish, was scheduled to go into effect tomorrow.

The Hebrew daily, Haboker, reported that the Government intends to issue an order to Arabs to immediately open their stores or face punishment. A similar measure was employed during the 1929 disorders.

WAUCHOPE ASSURES JEWS ORDER WILL BE RESTORED

JERUSALEM, May 14. (JTA) -- High Commissioner Sir Arthur Grenfell Wauchope declared in a half-hour audience today with a joint Jewish delegation that order would definitely be restored, although he was unable to say when.

Declaring that no actions would move the Government's policy, he asserted that the Jews should not interpret recent events as signs that the authorities were impotent. Sir Arthur expressed appreciation at the restraint of the Jews in the situation.

He announced that collective punishments on Arab communities were being introduced and expressed the hope that the result would be favorable.

Mayor Meier Dizengoff of Tel Aviv insisted that the Government was not taking sufficient action against openly-conducted Arab incitement. He said he was receiving inquiries from abroad on whether Jews were being protected and asked, "What shall we answer?"

M. Zisling, representing the settlements in the Jezreel Valley, emphasized that if the Government did not assure security, the Jewish youth would be forced to help itself but the responsibility would be entirely upon the Government.

Rabbi Moshe Blau of the Agudath Israel, extreme orthodox group, declared that Jewish blood was free for all, citing as examples recent events in Jerusalem and unchecked incendiary speeches by the Mufti.

The delegation was headed by Isaac Ben Zvi, president of the Jewish National Council. Other members were Israel Rokaah, vice-mayor of Tel Aviv; Ben-Zion M. Uziel, chief rabbi of Tel Aviv, and M. Butkovsky, of the Jewish Farmers' Association.

REPORT ZIONIST ACTION COMMITTEE TO MEET IN JUNE

JERUSALEM, May 14. (JTA) -- It was reliably learned today that the Zionist Executive is convoking a meeting in Jerusalem of the Action Committee of the World Zionist Organization for June 23.

LORD ALLENBY, CONQUEROR OF PALESTINE, DIES AT 75

LONDON, May 14. (JTA) -- Field Marshal Viscount Edmund H. H. Allenby, World War conqueror of Palestine and British statesman, died suddenly today. He was seventy-five years old on April 23.

- - -

Lord Allenby led the British expeditionary forces in the Palestine campaign of 1917 that broke the Turkish resistance. When he entered Jerusalem on the first day of Chanukah after victories in Beer Sheba and Jaffa the Jews greeted him as the liberator of Palestine from the Turkish yoke.

During the military occupation of Palestine, Lord Allenby's attitude toward Zionism was regarded as negative, but later, under the influence of Dr. Chaim Weizmann, he came to regard the Zionist ideal highly, and finally, when he delivered an address at the opening of the Hebrew University in Jerusalem April 2, 1935, he declared himself a fervent friend of Zionism.

Jewish soldiers throughout the world remember him as the leader of the Jewish Legion -- the first organized Jewish force since the dispersion. On many occasions Lord Allenby paid tribute to his Jewish battalions. At a dinner in New York in 1928 he said:

"I had the honor of commanding several Jewish battalions and I also had, before these Jewish battalions were raised, many Jewish soldiers under my command. Judas Maccabaeus could not have fought better than they did. Their courage and patriotism to the cause for which they fought was distinguished. They realized it was not only the cause of Judaism but of humanity."

To the Jews the names of Lord Allenby and Lord Balfour are always linked -- the one for liberating Palestine, the other for making possible a Jewish homeland. Many streets have been named after the Soldier-statesman in the Holy Land, including Allenby Square in the center of the all-Jewish city of Tel Aviv.

After the Palestine occupation, Lord Allenby became in 1919 High Commissioner in Egypt and served in this position until 1925. Afterward, he was no longer as active as he had been. He was hailed by the Jews when he visited the United States in 1928, and toured Canada in 1926 and again in 1934.

\$2,800,000 RAISED BY COUNCIL FOR GERMAN JEWS

LONDON, May 14. (JTA) -- The Council for German Jewry announced today that £560,000 (about \$2,800,000) has been raised to date for the project to expatriate 100,000 German Jews within a period of four years. The Council has set a world quota for the campaign of \$15,000,000, of which \$10,000,000 is to be contributed by American Jewry, with the remainder to come from Great Britain and other European countries.

2 NAZI AGENTS TO BE DEPORTED FROM PALESTINE

JERUSALEM, May 14. (JTA) -- It was announced today that Dr. Paul Zubak and Greta Taumann, said to be Nazi agents, will be deported. They were arrested on May 3 after an all-night search of their home was said by police to have uncovered seditious material and letters about the German Jews in Palestine.

The two had denied charges of sedition and were being held by police after a hearing. The documents were turned over to the Criminal Investigation Department here.

Dr. Zubak and Miss Taumann, both of Vienna, arrived in Palestine in 1933 and first resided in Nazareth, where they are believed to have organized Nazi headquarters for Palestine. Later they moved to Tel Aviv, where Dr. Zubak represented a film company.

KING EDWARD RECEIVES SIR ISAAC ISAACS

LONDON, May 14. (JTA) -- King Edward yesterday received Sir Isaac Isaacs, former Governor-General of Australia, and Lady Isaacs. They lunched at Buckingham Palace with Queen Mary.

ENDEKS KILL JEW ON EVE OF DEPARTURE TO HOLY LAND

WARSAW, May 14. (JTA) -- Anti-Semitic Endeks (Nationalists) at Duksztł near Wilno last night killed Israel Feldman, a Jew, as he was preparing to go to Palestine.

PLOT ON HITLER FEARED. 200 GUARDS REPORTED SEIZED

LONDON, May 14. (JTA) -- The Daily Herald reported today from Berlin that more than 200 special guards, members of Reichsfuehrer Hitler's personal bodyguard, were arrested and confined in a special concentration camp on suspicion of plotting against Hitler and the State.

BOARD OF EDUCATION BARS INSTRUCTOR'S TRIP TO STUDY NAZI METHODS

NEW YORK, May 14. (JTA) -- The Board of Education last night struck a blow at Nazism when it refused a two month leave of absence to Theodor Huebner, assistant director of foreign languages, on which he was to have studied foreign language instruction in the countries of Central Europe. Mr. Huebner was to have made the trip as member of a commission sponsored by the Carl Schurz Foundation.

The board voted four to three against granting the leave, which had been previously recommended by the Board of Superintendents.

James Marshall, newly-made vice-president of the board, in a speech prior to the vote denounced the Nazi regime, stating that at this time "there is nothing in the teaching methods of Germany which we wish to use here."

Mr. Marshall emphasized that the Nazi regime "interferes with parochial schools" and prohibits Jewish children from attending the German public schools.

Voting with Mr. Marshall against the leave of absence were Commissioners Ellsworth B. Buck, Dr. Alberto Bonaschi and Johanna M. Lindlof. President Henry C. Turner, Mrs. Margaret McAleenan and Walter C. Garlin voted for the leave.

Mr. Marshall's statement follows:

"I know that the Carl Schurz Foundation has done some splendid work. As far as I can learn Mr. Huebner is in every way an excellent man, well acquainted with his subject, and worthy of his position. The German language is a fine language and it has a marvelous literature.

"This proposal is to send Mr. Huebner to Germany at this time to study the teaching methods in German schools. Now, there may be some who think that at this particular time the German schools can teach us anything about teaching. I do not believe, however, that in a country where the government interferes with the parochial schools, as it does, that in a country which prohibits Jewish children from entering into its school system, that in a country which forbids Masonry, which legislates and wipes out from existence Union Labor and which uses such things even as the sportsmanship of the Olympic Games for purposes of propaganda, such a country can teach us anything about teaching methods. It seems to me that we who are interested in freedom and in American principals would learn nothing about teaching over there at this time, and consequently I vote against the resolution."

EXILE FROM REICH WINS MEDICAL BODY'S MEDAL

KANSAS CITY, May 14. (JTA) -- The American Medical Association, in convention here, last night awarded a gold medal to Dr. Rudolph Schindler, an exile from Germany, for his refinement of the gastroscope, which was adjudged one of the two outstanding exhibits at the meeting. He left Munich 18 months ago because "freedom of speech and research was gone" and now lives in Chicago.