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JEWS TO BE BARRED FROM "ARYAN" ENTERPRISES UNDER DECISION OF REICH LABOR COURT

BERLIN, Feb. 14. (JTA) -- The Higher Labor Court today extended the Nuremberg anti-Jewish laws to the field of private enterprise in a decision that will lead to the dismissal of thousands of Jews employed by "Aryans."

Disregarding orders of Minister of Economics Hjalmar Schacht that Jews not be molested in industry and commerce until their status is defined by law, the court authorized the discharge of Jews from non-Jewish enterprises regardless of the length of their employment, the quality of their service or their war records.

The ruling states that although dismissal of Jews does not conform to any existing labor laws, it complies with the spirit of the race and citizenship laws adopted by the Reichstag at Nuremberg on September 15 and with the sentiments of the Nazi movement.

The decision instructed labor courts "not to issue decisions contradicting the spirit of the movement."

The verdict was handed down in the action by a Jewish World War veteran, dismissed after six years service by order of the Nazi Labor Front. Members of the employing firm had testified that his services were satisfactory and that he had been discharged only because of the Labor Front's written demands.

Admitting that the fact he is a Jew was the only cause for his discharge, the Higher Court added: "With such a fine record a Jewish employee should not find it difficult to be employed by a Jewish enterprise."

A second decision of the court ordered the reinstatement of a half-Jewish woman who had been discharged by an "Aryan" firm, rul-

ing that half-blooded Jews were not to receive the same treatment as full-blooded Jews. The decision added that the Labor Front's drive was directed against "full-blooded Jews only."

NAZIS ASKED TO HALT ANTI-BIBLE DRIVE

BERLIN, Feb. 14. (JTA) -- The Nazi Evangelist church organ, Positive Christianity, appealed today to the Nazis to call off their anti-Bible movement on the ground that their statements were used abroad against Hitler.

The paper declared that the Bible question is purely religious and did not concern "the so-called educators, who are not even Christians."

Appealing for more tact in making statements, the paper warned that the "irresponsible words" of the anti-Bible leaders were taken abroad as the official opinion of the Third Reich.

A group of Nazi educators had made a statement to the press demanding that the Bible be banned in Germany as "dangerous literature."

HITLER'S PAPER REPORTS POLAND WEIGHING PALESTINE MANDATE

BERLIN, Feb. 14. (JTA) -- Reichsfuehrer Hitler's Voelkischer Beobachter reported today an attempt by "Jewish circles" to have Palestine placed under a Polish mandate.

The paper stated that Polish Government circles are "occupied in studying the question of how to settle Polish Jews in overseas colonial territories with an eye to growing racial differences between the Government with its more than 3,000,000 Jews."

BERLIN SYNAGOGUES ORDERED TO CONDEMN FRANKFURTER

BERLIN, Feb. 14. (JTA) -- The Executive of the Jewish Community issued instructions to synagogues today to include in Sabbath services tomorrow a condemnation of the murder of Wilhelm Gustloff, Swiss Nazi leader, by a Yugoslavian Jew as a "contradiction to the teachings of the Jewish religion and the ethics of the Jewish people."

SWITZERLAND TO CONSIDER BANNING NAZI GROUP

BERNE, Switzerland, Feb. 14. (JTA) -- A proposal to ban the Nazi organization headed by the slain Wilhelm Gustloff will come up before the next session of the Swiss Federal Council, it was disclosed today.

The council will move swiftly in deciding whether to permit continuation of the organization in order to be able to take action before Gustloff's successor is nominated, it was learned.

Swiss newspapers today urged the Government to change its "tolerant attitude to the Nazis."

POLAND POSTPONES SHECHITAH BILL AFTER AMERICAN AND OTHER PROTESTS, REPORTERS TOLD

WARSAW, Feb. 14. (JTA) -- In response to foreign protests, particularly from the United States, the Polish Government has decided not to proceed with a proposed ban on kosher slaughtering, foreign correspondents were informed today by a reliable source.

The newspapermen were told that the Government, advise of reaction abroad and especially in America, has decided that the Parliament bill to prohibit Jewish ritual slaughtering is untimely. The Government was undecided, however, whether the bill would be finally killed.

The statement followed a meeting of an interministerial commission to formulate the Government's attitude on the bill, which was introduced into the Sejm last week by Deputy Janina Prystor, wife of the Senate President, and was said to have the support of a bloc of 100 deputies.

The Federation of Polish Jews in America, headed by Benjamin Winter, had sent a protest to the Polish Embassy in Washington which was forwarded to Warsaw. It warned that passage of the bill "would arouse the most vigorous protests all over the United States."

The Union of Orthodox Rabbis of the United States and Canada had also protested the bill as a violation of the Constitutional provision for free practice of religion and rituals.

As the Government commission was called into session, Polish newspapers stated that there was no chance for the reaching of a compromise whereby kosher slaughtering would be permitted for exclusive Jewish consumption.

Influential in formulating the Government's attitude toward the bill was the Vice Minister of Cults and Education, Zongollowicz, a Catholic priest. Anti-Semitic newspapers this morning asked the Ministry of Cults not to place any obstacles in the way of the bills.

The anti-Jewish papers declared that Zongollowicz "who, as a Catholic priest does not tolerate cruelty to animals, will not allow the exploitation of the Polish population in favor of the Jewish minority.

Deputy Prystor, in introducing the bill last Friday, declared that it aimed to break the Jewish "monopoly" over the slaughter of cattle. Jewish organizations declared a day of fasting and a

world-wide month of mourning in protest against the bill, complaining that it would deprive the Jews of meat, result in the loss of jobs for Jewish slaughterers and butchers, deprive the Jewish communities of an important source of income and violate religious liberties.

The bill would provide fines and prison sentences for slaughterers failing to stun cattle before killing. Stunning contravenes the Jewish ritual code.

SYRIAN JEWS ASK AID FROM PALESTINE

JERUSALEM, Feb. 14. (JTA) -- An appeal to the Jews of Palestine to aid Syrian Jews stricken by recent Nationalist strikes and rioting was received here today.

The appeal said the Jews in Syria faced economic ruin. A relief committee has been formed in Damascus which reports hundreds of Jewish families destitute. Jewish shopkeepers, the committee stated, were forced to join the strike under threats that their shops would be burned down.

SPAIN WILL NOT SUBSIDIZE OLYMPIC TEAM

MADRID, Feb. 14. (JTA) -- The Council of State voted today not to subsidize the Spanish team at the Berlin Olympic games.

\$47,000,000 SPENT IN PALESTINE

NEW YORK (JTA) -- Dr. Stephen S. Wise, chairman of the United Palestine Appeal, today made public a report showing that \$47,888,125 had been spent in Palestine by the national funds, which include the Palestine Foundation Fund and the Jewish National Fund.

Urging nationwide support of the Palestine Appeal, Dr. Wise declared that the rebuilding of the Jewish homeland is not "philanthropic" but "the major constructive task before the Jewish people."

The statistical report shows that in the years of its existence, from 1921 to 1935, the Palestine Foundation Fund expended \$26,645,720. The Jewish National Fund, between 1901 and 1935, raised \$20,000,000. In two years the Central Bureau for the Settlement of German Jews, a branch of the Jewish Agency for Palestine, raised \$1,242,000.

Of the total of \$47,888,125 expended by these three inter-related national bodies in Palestine, approximately \$18,000,000 was raised in the United States.

The total sum was expended on the following activities in Palestine: 31.2 per cent on the purchase of land, the Jewish National Fund now owning over 100,000 acres of land as the inalienable property of the Jewish people; 18.3 per cent on agricultural

colonization, the Palestine Foundation Fund having maintained or founded 65 different settlements; 10.6 per cent on education, the Jewish school system in Palestine growing from 13,000 pupils in 1921 to 40,000 pupils in 1935; 5.6 per cent on public works; and 5.3 per cent on immigration. The Jewish immigration into Palestine from 1919 to 1935 was 259,576.

LIPSKY SAILS FOR PARLEY ON WORLD JEWISH CONGRESS

NEW YORK, Feb. 14. (JTA) -- Louis Lipsky, vice president of the American Jewish Congress, sailed for Paris tonight on the Berengaria to attend a meeting of the Executive Committee for a World Jewish Congress on February 22, where the date, place and agenda for this Summer's World Jewish Congress will be drawn up.

Mr. Lipsky will later go to London to represent the United Palestine Appeal at a conference with Dr. Chaim Weizmann, president of the World Zionist Organization, where plans of the British delegation, which was recently in the United States, for the transfer of Jews from Nazi Germany, will be discussed.

Mr. Lipsky stated before his departure, that neither the Jewish Agency for Palestine nor the World Zionist Organization is able to deal with the problems of Jewish life in the Diaspora.

He added: "At the first session of the World Jewish Congress thus to be summoned, plans will be considered for establishing upon a permanent, democratic basis, an authority in a position to speak and act on behalf of the whole Jewish people."

JEWISH FARMERS WEATHER DEPRESSION, AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY REPORTS

NEW YORK, Feb. 14. (JTA) -- The story of 100,000 Jews returning to the soil and bearing up under the depression is told in the annual report of Gabriel Davidson, general manager of the Jewish Agricultural Society.

Emerging from economic difficulties the Jewish farmers are now making steady progress in agriculture, the report said. "In any plan of Jewish vocation readjustment, farming must play a role. Adjustment in farming is costly and therefore the drift to the land cannot assume the dimensions that its proponents wish it to attain. That is the challenge."

Reporting that 749 persons sought the society's advice on desirability of settling on farms during the year, Mr. Davidson said:

"No considerable number of German Jews possess an agricultural background, and, with the restrictions against the withdrawal of funds from Germany, lack of capital is a stumbling block. It may, however, be expected that some of these victims will find places on farms in this country."

"Officials of Federal farm lending agencies and others have expressed surprise," the report continued, "that we were able to keep afloat at a time when they, with their incomparably stronger structures, were experiencing rough sailing."

The report continues:

"Thirty-six years ago when the Society first began to function there were 216 Jewish farm families in the United States. Today, we have a Jewish farm population approximating 100,000. In 1900 the total acreage owned by Jewish farmers was 12,029. Today more than 1,500,000 acres are owned by Jews and these farm holdings, real and personal, have a probable gross worth of 150,000,000. There are Jewish tillers of the soil in all of the 48 states in the Union.

"The Society, through its Farm Loan Department, has granted up to the end of its last fiscal year 11,729 farm loans aggregating over \$7,275,000 to Jewish farmers in forty states. This financial service provides the Jewish farmer with a source of credit not readily obtainable through other sources. Farm loans are made on smaller margins of equity than are usually accepted by loaning agencies. Their repayment is spread over a long number of years, and there is no exaction of bonus or commission or payment of renewal charges."