

# Jewish Telegraphic Agency

## Latest Cable Dispatches

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### BRITISH-JEWISH LEADERS TO OFFER 2 PLANS TO U.S. JEWRY

BERLIN, Jan. 8. (JTA) -- The three British-Jewish leaders who are sailing January 15 for the United States will carry with them two distinct plans for the consideration of American Jews, the Jewish Telegraphic Agency learned from reliable sources today.

One plan is concerned with measures to enable German Jews to settle in Palestine. Its origin is attributed to Simon Marks, British chain store magnate and Zionist leader, and one of the three who will visit America on the mission.

The second plan embraces establishment of an international liquidation bank, details of which have been previously disclosed. This bank, with headquarters in London, will enable German Jews to emigrate to countries other than Palestine under terms of an agreement similar to that in effect between Palestine and Germany. By this method German Jews will be enabled to transfer their capital into merchandise, the bank to handle the entire transaction and turn over to the emigrant his money in the currency of the nation in which he will settle.

In this project, Viscount Fearsted, head of the powerful Shell Oil interests, is reputedly interested. He is the second of the trio which will visit the United States.

Sir Herbert Samuel, former High Commissioner for Palestine, and third member of the delegation, it is understood here, has been chosen as the coordinator of both projects.

Meanwhile, it was learned in Government circles today that the Jewish leaders who have been negotiating with the Government have practically agreed that foreign currency shall be paid

Germany for a part of the merchandise which the emigrants will be permitted to take with them under terms of the international bank project.

Because of the foreign currency feature, it was further disclosed today, the international bank plan enjoys the support of Dr. Hjalmar Schacht.

It is understood, however, that the foreign exchange involved will represent only a small fraction of the worth of the goods. It is in this foreign currency feature that the international bank plan differs significantly from the Palestine-Germany transfer agreement. By the terms of the latter pact, Germany does not receive foreign exchange for any part of the goods taken out of the country by the Jewish emigrants to Palestine.

It was further authoritatively disclosed to the Jewish Telegraphic Agency today that opinion in Government circles is divided on whether it is wise to permit wholesale emigration of German Jews.

Extremist members of the cabinet are in favor of getting rid of the Jews regardless of the ultimate cost to Germany. The moderates, on the other hand, fearing that Germany is facing economic collapse, believe that no matter how much Germany wishes its Jewish population reduced, a system of selective emigration is advisable and even necessary. These point out that there are elements in the Jewish population which are useful to the country economically and which should not be permitted to leave Germany.

The moderates in the cabinet contend further that not only is Germany losing capital which is exported in the form of goods or money, but the hurried liquidation of Jewish enterprises is already resulting in a noticeable decrease in German business activities.

That Germany is not anxious at the present time to consider any project for large-scale emigration of Jewish capitalists is indicated in an article syndicated by Partei Korrespondenz, official organ of the Nazi party.

In this article it is stated that Jews are not being driven from the Reich. Those who leave, it declares, do so "of their own free will."

"Thus far," the article continues, "there have been no pogroms against Jews such as are occurring in neighboring East European countries." (The reference is obviously to Poland, where anti-Jewish attacks in recent months have resulted in the deaths of a number of Jews and the wounding of scores more.)

The article concludes by advising the League of Nations to examine the Jewish situation in countries east of the Reich and not to interfere with Germany's treatment of its Jewish population.

BRITISH-JEWISH LEADERS WILL BE HERE MONTH, GUARDIAN STATES

LONDON, Jan. 8. (JTA) -- Newspapers here continued today to devote considerable attention to the forthcoming visit to the United States of the three British-Jewish leaders, Sir Herbert Samuel, Viscount Bearsted and Simon Marks.

The Manchester Guardian reports that the trio, which is scheduled to leave for the United States January 15, has no definite scheme, its mission being exploratory in nature. The group, the Guardian states, will be away approximately one month, and it is understood that one of its proposals will include a general scheme for the emigration of younger Jews from Germany and also a plan to raise a large fund for establishment of training farms to prepare them for work in Palestine.

The mission of the trio, the Guardian declares, is not connected with any arrangements reported to have been made with the Nazi Government by Jewish leaders here. Making such arrangements, the paper points out, is the duty of the League of Nations.

The News-Chronicle in an editorial declares that the mission is the first result of James G. McDonald's letter of resignation as League of Nations High Commissioner for Refugees from Germany. The editorial points out that, however successful may be the funds campaign to aid the proposed mass emigration of Jews from Germany, it still will not remove the root of the trouble which Mr. McDonald described.

An editorial in the Daily Herald extends that paper's best wishes to the forthcoming campaign and points out that Reichsfuehrer Hitler would receive a warmer welcome from the comity of nations if he were to abandon medieval persecution.

In a column-long article, the London Times declares that the German Jews are caught "like rats in a trap," since they are unable to exist in the Reich and are unable to emigrate without capital. The article places little hope of amelioration in League intervention, declaring that the Nazi regime is unable to control the radical elements. It points out further that the regime is probably willing to permit capital export in the form of German goods providing Germany receives a small return in foreign currency. But, the Times adds, it is not in the interests of other countries to encourage German exports at the cost of their own.

It is noted that Kozminski almost lost his standing when he refused to meet a German boxer in protest against Nazism. The Polish Boxing Association ordered him to get into the ring with the Germany adversary.

He met the German champion, Spennagel, at Poznan and trounced him. This entitled him to a place on the international boxing team which came to Chicago for the Chicago international Golden-Glove

matches. He gave Fatsy Orso, Detroit flyweight, a sound beating and won the amateur flyweight championship.

Rotholz is a printer by vocation and the son of Warsaw orthodox Jews.

#### WEIZMANN GIVES WAUCHOPE RESOLUTION AGAINST COUNCIL

JERUSALEM, Jan. 8. (JTA) -- Dr. Chaim Weizmann, president of the Jewish Agency for Palestine, visited High Commissioner Sir Arthur Grenfell Wauchope today and delivered to him a resolution adopted yesterday at a meeting of Jewish organizations reaffirming the Zionist stand against the establishment of a representative legislative council at this time.

Present at the meeting at which the resolution was adopted were representatives of the Zionist Actions Committee, the executive of the Jewish Agency, the Jewish National Council, the Agudath Israel, extreme orthodox group, and Mayor Meier Dizengoff of Tel Aviv.

#### REVISIONIST BODY PROTESTS COUNCIL

JERUSALEM, Jan. 8. (JTA) -- The New Zionist Organization of Palestine, Revisionist body, today submitted to High Commissioner Sir Arthur Grenfell Wauchope a memorandum protesting against the establishment of a representative legislative council.

#### PALESTINE TREASURY REPORTS SURPLUS OF \$30,700,000

JERUSALEM, Jan. 8. (JTA) -- The treasury surplus of the Palestine Government on November 30, 1935, was more than 30,700,000, it was disclosed today.

#### PALESTINE LIMITS NUMBER OF NEW DOCTORS TO 50 IN YEAR

JERUSALEM, Jan. 8. (JTA) -- A maximum of fifty new licenses for physicians will be issued this year, according to an order published by the Palestine Government today in its official gazette. The action is said to have been taken because of the influx of physicians into Palestine, especially refugees from Germany.