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NEED TO COMBAT REDS SPURRED NUREMBERG LAWS, HITLISH TRIES UNITED PRESS CHIEF

NEW YORK, Nov. 27. (JTA) -- The recent Nuremberg legislation "is not anti-Jewish but pro-German," Reichsfuehrer Adolf Hitler told Hugh Baillie, president of the United Bress, in an exclusive interview prominently featured today in the New York World-Telegram.

Replying to a question as to the grounds for the legislation passed by the Reichstag at Nuremberg, Hitler is quoted as saying:

"The necessity of combating Bolshevism is one of the fundamental reasons for Jewish legislation in Germany...Through these laws the rights of the Germans shall be protected against destructive Jewish influences."

Chancellor Hitler, according to the inverview, declared that after the war an "intellectual proletariat" was formed among educated Germans who had to take mental positions while the Jews had sought to usurp cultural leadership and had overcrowded intellectual professions.

"The destructive influence of this intellectual Jewry has made itself felt everywhere," Hitler is quoted. "For this reason it was necessary to take steps in order to put a stop to this destructiveness and to establish a clear and clean division between the two races,"

The fundamental principle by which this is handled, he said, is that Germans and Jews should receive what is naturally due to each, declaring that as a result of this policy anti-Jewish feeling has modified.

To a question as to whether further legislative steps were to be expected, the Fuehrer replied that the German Government was being guided by a desire to avert by means of law those measures of self-help on the part of the people which might possibly be expressed in dangerous explosions, and thereby to main the hitherto prevailing peace of the pieck of the prevailing peace of the pieck of the prevailing peace of the pieck of the prevail of the pieck of the prevail of the pieck of the prevail of the pieck of

He expressed belief, according to Mr. Baillie, that through the Nuremberg laws new tension would perhaps be avoided. Should tension arise, however, then further legal measures might become necessary, he asserted.

JAHNCKE LETTERS SPUR DRIVE AGAINST NAZI OLYMPICS

NEW YORK, Nov. 27. (JTA) -- Heartened by the announcement that Ernest Leo Jahncke, one of the three American members of the International Olympic Committee, has joined their ranks, the forces combating the Berlin Olympics moved today to concentrate their efforts for a final drive before the national convention of the American Athletic Union takes place next week.

Although this was his first official statement, it was known that Mr. Jahnoke was intending to come out against the Berlin Olympics.

A public mass-meeting protesting holding of the 1936 games in Nazi Germany was called today by the Committee on Fair Play in Sports for next Tuesday evening in Mecca Temple. More than 100 organizations are joining with the committee in sponsoring the meeting. Among the speakers will be Dr. Frank Bohn, economist and son-in-law of Secretary of Commerce Roper who recently returned from a tour of Germany during which he conferred with officials; and Albert Lil, member of the American Olympic Committee and former president of the Amateur Athletic Union.

The views of Mr. Jahncke, who is former assistant Secretary of Navy and of German origin, were expressed in letters to Dr. Theodor Lewald, chairman of the German Olympic Committee, and Count Henri de Baillet-Latour, president of the International Olympic Committee in answer to their written requests that he do all in his power to see that America is represented in the games.

"From the point of view of the Olympics as an institution," he asserted in the letter to Dr. Lewald, "it will be a calamity in my opinion if America does participate, for it now appears as if the Olympic idea can be saved only by the refusal of Americans and of other people to have anything to do with the games if they are held in Germany."

He noted that the American Olympic Committee is experiencing "great difficulty" in raising the \$300,000 necessary to defray the expenses of participation.

In the letter to Count Baillet-Latour Mr. Jahncke said:

"I shall urge upon my countrymen that they should not participate in the games in Nazi Germany because it is my opinion that under the domination of the Nazi government the German sports authorities have violated and are continuing to violate every requirement of fair play in the conduct of sports in Germany and in the selection of the German team, and are exploiting

the games for the political and financial profit of the Nazi regime. Neither Americans nor the representatives of other countries can take part in the games in Nazi Germany without at least acquiescing in the contempt of the Nazis for fair play and their sordid exploitation of the games...

"I do not doubt that you have received all sorts of assurances from the Nazi sports authorities. Ever since they gave us their pledges in June, 1935, (pledges that Jews would not be discriminated against) they have been lavish with their promises. The difficulty is that they have been stringy with their performance of them."

BAILLET-LATOUR OLYMPICS VIEWS CHALLENGED IN HOLLAND

AMSTERDAM, The Netherlands, Nov. 27. (JTA) -- Count Baillet-Latour's stand as president of the International Olympic Committee in favor of holding the Olympic Games in Germany as scheduled is challenged in a letter published today in De Telegraaf over the signatures of A. Ascher, president, and Dr. D. Cohen, secretary, of the Committee for Special Jewish Interests.

The letter asks whether Count Baillet-Latour does not think that the principle of equality and the acknowledgement of human rights, which is the essence of the Olympics Idea, has not been outraged by a country where Jews no longer enjoy civil rights and are consigned to defamation and destruction.

The committee of which Mr. Ascher is the head has just published a booklet, "Is Germany the Country for the Olympic Games?" in which it is charged that Germany is scorning Olympic ideals.

5,631 JEWS ENTERED PALESTINE IN OCTOBER

JERUSALEM, Nov. 27. (JTA) -- A total of 5,631 Jews entered Palestine in October, it was announced today in the Official Gazette. Of this number 399 came in under the capitalist category, which means that they had to bring with them a minimum capital of \$5,000. Net increase in the Jewish population of Palestine during October was 7,397. Immigration figures for the first ten months of the year reveal that 51,640 Jews entered Palestine in that period.

"DAVAR" BANNED IN GERMANY

BERLIN, Nov. 27. (JTA) -- Davar, Falestine laborite Zicnist daily, today became the first Palestine newspaper to be proscribed in Germany when Minister of Interior Wilhelm Frick issued an official order prohibiting sale of the paper. No reason was given for the ban.

ETTINGER, WARSAW ATTORNEY, DIES AT 62

WARSAW, Nov. 27. (JTA) -- Salomon Ettinger, vice president of the Baron de Hirsch Foundation, prominent attorney and active in social work, died here yesterday at the age of 62.

WARSAW U. HEADS REJECT DEMANDS FOR CURBS ON JEWS

WARSAW, Nov. 27. (JTA) -- Officials of the University of Warsaw, which has been closed for more than a week as a result of anti-Jewish riots, today flatly rejected the demands of Endek students that restrictions be imposed upon Jewish students and failed to set a date for reopening of the university.

The officials made their position known at a conference between the rector, college deans and student representatives, called to discuss preservation of order after the schools are reopened.

The Endeks (members of the anti-Semitic National Democratic Party) repeated their ultimatum that they would not agree to keep the peace unless a numerus clausus were imposed upon Jewish students, the Jews were segregated in separate laboratories and had their subsidies cut to conform to their proportion in the population.

This the officials refused to agree to, declaring that the university was open to all citizens.

When the authorities threatened disciplinary measures if the disturbances are repeated, the student representatives gave assurances that they would use their influence for the maintenance of order.

The conference closed, however, without a date being set for the reopening.

ENDEKS ATTACK TRAINING COLONY IN POLAND

POZNAN, Poland, Nov. 27. (JTA) -- A gang of Endek students (members of the anti-Semitic National Democratic Party) yesterday attacked and demolished the quarters of the Borochow colony of young Jews who are training to be pioneers in Palestine. The students, taking advantage of the absence of the male members of the colony, at work in the fields, maltreated the young women colonists who stayed in the kitchens and offered resistance.

J.T.A. BULLETIN SEIZED IN WARSAW FOR RIOT REPORTS

WARSAW, Nov. 27. (JTA) -- The authorities yesterday confiscated all Yiddish newspapers here carrying reports of the anti-Jewish riots at the University of Poznan in which twenty Jewish stude to in the chemistry and medical faculties were wounded. Copies of the Jewish Telegraphic Agency Bulletin, mimeographed publication, were also seized for reporting the story.

MELCHETT, BENTWICH HIT MAGNES STAND ON NEUTRALITY

LONDON, Nov. 27. (JTA) -- The proposal recently advanced by Dr. Judah L. Magnes, president of the Hebrew University in Jerusalem, that Palestine be permitted to retain a neutral status in the African war, was today the subject of criticism in two letters

published in the Manchester Guardian. The letters are signed by Lord Melchett, prominent British Jewish leader, and Prof. Norman Bentwich, lecturer in international relations at the Hebrew University.

Dr. Magnes! proposal is condemned by Lord Melchett as "neither practicable nor honorable." He points out that during a recent visit to Palestine he had been assured by numerous young Jews that in the event of hostilities breaking out thousands of them would march to Government House and insist on being enlisted if not afforded normal recruiting facilities.

Lord Melchett writes that Haifa is capable of becoming an excellent naval base and that Falestine itself is a natural air base for eastern and possibly southern air routes of the British Empire.

Prof. Bentwich in his letter contends that Dr. Magnes is mistaken in thinking that a neutral country under a mandate is not obliged to uphold the League of Nations decision on sanctions. He points out that the mandate entitles the Mandatory Power to use the ports, railways and roads of the country for movement of the military forces.

"As long as the mandate subsists," Prof. Bentwich writes, "Palestine is inevitably involved in the policy of the Mandatory."

BENES PLEDGES AID FOR REFUGEES

PRAHA, Nov. 27. (JTA) -- Government support for proposals to help German-Jawish refugees in Czechoslovakia was pledged today by Dr. Eduard Benes, Minister for Foreign Affairs. The pledge was given to Deputy Dr. Angelo Goldstein in a conference with Dr. Benes during which the refugee question was discussed.

AUSTRIAN GENERAL LAUDS WAR RECORD OF JEWS

VIENNA, Nov. 27. (JTA) -- The old Austrian army in the person of General Baron Cdelga today paid high tribute to the bravery of Jewish soldiers when the General, speaking before a gathering that thronged the Temple Synagogue, assisted in the unveling of a tablet to the memory of Jewish war veterans of the twentieth Vienna district. Dr. Murmelstein presided at the ceremony.

FARMERS' BODY SETTLING 150 FAMILIES NEAR REHOBOTH

JERUSALEM, Nov. 27. (JTA) -- One hundred and fifty families are being settled on land near the colony of Rohoboth on Palestine's coastal plain by the Jewish Farmers' Association, it was learned today. The families entered Palestine on labor immigration certaincates furnished by the association and the new project is being financed by loans from the association and the Palestine Foundation Fund (Keren Hayesod). Part of the lands will probably be granted by the Palestine Government.

POLISH JEWS WILL RECEIVE FULL RIGHTS IN BIRO-BIDJAN

NEW YORK, Nov. 27. (JTA) -- Polish Jews emigrating to Biro-Bidjan will receive full citizenship rights and privileges, according to a letter sent to Z. Tygel, secretary of the Federation of Polish Jews in America by William W. Cohen of the American Committee for the Settlement of Jews in Biro-Bidjan in answer to inquiries.

The reply, made public today by Mr. Tygel, states that the committee has received authorization to settle 1,000 non-Russian Jewish families in the autonomous Soviet Jewish territory in the Far East next year with assurances that additional allotments will be made if the families adjust themselves to the country in a short time.

The reply states that Polish Jews emigrating to the territory will receive free transportation and "will be admitted as full-fledged members of collective farms or of collective enterprises...They will receive an allotment of land for a vegetable garden for their own use. All this will be free of charge." Long-term credits and equipment are also promised.

For each family of Polish Jews, Mr. Cohen says, \$200 must be turned over to the Soviet Government and in addition each family will be obliged to spend about \$150 on expenses.

SIR HORACE RUMBOLDT IN GENEVA FOR REFUGEE PARLEY

GENEVA, Nov. 27. (JTA) -- Sir Horace Humboldt, former British Ambassador to Germany, arrived here today to preside at a conference of League of Nations experts and representatives of Jewish organizations called to discuss plans for the settlement of 200,000 German Jews in Palestine within six years.

Sir Horace came directly from Berlin where he is believed to have conferred with representatives of the British Government with regard to the latest anti-Jewish persecutions in the Reich.