# Jewish Telegraphic Agency Latest Cable Dispatches

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## NATION'S LEADERS MOURN DEATH OF BERNARD S. DEUTSCH

NEW YORK, Nov. 22. (JTA) -- President Rossevelt and Governor Lehman of New York today joined the scores of leaders in every walk of life sending messages of condolence to the family of Aldermanic President Bernard S. Deutsch, who died at the age of fifty-one last night of angina pectoris after a few days illness brought on by overwork.

His sudden death came as a shock to city officials and leaders in American Jewish life. With tears in his eyes Mayor LaGuardia announced the death today to the meeting of the Board of Estimate and Apportionment, which Mr. Deutsch had expected to attend. The board adjourned after a short session devoted to tribute to Mr. Deutsch.

Police lines guarded the Deutsch home in the Riverdale section of the Bronx. Newspapermen and other callers were refused admittance. It was learned Mrs. Frances Deutsch, his wife, was prostrated with grief.

Funeral services will be held ten o'clock Sunday morning at Temple Emanu-El with Rabbi Stephen S. Wise officiating. Burial will be in Mount Hebron Cemetery, Queens. Governor Lehman and a representative of President Roosevelt will be present. The Board of Aldermen will attend in a body.

Mr. Deutsch's death first became known two o'clock this morning when a message went out over the police telegraph system to rush a police car to the home of Rabbi Wise and speed him to the Deutsch home.

Mayor LaGuardia was awakened and also rushed to the Deutsch home. He emerged later, weeping, and ordered a police line thrown about the home. Later the mayor ordered flags on all city buildings half-staffed for ten days. At the Board of Estimate meeting he declared:

"The cause of good city government has suffered another loss. Mr. Deutsch died in the line of duty with full honors. He gave all that was in him and more to the people of the city."

The American Jewish Congress, of which Mr. Deutsch was president for seven years, called an emergency meeting of its governing board, which passed a resolution of grief and then ordered the offices closed in mourning until Monday.

The Congress will hold a memorial meeting Dec. 1 at Carnegie Hall.

 $\mbox{Mr.}$  Deutsch is survived by his wife and two daughters, Eleanor and Dorothy Edith.

It was disclosed that earlier in the week Mr. Deutsch suffered a heart attack in his office and had been ordered home by his physician to rest. A statement issued at that time ascribed the confinement to "the strain occasioned by innumerable luncheons, dinner meetings and other functions."

In addition to being a prominent lawyer and civic worker, Mr. Deutsch stood in the forefront of the leaders of American Jewry. As president of the American Jewish Congress between 1928 and this year, he guided the organization through the difficult first years of Hitler's regime in Germany, placing it in the position of an agressive defender of Jewish rights.

Among the other positions in Jewish life he held were; member of the Board of Directors of Young Judea, member of the National Council of the Jewish Agency, chairman of the Board of Directors of the Jewish Conciliation Court of America, member of the National Council of the Joint Distribution Committee, member of the American Committee on Rights of Religious Minortties, vice president of the Federation for the Support of Jewish Philanthropic Societies, member of the executive committee of the Menorah Association and of the Jewish Council of Greater New York.

Born in Baltimore in 1884, he made his way rapidly through the College of the City of New York and the New York Law School and had been practicing law since 1905.

His law career was marked by phemonenal success. He was president of the Bronx County Bar Association and a member of the Admissions Committee of the New York Bar Association. In 1925 he was appointed member of the New York State Municipal Law Commission.

Mr. Deutsch first became prominent in politics in 1932 when the City Bar Association decilined to approve either the Democratic or Republican nomeos for Supreme Court Justice. Mr. Deutsch polled 300,000 votes as an independent.

His popularity led to his nomination for Aldermanic President on the Fusion ticket in 1933. He was elected, and lifted the position from a routine post to one of great civic importance.

## "ARYAN" LAWYERS ORDERED TO DROP JEWISH PARTNERS

BERLIN, Nov. 22. (JTA) -- All German lawyers were today ordered "as early as possible" to dissolve their partnerships with Jewish and partly-Jewish attorneys under penalty of expulsion from the Reich Jurists! Association.

The order was issued by Minister of the Interior Wilhelm Frick in his capacity as leader of the association and sets Jamuary 4, 1936, as the deadline for compliance. "Aryan" attorneys who do not sever their relations with Jewish partners by that date must report their reasons to the association's headquarters in Berlin.

That Mayor Heinrich Sahm, who was recently reported on trial before a Nazi Party court for allegedly having patronized a Jewish department store, is scheduled to be deprived of his post was indicated in stories appearing today in Der Voelkischer Beobachter and Der Angriff, two leading Nazi party organs. The reports state that Frick in his speech on the functions of the German press yesterday definitely announced that the "dualism of authority of Dr. Sahm as Mayor of Berlin and Dr. Julius Lippert as Nazi Commissar of the city will soon be abolished."

In a front page editorial headlined "Unwritten Laws," the Beobachter points out that the Muremberg laws are not sufficient. "Besides the Muremberg laws and their details," the editorial says, "there are also strict orders issued by individual organizations in the Nazi movement which every member of the party must obey. These orders provide for stricter limitations and aim at sharper results than the laws issued by the State."

### NAZI PROPAGANDA OFFICIAL ON OLYMPICS BODY

BERLIN, Nov. 22. (JTA) -- The executive body of the committee which is charged with the task of organizing the Olympics arrangements was forced today to accept Dr. Wilfred Bade, an official of the Ministry for Propaganda and Enlighterment, as a full-fledged member, the Jowish Telegraphic Agency learned.

Dr. Bade was appointed to the committee by Propaganda Minister Paul Joseph Goebbels apparently for the purpose of seeing that the best use is made of the Olympic Games for Nazi propaganda on a worldwide scale.

### NAUMANN GROUP DISSOLVED BY REICH

BERLIN, Nov. 22. (JTA) -- The Union of Nationalist Jawish Germans of which Dr. Max Naumann is the president was today off-icially dissolved by the German Government.

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Dissolution of this organization, whose members were known abroad as the Jewish Nazis, marks another step in the program of the Hitler regime to stamp out efforts on the part of any German Jews to become assimilated with the "Aryan" population.

Dr. Naumann, who is in his sixties, has frequently voiced objection to the anti-Hitler demonstrations by Jewish organizations abroad and to the anti-Nazi boycott.

Known variously as a "renegade Jew," "Black sheep Jew," and by other even less complimentary terms, Dr. Naumann's views were recently summed up by him in an interview published in "La Croix," French Catholic daily.

Stating that he had submitted various projects to the German Government for the solution of the Jewish question, the man who aspired to the leadership of German Jewry was quoted as follows:

"We live in a time of transition that cannot last forever. We must distinguish between three kinds of Jews--Those who have lived long in Germany and have the feeling that they have always been German, the assimilated, and the Zionists. The great mistake was to make no distinction between these three groups. The solution of the Jewish question can come only through a ruthless inequality of rights between them. There were 500,000 Jews in Germany. Now there are probably still 450,000. Of these only 150,000 are capable of proving absolute patriotism. They alone should be fully included in the national community of Germany. The other 300,000 must be treated as aliens, that means that a beginning must be made to deprive them of their German citizenship. They may have the right to carry on their business in Germany, but the least attempt to interfere in its internal policy would result in their expulsion from the country, against whose laws of hospitality they would have offended.

## BRITISH CONSULATE AT BERLIN ACTS TO SPEED JEWISH MIGRANTS

EERLIN, Nov. 22. (JTA) -- The British Consulate at Berlin today announced measures to facilitate the emigration of German Jews to Palestine under the capitalist category (which requires possession of a minimum of \$5,000) despite the shortage of foreign exchange being experienced by the Reichsbank.

The announcement states that German Jews who have applied for Palestine visas as capitalists and have not yet obtained them because the German Government hasn't turned over to Palestine the necessary \$5,000, will be given the visas if they produce a certificate from the Reichsbank testifying that they have paid the money.

Other conditions named by the consulate are: visa Holders must enter Palestine not later than January 31, 1936, and they must produce evidence that they will not become a public burden in Palestine until such time as the money is paid over to them.

By the recently announced new regulations governing operation of the transfer agreement between Palestine and Germany, the emigrants must wait at least one year after leaving Germany before they can hope to have the initial sum of \$5,000 returned to them.

#### 32 BUDAPEST STUDENT RIOTERS FINED \$3 EACH

BUDAFEST, Nov. 22. (JTA) -- Thirty-two students who had participated in the anti-Jewish riots at the University of Budapest and the Academy of Music were today fined ten pengoes (about \$5.) each.

Despite the fact that the Government had warned of drastic action if the riots continued and had ordered the closing of the university, anti-Jewish attacks continued yesterday. Police charged the student rioters with rubber truncheons and arrested several score of them.

Before noon, several hundred students forced the entrance to the Academy of Music and demanded that the Jews leave. Jewish students at the Polytechnic Institute left the lecture rooms quietly when reports of the Academy riots were circulated.

Minister of the Interior Nicholas Komza issued a statement declaring that the actions of the student rioters were not in the best interests of either the country or the students. He called upon authorities in Budapest and the provinces, to which the rioting had spread, to act energetically to maintain order.

## RADIO TRAP SET FOR SPEEDING TRUCKS IN PALESTINE

JERUSALEM, Nov. 22. (JTA) -- Trucks speeding through the ancient Nablus district have become so serious a problem that a special radio alarm system is being installed to catch violators of speeding laws, the police revealed today.

Radio stations will be installed along the road in Mablus, Jenin and Tulkarm. Motor trucks suspected of speeding will be clocked at one station and the time they pass will be radioed ahead to the other stations with the license numbers. Trucks that make the distance between one station and another in too short a time will be halted by the police.

## CIVIC AND PHILANTHROPIC LEADERS HONOR MRS. KOHUT ON GOLDEN JUBILEE

NEW YORK, Nov. 22. (JTA) -- Mrs. Rebekah Kohut, noted author and Jewish social worker, was honored last night on the completion of fifty years of social work in New York with a dimer at the Hotel Commodore addressed by Mayor LaGuardia, Secretary of Labor Frances Ferkins, Henry Morgenthau Sr. and others. More than 800 persons were present.

Felix M. Warburg presented Mrs. Kohut with a check for \$10,000, the first installment of a \$50,000 fund being raised by a committee headed by Fannie Hurst, for distribution among Mrs. Kohut's favorite charities.

Declaring that Mrs. Kohut contributed to social work "the conception that all approached must be fundamentally moral approaches." Miss Perkins asserted:

"Her thinking was that of a great moral teacher, and in our task of dealing with the problem of providing work and income to persons in need today we find that our approach must be fundamentally a moral one."

Former Mayor John B. O'Brien, predecessor and election opponent to Mayor LaGuardia was among the diners. Mr. LaGuardia saw him and declared: "Judge O'Brien will join me, I am sure, when I express the gratitude of the city to Mrs. Kohut for the work she has done here. She was one of the first to put science and intelligence into philanthropy."

Mrs. Kohut gave a brief review of her fifty years in social work. Other speakers were: Dr. Charles C. Torrey of Yale University, Mrs. Felix M. Warburg, Miss Anne Morgan, Miss Helen Hall, Mrs. Arthur Brin and Dr. Stephen S. Wise.

#### EMBASSY PROMISES POLISH GOVERNMENT WILL CHECK RIOTS

NEW YORK, Nov. 22. (JTA) -- Assurances that the Polish government would take action to halt anti-Jewish excesses and punish the perpetrators were given today to Benjamin Winter, president of the Federation of Polish Jews in America, by Polish Consul-General Dr. Sylvester Gruszka speaking for the Charge d'Affaires of the Polish Embassy. L. Sokolowski.

In a conference at the consulate called by Polish officials after the Federation had protested anti-Jewish disturbances, Erguszka said the Federation's letter had been forwarded to the Polish Government in Warsaw and that the government would not tolerate anti-Jewish excesses.

#### LENIENCY TOWARD ARAB PRESS BLAMED FOR RIOTS

JERUSALEM, Nov. 22. (JTA) -- The Government's lenient attitude towards the Arab press was roundly scored in English and Jewish circles and even by Arab merchants as responsible for yester-day's disturbances in which several British policemen were wounded in a clash with an Arab mob at Haifa.

It was pointed out that inflammatory articles have appeared in the Arab press in the past few days. The Government was also criticized for granting permission for a public funeral of the three Arab brigands who had been slain in a battle with police in the Gilboa Hills two days ago. The funeral was turned into a big campaign against Great Britain.