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MANDATES BODY REPORTS ON JAPANESE DUMPING

GENEVA, August 13. (JTA) -- The question of Japanese "dumping" of exports in Palestine came to a head today when the League of Nations Mandates Commission demanded to know why Japan, which left the League last March, should enjoy the equal trade rights in Palestine guaranteed League members.

The commission, in a report to the forthcoming session of the League Council made public today, raises the question whether Japan can still operate under Article 18 of the Palestine Mandate which reserves equal export rights in Palestine to League members.

Although Japan quit the League last March, her representatives are still serving on a number of technical bodies of the League.

The commission's report, containing one general and nine special observations, views with satisfaction the favorable economic and financial position of Palestine and the growth of cooperation with the Arabs.

The Palestine government's decision to introduce measures protecting women and children in industry and looking toward establishment of a minimum wage scale drew the approval of the commission. The report further recommends inauguration of factory inspection and a legal weekly day of rest, especially for dock laborers.

The report approves measures adopted by the Palestine government to prevent illegal immigration into the country. The promise of the Mandatory Power to establish immediately frontier delimitations between Transjordan and Hedjaz, and to hasten construction of a harbor at Akaba, are noted with satisfaction.

Some concern for the Arabs is expressed in various parts of the report. The Mandates Commission expresses the hope that the government will selve the problem of the landless Arabs, and recommends establishment by the Palestine government of dwellings for Arab workers.

The report requests fuller information on the administration of Transjordan, particularly as regards the political situation, labor conditions and the traffic in drugs and spirits.

NAZIS ARREST BRITON FOR DEFENDING JEWS

BERLIN, August 13. (JTA) -- For voicing his disapproval in a private conversation of the Nazi campaign against the Jews, Gebhard Mosel, a London research chemist born in Munich and now a naturalized British subject, was today arrested by Nazi secret police while on a visit to his birthplace. He will be brought to trial in a civil court.

In defending the Jews, Mosel had declared to his companian "Why, my best friend, my employer, is a Jew!"

All travel agencies in the Harz mountain district today received a circular letter from Herr Klagges, president of the Harz Transport Union, warning that local authorities must adhere strictly to the orders of the Nazi leaders and must notify Jewish guests and tourists that they are undesirable.

Authorities in the resort places in the mountains were also ordered not to permit Jewish hotels to advertise, directly or indirectly, as this constitutes "Jewish propaganda."

Jews were prohibited from acquiring property also in Freystadt, where the mayor today issued a decree to that effect.

The Reichs Federal Sports Association yesterday decreed that sports clubs throughout Germany set the month of September aside for a general discussion of the Jewish question.

This decree is in direct violation of a promise to the International Olympic Committee that Germany would not introduce anti-Jewish propaganda in the field of sports.

At the same time the wave of anti-Jewish discriminations in other fields of endeavor continued throughout Germany.

In Seckenburg, near Tilsit, the Red Cross Women's Association passed a resolution to boycott Jewish stores and to refuse employment to Jewish doctors.

An anti-Jewish demonstration in Luebeck forced the closing of a Jewish department store. As a result, sixty "Aryan" employes were thrown out of jobs. The Nazi district leader issued an appeal to "Aryan" firms to employ the dismissed workers.

Central headquarters of the German Labor Front prohibited Jewish firms from displaying flags on national holidays on the ground that the national colors are not to be displayed by Jews.

Two Jewish publications were ordered suspended by the Nazi authorities. They are the Israelitisches Familienblatt, a weekly published in Frankfurt-am-Main and Der Morgen, a German-Jewish monthly.

REICH PAPER REPORTS BELGRADE HONOR TO EXILED PROFESSOR

BERLIN, August 13. (JTA) -- No little surprise was evoked here today when the Voelkischer Beobachter of Munich appeared with an announcement by the Nazi Minister of Education that the Jovan Cvijic Medal for geographic research was conferred by the Belgrade Geographical Society of Yugoslavia on Prof. Alfred Philipson, foremost German-Jewish geographer who was dismissed from the Bonn University when the Nazis came to power.

In making the announcement the Ministry of Education points out that Prof. Philipson was the recipient two years ago of the Richthofen gold medal of the German Geographical Society.

Professor Philipson is noted not only as a teacher of geography, but also as a lecturer on scientific subjects, and especially as a writer on the geography of southern Europe and the Mediterranean coast.

The Jovan Cvijic Medal bears the name of the Yugoslavian geographer and universally recognized authority on the Balkans.

POLISH "B" AND MIZRACHI ZIONISTS TO VOTE FOR SEJM

WARSAW, August 13. (JTA) -- Notwithstanding the decision of the General Zionists and Poale Zionists not to participate in the forthcoming elections to the Polish Sejm because the new election laws make impossible a fair Jewish representation, Group "B" Zionists, the Schwartzbard group, today decided to take part in the elections.

The executive committee of the Polish Mizrachi, orthodox Zionists, meeting at Kracow, also decided today to participate in the elections.

PRELIMINARY CONFERENCES BEGIN TODAY, ZION CONGRESS OPENS TUESDAY

LUCERNE, August 13. (JTA) -- A series of preliminary conferences before the meeting here next week of the World Zionist Congress, begin here today.

The Congress Court opens its sessions today to hear complaints about irregularities in the election of delegates to the Congress, to certify delegates mandates and to take up complaints which may have been entered by the various parties.

Conferences of representatives of the Keren Kayemeth and the Keren Hayesod, Zionist reconstruction agencies, also begin today.

The 19th World Zionist Congress will open next Tuesday, and will, according to the agenda, last eight days. The opening address will be made by Nahum Sokolow, president of the World Zionist Organization.

An address on "Problems in the realization of Zionism" will be delivered at the second session by David ben Gurion, head of the political bureau of the Zionist Executive in London. Then will follow a series of reports on the political situation in Palestine, colonization, immigration, the work of the Zionist Executive and the Zionist funds.

Already the Congress Bureau is flooded with work. Hundreds of delegates and newspapermen, and thousands of guests have already arrived here, and must be provided with quarters and other accomodations. A special Congress post-office, and special telephone and telegraph exchanges are already functioning.

LABORITES GET 10 RUMANIAN DELEGATES TO CONGRESS

BUCHAREST, August 13. (JTA) -- Final reports from all Rumania for the elections to the World Zionist Congress, indicate that the Laborites won ten mandates, Group "A" seven mandates, Mizrachi three, and Group "B" General Zionists one. All told, Rumania will be represented by 21 delegates.