

Daily Bulletin

Vol. XII.—No. 3184

NEW YORK, TUESDAY, JULY 2, 1935

Entered as Second-Class Matter
at Post Office, New York, N. Y.

Price 3 Cents

Nazi Chiefs Press Drive Upon Jews

But Regime Is Eager to Placate Opinion, J.T.A. Survey Reveals

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)
PRAHA, July 1—Returning from an extensive visit in Germany, where he made the first comprehensive survey of the Jewish position there for the past several months, a special correspondent of the Jewish Telegraphic Agency today disclosed that decisions to intensify the anti-Semitic campaign in Germany were adopted at a series of conferences of the district leaders of the National Socialist Party.

Despite all official protestations to the contrary, Nazi chieftains, he learned, are determined to wage a more ruthless anti-Jewish drive than hitherto. According to a statement by M. Jahn, an official in Goebbels' Ministry of Propaganda, more vigorous methods will be adopted against the Jews in the very near future.

Government Worried

In government circles, however, this renewed anti-Semitic vigor is viewed with a certain amount of anxiety. Leaders of the anti-Semitic movement have been urged to tone down their propaganda somewhat so as not to render even more bitter the feeling of world Jewry for the Hitler regime.

The government is especially anxious not to exacerbate Jewish feelings at this time, when the Third Reich is engaged in a series of international negotiations of far-reaching significance. Fear is expressed lest the persecution of the Jews be made the subject of diplomatic representations which might interfere with the present negotiations.

It is felt that resentment over the treatment of the Jews in Germany.

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Try 6 Russians Who Killed Boy

Accused Impute Crime To Political Motives; Trial in Harbin

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)
HARBIN, Manchukuo, July 1—The trial of six White Russians who are accused of kidnaping and murdering the son of the local French-Jewish diamond dealer, Simon Kasper, has been postponed after the proceedings had been in progress for two days.

The accused refused to enter a plea on their own behalf and are endeavoring to give the trial a political character.

The accused murderers are attempting to give as a justification for the murder of the Jewish boy the alibi that they committed the crime out of patriotism for their Russian homeland. They allege that they wanted to avenge Russia for the misrule to which it has been subjected by the Jews who stand high in Soviet circles.

Nazi Farm Hands Balk At Working for Jews

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)
BERLIN, July 1—The Fraenkische Tageszeitung, today carried a report from Roekingen stating that agricultural laborers there are refusing to work for Jewish farmers. As a result the Jewish farmers are unable to take in their harvest and their crops are endangered.

"Let the dirty Jews take rakes and pitchforks themselves," the anti-Semitic laborers are quoted as saying. "Let them learn what it means to work in the fields under a broiling sun. This may make them go back to their other promised land."

Reveal Reich Demanded End Of Boycott Unit

Insisted on It in Talks With Poland; Was Hard Hit by Drive

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)
WARSAW, July 1—Abolition of the Anti-Nazi Boycott Committee in Poland was one of the conditions made by the Nazis in their negotiations with Polish representatives for the renewal of the German-Polish trade agreement, according to a dispatch from Berlin appearing in today's Polish newspapers.

According to the report, the Jewish boycott of German goods had been so effective that the German exports to Poland dropped from 496 million marks in 1928 to only slightly more than eight million marks in 1934.

This makes all the clearer the recent acts of the Polish government, which suppressed all activities of the Boycott Committee and ordered its individual members to refrain from resuming efforts to push the boycott.

The Committee was originally organized by the Jews with the tacit approval of the government. This was at a time when Poland feared the ambitions of the Nazis in Danzig and Upper Silesia. The Polish government utilized the Jewish Anti-Nazi Committee as an instrument for ousting the Germans from the Polish market.

The work of the committee was organized by the Jews with the tacit start.

Judge Sides With Jewish Girl Who Wants to Wed Christian

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)
LONDON, July 1—A Whitechapel mother's tearful objections to the marriage of her daughter to a non-Jew failed to sway Magistrate Metcalfe in Old Street Police Station, who granted permission to Rose Bernstein to marry Arthur Curtis. Rose applied to the magistrate for permission to wed after her mother, Mrs. Sarah Bernstein, refused to sanction the marriage because of religious scruples against her daughter marrying a non-Jew. After the probation officer had reported the situation and described the prospective bridegroom as "of excellent character," the magistrate asked the mother if she still persisted in her refusal. When she said she objected to intermarriage between Jew and Gentile on religious grounds, the court commented: "It would not be the first time, and there have been some very happy marriages between them."

Turning to Rose, he asked her if she still wanted to marry young Curtis. When she replied affirmatively, he said he saw no objection to the wedding and would grant the application for permission.

Levy Named New Leader Of Rabbis

Becomes First Zionist to Hold Presidency of Conference

(Special to the J.D.B.)
CHICAGO, July 1—Dr. Felix A. Levy, of Temple Emanu-El, Chicago, became the first Zionist ever named to the presidency of the Central Conference of American Rabbis, when he was elected by a unanimous vote to the Reform rabbis who closed their forty-sixth annual conference at the Hotel Congress last night after six days of deliberations.

Other officers elected are: Rabbi Max C. Curried of Erie, Pa., vice-president; Samuel M. Gup of Columbus, O., corresponding secretary for the twenty-first consecutive time, and Harry S. Margolis of St. Paul, Minn., treasurer for his third term.

Morris Newfield of Birmingham, Ala., chairman of the nominating committee, reported that all the nominees were unanimously chosen by the sixteen members of his committee.

The Executive Board

The new members elected to the executive board for two years are: Rabbis Joseph Rauch of Louisville, Ky.; Harry W. Ettelson of Memphis, Tenn.; Barnett R. Brickner of Cleveland, Jonah B. Wise of New York and William Fineshruber of Philadelphia.

Rabbi Samuel H. Goldenson of New York, who retired as president, was also nominated to the executive board, but he declined on the grounds that he felt there were not enough Zionists on the board and he wanted his place to be given to a Zionist.

Rabbi Levy, the new president, pleaded with Rabbi Goldenson to change his decision, but he was adamant. The conference thereupon voted to leave his place open and not name anybody else to the post.

The final session was devoted to a symposium on Maimonides. Dr. Zevi Diesendruck, professor of philosophy at the Hebrew Union College, discussed the philosophy of Maimonides. Rabbi Riving M. Levy of Brockton, Mass., discussed Maimonides as a codifier and Prof.

(Continued on Page Four)

Rothenberg Victor Over Lipsky Group

Salonica Jews Given Bigger Relief Budget

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)
SALONICA, July 1—Relief Minister Michael Kyrkos today announced that he has raised the allocation for relief purposes to the Salonica Jewish Community.

The new budget amounts to 650,000 drachmas, instead of the 40,000 drachmas formerly granted the Jews for relief purposes.

Kyrkos also promised that he would help the Jews rebuild the slums section in the Jewish quarters.

See Monarchy Getting Support Of Greek Jews

Prefer It to Anti-Semitic Republic, Jewish Press States

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)
SALONICA, July 1—That the Jews will vote at the forthcoming plebiscite for the reestablishment of the monarchy in Greece, was forecast today by the Jewish press in Salonica.

"Jews are progressive," declares La Prenza, "but they do not want a republic which is anti-Semitic."

Since the Republic was established Jews have lived in a constant state of fear. Unrest and civil wars have been frequent in Greece, with the government changing hands twelve times during the twelve years of the Republican regime. And as always in case of disorder, the Jews have suffered more than others.

The antagonism between the Jews and the Republicans dates from the time when the Greek army conquered Salonica and the provinces. Jews were accused of having plotted against the Greek army and of poisoning Greek soldiers.

Similar anti-Semitic charges have been repeatedly hurled at the Jews by various Republican leaders.

Nevertheless, Jewish intellectual leaders in Salonica tried to participate in the political life of the various Republican parties. When the Venizelist bloc was formed, the Jews gave nearly all their votes to Venizelos, and they supported his party even after the pogrom of Campbell in 1931.

Police of Berlin Forbid Jews to Meet in July

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)
BERLIN, July 1—The official organ of the Berlin Jewish Kehillah today reprints the text of an order issued by the police prohibiting Jews from holding meetings during the month of July.

All Jewish youth clubs are also ordered shut during the vacation month.

Named to Succeed Self at Zionist Convention

By BORIS SMOLAR
(Special to the J.D.B.)
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., July 1—Morris Rothenberg was nominated for the presidency of the Zionist Organization of America, and Louis Lipsky was nominated honorary president today at the thirty-eighth convention of the Z.O.A. Their election is considered certain.

At the same session the Zionist Organization of America was ready to go on record as aligning itself with the Group A Zionists who at the last conference at Cracow seceded from the World Federation of General Zionists, refusing to agree to the organization of a General Zionist labor union in Palestine in competition with the Histadruth.

Having let off steam at the opening of the convention yesterday, the opposition group led by the supporters of Louis Lipsky, today submitted peacefully to the reelection of Rothenberg and thus assured the convention of quiet and harmonious proceedings until its conclusion on Tuesday.

Compromise Reached

The compromise between the Lipsky faction and those supporting Rothenberg was reached only after considerable negotiations behind the scenes. It was sanctioned this morning when the nomination committee in a unanimous report proposed the name of Mr. Rothenberg for another term as president.

The nomination was made by Dr. S. Margoshes, and was accepted by acclamation.

Upon the suggestion of Leo Wolfson, the convention nominated Louis Lipsky honorary president of the Z.O.A.

Urge Action on Extremists

Action against the extremists, Left and Right wing in Zionism, was urged today by all speakers at the Zionist convention at the afternoon session. Almost all advised that the American Zionist Organization.

(Continued on Page Four)

Youths Attack Kishineff Jews

Board Jassy Train, Beat Women, Children; Go Scot Free

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)
KISHINEFF, Rumania, July 1—Drunken students today created a panic among the Jews here, when they boarded the Jassy-Kishineff express and began to beat up the Jewish passengers.

Several Jews were hurt, including a woman and a child, who were mercilessly beaten by the hooligans.

A few of the students were arrested, but after a superficial inquiry by the gendarmerie, the charges against them were dropped and they were released without punishment.

The Daily News Letter

Max Warburg on the Hilfsverein

By J.T.A. Staff Correspondent

BERLIN.

AN ADMONITION to the Jews of Germany to forget Zionist and non-Zionist differences and hold steadfast to the concept of constructive collaboration was sounded by Herr Max Warburg, acting head of the Hilfsverein der Deutschen Juden at the annual meeting of the organization.

Describing the new tasks confronting the Hilfsverein, Herr Warburg pleaded that it be not left for the writer of history to record that those called upon today to lead failed to understand the signs of the times.

"THE task before the Hilfsverein der Deutschen Juden," he declared, "is expressed in the maxim taken from the Jewish religion: 'Love thy neighbor as thyself.' The term, 'neighbor,' even if the Hilfsverein has a special task, knows no bounds, and this teaching has to be fulfilled quite irrespective of how the outside world conceives this love of your neighbor, for God created all men in His image.

"The Hilfsverein in the past assisted mainly the Jews abroad in the terrible pogrom times. Now it has become primarily our task to help those who out of spiritual or material need are compelled to leave Germany. The Hilfsverein is working in Germany in harmony with the Palestine Emigration Office, insofar as the Palestine Office attends to all those who want to emigrate to Palestine, while the Hilfsverein deals with those Jewish emigrants who wish to seek a new future in other parts of the world.

"The cooperation of Zionists and non-Zionists in the task before the German Jews to help those who emigrate should be described as exemplary," he declared. "Even if we have separated our spheres of work, insofar as the countries of destination are concerned, there still is very much work done in common, in relation to the training of the emigrants. The cooperation of the Hilfsverein and the Palestine Office clearly show how in this case inside Germany the Agency idea can be, by harmonious working association, transformed into practice. It is in this regard our principal object to avoid errors of direction in the emigration process, to permit emigration only when it has been made evident that the emigrant will really find opportunities of employment in his new home.

"IN VERY many cases this question is closely linked with the previous training of the emigrant. A great deal of very important and

very difficult work has been done in this field and is still being done, mainly with the adjusting cooperation of the Reichsvertretung der deutschen Juden, and many other organizations which have in this time of need of German Jews come together in harmonious collaboration.

"We must always think of the purpose of this constructive collaboration, so that we should not lose ourselves in antitheses about the various conceptions on the question: Zionist or non-Zionist. This I must openly say, and I believe that I express thereby much of what German Jews are saying no matter in which camp they may be.

"What I feel hardest among the many hardships which have broken over us in these last few years, is that even such a time of the hardest trial has not united the German Jews as it obviously should in one single task, in one single idea: How can we best help our co-sufferers?

"WE ARE experiencing on a smaller scale the same thing which leads to the breaking up of Parliamentary systems, the fact that the leaders of groups in standing firm by their dogmas lose sight of the aim. There are among us here as in those other places leaders at work who, dazzled by their past popularity cannot abandon rhetorical, momentary successes. "Let us guard against the objective writer of history having one day to record with astonishment that those who in this most difficult time were called to lead, to show the way, failed to understand the signs of the times and could not see the wood for the trees.

"We all want to hope that there will be fulfilled the grave task that lies in Palestine upon all Jews—Zionists and non-Zionists—to lead the diverse elements who find themselves now in Palestine unitedly to one high task of life, filled with Jewish ethics, to allow no exaggerations in the economic sphere, and to see that the immigrants should devote themselves more to agricultural work and less to work in the towns. This is positive, constructive work. Zionists and non-Zionists must together help the emigrants to prepare themselves spiritually and to be trained adequately on the technical side.

"IF THE foundation stone is not laid properly now for a structure which is to last for centuries, there will be a very great danger of failure. It must be our ambition that those who emigrate from Germany to Palestine should take with them the proper mental attitude. We must have the courage to draw away from such elements who come to Palestine only to seek ruthlessly their own advantage and who see the soil that is sacred to us all only an object of speculation.

"Just as important as the question of emigration to Palestine," Herr Warburg went on, "is the question of directing the stream of emigration to other parts of the world, for Palestine cannot absorb all Jewish emigrants, even if the number of Jews which it took in the past year was much larger than anyone expected.

"To this must be added the fact that not all German Jews who emigrate are adapted for settlement in Palestine. The Hilfsverein has

(Continued on Page Three)

Between the Lines

By B. SMOLAR

Sino-Japanese War and Jews

The war which now is in progress between China and Japan under the walls of Peiping affects not less than 2,000 Jews who have made their homes in Tientsin which is only a few hours from Peiping.

In the midst of the many millions of Chinese people in this district a small but distinctive Jewish community has been built up during the last fifteen years chiefly by Russian Jews who left Russia after the Soviet Revolution. These Jews are living chiefly in the British, French and Russian ex-territorial concessions in Tientsin and enjoy full freedom.

The 2,000 Jews in Tientsin

Active in the commercial life of the old Chinese city as exporters, artisans, merchants and hotel-keepers, the Jews in Tientsin are quite satisfied with their economic and cultural life. They are maintaining a number of Jewish cultural institutions and are contributing wholeheartedly to funds for Palestine, for the ORT and for other Jewish activities abroad.

The majority of the Jews in Tientsin are engaged in the fur trade. They are exporting Chinese, Mongolian and Manchurian furs to the United States, to England and to France. It can be definitely stated that two-thirds of the Jewish colony in Tientsin are making a living around the fur trade as exporters, agents and fur experts.

The Jewish Center in China

The Jewish cultural life in Tientsin centers around the Jewish Club which counts about 500 members. This club is considered the best Jewish cultural institution in the entire Far East. It maintains a Jewish library with Jewish publications from all over the world. It maintains a well organized school for Jewish children. It has dramatic and musical circles; it is equipped no worse than any good Jewish center in America.

The Jewish community in Tientsin is not split into Oriental and European Jews. It is a solid community organized by Russian Jews but uniting all the Jews in the city. A good deal of attention is paid by the community through its Jewish Club to helping Jews who get stranded in Tientsin as well as those who depend upon charity.

Suffer No Anti-Semitism

The Jewish community in Tientsin has given a hearty welcome to a number of German-Jewish refugees who were given the opportunity by the HICEM to migrate to China. Some of these refugees were assisted with special loans by the Jewish Club in order to establish themselves normally from the very first days of their arrival.

The Jews in Tientsin suffer no anti-Semitism simply because they deal chiefly with the American, English and French residents. The English press in Tientsin is paying friendly attention to all the cultural and philanthropic enterprises in the city.

Fear Japanese Invasion

The present military march of Japan towards Tientsin and the intention of the Japanese to occupy this old Chinese harbor city, is provoking worry among the Jews in Tientsin, who are afraid that they may be subjected under the Japanese regime to the same difficulties which the Jews in Harbin are now facing since Harbin became a part of Manchukuo administrated by

World Press Digest

King George's Gift To the Jubilee Forest

The *Western Mail*, a daily newspaper in Cardiff, England, carries the following editorial:

His majesty's gift of a young tree from Windsor Great Park adds a touch of rare distinction to the King George Jubilee Forest which the British Jews are to plant as a memorial on the hills of Nazareth. Re-afforestation is a sentimental as well as a practical feature of the rejuvenation of Palestine. The Balfour Forest is in the same neighborhood, in the Plain of Armageddon. Birthdays and other occasions of thanksgiving are marked by contributions of money for the planting of trees, and the Holy Land, almost treeless at the end of the War, is assuming a sylvan cloak. During the centuries of their grip on the country the Turks wantonly destroyed the trees, and there were few birds in the land. Today the birds are returning and the planting has considerably improved the climate.

About the Brothers Mendelssohn

The *London Evening Standard* under the headline "Banking, Music, Philosophy," comments as follows on the death of Franz von Mendelssohn:

The death of Herr Franz von Mendelssohn has deprived the famous Berlin banking house of that name of its two senior partners within a month.

Franz's brother Paul died in May. Of Jewish origin, but not practicing Jews, they were accepted at the German Court in pre-War days.

They were given the "Aryan" hall-mark by the Nazi regime.

Franz was a patron of music.

Paul's house in the Alsenstrasse was a meeting-place for painters. His collection of Gauguins was world-famous.

Moses Mendelssohn, first famous member of the family, was a champion of Jewish emancipation in the eighteenth century, and a philosopher who won high praise from Kant.

Japanese officials. The experience in the Far East has taught the Jews that whenever the Japanese enter they oust the Jews from trade and institute a system whereby Jewish firms are taken over by Japanese.

Australia Gets 'Angle' on Jews

The *Angle*, a new Australian newspaper published in Melbourne, announces its policy on the Jewish question as follows:

The paper is opposed to what has been termed "Jewish domination." It is opposed to Jewish culture and ideals generally. It will endeavor to replace the Jewish by the ideals and culture of our own race. Finance, international finance, has far too long been the deadly weapon of parasitical Jews, who, owing no spiritual allegiance to any country, too often make profit out of the distress of the countries wherein they are guests.

We believe that the Jewish hopes of world dominion are not so unwarranted as many Christian people believe.

This paper, in the near future, will give authentic news from abroad not available to the usual daily papers.

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JEWISH Daily Bulletin

Published daily except Saturday, legal and Jewish holidays by the JEWISH DAILY BULLETIN, Inc. 1150 Broadway, New York, N. Y. JACOB LANDAUPresident

TUESDAY, JULY 2, 1935

New York1150 Broadway
LondonLudgate House, Fleet Street
Paris40 Rue du Colisee (8)
BerlinKonstanzer Str. 53
WarsawUl. Dluga 31
JerusalemSansour Bldg.
PragueXII Manesova 10

DAILY and WEEK-END EDITION
 U.S. and Canada Foreign
 1 year\$10.00 \$15.00
 6 months6.00 8.50
 3 months3.00 4.25
 1 year18.00 28.00
 Week-End Edition, 1 year 2.00 3.00
 Week-End Edition, 6 mos. 1.25 1.75
 Week-End Edition, 2 years 3.50 5.50

Entered as second-class matter Nov. 14, 1929, at the Post Office at New York, N. Y., under the Act of March 3, 1879.



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Advises Youth To Steer Clear Of Nationalism

Silver Warns Judaeans Against Rabid Fascism

(Special to the J.D.B.)

ATLANTIC CITY, July 1—Speaking last night at the closing session of the twenty-sixth annual convention of Young Judaea, held at the Hotel St. Charles here, Rabbi Abba Hillel Silver of Cleveland, urged Jewish youth to shy away from those rabid forms of nationalism and Fascism which are driving the nations to war.

"The youth of the world", he said, "is being stamped into arrogant militant nationalism and racialism, which will destroy the western world."

"We Zionists," he went on to say, "reject utterly such desruptive concepts of race and nation. We aim to complete the deficient political life of our people through the reestablishment of the national Jewish home. Beyond that we reach out for the fullest international cooperation."

Advocates Changed Program

The reorientation of the Young Judaeans program so that it may prepare American-Jewish youth for emigration to Palestine, was urged by Maurice Samuel, in his conclusion of a panel discussion on "Whither Young Judaea."

Increasing insecurity and hostility which the Jew is meeting in the Diaspora, he declared, is making the question of mass migration to Palestine not a question of the distant future but of the immediate present.

The convention was also addressed by Charles A. Cowen of New York.

Resolutions were adopted by the convention calling for an expansion of the educational facilities of the

NEWS IN BRIEF

Pittsburgh

The Emma Kaufmann Camp, near Harmony, Pa., celebrated its twenty-seventh anniversary on Sunday. Supported by the Community Fund and the Federation of Jewish Philanthropies, thousands of children enjoy two-week vacations there annually.

Dr. Immanuel Estermann, science professor at Carnegie Tech Institute here, sailed for Palestine last week with his wife and their two children.

New York City

Following a custom established by him several years ago, Bennett E. Siegelstein, attorney, of 118 Riverside Drive, has made arrangements to send thirty-one underprivileged children to Summer camps in commemoration of his thirty-first wedding anniversary. The children will be sent away for two weeks. Every year the number of children afforded the vacation by Siegelstein corresponded with the number of years of his wedded life.

Palestine Passports

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

JERUSALEM—About 59,000 Palestine passports have been issued by the government since 1926, it was announced.

organization. Another resolution supported the boycott, sponsored by the non-Sectarian Anti-Nazi League, against German goods and services as long as the Hitler regime remain in power.

Officers elected at the convention included Governor Herbert H. Lehman of New York, honorary president; Louis P. Rucker of New York, Lawrence Meyer of New York, Frank Rubin of Boston, Edward Vajda of Atlanta, Ga., and Mrs. Claire B. Shanas of Chicago, vice-presidents; Racille Srolovitz, secretary, and David Levine, treasurer.

The National Advisory Board consists of Dr. Cyrus Adler of Philadelphia; Dr. I. M. Rubinow of Cincinnati; Rabbi Stephen S. Wise of New York, and Dr. A. S. W. Rosenbach of Philadelphia.

Charge Misuse Of Visa Power By Histadruth

Used to Push Own Ends, Young Mizrahi Declare

The charge that the Palestine Histadruth, Jewish labor federation, is using its control over immigration certificates to further its own political aspirations was contained in a resolution adopted yesterday by the thirteenth annual convention of the Mizrahi Youth of America (renamed the Hapoel Hamizrachi of America, Inc.) at Yeshiva College, 186th Street and Amsterdam Avenue.

During the discussion on the resolution it was declared that the Histadruth is taking advantage of the fact that it controls the Jewish Agency to allot itself a higher proportion of certificates than it deserves. In this way, speakers asserted, the organization increases the number of its adherents in Palestine and ensures its own power.

The resolutions were brought in yesterday during a session devoted to committee reports and election of officers. The following were re-elected: Rabbi Meier Berlin, honorary president; Isidore Epstein, president; Rabbi Seymour Zambrowsky, executive director; Max Hagler, vice-president and Benjamin Hillson, treasurer.

Legislative Council Hit

The session, which was the final one of the convention, continued until a late hour last night.

Among the resolutions adopted were the following:

Calling on Great Britain to postpone indefinitely the establishment of a Legislative Council in Palestine on the grounds that it would violate the Palestine mandate and be against Palestine's best interests.

Requesting increased Jewish immigration into Palestine because of the present labor shortage which was described as hindering the country's development.

Urging fulfillment of Prime Minister MacDonald's promise in his letter to Dr. Chaim Weizmann that an equitable number of Jews would be employed in Palestine public works and in the civil service.

Protesting against the Palestine government's alleged permission of an unlimited Arab influx into Palestine, in violation of the mandate.

Would Lower Money Needs

Requesting that persons possessing 500 pounds be considered in the capitalist class, instead of 1,000 pounds as at present.

Demanding that restrictions on tourist immigration into Palestine be abolished on the grounds that tourist trade aids the country's development.

Urging the Palestine government to finance the educational budget of Jewish communities.

Demanding that the Mandatory Power turn over public waste lands to the Jewish people for settlement.

Condemning Jewish employers who employ non-Jewish labor on the grounds that Jewish labor must be employed for the benefit of the Jewish homeland.

Protesting against real estate speculation in Palestine.

Urging the Zionist Congress to take steps to prevent transactions between Germany and Palestine Jews.

Urging members to support the anti-Nazi boycott.

Demanding that the Zionist Congress elect a coalition executive representing all parties in the movement.

Protesting against suppression of Zionism in Russia.

The Youth Zionist Revisionist Organization of America's camp at Spring Valley, New York, will be opened officially July 4.

Long Heat Wave in Palestine Seriously Impairs Citrus Crop

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

JERUSALEM.—The hot spell the last six weeks has caused considerable damage to all fruits, and so great is the demand, with only restricted supplies available locally as well as from Syria, that fruit merchants have commenced importing apricots, plums and other fruits from Italy.

That the damage caused to citrus fruit is far more serious than previously thought, is the report by the director of agriculture in the monthly horticultural notes for June.

Most of the fruit, borne on trees grafted on sour stock, has dropped.

The drop is not very serious in orchards near the coast or in orchards well irrigated before the heat wave. Grapefruit has not suffered much, and next season's crop is estimated at about 1250,000 cases.

Oranges will probably be slightly larger in size owing to scarcity of fruit on the trees. The total crop is still estimated at six to eight million cases.

Low prices prevailing in the markets have discouraged extensive new planting of oranges, and the new areas are less than was anticipated.

Young banana plantations were badly affected by the heat, while there was a serious drop of olives on trees. The latter crop will be only about fifty per cent of the normal. A substantial reduction of all Summer fruits is recorded owing to the scorching winds.

Field vegetable crops have been most adversely affected on the central plain of Palestine, and a reduction of at least forty per cent in the yield is expected, while irri-

gated vegetables have also suffered, though less severely, as a consequence of the unseasonably hot weather, accompanied by easterly winds.

The statement of rainfall for the twelve months ending May 31 indicates that while Acre had a surplus over its nine years' average of 28½ millimeters and Tel Aviv, of 193 millimeters, Jerusalem had about 129 mm less than its 86 years' mean rainfall, Haifa about 74 mm. less, and Gaza some 25 mm. under the 23 years' average.

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Daily News Letter

(Continued from Page Two)

built up a network of about 400 correspondents in all countries through whom it receives information about the immigration possibilities. The material is collected in Germany, both according to countries and vocation. We can state with a certain satisfaction that we have in this work on the whole avoided mistakes in regard to directing emigration. This was possible only because after careful investigation we rejected all fantastic projects, even if it meant running the risk of seeming to be too reticent and too cautious. We had in many cases to act not as an advisory office, but as a dissuading office.

* * *

"WE HAVE for the time being had to restrict ourselves to promoting only single emigrants, single families, or small groups of families, in order to make it possible for them, when they have succeeded in their new homes, to bring over their relatives and friends. We hope that in this way we have assisted many to gradually find new places which will be a new home to them.

"There are also a number of plans under consideration which will go beyond the promotion of this small emigration to the settlement of a larger number of families in closed settlements, but it would be premature now to speak of this work which is still in preparation."

* * *

HERR WARBURG concluded with a restatement of the policies and functions of the Hilfsverein.

"The Hilfsverein der deutschen Juden does not influence anyone to

emigrate, nor does it attempt to persuade co-religionists to remain in Germany," he declared. "The future of the individual Jew in Germany cannot be decided by the Hilfsverein. The conditions differ in each case. The Hilfsverein can only offer its counsel to the would-be emigrant. It can help by preventing those who are determined to change their course of life from taking the wrong road.

"The fate that has come upon the German Jews has, as always when sorrow has broken upon a community, also resulted in self-retalization. It has made people think. In this time of suffering, the German Jews are finding a great deal of help from their co-religionists abroad, and we want to express from this place our sincere gratitude for this help. It is a work of co-operation in the charitable field, but only for charitable purposes, as I must emphasize for specific reasons in order to repudiate the allegations which are constantly being made that there is a political world Jewry, with Jewish economic, financial and political international combination.

"We have also to thank all those non-Jews abroad who have self-sacrificingly come to the assistance of German Jewish emigrants. In this way large numbers of Jewish scholars have been provided with new fields of activity in many new countries. We are now in the midst of a difficult work, and we ask you all to continue to help us in the realization that such help carries its own reward, as Rabbi Joshua said: 'More than he who gives to the poor, does for the poor, the poor does for the giver.'"

(A second news letter on the work of the Hilfsverein will appear in tomorrow's issue.)

The JEWISH DAILY BULLETIN

Will Pay 10c Per Copy for the following back numbers necessary to complete the files.

January 13, 1935

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JEWISH DAILY BULLETIN
1150 Broadway, New York City, N. Y.

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Rothenberg Victor Over Lipsky Group

Named to Head Zionist Party; Opposition Dies

Expect Parley Will Align With Unit that Quit Cracow Meeting

(Continued from Page One)

zation should join the so-called Progressive General Zionist movement which is sponsored by those groups in General Zionism which broke away from the World Union of General Zionism at the recent convention in Cracow.

This program was strongly recommended to the delegation of ten representatives of the Zionist Organization of America elected today to participate in the nineteenth World Zionist Congress opening in Lucerne on August 20.

American Jewry was called upon to mobilize support for an economic program in Palestine, based on the fundamental principles of the "New Deal" and the Roosevelt program. "Save Zionism from being wrecked by radical measures of special party and class interests," was the principle suggested to be followed.

The principal speakers at the session were Lipsky, Rothenberg, Rabbi Abba Hillel Silver and Margoshes.

Mr. Lipsky opened the afternoon session, which was held under the chairmanship of Elihu D. Stone of Boston. He outlined the situation of the Zionist movement today and reviewed the problems of the World Zionist Organization since the last Zionist Congress.

Dr. Margoshes in his address made a plea that the extraordinary achievement in Palestine be not jeopardized by special interests of the reactionary and of radical parties within the Zionist movement.

Proposes Cooperation

Mr. Rothenberg proposed a plan of cooperation between the American Zionist Organization and the Zionist Federation of Great Britain. He urged the promulgation of the establishment of an economic commission to Palestine to act in an advisory capacity to the Executive of the Jewish Agency. This Commission should be appointed by the Zionist Congress and should consist of economic experts, representatives of Palestine major industries and labor, he suggested.

Prolonged applause greeted the statement by Dr. Silver of Cleveland that "Palestine does not stop at the Jordan, and never will." Rabbi Silver demanded the immediate opening of Transjordan for Jewish immigration and declared that the division of Palestine into two separate territories, one of which is open to Jewish colonization and the other closed, is legal fiction which is responsible for the crowding of that part of Palestine which is open for Jewish settlement and the consequent evils of land speculation.

Rabbi Silver also urged a fight on the establishment of the Legislative Council in Palestine.

"If a Legislative Council is established at this time when the Jewish people are still on the threshold of Palestine, it will reduce the Jewish Community there to the status of a 'minority group,'" he said.

Rabbi Silver also added that the next Congress in Lucerne must insist that the doors of Palestine remain wide open until every Jew who can be admitted and absorbed into the economic life of the country is admitted.

A special session was devoted today to the celebration of the fifteenth anniversary of the Keren



MORRIS ROTHENBERG

Hayesod. Speaking at this session, Leo Hermann of Jerusalem, international secretary of the Keren Hayesod, who is now in America in the interests of the Fund, declared that in the past fifteen years world Jewry has raised the sum of \$26,645,000.

\$1,350,000 Raised

The sum of \$1,350,000 has been raised by American Jews since January 1, 1935, towards the \$3,325,000 goal of the United Jewish Appeal, it was reported by Mr. Lipsky, co-chairman of the Appeal.

President Roosevelt and Governor Herbert H. Lehman of New York, voiced praise for the part of American Jewry in the rebuilding of Palestine, in messages sent to the fifteenth anniversary celebration of the Keren Hayesod.

Governor Lehman emphasized in his message that the economic progress of Palestine in the last fifteen years is not only a source of pride, but also a source of great satisfaction. "Palestine," he said, "can now offer a haven of refuge to many thousands of Jews who have been deprived recently of the elementary rights of citizenship in the countries in which they were born."

The session devoted to the Keren Hayesod celebration was addressed also by Robert Silverman, national campaign director of the United Jewish Appeal.

Lists Expenditures

In his report on the Keren Hayesod, Mr. Hermann listed the following major activities of the Fund, and the sums spent for these purposes since 1920, when the Keren Hayesod was established: for agricultural settlement, \$8,311,840; for education, \$5,066,515; for public works, \$2,668,850; for immigration, \$2,505,515; for health service, exclusive of the money spent by Hadassah, \$1,374,740; for various communal institutions, \$1,153,685; for urban settlement, \$813,035; for religious needs, \$465,985; and for land purchase, \$156,020.

The Sunday afternoon session concerned itself primarily with the three-point plan for Zionist activity and reorganization recommended by Morris Rothenberg in his Presidential report. The discussion was led by Elihu D. Stone of Boston, New England Zionist leader, who demanded that a selective process be applied in admitting Jews to membership in the Zionist Organization. He was followed by Max Schulman of Chicago and Ezra Shapiro of Cleveland.

The Sunday evening session was devoted to a memorial meeting for the late Shmarya Levine, world Zionist leader. Eulogies were delivered by Maurice Samuel, Abraham Goldberg and Professor Louis Finkelstein. The entire proceedings of the evening were recorded for posterity on special records, copies of which will be sent to the Hebrew University in Jerusalem as a gift of the Zionist Organization of America.

Plans Race Museum In Berlin as Hobby

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

BERLIN, July 1—A race museum is to be built in Berlin, according to an interview given by Dr. Kuemmel, general director of the State Museum. The erection of this museum is reported to be the hobby of the general director. Its task is to show all races how they present themselves physically and in their cultural activities.

Together with this museum, a World War museum is to be built. An art museum is already in course of erection.

Will Not Vote, Polish Socialist Party Resolves

Bund, Poale Zion Also to Abstain as Protest Against New Law

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

WARSAW, July 1—The executive committee of the Polish Social Democratic Party today adopted a resolution to abstain from the coming elections to the Sejm, the Polish parliament, because of the recently enacted election laws which make it impossible for any minority group or party to play a role in the Sejm.

At the same time the Social Democratic Party appealed to all minority groups also to abstain from the coming elections. In this way they hope to show the government how bitter is their resentment of the new laws.

The Zionist Council in Congress Poland today also decided to abstain from participation in the elections.

The Bund, Jewish Socialist Party in Poland, and the Poale Zion, Zionist Socialist Party, today declared to a representative of the Jewish Telegraphic Agency that in all likelihood they will accede to the request of the Polish Social Democratic Party and will refrain from participating in the elections.

When first proclaimed, the new electoral law was met with a general strike called by the Polish Social Democratic Party, in which the Bund and other Jewish labor bodies participated.

By the new law, Jewish representation in the Sejm will be drastically cut.

Rabbi Gordon, 95, Dies; Served Town Fifty Years

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

WARSAW, July 1—The venerable spiritual head of Druskienniki, Rabbi Salomon Gordon, died today at the age of 95.

He had served as rabbi to the town for more than half a century.

Bulletin Calendar of Events

Tuesday, July 2

Meeting of the Kadimah Zionist Club, 60 East Ninety-fifth Street, Brooklyn, 9 p.m.

Meeting of the Medical Aid Society of Williamsburgh in memory of Dr. Philip I. Levine, at the office of Dr. J. C. Hoffer, 288 Keap Street, Brooklyn, 9:30 p.m.

Meeting on behalf of the United Jewish Appeal, Synagogue of Congregation Anshe Emes, 713 East 22nd Street, 8:15 p.m. Speakers: Bernard S. Deutsch, Bernard Mogilesky, Harry Strackel, Louis Goldrich, Martin Kraus, Rabbi Benjamin W. Helfgott, J. Leon Friedman, Isidor Teitelbaum.

Open air meeting under the auspices of the New York Zionist Revisionists, Second Avenue and Tenth Street, 8 p.m. Speakers: Elias Ginsburg, Mordecai Danzis, Israel Posnansky.

J.T.A. Survey Finds Nazi Chiefs Pushing Anti-Jewish Campaign

(Continued from Page One)

many may prove especially harmful to Germany in its negotiations with Great Britain.

Agitation Rises

Despite the efforts of the government, however, to curb somewhat the wave of anti-Semitism, anti-Jewish propaganda inciting the German masses to terrorism and acts of violence, continues to pour forth in a steadily mounting stream.

Posters containing vitriolic slogans against the Jews and advertising Julius Streicher's anti-Semitic weekly, are plastered all over the country. Special stalls for the sale of the Stuermer have been erected at all busy street-corners. The Stuermer is distributed in every town and hamlet throughout Germany, and everywhere forms the center of the wildest anti-Jewish agitation.

Only in the larger cities does the vicious anti-Semitic campaign waged by the Stuermer seem to be less effective. Indeed, a few of the suburbs around Berlin even report that as a result of Streicher's obnoxious attack, trade in the Jewish establishments has increased somewhat.

General Situation Improved

On the whole, however, the Jewish position throughout the country is less strained in recent weeks, as a result of the government's efforts to curb the anti-Semitic drive. Only in Franconia are Jews living in a state of great uncertainty. Recent anti-Jewish manifestations there have contributed to make them somewhat panicky.

However, the problem of occupational reorientation of German Jews who have been deprived of their positions, and of Jewish youth which has no outlook for a job in the present Reich, continues

to remain unsolved. The lack of jobs for Jewish youth makes the number of Jewish unemployed mount with every passing week. In Berlin alone there are now more than 15,000 Jewish unemployed, out of a total Jewish population there of 180,000. In the provinces the situation is only somewhat less serious.

Further corroboration was found of the fact that German Jews, who fled the country after the rise of Hitler to power, and who now return to Germany, are detained in concentration camps for indefinite terms, unless they give a written promise to leave Germany within a few days.

No charges are made against these Jews, and the only excuse given is that people coming back from abroad must first be trained in "the sense of national community of interest."

Reich Press Report Omits Goebbels Attack on Jews

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

BERLIN, July 1—All references to Jews were significantly omitted from the report released by the official news agency of the speech delivered Sunday by Dr. Paul Joseph Goebbels, Minister of Propaganda, before the Nazi rally in Tempelhoff Airport.

In the speech, Goebbels launched into a particularly vitriolic attack of the Jews, warning them not to look for anything further in the community of German people. "We request them to adapt themselves to the rules of hospitality," he said, "and not to conduct themselves as though they were equals."

The Westdeutscher Beobachter, Nazi organ published in Cologne, today contained a jubilant article gloating over the success of the intensified anti-Jewish propaganda in the Rhineland.

Levy Named New Leader of Rabbis

(Continued from Page One)

Meyer Waxman of the Chicago Theological Seminary termed Malmonides a dogmatist.

Text of Peace Resolution

The text of the anti-war resolution on which the conference refused to act and referred to its executive committee follows:

"During the last centuries of human history the relations of peoples and nations have been becoming more and more complex. Economic racial political history and cultural factors have combined to interweave the fabric of the world. In such a day, wars are usually the overt result of hopelessly confused covert causes. Alliance and counter alliance, the aims and provocations of secret diplomacy, the economic rivalry and imperialistic ambitions of nations, these and many other strands compose the skein. A close study of the last war reveals the fact that it originated in no single act, in the insensate and overweaving policy of no one nation, but as a result of European and world system.

"It is therefore our well-considered opinion that it has become impossible in our world to fix responsibility, or to hold any one people exclusively culpable. Wars are not really acts of aggression and defense, for we must recognize a difference between proximate and true causes. Aggression is only the explosion, setting off the match, but the system of selfish rivalry and of arrogant nationalism is the gun powder. Even invasion is no certain criterion of exclusive guilt, for it is true, little though we may

see or realize it that the man who strikes first some times strikes in fear.

"These opinions would need elaboration and documentation, but appear to us capable of complete substantiation.

"As a result of all this we believe that the time has come to change the traditional attitude of our faith toward war. We realize to the full the seriousness of this change we propose, and we adopt it because of our relief that the spirit of Israel, the first faith and people to love peace and pursue it, necessitates such a vital change in the text and letter of our historic attitude. In the past Israel has made the distinction between righteous and unrighteous wars. In the light of the foregoing we believe that this distinction has no reality for our day. And we are now compelled to adopt as our belief and as the basis for action, of our religious followers and ourselves, the principle that war is an unmitigated evil and that we should abstain from all participation in it.

"Be it therefore, resolved that this conference declare that henceforth it stand opposed to all war and that it recommend to all Jews that for the sake of conscience and in the name of God, they refuse to participate in the bearing of arms."

The resolution was signed by the following members of the committee on war and peace: Rabbi James G. Heller, Cincinnati; Barnett R. Brickner, Cleveland; Philip Bernstein, Rochester, N. Y.; Victor Eppstein, Scranton, Pa. and Max C. Currick, Erie, Pa.

Rabbis David Phillipson and Julian Morgenstern, both of Cincinnati, did not sign the resolution.