

# JEWISH DAILY BULLETIN

The Only Jewish Daily in English

All the News Concerning Jews

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## French Bring Order After Algiers Riots

### No Jews Injured in Setif Arab Clashes, Paris Reports

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency) PARIS, Feb. 3.—Order was completely restored in Setif, Algeria, following the two-day outbreak of rioting, the French Home Office announced today. Not a single Jew was injured in the outburst, but three natives, one a soldier in an Algerian rifle regiment, were killed, the Home Office disclosed.

French troops were in control of the situation, which developed from a brawl in a wine shop. Native Algerian soldiers were engaged in a fight when police intervened. The soldiers resisted the police, who fired, killing one. They were immediately attacked by the soldiers in the cafe and retreated to their station house, which was sacked by the mob.

#### Anti-Jewish Rumor Spreads

In the meantime the rumor spread that a Jewish policeman had killed a Moslem soldier and mobs of excited Moslems invaded the Jewish quarter of Setif, looting Jewish shops and shouting, "Kill the Jews." Heavy police reinforcements were rushed to the district and the rioters were repulsed.

Troops were also rushed to the district and heavy cordons surrounded the section and patrolled the town. Hundreds of arrests were made by police, aided by military forces.

### Constantine Jews Organize for Defense

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency) CONSTANTINE, Algeria, Feb. 3.—Alarmed by the news of the Setif anti-Jewish riots, the Jews of Constantine, with the pogrom of last July still fresh in mind, hurriedly organized a self-defense corps and appealed to the French authorities for protection. Women and children were concentrated in

## Beggars Invade Offices in Warsaw

### Police Dispel Crowd of Blind Demanding Licenses From Jewish Community

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency) WARSAW, Feb. 3.—A crowd of excited, blind beggars invaded the offices of the Jewish community here, demanding that they be supplied with licenses which would permit them to beg in public places. Police, called in to quiet the disturbance, had to use force to remove the supplicants.

A crowd of more than a hundred beggars invaded the community house a short time ago, insisting that a police ban on begging had left them without means of subsistence and asking for aid from the Jewish community. Raising a tremendous uproar by playing their various instruments all at once and stamping with their crutches, the beggars threatened at the time that unless they were assisted they would return to press their demands.

## Brother, Rabbi, Prays To 'Save' Litvinoff

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency) LONDON, Feb. 3.—While Soviet Foreign Commissar Maxim Litvinoff is living in "luxury and power in the Kremlin," his brother, Rabbi Jacob Wallach of Lodz, Poland, deeply grieved by the "Godlessness" of the Commissar, is praying and fasting, hoping for his return to the true faith, the London Daily Express reported today in a sensationally featured story.

Commenting editorially on the report, the Express asks the rhetorical question as to which of the two one would rather be. Commissar Litvinoff's name was originally Wallach, but he assumed the name Litvinoff as a "nom de guerre" when he entered the Russian revolutionary movement early in the 1900's.

## Arabs Protest Sales of Land, See Wauchope

### Move Believed to Presage New Intensive Drive Against Transfers

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency) TEL AVIV, Feb. 3.—Indications of intensified Arab agitation concerning the Palestine land problem were seen today following High Commissioner Sir Arthur Wauchope's reception of an Arab delegation yesterday which presented a demand that measures be taken against the transfer of land to Jews.

The demand is seen as an outgrowth of the clash Thursday at Harathiya, where an Arab was killed by police gunfire and three policemen were injured by stones hurled at them when they attempted to keep Bedouins from

## Lisbon Jews Welcome Palestine's Flagship

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency) LISBON, Feb. 3.—Portuguese Jewry turned out in large numbers today to give a tumultuous welcome to the S.S. Tel Aviv, which flies the Blue and White Zionist flag and carries a Jewish crew from captain to cabin boy. The Tel Aviv is on its way to Casablanca, Morocco, with passengers and cargo.

## Federation Marks 25th Year, Re-elects Judge May President

Supreme Court Justice Mitchell May, president of the Brooklyn Federation of Jewish Charities since 1932, was unanimously re-elected yesterday for a fourth term at the annual meeting of the Federation at Union Temple, 7 Eastern Parkway. The meeting marked the completion of twenty-five years of service to the Brooklyn Jewish community.

Mrs. Nathan L. Goldstein was elected president of the women's division of the Federation which, simultaneously, held its fifth annual meeting. Other officers and directors for 1935 were chosen both for the Federation and for

## Revisionists Say Executive Breaks Peace

### Claim Partiality Shown in Issuance of Certificates

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency) PARIS, Feb. 3.—The Executive of the World Zionist Revisionist Union today issued a statement complaining that the World Zionist Executive had systematically infringed on the peace pact between the two groups, particularly in the matter of issuing immigration certificates to Palestine to members of the Brith Trumpeldor, Revisionist youth group, and affording opportunities for preparatory agricultural training to the emigrants.

According to the terms of the agreement signed some time ago between Vladimir Jabotinsky, Revisionist leader, and David Ben Gurion, Laborite member of the Zionist Executive, Revisionist delegates who had withdrawn from the Palestine offices in various countries which handle immigration certificates were to return to their posts.

The agreement also provided that the Zionist Executive would lift the ban on certificates for the Brith Trumpeldor and assign a proportionate number of certificates for members of that group. Facilities for training young Revisionists going to Palestine were also provided for in the agreement.

Peace between the Zionist fac-

(Continued on Page Eight)

## Anti-Jewish Drive Reported in France

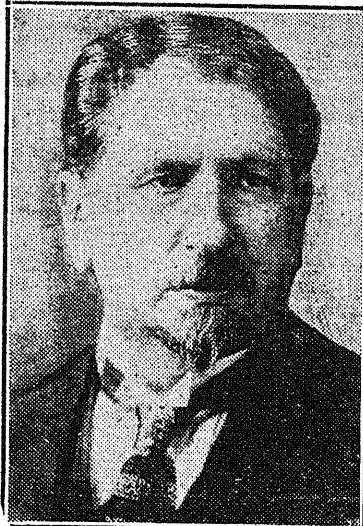
### Alsace-Lorraine Campaigns Believed Directed by Nazis in Reich

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency) LONDON, Feb. 3.—A vigorous anti-Jewish boycott campaign is now being conducted in Alsace-Lorraine, provinces which France recovered from Germany after the World War, the London Daily Herald reported today.

The campaign, according to The Herald, appears to be directed from across the Rhine by German Nazis, and the propagandists appear to have unlimited funds at their disposal.

## African Nazi Leader Gets 6 Years in Prison

### Testified Against Inch



DR. NAHUM SOKOLOW

## High Nazi Men, Papers Push Boycott Drive

### Hints on How to Avoid Jewish Shops Are Freely Circulated

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency) BERLIN, Feb. 3.—The anti-Jewish boycott, which Julius Streicher attempted to intensify last week, is still being stimulated by Nazi leaders and the Nazi press, examination of the latter disclosed today.

Der Westdeutscher Beobachter, Cologne organ of Dr. Robert Ley, head of the German Labor Front, publishes a series of directions to enable prospective purchasers to avoid Jewish shops.

Purchasers may safely enter stores which display signs stating, "This is a German business," the newspaper says, advising its readers to avoid all shops which bear no such clear indications as to the

(Continued on Page Eight)

## Pioneer Group Opens Polish Training Center

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency) WARSAW, Feb. 3.—The first training center for young Jewish pioneers of the Hechalutz Haleumi who want to study agriculture before leaving for Palestine was formally opened today. The training center was named Heftmania in honor of the Jewish writer Joseph Heftman.

## World Jewish Parley Gets Backing of Benes

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency) PARIS, Feb. 3.—Foreign Minister Eduard Benes of Czechoslovakia, Dr. Jean Politis, Greek diplomat, and Professor Salvador de Madriaga, Spanish representative at the League of Nations, contributed articles to the latest number of Cahiers Juifs expressing sympathy with the idea of calling into session a World Jewish conference.

## Inch, Grahamstown Figure, Forged 'Protocols'

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency) JOHANNESBURG, South Africa, Feb. 3.—Harry Victor Inch, discredited Nazi Grey Shirt leader, who was found guilty of perjury as an aftermath of the famous Grahamstown "Protocols" trial, was yesterday sentenced to serve six years and three months in prison for forging documents defaming the Jewish race and swearing under oath that those documents were genuine. Inch and his fellow defendants, David Hermanus Olivier and Johannes Strauss von Moltke still face other charges which grew out of the Grahamstown trial.

The result has been widely hailed here as a complete vindication of the Jewish people and of Rabbi Abraham Levy of Port Elizabeth, who brought suit against the Grey Shirt leaders.

See Extinction of Movement Another result expected here is the early dissolution and complete extinction of the Grey Shirt movement, which patterned itself after the Nazis and attempted to stir up race hatred in South Africa.

The case arose when Inch and his colleagues read a document at Nazi rallies which purported to be an account of a Jewish meeting held at the Western Road Synagogue, of which Rabbi Levy is the head. The document, written in bad English, told of an alleged Jewish plot to capture control of the world and also contained slanderous statements against Christianity. It closed by saying: "We shall achieve our wish. The Gentile dogs shall crave for mercy and our refusals. Our Bolshevism (sic) Propaganda Scheme."

The document also contained Hebrew characters which was alleged to prove its authenticity, but turned out to be merely the phrase "May be used for Passover," and other illegible Hebrew characters.

Inch claimed in court that he had stolen the document from a secret hiding place in the synagogue. Rabbi Levy then sued the

(Continued on Page Eight)

## Labor Pact Strikes At Vienna Workers

### Employees' Agreement With Bank Freezes Out Unemployed Jews

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency) VIENNA, Feb. 3.—Five hundred former employees, most of them Jewish, of the United Credit Institution of the Vienna Bank Society are facing a period of great distress as result of an agreement just concluded between the bank and a new employees union.

Under the terms of the pact, the compensations of dismissed clerks are to be curtailed. Moreover, only "Aryans" among the unemployed clerks can be re-engaged. The others have found it impossible to find new positions and apparently cannot hope to find any.



# Austria Bids for Palestine Commerce

## Rising Reich Exports Cited As a 'Feeler'

### Trade Official Declares 'Economic Laws' Will Further Business

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

VIENNA.—A deliberate bid for Palestine trade on the part of the Austrian government was seen here in an exhaustive article on the nature of Palestine's foreign business published by Dr. M. Sattler, secretary of the government-controlled foreign section of the Austrian Chambers of Commerce. Dr. Sattler attended the Levant Fair last year as the official Austrian representative and made every effort to strengthen Austrian trade with Palestine.

Citing figures showing that Germany's trade with Palestine has increased heavily in the last two years, being now second only to Great Britain, Dr. Sattler reaches the conclusion that national and political antipathies are meaningless where economics are concerned. He shows that despite the mutual hatred between the Germans and the Jews, trade between them has gone on and even increased where it was economically profitable.

#### Britain in Lead

"The figures for the first half year of 1934," he writes, "reveal that Palestine imported during this period goods to the value of £7,046,528, compared with £4,873,000 in the first six months of 1933. Great Britain came first with £1,380,000, compared with £903,174 in the same period in 1933. Germany came second with £858,744, compared with £810,700 in 1933, and the United States third with £591,228, compared with £450,000 in 1933.

"Palestine exports in the first six months of 1934 amounted to £2,459,019, compared with £1,900,744 in 1933, of which Britain took £1,369,418, compared with £1,202,879 in the same period of 1933, and Germany £589,135, compared with £307,302 in the same period of 1933.

"These figures prove that Germany holds second place in Palestine trade, coming immediately after Great Britain. It should be observed that though Britain as Mandatory does not enjoy direct preference, the influence of the orders placed by the government and quarters standing close to the government is easily discernible in the import statistics. All orders for the Palestine and Transjordan governments, for the police, the military and the Iraq Oil Company naturally go to Britain.

#### Orange Export Concentrated

"The fact that the British-Palestine trading balance was almost equalized in the first half year of 1934, is explained by Palestine's orange exports being practically concentrated in the first three months of the year, and the balance sheet for the whole of the year does not run at all on the same lines. It is estimated that the imports for 1934 will amount to £14,000,000 or £15,000,000, while exports, in view of the small orange exports for the second half of the year will increase by little more than £4,000,000, so that Palestine will have an excess of imports of about £10,000,000.

"Germany not only maintained, but very considerably increased her trading account with Palestine. According to the statistics, Germany's imports from Palestine in 1932 amounted to 5,429,000 marks in 1933 to 5,694,000 marks and in

## Loewenstein, Seeing Nazis' Fall, Bids for Leadership of Germany

### Prince Would Restore All Rights to Jews Under New Democracy

Prince Hubertus Friedrich Loewenstein, arriving in the United States Saturday on his first visit here, predicted the downfall of Adolf Hitler within two years and announced he would assume all responsibility of leadership. His democratic system of government, he promised, would relieve the desperate situation of German Jews at once.

The Prince, a young man of twenty-eight, was founder of the Republican Reichsbanner organization in Germany, a counter-movement to the Nazi government in its early days, and is now a voluntary exile from his native land. His enmity to the Hitler regime is regarded with such seriousness that a price has been placed on his head by the Nazis. He is here on a lecture tour, during which he hopes to solidify anti-Nazi feeling in this country.

"Hitler, we hope," said the former leader of the Catholic Centrist party in Berlin, "will remain in power for another year or two. By that time our plans will be matured, our organization strengthened, and Hitler's fall a certainty due to the economic crisis and the dissension in the German army.

#### Working for Organization

"For the last two years," he continued, "I have been constantly working to create an organization of all Germans who are not Communists and who do not like Hitler." Nazi Germany is not identical to the real Germany. There are 35,000,000 people in the world who are sympathetic to our cause for restoring a democratic system of government in Germany. The Jews in America can be of considerable help to us by supporting our movement.

"For that matter," he went

the first half year of 1934 to 11,731,000 marks.

"That the increase in Germany's imports is accounted for mainly by oranges is shown by the following figures: In the first half year of 1932 Germany took 82 per cent of her oranges from Spain, 8 per cent from Italy and 9.6 per cent from Palestine; in the first half year of 1933 she took 70.1 per cent from Spain, 18.5 per cent from Italy and 10.4 per cent from Palestine; and in the first half year of 1934 she took 60.5 per cent from Spain, 11.1 per cent from Italy and 26.8 per cent from Palestine.

#### Reich Trade Grows

"German exports to Palestine amounted in 1932 to 8,000,000 marks, in 1933 to 11,400,000 marks, and in the first half year of 1934 to 8,500,000 marks. It is quite safe to assume that the figure for the whole of 1934 will be just double, about 16,000,000 to 17,000,000 marks, which means that exports from Germany to Palestine have doubled in these two years.

"If we analyze German exports to Palestine, we find that the increase has been in productive articles, mainly machinery, while the figures in respect of articles of consumption show a decline.

"This development of foreign trade between Germany and Palestine is the more amazing because Germany's foreign trade is very much hampered by the currency difficulties, quite apart from the lack of raw materials and the

(Continued on Page Eight)



PRINCE LOEWENSTEIN

on, "Jews throughout the world can help their brethren in Germany to the greatest extent by rallying to our organization. In fact, it is the only way by which I believe the German Jews may be aided."

#### Sees No Let-Up

Prince Loewenstein is of the opinion that the Jews in Germany are still suffering as many hardships and restrictions now as when Hitler first assumed power.

"The situation," he remarked, "has not been relieved whatsoever. Only the Nazi propaganda machine works a little better and the real stories do not get out. No Jew can become a lawyer, a doctor, or an official of the state. Neither have the conditions of shopkeepers or commercial Jews been bettered.

"I am not ambitious," he earnestly stated, "but I am willing to assume responsibility of leadership. With this democratic system of government that our party will set up the condition of German Jewry will be relieved at once. That is why Jews throughout the world should support our organization.

"The popular foundation of Hitlerism has already become a thing of the past. The so-called purge of June 30 last year was the turning point. This cost Hitler his popularity with the people. He is no longer greeted in the streets with the same acclaim that was his two years ago."

#### Fought for Status Quo

Prince Loewenstein had hoped the Saar would be made a nucleus for a new German government while Hitler was still in power, but in this he was disappointed.

"I was fighting for the status quo. The people who voted did not even know what that meant. How-

## Bulletin Calendar Of Events

Monday, February 4

The Jewish Center, 131 West Eighth, sixth street; "The Yiddish King Lear," directed by Boris Thomashefsky; 8:30 p. m.

Free Synagogue, 40 West Sixty-eighth street; Rabbi Morton M. Berman, "The Road of Ages"; Dr. Stephen S. Wise, summary of Jewish News of the Week; 8:15 p. m.

Temple Emanu-El Women's Auxiliary; bridge and tea; Hotel Plaza, Fifth avenue and Fifty-ninth street; afternoon.

School of the Jewish Woman; Dr. Trude Rosmarin, "Problems of Jewish Adult Education"; Parents Association, Talmud Torah Pri Eitz Chaim, 2692 Ocean avenue, Brooklyn; 8:30 p. m.

Brooklyn Jewish Center, 667 Eastern parkway, Brooklyn; Dr. Israel Efros, "Life and Influence of Maimonides"; evening.

Forum Hour of Rehebooth Lodge, No. 38, B'nai B'rith; Vasa Castle Hall, 120 East 149th street; Pelham St. George Bissell, "Enemies Within Our Gates"; 9:15 p. m.

## NEWS IN BRIEF

Reported by the

Jewish Telegraphic Agency

#### Baltimore

Rabbi Edward L. Israel will discuss "The Occupations of the Jews in America" at a leaders' meeting of the Jewish Educational Alliance on February 19, in the second of a series of an educational experiment.

#### Chicago

The following officers of the Board of Jewish Education have been elected: Louis M. Cahn, president; Mrs. Harry Berkman, secretary, and Charles Simon, treasurer.

#### Detroit

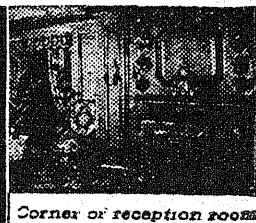
Spokesmen for Jews, Catholics and Protestants discussed here on the occasion of the fifteenth annual dinner of the Men's Club of Temple Beth El methods for a better understanding among the various groups in this country.

#### Minneapolis

Rabbi Barnett R. Brockner of Cleveland was guest speaker at the twenty-fifth annual meeting of the Jewish Family Welfare Association here, at which sixteen members of the board of directors were elected.

ever, I expected the vote to turn out as it did for two reasons. First, because the terror of the Nazi movement was tremendous and the pressure terrific. The polls were patrolled by Storm Troopers. The Deutsche Front had issued special cards to those who wished to vote for Germany and every voter was asked by the Nazis to show his card at the polling place. If he did not have one it was known that he was in favor of the status quo."

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## Polish Export to Palestine Rises Tenfold

1934 Saw \$2,000,000 Business; Zion Goods Reach High Mark

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)  
VARSAW, Feb. 3.—Polish exports to Palestine have risen from 200,000 in 1931 to \$2,000,000 in 1934, Judge Maximilian Friede, head of the Polish-Palestine Chamber of Commerce, revealed today. He also added that Polish imports from Palestine rose from \$12,000 in 1931 to more than \$200,000 during the same period.

Pointing out that the trade between Poland and Palestine showed a steady and substantial increase each year, Judge Friede declared that prospects for an even greater increase in trade between the two countries were very good.

He also pointed out that the nature of the trade was also highly satisfactory, since it consisted mostly of staple goods, including wheat, woolens, clothing, paper, and furniture, iron pipes and pig iron.

The recent reduction of the tariff on oranges, which has resulted in a heavy increase in the export of Palestine oranges, was noted by Judge Friede as an indication that the Polish government was anxious to foster trade with Palestine.

## Rebuild Tel Chai, Trumpeldor Colony

Histadruth Sets February for Fund Drive—Site Razed by Arabs

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)  
JERUSALEM, Feb. 3.—This month will be devoted to collecting funds to re-establish the colony Tel Chai in northern Galilee, which was immortalized by the defense of the colony by Captain Joseph Trumpeldor and his defense corps, the Histadruth, Central Labor Federation of Palestine, announced today.

The month of February coincides with the Hebrew month of Adar, the defense of the colony under Captain Trumpeldor has become famous in contemporary Jewish history.

When he was killed the colony was abandoned and burned by Arab raiders.

Dickens describes Lord George Gordon, son of the third Duke of Gordon, who embraced Judaism in 1780's, in "Barnaby Rudge."

## Meetings Seek to Raise Funds for Striking Yeshiva Teachers

With the strike of twelve Hebrew teachers of the Yeshiva Rabbi Chaim Berlin, 1899 Prospect Ave., Brooklyn, going into its eighth day two mass meetings were held in Brownsville yesterday for the purpose of raising funds to keep the doors of the institution open and to allow five hundred students to go back to their studies.

The students were turned out of their classrooms last Monday when the teachers decided that they could no longer work without pay and went out on strike. According to one of the teachers, the school has not been paid anything for the past six weeks. Arrears in salaries are reported at approximately \$1,600 for each of the twelve teachers.

Many of the former supporters of the Yeshiva, a spokesman of the parochial school said yesterday, have recently discontinued

# Genesee Society Dinner to Honor Wiley, Business Manager of Times

Notables Will Pay Homage to Lieutenant of Adolph Ochs

By HENRY W. LEVY  
All honor to Louis Wiley!  
That is the magnet drawing some 700 members of the Society of the Genesee to the Hotel Commodore tonight to do honor to the business manager of the New York Times and famed first lieutenant of Adolph S. Ochs, publisher.

The thirty-sixth annual dinner of the society, of which Mr. Wiley was a founder and its first historian, is also the occasion of the anniversary of fifty years in journalism for the guest of honor and the thirty-ninth year of his association with Ochs and the Times.

Among the speakers paying homage to the popular newspaperman this evening will be Dr. Clarence A. Barbour, president of Brown University; James R. Sheffield, former United States Ambassador to Mexico and Venezuela; Mayor Charles Stanton of Rochester; James W. Gerard, former United States Ambassador to Germany; Thomas J. Watson, president of the International Business Corporation; Jeremiah G. Hickey, president of the Hickey-Freeman Company; Martin Conboy, United States Attorney for the Southern District of New York, and William C. Cannon, president of the Society of the Genesee, who will serve as toastmaster.

**Publisher on Dais**  
Others who will be seated on the dais in Mr. Wiley's honor include such notables as Senator Carter Glass of Virginia; Frank B. Noyes, president of the Associated Press; Ogden Reid, publisher of the New York Herald Tribune; Henry Morgenthau Sr., former United States Ambassador to Turkey; Dr. H. W. Chase, chancellor of New York University; William T. Dewart, publisher of the New York Sun; Owen D. Young, chairman of the board of the General Electric Company.

And as one of the highlights of the celebration there will be the presentation to Mr. Wiley of a bound volume containing 200 measures of good-will from friends throughout the world. Represented in this volume are letters from President Roosevelt, Governor Lehman, Mayor LaGuardia, Adolph S. Ochs, Secretary of State Cordell Hull, Vice-President Garner, Secretary of the Treasury Morgenthau, Marquis Marconi, Newton D. Baker, Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt, Sir Herbert Samuel, Colonel



LOUIS WILEY

Theodore Roosevelt, Thomas W. Lamont, James G. McDonald, Emil Ludwig, Baron Maurice de Rothschild, Professor Raymond Moley, David Sarnoff, Ambassador Claude G. Bowers and others.

**Works With Ochs**  
The question, then, is: "Who is this man so worthy of honor?"

And the answer is that, next to Mr. Ochs himself, he is the man most responsible for the development of the Times from a moribund and obscure newspaper to a publication that is rated as one of the world's greatest.

Louis Wiley was born in Hornell, N. Y., May 31, 1869, the son of Benjamin and Ernestine Brickner Wiley. His father was a merchant of Hornell and Mt. Sterling. And it was in the latter town that young Wiley started his career as a reporter for the Democrat, a weekly.

A short time later the family moved to Fort Wayne, Ind., where Louis displayed his first real flair for newspaper work as a reporter for the Journal of that town.

With the death of the elder Wil-

Ambassadors, Educators to Be on Dais at Affair Here

ey in 1886, the Wileys moved to Rochester. Young Louis thereupon landed a job with Post Express. A reporter's salary didn't satisfy him and he founded Rochester's first Anglo-Jewish weekly, the Tidings, an eight-page paper, which met with immediate success.

For six years the Tidings occupied Louis Wiley's time. It drew the attention of others, and in 1893, at the age of twenty-four, he was offered the business managership of the Post Express, the paper that eight years before had paid him a wage of six dollars a week.

**Takes Job on Old Sun**  
The way was already pointed toward New York. Two years later he was working on Dana's Sun under William Laffan. A year later he joined Ochs in the seemingly impossible task of resurrecting the Times.

Adolph Ochs had come on from Tennessee to take over the Times. It had lapsed from its former high position when, with the Tribune and the Herald, it was one of the important papers of the metropolis.

The paper was ready to die, at least to merge. None of the New York newspapermen thought the gazette worth preserving. It remained for a young southern Jew to re-create a new paper under the slogan, "All the News That's Fit to Print."

It was this man whom Wiley, looking for opportunity, decided to connect with. In an address many years later, he said:

"I sought and fought to join the New York Times in 1896 and I hitched my wagon to a star.

Time and the Times have proved that this star is the mightiest in the journalistic heavens."

Adolph Ochs, on the occasion of a dinner given to Mr. Wiley in Rochester on his sixtieth birthday by the Press Club of that city, which he had helped found many years earlier, reminisced in the following vein:

**'Sprightly Young Man'**  
"Shortly after I had rescued the Times, when a derelict about to sink with a gallant crew of able journalistic seamen, a sprightly young man, still in his twenties, called on me and sought a position with the organization.

"He had some newspaper experience, notably at Rochester, and had come to New York City to seek a larger field for the development of his ambition. He had made a survey of the newspaper situation, and was so impressed with what he thought were my prospects with the New York Times that he declined more lucrative offers and presented himself to me for employment in any position so long as he might become attached to the business organization.

"I was, of necessity, moving cautiously in adding to the staff, because of the expense, and was not very receptive to his overtures. But the talent that he has since developed to a pre-eminent degree asserted itself and, as usual, what he went after, he secured.

"He accepted a modest position and a modest salary. It was one of the best trades I ever made."

**Becomes Business Manager**  
Ten years later Louis Wiley was business manager of the Times, a position he still fills with great distinction. Under his direction, the Times has led the way toward a new level of ethical practice in the field of advertising. In every respect, he kept pace with the Times as it steadily developed the greatest world-wide news service of any newspaper on earth.

Because of his early reportorial training, or possibly just because of the breadth of judgment that seemed inherent with him, Wiley

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## Give Prayers for Rabbi

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)  
TEL AVIV, Feb. 3.—Special prayers for the recovery of Chief Rabbi Aaronsohn of the Agudath Israel, who is seriously ill, have been ordered by Chief Rabbi Isaac HaCohen Kook.



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## Fading Optimism

It was expected that after the Saar is returned to Germany certain modifications would be made by the Nazi government as far as anti-Jewish legislation is concerned. Hopes were expressed by optimistic Jews in Germany that "things will somewhat change for the Jews" after the Saar plebiscite.

This optimism is now fading away. Not only does the Nazi government not think of alleviating the condition of German Jews, but on the contrary everything points to the fact that the movement to push the Jews out of commerce is acquiring a new impetus among the Nazi leaders.

The efforts which Julius Streicher has made in Munich to stimulate the anti-Jewish boycott along the same lines as in the early days of the Nazi regime are not a mere incident. Herr Streicher is now being followed in his campaign by Dr. Ley, the leader of the German Labor Front and dictator over all the employers and employees in Germany.

Dr. Ley, in special instructions, recommends the boycott of Jewish shops and urges patronizing only those enterprises which carry the signs: "This is a German firm."

It is true that the large masses of the German people are not antagonistic toward Jewish-owned stores. It is also true that a person like Dr. Schacht may be of the opinion that the boycott of Jewish stores is but harming the German economic system. The rulers in Germany today are, however, fanatics and not ones to look more soberly at matters.

The renewal of the anti-Jewish boycott is indicative. It shows that the wind now blowing from the "Brown House" is definitely against Jewish trading. It warns against optimism with regard to the Jewish situation in the Reich. It illustrates that Streicher and his company feel that their side is now much stronger than the side of those in the Nazi ranks preaching a more tolerant attitude towards the Jews.

The renewal of the anti-Jewish boycott is clearly a warning to those Jews abroad who have begun to believe that everything is becoming normal in Germany.

## TROUBLE IN MANCHUKUO

By a Staff Correspondent

## HARBIN,

The American Consul-General and the British Minister in Manchukuo were approached here by a Jewish delegation to intervene with the Manchukuo government against the alarming growth of anti-Semitism, stimulated here by Japanese officials, especially by the Japanese Chief of Secret Service, a Mr. Eguchi.

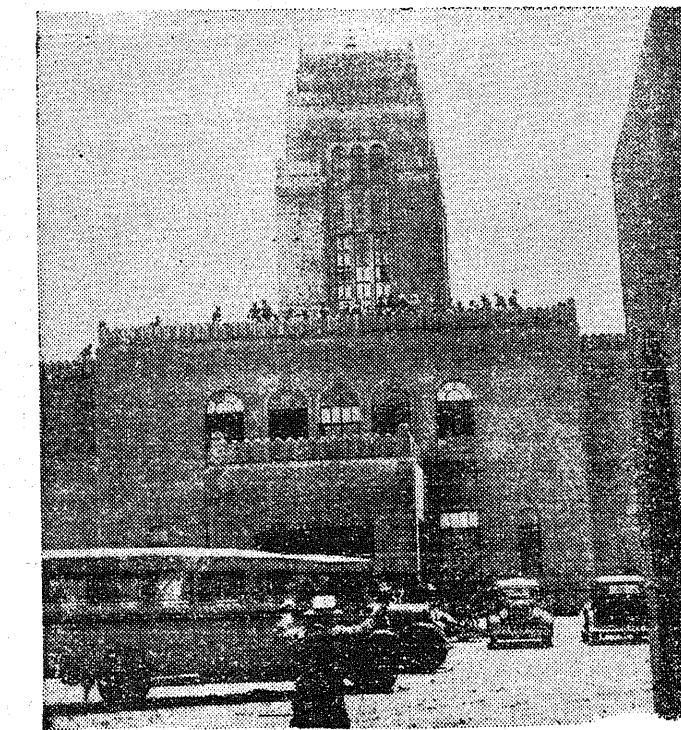
A Jewish delegation consisting of Rabbi M. Z. Ashkenazi, Hillel Epstein, editor, N. E. B. Ezra and B. Topas, representing the Jewish community of Shanghai, also approached the Japanese Minister to China, M. Ariyoshi, at the Japanese Legation in Shanghai, presenting to him the fears and grievances of the Jewish community in Harbin and stating that they are also shared by the Jewish leaders of Shanghai.

The delegation drew the attention of the Japanese Minister to the anti-Semitic campaign in which Japanese officials are participating in Manchukuo, by encouraging the anti-Semitic propaganda of a section of the White Russians in Harbin.

## 'Patriots' Slew Jewish Youth

The delegation emphasized to the Japanese Minister that the inner story of the kidnapping and murder of Simon Kaspe, son of I. A. Kaspe, of Harbin, as revealed by police inquiries, was the signal for new outbursts on the part of Eguchi, Chief of the detective police. He gave his "personal opinion" in an amazing manner before handing his report to the procurator.

This occupied sixty pages of Japanese text and thirty-two pages of Russian. His conclusion is written in chronological order, describing the crime and assessing the responsibility of every person. He concludes with his "personal opinion," shocking as it is to decent-minded people, as head of the criminal department. The "finding" runs thus: "Having become fully acquainted with all the circumstances of the kidnapping of Simon Kaspe, I have come to the conclusion that the accused Martinov, Shander and others showed ardent patriotism. The crime enacted by them is apparently an ordinary criminal act, but the motives for the crime are far from ordinary, being those of a political nature and



## NEW MANCHUKUO AND ANCIENT HATE

While modern Manchuria rises over the steppes, as the above scene of a new government building in Hsinking, capital of Manchukuo, shows, medieval persecution of the Jews is rearing its ugly head there. White Guardist elements, blaming the Jews for the downfall of Czarist Russia, are reported actively engaged in an anti-Jewish campaign with the passive assistance of Japanese officials.

dictated by the desire to struggle for their native land.

## Sought Funds By Kidnaping

"The accused are perfectly sure that those guilty for the ruin of Imperial Russia, the murder of the Emperor himself and his family, are Communists and leaders of the Communist movement Jews, and, therefore, the accused decided to have revenge for their homeland, being imbued with extreme anti-Soviet and anti-Jewish feelings.

"Last year the accused plotted a considerable anti-Soviet rising on U. S. S. R. territory, and knowing that former risings had not succeeded owing to the lack of means, they decided to secure the same. However, being convinced that it was impossible to get a large sum by ordinary means, they, against their own will, decided to get money by extraordinary measures, i. e., to kidnap somebody for the purpose of ransom.

"For this purpose they selected the son of Joseph Kaspe, Si-

mon, as in their opinion the Bolsheviks during the time of the revolution had sold valuables of the Russian Empire to Joseph Kaspe and the latter had made a huge capital out of them, working with the G. P. U., selling the valuables of the Russian crown, church plate, museum rarities and confiscated valuables belonging to private individuals.

## Sympathy for Whites' Hopes

"Thus the accused considered that Joseph Kaspe had made his money in a criminal manner and decided to take his money away from him and spend it in a struggle against the Bolsheviks. They considered that such action would enable them to commence a struggle against the Bolsheviks, and also to avenge themselves on the Jews. In their opinion, acting in this manner, they would kill two birds with one stone.

"However, leaving their action to the conscience of the ac-

(Continued on Page Six)

## Between the Lines

By B. SMOLAR

It seems to me it is high time for the non-Zionists of the Jewish Agency to probe the methods by which immigration certificates for Palestine are being distributed in the various countries.

Complaints are now being voiced from Poland, from Greece, from Austria and from the Jewish Farmers' Association in Palestine against the Jewish Agency's methods of distributing the certificates, and these complaints affect the prestige of the non-Zionist section of the Agency no less than the Zionist.

But the non-Zionists actually have no say in the distribution of certificates. All the certificates are being distributed by the so-called Palestine Offices in different countries, in which the non-Zionists are not represented. A situation is thus created whereby the non-Zionists are assuming responsibility for which is being done altogether without their participation.

When the Palestine government grants immigration certificates under the labor schedule to the Executive of the Jewish Agency, it bears in mind that the Agency is a body composed of Zionists and non-Zionists. It considers the non-Zionists an equal partner in the Agency. It places upon the non-Zionists equal responsibility.

## Faith and Complaints

The responsibility placed by the Palestine government upon the non-Zionist section of the Jewish Agency in immigration matters has hitherto been carried by the non-Zionists without even investigating as to how these matters are handled. Having blind confidence in the Zionist section of the Agency, the non-Zionists have left the matter of distributing the certificates entirely in the hands of the Palestine Amts, which consists of representatives of different Zionist groups only.

As long as there were no complaints concerning the work of the Palestine Amts, there was perhaps no necessity for the non-Zionists to demand any representation in this body, even though they are fully entitled to it. Now, however, things have changed. Complaints are pouring in from all sides against the Palestine Amt system and the non-Zionists therefore owe it to themselves to make use of their right to fifty per cent representation and to demand it as far as controlling distribution certificates is concerned.

## Revision Needed

The immigration certificate today has become a tool in the hands of various Zionist groups. It is actually being utilized for party purposes. In the fight now going on between the Zionist factions, the distribution of immigration certificates plays a very important role.

The non-Zionists, who have no interest in this internal fight, also have no interest in being used as a tool by one Zionist group or another. To them the Palestine Amt is an institution established for no other purpose than to bring Jews to Palestine.

It is for this reason that the non-Zionist will be quite justified if they demand that their representatives, too, have a voice in the distribution of certificates. It is altogether abnormal when this function is left to representatives of groups each of which has an axe to grind. The distribution of certificates should be entrusted to an absolutely impartial body.

## THE READER'S FORUM

(The editors reserve the right to excerpt all letters exceeding 250 words in length. All letters must bear the name and address of the writer, although not necessarily for publication.)

## Wants Jewish U. Here

To the Editor, Jewish Daily Bulletin:

Some months ago I remember reading an item in your pages in which a Jewish leader—I don't remember just who—advised our people to establish a Jewish university in this country. I have been watching rather closely for indications that his suggestion was being taken up, but apparently the words have fallen on deaf ears.

The idea of a Jewish university has numerous merits. In the first place, whether we like to admit it or not, the truth of the matter is that almost every institution of higher learning from Maine to California has what is tantamount to a numerus clausus in effect.

What Mr. Max D. Steuer said several weeks ago, when he urged the Jews to accept quotas in the colleges and universities of the United States, evoked protests in several quarters. Without holding any brief for Mr. Steuer—whose

political attachments I happen personally to despise—I am convinced the eminent lawyer had a good thought, although it didn't go far enough.

Naturally, it is defeatism pure and simple to tell ambitious young Jews who are butting up against educational barriers to sit home silently and twiddle their thumbs or drown their troubles in high-powered cocktails. What's more, I doubt very much that our young men and women, who have plenty of spirit in them, will accept such a state of affairs quietly.

The only way "out," as Times Square boys would say, is to set up a Jewish university. This development would not be anything radical, either, as I think many of our more timorous co-religionists erroneously believe. For their information, I should like to point out that we have in this country colleges and universities run by almost every one of the Christian faiths. Wesleyan University at

Middletown, Conn., and Catholic University at Washington, D. C., immediately come to mind.

If our wealthy and warm-hearted Jews who are contributing so liberally toward the upbuilding of Palestine as a Jewish homeland would stop to consider the merits of the proposal for the establishment of a Jewish university in the United States, I am sure they would be quick to respond.

Certainly Palestine is important, certainly relief for the victims of the cruelties of the Hitler regime in Germany is important, but, when all is said and done, the fact remains that there are more than 4,000,000 Jews in this country who are fully determined to stay right here and who are entitled to a decent break in every field—not excepting education.

So let's get busy.

ARTHUR G. HOLLINGSBERG,  
New York City,  
Feb. 1, 1935.



# Cordoba Prepares

## CORDOBA, SPAIN.

The City of Cordoba, together with other Spanish and foreign organizations, is making extensive preparations to commemorate the eighth centenary of one of its greatest sons, Rabbi Moses ben Maimon, philosopher known to the civilized world as Maimonides.

Born March 30, 1135, this great scholar, through his illustrious work, "The Guide of the Perplexed," and other volumes, earned the appellation by his biographers of the "greatest fixed star of his time."

The exemplary life led by Maimonides during his exile in Egypt, when he was the court physician of the Sultan Saladin, bears eloquent testimony of his wisdom. In the year 1204 death overtook him and he was buried in Tiberias. His career was a happy expression of a genial and distinguished personality.

Literary festivals, which will glorify his name; publications, which will renew his fame; commemorations in stone which will perpetuate the public exaltation; all will find their climax in Madrid, Egypt and other countries glorifying the universal fame of Maimonides.

The Organizing Committee for the commemorative festivals has opened a public competition—in which everybody writing in the Spanish language may participate—for three papers, dealing with the following subjects: "Maimonides as Philosopher," "Maimonides as Physician" and a "Biography of Maimonides."

The three works to be accepted will bear a prize of 500 pesetas each. The prizes have been offered by the "Academia de Cordoba" on behalf of medical organizations and educational centers in Madrid.

The papers, which must be accompanied by the name of the author in a sealed envelope, must reach the "Catedra de Hebreo del Instituto Nacional de Segunda Enseñanza de Cordoba" before March 1, 1935. They will be judged by a committee of Spanish professors.

The Organizing Committee has granted the right to the "Academia de Cordoba" to publish the prize-winning papers.

A committee has also been formed in Madrid, entrusted with the organization of the Cordoba festivals. Cristobal de Castro is president.

At a meeting of the committee it was decided to erect at Cordoba a monument for the Rambam. The committee will further publish, by subscription, the works of this great mediaeval thinker. The committee also decided to sponsor memorial meetings at Madrid, Cordoba, Morocco and Egypt, where this famous Andalusian lived and wrote. Members of the committee will approach the High Commissioners of Spanish and French Morocco, as well as the Jewish communities in Morocco and Egypt, to ask their support in organizing celebrations in these countries.

Dr. Israel Efros, professor of philosophy at Buffalo University, will be principal speaker tonight at a forum on the life and influence of Moses Maimonides, under the auspices of the Brooklyn Jewish Center, 667 Eastern parkway.

## Former U. S. Minister To Address Sisterhood

Dr. Joseph W. Kornfeld, former United States Minister to Persia, will be the guest speaker today at an open meeting of the Shaaray Tefila Sisterhood at the West End Synagogue, 160 West Eighty-second street.

The sisterhood is sponsoring a series of six lectures on national and international current events to be given by Mrs. Max Schwartz. The first lecture will be given tomorrow.

## TEN YEARS AGO

The Jewish Daily Bulletin

February 4, 1925

BERLIN.—The final returns in the elections to the Federation of Jewish Communities of Prussia showed a majority for the Liberal over all other parties and the election of representatives of the East European Jews for the first time in the history of this body.

BERLIN.—The Ludendorff-Hitler anti-Semitic party split as Dr. Henning and Dr. Wolfe brought charges against Hitler for disloyalty to the party and accused him of having caused the split.

Five Years Ago

February 4, 1930

VIENNA.—Vladimir Jabotinsky denied having advocated the expulsion of the Arabs from Palestine in a letter published in the "Reichspost" as a reply to that paper's Palestinian correspondent who had made implications along these lines.

NEW YORK.—In a long article published in the Day, Jacob de Haas called upon the Zionist officials to resign in view of ineptitude with which he charged them since 1921 and advocated the election of a board by a special Zionist convention.

One Year Ago

February 4, 1934

NEW YORK.—1,500 delegates of various Jewish organizations met at an emergency conference and pledged to raise \$2,000,000 for the settlement of German-Jewish refugees in Palestine.

BERLIN.—The entire Jewish population of Germany, even those groups usually opposed to Zionism, were represented at the opening of the Palestinian exhibition in this city.

## Dr. Lieberman to Lecture Before Jewish Center

Dr. Elias Lieberman, principal of Thomas Jefferson High School, will deliver the first of a series of lectures on "The Many-Sided Jew" Wednesday evening at the Brooklyn Jewish Center, 667 Eastern parkway.

The first lecture will deal with "The Jew in a Christian World." Dr. Lieberman will discuss "O Mon Goye" by Sarah Levy. In the second lecture, February 13, Dr. Lieberman will use illustrated material from "Hear, Ye Sons" by Irving Fineman.

## A. J. C. Youth of Bronx To Hold Forum Thursday

The Bronx Council of the Youth Division of the American Jewish Congress will hold another in its series of monthly forums on Thursday evening at the Concourse Center of Israel, 183rd street and Grand concourse, at 8:30 o'clock.

Principal speakers will be Dr. Moses Benmosche, Oxford graduate and student of Jewish history, whose subject is "Judaism as a Fraternal Organization," and Jacob M. Goldenkoff, attorney, who will speak on "The Faith of the Jew."

## Speaks at Lakewood



THEODORE CHARNAS

## Temple Men Hear Charnas Hit at Congress

### Talk at Lakewood Parley Interpreted as Veiled Attack on Elections

(Special to the J.D.B.)

LAKEWOOD, N. J., Feb. 3.—What was construed by listeners as a veiled attack on the American Jewish Congress was voiced today by Theodore Charnas, president of the National Federation of Jewish Men's Clubs of the United Synagogue of America, at the closing session today of the annual convention of the group at Grossman's Hotel.

Sounding a warning against "spurious Jewish leadership," Mr. Charnas cautioned that "democracy is too often the favorite slogan of the demagogue."

### Need New Leadership

"We must," he said, "create a new type of Jewish leadership which will come only through the application of trained Jewish intelligence to those problems which confront us."

"We must not permit spurious Jewish leadership to mislead our people by catchy slogans or pretty but empty formulae. We ought to appraise very carefully the claims of Jewish organizations and the basis of their appeals for membership."

Obviously referring to the American Jewish Congress' proposed democratic elections scheduled for this April, Charnas continued:

"We all believe in the democratic dogma, but the word democracy has been so overworked of late in its application to Jewish organization and Jewish methods that it has become at times a snare to the thoughtless."

### Special Knowledge Needed

"The fight for Jewish right must have every Jew behind it. In that sense, united Jewish action must be democratic. But the struggles in which we are engaged call too for special knowledge, responsible statesmanship, and a perfected technique."

"Democracy is too often the favorite slogan of a demagogue. As a national organization of Jewish laymen, it becomes our duty to probe the policies and objectives of those organizations which spring up from time to time in American-Jewish life for the accomplishment of one purpose or another."

Resolutions aiming to strengthen the Men's Club movement throughout the country and calling for cooperation with the National Conference of Jews and Christians were adopted by the convention.

Other speakers at the convention were Rabbi Joseph Miller, Brooklyn; Jess J. Finkle, New York; Abraham J. Gellinoff, New York, and Louis Soll, New York.

## Land Speculation In Tel Aviv

Hannen Swaffer, writing in the London *Daily Herald* on the impressions brought from Palestine by one of his Jewish friends, says:

Now, what horrified my Jewish friend in Palestine was Tel Aviv, which, the only all-Jewish town in the world, is the pride of all the Jews who have never seen it.

"When I was in Tel Aviv," said my business friend, "I felt ashamed. I had been in the communal settlements, where the people worked hard, willingly, loving the soil they worked on, all bent to one purpose."

"But in Tel Aviv, everyone talked of land speculation. One man, soon after I arrived, asked me, 'Are you interested in land?'"

"Yes, as such," I replied.

"I mean land speculation," he said.

"No, after seeing the communal settlements," I answered. "I certainly am not."

In Tel Aviv they talk in "profits" of "the land boom," and they have built a higgledy-piggledy town that is hideous to look upon. A crash must come soon. But the people go on gambling in land values.

One speculator, not a Jew, by the way, has made a large fortune out of his land profits. Many have made considerable sums.

## Eretz Israel, Not Palestine

Under the headline, "Avoid the Word 'Palestine,'" the *Jewish Tribune* of Bombay makes the following suggestion to the Jews of India:

Some time ago there was a movement afoot to avoid the use of the word Palestine as the nomenclature for the Holy Land. The name suggests by its etymology the land of the Philistines and it is a curious survival of a race that has not inhabited that country for decades. In the holy language, the country is known by the name of Eretz Israel—the land or country of the Jews. Every Jew should endeavor by his example and suggestion to see that the country is described as Eretz-Israel not only by his co-religionists but also by non-Jews.

With the rapid nationalization of the country, the steady increase in the number of the Jewish population, and the marvelous progress in the employment of Hebrew as a language, it should not be long before Palestine becomes the Land of Israel and is known internationally as Eretz Israel. This must be a duty of every individual, for we have no Minister of Education empowered to make the correction world-wide.

## Seeks Backers Of McFadden

The *American Israelite*, commenting on Louis T. McFadden's race for the presidency on an anti-Semitic platform, says:

Non-sectarian newspapers virtually have ignored Mr. McFadden's presidential candidacy. He is a political curiosity. But he is dangerous—because he is well-financed and deaf to truth.

The *Israelite* strongly recommends to readers the following two precautions:

1. That you take pains to ascertain the names and interests of Mr. McFadden's backers—and cease doing business with them.

2. That you inquire from the Hotel Mayflower in Washington, D. C., just how it finds it convenient to harbor such an inciting, un-American influence as is Mr. McFadden's headquarters.

## Asks Consideration Of Jewish Problem

Commenting on the position of the Jews in European countries, the South African *Jewish Chronicle* says editorially:

The situation is extremely serious and calls for immediate assistance. If there is really such a body as World Jewry as our enemies would have us believe there exists, the representatives should come together and decide about what is to be done in order to save these poor people, not only from starvation but from national degeneration. Many of the Jews of these countries are of the finest and noblest types—their services could be of the greatest value in many directions; today they have fallen on evil times and it is the duty of those in more fortunate circumstances to raise and succor them.

Emigration cannot solve the problem, though every effort should be made to bring as many of these unfortunate people out of their miserable and sordid surroundings as possible. But for the majority the problem will have to be solved in the country in which they are unfortunately situated, and it is hoped that with the beginning of a new year a real and earnest effort will be made at ameliorating the sad lot of these unfortunate people.

## Influences Against Germany's Trade

The *New York Times*, speaking of Germany's unfavorable trade balance, says editorially:

While it is possible to point to some of the forces that affect a trade balance, it is seldom possible to say what the precise quantitative effect has been of any one of them. Among the general influences that we have to consider in the case of Germany, in addition to the intricate and rigid governmental control, are the drastic changes in German domestic economy, her absurdly low gold reserve, and the economic boycott.

## Entry Restrictions And Nazis in U. S.

The *Philadelphia Jewish Exponent* says under the headline "Jingoes in our Midst:"

Among those who are advocating a greater restriction of immigration to this country, revived since the opening of the United States Congress, there are a number of Jewish names. This is regrettable. The immigration laws in effect today are sufficiently severe. The number of immigrants entering this country are so few as to be negligible. Of this Miss Perkins, liberal-minded Secretary of Labor, is fully aware, and this, doubtless, the reason she is giving so little time to this phase of her responsibility. This is known, too, to the professional restrictionists.

But the latter are exploiting this propaganda in order to spread racial prejudice and spirit of distrust against the more recent arrivals. This is to the detriment of the entire American community. In the course of the past two years the Hitler propagandists have done all they could to foment hatred of the Jews. For all we know investigations may reveal that they are at the bottom of this revived agitation. This should be made clear to Jewish members of Congress and others inclined to give ear to the jingoes in our midst.

# Roosevelt Lauds Federation's Work

## Other Notables Honor Group at Its 25th Rally

### May Calls for 'Increased Giving'; Mrs. Goldstein Heads Women's Unit

(Continued from Page One)  
the Brooklyn Federation of Jewish Charities upon the completion of twenty-five years of service. The Church groups and social groups organized on private lines, whether they act separately or through community chests, are an essential part of the structure of our life. The excellent reputation of your Federation indicates a rounded program of social service."

**Necessity for Support**  
In his annual report, Justice May asked for continued support of the Federation's activities and stressed the necessity for "increased giving" after pointing out that the Federation ended the year 1934 with a deficit of approximately \$17,000.

Former Supreme Court Justice Joseph M. Proskauer, president of the Federation for the Support of Jewish Philanthropic Societies of New York City, and Marcus C. Hankinson, president of the Brooklyn Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor, were the chief speakers on the program.

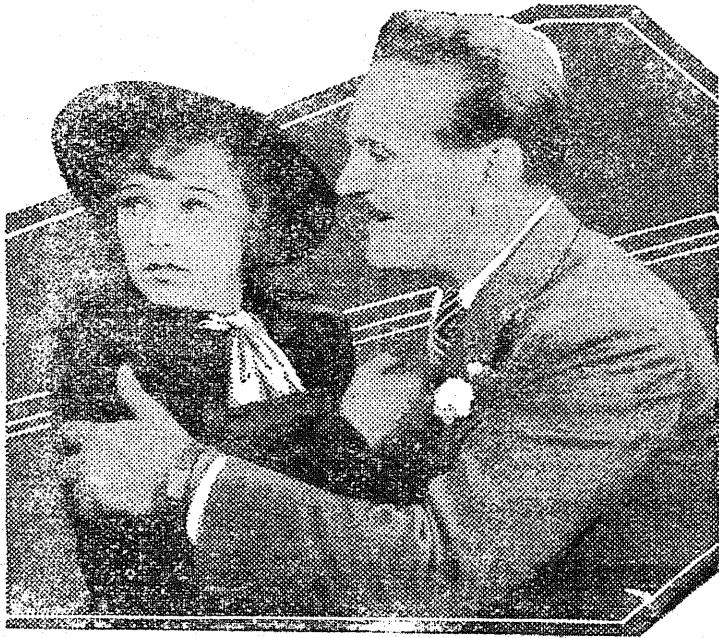
A musical program featuring Elizabeth Harmon, contralto; Leonidas Coroni, baritone, and Orsola Tucciarelli, coloratura soprano, was given under the supervision of Max Ahelman, chairman of the annual meeting committee.

**Outlines Federation History**  
"A group of pioneers, under the leadership and inspiration of Nathan S. Jonas, founded the Federation late in 1909 and launched its program of activities in 1910," Justice May said. "Our Federation at that time was one of the very few community chests in the country. The idea had not yet taken hold, and Brooklyn was one of the very first to join the small group who had the vision to experiment with that form of community organization."

"During the twenty-five years of our existence, tremendous changes have taken place in the make-up and composition of our Jewish community. The Jewish population of Brooklyn has grown from 400,000 in 1910 to over a million today. Whereas, twenty-five years ago Manhattan, with a Jewish population of 601,000, led all the other boroughs in this respect, today Brooklyn has a Jewish population greater than that of Manhattan and The Bronx combined."

**Yearly Increased Noted**  
"Some of the changes that took place in the growth and development of our Jewish social service agencies in this branch borough are best reflected in a few comparative figures which I give you. In 1910 the United Jewish Aid Societies, our family welfare agency, had 414 families under care and received an allotment of \$12,250 from Federation. In 1930 the agency was serving over 6,000, of whom 2,600 were major cases, and Federation's allotment had increased to \$245,000. In 1910 the Brooklyn Hebrew Orphan Asylum numbered 494 wards and received an allotment of \$18,000. By 1930 the agency was taking care of 1,033 children, and its allotment from Federation was \$91,125. . . .  
"Ladies and gentlemen: That deficit with which we ended the year 1934 is not very large. But it would have been greater—much greater—had we done with Federation what we should have liked

(Continued on Page Eight)



**PRINCIPALS IN 'THE GOOD FAIRY'**  
Scene showing Margaret Sullavan and Frank Morgan in the Universal production current at the Radio City Music Hall.

## Points Out That Harbin Jews Helped Develop Economic Life

(Continued from Page Four)  
cused, and not going into consideration of whether it was bad or good of them, the fact must be stated that they showed themselves staunch fighters for their native land, who considered all means good to accomplish their aim. We know of many such cases in history. These people have lost their native land, but they always remember the fact, and fight for it, even violating the law.

"The endeavors of these people fighting for their native land may be sympathized with, but they carried out crime in Harbin, violating peace and order in the city, and as they exceeded the law of Manchukuo which stands for peace and order in this country, I consider that, notwithstanding the motives of their crime, the violation of the law cannot be left unpunished."

### British Consulate Hears Story

Prior to the publication of these "findings" of the Japanese official in the press, a Jewish delegation headed by Mr. Ezra was received officially by Sir Alexander Cadogan, at the British Consulate, and took the opportunity of giving an account of the ill-treatment of the Jewish population in Harbin at the hands of the Japanese judicial officials who encourage the anti-Semitism of a part of the White Russians.

Sir Alexander listened attentively and seemed deeply moved, promising, in the interest of humanity to have matters investigated with a view to making friendly representations to the proper authorities.

Similar assurances were given also by Edwin S. Cunningham, U. S. Consul-General, who promised to write to the Consulate in Harbin with a view to making friendly representation.

### Grievances Laid Before Japan Envoy

A Jewish delegation consisting of Rabbi M. Z. Ashkenazi, Messrs. Hillel Epstein, N. E. B. Ezra and B. Topas, representing the Shanghai Ashkenazi Jewish Communal Association, was received by Minister Ariyoshi, Japan's Minister to China, at the Japanese Legation, before whom was laid the grievances of the Jewish community in Harbin regarding the anti-Semitic campaign and the ill-treatment to which they are subject.

The delegation which had

founded three years ago, in order to protect the interests and rights of the Jews in Shanghai, the delegation explained. It was registered in Nanking and recognized as a constitutional body with full rights to speak in the name of the Ashkenazi Jews. The recent alarming reports which reached Shanghai from Harbin had formed the subject

of a meeting by the association, and a resolution deploring the rise of anti-Semitism and hoping to check its growth was unanimously adopted.

Mr. Ezra took the opportunity of drawing the attention of Minister Ariyoshi that Jews had rendered yeoman service to Harbin in its initial states, contributing their share in developing its economic life. He said:

### Criminal Agitation Pointed Out

"Your Excellency!—The occasion that brings us here is one which concerns the future welfare of the Jews in Manchukuo. We cannot view without concern the present unwholesome display of activities in Harbin insofar as the Jewish community as a whole is concerned. For the past twenty months there had been persistent agitation in the press to slander them and accuse them of all crimes. That this criminal agitation by a group of White Russians should be tolerated by the police is hard to understand. The motive behind it should be investigated and we hope the Manchukuo Government will not overlook this vital question.

"We must also bear in mind that the Jews in Harbin are entitled to full protection and consideration. They claim, and rightly so, to be pioneers in upbuilding the country and promoting its economic life and growth. Joseph Kaspe, whose son, Simon, was kidnapped and murdered by the White Russians, has himself lived in Harbin for three decades, contributing his

bit for its progress and development. Skidelsky, a capitalist and industrialist of extraordinary zeal and merit, has not a little in opening the mines throughout Manchuria and giving employment to several thousands.

### Role of Jews in Manchuria

"Soskin, a financier, Frizer a banker, Kaufman, a leading physician and other, have made Harbin what it is today. Their names cannot be obliterated from the tablet of the history of Harbin. It is, therefore, unfair and unjust to permit a gang of hooligans to invade the country and encourage them to vilify and slander these pioneers and the whole Jewish community. I repeat again that the motives behind this movement should be investigated and the culprits punished and removed.

"There are plenty of rumors circulating in Shanghai concerning the matters complained of, but I shall not touch upon one of them. In June, 1933, His Excellency M. Shigemitsu, Vice Minister of Foreign Affairs, wrote me officially in the name of his Government that Japan would not tolerate anti-Semitism in her country. I have faith in that declaration and I am confident that that policy will not be over-ruled today.

"I beg leave to thank your

(Continued on Page Eight)

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## SLANTS ON SPORTS

By MORRIS WEINER

### Did You Know That . . .

Forty nations accepted invitations to the 1932 Olympics in Los Angeles. . . . To date forty-six nations have accepted Nazi bids to compete in the 1936 Berlin games. . . . Maimonides the great Jewish philosopher of the Middle Ages, did his best to encourage physical culture among young Jewish people, so as to harden their bodies. . . . The three contestants of the Women's Swimming Association competing for senior metropolitan diving laurels finished in the same order this year as they did last season. . . . Janice Lifson, first; Connie Gillisen, second, and Betty Harrison, third. . . . Irving Jaffe, Olympic and World speed skating champion, raced against the Masked Marvel of Canada at a benefit for Valentine Bialis. . . . The latter, an Olympic winner at three international games, lost his leg in a train accident. . . . The greatest welterweight champion was Kid Lewis, an English Jew. . . . The six-day bike races return to Madison Square Garden next month for the fifty-eighth time. . . . Jack Dempsey and Jack Sharkey have Jewish blood in their veins. . . .



MORRIS WEINER

The Purdue Boilermakers meet the Fordham Rams next Saturday night at the Garden. . . . The Rangers are a rejuvenated lot these days. . . . The Blue sextet hasn't lost a game in ten starts. . . . For many years Westergaard-Schmidt was the best wrestler in the world. . . . Eddie Gottlieb, manager of the South Philly Hebrews, apparently is the only man who has made any money out of professional basketball over a period of years. . . . Sam Taub, radio announcer, has just completed the most futile trip in the world. . . . He came all the way from Miami to Madison Square Garden to broadcast the wrong decision on the Dundee-Risko fiasco. . . . Dr. Fuchs of Budapest was the Olympic champion in 1908 and 1912 in sword play and fencing. . . . Helene Mayer was the fencing champion in the 1928 and 1932 Olympics. . . . Wally Berger, slugger of the Boston Braves, hit below .300 last season but was third in number of runs driven in. . . .

### Have You Heard That . . .

Harry Danning and Phil Weintraub, the Hebraic duo on the Giants, have not signed contracts for the '35 season yet. . . . They are wanted by the Terrymen, but the lads are dissatisfied with their salaries. . . . The Norwegian Federation of Labor has banned 150 champ skiers and Winter sportsmen in the one major athletic meet held in Norway each year. . . . The N. F. L. has ordered non-participation against Germans anywhere in the world so long as Germany is ruled by Hitler. . . . The Seton Hall Track Games will be held in Newark next Saturday night. . . . Marvin Kantrowitz of De Witt Clinton is the new P. S. A. L. champ of the city. . . . The Yale Water Polo sextet, which is leading the intercollegiate league, has two Jews on the team. . . . They are Weintraub and Bilewitz. . . . The struggle between Kit Klein, 1933 champion, Dorothy Franey, 1934 champion, and Jane Dallman, seventeen-year-old newcomer to the ranks of national speed skating, has turned attention once more to that faster and less intricate branch of women's ice activities. . . . Figure skating is the most intricate sport and boasts of no Jewish stars. . . .

Ernst Lewy of Dresden may drive in a mystery special at the

next Indianapolis 500-mile race. . . . He is considered one of the best Jewish drivers on the Continent. . . . His partner may be Dreyfuss, an ace of the French speedways. . . . Max Berner, 155-pound grappler in his first year of varsity competition on the Ninety-second Street Y. M. H. A. mat team, won the Manhattan Athletic league championship. . . . Max Orger is acknowledged to be the best middle-distance man in Germany. . . . He is a member of the Hakoah-Wuppertal. . . .

### Odds and Ends on Jews in Sports . . .

Abie Coleman, the Litvack specialist of the flying butt to the button, is back in town again after a lengthy sojourn in the sticks. . . . Maxie Baer has an 'angel' in Johnny Norris, who holds the strings to the champ's exchequer. . . . In the international ping-pong match between Poland and Germany, held recently in Danzig, the victorious Polish team was composed entirely of Jewish players. . . . These were Ehrlich and Lowenhers, Lemberg and Klein and Kitek. . . . The result was 7-2 in favor of the Polish team.

### New York Coliseum Crack Pro Basketball Cards

Basketball fans in the Bronx are getting quite a break these days with the all-star doubleheaders Nat Preston is providing. Last night the Metros, composed of former City College captains, played the House of David in a thrilling game. The Red Wolfe All-Stars, another crack quintet, played the Mount Vernon five in the opening game and provided plenty of thrills.

The Metros, the nearest thing to the Original Celtics, are led by Lou Spindell, one of the outstanding professional basketball players in the country. Lou was voted the most valuable man in the pro circuit last season and was awarded a huge silver trophy. Moe Spahn, present junior varsity coach at City College, and captain of the 1932 quintet, also is playing beside Moe Goldman, 1933 leader, Frank De Phillips, Art Muscant, Dutch Kaufman and Lou Wishnewitz.

The Metros should prove to be the greatest drawing cards in the metropolitan area. Last night's crowd jammed the Coliseum to the rafters and many were turned away. Most of the players have been active in the money game for the last two years. Spindell has seen service with the Trenton Moose, the Newark Mules and the Cleveland Rosenblooms. Goldman has played with the Philly SPAHS and the Hebrews.

They will be seen in action again next Sunday night.

### Soccer Scribbles

Two of the foremost Jewish exponents of soccer in this country will speak over the air tonight in an effort to stimulate interest in a sport which has not been fully acclaimed as it might be. Phil Slone, outstanding halfback of the Brookhattan Soccer Club, will be the first speaker. Phil was a former member of the brilliant original Hakoah all-stars of Vienna. Herbert Simpson, owner of the Brookhattans, will follow Slone on the air over station WINS at 6:15 o'clock tonight.

### Athletes and Chemists Hold Warsaw Parleys

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency) WARSAW, Feb. 3.—One hundred and twenty-two delegates representing 6,000 Jewish athletes who belong to Poale Zion sport clubs in Poland were present today at the opening of the first annual conference of Poale Zion sport organizations.

A conference of Jewish chemists, called for the purpose of assisting in the development of Palestine chemical industries, also opened here today, with more than 100 delegates participating.

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## Asks 'Church of the Air' to Halt Persecution of European Jewry

### Christian Protest Would Carry Weight, Rabbi Rosenblum Says

A suggestion that the National Conference of Jews and Christians arrange a protest meeting over the radio against "the new offensive which is being engineered against the Jews in Europe" was made yesterday by Rabbi William F. Rosenblum in his sermon at Temple Israel, 210 West Ninety-first street.

"Let men of international prominence be invited to speak on this 'Church of the Air,' all of them Christians—the President of the United States, the Cardinal of New York and men of similar stamp—and let them place themselves on record as Christians against the misrepresentation of Christian teachings abroad," Rabbi Rosenblum recommended.

The value of the broadcast, he said, would be its religious character, as opposed to previous appeals made on national lines.

#### Appeal to Co-Religionists

"It will impress Germans little if Americans or Englishmen protest as such," the rabbi asserted. "They will reply that political considerations in one country demand what political considerations in another may reject."

"But even in this confused world, an appeal from Christians in one country to Christians in another should have some weight. The language of Downing street, of the Quai d'Orsay or of Washington may be foreign to the ears of German, Polish and Austrian citizens. But the language of Christ is universal, and American Christians are bound to be understood by the Christians of Central Europe."

#### Defense by Radio

Declaring that the teachings of Christ have "circled the centuries," Rabbi Rosenblum continued:

"Surely these words can now encircle the globe and electrify real Christians everywhere with the determination to keep their faith divine."

"Does this seem so gigantic a project? Not at all. If Hitler wished now to broadcast an attack against Christianity he could summon the radio facilities of the world to his aid. Should it be any more difficult to do so in defense of Christianity?"

### European Assimilation Vs. American Adaptation

Assimilation means one thing to European Jews and something quite different to the Jews of the United States, Rabbi Isaac Landman said yesterday in his sermon at Congregation Beth Elohim, Eighth avenue and Garfield place, Brooklyn.

In pre-Hitler Germany, Rabbi Landman asserted, the word meant total absorption of the Jews in the majority population. In the United States, however, it means that the Jew adapts himself to the institutions and the culture of his environment in every way excepting the religious.

#### Confusing Issues

"To say that in the United States assimilationists seek to sink their Jewish identity is to state that which is false and vicious," Rabbi Landman said.

"The groupings and the differences in outlook among the Jews of America are entirely due to the background of the European countries from which they or their fathers came to the United States."

"In mid-Europe, for instance, the grandfathers of the present generation of American Jews made reforms in the synagogue ritual and service; whereas the present generation of American Jews, whose fathers came from East Europe, are entirely averse to the



RABBI W. F. ROSENBLUM

introduction of reforms even in the American synagogue.

"These and many others are the reasons for the confusion in the issues that perplex or motivate American Jews."

### Responsibility of Attending Synagogue

Only 50,000 of the 2,000,000 Jews in New York are attending services in the city's synagogues, Dr. Samuel H. Goldenson of Temple Emanu-El, Fifth avenue and Sixty-fifth street, told 700 members of his congregation Saturday morning.

The service commemorated his first anniversary as rabbi of the synagogue.

"What factors keep people unaffiliated and away from the socializing, moralizing and spiritualizing influences of this city?" Dr. Goldenson asked. His answer was that few people can "withstand the impact of their environment."

#### New York Falls Short

"In this city generations grow up to feel free to do exactly as they please. There are so many varieties of people living here that any individual can find a little coterie to support him in his thinking."

"Such a person remains indifferent to the responsibility of making this a better place in which to live."

New York is falling far short of its goal as the center of constructive influence, Dr. Goldenson said.

### Describes Judaism as Religious Civilization

Rabbi Milton Steinberg of the Park Avenue Synagogue, 50 East Eighty-seventh street, lecturing before the Sunday morning forum on "What Are the Jews—Race, Religion or Nationality?" said the only valid description of Judaism is that of a religious civilization.

He denied the contention that the Jews constitute a race of complete racial purity, declaring persons of alien blood have attached themselves to the Jewish group all through history. He described the varieties of physical types among the Jews as a further demonstration that the purity idea is a myth.

#### American Jews' Inheritance

Rabbi Steinberg said the test of Jewishness is not religion, "for a Jew remains a Jew even though he may become an irreligious person." He rejected the word "nationality" because, he said, it carries suggestions of divided political loyalty.

"The only characterization which holds water is that Judaism represents a religious civilization. That means that Judaism includes among its elements not only religion but the Hebrew language and literature, folkways and customs, folklore and ethics, and all the other elements which go to make up any civilization."

"Practically speaking, that

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means that the American Jew is the heir to two civilizations—the American civilization of the land and his residence and the Jewish civilization of his descent."

### Nations Warned of Hitler's Pretensions

Adolf Hitler may seem to be muddling through, but the nations of the world must not be misled as to the German dictator's pacific pretensions, Rabbi Louis I. Newman said in his sermon at Congregation Rodeph Shalom, 7 West Eighty-third street.

"The return of the Saar was expected," Rabbi Newman pointed out, warning that the development must be regarded as an additional reason for humanity's vigilance against the Third Reich.

#### Fears New Offensive

"After a pause," he said, "it is entirely possible that Hitler will launch a new offensive among German-speaking groups in Europe, which will embroil him with other powers."

"The Reich is isolated among the nations, and alliances have been formed to guarantee protection against a possible Nazi attack. Whatever the seeming tenacity of Hitler's rule, liberals cannot look with sympathy upon his regime until he opens up the concentration camps and frees the prisoners, until . . . he ceases the propaganda against cultural and humanitarian values which have thrust Germany back into medievalism."

### Bishop McConnell in Temple Pulpit

Deploping the tendency to exaggerated nationalism which he declared will lead inevitably to war, Bishop Francis J. McConnell of the Methodist Episcopal Church asked for better understanding among nations in an address yesterday at services of Temple Rodeph Shalom, 7 West Eighty-third street.

He asserted that there must be a "divided loyalty" among people—a loyalty to the respective nation and to humanity. "The great contribution of the Jews," he said, "is that they are loyal to the nations among which they live and to their own people." Rabbi Louis I. Newman conducted the services.

Gershon ben Eliezer Ha-Levi of Prague claimed in his account of his travels in the Near East about 1630 that he had seen three-eyed beasts, headless living men and other marvels.

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## Urge Religious Liberalism for Jews of Reich

### New Start Seen Bringing Closer Bond, Rabbis Tell Parley

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

BERLIN.—Jewish religious liberalism must strengthen the religious sense and faith in the future of German Jewry, who must recognize that the Jewish community is no longer something that has arisen out of the work of individuals, but rises above all individuals, speakers at the conference of Religious Liberal Jews of Germany declared.

Expressing complete faith in the mission of liberal Judaism in Germany and confidence in the survival of liberal Judaism there, Rabbi Dr. M. Dienemann formulated the following theses for the future program of the organization.

#### Enumerates Vital Points

1. Jewish religious liberalism proceeds from the revelation of God, and evaluates it as a gift to man, which he should use with the force of his feeling and his reason and build it into his work.

2. Jewish religious liberalism stands aloof from dogmatic rigidity; confers upon the Jewish community super-individual rights and does not recognize the right of the individual to create the form of his religious life without association with the community.

3. The movement regards as an all-unifying order of religious life as indispensable.

4. Jewish religious liberalism aims at the development of religious life, but does not seek to decide Judaism from the political aspect and its day-by-day manifestations.

5. While fully comprehending the idea of Palestine and Zionism, Jewish religious liberalism holds that life in the countries of the world is not of inferior value, but it recognizes that no matter where Jews live, they must live a life of activity in Judaism, and live together with the nations.

"We want to make a new start," Rabbi Dienemann said. "We stand today where our fathers stood 100 years ago. At that time the call was from the community to the individual; today the call is to the community. The accept has shifted, but the basis is the same."

## Harbin Russians Bedevil Jews

(Continued from Page Six)

Excellency for receiving today a Jewish delegation and giving it a chance to express itself about the present situation in Harbin. I hope that your Excellency will kindly convey our feelings and suggestions to the Manchukuo Government and assure them of Jewish desire to see peace and prosperity maintained throughout the country. No special favors are asked for from the former to the latter, except adherence to law and the punishment of those who transgress it and challenge it.

"We are not unkindful of the fact that the principal foundation of all states are good laws and good arms. We respectfully withdraw from your presence and thank you again for giving us the privilege to lay before your Excellency the grievances of the Jews in Manchukuo, which are shared by us and which we hope will be redressed and the majesty of the law vindicated."

Minister Ariyoshi replied, expressing sympathy with the object of the delegation, to help the Jews in Harbin, and promising to forward the copy of the resolution to the Foreign Office.

## Where Much Blood Flowed



Scene in Constantinople following anti-Jewish riots last July when about forty Jews were slain by Moslems.

## French Bring Algiers Order

(Continued from Page One)

specially guarded homes and the men of the community took up watch.

Other Jewish communities in Algiers also were alarmed by the Setif outbreak and the greatest uneasiness prevailed in Jewish circle. Jewish groups were particularly uneasy in view of the failure of French authorities last July to take adequate steps to guard the Jewish population.

#### Moslems Excited

A similar unrest was evident in the Moslem districts of the city and experienced observers agreed that any untoward incident would bring tragedy in its wake.

Scenes of horrible brutality were enacted in the Constantinople pogrom of last July, in which forty Jews lost their lives and more than 100 were wounded. The Jewish district was looted and burned to the ground. Whole families were wiped out by the Mohammedan mobs and children and young Jewish girls were mutilated and killed.

## Federation Marks 25th Year, Re-elects Judge May President

(Continued from Page Six)

to do, had we carried out our tasks as the period in which we live and the place in which we function, and the awful need which we found all around us dictated that we should. Yes, I say we should have spent more, much more. And had we done so, our deficit would have been greater. . . .

"Brooklyn can do its share. Brooklyn will do its share. It may be necessary for many of us to increase our own efforts. But I am confident that the will is not lacking, the enthusiasm is here, the necessary fervor is plentifully present. . . .

"With your continued help, with your continued enthusiasm, with your strength behind it, neither the Federation nor the community need fear the future. The obstacles will be overcome. The problems will be solved."

In his greeting to the Federation, Governor Lehman praised the organization for its twenty-five years of work, saying: "It has rendered splendid service throughout these years, not only to the 1,000,000 Jews living in Brooklyn, but because of the non-sectarian character of much of its work to the community as a whole. It is entitled to the fullest measure of public support. It would be a calamity if anything were permit-

## Arabs Protest Sale of Land

(Continued from Page One)

preventing the reoccupation of land owned by the Jewish National Fund.

The Bedouins, who had been grazing their flocks on the land, took the question of ownership to court, which ruled in favor of the Jewish National Fund. Following the decision, the incensed Arabs tried to rout the police when they appeared on the land, but were themselves dispersed when fired upon.

## Papers Push Boycott Drive

(Continued from Page One)

race of the owner. Nazi bureaus will gladly furnish information along these lines, the paper says.

"Everyone buying of Jews supports the fight against the fatherland and against the Nazi party," district leader Sprenger is reported to have declared at a meeting of Nazi followers in Bensheim.

## Wiley Showed Reportorial Skill By Alexander Interview Scoop

(Continued from Page Three)

was one business manager who was not always at loggerheads with the editorial department.

He agreed with Ochs that the presentation of news is the first duty of a newspaper and, in the course of his travels throughout the world, he gathered several notable interviews for the paper.

He scooped the press of the world when he was the first newspaperman to interview the late King Alexander of Yugoslavia. Other notable interviews, appearing under his byline, were with Premier Mussolini, former King Alfonso of Spain and Portes Gil, former President of Mexico.

#### Called Bundle of Energy

As good a description as any of Mr. Wiley personally was included in the recollections of William Mill Butler, historian of the Genesee Society, published last year by the Rochester Historical Society.

He referred to Mr. Wiley as "a moderate-sized, rotund, bundle of energy; alert, enterprising and aggressive; at home with the nation's prominent people; finding his true sphere of usefulness and making an enduring reputation."

The society which will honor Mr. Wiley this evening has previously paid homage at similar affairs to the late George Eastman, the Rochester philanthropist; Lillian D. Wald, social service leader; James W. Gerard, statesman and diplomat; William T. DeWart, newspaper publisher; Myron Taylor and Thomas J. Watson, industrialists, and Rhus Rhees, president of the University of Rochester.

It is particularly appropriate that the society now honors Louis Wiley—a thing which it has been prevented from doing in the past only because of the opposition of the man himself—for the organi-

zation has always been close to the heart of Wiley.

At a dinner of the society, held at the Savoy, January 25, 1899, Wiley made his first public speech in New York. As the "association of sometime residents of the Genesee Valley and Western New York" was founded, he said:

"We are all interested in the Valley of the Genesee. We want always to be regarded as part of it, wherever we roam. Every man who has ever lived in or near the Flower City (Rochester) seems to find particular pride in proclaiming it, and this association is the manifestation of that feeling."

So tonight, when his own people honor him, it will be especially sweet to Louis Wiley, a man who has been honored by the governments of many foreign powers and the faculties of many leading American academic institutions.

## Austria Seeks Palestine Trade

(Continued from Page Two)

increase of prices of raw materials.

"The phenomenon is explained by the growing emigration of German Jews to Palestine during the last two years. Palestine immigrants previously came mostly from Poland and Russia. According to German statistics, ten thousand German Jews emigrated to Palestine in the last two years. According to Palestine statistics, the number was over fifteen thousand. The latter figure should be the correct one, since German statistics only count those who went to Palestine direct from Germany, and many must have gone after an intermediary stay in another country.

#### Exchange Agreement

"Most of these immigrants from Germany are people who were active in Germany industry and commerce, and belonged to the well-to-do classes, and who go to Palestine not only with their labor power and their skill, but also to invest their capital in economic enterprises. Thus German emigration to Palestine has meant also an emigration of German capital into Palestine.

"To prevent this emigration of capital exercising an unfavorable influence on the tense currency conditions of the German Reichsbank, Germany has successfully transformed this export of capital into an exports clearing system or transfer arrangements, regulated by an order of the Ministry of Economic Affairs of August 23, 1933, which has for the last eighteen months made it possible to carry out the transfer.

#### Economic Laws' Cited

"On this basis, the prospective emigrant pays his money into a special account in the Reichsbank, and the importers in Palestine, who are required to pay for their goods in German currency, make their arrangements through the Templar Bank in Jaffa, which acts as trustee, paying in Palestine pounds, and the prospective emigrants receive payment for their German deposits from the Templar Bank in Palestine in Palestine pounds. The emigrant is not at liberty to use the money as he wishes. It is available only for two purposes, the import of German goods and long-term investment of capital.

"These circumstances explain the increase in German trading relations with Palestine, but they hardly explain why they have doubled, since practically the whole of the economically active population of Palestine consists of Jews, and the new Germany certainly cannot be assumed to belong to those countries that enjoy the special sympathies of the Jews."

## African Nazi Given Jail Term

(Continued from Page One)

Grey Shirt leaders. In the twelve-day trial at Grahamstown, at which Judge President Sir Thomas Graham presided and Mr. Justice Gutsche assisted, the Grey Shirt allegations fell apart.

Dr. Nahum Sokolow, president of the World Zionist Organization, then on a tour in South Africa, was one of the most important witnesses and told how he and Ward Price, English journalist, uncovered the origin of the "Protocols of the Elders of Zion" and proved them a forgery based on an obscure French pamphlet directed against Napoleon III of France.

## Says Executive Breaks Peace

(Continued from Page One)

tion came only after a bitter factional struggle of years and protracted negotiations between the leaders.

## Histadruth to Hold Referendum on Peace

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

JERUSALEM, Feb. 3.—Speculation is rife in Palestine as to the outcome of the referendum on peace between the Histadruth, Central Labor Federation of Palestine, and the Zionist Revisionists, which the Histadruth will conduct among its members on February 24.

The referendum is in the form of a vote on whether or not to ratify the agreement to end factional battles in Palestine, reached between the leaders of the two groups, which have bitterly opposed each other in the past.

Keep up with Jewish news by reading the Jewish Daily Bulletin, only English-language Jewish daily newspaper.

The Christian Hebraist Heinrich Gesenius occasionally used the Hebrew commentaries of Ibn Ezra and Rasi for his translation of and commentary on Isaiah.