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★

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Revisionists Differ Over Zion Policies

Program of Maximalists Forces Postponement of Group Elections

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)
KRAKOW, Jan. 9.—Deeply rooted differences between various factions of the World Zionist Revisionist organization were revealed today during the second session of sixth world conference when elections to the standing committees were adjourned owing to the varying viewpoints of the factions. The sharpest differences appear to exist between the maximalists, who desire maximum application of the Revisionist program, and those willing to compromise for the sake of peace within the Zionist ranks.

A presidium of thirteen was, however, elected by the entire conference.

Palestinians Favor Maximum
The majority of the Palestine delegation of fifty members is in favor of the maximum program.

At the same time negotiations are going on behind the scenes with the dissident Grossman group, now known as the Juden-Staat party, for a return to the Revisionist ranks or for the creation of a new party.

Nazi Factions Bicker in Test Of N.Y. Loyalty

Schnuch Rally Attracts 1,500 and Haegle Shouts 'Ringers'

"The New York members of the Friends of New Germany are behind me!"

A New York members are behind me!"

Such were the respective statements made to The Jewish Daily Bulletin yesterday by Dr. Hubert Schnuch, national president of the "Friends," and Anton Haegle, organizer of the recent Yorkville putsch which split the local Nazis into two snarling factions, after an impressive show of Schnuch strength Tuesday night when 1,500 of his supporters gathered in the Yorkville Casino to "hell" him vociferously.

Haegle charged yesterday that the greater part of the audience was "rung in" from outside the city, and Dr. Schnuch countered with the sarcastic question, "Did he take a picture?"

"Traitors" and "Silly"
Dr. Schnuch's statement Tuesday night that the New York local is "well rid of the traitors" elicited from Haegle yesterday the single word, "Silly!"

Louis Zahne was titular chief of the New York local yesterday, having been inaugurated into office by Schnuch Tuesday night to replace Haegle.

From the platform of the Casino, Dr. Schnuch denied vehemently Anton Haegle's frequent charges of disloyalty.

Palestine Notes Surplus For November, 1934

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)
JERUSALEM, Jan. 9.—For the month of November, 1934, the Palestine government had a surplus of income over expenditure amounting to \$808,265, it was officially reported today.

A government surplus of \$17,271,400 was announced by the government as of October 31, 1934. This is \$6,250,000 more than anticipated by the government at the end of the financial year March 31, 1931.

Barter Brought \$4,500,000 to Palestine Jews

Haavara, Ltd., Announces Figures in German-Zion Agreement

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)
JERUSALEM, Jan. 9.—Barter transactions amounting to 18,000,000 marks—\$4,500,000—were concluded during 1934 between Germany and Palestine under the existing transfer arrangement, it was announced here today by Haavara, Ltd., organization which supervises the transfer operations.

The announcement issued by Haavara states that 6,000,000 marks of the above amount have been paid out in Palestine to individual Jews who immigrated from Germany. The announcement also emphasizes that the Jewish National Fund has received 2,500,000 marks under the transfer agreement.

During the year, the announcement states, transfer arrangements have facilitated the saving of the capital of about 1,250 families from Germany.

(Continued on Page Two)

Needy Get Coal as Cold Hits Warsaw

Fifty Carloads Distributed Amidst Pitiful Scenes in Community

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)
WARSAW, Jan. 9.—Fifty carloads of coal were distributed today to indigent Jews of Warsaw who have been severely affected by the cold wave which has settled over Poland and which is expected to last for several days.

Pitiful scenes were enacted at the offices of the Warsaw Jewish Community as the poverty-stricken people came to appeal for immediate help. Owing to the impoverishment of Polish Jewry, more than one-third of the Jews in the city are living on charity.

The Jewish community provided twenty carloads of coal, while private donors gave the other thirty.

Polish Chassid Dies; Oldest in Country

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)
WARSAW, Jan. 9.—Noah Liman, oldest Chassid in Poland, (member of a sect which believes in joyous service of God and in the inherited miraculous powers of certain "good Jews") died here today.

For more than forty years he was an official of the Piaszeno Chassidic Synagogue.

Colonization Body Formed To Aid Jews

ORT, OZE, Emigdirekt Sponsor EMCOL Project

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)
PARIS, Jan. 9.—A new world organization to promote Jewish emigration and colonization was founded here today under the name, EMCOL, Association for Jewish Emigration and Colonization.

Dr. Leo Bramson, Dr. Julius Brutzkus and Dr. Woytinsky have been elected to the directorate of the new association, which is supported by the ORT, the OZE and the Emigdirekt, central Jewish bodies.

The EMCOL will make a thorough study of the problems of Jewish emigration in different countries, especially in the lands of Central Europe. It will also study the possibilities of settling needy Jews in new territories.

Simultaneously with the formation of the EMCOL, a new publication in French and in German editions, devoted to the problem of Jewish migration and readjustment, began its appearance here. The publication is named Renouveau and is edited by D. Marianoff, son-in-law of Professor Albert Einstein.

The publication's leading article points out that the most acute problems in Jewish life today are the readjustment of members of the professional classes and migration. The German edition deals with colonization possibilities in Africa, the Near East and South America, including British Guiana. Jewish opportunities in Palestine are also discussed.

Tax Burdens Force Merchants From Trade

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)
WARSAW, Jan. 9.—Finding it impossible to pay the heavy license tax imposed on them by the Polish government, numerous Jewish shops in the Jewish district closed their doors today.

The license tax also affected petty Jewish merchants who display their wares in stalls on the street. They too, found it impossible to pay the fees and were forbidden to occupy their stalls.

Counsel's Arguments Hamper Trial of Pelley for Stock Fraud

(Special to the J.D.B.)
ASHEVILLE, N. C., Jan. 9.—The trial of William Dudley Pelley, chief of the anti-Semitic Silver Shirt organization, and his associates, Robert C. Summerville, H. M. Hardwicke and Don Kellogg, today moved slowly through its third day.

The anti-Semite and his henchmen are charged with violation of the North Carolina capital issues law. The trial is being held in Buncombe County Superior Court before Judge Wilson Warlick of Newton. The specific accusation is that the four sold allegedly worthless stock in the Galahad Press,

Geneva to Act on Palestine Affairs



DR. EDUARD BENES

Traffic Forces 24-Hour Work Day for Harbor

Haifa Gets 3 Shifts—May Centralize Entry Control There

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)
HAIFA, Jan. 9.—In order to cope with the heavy traffic in Haifa Harbor, authorities have instituted a twenty-four hour working day, the men working in three shifts, the Jewish Telegraphic Agency learned today.

Up to now ships loaded with goods and immigrants have had to wait their turn at the docks, causing numerous complaints from shipping companies and passengers.

Government officials, it was learned, also hope to centralize control over all immigrants at Haifa, which will insure effective supervision.

Jaffa Congestion Caused Collision

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)
JAFFA, Jan. 9.—Congestion in the harbor was the cause of a collision between the "Neptune" and the "Hercules" today.

(Continued on Page Two)

Mandates Body to Consider Jewish Situation

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)
GENEVA, Jan. 9.—Jewish security in Palestine, Jewish representation in the defense forces and the entire question of Jewish immigration will be discussed at the June session of the Mandates Commission of the League of Nations, the Jewish Telegraphic Agency learned today.

At the same time it was learned that the Mandates Commission at its last two sessions, in June and November, 1934, virtually rejected the petitions submitted by the Palestine Revisionists and the Kibutz Galuyoth, although agreeing to discuss the subjects taken up in the petitions.

Reasons for Ruling
The agenda of the League Council, which meets here on January 11, will discuss the two reports submitted by the Mandates Commission. Dr. Eduard Benes, Czechoslovakian Foreign Minister, will be the reporter for the Mandates group.

The Council will also nominate a successor for D. van Rees, Dutch member of the Commission who died recently. A Dutch colonial expert will replace van Rees, the Jewish Telegraphic Agency ascertained.

The petition of the Palestine Revisionists is unacceptable, the Mandates Commission ruled, since it was based on a concept of the Mandatory's obligations, which are incompatible with the concepts of the League of Nations.

Tarbuth Winds Up Parley in Warsaw

Drive for Bialik Fund Sound; Financial Needs of School System Stressed

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)
WARSAW, Jan. 9.—The conference of the Tarbuth Association, Hebrew school group, closed here today with the proclamation of a drive for the Keren Bialik, a fund established in honor of Chaim Nachman Bialik, Hebrew poet laureate who died in Vienna last July.

Speakers at the conference stressed the desperate financial straits of Polish Hebrew schools and declared that they must have immediate help if they are not to close their doors.

Lithuania Appoints New Palestine Consul General

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)
KAUNAS, Jan. 9.—Dr. Rachmilewitz, former Lithuanian Vice-Minister of Finance, today was appointed Lithuanian Consul General for Palestine.

Dr. Rachmilewitz is to replace the late Dr. Shimshon Rosenbaum, who served as Lithuanian Consul General in Palestine for several years and who died recently in Tel Aviv.

Arguments Slow Down Pelley Trial

Phrase Causes Windy Dispute At Asheville

Anti-Semite and Four Accused of Selling Bad Stock

(Continued from Page One)
ent" applied to the date of the statement, February 7.

C. B. Faircloth of Newberry, S. C., an auditor, testified that liabilities of the Galahad Press exceeded assets on June 1, 1932, by \$15,508.45. This was a few days before an issue of Liberation containing the statement, "present rate of prosperity," was put in the mails.

Bickering by Council

Legal bickering was plentiful during yesterday's session, and the state did little more than lay the groundwork of its case.

Testimony revolved around advertisements offering the stock for sale in Pelley's magazine, Liberation, in the issues of March and April of 1932 and efforts by the state to prove that the defendants knew at the time that the company was in an unsound financial condition.

The prosecution also sought to establish that a resolution was adopted by the directors at a meeting in Washington on May 14, 1932, which authorized Kellogg and Hardwicke, secretary and treasurer, respectively, to borrow \$6,000 and give a chattel mortgage "covering all the assets of the company."

Mail Official Testifies

Evidence about a mortgage resolution, taken from the minutes of the company and identified by George S. Anderson, former treasurer of Pelley's Foundation for Christian Economics, who said the minutes of the Galahad Press were turned over to him by Kellogg, was admitted by Judge Warlick after objections by defense counsel.

Judge Warlick ruled the testimony was competent, however, only against Summerville and Kellogg as Pelley was not present at the meeting and Anderson could not positively identify Hardwicke's signature.

After the indictment against the defendants was read, E. L. Bishop, superintendent of mails at the Asheville Post Office, took the witness stand.

On cross-examination defense counsel sought to bring out testimony to the effect that Liberation was not circulated to subscribers in North Carolina.

Bishop Saw Copies

Bishop testified, however, that in March, 1932, he saw "several" copies of the magazine addressed to points in this state. The defense, nettled, made him admit that he could not swear positively that individual wrappers which he had in mind contained copies of that particular magazine.

Later the state put Alfred S. Jones on the stand. Jones, who resides in Greensboro, testified he was a subscriber to Liberation and received his copies of the issue in question.

The prosecution took up the matter of advertisements in the magazine. One was presented which read:

"Put your money behind a militant Christian educator."

This announcement offered preferred stock at \$10 a share and said the company had started with a capital of \$40 and had prospered in the face of the failure of many other publishing enterprises in 1932.

The defense pointed out that

New Arab Party to Treat Problems 'Differently'

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

JAFFA.—A new Arab political party, which will adopt an "entirely different attitude" towards Palestine problems than the present factions, is shortly to be formed, according to Istiklal, an independent newspaper.

The reason for the formation of the new party, the paper indicates, is dissatisfaction with some of the resolutions adopted by the Arab Executive at its recent meeting.

Names of Voters Listed in Court

Petitioners Charge Wrongful Inclusions in Jerusalem Municipal Elections

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

JERUSALEM.—Lists of the names of a number of Jerusalem electors who, it is alleged by the three petitioners in the Jerusalem elections dispute, were wrongly included in the respective municipal divisions, were lodged in the offices of the local District Court. It is alleged that there were approximately 208 persons wrongfully included in ward one, 210 in ward four and 275 in ward five.

The names were given following the decision rendered by the president of the Jerusalem District Court, dismissing all points raised by the petitioners, except the one that the petitioners might prove that the election results might have been changed by wrongful registration of voters in the disputed wards.

Traffic Forces 24-Hour Work Day

(Continued from Page One)
and the "Dora," officials who investigated the accident declared today. The accident occurred on December 13 and both ships were damaged.

The erection of a lighthouse in the estuary of the Yarkon River, on which work was begun yesterday, and dredging of the estuary to provide passage for larger boats, will effectively end the dangers which now confront ships entering the harbor, officials said.

Ships discharging passengers and cargo at Jaffa must transfer their loads to tenders. When the sea is high the ships must lie off the harbor and wait for better weather.

the advertisements gave the Washington office of the corporation as the place to send stock subscriptions and not the Asheville headquarters.

The contention was made by the defense that the state must prove that the stock sales mentioned in the indictment took place in North Carolina.

It was learned that Stanley Winborne, of Raleigh, chairman of the State Public Utilities Commission, informed one of the defense attorneys over the telephone that he has not authorized any payment to Thomas J. Harkins and R. R. Williams for their services. They are assisting the prosecution.

"Private Prosecution"

On Monday letters from Winborne appointing the two to represent the capital issues section of his commission were presented by the state after the defense asked to whom they were looking for their fees.

Winborne was ill when he was served with a subpoena to come here and testify.

Defense attorneys said at the start of the trial that they hoped to prove the existence of a "private prosecution in this case as well as the prosecution by the state."

Geneva to Act On Affairs In Palestine

Belgian Member Talks on Security for Jews

(Continued from Page One)

the Mandatory power already approved by the League.

Pierre Orts, Belgian member of the commission, who was reporter on the Revisionist petition, discussed Jewish security, stressed in the petition, on the ground that the Jewish population of Palestine was worried by the fact that Arabs made up sixty per cent of the police; while the weak British garrison arouses little confidence in the country's security.

Present Force Sufficient

The Mandatory did, however, state to the commission as far back as 1932 that it could guarantee the preservation of order with the existing means at its disposal, Orts pointed out.

The Kibutz Galuyoth petition asked the commission to draw the attention of Great Britain to the fact that instead of encouraging immigration to Palestine and the Transjordan, immigration was being sharply restricted.

The report stated that several of the explanations furnished by the Mandatory power as to illegal Jewish immigration into Palestine contradicted other explanations made, but, said the commission, the condition depicted by the petition was not acute and therefore could be discussed at length at future sessions of the commission.

Poet Resumes Travels

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

WARSAW.—M. Ravitch, local Yiddish poet who recently returned to Poland after a long journey which included stops in Africa and North America, has left for an extended tour of India, China, Japan and Manchuria.

Bulletin Calendar Of Events

Thursday, January 10
Young Men's Hebrew Association, Ninety-second street and Lexington avenue; 8:30 p. m.; "The Crisis in Industrial Relations," Louis M. Hacker.

Rand School of Social Science, 7 East Fifteenth street; 7:00 p. m.; "Hitlerism at Work," Dr. Paul Kretzer.

New School for Social Research, 66 West Twelfth street; 8:20 p. m.; "Poland and the Balkans," Hans Kohn.

League for Political Education and Civic Forum, Town Hall, 123 West Forty-third street; "The United States of America," Mrs. Jackson Fleming; 11:00 a. m. "Which Way America?," John Strachey, Lawrence Dennis, Norman Thomas, Stanley High; 8:30 p. m.

Debate, Yeshiva College and Brooklyn College, Yeshiva College Auditorium, Amsterdam avenue and 186th street; 8:30 p. m.; "Resolved that the Private Manufacture of Arms and Munitions be Prohibited by International Agreement."

School of the Jewish Woman, 251 West 100th street; 7:15 p. m.; "Survey of Jewish History," Rabbi Philip R. Alstat; "Talmud," Dr. Aaron Rosmarin.

Young Women's Hebrew Association, 31 West 110th street; 8:30 p. m.; Presentation of "The Jewish King Lear."

Young Men's Hebrew Association, Ninety-second street and Lexington avenue; 8:30 p. m.; "The Role of Education in Modern Jewish Life," Israel S. Chipkin. Under the auspices of the Metropolitan League of Jewish Community Associations.

Congregation Emanu-El Community House, 1 East Sixty-fifth street; 10:30 a. m.; "Contemporary Jewish Writers," Clifton P. Fadiman. Under the auspices of the Division of Education, Federation of Jewish Women's Organizations.

Jewish Women's Hour, Station WBNX; 1:30 p. m.

The Jewish Center, 131 West Eighty-sixth street; 8:30 p. m. Presentation of play "Tommy," under auspices of Emergency Relief Bureau of Department of Public Welfare.

Arabs Face Expulsion From the Holy Land

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

HAIFA.—The Chief Magistrate sitting here and in Safed recommended thirty-four illegal immigrants for deportation. Twenty-nine Arabs and a Jew from Syria were sentenced to two months' imprisonment before deportation. Four Bukharian Jews were among those recommended for expulsion.

An Arab charged with smuggling illegal immigrants into Palestine was sentenced to six months' imprisonment and a fine of \$250.

Dr. Silver Installs Feur in Toledo

Calls Religion a Respect-Restoring Force in Chaotic World

(Special to the J.D.B.)

TOLEDO, Ohio, Jan. 9.—While installing his former assistant, Leon I. Feur, as the rabbi of the Collingwood Avenue Temple here, Rabbi Abba Hillel Silver stressed the value of religion as a stabilizing, respect-restoring force in a chaotic and bruised world.

Rabbi Feur assumes the pulpit vacated last summer by Rabbi Joseph S. Kornfeld, who left the rabbinate to assume a position in the business world.

Since his graduation from the Hebrew Union College seven years ago, Rabbi Feur has served as Rabbi Silver's assistant in Cleveland.

On releasing him to the local temple, Rabbi Silver told the congregation of the fitness of the man it had chosen, of the duties which each owed to the other and of the importance of the relationship which was being undertaken.

Barter Brought \$4,500,000 to Jews

(Continued from Page One)

Germany, representing about 5,000 souls.

"The fact that payment on the Haavara accounts are constantly increasing illustrates the alarming distress of German Jewry," the announcement continues. "These payments reached, last October, the sum of approximately 1,000,000 American dollars, which is more than twice the average payments made in previous months."

Poles Accused Of Assault on 3 In Brownsville

Father and Son Seized Hunt Another in Attack on Pedestrians

Six assault charges against Felix and Nick Novack, Poles, of 7 Sheffield avenue, Brooklyn, were continued yesterday in the Pennsylvania Avenue Court until January 24. The two, father and son together with a third man still large, are accused of having attempted to create a virtual pogrom in the heart of Brownsville, Brooklyn, Jewish section. Showing "kill the Jews," the three men ran through the streets assaulting pedestrians.

The attacks occurred on Williams avenue. The injured are M. Fitman, Harrie Lurie and Jack Rice. The latter was removed to Kings County Hospital with a possible fracture of the skull.

The three alleged attackers fled but the Novacks were arrested by police, who are still searching for the third man.

The two men face four charges of felonious assault and two simple assault charges.

Livorno Jews Win \$45,000 in Lottery

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

ROME, Jan. 9.—The Jewish community organization of the city of Livorno today was revealed as holder of a 500,000 lire (\$5,000) prize-winning ticket in Italian state lottery.

The community has decided to distribute four-fifths of its winnings among Jewish institutions and individual cases, including a number of Jewish refugees from Turkey.

The remaining fifth of the prize will be divided among non-Jewish institutions in Livorno.

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Dietary Laws Observed

Friedsam Fund Helps Keep Up Family Court

Goldstein Gives Report at Annual Meeting; Is Head Again

Announcement was made last night at the annual meeting of the Jewish Conciliation Court at Federation Building, 71 West Forty-seventh street, that the Friedsam Foundation has made a contribution to the upkeep of the court.

This contribution, said Rabbi Israel Goldstein, re-elected president of the court, "will enable us to increase the number of our sessions and to strengthen our social service department."

In his presidential report, Rabbi Goldstein said "one may look forward to a step beyond adjudication, namely, conciliation."

"The ideal court of justice," he said, "should go beyond justice—to the curing of antagonisms wherever possible, and the substitution of good will for ill will, wherever feasible."

Purpose Explained

"When both the complainant and the defendant leave the presence of the judges, not only satisfied with the decision, but mollified in their antagonisms, because of the efforts of the judges, then the court has fulfilled its highest purpose."

"Many such instances occur in the experience of our tribunal. In this respect, too, we offer our experience and our technique to the community as a whole."

In the report of Louis Richman, executive secretary of the court, it was revealed that 1934 was the busiest year in the history of the court. During the year 665 cases were presented for adjudication, while 144 cases were actually tried and disposed of at the seventeen open sessions of the court.

Deutsch, Panken Judges

Among the sixty-five judges were: Bernard S. Deutsch, Rabbi Mordecai M. Kaplan, Mrs. Justin Wise Tulin, Max D. Steuer, Rabbi David de Sola Pool, Judge Jacob Panken, Nathan D. Perlman and others.

The following officers have been elected for this year:

Dr. Israel Goldstein, president; Mrs. Rebekah Kohut, Jacob Panken, Dr. Moses Hyamson, vice-presidents; Jacob R. Schiff, treasurer; Louis Richman, executive secretary; board of directors: Bernard S. Deutsch, chairman; David A. Brown, vice-chairman; Simon Bergman, Mark Eisner, Rabbi N. Ebin, George Frankenthaler, Dr. Israel Goldstein, Jonah J. Goldstein, Dr. Moses Hyamson, Mrs. Rebekah Kohut, Jacob Levy, Samuel Levy, Jacob Panken, Jacob Rabinowitz, Louis Richman, Jacob R. Schiff, Isidor S. Schweitzer, Julius Schwarz, Max D. Steuer, Sol Tekulsky, Dr. Jonah E. Wise and Rabbi N. Ebin.

Rabbi Wise to Speak At L. I. Dinner Sunday

Dr. Stephen S. Wise will be the principal speaker of the evening at the twenty-fifth anniversary dinner of Congregation Beth Israel, Richmond Hill, this Sunday, it was announced yesterday.

The dinner arrangements are in the hands of a committee of which Samuel Cohen is chairman. Israel Silberman is president of the congregation and Rabbi Arthur H. Neulander spiritual leader.

Rishon-le-Zion Reveals New Figures for Budget

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency) JERUSALEM.—The estimated revenue for the council of Rishon-le-Zion is £6,957, while the expenditures are listed at £6,972.

Rates and taxes are expected to produce £3,052 and fees for services £2,660. The largest item of expenditure is £2,576 on education. £826 will be spent on extraordinary public works.

Port Chester Center to Mark Its Fifth Year

Officials Outline Week's Activities Starting With Sunday

(Special to the J.D.B.)

PORT CHESTER, N. Y.—A week's program in observance of the fifth anniversary of the Jewish Center, starting this Sunday, has been announced by center officials. The center building houses all Jewish organizations of the community.

Charles I. Miller is president and Louis M. Shanok, executive secretary, of the center.

The mayor of Port Chester and a number of New York and local speakers will talk at the initial banquet Sunday evening. Morris Panken is chairman of the occasion. Violin selections will be rendered by Harry Braun.

Monday will witness a sports program in the gymnasium, to be followed by dancing. Tuesday evening will be organization night, when discussions, led by E. J. London of the Jewish Welfare Board, will be held.

Enrolment Drive to Start

Yiddish night is scheduled for Wednesday and the following night will be known as community open forum night. Roger Baldwin is scheduled to speak.

Professor Alexander Litman will discourse on Maimonides at Friday night's sermon. Junior night will be held on Saturday with movies for the children.

On Sunday evening, January 20, a dinner will be tendered workers and donor members of the center on the opening of the annual membership enrolment drive, of which Dr. Max K. Leeds is chairman.

During the week an exhibition of paintings by Saul Raskin, Matthew Kalmenoff, Nathan Hayman, Reuben Leaf and Martin Cohen will be held.

The center maintains the only Hebrew and Sunday schools in the Jewish community and in it are held High Holy Day services as well.

Ussishkin Greets Canada Zionists

Complete Redemption of Emek Hefher, 'Grand Old Man' Recommends

(Special to the J.D.B.)

MONTREAL, Que., Jan. 9.—Menachem Mendel Ussishkin, "grand old man" of the Zionist movement, calls upon the Zionists of Canada to complete the redemption of Emek Hefher (Wadi Hawareth), a task they assumed seven years ago, in a message of greeting to the Canadian Zionist Convention, which will open in Toronto January 20.

Declaring that the land situation in Palestine is moving "toward a crisis which calls for emergency measures," Ussishkin reports that a quick strengthening of the Jewish National Fund is essential "to safeguard the essential rural basis and national character of our land."

"I rely upon Canada to do its share with increased devotion," he writes, stating that the Emek Hefher settlement is developing at a rapid pace.

Illustrated Weekly News Celebrates Second Year

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

JERUSALEM.—The second anniversary of The Palestine Illustrated News, only illustrated weekly in English in Palestine, was celebrated with a special thirty-two page section devoted to articles and pictures about the Holy Land. The publication is edited by J. Chasin.

Congregation Dedicates Its Holy Scroll Sunday

Ceremonies for the dedication of a Holy Scroll at the Central Park West Congregation, 384 Columbus avenue, will take place Sunday evening, it was announced yesterday by Abraham Weinstein.

Among the speakers expected are Magistrate Louis Brodsky, guest of honor; Frederick F. Greenman, chairman for the occasion, and Rabbi Rappaport. Myron P. Machonbaum is rabbi of the congregation.

Lehman Statement On Palestine Day

Observance by Christians and Jews Urged by the Governor

Observance of Palestine Day in New York State by all citizens, Christians as well as Jews, was asked by Governor Lehman in a Palestine Day statement made public yesterday by the Zionist Organization of America.

Palestine Day will be celebrated January 20 in an effort to focus attention on the upbuilding of the Jewish homeland. A national conference will be held in Washington on that day which will be attended by delegates of Jewish organizations from all over the country.

Addressing his message to "all men of good will," Governor Lehman said:

"It is my hope that Palestine Day will serve to center the thoughts of all Americans on the spiritual and physical possibilities in Palestine." He added that it is particularly gratifying "at a time of widespread social unrest and economic instability" to observe the "steady" growth of Palestine.

NEWS IN BRIEF

Reported by the
Jewish Telegraphic Agency

Chicago
Enrico Glicenstein, Italian Jewish sculptor, was awarded the Order of the Crown of Italy by the Italian Consul at a meeting of the men's club of Sinai Temple last night.

The inauguration of Ralph A. Habas as assistant rabbi of Temple Shalom will take place Friday night, January 18. He comes from Princeton University.

Funeral services were held for Mr. Mae E. Loeb, widow of Sidney Loeb, wealthy mortgage and real estate dealer. Interment was at Rosehill Cemetery.

Mrs. Hilda Rolnick, wife of David Rolnick, retired real estate dealer, passed away following a heart attack in the American Hospital. She was buried in the Jewish Waldheim Cemetery.

Indianapolis, Ind.
Charles J. Karabell, local attorney, has been appointed judge of municipal court by Governor Paul V. McNutt. He succeeds Judge William H. Sheaffer.

Milwaukee
Matthew Horwitz was elected president of Gilead Lodge of B'nai B'rith at its annual meeting here. He is public administrator of estates for Milwaukee County.

The German-Austrian War Veterans' Association is seeking the discharge of Robert Hendel, Wisconsin organizer, because he op-

poses the hanging of the Nazi swastika banner at meetings.

Woonsocket, R. I.
Rabbi Nathan Rosen of Temple Petach Tikvah will install officers of the Grand Lodge of B'nai B'rith of Rhode Island at a banquet here on Sunday.

Notables Will Speak at Dinner for Mrs. Harris

Mayor LaGuardia, former Ambassador James W. Gerard and James J. Lyons, Borough President of The Bronx, will be among the speakers at a testimonial dinner to be tendered Mrs. Mark Harris by the vigilance division of the Non-Sectarian Anti-Nazi League at the Ambassador Hotel on Saturday evening, January 19.

Mrs. Harris is president of the women's division of the League and recently returned from London, where she was a delegate to the International Boycott Conference.

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Jewish Daily Bulletin

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JEWISH DAILY BULLETIN

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EMCOL

The new Association for Jewish Emigration and Colonization which was formed yesterday in Paris under the name, EMCOL, will undoubtedly attract much interest.

Jewish emigration and colonization today is the central problem in Jewish life. At no time before was the urge to emigrate so sharp as at present, when millions of Jews in Central Europe live in hopes of seeing themselves in other countries.

The new association, therefore, comes at the moment when it is needed most. That it has no partisan axe to grind is indicated by the fact that its presidium consists of Zionists and non-Zionists.

Formed in Paris, where reports of Jewish colonization in Syria recently originated, the new organization already has the support of the ORT, OZE and Emigdirekt. Although the program of the new association had not been made known in detail, there is ground for belief that it will concentrate its emigration and colonization activities outside of Palestine, since the work for Palestine is being capably handled by other agencies.

Re-Orientation

The Jewish student is becoming a problem in Europe. This is indicated in a report just published by the International Student Service in Geneva.

The report emphasizes that anti-Semitic movements have arisen in certain university towns through an influx of emigrant students from Germany. This has necessitated a more careful distribution of Jewish emigrant students over the various countries and universities in the year just past.

As for 1935, the International Student Service makes it a point to emphasize that "special efforts will be made to persuade Jewish students to re-orientate and contribute in this way to a solution of the so-called Jewish question." This is the first occasion that the International Student Service, known for its work in relationships between Jews and non-Jews, finds it necessary to include "re-orientation of Jewish students" in the program of its activities.

SAGA OF A DIET

By MILTON BROWN

An army of unemployed, if set to work tending vegetable gardens, orchards and chicken yards, could provide the wherewithal for permanently curing hundreds of tubercular patients who have heretofore been considered incurable.

Such at least is the assertion of proponents of the Gerson diet, the noteworthy contribution of Dr. Max Gerson, a Jewish physician formerly of Germany and now of Austria, to modern medical science.

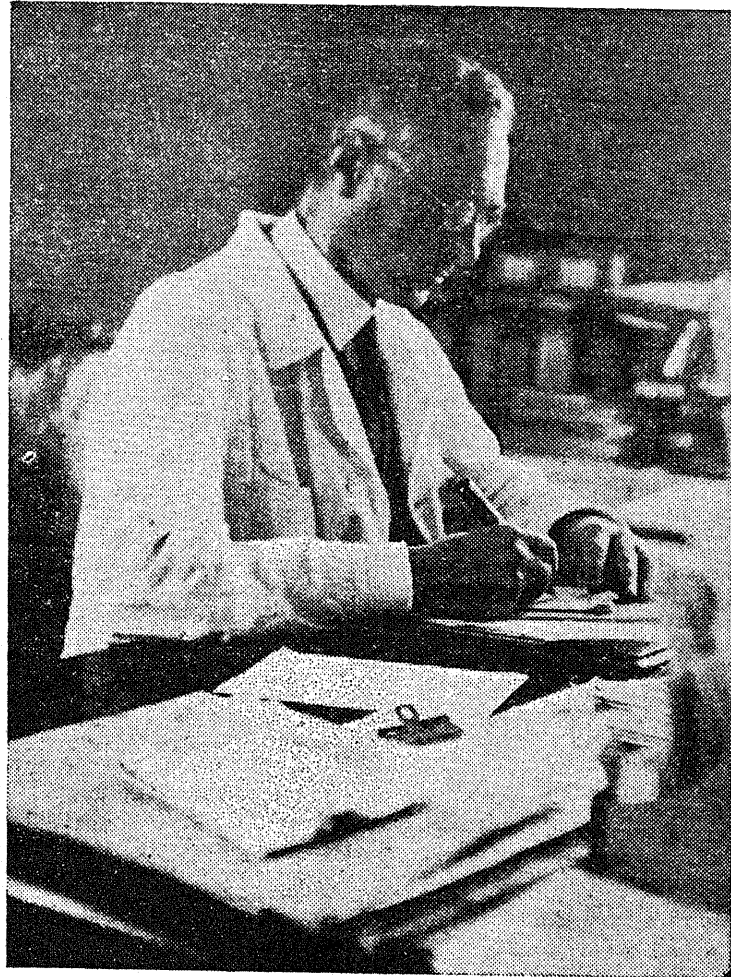
To the hundreds of tuberculars of various types would also be added many suffering from diseases such as lupus, which is thought to be tubercular in origin but has not yet been proven so. Gerson worked out his diet prior to 1924, testing it on tuberculosis of the lungs, the kidneys, the joints, the skin and the eyes, and on lupus, which has always presented considerable difficulty to the medical profession.

Noted Surgeon Studies Method

Hearing of Gerson's success, Professor Ferdinand Sauerbruch, one of the most prominent surgeons of Germany and a German National Privy Councillor, became interested in the Gerson method and sent two of his assistants to its discoverer, who showed them some fifty patients he had been treating for various diseases, tuberculosis included.

And thereby, according to certain versions of the story, hangs a tale of professional jealousy and semi-intrigue.

For what Dr. Sauerbruch's emissaries saw made such a favorable impression that they urged Sauerbruch to test the



DR. GERSON IMMERSSED IN WORK

Gerson method in his own clinic. Sauerbruch, who specialized in tuberculosis of the lungs, either could not or would not experiment with all the diseases upon which Gerson was employing his

method and decided to treat only several types of tuberculosis.

Set Up Diet Station For Sauerbruch

Early in 1925 Gerson set up a diet station for Sauerbruch, whose assistants were to treat patients, sent by Gerson, in accordance with the Gerson formula.

Sauerbruch, it is asserted, made a number of changes in the diet, as for instance, including larger amounts of meats and eggs than Gerson thought suitable. But even so the results obtained were so convincing that Sauerbruch, whose own fame was based on his extraordinary success with surgical treatment, immediately began to popularize the Gerson treatment.

Despite Sauerbruch's efforts, however, the medical profession paid little attention to the diet, regardless of whether the Jew Gerson interceded for it or the "Aryan" Sauerbruch, who lectured on the subject in 1929. From these lectures it appeared to some that Sauerbruch was making a bid for the Nobel Prize for a cure for tuberculosis and lupus—the Gerson cure. The chances seemed good, for lupus in its more serious forms had been considered incurable, and one man had already received the Nobel Prize for a new method of treating the disease.

Journalist Sought Gerson Recognition

Among those who thought it their duty to prevent the award of the Nobel Prize to an experimenter with the Gerson method rather than to its discoverer was Dr. Wolfgang von Weisl, a well-known journalist. He published a number of front page editorial articles showing that Sauerbruch's treatments were based on Gerson's discoveries and that Sauerbruch's conception of the effect of the diet was false.

As a result of these articles Sauerbruch's chance of winning the Nobel Prize was destroyed; the fame of Gerson, quite naturally, increased, for von Weisl's articles were reprinted in countless papers throughout the world.

But medical ethics and jealousies being what they are, the articles about Gerson, and the

(Continued on Page Five)

Between the Lines

By B. SMOLAR

Security in Palestine

The question of public security in Palestine, which will be taken up by the Mandates Commission of the League of Nations according to a report from Geneva yesterday, is one of the most serious problems interesting Palestine Jewry.

It is no secret that the police force in Palestine now has practically no Jews on it. The meagre salary paid to a policeman in Palestine at a time when the standard of living rises from week to week compels Jewish policemen to leave the force and to seek other work. This is not difficult to find now, at a time when there is no unemployment in Palestine.

The number of Jews on the Palestine police force has dwindled during the last year to a negligible proportion. It is still in the process of declining. According to the latest figures, sixty-five percent of the local police force in Palestine are Arabs.

Difference in Salaries

While the Jewish policemen are on the same scale of wages as the Arabs, the Palestine government finds it important, however, to pay British policemen in Palestine a salary five times greater than is paid the Jewish policemen. Thus the average British police officer in Palestine receives a salary of about a hundred and fifty dollars a month, as compared with the thirty dollars a month received by the average Jewish or Arab policeman.

This sharp differentiation in salaries is something in which the Mandates Commission should take an interest. Since the budget for maintaining the local police force in Palestine is covered fully from local income, there is hardly any reason why Jewish and Arab policemen should be paid less than British policemen.

Tel Aviv Becomes British

The system of underpaying the local police force and of paying higher salaries to the British has created a situation whereby the number of British policemen in the All-Jewish city of Tel Aviv equals the number of Jewish policemen there. As a result, the Jewish policeman in Tel Aviv is compelled to adapt himself to the British attitude. Thus, instead of filling out their police reports in Hebrew, as was done recently, Jewish policemen in Tel Aviv must now submit their reports in English.

The economic situation of the Jewish policeman in Palestine has long been a matter of discussion in the Palestine press. It has been pointed out that while, from the standpoint of security, the Jews would like to see more Jews in the Palestine police force, there is no hope of attracting them to the force so long as a policeman's salary is below the minimum required by the present standard of living.

League Can Solve Problem

The problem of Jewish security is serious, since public security of the country is left almost entirely in the hands of the Arabs and the British. The Mandates Commission of the League of Nations could help solve this problem of security in Palestine by recommending that the Palestine Administration guarantee members of the local police force a decent living wage. There is no reason why a British policeman should receive five times as much as a local policeman when the salaries of both come from the same source.

THE READER'S FORUM

(The editors reserve the right to excerpt all letters exceeding 250 words in length. All letters must bear the name and address of the writer, although not necessarily for publication.)

Rebukes Lewisohn

To the Editor, Jewish Daily Bulletin:
May I not express my opinion on Ludwig Lewisohn's "Warning" in your December 30, 1934, issue. I am not at all surprised, knowing his social, financial and political background, at his attitude on Communism; but deliberately using your paper which I understand is national, not political, to further his own selfish ends, is more than even a Zionist (not the exploiting kind) can tolerate without registering a complaint.

Mr. Lewisohn has been careless with the truth and shamelessly distorted the facts. He knows that Communism is not the cause of anti-Semitism. If it were so, these anti-Semites would not howl at the international Jewish bankers who surely are not Communists.

"It is the builders and upholders who will prevail," he goes on. What builders and what upholders? Steel thirty-seven per cent capacity, automobiles forty per cent capacity, education reduced twenty-seven per cent, especially in the rural districts, twelve to seventeen million unemployed, destruction of wheat, cotton and livestock, farms and homes foreclosed at the rate of 3,000 per week, malnutrition among children increased twenty per cent, cost of living raised twenty per cent, which means a reduction of "real wages," suicides increased tenfold, insanity twenty-two per cent, one million homeless youths wandering over the country, to lessen the burdens of their parents, families broken up and desertions by the thousands, prostitution and white slavery rampant, and the unprecedented increase in bloody labor strikes. Is that the builders and upholders he is talking about?

It is true, as you have noticed,

that I am a sympathizer with the Communist society. In his column, I see nothing but fear, not of pogroms or persecution, because he and his class will be safe, just as they were safe in Germany (the Jewish bankers were declared Aryan by decree). It is fear that the social and economic structure which is toppling, and will naturally carry him and his parasitic gang along with it.

BENJAMIN TARKEL.
New York City,
Jan. 7, 1935.

Hadassah Misinterpreted

To the Editor, Jewish Daily Bulletin:
In the section, "Digest of World Opinion," the Jewish Daily Bulletin of January 7 carried an item under the sub-head, "Need for Coalition of Zionist Executive," which is a misinterpretation of the quotation it contains from the Hadassah News Letter, the official organ of Hadassah, the Women's Zionist Organization of America.

The Jewish Daily Bulletin states that the Hadassah magazine "speaks in its recent issue of the necessity for establishing a coalition Executive of all parties in the Zionist movement rather than an Executive of one party, as is the present one." This statement in the Bulletin is made to appear as Hadassah's official viewpoint, when as a matter of fact it is reported as the viewpoint of the delegates to the Krakow conference of Group A and B of the General Zionists. Hadassah has taken no official standpoint in this matter, but in the News Letter article referred to merely presented the facts as information to its readers.

JUDITH EPSTEIN.
New York City,
Jan. 7, 1935.

BLACK on WHITE

by EUGENE LYONS

There are altogether too many people who mistake ponderosity for wisdom. As children they were convinced that medicine, to be effective, must be bitter and nauseous. When they grew up they applied the same logic in the realm of thought and conduct.



EUGENE LYONS

Truth, they are now convinced, must be heavy and boring. Sincerity must be loaded with polysyllables like an exploited old mule. An idea or a viewpoint which deigns to wear homespun phrases and a spangle or two of humor loses intellectual caste in the eyes of these ponderous pseudo-thinkers.

Sulking in their armor of polysyllables, such knights of the melancholy countenance are sure they have annihilated the infidel by calling him a "wisecracking liberal." It is their belief that light words betray a light mind. They forget, or never knew, that heavy words frequently issue from cavities where there is no mind at all.

Light-Handed Titans

Without drawing any flattering parallels I refer them to the wisecracking philosophers of the ages, from Aristophanes to Bernard Shaw, taking in Rabelais and Voltaire and Sholom Aleichem and Anatole France en route. I am ready to match the truths and the sincerities of these men against the ponderosities of their contemporaries.

The artificers of wisecracks are not always wise; neither are they always cracked. By the same token the unsmiling and mentally heavy-footed are not always in the right. The juxtaposition of multisyllabic inanities by lachrymose and self-righteous monitors of other people's morals is the easiest and cheapest form of self-indulgence. (This sentence is cast in their own pretentious mold, my friends.) They confuse sound with soundness.

I regard the arbitrary methods of the self-styled Legion of Decency as quite indecent. I poked fun at their humorless pretensions of divine inspiration in labeling this film immoral, that one morally harmless and a third one beneficent. I pointed out what should be pretty evident to an outsider: that they were reading their own libidinous imaginings into certain films.

Too Frothy for Critics

That method does not suit L. Wolfstein and certain other critics. Had I made a pompously erudite analysis of the dangers of censorship in the creative arts, they would have condescended to argue the matter. I might have proven what requires no proof—that arbitrary, self-constituted censors in one field, if given their way, will be intruding quickly enough and again without invitation into other fields, such as magazines and books and theatres and political ideas. I might have demonstrated by a series of I. Q.'s that Bishop So-and-So (or, for that matter, Rabbi So-and-So) is not the safest dictator in questions of edifying entertainment.

Instead I chose to comment on the obvious absurdities of censorship in sanctimonious robes. I shall return to the subject soon.

Not that we pay attention to such matters, but here is a quotation.

(Continued on Page Seven)

Digest of World Press Opinion

Offers Statistics On Reich Ex-Students

The international Student Service, in a booklet just published, "Student Service in the World Crisis," reports:

Among the 6,000 to 7,000 students who were expelled from the German universities, between 1,600 and 1,700 left their country. In the past year, 1933-34, I.S.S., through its offices in London, Paris, Geneva, New York, Leiden and Rome, has been in touch with 1,494 of these students (more than ninety per cent). About 350 students, whose private means had become exhausted, applied to I.S.S. for financial assistance. Of these ninety-two students received scholarships for one year for the continuation of studies, thirty-four others received scholarships which enabled them to pursue reorientation work towards practical professions. Some nineteen others, through I.S.S., received more or less permanent posts which enabled them to earn their own living.

In addition, approximately 550 other students have been furnished with information concerning conditions of study and possibilities of emigration. In the face of exceedingly difficult conditions, the total sum of 117,665.55 Swiss francs (about \$33,618) has so far been raised through special campaigns for this work.

Cites Discrimination By Austria

The *Manchester Guardian*, commenting upon the anti-Semitic feelings in Austria, says:

There is no doubt that since the overthrow of the parliamentary democracy in Austria and the crushing of the Austria Socialist party the anti-Semitic movement in Vienna has received a considerable impulse in governmental quarters.

It is significant, for instance, that hardly a single Jew is to be found in any important government or municipal office in Austria, despite the Jews' predominance in certain of the professions. The present municipal authorities in Vienna, who superseded the enlightened Socialist regime after the events of February, are reputedly strongly anti-Semitic. Impartial foreign observers are in agreement on this point.

There is evidence that discrimination is shown against the Jews, discrimination no less marked than in Danzig, in appointments over which the government has control. For example, in the municipal hospitals in Vienna it is customary to appoint young doctors to various appointments by seniority. Since June, 1933, the right of appointment has been in the hands of the Ministry of Social Administration, and there is evidence that Jewish doctors have been continually passed over by the Ministry. In one case Jewish doctors were passed over eleven times, in another sixteen times, and in a third eighteen times, for no apparent reason. In other cases Jewish doctors have been degraded or the principle of seniority disregarded. A large number of Jewish doctors have also been dismissed from the health and welfare institutes, from the school dental clinics two (out of three) Jewesses were alone given notice.

In other branches of the public service the Jewish engineers appear to have suffered from discrimination. Four Jewish engineers out of thirteen were dismissed in June, although they had distinguished war records and various dependents. In the kindergartens in Vienna the per-

centage of Jewish nurses dismissed is also reported as high.

The Jewish community in Vienna is exceedingly perturbed at these dismissals, and recently remonstrated with the Federal Chancellor and Mayor of Vienna. The government continues to deny that it is anti-Semitic, but the indications that a movement against the Jews is growing are considerable.

Comments on Zionist 'Crisis'

The *Zionist Record* of South Africa, under the headline "Towards a Crisis," says editorially:

To those who have read between the lines of the glamorous news that has been broadcast from Palestine to the rest of the world in recent years, telling in no uncertain voice of increasing good fortune and prosperity, the cabled statement by Mr. Ussishkin on the land situation in Palestine that appeared in our last issue, will come as no surprise. With earnestness the sincerity of which is inescapable, Mr. Ussishkin states: "The land situation in Palestine is inevitably developing towards a crisis which threatens destruction to the basis of our whole national structure unless emergency measures are adopted at once."

British Labor Paper Hits Nazi Church

Speaking of the role of the Evangelic Church organized by Bishop Mueller on Nazi lines in Germany, *Labour*, a monthly labor publication in England, states:

Many Evangelical parsons openly preach anti-Semitism, as, for instance, the notorious Pfarrer Muenchmeyer, who was thrown out of the church for assaulting a young girl, and who is now a prominent Nazi and one of the organizers of the Jewish boycott.

Many Evangelical parsons were members of the Steel Helmet, the Nazis and other Nationalist organizations. They took part in all monarchist demonstrations, and many of them preached doctrines of hate and revenge against the Socialists, Jews and pacifists.

Assimilation Held Proven Futile

Hedenu, a publication issued by the Students' Organization of the Rabbi Isaac Elchanan Theological Seminary, declares:

Hitlerism should teach the Jew the impossibility of escaping himself. Assimilation, as a solution for the Jewish problem, is proven futile, as the sins of the fathers are visited upon the third and fourth generations. Sick from contumely, the Jew returns to his mother's bosom to soothe his troubled breast.

Once more we learn that Palestine, and Palestine alone, may help solve our precarious position in an alien world. The faithful Jew learns, in common with those about him, the injustice of the present economic system.

'Landless Arab' Imaginary Figure

Millgate Monthly, a British publication, speaking of Jewish-Arab relations, writes:

Today, four-fifths of the land remains in Arab hands. "The Landless Arab" is nothing but the figment of Arab imagination. The bulk of Jewish settlement has taken place in areas which were, until recently, malarial-stricken, and where few Arab families were able to live, let alone earn a living. The Jews have purchased land at high prices from absentee Arab landlords, and have always compensated any peasant tenants who were on the land, although not legally bound to do so.

In many cases, under the Land Transfer Ordinances, they have leased land to these tenants. Today, land-sales regulations have been so tightened up that "dispossession" is absolutely impossible. Not only peasant tenant rights, but also squatters' rights are now protected.

It is significant that the increase in the Arab population and improvement in the Arab standard of living has been most marked in those districts where the greatest progress has been made in Jewish settlement, and is lowest where there are few or no Jews.

SAGA OF A DIET

(Continued from Page Four)

resultant publicity that resulted, angered the medical profession, Sauerbruch included. They were particularly incensed, it was charged because Gerson had forced them to take a stand concerning a method of therapy which, for various reasons, including some of a pecuniary nature, did not serve the purposes of the physicians.

A medical struggle began. Physicians specializing in tubercular treatments had a choice between the original Gerson diet and the Sauerbruch variation. The smaller clinics, particularly, impressed by Sauerbruch's fame as a surgeon, favored his variation which, incidentally, was somewhat less costly and easier to handle.

Gerson Technique Wins Victory

As the diet was used, more and more physicians recognized the greater value of the original Gerson technique. Today it is completely recognized. The discussion about the technique was completely put aside. No one thought it significant that this Jewish physician from the little Westphalian town of Bielefeld had freed humanity of the scourge of tuberculosis of the skin and lupus. Whatever credit was given for the treatment

went to Sauerbruch rather than to Gerson who had healed even severe cases of tuberculosis of the joints.

Gerson meanwhile concentrated on the treatment of tuberculosis of the lungs, a field in which physicians particularly resisted him because they feared it is believed the method would impair the confidence of the public in the surgical treatment of lung cases.

Assembled Data For 4 Years

For four long years Gerson assembled facts to prove his contentions. He sought to prove that tuberculosis in itself was a mild disease, in which not only improvements could be achieved but in which cures could be effected without operation.

All that was necessary, Gerson contended, was the use of his diet. But, he emphasized, it was an exact diet that would have to be completely followed for satisfactory results. Every single prescription in it had a specific meaning and a specific realm of application.

From April, 1933, to October, 1934, Gerson labored with Felix Fleischner, most famous lung roentgenologist of Europe, on this fundamental work of proving the curative values of his diet. The evidence accumulated by the two scientists are sub-

TEN YEARS AGO in The Jewish Daily Bulletin

January 10, 1925

JERUSALEM.—The Arab executive petitioned the British Colonial Office that the arms given to Jewish colonists for self-defense be confiscated.

MINSK.—The Jewish Agricultural School was opened to train experts in leading Jews back to the land.

Five Years Ago

WASHINGTON.—President Hoover named Abraham C. Ratshesky of Boston Minister to Czechoslovakia.

JERUSALEM.—The rabbinate set a precedent when it annulled the engagement of a 13-year-old Sephardic child to an old man.

One Year Ago

WARSAW.—The noted Lubawitcher Rebbe, Rabbi Joseph Isaac Schneerson, created a sensation in Chassidic circles when he announced that he had purchased the prayerbook of the founder of the Chassidic movement, the Ba'al Shem Tov.

NEW YORK.—George Blumen-thal was elected president of the Metropolitan Museum of Art.

mitted in a published volume.

Adherents of the Gerson diet are confident that he has proved that tuberculosis of the lungs is not essentially worse or more dangerous than the ordinary type of pneumonia. They feel that he has proved that with mild or medium cases under diet therapy it is impossible for the patient to grow worse. They also claim that except where stupidity of either doctor or patient is at fault, even in the most difficult cases only about ten per cent, at the most twelve or fifteen per cent, are to be regarded as lost.

Medical authorities, especially in the United States, know little of Gerson's discoveries. For this reason his friends and associates urge that his technique be tried out by some great medical institution. They are so sure that the Gerson methods will result in a higher degree of cures than any other known method and they predict that a thorough test by a reputable scientific organization would result in nothing less than the Nobel Prize for Dr. Gerson.

It is claimed for the treatment that it removes tuberculosis from the ranks of those diseases which are a menace to humanity because no cure for them has been perfected. They liken Dr. Gerson's discovery to Dr. Ehrlich's syphilis discoveries. Neither discoveries rid the world of the disease; both, they claim, have caused the disease to lose its dreaded place as an uncontrollable scourge of humanity.

The Gerson diet presupposes ripe vegetables as its base. The vegetables must be absolutely fresh, never having been in a storehouse. The eggs must be from hens which have been fed a special food, and not leavings of fish. Canned foods are completely banned. The diet is based upon fruits and vegetables and grains and potatoes,—but all these foods must be raised with a minimum of artificial fertilizer.

Dr. Gerson, now in his fifty-fourth year, was born at Wengrowitz, near Posen, into a pious Jewish family. He was one of eight children. Although never interested in politics, he left Germany after the rise of Hitler on moral grounds. He was not persecuted except that the division of lung tuberculars at the city hospital of Berlin was taken from his control when the Nazis came to power. At the present time he is living with his wife and three children in Vienna where he is engaged in research and in preparing his scientific works for publication.

Critical Moments

By GEORGE JOEL

Nothing Hard About The Petrified Forest

"Don't let the title 'The Petrified Forest' (Broadhurst) fool you. It isn't nearly as hard and foreboding as it sounds. In fact Robert Sherwood, whose 'The Road to Rome' and 'Reunion in Vienna,' are still fondly remembered by those who appreciate satire, has again set down a wholly delightful, entirely enjoyable piece. This time, however, he has stayed at home and written a melodrama, a modern western, but if you expect one of those rip-snorting, gun-flashing (there is shooting) typical killers, you will be pleasantly surprised. Mr. Sherwood is too clever a playwright to indulge in such stagey stuff.

"The Petrified Forest" is, to put it vaguely, the story of what happens to an assorted group of characters collected around a gasoline station and lunch counter in a tiny town in Arizona when some gangsters who are escaping the law stop off for a bit of lunch. Actually not very much happens, but these two sets of characters have a strange effect upon each other. Before the sheriff's posse arrives and the fireworks commence, they become engagingly autobiographic. Mr. Sherwood finds time to give you some very pertinent ideas about what Americans think.

His conclusions are exceedingly mature and not a little disturbing, especially to those who believe there is real security in complacency.

Howard Gets Good Support

Leading the cast is Leslie Howard, who as a thoroughly disillusioned young man trying to find some answer to the evasive question—what is life—again demonstrates that America has yet to produce an actor who can approach him in suaveness, smoothness and the ability to create an air in which you take for gospel any lines he speaks. Arthur Hopkins, who directed the production, has surrounded Mr. Howard with a bright, understanding cast.

Peggy Conklin, one of the three ladies in the entire cast, is particularly fine as the girl who hangs around the gas station and keeps the boys on their toes. The other, as E. E. Cummings would say "non-man," is played by that old favorite, Blanche Sweet, who gives an amusing characterization of an angry wife married to a boring gentleman of means.

Others in the play whose work stands out are Frank Milan, a college football player who can't forget he was a hero, Walter Vonnegut as a member of the American Legion, Charles Dow Clark as the old man who talks too much, and Humphrey Bogart as the gangster who turns out to be a pretty good fellow after all.

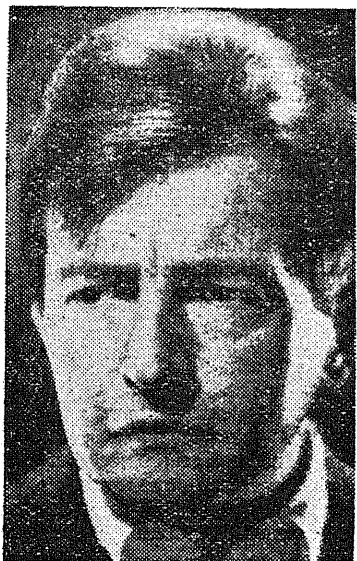
"The Petrified Forest" will enjoy a long run. It should. It is well-conceived, well-acted, intelligently-directed and thoroughly fresh and engrossing. I hope you like the "surprise" ending, a most unusual one.

The Old Maid

Zoe Akins, whose name is more familiar to readers of the printed page rather than to playgoers, has fitted Edith's Wharton's novel into a play which Harry Moses produced at the Empire Theatre the other night. The novel dealt with the problems of a mother, disappointed in love and whose husband has left her, who tries to hide this from her daughter. Such dramatic material may be fashioned into a moving drama, espe-

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In Rialto Film



CLAUDE RAINS

Has starring role in "The Man Who Reclaimed His Head," exciting new photoplay at the Broadway movie house.

cially with Judith Anderson and Helen Menken in the cast, but something went wrong somewhere, with the result that "The Old Maid" emerges as a thin, brittle and tiresome play.

'Thieves' to Frolic On Warsaw Stage

Play by Tunkel, the Yiddish Humorist, to Be Staged by Wilno Troupe

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

WARSAW.—The Jewish population of Warsaw will shortly have the pleasure of making the acquaintance of a band of thieves who indulge in humor, music and dancing.

The "thieves" are now on their way to this city, where they will stop at a local theatre. Their vehicle is a play called "Thieves" which has been written by Joseph Tunkel, the well-known humorist who writes in Yiddish under the pen-name of "Der Tunkeler."

The play will be produced by the Wilno Art Troupe under the direction of H. Mazeh. It is in three acts and is the first full length comedy Tunkel has written.

New Home for Camps Of Bronx Zion Sons

The twelve camps of the Order Sons of Zion of the Bronx will have a new home in the Zion Center, 55 West Burnside avenue, where the regular meetings and other functions of these societies will henceforth be held.

Louis Myers and Dr. Harris J. Levine, vice-presidents of the order, will be in charge of the activities of the new center.

Noted Russian Actor Is Dead; Long a Favorite With Masses

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

MOSCOW.—One of the most popular actors on the Russian stage, Robert Adelheim, is dead here. He was run over by an automobile. He was 74 years old.

Robert and his brother Raphael were on the stage together for nearly half a century. They devoted themselves exclusively to classic plays.

During his career Robert played the title roles in "Hamlet" and "Othello" and had starring roles in dramas by the great masters from the days of ancient Greece onward.

Widely-Known Thespians

The brothers made it their aim to bring the highest theatrical art to the masses. There was no place, however small, in either the Russia of the Czars or of the present Soviet Union, where the Adelheims were not known.

In addition to their theatres in Moscow and St. Petersburg (now Leningrad), they toured the cities, towns and villages in every corner of the country.

Given Highest Honors

At the time of the revolution they played for the Red Army at the front, and in the factories. To the last day Robert was on the boards for the Labor Clubs in Moscow.

On the forty-fifth anniversary of

the beginning of his career, both brothers were awarded the title of "People's Artist in the Soviet Republic," the highest title open to Russian artists under Communist rule.

The Adelheims were members of an assimilated Jewish family which embraced Christianity. Educated in Germany, Robert and his brother held radical views from their youth. Neither of them had much contact with Jews. They showed no Jewish interests.

Palestine Communist Sentenced to 60 Days

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

HAIFA, Jan. 9.—Hoisting a red flag with a Communist slogan inscribed upon it brought a sentence of two months' imprisonment to Nahamiah Auerbach in the District Court here.

The offence supposedly occurred on Nazareth Road, where the accused is said to have fastened the banner to a telegraph pole.

Graduate Body Meets

The Graduate Jewish Students' Society of Columbia University met last night at the Jewish Theological Seminary. Rabbi Eugene Kohn of Newark spoke on Zionism.

\$100 EVERY WEEK FOR BEST 250 WORD ESSAYS

RULES—NO AGE LIMIT

- 1.—Competition open to every one except employees of the J.D.B. and their relatives.
- 2.—Prizes will be awarded each week to those writing the best 250-word article on what they consider the BIGGEST JEWISH NEWS OF THE PRECEDING WEEK. The articles MUST tell WHAT is the biggest Jewish news of the week and WHY.
- 3.—A.—For Colleges—For Best Articles of the Week:
First Prize.....\$25.00
Second Prize.....10.00
Third Prize.....5.00
B.—For High Schools:
First Prize.....\$10.00 and a Gold Medal
Second Prize.....5.00 and a Silver Medal
Third Prize.....2.00 and a Bronze Medal
5 Honorable Mentions
C.—For Non-Students:
First Prize.....\$25.00
Second Prize.....10.00
Third Prize.....5.00
In case of tie, equal prizes will be awarded.
- 4.—There shall be a term prize for high schools receiving the greatest number of points during one term.
A.—A student of an accredited high school who wins
First Prize.....earns 100 points for his school
Second Prize.....70 points for his school
Third Prize.....50 points for his school
Honorable Mention earns 25 points for his school
The term prize will be a trophy—to be held by the winning school for one semester—e. g. January, 1935, to June, 1935.
- 5.—The news shall cover all items from SUNDAY to FRIDAY inclusive of any one week.
- 6.—Manuscripts must be post-marked not later than midnight MONDAY of the following week. Manuscripts of more than 250 words will not be considered. No manuscripts will be returned. All must be legibly written in ink or typewritten on one side of the paper. Full name, age, address, school, on all sheets in upper left hand corner.
- 7.—In order to enter contest for one week six coupons of that week must be enclosed with article. Coupons appear only in J.D.B. and a full set is needed to enter contest.
- 8.—Names of winners for first week of contest will be published on Friday, November 23, and regularly every Friday thereafter.
- 9.—THE EDITORIAL BOARD OF THE J.D.B. SHALL BE THE SOLE JUDGE IN THIS CONTEST AND ITS DECISION SHALL BE FINAL.

CASH PRIZE HELPS PAY TUITION

DAVID MONDSHEIN, the second Columbia student to win the blue ribbon award of twenty-five dollars as the first prize in the Biggest News of the Week Contest, received a letter from the office of the counselor to Jewish students. Very graciously Mr. Mondschein forwarded the letter to the Contest Editor.

"Accept my hearty congratulations upon your success in the Jewish Daily Bulletin News Contest last week. Your part in the contest is indicative of interest in and understanding of Jewish affairs which naturally I am happy to find among Columbia students.

"Sincerely yours,
ISADOR B. HOFFMAN."

"This letter," says Mr. Mondschein, "was just as gratifying to me as winning the first prize of twenty-five dollars. I work after school hours in order to meet my tuition. I haven't very much time for extra-curricular activities. That is why such a letter from an organization of Jewish students at Columbia pleases me so much."

This contest is open to all college men and women. A special collegiate division enables students at colleges and universities to share in the cash prizes totaling \$100 that is distributed each week.

The contest is open also to high school students and to readers of The Bulletin who do not attend any school. Full information and details on how to enter this current news competition appears in today's Bulletin. Get your copy regularly. The Bulletin is sold on all newsstands.

The Biggest Jewish News of the Week Contest

For Students and Non-Students

PAYS 9 CASH PRIZES WEEKLY

For High School Students

Gold, Silver, Bronze Medals in Addition to Cash

Save the Coupon Daily and Mail In Six With Your Essay

JEWISH DAILY BULLETIN
221 CENTRE STREET NEW YORK, N. Y.
Biggest News of the Week Contest
ENTRY BLANK NO. 5

This Entry Blank, together with the five other blanks that appeared in the Jewish Daily Bulletin during the week ending Friday, January 11th, must be mailed or brought to the Bulletin not later than Monday, January 14th, Midnight. Only one manuscript may accompany each set of blanks.

Name
Address..... City..... State.....
JANUARY 10, 1935

What Is Mahoney's Olympics Stand?

Bulletin Asks New AAU Head Four Questions

Successor to Brundage Brings New Blood Into Office

By MORRIS WEINER

One of the athletic figures of the earlier years of the Amateur Athletic Union has come back some three decades later to accept the highest honor it can bestow—its presidency. Jeremiah T. Mahoney of New York was chosen at Miami by unanimous vote to succeed Avery Brundage as the head of the A.A.U.



Morris Weiner

It is an eminently fitting selection. In Judge Mahoney the A.A.U. has an aggressive, forceful leader, a man who has made his mark in the world in other fields and who will bring those same characteristics into his new office with him. The Jewish Daily Bulletin, knowing Mr. Mahoney as a keen, intelligent and honest man asks him four questions on the American Olympic situation.

1. What is his stand on America's acceptance to the 1936 Berlin Olympic Games?
2. Was Avery Brundage's statement to the American Olympic Committee in urging acceptance of the Nazi bid made in good faith?
3. How does he explain the fact that the 1933 A.A.U. resolution condemning any action toward acceptance was not even brought to the open floor at the 1934 convention in Miami?
4. Will he give his pledge that he will bring up the question of acceptance to the 1936 Olympic Games if there is any doubt in his mind whether Germany has discriminated against Jews in sports?

Jews in Sports

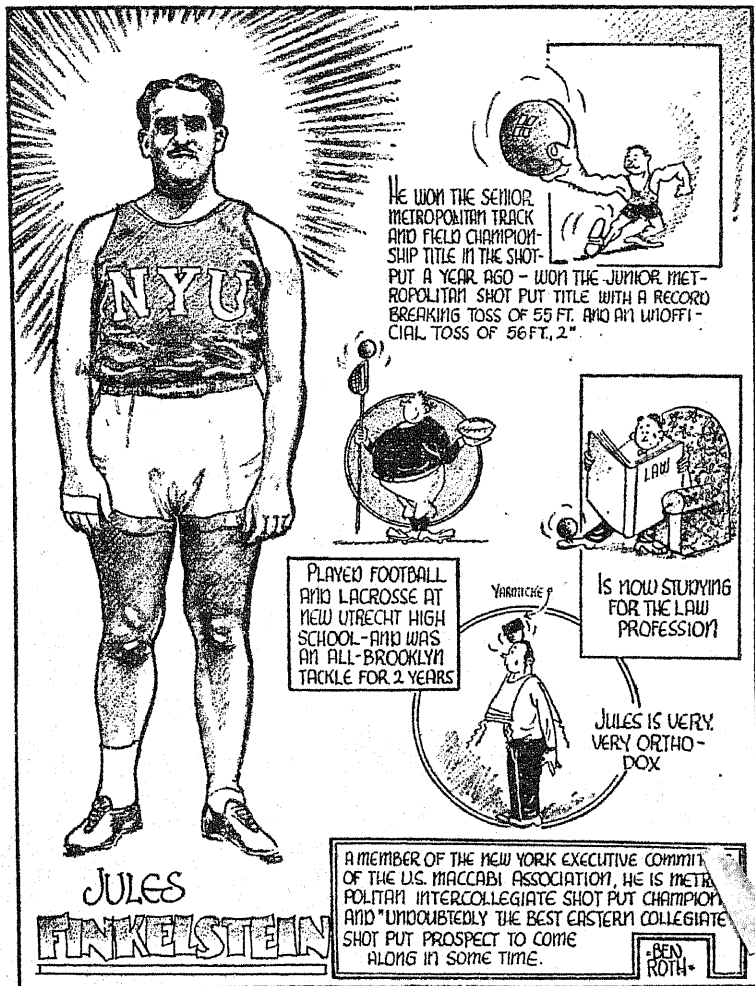
Mike Kupperberg, former captain of the City College football team, dropped in to our office the other day to talk about his brother Mickey, who was just declared eligible to play on the Minnesota varsity basketball team.

Mike raved about Mickey: "He's a great basketball player. Holman wanted him to register at City but I told the kid he'd have a better chance of getting a job afterwards if he went to a big time school like Minnesota."

"You remember how good he was on the James Monroe High School team two years ago. He made every all-scholastic and all-city five that was picked by the experts. Eddie Steizer and Mickey are out there now and they're both making good. Mickey wasn't so hot in his first game but he's got the stuff. Here's a letter in which he says how tickled the coach is that he was declared varsity material. It's the first time in eleven years, he claims, that two Jewish boys have played on the Minnesota basketball team."

Mike a Good Athlete Too

Mike also was a good athlete in his day. He was picked as the best athlete of the college when he was graduated in 1933. He led the frosh footballers in 1930 and was captain of the Beavers under Doc Parker in 1933. He also wrestled in the heavyweight division. As a catcher on the college nine he was unexcelled. A veritable tower of strength he was jinxed by physical misfortune. Mike once played football with a fractured rib plastered



STAR WEIGHT MAN TRAINS FOR MACCABIAD

Jules Finkelstein, metropolitan shot put champion, and a member of the New York University track and field team, is considered to be one of the best Jewish weight men in the country. He is practicing faithfully for the Maccabi elimination trials next month.

together. His collarbone was cracked twice but the boy still loves athletics.

Some years ago, in order to keep in trim, he joined a Y. M. C. A.

This 'Y' was very near his home and allowed Mike the free use of the gym and pool on condition that he participate in its athletics. As an active athlete for that organization he entered the Catholic regional wrestling tournament.

We received a ticket from his organization one day inviting us to attend the championship matches. We went and we recall the scene quite vividly. It was the final match in the heavyweight listings. The announcer bellowed forth in a stentorian voice... "For the heavyweight title of the Catholic regional championships of Greater New York... introducing Meyer Kupperberg."

The Merit Award

Each year the publishers of Ring, a boxing magazine, select a man "who did most for boxing in one year." A gold boxing belt is awarded to the man thus chosen.

Barney Ross, lightweight champion of the world, became the first Jewish fighter in history to receive the Merit Award as the outstanding fighter, the greatest attraction and the boxer who helped the game most.

This year Barney was elected as the greatest fighter of 1934. And, immediately, rumors along cauliflower row had it that Barney was the logical recipient of the Merit Award for the past year. Nat Fleischer, the publisher, would not confirm the statement but intimated that "Barney was the best bet."

Buddy Baer is the outstanding fighter whom the experts claim did boxing for most in 1934.

The Sporting Calendar

92d Street 'Y'—Wrestling Tonight

The wrestlers of the 92d street Y. M. H. A. having beaten the strong 23d street Y. M. C. A. heave-and-toss men take on the Bensonhurst burpers, officially known as the matmen, from the Jewish Community Center of Bensonhurst.

The Manhattan team will once again be led by Murray Adelman,

the 126-pound metropolitan senior champion, who still has to be defeated in a match this season. The teams will come together at 8:30 in the mid-town gym.

Champ Shot Putter

Jules Finkelstein, the Brooklyn Behemoth, who dethroned his teammate, Babe Scheuer, as metropolitan shot put champion with a record heave of nearly fifty feet, is practicing daily for the Maccabi tryouts. Jules is considered one of the best Jewish weight men in the country today. His only rival in the shot put event is Dave Smukler, football ace who made grid-iron history at Temple University last season.

Smukler, however, is not considering a berth on the United States Maccabi track and field team to the second Maccabiad. Finkelstein is. To date the record of the later surpasses by far the excellent achievements of Dave Adelman and Harry Schneider, weight men of the first American contingent.

Ziff to Lecture

William B. Ziff will deliver a lecture this Friday evening at the Zionist Revisionist Center, 122 Second avenue, on the topic: "Socialism and the Jewish State." Admission to the lecture, which is scheduled for 8 P.M., is free.

BLACK on WHITE

(Continued from Page Five)
tation from a column run by a namesake in the New York Evening Post:

"Eugene Lyons says this is the time of year when employers throw their dogs a bonus."

The Post obviously recognizes a thought even when it is disguised as a wisecrack.

After watching a number of European dictatorships in operation, the business sums itself up in my mind thus: The spectacle of a lot of blind, bleating sheep being driven in one direction is not edifying—even when they are being driven towards Utopia.

Harry Silver Dies; Fought in 1898

Colorful Wisconsin Figure, 58, Passes in Chicago; Ex-Fire Chief

(Special to the J.D.B.)

MILWAUKEE, Jan. 9.—Harry Silver, 58, outstanding Wisconsin auctioneer and former chief of police in Manila, died Monday in Chicago at the Edward Hines Hospital. Interment was at Spring Hill (orthodox) cemetery, with veterans providing a military escort.

One of Wisconsin's most colorful figures, he had been an alderman at Gilbert, a fire chief at Eveleth and an assistant fire chief at Gilbert.

He served in the Spanish-American War and was at the front in both the Philippines and Cuba. He was an active worker in veterans' organizations and had served on the state executive council of the Army and Navy Union.

Coming to this country from Russia at the age of twelve, he was a professional runner in his youth, often running for various universities under assumed names before the days of eligibility rules.

Messenger Is Freed In Soliciting Charge

Magistrate Louis Brodsky yesterday dismissed the case of Milton Brown, messenger for the Gates of Mercy Centre, 53 Lewis street, who was charged by the Department of Public Welfare with soliciting funds without a permit.

Similar charges against two other messengers of the Gates of Mercy Centre will be aired before Magistrates Brodsky and Greenspan on January 29 in Municipal Term Court.

Tomorrow afternoon a messenger of the United Relief Association, 216 Madison street, will appear in the First District Court to answer the same charge.

Palestine Electric Increases Capital

Report New Capitalization to Be Set at \$10,000,000; New Plants Proposed

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

TEL AVIV, Jan. 9.—The capital of the Palestine Electric Corporation—the Rutenberg concession—will be increased from \$5,000,000 to \$10,000,000, it was reported here today.

Approximately \$2,500,000 will be used to discharge obligations of the concern, while the rest will be utilized to erect two new power stations, one at Lake Kinereth and the other at Lake Huleh.

CLASSIFIED RATES

1 Month	3 Months	6 Months	1 Year
\$3.00	\$8.35	\$12.75	\$15.50
Daily	Sunday	3 Times	7 Times
\$4.00	\$10.00	\$17.50	\$30.00

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BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL DIRECTORY

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HAIR REMOVED permanently. Your physician will approve of my method. Investigate. Cella Gardner, Medical Arts Building, Wickersham 2-5750.

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SPECIALIZE—Learn Electrolysis—earn \$5 to \$12 an hour. Investigate. Kree Institute, 9 East 41st St. Vanderbilt 3-7250.

REDUCING STUDIOS

MONA LEEA—Individual care, trial treatment \$1.75. 142 West 57th. Circle 7-8345.

Smart hotel homes at apartment rentals

A few steps from Central Park, these hotel homes offer complete service and efficient management, at apartment rentals.

Sunlight and air . . . tiled baths . . . serving pantries . . . valet, laundry and maid service . . . restaurants serving good food at moderate prices.

Inspect these modern hotel apartments without delay.

1-2-3-4 rooms, furnished and unfurnished

STANDISH HALL, 45 West 81st St.
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Under Arthur Lee Management

Author of 'Gold Eagle Guy' One of Season's Discoveries

By HENRY W. LEVY

The Group Theatre—that enterprising and youthful theatrical group that is almost completely Jewish in complexion—has followed its Pulitzer prize-winning play of last season, "Men in White," with "Gold Eagle Guy." And in the process of introducing an unknown to Broadway, it has made him a figure of no small dimensions. Melvin Levy, author of "Gold Eagle Guy," is following in the footsteps of the Group's new playwright of last year, the youthful Sidney Kingsley. And while "Gold Eagle Guy," now at the Belasco Theatre, may, or may not, win the Pulitzer Prize, it certainly has revealed Mr. Levy as a sensitive, and theatre-wise playwright, most emphatically one of the happier discoveries of the present theatrical season.

The author of three novels and innumerable newspaper and magazine articles, Mr. Levy has written a play that dashes boldly through forty years of West Coast history. Concerning itself with an ever-changing personnel of characters, it revolves principally about an Empire Builder who added the Seven Seas to Uncle Sam's newly acquired West Coast. The "Gold Eagle Guy" of Mr. Levy's is a blustering, bombastic and unscrupulous shipping magnate. Some have identified him as the head of a well known steamship line, but whether this is true or not, his composite character bears some resemblance to the noted shipping king.

Passing for History

But to return to Mr. Levy. He is a big, quiet, gentle-voiced young man, with a genuine passion for American history and a profound knowledge of it. He was born in Salt Lake City, lived for a time in Colorado, and finally settled in Seattle. He attended the University of Washington, received a Master's Degree there and eventually became a member of the faculty, teaching English composition.

The life of a college professor was not entirely to his taste, however, and when he finished his first novel, "Matrix," he packed his suitcase and set out on a tramp-trip which ended in New York; three days later after his arrival he sold the novel, packed the suitcase again and set forth on a trip which carried him to Maine, where he lived two weeks with a band of gypsies—to St. Paul, where he was beaten and robbed by a thug in an alley—to Chicago—to San Francisco—and eventually to Hollywood where, through an accident, he worked for six weeks as a scenario writer. In 1927, his second novel, "Wedding," appeared. In New York again, he organized the New York Committee for the Defense of Political Prisoners and ran it for two years until it became a power in our national life.

The Pacific Coast still possessed

his mind. He wrote a third book called "The Last Pioneers," and a member of the Group read it, decided that here was a subject for an exciting play, spoke to Levy about it, and told the Group directors, sent for him and suggested that he write a play about the development of the West.

"I had never written a play before," says Melvin Levy. "I had a series of long talks with the Group directors which ended with my writing 'Gold Eagle Guy.'"

The chronicle drama that Melvin Levy wrote of the pioneer West, and of one of its chief characters, is rich in the color of its time. As a dramatist, Levy captured both the idiom and the attitude of mind of those days when fortunes were built overnight and great robbers could be great men. "Gold Eagle Guy" is robust and rowdy; it is that strange mixture that is both picturesque and repugnant and while it is romantic in its materials, it is cynical in its author's omniscience.

Million Was Given Fund in Palestine

Keren Hayesod Notes Rise of Contributions in Past Year

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

JERUSALEM.—Keren Hayesod (Palestine Foundation Fund) receipts for the year 5694 amounted to £201,000 (over \$1,000,000) of which £3,000 was contributed by the Arlosoroff memorial fund and £5,000 raised by special drives. In addition, the sum of £33,000 was forwarded for German Jewish settlement by the United Palestine Appeal in America. Excluding the latter sum, receipts have grown since the previous year by £31,000.

The fund, the report just issued states, received £7,250 from self-imposed taxation from 15,000 Palestinians. Institutions gave £1,500. The deduction of one penny per pound by banks and theatres to aid the fund produced £2,400. The Golden Book and school collections each netted £1,000.

Holy Land Hospital Adds To Its Staff

Bikur Cholim Reorganizes; Engages Noted Berlin Professors

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

JERUSALEM.—The reorganization of Bikur Cholim, oldest Jewish hospital in Palestine, is now under way. Professor Herman Zondek, formerly of Berlin, expert on internal diseases, and Dr. Tugendreich, noted roentgenologist, also of Berlin, have been engaged.

Prior to the reorganization, which is going on under the direction of J. H. Farbstain, examiner for the Jewish Agency Executive, the hospital, which was founded by Sir Moses Montefiore on his third visit to the Holy Land, was closed for several months because of financial difficulties.

With its new and expanded personnel, the board of directors of the hospital have issued an appeal to Jews throughout the world to assist the venture.

Workers' Leader Jailed On Charges of Terror

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

WARSAW, Jan. 9.—The Jewish Socialist and trade union leader, M. Goldberg, was sentenced today to serve nine months in jail for having allegedly organized terroristic acts during a strike. Six other strikers were sentenced to terms ranging from four to six months.

Tea for Drive Aides Given by Mrs. Lehman

A luncheon and bridge was given by Mrs. Arthur Lehman at her home, 45 East Seventieth street, for lieutenants of the white division, one of the three teams of the women's division of the Federation for the Support of Jewish Philanthropic Societies during the Federation emergency appeal, which she headed.

Group Splits On Zion Policy At Conference

Program of Maximalists Forces Postponement of Body's Elections

(Continued from Page One)

tion of a common program of action and a working alliance between the two groups.

Dr. Hoffman, leader of the Latvian Revisionists, reported that since the last World Zionist Congress at Praha, forty new organizations had been established in as many countries, 151,000 members enrolled, and 40,000 dinars sold. The dinar is the annual payment obligatory upon all Revisionists.

Petition Congress Planned

A world petition congress to be convoked in 1936 was announced by I. Shechtman, Paris Revisionist leader, who declared that the movement would "create the Messianic spirit of our generation." He declared that the petition movement, designed to bring Jewish grievances against Great Britain before the League of Nations, had entered into the second period and that millions of signatures had already been secured. He also declared that special petition leagues would be formed.

Shechtman read letters from Colonel Josiah Wedgwood and Lord Strabolgi, formerly Lieut. Commander Kenworthy, promising to lay the petitions before the British Parliament in due time.

Late last night at the opening session Vladimir Jabotinsky, world leader of the Revisionists, had criticized the League of Nations for approving the Saar deal between France and Germany, came out in support of the World Jewish Congress plan, and called for support of the anti-Nazi boycott.

Calls "Prosperity" Inflation

Jabotinsky attacked the Zionist organization for having failed to utilize Palestinian prosperity in the proper fashion. He declared that a suspicion was justified as to whether the "jumble of money, buildings and men was not merely inflation and not true prosperity. "One hundred thousand immigrants must have at least \$60,000,000 a year to live on, while Palestine had taken no steps to secure its markets. Only the Huleh concession is not inflation, but the terms of the concession are a monstrous and cynical exploitation of Jewish distress and idealism.

"It is necessary to divert this idealism to the development of the Huleh concession and the Transjordan, since it is nonsense to attack speculation in Palestine as long as the regime locks up the road to a sound economic expansion.

Want a "New Deal"

"We Revisionists," Jabotinsky declared, "are struggling for a new deal internally and externally, always remembering not to veer away from England, but demanding at the same time to end the legislative council plan. We are not begging alms of Great Britain, which will greatly benefit from our plan. Our way is through the moral pressure of the mass petition movement in which we must

'Mendele's' 100th Anniversary To Be Observed This December

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

WILNO.—The one hundredth anniversary of the birth of the "grandfather of Yiddish literature," Mendele Moicher Sforim (S. J. Abramovitch), will be officially celebrated next December, the Yiddish Scientific Institute has announced here.

The statement of the Institute comes in connection with various assertions that the anniversary falls in December of 1935. To support its contention concerning the date of birth of the creator of modern Yiddish literature the Institute adduces the following evidence:

1—Mendele's family and close

friends considered December of 1835 the date of the writer's birth. With that date as a basis, Mendele's seventy-fifth birthday was celebrated in 1910 in Warsaw, Odessa, St. Petersburg and many other cities.

2—The date was referred to in 1910 in the Warsaw "Frait" in reprinting a telegram signed by the late Chaim Nachman Bialik. The telegram reminded Mendele's friends that his seventy-fifth birthday came on December 26 (1910) and gave Mendele's address.

3—Mendele's first biographer, L. Bienstock, writing in Woschod, in 1884, gave 1935 as the year of Mendele's birth.

secure several million signatures by 1936.

"Internally we desire to establish free conditions for private initiative, expand Jewish development and exclude the class war from Palestine."

General Parley Urged

Speaking of peace in the Zionist ranks, Jabotinsky declared that the first agreement had resulted in a provisional modus vivendi with obligations to introduce national arbitration.

"Final results," he said, "can only be achieved at a round table conference of all the Zionist groups, which may produce a coalition executive on the basis of equal partnership. We do not recognize the Eighteenth World Zionist Congress because the Praha concepts of discipline are unacceptable.

"If there is a coalition we will not rake up petty incidents. We have shown a strong Zionist patriotism. It is not that we are better, but that our Zionism is the Herzlian truth," the Revisionist leader concluded.

Warder Cresson, born a Philadelphia Quaker, embraced Judaism and devoutly followed the Sephardic ritual in Jerusalem, where he died in 1860.

Count Heinrich von Coudenhove, born in Vienna in 1859, predicted one universal religion combining Judaism, Christianity and Mohammedanism.

Lithuania Pays for Study in Palestine

Course Will Enable Former Teacher to 'Supervise' Jewish Activities

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

KAUNAS.—Granted a stipend by his Ministry of Education, a Lithuanian named Pawuliatas has spent three years in Palestine taking the course in Judaica offered by the Hebrew University in Jerusalem. Upon Pawuliatas's return to Lithuania he will become inspector of Jewish schools, will supervise the Yiddish press and will have general charge of Jewish social activities in the country, it was announced here.

Pawuliatas is a former instructor of Lithuanian in a Jewish school and has been known for some time as a "specialist" in Jewish matters. At one time he prepared an exhaustive report for the government on the various Jewish political parties in the country.

Conrad of Winterthur, Burgo-master of Strassburg in 1348, refused the demands of citizens who demanded the arrest of Jews on a charge of poisoning the well. He was deposed.

At the age of eight Frederic Hymen Cowen, born in Jamaica in 1852, composed the music for an operetta entitled "Garibaldi."

Nazi Factions Bicker in Test

(Continued from Page One)

charges that the national administration was misappropriating Nazi funds. A procession of official representatives of thirteen locals of the "Friends" in the metropolitan area before the platform brought vociferous "hells" from the auditors.

"Haegel played into the hands of the Jews," declared Dr. Schnuch, and Zahne, introduced by Schnuch as "your new leader," elaborated on this statement by declaring that the revolt was the "last attempt of Samuel Untermyer to disrupt the German-American movement."

"After tonight," said Zahne, "we will make it a rule that the last word has been said on our internal troubles."

Winning New Friends DAILY

TO FEEL REALLY ALIVE
YOU MUST KEEP WELL
INFORMED

No other newspaper will put you "in the know" half so quickly and thoroughly concerning the hundreds of important things going on in the Jewish world as the

JEWISH DAILY BULLETIN