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New Land Tax Starts Jan. 13 In Palestine

Levy of \$4.10 per Dunam Will Affect Orange Plantations

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)
JERUSALEM, Jan. 7.—The new rural taxation ordinance in Palestine, which is considered highly detrimental to citrus planters because of the increased tax imposed upon land developed for orange growing, will be enforced beginning January 13, it was learned here today.

This ordinance will impose a levy of \$4.10 on each dunam of land cultivated for orange plantations. At the same time the ordinance provides a decrease of taxes on land devoted for grain.

Representations made by the Jewish Agency to the Palestine government against this ordinance have so far proved unsuccessful. The enforcing of the order will affect the export from Palestine of citrus products, which constitute the largest proportion of Palestine's exports.

It is expected that the increased taxation will prevent many from developing new orange plantations. The tax will take at least ten per cent. of the average plantation income under normal circumstances.

The new ordinance, while highly detrimental to Jewish-owned orange groves, will prove highly beneficial to Arab fellaheen, toward whom the High Commissioner has been adopting a liberal policy.

See Blow to Press In New Brazil Law

Only Natives Are Permitted as Publishers; Papers Face Reorganization

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)
SAO PAULO, Brazil, Jan. 7.—All heads of publishing concerns and publishers of newspapers in this country must be native born Brazilians as a result of a law which went into effect today. The entire Jewish press of the country faces reorganization as a result of the law.

Brazilian papers today were lavish in their praise of Dr. Horacio Lafer, Jewish member of parliament, who introduced a resolution calling for the recognition of the Soviet Union. Dr. Lafer formerly represented Brazil at the League of Nations in Geneva.

Palestine Imports Jump, Monthly Figures Reveal

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)
JERUSALEM, Jan. 7.—During the month of July, 1934, Palestine imported \$5,715,000 worth of goods and exported \$245,000 worth, the government officially announced today.

Comparative figures show that in July, 1933, Palestine imported goods worth \$4,565,000 and exported goods valued at \$253,500.

Zionist Paper Accused of Distorting JTA Facts

Statement by New Palestine That Wire Service Offered to Submit to Histadruth Censorship Scored as 'Libelous and Unmitigated Falsehood' by Landau

The statement contained in the latest issue of the New Palestine, official organ of the Zionist Organization of America, that Jacob Landau, managing director of the Jewish Telegraphic Agency, has offered to submit the J.T.A. to "fullest censorship" of the Histadruth-controlled Executive of the Jewish Agency for Palestine, was termed yesterday by Mr. Landau as libelous and an unmitigated falsehood.

"At the request of Mr. Ben-Gurion, Histadruth member of the Executive," Mr. Landau declared, "I submitted proposals to the Executive when I was in Palestine the early part of December. These proposals contained not a single word about censorship, nor was any such reference made in the conferences I had with Mr. Ben-Gurion and Mr. Shertok. Quite the contrary, during these conferences, which were always held in the presence of witnesses, I strenuously objected to submitting the J.T.A. to censorship or control."

Sought to Avoid Clash on News

"Also, when I met with the entire Executive and read to them my written proposals, I did not say a single word to indicate that I would subject the J.T.A. to control. In the proposals I made to the Executive," Mr. Landau declared, "I submitted written proposals to the Executive when I was in Palestine the early part of December. These proposals contained not a single word about censorship, nor was any such reference made in the conferences I had with Mr. Ben-Gurion and Mr. Shertok. Quite the contrary, during these conferences, which were always held in the presence of witnesses, I strenuously objected to submitting the J.T.A. to censorship or control."

(Continued on Page Two)

Greeks Allot Sum For Housing Plan

\$50,000 Non-Sectarian Project Will Exclude Refugees From Turkey

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)
SALONICA, Jan. 7.—The Greek government today assigned 5,000,000 drachmas (approximately \$50,000) for a housing project for Christians and Jews, excluding only the Jewish refugees who fled recently from Turkey.

Governor General Pericles Rhalis declared that the project would prove a boon, since "one-fourth of the Jewish population was without shelter after the catastrophic conditions of 1918 and 1934."

Berlin Denies Reported Attempt to Kill Hitler

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)
BERLIN, Jan. 7.—Reports that an attempt upon the life of Adolf Hitler had been made by two disgruntled storm troopers were denied here today.

Rumor has it that Hitler, on the night of December 31, was shot at in the Chancellery. His chauffeur, instead, received the bullets, reports declared.

Attempts have been made to tie up the alleged try at killing der Fuehrer with the Opera House meeting last Thursday of government and party leaders.

The latest rumor is the third in the past few weeks of attempts upon Hitler's life.

Mayor of Tel Aviv Lays Down the Law

Laborites on Council Anger Dizengoff, Who Wins His Demands

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)
TEL AVIV, Jan. 7.—Mayor Meier Dizengoff failed to appear today at the regular meeting of the municipal council but instead dispatched a letter to that body threatening to resign unless certain conditions he laid down were accepted.

The mayor was particularly incensed at an incident which occurred at the last meeting of the council. The Laborite members of the body taunted the mayor with the cry "Nashashibi," the name of the recently defeated Moslem mayor of Jerusalem, known for his anti-Jewish policy.

Over the stubborn opposition of the Laborites, the council accepted the terms laid down by Mayor Dizengoff.

Pelley's Trial on Stock Fraud Charge Starts in Asheville, N. C.

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)
ASHEVILLE, N. C., Jan. 7.—The trial of William Dudley Pelley, chief of the anti-Semitic Silver Shirt organization, and his associates, Robert C. Summerville, H. M. Hardwicke and Don Kellogg, for alleged violation of the Capital Issues law, began this morning in Buncombe County Superior Court. Judge Wilson Warlick of Newton is presiding. The four are charged

Equality for Jews Is Loan Condition

Gives Pledge



DR. KARL BURESCH

Praha Forbids Work for 2,000 Reich Refugees

Edict to Protect Natives Takes Livelihoods From Many

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)
PRAHA, Jan. 7.—Some 2,000 Jewish refugees from Germany who have been staying in Czechoslovakia have been left without hope of livelihood as a result of a new government order barring the employment of political refugees.

While the new instructions are intended to protect the native population, they strike at the many remaining German Jews of the thousands who sought haven here. Most of the original refugees who came here have managed to find more permanent refuge in Palestine, France and other lands.

In April of last year Dr. Eduard Benes, Czechoslovakian Foreign Minister, gave assurance to James G. McDonald, League of Nations High Commissioner for Refugees, that the Czechoslovakian government would do everything in its power to assist the refugees with passports and vocational training which would prepare them for life in other lands.

Austria Envoy Gives Pledge After Request

Officials Join Cry for Boycott of Jewish Businesses

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)
LONDON, Jan. 7.—Foreign Minister Egon Berger-Waldenegg's denial that Austria has discriminated against the Jews is the direct result of representations made to the Austrian Minister of Finance, Dr. Karl Buresch, by Sir Otto Niemeyer, noted banker, when Austria sought a loan in London, the Jewish Telegraphic Agency learned today.

Sir Otto, it was learned, vehemently reproached Dr. Buresch for the ill treatment of Austrian Jews by the present government, particularly the unjustified dismissals of Jewish physicians, nurses and teachers by municipal authorities in Vienna.

Dr. Buresch promised that Austrian authorities would withdraw all anti-Jewish measures and reinstate a number of the dismissed Jewish professionals, it was stated. The Austrian Foreign Minister, in his statement, not only denied

(Continued on Page Eight)

Betarist Parley Aims Outlined By Jabotinsky

Revisionist Chief Opens Annual Convention in Krakow

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)
KRAKOW, Jan. 7.—Clad in the brown-shirt uniform of the Brith Trumpeldor, Zionist Revisionist youth organization, Vladimir Jabotinsky, leader of the Revisionists, last night opened the second annual conference of the world Brith Trumpeldor organization.

In the course of a three-hour speech Jabotinsky outlined the history and purpose of the Brith Trumpeldor, declaring that the group now had branches in thirty-four countries and 70,000 members.

Revisionist Ideals

The ideological basis of the organization was a mixture of army training and school, which is "most suitable for the education of Jewish youth," Jabotinsky declared. He stated that 3,000 instructors are preparing the Brith Trumpeldor groups for "defense" on the basis of "self-sacrifice."

The movement, Jabotinsky said, in addition to "don'ts," had also seven commandments including: sacrifice for the Jewish state; Jewish defense; study of Hebrew; discipline; noble behavior; social sacrifice, and mobilization of the forces of Jewish youth.

(Continued on Page Eight)

Holds Zionist Organ Distorted Facts

Never Offered to Submit J. T. A. To Censorship, Landau States

Louis Lipsky's Desire to Protect Vested Interests Seen by News Service Head as Behind 'Deliberate Falsehoods' of New Palestine

(Continued from Page One)

"The arrangement would have been technical in nature and compensation was asked only with regard to the additional expenditure which the cabling and distribution of the Executive's news statements would have caused the J.T.A.

Insisted on Complete Independence

"If I had not insisted on maintaining our own service from Palestine and agreed to carrying nothing but news items offered by the Executive, it would have constituted acceptance of control or censorship. The J.T.A. would not have been responsible for any but its own service, and just because I insisted on the continuation of our own service and rejected control of the J.T.A. news, no agreement was reached.

"It is also untrue that in my proposals I declared myself willing to appoint a Jerusalem correspondent with the consent of the Executive. Nothing to this effect was contained in my written proposals nor in my conversations with Mr. Ben-Gurion and Mr. Shertok or at the time I met the entire Executive.

Charges Malicious Distortion of Fact

"It is evident that the New Palestine wishes to confuse the public by issuing such misleading statements. These statements published in the New Palestine are gross, deliberate and malicious distortions of the facts. If the J.T.A. had maintained during its existence such a low standard of veracity, it could hardly have continued for seventeen years.

"The statement, for example, claims that the decision to establish the new service was taken in the spring of 1934. As a matter of fact, this service was already operating at the beginning of 1934, and in the official report issued in February, 1934, by the organization department of the Executive in London, reference was made to the fact that the service had been established.

J. T. A. Statement Reply to Executive

"The New Palestine also quotes a statement by the Executive in Jerusalem in reply to the statement published in the Jewish Daily Bulletin with regard to these developments. As a matter of fact the statement issued by the J.T.A. was a reply to the statement issued by the Executive on December 18, or more than three weeks ago. It seems that the statement as published in the New Palestine has been embellished by some additional vituperative remarks. For example, the statement as issued on December 18 in Jerusalem did not contain the following sentence: 'Other insinuations contained in the New York Jewish Daily Bulletin the Executive regards as beneath contempt.'

"It would be interesting to establish whether the New Palestine did not take liberties with the statement of the Executive, and I wonder whether they could produce the cablegram showing that this sentence was included in the original statement of the Executive.

New Agency Serves Only Histadruth

"The New Palestine also claims that the new service serves no party. The most superficial perusal of the reports issued by the new service permits no doubt of its partisan character. The activities of parties opposed to the Histadruth are completely ignored in the service, and at no time during its year's existence has this service carried even one statement emanating from an anti-Histadruth Zionist leader. Its obvious tendency is to glorify the present Histadruth-controlled Executive, quite apart from the fact that all other vital aspects of Jewish life are not dealt with.

"The statement in the New Palestine denies that any member of the Executive ever suggested that the J.T.A. be placed under the control of the Executive. The suggestion had already been made in the beginning of this year by Mr. Berl Locker, Histadruth member of the Executive, who is at present in New York. He repeated the suggestion only a few weeks ago when speaking with me and with Mr. Joseph Leftwich, editor of the London Bulletin of the J.T.A.

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Suggested Control Of Palestine J. T. A.

"During the first talk which I had with Mr. Ben-Gurion and Mr. Shertok, the suggestion was made by them that the Palestine part of the J.T.A. be placed under the control of the Executive. The following day Mr. Ben-Gurion suggested that the Histadruth propaganda service be the representative of the J.T.A. in Palestine, and that the J.T.A. should not maintain any correspondent in Palestine. In the conversation between Mr. Ben-Gurion, myself and Mr. Braude, a well-known South African Zionist leader, Mr. Ben-Gurion stated for the first time that no control of the J.T.A. was desired.

"However, it is clear that by establishing the new service, the intention is to replace the J.T.A. by an agency which would be under the complete control of the Histadruth dominated Executive. In essence it would amount to the same.

Ascribes Personal Motives to Lipsky

"The editorial published in the same issue of the New Palestine disclaims that the decision to establish the new service was taken by the Histadruth members of the Executive, and mentions that among those also present had been Dr. Gruenbaum, Dr. Rupp, Professor Brodetsky and Mr. Louis Lipsky. Dr. Gruenbaum, Dr. Rupp and Professor Brodetsky in their talks with me indicated a desire that some understanding be reached and they were not the moving spirit in the establishment of the new service.

"Mr. Lipsky, who owes his election to the Executive to Histadruth influence, has his own personal motives. When the J.T.A. received a cable that the manager of the Palestine branch of his insurance company had resigned in protest against the draining of all funds of the Palestine company in order to pay debts of the New York company, frantic appeals were made to the J.T.A. to withhold the report from publication by Mr. David Freiburger, lawyer and intimate friend of Mr. Lipsky. On the evening of that very same day, Mr. Lipsky began to hatch his plot for establishing a rival system, as can be proven by me.

"The many deliberate falsehoods contained in the statement which appeared in the New Palestine are characteristic of the unscrupulous tactics, worthy only of Tammany Hall politicians, which are employed by the editor of the New Palestine.

Refutes Charges Of Zionist Editor

"He claims in his editorial that the J.T.A. in its reporting stimulated and incited dissension. Friction between the parties in the Zionist movement had reached such unheard of proportions that Jews were attacking others, freely resorting to physical violence leading to actual blood-shed. This situation reached such dangerous heights that the British authorities urged the Zionist leaders to put their house in order. In giving a truthful record and by making the Jewish public aware of such conditions, the J.T.A. enabled Jewish opinion to exercise a moderating and sane influence on a leadership which was carried away by fanaticism and extreme partisan spirit. But to hide the true state of affairs from the public, to make it believe that everything is ideal within the Zionist organization and Palestine is the real aim of the Histadruth leaders.

"The criticism that the J.T.A. sowed dissension is made by the very same Mr. Lipsky who has been responsible more than anybody else for creating dissension in the Zionist life of this country. He was mainly responsible for the split within the Zionist movement in 1922, preventing a truly solidified organization, and has been chiefly instrumental in the loss of prestige and strength of the Zionist movement, bringing it down to a position of insignificance and decay and reducing the influence of the American Zionist organization at the World Zionist Congress to almost naught.

Lipsky Inspired Party Strife

"Lacking sincerity, conviction and consistency, inspired only by the desire to maintain his position, suiting his views to opportunistic considerations, a master of intrigue qualifying him for the position of a Grand Vizier at any oriental court, Mr. Lipsky has

turned the Zionist Organization of America into a hotbed of cabal and an annex of the Histadruth being at their beck and call for any service they might ask of him.

Non-Zionists Not Listed As at Conference

"It is interesting that among those whom the New Palestine mentions as present when the decision was taken to establish a new service, there is not a single name of a non-Zionist member of the Executive. It confirms my previous statement that the decision was taken by the Histadruth leaders and those who are intimately associated with or dependent upon them. The Zionist leaders proceeded likewise in the matter of the loan where £500,000 of property was mortgaged without consulting the Administrative Committee of the Jewish Agency or its non-Zionist officers.

"The Histadruth leaders are imposing upon the Jewish people their own decisions without the pretense even of consultation with those who are carrying the responsibility with them.

Service Suddenly Becomes Private

The New Palestine mentions that the new service is a private company limited by shares. This step has been taken only now, after the service has been in existence a year. It is remarkable that the main argument against the J.T.A. was that it is a private enterprise. Having discovered that an official and partisan propaganda agency meets with opposition, the Histadruth propaganda service is being transformed into a private company, while the J.T.A. is at the same time criticized for being one.

"The sudden change throws light on the hypocrisy of the arguments used against the J.T.A. Mr. Lipsky and his henchmen are masters in the art of camouflage. Anxious to gain the public confidence, their

new service has proceeded on more cautious lines in the United States but those who have watched the service given by the same agency to the Jewish press in Poland for almost a year cannot doubt their utter partisanship. This was also pointed out by the Chwila, a prominent Zionist daily in Poland, which was quoted in the Jewish Daily Bulletin of Jan. 2.

Former J. T. A. Writer Serves New Service

"The New Palestine affirms that Mr. Julian Meltzer is the Jerusalem cable correspondent and editor of the English mail bulletins of the new service. This is the same Mr. Meltzer who represented the J.T.A. until he was taken over by the new service, and the public is asked to believe that as long as he served the J.T.A. the reports of the J.T.A. from Palestine were sensational, inaccurate and what not.

"The editorial in the New Palestine quotes a sentence from a report of the National Council of Jewish Federations and Welfare Funds, deliberately omitting other passages in the very same report in which it is pointed out that the late Louis Marshall proposed in resolution that the Committee of Sponsors should in no way interfere with the work of the J.T.A. because he felt that the agency while meriting public support, because of the service it was rendering, must remain free and independent. The late Louis Marshall and other friends of the Agency were motivated by the consideration that the J.T.A. should not be made a tool in the hands of politicians.

"I am confident that the public will not permit itself to be confused and misled by this deliberate attempt made by the Histadruth leaders and their henchmen and will judge the J.T.A. by the many years of service it has given to the Jewish public," Mr. Landau declared.

Bulletin Calendar Of Events

- Tuesday, January 8**
- New School for Social Research, 65 West Twelfth street, 8:20 p. m. "Italian Fascism," Koppel S. Pinson.
 - Jewish Theological Seminary of America, Broadway and 122nd street, 8:30 p. m. "Opening of the Maimonides Eight Hundredth Anniversary Exhibit," address by Dr. Alexander Marx.
 - Young Israel of Manhattan, 229 East Broadway, 9 p. m. "Minorities Under Democracy, Fascism and Communism," Jessica Morris.
 - League for Political Education, Town Hall, 123 West Forty-third street, 11 a. m. "Epoch-Making Views of Life," Louis K. Anspacher.
 - School of the Jewish Woman, 251 West 100th street, 7:15 p. m. "Jewish Customs and Ceremonies," Dr. Aaron Rosmarin.
 - Bridge and tea for benefit of Hebrew Kindergarten and Infants Home of Far Rockaway, Temple Beth-El, Cedarhurst, afternoon. Under auspices of Long Island Women's Auxiliary and Junior League of the institution.
 - Jewish Women's Hour, Station WBNX, 1:30 p. m.
 - Royal Lodge 198, Brith Shalom, Hotel Edison, Forty-seventh street and Broadway; installation of officers; 8 p. m.
 - Mass meeting of Bronx Chapter of American Jewish Congress, Mount Eden Center, 1660 Morris avenue, afternoon.
 - Mass meeting of Brooklyn Chapter of American Jewish Congress, Brooklyn Center, 697 Eastern parkway, evening.

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NEWS IN BRIEF

Reported by the
Jewish Telegraphic Agency

Seattle

Sam Alahadoff, Addis Gutman and Colonel Walter S. Pollitz will be on a committee to welcome 503 officers, cadets and seamen of the Jeanne d'Arc, French training cruiser, due here Saturday.

A Christmas tree controversy has aroused Jewry here. Rabbi Samuel Koch, Reform leader, of Temple de Hirsch, and L. Kenneth Schoenfeld, president-elect of the local B'nai B'rith lodge, are engaged in a dispute over the latter's use of the non-Jewish ornament.

Portland, Ore.

Governor Julius Meier, wealthy merchant and Oregon's first Jewish chief executive, was feted by the Jewish community at a banquet sponsored by the B'nai B'rith lodge.

Joseph Nudelman, pioneer citizen, died here three weeks after he had celebrated his ninetieth birthday and fiftieth wedding anniversary.

Los Angeles

Sigmund Lipman, member of B'nai B'rith for forty years, died at the age of sixty-two after illness of one year.

Montreal

Rabbi Israel Goldstein of Congregation B'nai Jeshurun, New York, was guest speaker at Congregation Shaar Hashomayim in this city last night.

Baltimore

Miss Bertha Coblens Joseph, a sister of Daniel C. Joseph, former circuit court judge and member of the House of Delegates, has been appointed secretary to George L. Cliffe, United States Senator from Maryland.

Attendance of Baltimoreans at Motherhood Day mass meeting sponsored by the National Conference of Jews and Christians and planned for Washington's Birthday was urged by Mayor Howard Jackson in a radio broadcast.

Cleveland

Louis Lipsky addressed a Zionist session held here preparatory to the national conference of representatives of Jewish organizations from every part of the United States to be held in Washington on Palestine Day, January 20. A committee was appointed to choose delegates to the conference.

Mason City, Iowa

Miss Ethel Fink, editor-in-chief of the Masonian and managing editor of the Cub Gazette, won second place in the National Scholastic Press Association's reporting contest for the year book staff. The contest was conducted at a Kansas City convention in October.

Ottumwa, Iowa

Rabbi Eugene Mannheimer of Temple B'nai Jeshurun, Des Moines, represented the Jewish community at the opening of the new Ottumwa armory.

Worcester, Mass.

Delegates to the national conference of representatives of Jewish organizations throughout the United States to be held in Washington on January 20 were named here at a gathering of 400 persons from various central Massachusetts communities.

Lord George Gordon, refused as convert by the London synagogue, was received into the Birmingham synagogue in the late 1800's.

A Tireless Worker, S. A. Goldsmith Began Welfare Endeavor As Youth

Born in New York, Now
He Heads Chicago
Charities

By H. WISHEGRAD

One of the speakers at the recent national conference of Jewish social workers who aroused the most spontaneous outbursts of applause was Samuel A. Goldsmith, executive director of the Jewish Charities of Chicago.

Direct, blunt, incisive of speech, Goldsmith is the epitome of sincerity and intelligently applied zeal in one of the most difficult of professions. His intensity, informed and brightened with a deep understanding of the problems of those he strives to aid, communicates itself to any audience he addresses.

In a field where statistics sometimes tend to obfuscate the people around whom they have been collated, with deadening results for the statistician, Goldsmith has never permitted himself to be victimized by facts and figures. The statistics never become a Frankenstein; they're always under his thumb, put in the shade by his own vibrant personality and alert realization of the important but not all-important role they necessarily play in his work.

Relentless Worker

Goldsmith is of medium height, a bit heavy around the waist, on the swarthy side in complexion. In his brown eyes there's a sparkle dimmed only little by glasses. His sturdy frame, holding resources of physical energy, announces the secret of an ability to drive himself at a relentless pace that makes him the marvel of his associates in Chicago and his former colleagues in New York, where he was for ten years executive director of the Bureau of Jewish Social Research.

The Chicagoan, who was born in New York City, learned the value of driving himself at top speed at New York University. In 1911 and 1912, Goldsmith was a crack track man, competing as a two-miler, where endurance and the knowledge of how to conserve energy for a last-lap burst of speed is vital to success.

When Goldsmith wasn't burning up the cinder paths, he was burning up his opponents in the equally difficult field of forensic competition. He was captain of the debating team of New York University. Where his flying feet sometimes failed to humble an intercollegiate opponent, his cutting tongue seldom fell short of turning the trick for alma mater.

Sense of Humor

One of the noteworthy characteristics of this social worker from the gusty city is that the seriousness of his job hasn't injured his sense of humor.

He tells with relish two stories that represent the opposite poles of his job. One is of the time in 1922 when, as secretary of a special commission of the Joint Distribution Committee which was sent abroad to study conditions in various European countries, he arrived in Wilno.

There the commission was met by a fervent plea for aid by the heads of the Jewish community. The population of the city was destitute and terror struck because of the current occupation by Polish troops. Reflecting the demoralized state of the people, the leaders made a dramatic plea for several million marks. Then, apologizing for the size of the request one of the leaders explained as follows:

"You see, we ourselves have had to collect 3,000,000 marks to send to our brothers in the Volga district."

The story at the opposite pole concerns a well-known philanthropist. One day not so long ago,



SAMUEL A. GOLDSMITH

Goldsmith relates, this millionaire rushed into a meeting room where one of the philanthropic boards was in session. Clutching at his hair, he exploded:

"My God, last year I gave \$100,000 to something and I can't for the life of me remember what it was."

Goldsmith has his serious moments, also. As a married man and the father of three children, he says, he is obliged to have. In one of those moments, he said he would like Jews of the country to realize the vital importance of this message:

"Strengthen by every possible means the community-wide organization of Jews. Plan for a centrally organized American-Jewish community. Federation is only a

Statistics Don't Frighten
Him—He Towers
Over Them All

starting point. The problem involves almost complete reorganization of the social and economic structure of the Jews of the country."

Looking at his past record and listening to his informed, intensely sincere speech, one has the feeling that for such a reorganization there would scarcely be a better moving spirit than Goldsmith himself.

Following is a brief outline of his experience in social welfare work since 1915. A graduate of N. Y. U. in 1912 and awarded his M.A. by Harvard the following year, also a member of Phi Beta Kappa, Goldsmith became field secretary and general secretary of the Council of Young Men's Hebrew and Kindred Associations. This position he held for seven years. The next ten years he spent as executive director of the Bureau of Jewish Social Research. He has been executive director of the Jewish Charities of Chicago. He is on the executive committee of the National Council of Jewish Federations and Welfare Funds.

In his first post, he helped in the development of Jewish community centers throughout the country and in raising initial building funds for that movement. Prior to the entrance of the United States in the World War, he organized the Board of Jewish Welfare Work in the Army and Navy, now the Jewish Welfare Board.

Butchers Meet To Form Trade Code Authority

Will Choose Board of 11
With Headquarters
in New York

Representatives of 10,000 kosher butchers throughout the United States will convene in the Hotel Pennsylvania this afternoon to set up a code authority in accordance with President Roosevelt's executive order of December 21.

An authority of eleven members will be chosen, seven from Greater New York and four from kosher associations in cities throughout the country.

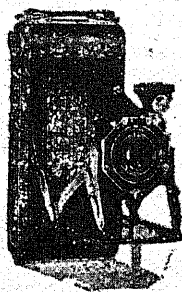
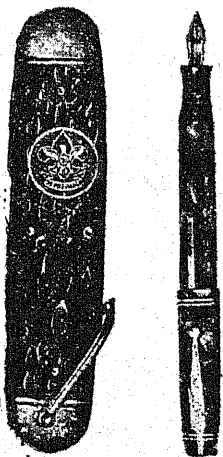
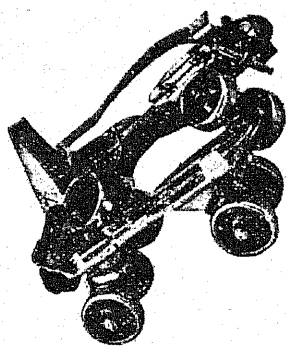
The delegates will be greeted by Charles Cohen, president of the Federation of Kosher Butchers. The principal speaker will be David S. Andron, counsel to the Federation, who will explain the provisions of the code.

The code authority will have its headquarters in New York. Thirty regional authorities will be set up throughout the country. The first meeting of the authority will be held tomorrow morning.

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JDC and Polish Jewry

Leaders of the Joint Distribution Committee in America had a chance yesterday to hear a complete summary of the extensive JDC work in Europe, when Dr. Bernhard Kahn and Dr. Joseph Rosen presented their reports on the activities which they supervise in different countries.

At no other time has the JDC work been as important as at present when the Jewish communities of Poland, Austria, Germany and other countries are crying out for relief. It is not an exaggeration to say that the eyes of at least five million Jews are turned towards the JDC for assistance.

Few know that in addition to the relief granted by the JDC in various European countries, it also spent not less than eight million dollars in Palestine. This huge sum is never sufficiently emphasized by those who speak of Palestine achievements. Thus the false impression is created that the JDC spends its funds anywhere but in Palestine.

In the light of reports now coming from Poland, it is only natural that the JDC should concentrate its activities on relief for Polish Jewry, both by enlarging its highly useful credit work in Poland and by seriously considering the possibilities of helping Polish Jews to migrate to Biro-Bidjan.

Everybody knows that life in Biro-Bidjan is hard and full of difficulties. So do the Jews of Poland. Nevertheless, if despite this knowledge they still wish to go to Biro-Bidjan, there is no reason why they should not be helped to do so, especially since there is no other country where they are admitted freely.

It is of interest to note that Polish Jews, when settling in Biro-Bidjan, are not supposed to become Soviet citizens. They still remain foreign subjects and can leave the country whenever they wish—within two years, if they find their experiences in Biro-Bidjan disappointing.

It is, however, the authentic opinion of Jewish leaders who visited Poland and have also studied conditions in Biro-Bidjan that the Polish Jews, when coming to Biro-Bidjan, will not be disappointed. That is why the Biro-Bidjan idea should not be dismissed.

Germany Faces a New Year

(The following article by a correspondent of the famed Manchester Guardian is of particular interest at this time in view of recent developments in Germany and the many rumors of a weakening in Nazi power.)

In spite of appearances, the Nazi dictatorship is stronger than ever. It is true that there is widespread discontent in Germany—there is less enthusiasm, more grumbling, and far more indifference than there was at any time since Hitler became Chancellor. Dissatisfaction has even invaded the ranks of the Nazis themselves, although it is they alone who have, at the expense of all others, benefited by their counter-revolution. The general standard of living has dropped, wages and salaries have fallen, taxes have risen. Favoritism and corruption are far worse than under the Republic. There is a shortage of raw materials, and the winter promises to be the worst since the winter of 1923-4, the last "inflation winter." Freedom has gone, the arts, letters, and learning have declined, and the Terror is as inhuman as ever.

Dictatorship Is Not Weakened

But the dictatorship is none the weaker. Nowhere is there a serious political opposition (the Protestant opposition is, of course, serious, but it has nothing to do with politics; the Catholic opposition is dormant, for it is not being roused and probably will not be roused until after the plebiscite in the Saar; then it will, no doubt, be serious). The S.A., or Brownshirts, who until the executions of June 30 were the foundation of the Third Realm, count for little now.

Thousands of Brownshirts have been converted into revolutionaries and are determined to avenge Roehm and their other murdered leaders. Some are trying to form terrorist groups—if there are any political assassinations in Germany they are most likely to be carried out by these groups,—but so far there is no sign of an organized Brownshirt revolutionary movement. As for the underground opposition of the Socialists and Communists, it is extraordinarily heroic, but it amounts to so little that it is not even a problem for the dictatorship.

Emigre Press In World of Illusion

The entire "emigre" press—the Neue Vorwaerts, the Gegen-Angriff, and so on—is produced by people who either live in a world of illusion or are trying to create illusions amongst their readers when they talk, as they do in almost every issue, of the "weakening" of the dictatorship, of its "impending collapse," of the "rising revolutionary wave," and so on.

The dictatorship has power, and power, when skilfully and ruthlessly used, can grow indefinitely. The dictatorship has not even achieved the summit of its power—it is still gaining control over every nerve-centre of German life. There is, as yet no sign that this process of consolidation is coming to an end; nor is there any sign that the political opposition has finished disintegrating, even if there are certain embryonic movements that will, perhaps, be able to challenge the dictatorship in the remote future.

It is not true, as is being continually asserted, that Hitler is "in the hands of the Reichswehr." The executions of June 30 were certainly a victory for the Reichswehr and a defeat for

the S.A., but while that defeat was final the victory was not. The Third Realm destroyed its own foundation and simply shifted to another; but that other foundation was not the Reichswehr.

The Brownshirts were the embodiment of the National Socialist idea—that idea was massacred with Roehm and the other Brownshirt leaders—but the National Socialist party still exists and rules Germany more powerfully than ever. It has shed the Brownshirts, except for display, military training, and patriotic indoctrination, but it controls the bureaucracy, it controls the Secret State Police, and, in place of the Brownshirts, it has converted the S.S., or Blackshirts, into such an instrument of power and domination that they are rivals to the Reichswehr no less than the Brownshirts were.

The Growing Power Of the Blackshirts

Germany can hardly be said to possess a government in the normal sense. In any case, she is not governed by her cabinet, which seldom meets nowadays. Hitler himself is almost unapproachable, and is surrounded by nonentities. Goering and Goebbels have little influence and less power. Himmler, the commander of the S.S. and chief of the Secret State Police, is far more powerful than Goering and Goebbels put together. Hess, the leader of the National Socialist party, is also powerful. So is Dr. Schacht—to call him "economic dictator" is not far wrong.

The full strength of the Blackshirts is a secret. They probably number well over 300,000. They are picked men; they are free from the enthusiasm and idealism that characterised many of the more youthful Brownshirts. They are well-armed and well-trained. They have the military value of the Reichswehr, but their principal purpose is not to make war. In civil war they would probably be a match even for the Reichswehr (not that civil war is to be thought of in Germany.) In any case, all talk about a "Reichswehr putsch" or of the "Reichswehr arresting Hitler" has ceased. It is probable that by next spring the Blackshirts will be at least half a million strong.

Nazi Party Base Of Third Realm

The Reichswehr are, of course, a power, too. But they are not directly concerned with home affairs—their one interest at home is to secure money and supplies for rearmament (considerable sums which would formerly have gone to the Reichswehr now go to the Blackshirts). In foreign affairs the Reichswehr naturally have a considerable, though perhaps not decisive influence. They impinge on German affairs, but do not direct them. The Third Realm is not a military dictatorship.

The Third Realm is thus founded on the National Socialist party (including the bureaucracy), the Secret State Police known as the "Gestapo," the Blackshirts, and Dr. Schacht. If the Third Realm did not need the Reichswehr for the big decisions that are being prepared in foreign politics, it could do without it altogether.

In any case, the Nazi dictatorship has shown far greater skill and resolution in dealing with the military commanders than either the former Kaiser and the governments of Imperial Germany or the successive governments of the Weimar Republic showed.

From Victory To Empty Victory

Hitler and his party have gone from victory to victory—and yet nothing is better than it was before, everything is worse. There is no reason why they should not win more victories—nor is there any reason to believe that things will not continue to get worse. It is known that Hitler himself is unhappy. Although he can look forward to further victories, he has become a pessimist. That is the paradox of the Third Realm—the greater the victories are, the emptier they are. The Nazi dictatorship has achieved everything—and nothing.

Nara Freed From Jail, Rearrested as Vandal

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

WARSAW, Jan. 7.—Anton Narkowski, a member of the National Radical (Nara) party, who was only recently freed from the concentration camp at Bereza, was arrested yesterday for breaking windows in Jewish shops.

THE READER'S FORUM

(The editors reserve the right to excerpt all letters exceeding 250 words in length. All letters must bear the name and address of the writer although not necessarily for publication.)

Bickering and Relief

To the Editor, Jewish Daily Bulletin: I was present at the meeting of the Polish relief conference in the Hotel Pennsylvania when Dr. Stephen Wise made his unusual and uncalled-for attack on Mr. Neville Laski, British Jewish leader.

I doubt the wisdom of the attack and feel that the welfare of the Polish Jews, who are in desperate need, is being lost sight of in the unseemly bickering between Jewish leaders. Instead of achieving a united front even on such vital matters as the very existence of Polish Jewry, we seem to be drifting further apart.

Not in that fashion will Polish Jewry be saved.

JACOB H. BRICKMAN.
Brooklyn, N. Y.
Jan. 6, 1935.

Non-Zionists on Agency

To the Editor, Jewish Daily Bulletin: The decision of the Administrative Committee of the Jewish

Agency to provide more adequate representation on the Zionist Executive for non-Zionists is wholly to be commended. The more rabid of the professional Zionists certainly need to be curtailed and if non-Zionists, through the medium of the Jewish Agency, are to continue to assume a responsibility for the acts of the Zionist Executive, they should have an equal say in the formulation of its program.

Just as there should be no taxation without representation, there should be no assumption of responsibility without adequate representation in the Palestine councils. The time has come for non-Zionists to forgo their traditional background position. But Zionism needs less politics; more intelligent leadership. Perhaps the non-Zionists have this to offer.

ROBERT JOSEPHS.
Bronx, N. Y.
Jan. 5, 1935.

Between the Lines

By B. SMOLAR

The Harmful Anti-Yiddish Drive

The anti-Yiddish persecutions in Palestine which lead to the expulsion of Dr. Rafalkes, Yiddishist lawyer, from the Tel Aviv Bar Association and to clashes last Saturday in a Tel Aviv theatre, are not at all helpful to the efforts now being made by the American Jewish Committee and American Jewish Congress to obtain a better status for Zionism and Hebrew in Soviet Russia.

By their drive against Yiddish in Palestine, Zionists are giving the Soviet government a good excuse for not permitting Hebrew in Russia. If Yiddish is not tolerated in a country dominated by Zionists, why should Hebrew and Zionism be tolerated in a country where Jewish questions are regulated by Yiddishists?

Fair Play Demanded

It is altogether difficult to understand why Yiddish is more discriminated against in Palestine than German, Polish and other languages. One can see on the streets of Tel Aviv posters in all languages. But when a paper in Yiddish is displayed, Hebrew extremists immediately raise a row.

The case of Dr. Rafalkes, Poale-Zionist leader who was expelled from the Bar Association in Tel Aviv merely because he issued a publication in Yiddish, has no precedent in any civilized country. No one can challenge Hebrew as the language of Palestine, but at the same time none can agree with the semi-terrorist methods used against Yiddish there.

A Dangerous Example

The Yiddish language should be given the same chance in Palestine as it is being given in any other country. There will be no crying if Yiddish eventually disappears from daily use in Palestine. This, however, must not occur by force. Once force is used, the impression is created that Yiddish is really the language which the majority of Palestinian Jews should like to use.

By suppressing Yiddish, the extremists are serving as a bad example for those countries where the Jews fight to win government subsidies for Hebrew as well as for Yiddish schools. The Polish government, in justifying its refusal to subsidize Hebrew schools, makes it a point that "if the Jews in Palestine are so nationalistic as to demand nothing but Hebrew, why should we not follow the same system and demand nothing but Polish?"

Executive Should Step In

There are today thousands of Jews entering Palestine monthly from every part of the world. The majority do not speak Hebrew. Most of them, however, do speak and read Yiddish. By the drive against Yiddish, these thousands are practically deprived of their native language. This is not only abnormal, but is also a grave injustice.

The Executive of the Jewish Agency should see to it that the semi-terroristic campaign against Yiddish in Palestine is discontinued. Otherwise obstacles are put in the way of those American organizations which should like to see Zionism permitted in Soviet Russia and Hebrew looked upon more favorably there.

BLACK on WHITE

By EUGENE LYONS

At a meeting of the recently formed Physicians Equity Association of America, Dr. Harold Hays, who is the moving spirit of that organization, told the following pointed story:

A doctor in Deposit, N. Y., was roused out of bed one night by the telephone. The voice at the other end asked him what he would charge for a call at the town of Walton, N. Y. The doctor thought a moment and fixed the price at six dollars. The other agreed and said he would be right over.

The doctor then dressed, brought his car out of the garage and drove the man to Walton. When they reached the main street, the stranger handed him six dollars and told him he could return to Deposit.

"But where's the patient?" the amazed doctor inquired.

"There isn't any," his passenger smiled. "The taxi driver in Deposit wanted ten bucks to drive to Walton. I was sure a doctor would take me for less."

No Standard Fees

The anecdote was by way of illustration of the lack of all economic standards in the medical profession. At one end, famous, fashionable and occasionally over-rated doctors receive fantastic fees. At the other end, doctors with less business acumen or less luck are content to get anything.

Dr. Hays is doing a major public service in calling attention to the difficulties of the medical fraternity. After long years of study and unpaid work in hospitals and contributions of time and talent to philanthropic causes, the doctor is left without effective protection against hard times, against governmental competition and against exploitation of his deficient sense of business.

Free, or nearly-free hospitals, health services by large corporations or by social service organizations certainly deserve public commendation. At the same time it must not be overlooked that such institutions take the bread out of the physician's mouth. The upper strata of overpaid and pampered practitioners, in this as in other professions, are not affected. The lower lays of underpaid, overworked and chronically worried practitioners are hard hit.

Organization Advocated

Socialized medicine in which the physician would be guaranteed a decent minimum standard of living and be left free to work without economic worries—is one thing. The present in-between system, in which doctors are expected to practise privately while publicly-financed institutions make ever deeper inroads upon their private domain, is another.

It is the contention of Dr. Hays and those associated with him in the Equity organization that the problem of economic justice and economic safety for the medical man should be solved by the doctors themselves, through organization, precisely as other professions are trying to solve theirs.

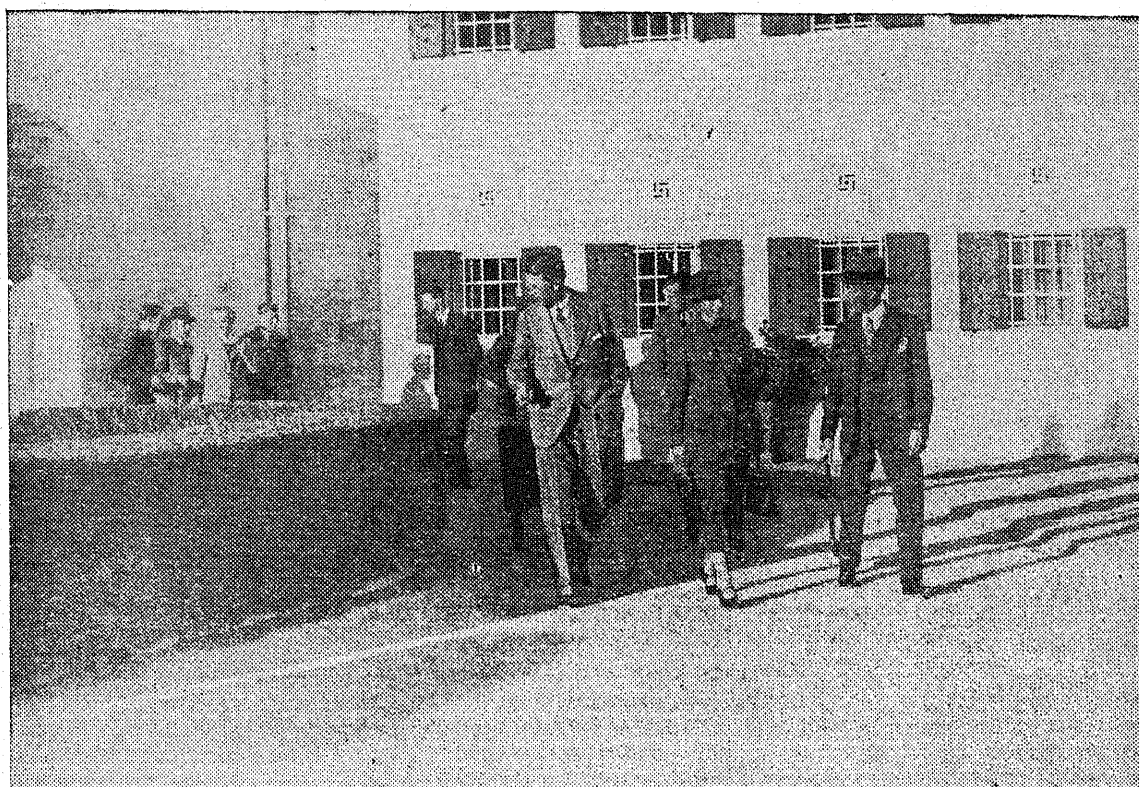
They ask, in short, for the equivalents of a code and a New Deal for physicians.

Jewish doctors are so large a part of the medical profession, and so many of them are on the sheer brink of abject poverty, that the problem has its place in these columns. It is one that should in-



EUGENE LYONS

Swedish Crown Prince Visits Palestine



His Royal Highness Gustaf Adolf, Crown Prince of Sweden (left), is shown inspecting the Government Building in Jerusalem accompanied by the Crown Princess and Sir Arthur Grenfell Wauchope, High Commissioner for Palestine.

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Digest of World Press Opinion

Airs Problem of Legislative Council

Will there or will there not be a legislative assembly in Palestine?

The Near East and India, semi-official organ of the British colonial ministry, answers this question by publishing the following editorial:

Sir Arthur Wauchope allowed little time to elapse after his return to Palestine before replying to the criticisms that had been evoked by his previous references to the establishment of a Legislative Council. Taking advantage of the presence of an Arab deputation which had come to complain to him about Jewish immigration, the High Commissioner stated that the British Government stood by its declaration of 1930 regarding a Legislative Council. A reasonable period will be allowed for an examination into the working of the new Municipal Councils, and in the meantime discussions will be inaugurated with Arab and Jewish leaders to consider the Government's proposals for the establishment of a Legislative Council. When these discussions are opened it will, no doubt, be found that many of the fears aroused by the preliminary announcement rest on no solid foundation.

As in the case of the Indian Constitution, safeguards will play an important part in connection with the Palestine Legislative Council; the peace and security of the country will be assured, and no opening for infringing upon the terms of the Mandate will be given. It is essential however, that the leaders of the Jews and Arabs, who have made no effort of their own in this direction so far, should

interest the public as well. Adequate compensation for doctors in charitable or semi-charitable institutions is essential. In fact, some form of relief for doctors in economic distress, from all I hear, is essential.

A great deal is said about the doctor's duties to the public. Much has been made of his heroism and devotion and pioneering courage. The reverse side of the medal, the public's duty to the doctor, has been consistently ignored. The depression and its effects upon medical practice, however, are forcing a closer scrutiny of that side.

be provided with an opportunity for meeting in conference, for facing one another when they make their charges one against the other and for understanding one another better than they do at present.

On the Jewish side many arguments are adduced in support of the contention that it is premature to give Palestine a Legislative Council. Individually they may be legitimate and useful debating points, but singly and collectively they have no weight against the palpable fact that the present unsatisfactory state of affairs in regard to the relations between Jews and Arabs cannot be allowed to continue indefinitely. In every sphere other than the political, Jews and Arabs are co-operating; such antagonism as there may be is almost exclusively confined to or inspired by the politically-minded on the two sides. As far as is known, no other suggestion for ending this state of affairs, apart from bringing the parties together in Legislative Council, holds the field. A policy of drift does not meet the situation; yet that would seem to be the only alternative offered by those who oppose the establishment of a Legislative Council.

Chronicle Attacks Stand on Quotas

The Wisconsin *Jewish Chronicle* comments editorially on the suggestion by Max R. Steuer and Dr. Samuel Kopetzky for a quota for Jewish medical and law students in American universities:

Any non-Jew bold enough to advocate that the Jews of America be reduced to second-class citizenship and be compelled to live within the walls of a medieval-type ghetto would be immediately pounced upon as an arch anti-Semite of the most virulent stripe. That any Jew might make such a declaration could only be conceived as the irresponsible mouthing of a lunatic. And yet, in effect and carrying out their statements to a logical conclusion, that is exactly what Max D. Steuer and Dr. Samuel J. Kopetzky have unwittingly involved themselves in when they declared themselves in favor of a quota for Jewish medical and law students in American universities.

Mr. Steuer is a Jew who has

achieved national distinction as the most successful criminal lawyer in New York. Dr. Kopetzky is president of the medical board of Beth Israel Hospital, New York, and is undoubtedly a highly successful physician. As authorities in their respective professions we do not question their eminence, but as commentators on what we regard as one of the most fundamental of all Jewish civil rights in America, they have shown a woeful lack of that analysis and judgment which any professional man ought to apply to any important question in or out of his own particular field.

Disabilities In Poland

Under the headline, "The Barred Windows of Warsaw," the *B'nai B'rith Magazine* publishes the following editorial in its current issue:

News reports brought strange tidings from Warsaw last month. Iron bars being put up against the upper windows of tenement houses in the Jewish district.

And why?

Jews were throwing themselves from windows. The number of suicides among Jews in Warsaw was increasing alarmingly.

And why were Jews killing themselves? Jews to whose traditions suicide was abhorrent? Many Jews killing themselves?

Jews in Poland have come almost to beggary. Even thousands who were well-to-do eat the meager bread of charity. Evil for all men are today's economic conditions in Poland, but if there is a crust for others there is only a crumb for Jews.

If work is scarce, the way to make more work is to keep the Jews out of the trades. If professional men . . . lawyers, doctors . . . are impoverished, the way to do is to set bars up against Jewish doctors and lawyers. If the business of merchants languishes the way to help the Polish merchants is to destroy competition by oppressive taxes against Jewish merchants.

Thus by a slow crushing Poland has accomplished in a number of years what Hitler did by a stroke in Germany. The German method may be the more efficient, but the Polish way is more diplomatic.

Polish Jewry Sounds Appeal For More Help

Resolutions Cite Grave Economic Plight of Community

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

WARSAW, Jan. 7.—A group of resolutions passed at an extraordinary conference of Polish Jewish leaders here, stressing the grave plight of Jews in this country and importuning increased help from abroad were before the Jews of the world today.

The dangerous economic situation threatens the physical existence of Polish Jewry, which is now living through the most fatal epoch in its history, the first resolution declares.

Polish Jewry is forced now, more than ever before, to appeal to Jews in other countries for brotherly help, which will stimulate the organization of its own powers, it was pointed out.

Aid Called Inadequate

Sums granted to Polish Jewry last year from drives in other countries not only were inadequate to meet the needs occasioned by its plight but also were not in proportion to the total amount raised by the American Jewish Joint Distribution Committee's campaign for European relief, the group decided.

Another resolution states that every form of large-scale social aid work ever created here by Jews is now on the brink of collapse, and that orphanages, professional schools, educational institutions and medical services are unable to carry on, in the light of Polish Jewry's dire poverty, unless assistance is given from outside.

Plea for Succor

"We regret to state that in recent years the American Jewish Joint Distribution Committee has failed almost entirely to assist the free loan societies toward their important work in supporting the existences of tens of thousands of Jews, and therefore this assembly turns to Jewry abroad with a plea for brotherly aid to pauperized Polish Jewry, to enable it to maintain its economic position by assisting it in proportion with the requirements of the Polish Jewish community, which numbers 3,500,000 persons," the concluding resolution declares.

Rabbi Dr. M. Schorr presided at the conference, which heard the appeals of numerous Polish Jewish leaders.

TEN YEARS AGO in The Jewish Daily Bulletin

January 8, 1925

BUCHAREST.—The Rumanian government issued an order prohibiting instruction of the Jewish religion in Jewish secular schools.

LONDON.—Lady Swaythling wrote to President Coolidge appealing for the admission of the stranded refugee Jews confined to the Eastleigh camp who were on a protest hunger strike.

Five Years Ago

PHILADELPHIA.—Julius Rosenwald was married to Mrs. Adele Goodkind.

BERLIN.—The supreme court of Germany confirmed the punishment of the Hitlerite deputy, Ley, who had been fined 1,000 marks for insulting the Jewish religion by declaring that the Talmud prescribes ritual murder.

One Year Ago

GENEVA.—League consideration of the position of the Jewish minority was assured when it was announced that a petition submitted by the Breslau Jewish lawyer, Gustav Simon, was on the League's agenda for the month.

Critical Moments

By GEORGE JOEL

W. C. Fields Is a Gift

The subject of this morning's essay is W. C. Fields and the inspiration is his latest picture, "It's a Gift," now current at the Roxy Theatre. Before going into the intricacies of this exposition, I must tell you "It's a Gift" must receive serious consideration as one of the funniest films of the new year. If comedy such as this is to become the standard of 1935 we are in for some heavy and hearty laughter. W. C. Fields is one of the old timers. For many years his antics on the vaudeville stage kept audiences throughout the country in a constant uproar. But when vaudeville declined Fields found fewer and fewer outlets for his comedy and about three or four years ago discovered he was an actor without a public. Motion pictures beckoned rather coyly. He was expected to start as though he were a beginner.

Directors could see little possibilities in his type of humor. Fields knew his own worth and refused to go West until he was assured of a real chance. It finally came, but not until half a dozen Broadwayites who had gone to Hollywood had practically insisted upon getting Fields a tryout. The rest you know—within two years he has become one of the best box-office attractions in the business.

Pantomime . . .

As a comedian W. C. Fields has demonstrated that not even the talkies have made pantomime impossible. Unlike many of the alleged funny men, Fields is not dependent upon the story written for him. Certainly "It's a Gift" has little in the way of a plot. It concerns a hen-pecked grocer and his dream of an orange ranch in California. With his ever-talking wife and two children he sets out in an automobile for the promised land and arrives there only to find that his ranch is a barren spot, but a "wish-fulfillment" ending is added to the story and Fields, who plays

the role of the grocer, gets even more than he had expected.

What places Fields so far above his contemporaries is his keen sense of the ridiculous. Give him a situation such as trying to shave in a crowded washroom without a mirror and he is able to squeeze out the last drop of humor; or show him trying to get a night's sleep in a din-ridden house and again his dire unhappiness is turned into farce that will bring smiles even to a "bluenose." Fields has the magic touch. His blundering, fumbling inability to do such simple tasks as lighting a cigar, starting an automobile or even drinking a cup of coffee makes us all feel so warmly superior.

Opportunity Beckons

As I intimated, the plot of "It's a Gift" is thin stuff, but it enables Fields to be on the screen almost constantly and there is never a moment when you become tired of him. One of these days a real script will be given the great comedian and then you will have a really memorable picture, something that will equal Chaplin at his best.

Aiding Mr. Fields in "It's a Gift" you will find Kathleen Howard, who as the nagging wife helps make Fields' actions justifiable. Baby LeRoy is also in the cast but he adds very little to the general hilarity.

Stage Notes

Last night's openings included Zoe Atkins' "The Old Maid" (Empire), with Judith Anderson and Helen Menken. This play is an adaptation of Edith Wharton's novel and was staged by Guthrie McClintic. The other event of the evening was the return of Leslie Howard to the stage in a play by Robert Sherwood called "The Petrified Forest." Gilbert Miller and Howard, in association with Arthur Hopkins, were the sponsors. It was Howard's first stage appearance since "Another Language."

At the Paramount



Irene Dunne, who sings in "Sweet Adeline," the Jerome Kern-Oscar Hammerstein musical success.

Get \$500,000 In Philadelphia Charity Drive

Dinner Marks Inaugural of \$1,245,000 Effort for Federation

(Special to the J.D.B.) PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 7.—Two thousand volunteer workers were engaged in a city-wide drive today as part of the two-weeks' effort to raise the \$1,245,000 necessary for the minimum budget of the Federation of Jewish Charities.

More than \$500,000 was raised last night at the opening dinner of the campaign. Speakers stressed that fact that government relief projects did not end responsibilities of private donors toward those in need.

Neville Laski, president of the Board of Deputies of British Jews, who was the principal speaker, lauded American Jewry for its generosity toward the needy and pleaded for a deeper Jewish consciousness.

Attorney General William A. Schnader declared that government relief was inadequate and said there was an ever-growing responsibility for private charities to provide for the underprivileged. Rabbi Louis Wolsey, of Congregation Rodeph Shalom, and Jerome H. Loucheim, chairman of the drive, also spoke.

Leaders of Mizrachi Accuse Histadruth of 'Coloring' Culture

A bitter attack on the Histadruth and other "left parties" within the Zionist movement was made by Rabbi Wolf Gold, president of the Mizrachi in America, at a reception tendered him and Dr. Mordecai Nurok, president of the Mizrachi in Latvia, at the Hotel Pennsylvania Sunday night.

Rabbi Gold charged that the Histadruth is attempting to imbue Palestinian culture with radical tendencies. He declared that in "Davar," Histadruth organ in Palestine, almost daily articles against religion appear.

He stressed the importance of enlisting the Jewish workers of Palestine under the Mizrachi fold. "The working class is the most important element of the Jewish people," he said, "and if the working class forgets its religion and Jewish culture we are seriously affected."

The function of the Mizrachi is

1,500 to Attend Capital Parley On Holy Land

U. S. Jewish Leaders Will Plan Speeding of Aid Efforts

Fifteen hundred Jewish leaders from every part of the country and representing many national organizations will attend the National Conference on Palestine, which will be held in Washington on January 20 and 21, Morris Rothenberg, president of the Zionist Organization of America, which was instrumental in summoning the conference, announced yesterday.

Development of a program to accelerate the rebuilding of the Jewish National Home in Palestine is the avowed purpose of the session, which has been called together on a non-partisan basis.

Among its sponsors are the American Jewish Committee, the American Jewish Congress, B'nai B'rith, Independent Order of Brith Abraham, Hadassah, National Council of Jewish Women, National Federation of Men's Clubs, and the Rabbinical Assembly of America.

Delegates are now being elected in many communities. They will come together on January 20, which coincides with the first annual observance of Palestine Day, when rabbis in every city are expected to devote their addresses to the subject of the upbuilding of the Holy Land.

Tarbuth Conclave Is Held in Warsaw

Faces Possibility That Lack of Funds Will Close Hebrew Schools

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency) WARSAW, Jan. 7.—Facing the dismal possibility that all Hebrew schools in Poland may be forced to close their doors owing to the lack of funds, the annual convention of the Tarbut Association, Hebrew educational group, opened here today.

More than 620 delegates, representing 300 branches with an enrolled membership of 26,000, were present at the opening of the sessions.

The main question before the conference is the precarious situation of the 267 Polish Hebrew schools, which have 39,545 pupils and a staff of 1,200 teachers.

Juniors to Hold 6th Annual Ball For Federation

Hotel Plaza Will Be Scene of Charity Event on February 16

The sixth annual ball of the Junior Federation of the Brooklyn Federation of Jewish Charities will be held February 16 at the Hotel Plaza, Manhattan, it was announced yesterday.

At the same time Milton Pariser, president of the Junior Federation, who made the announcement, reported the formation of a committee of sixty for the affair, through which the youth branch will raise its annual contribution to the Brooklyn Federation.

Stuart M. Miller has been appointed chairman of the ball committee, with the Misses Muriel Ratzan and Irene Menczer as vice-chairman and secretary, respectively.

Between now and February 16 it is expected that all of the 2,000 members of the junior group, in Manhattan as well as in Brooklyn, will devote their time toward making the charity ball an outstanding success, Mr. Miller declared. A number of rallies will be held, including the annual smoker and fashion show. Helen L. Strauss is executive secretary of the Junior Federation.

The committee for the ball, appointed by Mr. Miller and by Miss Ratzan, includes:

Werner Widmann, Benjamin Orem-land, Herman Gross, Sarah Susswein, Sylvia Rudich, Gladys Ratzan, Evans Cohen, Samuel Saltz, Alice Barrasch, Nathaniel Coen, Isidore Rubin, Charlotte Weber, Jules Fox, Esther Koppleman, Edith Bernard, Benjamin Gise, Grace Strain, Minerva Fram, Jewel Baar, Sophie Jacobs, Ruth Lasner, William Springer, Martha Ostroleng, Laura Perlman, Esther Gail, Jack Dinkes, Hilda Minneman, Herbert A. Temple, Arthur Stein, Hortense Ciner, Vivian Sheinberg, Harry Silverman, Marjorie Pariser, Miriam Broadlieb, Jonas Ellis, Jessica Gordon, Gladys Silverstein, George Moskowitz, Mildred Keller, Loretta Levine, Burt Tretler, Lillian Levitt, Sidney Silverman, Theodore Kupferstein, Miriam Solomon, Marjorie Wolgel, Sidney Kreiss, Sylvia Greenhut, Sidney Levy, Emanuel Arnsberg, Ethel Last, and Elizabeth Konogy.

Cantors Will Hold Concert in Garden

Association Schedules Event for March as First of Series

The Jewish Ministers Cantors Association will celebrate its fortieth anniversary with a concert at Madison Square Garden in March, it was decided at a conference yesterday at the National Theatre Building, Houston street and Second avenue.

The Garden event, in which five hundred cantors are expected to participate, will presage a series of concerts and lectures to be held throughout the country. Funds thus raised will be used to alleviate the distress of unemployed cantors. It is hoped to raise \$100,000. A similar campaign in 1924 at the thirtieth anniversary proved successful, it was pointed out at the meeting.

A memorial service for Cantor M. Fine, who died two weeks ago, was held during the afternoon session. Rev. P. Jassinowsky was chairman of the meeting.

McDonald Geneva-Bound

James G. McDonald, High Commissioner for German refugees, was aboard the steamship Rex today en route for Geneva and Rome in connection with his work for Reich exiles. He expects to return here in February.

Steinkopf Is Made A King's Counsel

Manitoba's New Year's List Reveals Appointment of Winnipeg Man

(J.D.B. Special Correspondence) WINNIPEG, Man.—Max Steinkopf is one of eight barristers-at-law appointed as King's Counsel and entitled to wear the silk robes and insignia which go with this honor, according to the Manitoba government's New Year's list, announced by Attorney General William J. Major.

A member of the firm of Steinkopf and Lawrence here, Mr. Steinkopf is honorary consul for Czechoslovakia west of the Great Lakes. He now holds, or has held in the past, many other important posts.

Active in Jewish affairs, he is a former president of the Canadian Zionist Organization, a former president of Winnipeg Hebrew Free School and a former president of the Talmud Torah.

Born in Praha (then known as Prague) on March 2, 1881, Mr. Steinkopf came to Manitoba in 1889, was educated in schools here and at the University of Manitoba, and was admitted to the bar in 1905.

In 1930 he was decorated by the government of Czechoslovakia with the Order of the White Lion.

Quits Soviet for Zion

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency) RIGA, Latvia, Jan. 7.—Rabbi Kagan, who was banished to Siberia for three years for secretly maintaining a religious seminary in violation of Soviet anti-religious laws, arrived here yesterday from Moscow. He is en route to Palestine.

Legion Head Here Removed by Nazis

Hamburg Orders Dismissal of Milwaukeean for 'Socialist Activities'

(Special to the J.D.B.) MILWAUKEE, Wis., Jan. 7.—Far-reaching hands of Nazi officialdom in Germany reached into Milwaukee today and forced the removal of Rudolph Deckert from the German Legion of Honor, which he founded and led in the Midwest.

On direct orders from Hamburg, Germany, Deckert was deposed and charged with having cooperated with Socialist organizations dominated by "Jews, Jesuits and Masons." He was also accused of having antagonized American pro-Nazi groups by refusing to fly the swastika at meetings of his organization. Deckert is to be tried by a "court of honor."

Anti-War Profit Protest Gets Mayor's Signature

While representatives of various veterans' organizations, including the Jewish War Veterans of the United States, looked on, Mayor LaGuardia yesterday signed a resolution sponsored in the Board of Aldermen by Alderman Max Gross of the Bronx, asking Congress to take the profits out of war or to turn the munitions business over to the Federal Government.

Before signing the resolution, which will be forwarded immediately to Congress, the Mayor complimented Alderman Gross for championing the recommendation and denounced Communists who were holding a demonstration outside City Hall at the time.

SLANTS ON SPORTS

By MORRIS WEINER

From the Mail Box

"Because I know that you're interested in Jewish athletes," writes Herbert Leitman of 975 Walton avenue, New York City, "I'm taking the liberty of writing to you about Tex Kleinfeld, former New York University boxing team lightweight and Southern amateur featherweight champion.



Morris Weiner

"Kleinfeld was paralyzed after a bout in the college gymnasium and was given up by the school authorities as a 'hopeless cripple.' "Through the kind efforts of a Catholic priest, this boy, a Jew, was able to procure the treatments which brought about his complete recovery. Kleinfeld has been training hard for the last three months and will attempt to make his athletic comeback in the Golden Glove Boxing Tournament this year. His efforts are being carefully watched by the former Golden Glove middleweight champion, Milton Hutner, who was his team mate.

"I know that you will join us in wishing this game lad (who was an invalid for two years) good luck."

This corner has published this letter as part of an expression of faith in the comeback of Tex Kleinfeld. For an athlete who has been hurt to make a comeback is one of the most gallant gestures in the sporting world. Only a man who has been hurt on the athletic field and who has attempted to play the game again can understand the courage that it takes to overcome the mental handicaps. We wish Tex all the luck in the world.

The Crimson Tide

"Gus A. Fan," 705 Felcher avenue, Montgomery, Ala., writes, "As one of the readers of your Bulletin sports section, I noticed that you stated that no Jewish athlete would play in the Rose Bowl for either team. I want to tell you that you are mistaken. Alabama has a ball player who is Jewish from head to foot. He is Leroy Goldberg and hails from Pine Bluff, Ark. He saw action against Stanford and intercepted one of their last-minute attempts at forward passing to stem the Crimson Tide. He is a quarterback. It is expected that Goldberg, although a substitute this year, will make the Varsity grade before he leaves Alabama."

Philadelphia Fan Says:

"It is as difficult to get Dave Smukler, star sophomore on Temple's football team, to talk about himself and his athletic achievement as it is to catch an untamed lion with a butterfly net," writes a lad who signs himself "His fraternity brother."

"Here is a story on Smukler that has just cropped up. Dave was the lone entry from Gloversville High School in the Cornell University interscholastic track meet three years ago, but as generally is the case, the coach and the student manager came along to bask in the spotlight."

Clever at Throwing Discus and Shot

"Dave was entered in the shot put and discus throw. Before his turn to throw, the coach asked one of the officials how far it was to that shot put backboard. 'Fifty-two feet,' replied the official. 'You'll have to move it back a couple of feet, for my boy can toss the iron ball farther than that,' replied the coach.

"My dear fellow," said the official, 'the record is less than fifty

feet. Surely you don't expect Smukler to break the record by more than two feet, do you?"

"Why certainly I do," the coach answered in none too polite a tone. "I'll have him hit the backboard for you in a practice try." Well, Dave stepped up and smacked the backboard, so the officials were convinced and moved the board back four feet. Dave won the event, a twelve-pound affair, with a heave of fifty-four feet three inches.

"Smukler is also good for 145 feet in the discus throw, and the track coach of the Temple team cannot wait until Spring, for he wants to steal Dave away from Spring football training."

A Report From Georgia

David Leventhal, a sports writer on the Macon Press, sends us an air mail special. "This might prove of interest to some of your fans. Wild-swinging Kingfish Levinsky who stopped here last night declared there are only two heavyweights on this spinning planet—me and Maxie Baer!"

"Furthermore his knockout last week by Champion Baer was all a mistake.

"Yeah, it was an accident," the ex-haddock handler explained. "I was coming off the ropes when my foot slipped. Max hit me at the same time. A lucky punch, that's all.

"I still think I can whip Baer. He's a great fighter. Oh, a great fighter. He knows how to box and he's got a wallop.

"But I know I can beat 'im and I'll get another crack at that championship. When I do it will be

a longer bout and I'll knock his block off."

Wants More News On Women Athletes

"Writing about Jews in sports is an excellent thing. Jews in sports have needed all the publicity they could get. The only stories on Jewish athletes that are published in the sporting sections of the metropolitan press concern world-beaters such as Barney Ross. Your column on Jewish athletes, whether they be top-notchers or not, is refreshing.

"Nevertheless, don't you think that you are stressing the masculine angle too much? It is only rarely that you publish a column on Jewish women who are in sports. You might increase your popularity with your female public. There are plenty of good Jewish athletes at Hunter, Brooklyn College, Long Island University and New York University. These girls are excellent basketball players, fencers, field hockeyites and stars in many other branches of sports.

Actors' Head in Poland; Will Study Status of Art

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

WARSAW, Jan. 7.—Reuben Gusk, manager of the Hebrew Actors Union of New York, have arrived here for an extended stay in Poland.

While here Mr. Gusk will study the status of Jewish art in Poland and the manner in which Polish Jewish artists earn their livelihoods.

Dr. Dushkin Feted On Eve of Sailing

Educators Laud Colleague at Seminary Dinner—125 Attend Event

Dr. Alexander M. Dushkin, who is to leave today for Palestine to assume the post of Professor in Education at the Hebrew University in Jerusalem, was feted by the American Committee for the university at a farewell dinner at the Jewish Theological Seminary, Broadway and 122d street.

Prominent educators in Jewish and non-Jewish life landed Dr. Dushkin's work in the field of education before the 125 persons who attended the event Saturday evening.

Among them were Dr. Samson Benderly, chairman for the occasion; Dr. Solomon Lowenstein, Bernard Semel, Israel S. Chipkin, Dr. William H. Kilpatrick and Edward A. Norman. Dr. Nathan Ratnoff and Z. Scharfstein also spoke. A. P. Schoolman was chairman of the executive committee which arranged the affair.

Hoodlums Beat Dancers

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

PRUZANY, Poland, Jan. 7.—Two persons were injured here when hoodlums invaded a Jewish ballroom and attacked the dancers. The injured are Moishe Schneider and his wife.

Keep "regular" with **EX-LAX**
The Chocolated Laxative

CLASSIFIED RATES

1 Month	3 Months	6 Months	1 Year
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Daily \$4.00	Sunday \$10.00	3 Times \$17.50	7 Times \$39.00

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MONA LEEA—Individual care, trial treatment \$1.75. 142 West 57th, Circle 7-6346.

\$100 EVERY WEEK FOR BEST 250 WORD ESSAYS

RULES—NO AGE LIMIT

- 1.—Competition open to every one except employees of the J.D.B. and their relatives.
- 2.—Prizes will be awarded each week to those writing the best 250-word article on what they consider the BIGGEST JEWISH NEWS OF THE PRECEDING WEEK. The articles MUST tell WHAT is the biggest Jewish news of the week and WHY.
- 3.—A.—For Colleges—For Best Articles of the Week:
First Prize.....\$25.00
Second Prize.....10.00
Third Prize.....5.00
B.—For High Schools:
First Prize.....\$10.00 and a Gold Medal
Second Prize.....5.00 and a Silver Medal
Third Prize.....2.00 and a Bronze Medal
3 Honorable Mentions
C.—For Non-Students:
First Prize.....\$25.00
Second Prize.....10.00
Third Prize.....5.00
In case of tie, equal prizes will be awarded.
- 4.—There shall be a term prize for high schools receiving the greatest number of points during one term.
A.—A student of an accredited high school who wins
First Prize..... earns 100 points for his school
Second Prize..... earns 70 points for his school
Third Prize..... earns 50 points for his school
Honorable Mention earns 25 points for his school
The term prize will be a trophy—to be held by the winning school for one semester—e. g. January, 1935, to June, 1935.
- 5.—The news shall cover all items from SUNDAY to FRIDAY inclusive of any one week.
- 6.—Manuscripts must be post-marked not later than midnight MONDAY of the following week. Manuscripts of more than 250 words will not be considered. No manuscripts will be returned. All must be legibly written in ink or typewritten on one side of the paper. Full name, age, address, school, on all sheets in upper left hand corner.
- 7.—In order to enter contest for one week six coupons of that week must be enclosed with article. Coupons appear only in J.D.B. and a full set is needed to enter contest.
- 8.—Names of winners for first week of contest will be published on Friday, November 23, and regularly every Friday thereafter.
- 9.—THE EDITORIAL BOARD OF THE J.D.B. SHALL BE THE SOLE JUDGE IN THE CONTEST AND ITS DECISION SHALL BE FINAL.

MADISON LEADS IN POINT RACE

THE letter on the Biggest News of the Week that won a first prize of ten dollars and a gold medal for Melvin J. Lasky, a student at De Witt Clinton High School, in the Bronx, netted his school 100 points in the race for News Trophy. This trophy will be awarded the school with the greatest number of points at the end of the contest. Lasky's letter brought Clinton into third place ranking. Albert Goldstein's letter, which won second prize of five dollars, a silver medal and seventy points, raised Benjamin Franklin to a fourth place behind Clinton.

Madison still leads the high schools with a total of 370 points while Townsend Harris remains in second place. The present standing of the high schools follows:

Schools	Points
James Madison	370
Townsend Harris	270
De Witt Clinton	250
Benjamin Franklin	240
James Monroe	200
Hebrew Parochial	170
Seward Park	150
George Washington	150
Morris	125
Girls'	125
New Utrecht	120
Tuley (Chicago)	95
Abraham Lincoln	50

The following schools have twenty-five points each: Samuel Tilden, Thomas Jefferson, Washington Irving, Alexander Hamilton, Manual Training, Brooklyn Technical.

The Biggest Jewish News of the Week Contest

For Students and Non-Students

PAYS 9 CASH PRIZES WEEKLY

For High School Students

Gold, Silver, Bronze Medals in Addition to Cash

Save the Coupon Daily and Mail In Six With Your Essay

JEWISH DAILY BULLETIN

221 CENTRE STREET

NEW YORK, N. Y.

Biggest News of the Week Contest

ENTRY BLANK NO. 3

This Entry Blank, together with the five other blanks that appeared in the Jewish Daily Bulletin during the week ending Friday, January 11th, must be mailed or brought to the Bulletin not later than Monday, January 14th, Midnight. Only one manuscript may accompany each set of blanks.

Name

Address..... City..... State.....

JANUARY 8, 1935

A. J. Congress Disclaims Blame For Students' Anti-Fascist Row

The American Jewish Congress refuses to shoulder responsibility for recent demonstrations against a visiting Italian student delegation, pointing out that it has no connection with colleges at which the outbreaks occurred and that it does not consider itself in a position to pass judgment on the actions of any part of their student bodies, a communication sent by the Congress to the Federation of Italian Jewish Communities in reply to the latter organization's letter deploring the incidents revealed yesterday.

Joshua L. Goldberg, national secretary of the Congress, referred the Italian Federation's letter to Professor Morris Cohen, head of the philosophy department of the College of the City of New York, who wrote in return that in his opinion the demonstrations were in no way Jewish in origin.

Disclaim Responsibility

Mr. Goldberg's letter to the Italian Jewish body follows in part:

"The American Jewish Congress is neither in a position to speak nor to pass judgment upon the actions of all or any part of the student bodies of the colleges of this country. For this reason we took the liberty of referring your communication to Professor Morris Raphael Cohen, asking him to be good enough to enlighten us as to the facts. Herewith we beg to enclose a copy of his reply."

Excerpts from Professor Cohen's letter to Mr. Goldberg, a copy of which was forwarded to the Italian Federation, follows:

Students Fear Fascism

"I . . . am very much pained that any one should get the impression that the demonstrations against the visiting Italian students (G. U. F.) were in any way Jewish in origin. I am sure that no one acquainted with conditions in American colleges would subscribe to this view. The recent years of economic depression have led some Americans to entertain the idea that possibly we might do better if we abandoned our more democratic institutions.

"This has naturally provoked and intensified the fear among our liberally minded youth lest this should lead to a real loss of our traditional liberties and democratic or parliamentary institutions. As the impression has spread in this country that the visit of the Italian students was in the nature of propaganda for Fascism, it naturally provoked demonstrations from those of our students who felt that such foreign propaganda must be fought at every point.

Outside Circumstances

"The statement of the Unione

delle Israelitiche Italiane (Federation of Italian Jewish Communities) is perfectly correct in insisting on the difference between Fascism and Nazism in their relation to the Jews. But I think that American Jews generally are aware of this, and appreciate the consideration and freedom allowed the Jews by the Italian government. . . .

"It is true that one of the worst demonstrations against the G. U. F. took place at the City College, where a majority of the students are Jews. But this was the result of an unfortunate series of circumstances independent of the fact that there are so many Jews among our students. . . ."

"Jewish Fascists" Scored

In order to counteract the effects of the Revisionist conference, the Bund, Polish Jewish Socialist organization, today proclaimed a week against "Jewish Fascism."

Meetings will be held during the week, it was announced, to express opposition to the "Jewish Fascists," the term used for the Revisionist meeting.

YM-YWHA Bldg. Will be Dedicated

LaGuardia, Other Prominent Speakers Expected Sunday at Ceremonies

Dedication Sunday afternoon of the new home of the Young Men's and Young Women's Hebrew Association of Washington Heights, at 178th street and Fort Washington avenue on the George Washington Bridge plaza, will mark the beginning of a week's program devoted to the various phases of the group's activities.

On the speakers' list for the occasion, which signalizes completion of the expansion and remodeling of the building leased recently from the Port Authority, are Mayor Fiorello H. LaGuardia, George Z. Medalie, former Attorney General; Dr. Solomon Lowenstein, executive director of the Federation for the Support of Jewish Philanthropic Societies; Harry L. Glucksman, executive director of the Jewish Welfare Board; M. Maldwin Fertig, president of the Metropolitan League of Jewish Community Associations, and Frank L. Weil, president of the Ninety-second Street Young Men's Hebrew Association.

Police Rescue Cantors From London Greeters

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

LONDON, Jan. 7.—An enthusiastic throng of film fans gave Eddie Cantor a bad half-hour here last night, when they surrounded him, his wife and daughter as the trio were leaving a restaurant and threatened to cause them physical injury in their eagerness to get a close view of the comedian.

The Cantors took refuge on a fire escape, from where they were rescued by more than a score of policemen, who escorted them to a taxicab.

Newmark, Advertising Pioneer, Is Buried

Funeral services were held yesterday afternoon for Alexander Newmark of 517 West 184th street, pioneer classified advertising agent, who died suddenly Saturday night of a heart attack.

Born in Russia in 1871, Mr. Newmark founded the Washington Heights Advertising Agency, Inc., Newark's Advertising Agency and the West Side Advertising Agency.

His widow, Rose; a son, Edward H.; and two daughters, Mrs. Agnes Jaffe and Mrs. Helen Rabi, survive him.

On Executive Board



George Z. Medalie, former United States Attorney, who was named a member of the executive committee of the American Jewish Committee, succeeding the late Max J. Kohler.

Women Prepare for April 28 Election

Brooklyn, Bronx Chapters of AJC to Hold Mass Meeting Today

Mass meetings preliminary to organizing for participation in the national elections to be sponsored by the American Jewish Congress on April 28 will be held today by the Brooklyn and Bronx chapters of the women's division of the Congress.

Brooklyn will be entitled to elect seventy-seven of a total of 176 delegates allotted to Greater New York, a number greater than that allowed to any of the other boroughs.

Dr. Anna W. Hochfelder will be inducted as chairman of the Brooklyn division at tonight's meeting, at Brooklyn Jewish Center, Eastern Parkway.

The Bronx session will be held this afternoon at Mount Eden Center. Forty-two delegates have been allotted to the Bronx.

Kohut Foundation Announces Series

Publishes Work on Josephus; Lexicon to Aid Ancient Historical Research

The Kohut Foundation, established at the Jewish Institute of Religion by the late George Alexander Kohut, announces publication of Fascicle 2 of the Greek Lexicon to Josephus, begun by the late H. St. J. Thackeray and continued by Professor Ralph Marcus of the institute.

When completed the Lexicon will contain about 400 pages. It is expected to be of material aid for research to students of the Bible, of Jewish history, of Christianity and of Hellenistic history and literature.

Birthday Fete Planned For Dr. C. Zhitlowsky

Plans for the celebration of Dr. Chaim Zhitlowsky's seventieth birthday on May 11 with an affair at the New York Coliseum have been discussed by several hundred delegates of Jewish organizations, labor unions and schools at a conference at Irving Plaza Hall.

A committee to raise \$50,000 to publish all works of the noted writer was formed. Included among the speakers were S. Niger, J. Baskin, J. Siegel, J. Schlossberg, M. Finestone, H. Ehrenreich and M. Elkin. David Pinski presided.

Police of Hamburg Seek Tombstone Desecrators

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

BERLIN, Jan. 7.—Police of Hamburg are investigating the wrecking of fifteen tombstones in the Jewish cemetery at Oevelgoenne, near Hamburg, by a group of Nazis who made their escape at once.

A reward for the discovery and arrest of the desecrators has been posted by the Jewish community of Oevelgoenne.

Shops Bombed By Naras; One Seriously Hurt

Wawer Merchant's Arm Amputated—Wilno Store Damaged

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

WARSAW, Jan. 7.—Jacob Finkelstein, Jewish merchant of Wawer, Poland, was seriously injured today when a bomb was thrown into his shop by anti-Semites. He was rushed to a hospital, where one arm was amputated immediately. His condition was described as critical. The shop was completely destroyed by the explosion.

Nara anti-Semites are suspected of the bombing, since the town is a Nara stronghold and the group has recently carried on intense anti-Jewish agitation.

Bomb Causes Damage In Jewish Bookstore

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

WILNO, Jan. 7.—A Jewish book shop owned by M. Icowicz was destroyed last night when a bomb was thrown into the store. There were no casualties, but the damage is believed to be heavy.

Equality in Austria Condition for Loan

(Continued from Page One)

anti-Semitic acts by his government, but threatened to punish the perpetrators of "baseless lies." He reiterated an earlier declaration of equality for all faiths made by Chancellor Kurt Schuschnigg.

Buresch's Promise Clouded in Mystery

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

VIENNA, Jan. 7.—All attempts made here today have failed to ascertain from Austrian Jewish sources whether the promises made in London by Dr. Karl Buresch have had any practical results as far as a let-up in the anti-Jewish program of the government.

Austrian Officials Call For Anti-Jewish Boycott

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

VIENNA, Jan. 7.—Despite the promise given by Finance Minister Dr. Karl Buresch in London that the Austrian government would end all anti-Jewish measures, government officials, members of the Fatherland Front, are issuing propaganda calling for a boycott of the Jews, Stimme, organ of the Austrian Zionists, revealed today.

The paper published an invitation, officially circularized by the government, urgently calling upon all Austrians to buy only from "native, Christian shop owners." The document was issued by the economic section of the Fatherland Front.

The Austrian film industry has introduced complete "Aryanism," the Neue Welt, published by Dr. Robert Stricker, reported today. Two new films, "Asef" and "Traveling Into Youth," are pure "Aryan," the paper stated, adding that not a single Jewish artist, technician or laborer was employed in the creation of the two films.

Fur Workers File Protest On Extortion

Give Reply to Dickstein as Insurance Parley Opens in Capitol

(Special to the J.D.B.)

WASHINGTON, Jan. 7.—Representatives of the Fur Workers Industrial Union today filed a formal protest with Representative Samuel Dickstein, vice-chairman of the House committee to investigate un-American activities, against recent testimony given the committee to the effect that the union was extorting three per cent of the New York fur trade payrolls.

Irving Potash of New York City headed the delegation of twenty persons, and filed the protest with Representative Dickstein's secretary. The Congressman was reported out of the city. Failing to see him, the delegates decided to picket his home in New York City to force a public hearing on charges made against the union.

3,000 Attend Congress

The delegation was one of several groups representing various types of organizations, including Communists and Socialists, meeting here as the National Congress for Unemployment and Social Insurance. The 3,000 delegates attending the congress swarmed legislative and executive offices of the government today with resolutions adopted at the close of the sessions this morning.

Hundreds of delegates paraded through the halls of the Capitol to interview representatives and senators. The protest by the fur union pointed out that the Needle Trades Industrial Union, through a strike and through collective bargaining with the employers in the fur industry, has established an unemployment fund to which employers are contributing from one and one-half to three per cent of their payroll.

Secret Probe

Since establishment of this fund, it was stated, the employers have contributed about \$150,000, of which about \$75,000 already has been distributed to unemployed workers in the fur industry.

The House committee investigating un-American activities recently conducted a secret investigation of this fund. Employers in the New York fur industry testified that this fund was built up through extortion. Resenting this charge, the union delegates registered their protest, requesting that a public hearing be called to air the charges.

Leipsiger Rites Scheduled Today

Former Department of Correction Secretary Was Active in Politics

Funeral services will be held at 2 o'clock this afternoon at West End Funeral Chapel, 200 West Ninety-first street, for Moses S. Leipsiger, 59, former secretary to the New York City Department of Correction, who died on Sunday at his home, 176 West Eighty-seventh street, after an illness of almost a year's duration.

An associate of Marshall Ingram, Tammany leader of the Seventh Assembly District, Mr. Leipsiger was active in the Amsterdam Democratic Club of which he was secretary. He was appointed to the Department of Correction post in October, 1931, by Richard C. Patterson Jr., and continued in that office until January 1934. At one time he was a deputy collector of internal revenue.

Surviving are his widow, Mildred, two brothers and two sisters.

Pelley's Trial Opens in Asheville

(Continued from Page One)

Judge Warlick overruled a motion to quash the bill of the indictment and the trial proceeded on the original indictment of sixteen counts.

Most of the day was spent in picking the jury to try the case. Pelley and his associates were indicted last May by the County Grand Jury and were immediately released on \$2,500 bail.

Receivership proceedings are still pending against the Gallahad Press, publishers of Pelley's virulently anti-Jewish paper, Liberation.

Pelley has since undertaken the publication of a new organ, Pelley's Weekly, in which he charges the Jews of the United States with having deliberately plotted his undoing. He once was a well-known author and Y. M. C. A. worker, later bobbing up as an anti-Semite. His organization was investigated by the Congressional Committee investigating subversive activities in the United States.