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Part of Saar May Retain League Rule

Status Quo Supporters Cite Provision in Versailles Pact

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

SAARBRÜCKEN, Jan. 1.—With the January 13 plebiscite which will decide the Saar Basin's future less than two weeks off, adherents to maintenance of the status quo, which would mean continued jurisdiction of the League of Nations over the territory, are predicting a forty per cent vote in favor of this alternative, a special Jewish Telegraphic Agency correspondent learned during a survey of the entire area.

On the basis of this hope they are relying on the Treaty of Versailles provision which would divide the Saar into two portions, one of which would fall under immediate German rule, while the other would continue under League supervision for a stipulated number of years, after which a second plebiscite would be held.

Voters for the third alternative, which would favor handing over the Saar to France, will be insignificant in number, everyone agreed.

Swastika Flies

All residents of the area, no matter what their attitude toward Nazism, feel that the Saar belongs rightfully to Germany, the correspondent found, but all anti-Hitlerites, of course, fear the Reich of today.

Visitors to the Saar remark that either the Hakenkreuz—Hitler's swastika emblem—or Germany's

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First Message In Hebrew Sent Over Telegraph

Israel Amicam Enjoys Fruits of Victory in His Battle

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

JERUSALEM, Jan. 1.—Israel Amicam, former official of the Posts and Telegraph Department of the Palestine government, who waged a determined war with the government to force transmission of telegrams in Hebrew characters, today sent the first message in Hebrew characters over Palestine's telegraph wires. The message was addressed to the Hebrew newspapers and expressed happiness over the historic occasion.

Amicam fought for years to have Hebrew included as a language in which to send wires. He even addressed a petition to the Mandates Commission of the League of Nations asking that body to order the Palestine government to accede to his demand.

The official objection to his plan was that it was not feasible to send messages in Hebrew characters over wires and that a heavy expenditure for special machinery would be necessary.

Flood Relief Work Rushed In Palestine

Travel Is Suspended; Colonies Face Food Shortages

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

JERUSALEM, Jan. 1.—Palestine was coming back to normalcy today after the devastating floods which swept the country, causing over \$5,000,000 in damages, costing the lives of several Arabs and washing away many houses in the cities and in the colonies.

The municipality of Tel Aviv, all-Jewish city in Palestine, established today that sixty-five families suffered severely from the flood in that city. Immediate appropriations were made by the special relief committee to provide food and shelter for the victims.

Railway communication is still suspended throughout the country. No busses are running, since the roads are under water. Most of the colonies are isolated and have no means of communication.

The government today took measures to restore the telephone and telegraph lines which were swept away in several districts. A special relief committee has been organized to provide food and dwellings for the hundreds who remained roofless.

The most serious damages were suffered by the orange plantations in the Sharon Valley, which are all under water. No access will be possible to many settlements for a number of days, since roads are filled with water.

In many parts of the country lighting and water services were affected. The problem of supplying food to the isolated colonies now is being seriously considered by the emergency committee set up to organize contact with these colonies, many of which have not sufficient food reserves.

The flood was caused by heavy rains lasting for several days. So far no Jews are listed among the missing. There are, however, several Arab families listed as drowned in the Valley of Hephher and one Arab in Haifa, who was washed off the shore into the Mediterranean Sea.

Locker Favors Policy Of Placating Britain

Minimize Story Of Soviet Riots Against Jews

Reports Term London Paper's Account Exaggerated

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

MOSCOW, Jan. 1.—Four Jews were among the fourteen persons executed by the Soviet government in connection with the Kirov assassination, the Jewish Telegraphic Agency ascertained today.

All four affirmed their innocence but admitted membership in the "Lenin center," suspected of the crime. The four Jews executed were Sergei Mandelstam, Vladimir Levin, Liev Soscisky and Liev Chanik.

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

LONDON, Jan. 1.—Reports from Warsaw that anti-Jewish riots have taken place in Leningrad and Moscow in a number of factories were termed exaggerated today by the Reuter News Agency. The Jewish Telegraphic Agency correspondent in Moscow was unable to confirm the reports.

The Daily Express, which carried the Warsaw reports exclusively from its correspondent, received no further information today. The editors of the paper, however, stated to the Jewish Telegraphic Agency that they uphold their report fully.

The report which The Daily Express carried stated that anti-Jewish fights took place in Soviet factories in Leningrad and in Moscow. The fights purportedly were in the spirit of anti-Jewish pogroms and flared up when the Russian workers accused their Jewish colleagues of being responsible for rebel plots against the existing Stalin regime.

This is for the first time under the Soviet government that anti-

(Continued on Page Eight)

Renews Pledge



GOV. HERBERT H. LEHMAN

Gov. Lehman Sworn In for Second Term

Democratic Chieftains See Flynn Administer Oath

(Special to the J.D.B.)

ALBANY, Jan. 1.—Governor Herbert H. Lehman was inaugurated for his second term before a distinguished company in the Assembly chamber here today.

The Governor took the oath, which was administered by Edward J. Flynn, Secretary of State, as the climax of a ceremony from which much of the usual pomp and ceremony had been eliminated. Injection of simplicity was at the Governor's request.

Democratic leaders from all parts of the State were in attendance. Postmaster General Farley represented President Roosevelt

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Notes Gains In Good Will In Palestine

Friendship With Arabs Growing, He Tells Agency Body

The wisdom of friendly cooperation with the mandatory government of Palestine and a rapidly improving understanding between Arab and Jewish residents of that country were stressed yesterday by Berl Locker, principal speaker at the second session of the administrative committee of the Jewish Agency for Palestine, at Federation Building, 71 West Forty-seventh street.

Neville Laski, president of the Board of Deputies of British Jews and chairman of the Agency administrative committee, presided at yesterday's sessions, topped with Judge Julian W. Mack, either meeting, which began Monday afternoon and will be concluded today, marks the first time that administrative committee has convened in the United States.

Mr. Locker in the course of his address also outlined briefly the reasons for the Agency's opposition to the mandatory government's proposed legislative council for governing Palestine.

Favors Cooperation

"There are those who think that the best policy would be to engage in protest," Mr. Locker said in discussing the political work of the Agency's executive committee, of which he is a member, "in a permanent accusation of the mandatory government, thinking apparently that the more we demand the more we will get. This is not always the case. We consider friendly cooperation with the mandatory government the normal

(Continued on Page Three)

J. T. A. Refuses to Countenance Histadruth Curb on Free Press

Controlling Element in Agency Executive Uses Pressure

The great principle of freedom of the press is the issue between the Jewish Telegraphic Agency and the leaders of the Histadruth.

The leaders of the Histadruth (the Labor party within the Zionist movement), clothing themselves with the authority of the Executive of the Jewish Agency for Palestine which they control, have embarked upon the business of selling news in competition with the Jewish Telegraphic Agency. Funds of the Jewish Agency are being used for this purpose. This

Reproduced here is the statement of the Jewish Telegraphic Agency explaining its position with regard to the efforts made by the Histadruth to force it from its impartial position for partisan, propaganda purposes.

new service, styled "Palcor," operates from the offices of the Executive in Palestine. The gentleman who is in charge of this service is an employe of the Executive. In London it also operates from the offices of the Zionist headquarters, and the salary of the man in charge of the Palcor service there is paid by the Executive in London.

Palcor has been established by the leaders of the Histadruth in

When Censorship Is Refused, It Enters News Business

order to control the news emanating from Palestine and to solidify their own position by a propaganda service which would serve their own partisan interests. The Histadruth leaders, in order to give their news service added prestige and authority, have utilized the dominant position they hold in the Executive to launch this enterprise in the name of and on behalf of the Executive of the Jewish Agency for Palestine. The Palcor service makes no pretense

(Continued on Page Two)

325 Yemen Jews Reach Holy Land

Flee Persecution in Native Land Through Certificates From Jewish Agency

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

HAIFA, Jan. 1.—Happy to escape from Yemen, Arabia, where Jews are severely persecuted, 325 Yemenite Jews arrived here today to settle in Palestine. The entire group was admitted on certificates sent them by the Jewish Agency for Palestine, which included them in its immigration schedule. One family consisting of eighteen members came in on a single certificate.

The immigrants told of persecution in Yemen and of the many difficulties they were forced to surmount before they finally reached their goal.

Histadruth Would Balk Free Press

Demands Right to Censor News Which Comes Out of Palestine Left Wing Service in Palestine Called Damaging to Zionist Aims

(Continued from Page One)

even of impartiality. Jacob Landau, managing director of the Jewish Telegraphic Agency, when he was in Palestine a few weeks ago, made a most earnest effort to reach an understanding with the Executive, and if the Executive were not controlled by the Histadruth and would have wanted an impartial service, there can be no doubt that an agreement could have been reached.

Terms of Agreement Offered by J. T. A.

Mr. Landau attended a meeting of the Executive of the Jewish Agency to which he submitted written proposals, expressing regret that the Executive should have launched a news service without making any attempt whatever first to communicate with the J.T.A. and explore ways and means to reach an understanding with that organization. He suggested that as long as the Executive seemed determined to continue Palcor, at least a clash with regard to the distribution of the news should be avoided. He suggested.

1. That the Palcor news be distributed by the J.T.A.
2. That the J.T.A. continue its own news service from Palestine but conduct it in the friendliest possible spirit of collaboration with the Executive.

These proposals, which certainly indicated a desire on the part of the J.T.A. to make a maximum of concessions in order to avoid the spectacle of two rival systems, were turned down, as Mr. Landau was subsequently informed by Mr. Ben Gurion and Mr. Shertok. It was obvious that this decision would be taken in view of the decided influence of the Histadruth within the Executive.

Histadruth Control Of the Agency Executive

The Executive is presided over by Dr. Ruppin who, as he himself said, takes no interest in political questions, but devotes himself to his department (colonization). Dr. Berkson has resigned. Dr. Hexter happens to be absent. Dr. Senator, who represents the non-Zionists, is affiliated with the Histadruth. Mr. Ben Gurion, Mr. Shertok, Mr. Kaplan and Dr. Senator, therefore, form one solid bloc, determining the policy of the Executive, and Mr. Gruenbaum is a lone figure. The situation in London is this; Mr. Locker, a member of the Histadruth, exercises the determining influence, while the non-Zionists are not represented at all in the London Executive.

It was pointed out by Mr. Landau to Mr. Ben Gurion and to Mr. Shertok that it was not in the province of the Executive to enter the business of selling news. It could supply news to all newspapers and agencies, but to launch a news service and to ask for subscription fees was certainly contrary to its functions. If the Administration in Washington were to start a news service, it certainly would antagonize the Associated Press, United Press and all other news services.

Hostile Acting of The Histadruth Leaders

A number of steps were taken by the Histadruth leaders in order to weaken or discredit the J.T.A.:

1. The Executive of the Histadruth cabled to the Histadruth in South Africa to boycott the J.T.A. because it was a "Revisionist" enterprise. A circular of defamatory nature was widely circulated by the Histadruth in South Africa.

2. The Executive under the influence of the Histadruth leaders has withheld important news from the J.T.A. or handed it to the J.T.A. after it had already been made public by the Palcor.

3. Palcor has published attacks on the J.T.A. unworthy of the Executive in tone and content.

4. Histadruth members of the Executive, while promoting a rival system, has endeavored through the use of threats to intimidate the J.T.A.

5. At a sub-committee meeting of the South African Zionist Executive, allegations against the J.T.A. were disproved. It was decided, by a considerable majority, to publish an editorial favorable to the J.T.A. in the Zionist Record, official Zionist organ. Thereupon, a member of the Zionist Executive in London caused a telegram to be sent to South Africa advising against publication of this editorial.

Criticized Correspondent Hired by Executive

Characteristic of the attitude of the Executive is the following incident. Mr. Melzer, the Jerusalem correspondent of the J.T.A., was frequently criticized by the Executive. According to them he was irresponsible and biased. The Executive exercised pressure on the J.T.A. to dismiss Mr. Melzer when in one of his reports he charged the Histadruth with having vowed revenge in a proclamation following the Stavsky acquittal. Mr. Melzer has been recently retained by Palcor, although when he served the J.T.A., he was continually criticized by the Histadruth members of the Executive.

The J.T.A. does not possess a monopoly for the dissemination of news. A number of newspapers and news agencies maintain correspondents in Palestine and news by mail and cable reaches newspapers in Europe and in the United States from their own sources. The J.T.A. certainly does not object to the Executive's supplying the press with an information service. The situation is different when the Executive sponsors a news service which asks newspapers for subscription fees, actually endeavoring to establish a rival system.

The recent Jewish Agency statement emphasizes that Jacob Landau is the owner of the J. T. A. This is incorrect. Mr. Landau does not own a majority of the shares in the J. T. A. The other shareholders are prominent leaders in the Jewish community. The J.T.A. can hardly be termed a strictly private enterprise. Its Committee of Sponsors comprises the most prominent Jewish leaders.

Serious objections were entertained by the most eminent Jewish leaders against control of the J.T.A. by a communal board which might open the door to political influences on the J.T.A. If this viewpoint, however, is to be abandoned, the control should not be exercised by one party, but by a board in which a variety of representative Jews should sit. When this suggestion was made by Mr. Landau to Mr. Ben Gurion and Mr. Shertok, their reply was that the J.T.A. in that case might change from a private enterprise to a public institution but that would not affect their position. According to their opinion, the control was to be exercised by the Executive.

When Mr. Landau expressed a desire to consult prominent non-Zionist leaders in the United States, who for many years had

The Chwila, leading Polish Zionist newspaper in the Polish language, had the following to say with regard to the statement of the Jewish Agency Executive on the Jewish Telegraphic Agency:

"The left wing in Palestine has obviously been fighting through the Zionist Executive for some time, behind the scenes, the only Jewish news agency, the Jewish Telegraphic Agency, which is an influential factor in forming public opinion. The first step in this fight carried on by the left wing was the establishment of the Palcor news service within the offices of the Jewish Agency. This news service carrying sensational information injected by the Pal-

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Louis Marshall's Views on J.T.A.

Louis Marshall at the meeting at which the Committee of Sponsors of the J. T. A. was formed, emphatically expressed the opinion that the J. T. A. should not serve any party, but should be free and independent. He even doubted the advisability of establishing the Committee of Sponsors. He expressed the fear that it might interfere with the management of the editorial work or the J. T. A. Mr. Marshall introduced a resolution that such a committee be established, but that it should not interfere with the management or editorial work of the Agency.

The present Zionist Executive is dominated by the Labor element. To be controlled by the Executive would be tantamount to subjecting the J. T. A. to one specific party within the Zionist movement.

The course on which the Executive is about to embark is extremely dangerous. It would eventually lead to the establishment of a Revisionist, Paole-Zion, Mizrahi, etc., small press services, none of them commanding the whole sphere of influence, the numerous contacts with leading agencies, newspapers, governments, statesmen, institutions, organizations, etc., which the J. T. A. has succeeded in establishing. It is the curse of Jewish partisan strife that in the heat of the battle none of our parties has any use for a cool, objective non-partisan recorder, but clamor for a news service they can control.

Petty party sentiment and strife should not be permitted to undermine the J. T. A. During the last two years party passions have

been inflamed to an unprecedented degree.

been inflamed to an unprecedented degree.

been inflamed to an unprecedented degree.

J. T. A. Will Remain Strictly Impartial

It is needless to emphasize that the J. T. A. has not changed and has no intention of changing its policy of strict impartiality. The complaints which have been made against the J. T. A. are without any foundation whatever.

To be fair in the presentation of news, to be scrupulous and to guard against misrepresentation, is its policy which it follows with almost religious fervor. The J. T. A. is only too well aware of its responsibility and realizes the untold havoc one careless word may inflict. Never has a personal animus been injected into our work. It is truly impersonal. It has never tried to "get even" with its worst enemies by ignoring their public activities or dressing up reports which might hurt them.

In its seventeen years of work, the J. T. A. has built up a powerful Agency. Its connection with newspapers, news agencies and institutions of every type, Jewish and non-Jewish, are a real asset to the Jewish people and should not be trifled with. The J. T. A. deserves to be treated with such regard as the position it has obtained in the course of years merits. The J. T. A. has a great and earnest ambition to make the Agency as powerful and useful an institution as possible in the interests of our people and in this endeavor it should have the sympathy and cooperation of the Executive.

Mutual Disregard Is Basis of Trouble

At the root of the trouble is that attitude of mutual disrespect and disregard which only too frequently Jewish leaders and Jewish organizations are wont to adopt towards each other. Thus we succeed in weakening the Jewish position and frequently destroy even very meritorious undertakings. Particularly at this moment when the Jewish position throughout the world has assumed so grave a character, when not only in Germany but also in Poland and other countries we have to cope with a situation fraught with unprecedented dangers for the fate of our people, and where with regard to Palestine we are engaged in working out vital problems. It is most apparent that we should rather try to work and pull together instead of adding to the disunity and dissension which unfortunately are too rife.

The J. T. A. has no intention of

Bulletin Calendar Of Events

Wednesday, January 2

Community Church, 550 West 110th street; 8:15 p. m.; Palestinian evening of the All Nations Fellowship. Speakers: John Haynes Holmes, Mrs. Moses Epstein.

New School for Social Research, 66 West Twelfth street; "The Analysis of Satire," Edgar Johnson; 8:20 p. m. "Post-War Moods in Contemporary French Literature," Jean-Paul Freyes; 8:20 p. m. "Experiencing Pictures," Ralph M. Pearson; 8:20 p. m.

Young Folks League, Temple Petach Tikvah, Rochester avenue near Lincoln place, Brooklyn; "Demonstration in Hypnotism," Dr. Adolph P. Link; 8:30 p. m.

School of the Jewish Woman, 251 West 100th street; 8:00 p. m.; "Appreciation of Hebrew Literature," Dr. Trude Weiss Rosmarin.

Meeting of the Bronx Section of the Westchester Women's Division of the Non-Sectarian Anti-Nazi League, Imperial Gardens, 1209 Colgate avenue; 8:30 p. m.

Pen Club Protests Anti-Yiddish Drive

Warsaw Unit Demands Prestige of Medium Be Protected in Palestine

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

WARSAW.—Meeting here, the Yiddish Pen Club of Warsaw sent a letter to the Hebrew Pen Club in Tel Aviv vigorously protesting the campaign against use of Yiddish which has been renewed in Palestine in connection with the appearance of a new Yiddish fortnightly, Naje Welt.

The protest was dispatched to Palestine after the local organization had received a letter from the Yiddish Writers and Journalists Club in Palestine acquainting them with the situation. A demand was made that the prestige of Yiddish in Palestine be protected.

permitting itself to give up its policy of impartiality. Despite all the unheard of provocation to which it is being subjected, despite the bullying attitude of intimidation which is readily adopted against it not only by the Histadruth but also by the Revisionists, it intends to do its duty.



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Parley to Plan New York Setup In AJC Election

Delegates to Divide City Into Precincts at Meeting Tomorrow

Plans for the participation of Greater New York in the national elections to be held April 28 for an enlarged American Jewish Congress will be formulated at a special meeting tomorrow night at the Hotel Commodore. The gathering has been called by the New York election committee, comprising 100 representatives of leading Jewish organizations.

The city will be divided into election precincts at tomorrow night's session, organization of local conferences in various sections will be considered and the routine to be followed in the April voting will be worked out.

"The organization of the election campaign in Greater New York," said a statement issued yesterday by the American Jewish Congress, "will initiate a nationwide program of activity in behalf of the national democratic elections."

"While the general campaign lines are being formulated, the national board of elections, comprised of representatives of fifteen leading national organizations, will complete the plans for the technical work involved and will carry its lines into all sections of the country."

Prominent Los Angeles Citizens Frown on Plan

(Special to the J.D.B.)
LOS ANGELES, Jan. 1.—Thirty-five prominent Jewish citizens of Los Angeles, including Judges Lester Roth, Isaac Pacht, Harry A. Hollzer, Rabbis Edgar F. Magnin, Isadore Isaacson, and Marco R. Newmark, Irving Lipsitch and David Blumberg, have signed a statement disapproving participation in elections for an enlarged American Jewish Congress, scheduled for next April.

"The attempt to hold a so-called World Jewish Conference in 1934," the statement said, "was rebuked and emphatically repudiated by responsible elements in American Jewish life and also in foreign lands."

"The present attempt to resuscitate this issue by those sponsoring the present move of the American Jewish Congress can result only in lending credibility to malicious accusations leveled against the Jewish people by anti-Semitic governments."

Governor Lehman Is Sworn In

(Continued from Page One)
and former Governor Alfred E. Smith, at whose insistence Governor Lehman first entered public life, was present.

For the first time since 1913 a Democratic Governor will have a Legislature controlled in both branches by a majority of his own party. In November Governor Lehman was re-elected by a plurality of more than 800,000.

In his inaugural address the Governor pledged his administration to carry on in the progressive tradition of the days of former Governors Smith and Roosevelt.

Actually Governor Lehman entered upon his second term last midnight. To fill in the interregnum he was sworn in at the Executive Mansion last night in the presence of his family, personal friends and members of his Cabinet.

Richard Brothers, who had been confined to a lunatic asylum, in the late eighteenth century first advanced the belief that the English are descended from the Ten Lost Tribes of Israel.

Dr. Bernhard Kahn Has Given Life To Succoring Israel in Distress

Joint Distribution Committee Aide Has Toiled 31 Years

During a pogrom in Kishineff a young man decided to devote his life to Israel's needy and oppressed.

A youthful post-graduate student in Munich in 1903 heard the cry of oppressed Jewry in Russia and since then has given without stint or thought of recompense, except the happiness of his people, more than thirty years of his life.

Today Dr. Bernhard Kahn, European director of the American Jewish Joint Distribution Committee, director of the American Joint Reconstruction Foundation and leader in other aid movements, is here in New York to devise yet more ways of helping Jewry, both in Europe and in Palestine, in what may prove its darkest hour of need.

A German Jew

Although a native of Sweden, where his family had lived for a short time, Dr. Kahn, today, fifty-eight years old, is a German Jew, brought up in the highest traditions of German Jewry.

The massacre in Kishineff came as a shock to Dr. Kahn, at that time twenty-seven, and eagerly he joined the protest movement that swept the world. His earnest, convincing endeavor won the fancy of the Hilfsverein der Deutschen Juden, central organization for German Jewry, and he was asked to join the group in its work. He accepted immediately.

That was in 1904. For eighteen years he gave his services as general secretary. He worked to bring order into the planless, haphazard immigration of East European Jews and to establish the wanderers on a solid economic basis. Together with Drs. Paul Nathan and James Simons, he is responsible for the organization and successful functioning of the Hilfsverein's school system in the Near East, especially Palestine.

Aided War Victims

The Rumanian riots of 1907, the Balkan wars of 1912-1913, found Dr. Kahn in the midst of endeavors to succor innocent Jewry in those backward countries. He headed an international group that went to the relief of the war sufferers, which gave him a taste of what was yet to come in the holocaust that followed a year later.

The tallish, brown-eyed and gray-haired man, who looks ten years younger than his age, who holds the degree of Doctor of Law (he has attended several German universities), and is also an economist, explained patiently, with an earnest look in his eyes, about his work for his stricken brethren.

"Their situation was very tragic. Relief was essential to these innocent sufferers."

Since the Hitler catastrophe, he has made his headquarters in Paris. The French government, he explained, was by no means unfriendly to German-Jewish refugees and shows great leniency toward them. The news that Paris had decided to forbid the extension of transit visas held by thousands of these refugees brought a quick protest to his lips.

Can't Believe It

"If it is true," he said, "it is in absolute contrast with what Premier Flandin said to me a few days before I left for New York."

"Previously I had discussed the situation with Minister of Labor Jacquier. Their attitudes were not hostile—on the contrary..." and a look of deep thought passed his face.

"The situation of these refugees is tragic," he continued, with a far-away look that showed his



DR. BERNHARD KAHN

mind had swung back to the scenes of misery in France, "and even if a few of these people do get work, the vast majority suffers severely."

The order, he explained, would be a general one and would not discriminate against the Jews as such. The several hundred thousand foreigners in France, Jew and Gentile alike, fall under the conditions imposed by the government.

But the World War witnessed him in his greatest endeavors. Jews by the million were caught in the conflicting currents of Allied and Central Powers.

Helped Civil Prisoners

His behind-the-lines duties were strenuous indeed. Civil prisoners in Germany have cause for gratitude for his work. With the American relief groups, chiefly the Joint Distribution Committee, he worked hand in hand. After the War, in

His Ardor for Service Was Born During Russian Pogrom

1920, he became chairman of the European executive of the Committee.

Headquarters during the war were in the neutral country of Holland. From there the long arm of the Committee reached into Germany, Poland, Russia, Rumania—wherever a Jew was in need.

"Since 1924," he said, "when I took charge of all European activities of the Joint Distribution Committee, I have made many trips to Eastern Europe and Soviet Russia."

Calls on U. S. Jewry

Today's catastrophe, almost as great as the one during the World War holocaust, find him energetically eager to further the JDC work in Europe.

"American Jews must give as much as possible," he declared. "Without their aid our efforts would prove unavailing. Stricken Jewry in Europe demands it!"

He has the highest praise for Americans, he said. Their generosity has proved a boon to the European sufferers. But today's situation demands every ounce of effort and endeavor, for their brethren across the seas call again.

Although the Joint Distribution Committee has expended \$82,000,000 since its inception in 1914 for the aid of distressed Jewry in Europe, and \$35,000,000 of this amount in the past thirteen years, Dr. Kahn warned that constructive relief measures on a larger scale than hitherto must be organized to cope with today's situation, especially in Germany. And the situation of East European Jewry has become worse, he added.

Berl Locker Champions Policy Of Cooperation With Britain

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way of doing our work.

"Previous executives, and I think also this executive, have shown that they have the courage to speak quite forcefully and to represent our demands and our views quite clearly to the mandatory government. It is important that we have a sense of proportion in our dealings with the British government and that we recognize its standing under the mandate."

Discussing the executive's view on the subject of immigration to Palestine, Mr. Locker said, "There should not be any limit of entry if the absorptive economic capacity allows for larger entry."

He declared that there should not be any "political reasons for limiting the number of emigrants," and pointed out that the need for emigration has never been greater than at the present time.

Palestine Only Haven

"The only spot in the world to which we can turn is Palestine," he said. "We have only one spot in the world where Jews can go not by sufferance but as of right, and thanks to these rights and to the flow of Jewish capital and Jewish man power into the country, Palestine may be able to absorb more than 40,000 Jews, some think as many as 60,000 or 70,000 per annum. We thankfully acknowledge the 40,000 which is after all ten times the 4,000 which had been entering only a few years ago. But we still believe that a considerable number could have come which was prevented, and for this we are really sorry and so we tell the government."

On the subject of an Arab-Jewish understanding, Mr. Locker had the following to say:

"Jews should not make the mistake of understating the Arab national spirit. There is a very serious and very sincere national movement among Arabs, especially among the youth. We should understand it. On the other hand, we should not measure the Arab spirit merely by what Arab politicians say. There is more cooperation between Jews and Arabs than the general public knows. Arab masses are coming closer to Jews. For the past two or three years steps have been taken to provide closer understanding among Jews of Arab life."

Legislative Council

In his report on the executive's stand with respect to the projected legislative council, Mr. Locker said:

"We tried to impress upon the government and especially upon the High Commissioner why we were opposed at this moment to a legislative council. The most important point of the position of Palestine is the mandate, and the building up of the Jewish National Home. Any step which is taken, the result of which is to put the Jews in Palestine in the position of a minority, is against the spirit and letter of the mandate, according to our view."

Another speaker at yesterday's session was Leo Herrmann, representative of the Keren Hayesod, who reported on the finances of the executive and outlined the budget for the forthcoming year.

Among those who took part in the discussions following the reports were: Felix M. Warburg, Dr. Cyrus A. Adler, Dr. Stephen S. Wise, Dr. M. J. Karpf, Judge Mack, Mr. Laski, Baruch Zuckerman, James Becker, Jacob Fish-

man, Robert Szold, Alexander Kahn and Bernard Given.

More than 60,000 Jews entered Palestine in 1934, Dr. Maurice B. Hexter, American member of the Jewish Agency Executive in Jerusalem estimated Monday.

Reporting on progress made in Palestine, Dr. Hexter contrasted immigration figures for 1929 with those of the past year, describing the latter as "a gratifying advance."

Wealth Not Attained

Stressing the importance of acquiring land and the need for an influx of capital, Dr. Hexter dwelt on the capacity of Palestine to advance funds for its own development.

"So far as I know," he said in part, "no one has acquired wealth in Palestine. There are a large number of people, for which we may be grateful, who have begun to lift themselves by their bootstraps, by their savings."

"When I tell you, for example, that one can go to Palestine now and find 1,000 and 1,500 agricultural laborers who can put into their own colonization a sum of 200 to 250 pounds, you can understand something of what has been going on in Palestine during the past two or three years, because previous to this particular epoch the utmost one could expect colonists to participate in the cost of colonization was approximately thirty to fifty pounds, and with great difficulty."

Only One Has Deficit

"In the first place one must mention the fact that most of the colonies now are more than self-supporting. I know perhaps of only one colony which is still in red figures. In the second place, the investment in the orange plantations in the past two years or two and a half, have begun to pay back interest on the investments, plus, and all of that money, I may say, remains in Palestine because although a large number of orange groves are owned by people away from Palestine, they are owned by people who have a stake in the country and an interest in the money there.

In the third place, both the large and the small industries have done very well. All of these profits and all of these continuing investments and fresh investments to which I have referred above are responsible, for this present economic condition in Palestine, and I believe, as I say, that one may well be proud."

First Session Monday

The first meeting in this country of the administrative committee of the Jewish Agency was opened Monday afternoon at the Federation Building by Neville Laski, president of the Board of Deputies of British Jews and chairman of the committee. The meeting, held in executive session, will conclude this afternoon. Dr. Cyrus Adler, vice-chairman of the committee, greeted the members.

In his opening remarks, Mr. Laski paid tribute to Louis Marshall and other deceased leaders of Jewry. He expressed the regret of Sir Osmond D'Avigdor Goldsmid, Anglo-Jewish leader, at being unable to attend.

Outlining the chief aims of the session, Mr. Laski said in part:

"We have met here, representatives of two hemispheres, to pay

(Continued on Page Six)

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JEWISH DAILY BULLETIN

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NEW WELFARE PLANNING

By Dr. HERMAN FRANK

An occasion for a general discussion of Jewish welfare needs in the United States will be provided by the National Conference on Jewish Welfare to be held in New York City from January 3 to 6.

The scope of the conference is a wide one. It is planned to cover such subject matter as Jewish needs and responsibilities and welfare resources; present trends in the Jewish Federation movement; developing Jewish cultural activities in America; problems of Jewish adjustment and integration into American life; relief for Jews abroad, and American interest in Palestine. Felix M. Warburg will act as general chairman for the conference.

Speakers of outstanding prominence, among them several European visitors, will discuss topics of vital importance to Jews all over the world. And of course there will be opportunity for discussion of problems with which Jewish social service groups in the United States and Canada are working.

Federation Movement At Crossroads

In America, contrary to the state of affairs in many European lands, we have never had a "Jewish community" as a legal entity. In this country, for that matter, the Jewish Federation has been a voluntary agency, which has assumed certain limited philanthropic functions on behalf of the Jewish residents in a community. It could never attempt to speak or act for all Jews.

Although essentially a financial device, the Federation has firmly established itself in a position of prestige and authority. It has demonstrated that divergent groups could come together on a working platform without violence to their individual points of view.

New Policy Is Required

In these latter years, moreover, federations here and there have rendered a real service to the Jewish community by serious efforts to meet new problems on the basis of long-ranged

Agency for Palestine.

The attempt to replace the J.T.A. by a purely Zionist news agency is therefore a real test case for the Jewish Agency.

The non-Zionists are not adequately represented on the Executive of the Jewish Agency. By choosing Zionists as their representatives, the non-Zionists are giving added strength to the one or other faction within the Zionist movement, thus influencing the relationship between the various Zionist groups. This is equally true of many so-called general Zionists who back the Histadruth in the belief that the Histadruth stands for social justice. Histadruth policy has very little in common with any kind of justice.

The Histadruth rules Palestine in a dictatorial and arrogant spirit of ruthlessly pursuing their partisan interests. This is why this Executive, despite its record, is the most unpopular Executive Palestine has ever known. The adequate representation of the Histadruth on the Executive is unquestionably necessary. But to grant the Histadruth the predominant position they at present enjoy is leading to serious abuses as the case of the J.T.A. conclusively proves.

policy-making. In this way they have shown a deep comprehension of recent social trends in the community at large, social and economic trends which affect our Jewish communal interests and responsibilities.

Unfortunately, this movement, though of about forty years' standing, has not succeeded in enlisting the full support of all classes of Jews, either in finances or in leadership. Here, again, new signs appear on the horizon and greater possibilities demand methodical action.

Changed circumstances, such as the financial and social stabilization of the newer immigrant groups on the one hand, and the growing Jewish national consciousness in this country on the other, require a development of a new policy and a new program for guiding the Jewish community.

New Communal Responsibilities

An all-important new circumstance is the fact that Jewish philanthropic agencies are no longer responsible for the bulk of Jewish relief clientele. The government is taking over a constantly increasing proportion of activities formerly considered the prerogative and special province of private social work. The New Deal only accentuated a social trend observable during the last two decades. Workmen's accident compensation, mothers' pensions, old age and unemployment relief, all of these things are means, derived from the public purse, to promote family welfare of Gentile and Jew alike.

But, at the same time, Jewish lay leaders and social workers point out to new big problems of communal welfare. They speak about devising means to combat the discrimination evil, about creating for our depressed population all kinds of vocational plans, such as reeducation classes and occupational self-redirection bureaus, credit institutions, many other things of the sort which the European Jewish population had to build up when they were devastated by war and economic upheavals.

Should Explore New Fields

Some eminent Jewish leaders take even a loftier stand. The Jews, whose appreciation of social justice and standards of social work are higher than the average among the other religious and racial groups, should explore new fields of social ad-

justment. Thus not only the unfortunate in our midst would be benefitted, but we would teach the whole community or city the way things of lasting value could be done.

Again, there is a vast, purely Jewish field of communal responsibility. The cause of Jewish education and character-building, the causes of Jewish international welfare agencies require definite and regular support through special campaigns and special welfare funds which, so far from competing with, are supplementary to the work of the Federations.

Community Planning And Reorganization

Now, owing to the varying sizes of communities, historical conditions with relation to individual organizations and un-planned growth of services, various types of Jewish federations have developed to meet different local conditions. The new circumstances described above require, however, certain adjustments.

It is no longer possible to think of the social-economic program of the Jewish Federation piecemeal, either with respect to its own constituent overlapping elements, duplicating efforts, or without relation to the larger community of which it is a part. In other words, Jewish social work should be reorganized in terms of problems instead of agencies.

If the Jewish social-economic program is to be conceived as an integrated unit, some central body must have the power for community planning and the necessary authority for the creation of new activities, elimination of obsolete functions, consolidation or merger of duplicating or parallel agencies and such other procedures as may be necessary to provide for an efficient, harmonious, coordinated program. This coordination, needless to say, should be carried out on a city- and nationwide scale.

National Council Of Jewish Agencies

These considerations have led the leaders in Jewish communal life to the formation of the National Council of Jewish Federations and Welfare Funds, which was organized in October, 1932, in Cleveland. To the general assembly which met in June of next year in Detroit was submitted a stimulating tentative statement on federation programs and objectives. By the end of 1933 thirty-seven federations and welfare funds in seventeen States and one Canadian province had become members.

The 1934 general assembly of the National Council of Jewish Federations and Welfare Funds convened in the beginning of January in Chicago. It took up for discussion problems of actual and vital interest, questions of public welfare and economic security, fund raising, cultural activities, etc. Several regional conferences of Jewish communal agencies were held under the auspices of the National Council during 1934 in various parts of the United States.

At present the National Council of Jewish Federations and Welfare Funds consists of forty-five members in thirty-nine cities. Twenty States and one Canadian province are represented. Ohio leads with seven cities, followed by New York with four. California, Pennsylvania and Tennessee are represented by three cities each; Minnesota, Texas and Illinois have two

Between the Lines

By B. SMOLAR

The Jewish Welfare Conference The National Conference on Jewish Welfare which opens in New York tomorrow is the first attempt of American Jewry to consider ways and means of coordinating the many-sided Jewish welfare activities which cost American Jewry millions of dollars every year.

In Europe, where Jewish welfare work is concentrated in the hands of the communities and where it is conducted on special taxes collected with government aid, the problem of coordination does not exist. In Germany, the Jewish Zentralwohlfahrtsstelle, which operates along the same lines as the welfare funds in America, is an organized body with one united line of action for all the Jewish communities throughout the country. Similar is the case in Austria, where Jewish welfare activities are concentrated in the hands of the community council.

Different in America

Here in America we have no community system, nor have we any system of special taxation of Jewish citizens for Jewish welfare needs. The entire Jewish welfare work in the United States is being done on a voluntary basis. Each local welfare institution acts separately and rarely comes in touch with other similar organizations.

The purpose of the conference which opens tomorrow is to consider the means by which federated and unorganized groups may deal with the ever-increasing burden of responsibility for the Jewish welfare programs throughout the entire country and also to find a way how individuals may relate themselves to such programs.

Jewish Needs Analyzed

At the conference which opens tomorrow experts will analyze the present Jewish needs in America and the Jewish welfare facilities. The place of the Jewish federations and of the welfare funds will be widely discussed for the benefit of the many delegates who will gather from all parts of the country.

In addition to reports on Jewish welfare and cultural activities in America, the conference will also hear reports on the relief activities conducted by American Jewish organizations in Europe.

Neville Laski, our distinguished guest from England, will enlighten the participants on the aid given to Jews in Eastern and Central Europe. Dr. Joseph Rosen, head of the Agro-Joint in Russia, will speak on Jewish colonization in the Soviet Union where a quarter of a million Jews have been settled on the soil with the aid of American funds. Dr. Bernhard Kahn, European director of the Joint Distribution Committee, will speak on the problem of the Jewish refugees and of how general aid is given to the Jews in East European countries.

James G. McDonald, the League's High Commissioner for Refugees from Germany, will address the conference on the problems which he is facing in his work.

The conference which opens tomorrow promises therefore to be one of the most colorful gatherings in American Jewish life. The importance of this conference is obvious to every Jew in America.

The Reader's Forum

Nazism Here Racket

To the Editor, Jewish Daily Bulletin: "It takes a thief to tell a thief," is an adage well applicable to the Nazi situation in this country.

The startling revelations concerning the Nazis' inter-party strife revealed by The Jewish Daily Bulletin show all the more why Americans should guard against infiltration of these stupid ideas with their attendant woes.

The charges of graft and misappropriation of funds in the Friends of New Germany organization indicate that the group is more than an anti-Semitic movement. It is a money-maker for somebody!

The whole ghastly mess should be aired in print to expose the real reason for the existence of the "Friends." And when the exposure comes, let the courts act.

JAMES LEVIN. Chicago, Dec. 28, 1934.

(Continued on Page Five)

BLACK ON WHITE

By EUGENE LYONS

My friend H.W.C., out in Mt. Vernon, N. Y., thinks little of columnists as a class and less of this columnist in particular.

Reluctantly he admits that "sometimes" he does like this brand-new pillar of Anglo-Jewish journalism. But it doesn't have enough "straight-from-the-shoulder stuff. . . words written at white heat, with the typewriter melting as they strike."

"Instead of molten lead, what do I get?" he asks, and answers: "Hmph! An occasional shower of lukewarm ashes, with a couple of icicles thrown in for variety."

After uncharitably analyzing the lukewarm ashes and lukewarm icicles, H.W.C. really gets into stride:

"Gene, it's a dead give-away. Don't ever, ever ask readers to contribute. A plea of that sort will only get responses from the print-stuck boobs who want to see their names in the paper and don't care what appears over them. The reader who pays his money and wants to be amused or aroused for his three cents, gets only a pain in the epiglottis at such undignified appeals for help.

"In Monday's column you were positively shameless in your request for succor. Give, you wept, with great big glycerine tears that I could almost see coming out of the picture at the top of your column, give or I perish."

The only consolation, now that I've been caught in the act of literary schauerring, is that the great glittering tears were so patently synthetic. Just glycerine globules. Other readers, if any, must also have seen that these were no product of the lachrymal glands. I am not really perishing. Just showmanship, H.W.C. And it worked. It brought indubitable proof that you read my column. You certainly could not have disliked them so emphatically if you didn't read them carefully and regularly.

In fact, that is probably why column conductors try so hard to get a rise out of their three-cent customers. They yearn for testimony that someone other than the type-setter reads their stuff.

In the beginning a new columnist leans back on the assumption that his own wife reads him. After a week or two, however, that assumption is exploded. Casually, though with thumping heart, he then broaches the subject to the city editor, the managing editor and the publisher. Surely, he consoles himself, these dignitaries must glance through his daily contribution.

"As I pointed out in my column the other day," he remarks with calculated nonchalance.

"Did you really?" editor and publisher respond, giving him to understand by their tone that they have more significant work to do than reading his column. After that, he begins to watch his mail, in the faint hope of a letter, no matter how insulting, to prove that someone somewhere has read and misunderstood.

* * *
This need for readers, of course, is no more than a superstition. The press is cluttered with regular features and entire departments which, I am sure, nobody has ever read. Their authors flourish on neglect. As soon as somebody actually reads them, the myth of their popularity and in-



EUGENE LYONS

Hitler's Ignorance Of the World

Hamilton Fish Armstrong, editor of *Foreign Affairs*, in an article on Hitler syndicated by the North American Newspaper Alliance, says:

By adding persecution of the Jews and the German clergy to the persecution of Socialists, Republicans and pacifists, Hitler gave the lie to his own assertion that the Nazis seized power to rescue Germany from Bolshevism. People never have realized that just after the war the Socialists were Europe's bulwark against Communism. Millions everywhere would have swallowed without examination Hitler's statement that the German Socialists, Liberals, Republicans, pacifists and intellectuals were in league with Moscow.

But that lie died beyond revival when along with them into the witches' caldron Hitler threw Jewish capitalists and scientists, princes of the church and parish priests, Lutheran Bishops and ministers, doctors and musicians and historians, and lit the fires beneath with the books of men of genius from Heinrich Heine to Thomas Mann.

The event shows Hitler's ignorance about what the world is like. He knew that revolutions are made against rather than for something; he planned that the Jews should be the scapegoat for Germany's defeat and sufferings. Because he himself cared nothing about morals and abstract justice he thought that nobody else did.

Yet it was sympathy with Jewish sufferers from the Aryan mania, and with the fighting churchmen who refused to abandon the moral bases of their everyday conduct, that induced the world to study and hence reject the whole Nazi concept of life. Gratitude, then, to these victims of Hitlerian ferocity, for their misery made Europe understand Nazism.

New Polish Proposal Affects Jews Most

How the proposal to abolish proportional representation in the Polish Parliament will affect the Jewish minority is told in *The Manchester Guardian*:

The intended abolition of proportional representation in Poland is regarded as a severe blow to the minorities. About

dispensibility will be bankrupted.

But with me this consciousness that someone somewhere reads my words has become a bad habit. Like most foreign correspondents stationed in dictated capitals, I could always count on one set of earnest and persevering readers. My dispatches might be ignored by the editors and the general public. But at least they were carefully studied by the censors.

For years I thus had a group of able and critical-minded men who were paid to read whatever Lyons wrote, including his personal correspondence. They read not only every line, but between the lines and around them. Whatever the bosses and the paying customers might think of me, I knew that I was not being entirely ignored. This sense of human contact was a warming and stimulating influence. More than once, consciously and otherwise, I was stimulated to write in things especially for the censors, for the one audience of which I was sure, no matter what show I put on.

So you will understand, H.W.C., why I crave contributions from readers attesting that they have read me. Now that the paid censors are no more, I am simply afraid of the dark, journalistically speaking.

thirty per cent. of the total population in Poland belong to the Ukrainian, Jewish, German, White Russian, and other minorities. To give them fair representation in Parliament, proportional representation was introduced by the Constituent Assembly of July, 1922. Now it is to cease.

Today the Ukrainian group has eighteen representatives in the Sejm (out of 444) and four in the Senate (out of 111), the Jews have six in the Sejm, and the Germans have five in the Sejm and three in the Senate. A few representatives of minorities secured election on government lists, but these representatives usually adhere to the policy of the party to which they belong.

In a Sejm in which, as at present, the ruling party has an overwhelming majority (247 seats out of 444) there was little scope for the representation of the minorities, but at least their voice could at times be heard. But with the abolition of proportional representation not even that, in most cases, will be possible. The Ukrainians alone will not suffer much. They live in compact masses in Southern Poland, and will be able to obtain much the same representation as now.

The greatest sufferers are expected to be the Jews and the Germans. Only rarely do the Jews form a compact mass in any constituency, and by redistribution they can be tacked on to another constituency in which they will be outnumbered by non-Jewish voters. Similarly with the Germans. The Jews expect to fail entirely to secure representation at the next elections.

Einstein's New Theory Receives Praise

Professor Einstein's new theory on energy is highly praised by the entire American press. *The New York Herald Tribune*, in an editorial, says:

Professor Einstein's paper before the Pittsburgh meeting of the American Mathematical Society may be taken as another victory for what is reasonable over what has been consistent with mathematical logic. Two items of modern relativity and quantum theories always have

NEW WELFARE PLANNING

(Continued from Page Four)
apiece and each of the balance has one.

Program in Light Of New Trends

It has been decided to extend the general assembly this year into a national conference on Jewish welfare and to hold this conference in New York. Its main purpose is to lay down programs for dealing with the Jewish communal problems in the light of new social trends and developments. Means are to be considered by which federated and unorganized groups may cope with these problems and how Jewish individuals may relate themselves to programs of communal welfare.

Should the deliberations of the conference help to direct the variegated welfare activities of American Israel into new channels, into strengthening of Jewish life and enriching Jewish personality, fortifying Jewish morale, then such constructive achievements will vindicate the high hopes which the sponsors of the conference have set on it.

impressed ordinary minds as deeply unreasonable. One is the idea that space is finite instead of infinite. The other is that the time-honored doctrine of cause and effect must be abandoned in favor of the idea that effects are not fixed and determined but merely are more or less probable.

Were these new doctrines definitely proved by experiment it might be necessary to accept them, but the experimental proofs never have been perfect. Now Professor Einstein throws the weight of his authority on the old-fashioned side of the balance. Infinite space and definite relations between cause and effect, if we understand him correctly, seem to him more reasonable than their modern alternatives, just as they seem to the rest of us.

A Stroke of Genius

The New York Times, commenting editorially on Professor Einstein's new theory on energy, says:

By one of those strokes of genius that come to the human mind but once in a few centuries Einstein presented science with a clarifying explanation. Mass and energy are really the same. A pound of sugar is simply so much clumped energy. Make a pound move fast and its mass increases. But there is a limit—the velocity of light. When that is reached the mass becomes infinite and impossible. From Einstein's simple formula it follows that in a single grain of sugar an enormous amount of energy must be congealed. Hence the talk of atomic energy—of driving liners across the ocean with power derived from a glass of water.

Aby Belasco in 1817 defeated Josh Hudson after a two hours' battle fought at Woolwich, Kent.

TEN YEARS AGO in The Jewish Daily Bulletin

January 2, 1925

WARSAW. — The decree of the Polish government withdrawing concessions on monopolized articles, a decree spelling starvation for thousands of Jewish families, became a law without amendment with its publication in the Official Gazette.

NEW YORK. — General Arturo Elias, Mexican Consul General in New York City, declared in an interview that his half-brother, General Plutarco Elias Calles, was quite likely of Jewish descent.

Five Years Ago

BERLIN. — President von Hindenburg started suit against National Socialist Deputy Goebbels because the latter had written an article in a Hitlerite paper stating that von Hindenburg had supported the Young Plan at the behest of the Jews who had him under his thumb.

WARSAW. — Returns for delegates for the approaching Polish Zionist Convention revealed a majority for the oppositionists.

One Year Ago

VIENNA. — Jakob Wasserman died on the New Year and was lamented by the German press that failed to mention Wasserman's race and the fact that he had been a life-long fighter against anti-Semitism.

LONDON. — O. E. D'Avigdor Goldsmid, chairman of the council of the Jewish Agency for Palestine and former president of the Board of Deputies of British Jews, was named a baronet in the King's New Year Honors list.

WASHINGTON. — With the resignation of William H. Woodin, who had been on a leave of absence because of illness, from the post of Secretary of the Treasury, Acting Secretary Henry Morgenthau Jr. was raised to the Secretaryship by President Roosevelt.

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League May Retain Part of Saar

Anti-Nazis See Two in Five For Status Quo

Hope Result Will Divide Area in Half Under Versailles Treaty

(Continued from Page One)
red, white and black flag flies from every building, while the French tri-color is seen almost nowhere except at the offices of the French mining directors.

The Bahnhofstrasse, main avenue in this city, and its adjacent streets are illuminated in the evenings with myriads of small, colored lamps, which give a festive air to the business section. In contrast with this holiday atmosphere is the attitude of many of the city's residents, who foresee a dark future.

Deutsche Front Drive

With France virtually out of the picture, antagonism is confined to the rival Deutsche Front and status quo camps. The former group is the noisier, with its weekly meetings, its daily papers, its illustrated weeklies, its humorous publications and its radio exhortations, all of which prophesy a ninety-eight per cent vote for a Reich regime.

Numbered among the status quo proponents are Liberals, Democrats, Socialists, Communists, and, since recently, many Catholics, all of whom have found new courage in formation of the German League for Christian-Socialist Community.

In an interview with Johann Hoffman, former member of the German Reichstag, both of whom are leaders in the above organization, the Jewish Telegraphic Agency reporter was told of a terrorization campaign being waged in the Saar by the Deutsche Front, aimed both at the Jews and at all other supporters of status quo.

Jews Long Residents of Saar

Outstanding Jews in Saarbruecken and other communities and high officers of the present government, who are working under supervision of the Englishman Geoffrey Knox, president of the government commission, confirmed these reports.

Of the 5,000 Jews, comprising 0.6 per cent of the 830,000 inhabitants of the Saar, 47.5 per cent reside in Saarbruecken, which contains seventeen Jewish religious congregations.

Jews were already living in the Saar Basin the thirteenth century. In 170 the Jews of Saarbruecken formed 0.3 per cent of the population.

Not many Jews are engaged in the professions here. Of the 440 physicians only thirty-six are Jewish.

Spirited Across Border

Jews in the Saar belong largely to the middle class. They are manufacturers, shop keepers, and, in rural sections, cattle breeders. All are having a difficult time at present. They receive anonymous letters and frequently lose their jobs. Several of them have been taken across the German frontier by force in curtained automobiles.

Jewish landlords are unable to collect rents and non-Jews are ordered to go to "Aryan" instead of Jewish physicians and lawyers. But there is no important, organized anti-Semitic agitation, as it is part of the tactical plan of the Deutsche Front to treat the Jews as a negligible quantity.

Hermann Roehling, Nazi industrialist in Voelkingen, and Jacob Pirro, both Hitlerite leaders in the Saar, deny the "Aryan" paragraph will be enforced here after January 13, but little confidence is placed in their pledges or in declarations made by Baron von Neu-rath to Baron Aloisi.

Making Friends in the Saar



The first contingent of British troops sent to Saarbruecken for the plebiscite talk to a group of children on their arrival at the railroad station.

Dutch to Expel Polish Jews From Borders Council Fight Tangles Seats In Jerusalem

Edict Affects All East Europeans Who Came Since 1932

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

AMSTERDAM, Jan. 1.—Disaster loomed for hundreds of Jews who have come to Holland from Poland, following a government edict issued yesterday ordering deportation of all East Europeans who have settled in this country since January, 1932.

Under this provision ninety-five per cent of the Jews who have come here seeking sanctuary from Poland face expulsion. The law was passed despite admission by government officials that the emigrants' behavior has been of a high quality and open to no complaint.

Consternation was caused among those affected by the decree. They were bewildered over what the future holds for them. No other country will accept them and they will not return to Poland, where Jews are being systematically frozen out of the economic picture and where they could expect little other than slow starvation.

Rumanian Society Meets Here Feb. 17

Problems Affecting Jews of Native Land to Be Discussed

The twenty-sixth annual convention of the United Rumanian Jews of America will be held in New York at the Broadway Central Hotel on February 17.

The convention will consider problems affecting the Jews of Rumania and the situation of Jews in other lands. For the first time, an invitation to participate in the conference has been extended to unaffiliated organizations whose membership is Rumanian.

Ludwig II of Bavaria founded a special professorship for Michael Bernays.

5 Officials Retain Posts Pending Outcome of Nashashibi Move

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

JERUSALEM, Jan. 1.—The Palestine government yesterday sanctioned retention in office of five Jerusalem municipal councillors beyond the expiration of their terms until the courts shall have ruled on the petition against the seating of three Arab members of the new council.

The six successful Jewish candidates for the municipal council and the three Arabs whose election has not been contested, will not be able to take over administration of the city's affairs until the contest over the remaining three seats is decided.

The three seats are being disputed by Ragheb Bey Nashashibi, defeated mayor of Jerusalem, and his faction, which remains in control of the city government, despite defeat at the polls, until the contest over the three seats is decided.

The Jewish councillors-elect last week asked the government to seat the duly-elected members without awaiting the decision of the court.

Reich Is Asked to Permit Jewry's Absorption in Economic Scheme

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

BERLIN, Jan. 1.—The Jewish Gemeindeblatt, official organ of the Berlin Jewish community, today published the following New Year message:

"We have coped with our fate in an effort to solve the most difficult of Jewish problems, to build a new occupation life for German Jewry, to establish a new basis of earning livelihoods among numerous Jewish families, while our 15,000 immigrants to Palestine have destroyed the prejudice prevailing with regard to Jewish capabilities by cooperating in all forms of work in a new country.

Relief Leaders To Talk of Aid Before Women

Laski, Hexter, Kahn and Rosen Will Address Hadassah Unit

Problems connected with the rehabilitation of Jews in Europe and Palestine will be discussed by four leaders of international Jewish activities when they address the members of the national board of Hadassah Saturday afternoon, it was announced yesterday by Mrs. Moses P. Epstein, national vice-president.

The speakers will appear at a reception and tea to be given in their honor by the Hadassah board at the home of Mrs. Benjamin Graham, 300 West End avenue. The guests will be Neville Laski, president of the Board of Deputies of British Jews; Dr. Maurice Hexter, American member of the Jewish Agency executive in Jerusalem; Dr. Bernhard Kahn, European director of the American Jewish Joint Distribution Committee, and Dr. Joseph Rosen, director of Agro-Joint activities in Russia.

Enlarged Youth Zionism Movement Is Fostered

A movement to coordinate the educational aspects of Zionism fostered by Zionist youth organizations has been begun by Junior Hadassah, it was announced by Miss Celia B. Slohm, national president.

Poland Prohibits Biro-Bidjan News

Places Ban on Stern, Yiddish Daily in Bureya; 5 Anti-Nazi Papers Barred

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

WARSAW, Jan. 1.—The Polish Ministry of the Interior yesterday prohibited distribution in Poland of the Stern, Yiddish daily newspaper published in Biro-Bidjan, the autonomous Jewish region established by the Soviet in the Far East.

Because of the widespread interest among Polish Jews in Biro-Bidjan as a possible object of emigration, the paper has been closely followed here for news of the region.

The Ministry also forbade distribution in Poland of five anti-Nazi publications issued in Paris, Basle and Praha.

Robert Browning's father obtained a position in the Bank of England through the influence of the Rothschilds, with whom the poet was acquainted all his life.

San Francisco Used by Jews Entering U. S.

Asthmatic Little Boy in Dead Father's Suit Is Sad Case

That New York City is not the only port of American entry for Jewish immigrants and that the Hebrew Sheltering Immigrant Aid Society (HIAS) branches in other cities are vital is evidenced by the report made public yesterday by the San Francisco branch of the organization.

Twenty-five Jewish immigrants—ten men, eight women and seven children—recently arrived in that city on Japanese steamers after contacts had been established between them and American relatives by the HIAS offices in the Far East working in cooperation with the local organization.

Leaves Mother Behind

A pathetic case was that of a little boy who left his widowed mother behind him in Shanghai. He presented almost a tragic figure wearing a cut down suit of clothes of his dead father. Upon being questioned by the immigration officials, he said that his mother had read that the climate of Los Angeles would be beneficial for the type of asthma from which he is suffering.

With only ten dollars in his pockets, the boy would have been refused admittance except for intercession by HIAS officials. Work was obtained for him in a camp near Los Angeles and arrangements have been made to keep his wages intact so that he may be able to return to Shanghai to his mother when he is cured.

Locker Asks For Cooperation

(Continued from Page Three)

tribute to the conception which we serve—the conception of the Jewish Agency, I think, united in one framework, the Zionist and the non-Zionist sections, to play a part in what our president has called the historic task of upbuilding Palestine.

"On that we have no difference, and on the task that face us in this administrative committee there need be no difference because our ultimate end is the same, even though we may travel on different railway lines."

Expresses Hope

Pointing out that American Jewry, "in common with other Jewries, has perhaps not played the part it should in the upbuilding of Palestine," Mr. Laski said "we would like to think that by this meeting we could create for non-Zionists a constituency that many members of the American public could come to as friends of Palestine, and that there should be a revivification of the non-Zionist section of the Agency in this great country, and that the example of America might perhaps be followed in other parts of the world."

A message calling upon American Jewry to assume an even greater share in the historic task of the rebuilding of Palestine was read to the administrative committee from Dr. Nahum Sokolow, president of the Jewish Agency for Palestine, who is now in London.

Lewis Bush, member of the well-known Jewish family of Philadelphia merchants, was a major in the Continental Army when he was fatally wounded at the battle of Brandywine.

SLANTS ON SPORTS

By MORRIS WEINER

The Violet Quintet Waves On High

New York University's quintet, which swept on to a whirlwind finish last season to give the metropolis its first undefeated basketball team in a quarter of a century and gain complete recognition as the outstanding five in the East, is on the way again.



Morris Weiner

The Violet scored an impressive triumph over the court squad of Notre Dame last Saturday night, before 16,000 cage enthusiasts. It was the largest basketball crowd at the Garden since the charity games four years ago.

The strong Rambler quintet, which had defeated Stanford and lost only to Northwestern, probably the strongest team in the Big Ten, was no match for the New Yorkcr's once its attack started functioning.

Trailing twelve to ten at the half, the smooth working N.Y.U. five started to click in the second period and held its opponents to six points while ringing up fifteen to bring its winning streak up to twenty straight, four of which were chalked up this season.

The outstanding surprise of the week was the downfall of C.C.N.Y. The Holman lads wanted a trip badly and were forced to play the strong Geneva, Duquesne, and Westminster fives in a period of four days. Geneva, which had previously trimmed the L.I.U. outfit by one point, humbled the Lavender by the tune of 50 to 27.

Janice Lifson on Champion Relay Team

Janice Lifson, the 18-year-old senior metropolitan diving champion, competing in Miami for national honors in the 100-yard and 220-yard specialties lost out to the faster Eleanor Holm Jarrett.

Janice was a member of the relay team composed of Dorothea Dickinson, Elsie Ferrill, Elizabeth Harrison, and herself, which shattered the twelve-year-old record, a moss covered standard as swimming m... go, for the 400-yard relay. These girls, all members of the Women's Swimming association, clipped ten and one-fifth seconds from the time required by the "big three"—Helen Wainwright, Aileen Riggan, Gertrude Ederle, with Ethel Gary—in 1922 at the Manhattan Beach Pool. The combined time of Janice's team was 4:23.6.

George Sheinberg, captain of this year's City College swimming team and holder of the national indoor title for 500 yards, knifed through the water at the Park Central to win the 100-yard free style in the commendable time of 0:55.4.

Plans Speeded For Maccabiad

With the second International Maccabiad only four months away intensive plans are now under way to make this Jewish sports carnival one of the greatest athletic spectacles of the decade.

Reports from the thirty-four nations which are members of the World Maccabi Union indicate that the number of athletes who participated in the first Maccabiad in Tel Aviv in 1932 will be nearly doubled. More than 5,000 men and women took part in the great sports pageant in Palestine. An American team of thirteen athletes—eleven men and two women—earned a second place in the final scoring among nations. The nine members of the track and field unit ran off with individual honors placing first in a competition against twenty-five nations.

The present plans for the United States team include a contingent

of at least twenty-five men and women to represent the American Maccabis in the following sports: track and field, wrestling, swimming, boxing and tennis.

Rangers Set For Detroit Sextet

Tomorrow night the Detroit Wings face off against the New York Rangers. Plenty of action is anticipated because of the ill-feeling that exists between the two ice teams. At their last meeting in Detroit the Wings took the Rangers for a ride that made them slide to the cellar. A free-for-all in the second period caused the Rangers to place two men in the penalty box. During the four minutes that the two chastened Patrickmen were in the "refrigerator" the Wings pushed over three goals. The Rangers have not forgotten this.

With Ching Johnson, the grand old bogeyman of the Rangers, out with an injured leg, Alex Levinsky, the chunky Jewish lad, will see plenty of action. Les Patrick, manager of the cellar sextet, tried to blame the defensive work of Levinsky for the poor showing of the New York hockey team. He was forced to eat his words shortly afterwards when the stellar play of Alex brought down the contributions of the gallery gods—bales of newspapers. It took the ice-cleaners five minutes to sweep the ice.

Max Baer Returns To Favor Again

Having knocked out the rugged King Levinsky in two rounds, Max Baer is in popular favor again. The thing the fans object to is his clowning antics. Of course, if Maxie wants to resume clowning, that is largely his own business—and a very unprofitable one, as he will testify. It seems a shame that a fellow who can fight when he is in the mood for it gets into the mood so seldom. With his zip, strength, punch, and durability, he could be a great fighter. That he has fallen short of greatness thus far is chiefly his own fault.

Battler Riles Uncle Charlie

Because we stressed the Baer statement that Maxie is ready to fight two men in the same night—to with Hamas and Lasky—Uncle Charlie was very sore. While television would have helped, it really was not necessary to know that the hairs of Uncle Harvey's mus-

You Still Have Time to Enter 8th Biggest News Contest, But Hurry

Only five coupons are necessary to enter the Jewish Daily Bulletin's Eighth Biggest Jewish News of the Week Contest. The Bulletin did not appear Tuesday, January 1, because of the legal holiday. Coupon number three appears today and coupon number five will appear Friday.

In the Fifth Biggest News of the Week Contest it was announced that Irving Zeichner, who won first prize of ten dollars and a gold medal in the high school division that week, was a student at DeWitt Clinton. Likewise, it was announced that Nathan Miller, the lad who had won third prize, was a student at James Monroe.

Irving, speaking to a Bulletin reporter, was glad his 250-word letter had been judged the best in the scholastic division. "I think the Bulletin is a swell newspaper," said Irving. "However, there is a complaint I would like to make.

tache were bristling like the quills on an angry porcupine's back when he called us on the phone the other day. (A check-up revealed that he called every newspaper in town.)

"By jiminy-ginger," snorted Uncle Charlie, "We'll fight that big clown. We'll fight him."

"Who'll fight what clown?" he was asked.

"Why, we will," he said, sputtering like a 1904 flivver. "We will. Hamas will. We'll fight that clown."

"What clown?"

"Why, Baer—Maxie Baer. What other clown is there? He'll fight Hamas and Lasky in the same ring in the same night, will he? Oh, he will, will he? Well, not if he does what I told him to do once before. Not if he'll let Hamas be the first in the ring, he won't. No, he won't."

"Baer can fight Hamas before March 10—before the Schmeling fight in Europe if he wants to in a four-rounder."

Uncle Charlie really had a great many more "by jiminy-gingers" in his belligerent one-way conversation than shown above. Evidently he was good and mad.

The contest editor said I came from DeWitt Clinton. Place me anywhere but at Clinton. I come from James Monroe in the Bronx and Clinton is our arch rival. Also you credited Clinton with the 100 points that should have gone to Monroe. Once that is changed I'll really be able to enjoy my first prize of ten dollars and the beautiful gold medal you sent me."

Young Miller declared that, "The fifty points I have earned should be scored for Clinton."

Today's standing of the schools shows the revised listing, which will appease both Miller and Zeichner.

Parochial Student Wins Twice
Abe Rubin, a student at the Hebrew Parochial School in Brooklyn, told the contest editor he was very happy to have won twice.

"I wish to express my thanks and appreciation for the prizes and the medals which I received yesterday. I showed the medals to my classmates and they all were fascinated by them. They assured me that in the next contest they will also participate."

High Schools Standing
The present standing of the high schools in the race for the News Trophy, to be awarded to the school with the greatest number of points at the end of the contest, is brought up-to-date today and includes the results of the Sixth Biggest Jewish News of the Week Contest.

School	Points
James Madison	345
Townsend Harris	245
James Monroe	175
Benjamin Franklin	170
George Washington	150
Hebrew Parochial	145
Girls	125
Seward	125
DeWitt Clinton	125
New Utrecht	120
Morris	100
Tuley High School, Chicago	70

The following schools have twenty-five points each: Samuel Tilden, Thomas Jefferson, Washington Irving, Alexander Hamilton, Manual Training, and Brooklyn Technical.

Alice Silverstein, of Girl's High

School, was the first girl in the Bulletin's Biggest News competition to win a first prize of \$10 and a gold medal. She earned 100 points for Girl's High in the last contest and because of an honorable mention she received some time ago, she has individually scored 125 points for her school.

May and Kleinfeld Will Attend Hadassah Dance

Judge Mitchell May and State Senator Kleinfeld will attend a Brooklyn Hadassah dance at the Hotel St. George Sunday evening, being held to raise funds for the Hadassah-University Hospital in Palestine.

In 1830 Michael Lazar Biedermann received the title of "Jeweler to the Emperor of Austria."

CLASSIFIED RATES

Daily \$3.00	Sunday \$3.75	3 Times \$17.50	Times \$30.00
1 Month \$4.00	3 Months \$10.00	6 Months \$17.50	1 Year \$30.00

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Six average words, lower case, so the line, all other type and advertising containing white space will be charged by measurement—14 agate lines per inch.

Credit for errors allowed for first insertion only.

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BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL DIRECTORY

ELECTROLYSIS

You owe it to yourself. Bid yourself FOREVER of unsightly hair! I remove the CAUSE of abnormal hair growth, so that re-growth is impossible, by latest approved scientific Multiple Electrolysis method. During my treatment you are fully relaxed and comfortable. Absolute privacy. Celia Gardner, Electrolysis Specialist, Medical Arts Center, 57 West 57th Street, New York City. Consultation free by appointment. Wickersham 2-5750.

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SPECIALIZE—Learn Electrolysis—earn \$6 to \$13 an hour. Investigate. Free Institute, 8 East 41st St. VAnderbilt 3-7260.

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MONA LEEA—Individual care, trial treatment \$1.75. 143 West 57th. Circle 7-6346.

HAVE YOU WON A SHARE

of the \$100.00 Weekly in CASH

To Participate in the 9 Weekly Prizes

Write a 250-Word Essay on

BIGGEST JEWISH NEWS of the WEEK

STUDENTS AND NON-STUDENTS ARE INVITED

JEWISH DAILY BULLETIN
221 CENTRE STREET NEW YORK, N. Y.
Biggest News of the Week Contest
ENTRY BLANK NO. 3

This Entry Blank, together with the other blanks that have appeared in the Jewish Daily Bulletin during the week ending Friday, January 4th, must be mailed or brought to the Bulletin not later than Monday, January 7th, Midnight. Only one manuscript may accompany each set of blanks.

Name

Address City State

JANUARY 2, 1935

Today's Coupon

RULES—NO AGE LIMIT

- 1.—Competition open to every one except employees of the J.D.B. and their relatives.
- 2.—Prizes will be awarded each week to those writing the best 250-word article on what they consider the BIGGEST JEWISH NEWS OF THE PRECEDING WEEK. The articles MUST tell WHAT is the biggest Jewish news of the week and WHY.
- 3.—A—For Colleges—For Best Articles of the Week:
First Prize.....\$25.00
Second Prize..... 10.00
Third Prize..... 5.00
B—For High Schools:
First Prize.....\$10.00 and a Gold Medal
Second Prize..... 5.00 and a Silver Medal
Third Prize..... 2.00 and a Bronze Medal
5 Honorable Mentions
C—For Non-Students:
First Prize.....\$25.00
Second Prize..... 10.00
Third Prize..... 5.00
In case of tie, equal prizes will be awarded.
- 4.—There shall be a term prize for high schools receiving the greatest number of points during one term.
A—A student of an accredited high school who wins:
First Prize..... earns 100 points for his school
Second Prize..... earns 70 points for his school
Third Prize..... earns 50 points for his school
Honorable Mention earns 25 points for his school
The term prize will be a trophy—to be held by the winning school for one semester—e. g. January, 1935, to June, 1935.
- 5.—The news shall cover all items from SUNDAY to FRIDAY inclusive of any one week.
Manuscripts must be post-marked not later than midnight MONDAY of the following week. Manuscripts of more than 250 words will not be considered. No manuscripts will be returned. All must be legibly written in ink or typewritten on one side of the paper. Full name, age, address, school, on all sheets in upper left hand corner.
—In order to enter contest for one week six coupons of that week must be enclosed with article. Coupons appear only in J.D.B. and a full set is needed to enter contest.
—Names of winners for first week of contest will be published on Friday, November 23, and regularly every Friday thereafter.

—THE EDITORIAL BOARD OF THE J.D.B. SHALL BE THE SOLE JUDGE IN THIS CONTEST AND ITS DECISION SHALL BE FINAL.

NEWS IN BRIEF

Reported by the
Jewish Telegraphic Agency

San Francisco Notes

SAN FRANCISCO.—Edward Bransten, president of the M. J. B. Company, tea and coffee importers, has been appointed a member of the United States Board of Tea Experts by Rexford G. Tugwell, acting Secretary of Agriculture.

Prominent members of the local Jewish community are among directors chosen by the Community Chest for 1935.

Paul A. Bissinger, active in Jewish affairs, has been elected president of the Junior Chamber of Commerce. He is a charter member of the body.

Mrs. Mary Prag, mother of Congresswoman Florence Prag Kahn, active in the local school department, was felicitated on her eighty-eighth birthday Sunday.

Dr. Sidney R. Dannenbaum, fifty-three, widely-known physician and surgeon, died suddenly at his Summer home in Redwood City of a heart attack.

Rochester Briefs

ROCHESTER.—Milton Greenbaum of Saginaw, Mich., was re-elected president of the Kappa Nu Fraternity at its annual session here.

The new synagogue for the Jewish Children's Home, which was presented by Alfred Hart in memory of his parents, was dedicated with appropriate ceremonies. Mr. Hart is president of the Home, Temple Beth El and the Hart Chain of Food Stores.

In San Antonio

SAN ANTONIO, Texas.—J. D. Oppenheimer at twenty-eight is the youngest member appointed to the governing board of the Bexar County board of welfare.

Jewish college students will be honored by Temple Beth-El with a home-coming service.

Tercentenary Book

BALTIMORE.—The Maryland Tercentenary Jewish Book depicting the contributions of Jews to the development of the State has been issued. Prominent rabbis are among the contributors.

To Take New Pulpit

SPRINGFIELD, Mass.—Rabbi Salomon P. Sigel of Derby, Conn., appointed spiritual leader of the Sons of Jacob Congregation, will assume his duties January 5.

Minimize Story Of Soviet Riots

(Continued from Page One)

Jewish fighting has taken place in Russia. Police had to be called to restore order in the factories. Numerous Jews were taken to the hospital, the report of The Daily Express says.

"The cause of the outbursts," The Daily Express states, "is believed to be the rumor in Leningrad that the assassination of Kirov emanated largely from the Jewish Communists, though the murderer is a Russian. Forty per cent of those arrested in the recent alleged uprising of the Zinoviev-Trotsky group are Jews," The Daily Express adds.

Solov Gives \$15,000 For Students' Quarters

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

TEL AVIV, Jan. 1.—A gift of \$15,000 for establishment of a students' home in Jerusalem for Hebrew University students was announced yesterday by Samuel Solov, well-known philanthropist.

Mizrachi Says Meat, Poultry Zion Executive Code Leaders Is Inadequate Confer Here

World Body Must Be All- Representative, Detroit Parley Demands

(Special to the J.D.B.)

DETROIT, Jan. 1.—Closing its three-day convention today, the final session of the eighteenth convention of the Mizrahi Organization of America, meeting at the Hotel Statler, passed resolutions favoring establishment of a daily Hebrew Mizrahi newspaper in Palestine, creation of a Mizrahi weekly in English in the United States and condemnation of speculation in the Holy Land.

Other resolutions favored Jewish labor in Palestine, the inauguration of a Palestinian religious project honoring the late Baron Rothschild and the resolve to form a movement for the upbuilding of the cities of Safed, Tiberia and Hebron. The convention also passed a resolution favoring immediate convening of a World Jewish Congress.

Seek to End Cut-Throat Competition Among Retail Dealers

Coordination of the NRA codes for the retail meat and live poultry trades in Greater New York will be effected by representatives of both industries at a conference Friday, according to a joint announcement yesterday by Leroy Peterson, poultry code administrator, and David S. Andron, counsel to the Federation of Kosher Butchers.

A liaison committee consisting of representatives of both code authorities will be set up to obviate cut-throat competition between butchers and chicken dealers retailing poultry.

The poultry code at present governs poultry commission houses and slaughter houses, while butchers come under the retail meat code and retail chicken dealers are not included in any code.

Applications of chicken dealers' associations for membership in the

Federation of Kosher Butchers have been accepted, Mr. Andron said, entitling the dealers to a voice in administration of the retail meat code.

High Empire Honor Is Given Palestinian

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

LONDON, Jan. 1.—Asaph Grasovsky, senior horticultural officer in the Palestine government, today is an honorary member of the Order of the British Empire as announced in the New Year's honor list.

He was the only Jew to be so honored. Several Arabs and English officials of the Palestine government received honors.

Reich Bankers Back Palestine Motors Firm

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

BERLIN, Jan. 1.—The Taphet banking house, a well-known German banking firm, has assisted in the formation of a new Jerusalem motors trading concern to further export of German motors, equipment and manufactured goods to Palestine, it was revealed today.

The new concern is capitalized at \$1,250,000.

Greek Fascists Reject Parley's Stand on Jews

Minority Called Patriotic as Anti-Semite Plans Are Opposed

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

ATHENS, Jan. 1.—Greek Fascists reject the anti-Jewish resolutions passed at the world Fascist congress in Montreux, Switzerland, it was officially stated today by Ethnikisimaia, recognized organ of Greek Fascism.

This was borne out in an address made before a meeting of Greek Fascists yesterday by General Mercouris, Greek delegate to Montreux.

"I question the competence of the congress to deal with the Jewish question, which is the internal problem of each individual country," he said.

"I declared the Jewish minority in Greece always has been patriotic and has enjoyed full equality rights.

"I was able to have this declaration incorporated in the minutes of the congress."

Tannenbaum Takes Stock

Morris Tannenbaum was closing his books for the fiscal year. His pencil wove an irregular path along the page, stopping at this item or that while he contemplated the profit or loss of the particular investment.

As his pencil reached the entry, "Jewish Daily Bulletin \$10.00," his thoughts digressed from thoughts of dollar profits and losses.

He realized how Jewish conscious he had become. For the first time in his life he felt that the Jewish problem was his problem, that the well-being of Jewry was his well-being. Memories of discussions with

friends who mocked his conversion to Judaism. But always he was able to carry his point by quoting the Bulletin. Why, he even insisted on his family patronizing Bulletin advertisers.

He recalled his hesitancy in making out a check for \$10.00 for a publication that featured Jewish news only. What an investment it turned out to be! He called to his bookkeeper, "Make out a check for subscriptions to the Bulletin." There was no hesitancy now. And once more his pencil traced an uncertain path along the ledger page.

NOTE TO ADVERTISERS: The man who believes in a cause can best be reached through a newspaper that fights for him. The Bulletin is such a publication.