

JEWISH DAILY BULLETIN

The Only Jewish Daily in English

All the News Concerning Jews



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Fascist Rally Pondering Race Stand

Delegates of 16 Groups and 14 Lands Meet in Switzerland

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)
GENEVA, Dec. 17.—A decision as to whether international Fascism is to go anti-Semitic or not is awaited tonight at Montreux, where representatives of sixteen Fascist organizations from fourteen countries are meeting in what was to have been a secret conference.

Rumanian Fascist delegates headed by Jai Motza demanded that Fascism adopt an extreme anti-Semitic attitude, while delegates of the Latin countries, led by Italians, voted to appoint a special committee which was empowered to decide whether to take up the Jewish question and in what manner to "solve" it. The Rumanian Iron Guard representatives voted with the delegates from the Nordic countries.

General Ryan O'Duffy, known in Ireland as "give them the lead O'Duffy," is representing the Irish Blue Shirt organization he founded and led until recently. Sir Oswald Mosley, British Fascist leader, declined an invitation to be present. Hitlerite representatives also are absent.

The agenda of the conference, first of its kind, calls for a united program and action against "liberalism and Marxism."

Motza made an impassioned speech against the Jews, declaring: "They are making our life impossible in Rumania." He also accused the Jews of "fostering greed and egoism." Judaism and Freemasonry, he declared, "are allied against Christianity."

Delegates arrived at the meeting place with a conspiratorial air, only to find newspapermen waiting for them.

Rabbis Ordered to Aid Lithuanian Business

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)
KAUNAS, Dec. 17.—Lithuanian rabbis, who receive government subsidies, were ordered today to purchase at least one goose every year in order to help the peasants and create a local market.

Brodetsky Hits British Policy As Hindering Palestine Growth

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)
LONDON, Dec. 17.—Strong dissatisfaction with British restriction of Jewish immigration to Palestine was expressed here by Prof. Selig Brodetsky prior to his departure tomorrow for the United States. He will attend a conference of the administrative council of the Jewish Agency in New York.

At the same time Prof. Brodetsky paid tribute to the work the British government has already accomplished in Palestine and cautioned against indulging in excessive pessimism on the Jewish future there.

Discussing the recent report

Spain Decrees Observance Of Maimonides Anniversary

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)
MADRID, Dec. 17.—The Spanish government today issued a decree for the organization of an official celebration on the anniversary of the birth of Rabbi Moses Maimonides (the Rambam), whose eight hundredth anniversary will be celebrated next April. The government decree provided for official honors at the celebration. Rabbi Maimonides, Talmudist, author, philosopher, astronomer and physician, was born in Cordova March 30, 1135, and died in Cairo, Egypt, December 13, 1204. World Jewry to Observe Day Simultaneous celebrations will be

held next April in Cairo, where the Rambam lived most of his life. Vienna, Buenos Aires, Berlin, Jerusalem, London, Warsaw, Philadelphia and New York.

When the Rambam was thirteen years old Cordova fell into the hands of fanatical Moslems and his family was faced with the choice of emigrating or embracing Islam. They left Cordova and wandered until they finally settled in Cairo in 1165.

After experiencing many misfortunes, the Rambam became the personal physician to Saladin's vizier, Al-Kadi al-Fadil, who recommended him to the Sultan.

(Continued on Page Eight)

Green Charges 500 Seized in 'Reds' Plotting Reich 'Purge,' U. S. Downfall London Hears

Labor Head One of Many Witnesses Before Congress Body

(Special to the J.D.B.)
WASHINGTON, Dec. 17.—An intensive drive among Communists to overthrow the existing form of government in the United States and in its stead establish a dictatorship was charged here today by witnesses testifying before the Congressional Committee investigating subversive propaganda activities in this country, of which Congressman John W. McCormack is chairman.

William A. Green, president of the American Federation of Labor, testified that Communism sought the overthrow of the American government and that "Communism is boring into the American Federation of Labor." He made the assertion that if "Communism ever captures the Federation, the government would be menaced. He charged Communists with "planting themselves" in local unions and influencing the action of union members.

Communists, he said, are at present in control of the Industrial Needle Workers Union in New York, the leader of which is Ben Gold. This organization, Green stated, is trying to seize control

(Continued on Page Eight)

'Moral Housecleaning' Hides Hitler's Fear of Nazi Foes

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)
LONDON, Dec. 17.—What is believed here to be the beginning of a new purge in Nazi Germany is under way in Berlin, according to the latest reports reaching London.

Between 500 and 700 have been arrested in the latest Nazi roundup, according to reliable reports. While the new purge was said by prominent Nazi officials to be "a moral cleansing," the fact that leading Nazis, many of whom held high government posts, were among those arrested, led to the belief here that the drive was moral incidentally only and that it was mainly political in nature. The camouflage was held essential in order to avoid memories of the June, 1930, purge, particularly in view of the nearness of the Saar plebiscite.

The magnitude of the drive, which has been under way for more than a week, may be gathered from the fact that the police systematically raided cafes, bars, restaurants and private homes in

(Continued on Page Eight)

Palestine Grants Transjordan Loan

\$150,000 of \$500,000 Sum Borrowed to Go for Aid of Peasants

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)
JERUSALEM, Dec. 17.—The Palestine government today approved a loan of \$500,000 for the Transjordanian area, \$150,000 of which, it was specified, will be for the assistance of the peasants.

The loan was granted out of the \$17,000,000 surplus of the Palestine government.

High Commissioner Sir Arthur Grenfell Wauchop has been so solicitous of the welfare of the peasantry that he has become known as the "Peasants' High Commissioner."

Reich Nazis Fear Haegele Defiance

Defers Decision



CORDELL HULL

Reich Barter Deal Decision Is Postponed

Hull, Peek Differ Over Trade Policy; Secretary May See Roosevelt

(Special to the J.D.B.)
WASHINGTON, Dec. 17.—Differences of opinion on foreign trade policies between Secretary of State Hull and George N. Peek, head of the government's Import-Export Bank, has for the time being bogged down final negotiations to complete the cotton barter agreement with Germany.

Secretary of State Hull is known to be opposed to barter arrangements as a means of stimulating this country's export trade. Peek, on the other hand, favors such a policy and has been largely responsible for progress made to date with representatives of German textile interests anxious to exchange German goods for American cotton.

It has been generally understood

(Continued on Page Eight)

Keep Their Hands Off Dispute Here; War Widens

The Foreign Office of the National Socialist party in Hamburg, Germany, yesterday failed to cable instructions to Nazi emissaries here or to take a definite stand in the internecine warfare which has torn American Nazidom to shreds and has undone the carefully wrought work to which Hitler agents here have devoted many months of untiring energy.

Failure of Hitler's German lieutenants to show their hand in the American situation was believed in part due to fear on the part of Hamburg authorities that the extremist Anton Haegele, leader of the successful putsch to seize control of the New York sector of the League of Friends of New Germany, would defy even the high command of Reich officialdom in the flush of his victory.

Meanwhile Dr. Hubert Schnuch, national president of the Friends, waged what appeared to be a losing fight yesterday against the putsch led by Haegele and supported by virtually every former Manhattan and Bronx official in the Nazi organization.

Goaded to desperation by the Haegele coup which gave the putsch possession of the Deutscher Beobachter, recognized mouthpiece of Nazidom in the United States, the Schnuch forces countered with daily handbills printed in German and ostensibly issued as "special editions" of the Beobachter.

Although Schnuch claimed through the medium of these sheets that the Haegele separatists are daily losing ground, and declared that "persons who last week were saying 'Heil Haegele!' are now shouting 'Hell Haegele!'" it seemed likely yesterday that the organization will have to become resigned to the loss of Manhattan and the Bronx.

Rallies Scheduled

Haegele expects to make an imposing show of strength tonight at a meeting in Turn Halle, Eighty-fifth street and Lexington avenue, to which all Manhattan

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DAWA's Fiasco Habit Extends To Its Christmas Exhibit Here

While Henry O. Spier, director of the DAWA Christmas bazar in Yorkville Casino, 210 East Eighty-sixth street, was claiming sensational success for the anti-Jewish boycott exhibit, a Jewish Daily Bulletin reporter who visited the display yesterday was unable to find evidence that merchants who are showing their wares there are making their expenses.

"Plenty of people come in to look around," the operator of one of the stalls complained, "but very few of them buy. Maybe we get a little advertising out of it, but

what we need now is business, and that doesn't come."

Sausages, vacuum cleaners, postcards, inexpensive little trinkets—these and various other items were on sale at the rather shabby little exhibit which many feel represents the dying gasp of the DAWA organization.

Seated at a table yesterday in the restaurant portion of the room were Joseph Schuster, Brooklyn leader of the Friends of New Germany, and a collection of his cronies, all of them expounding on the evils of the anti-Nazi boycott and pointing to the DAWA bazar as an

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Brodetsky Decries Britain's Policy

Holds Freer Entry Essential To Safeguard Rights of Jews

Proposed Council Comes In for Share of Condemnation

(Continued from Page One)

time is at the present moment undergoing development on a very considerable scale. It has grown, unfortunately not in size, but it has grown and is growing in importance and in the way in which people can live there."

Prof. Brodetsky praised the High Commissioner's report because it linked, he said, the development of the country with Jewish immigration.

"That," he stated, "is very important to us. It is our view that Palestine must remain a derelict country, except as it is developed by Jewish immigration. . . . The difference between Palestine and other countries is that in most countries people are afraid of immigration, because they think it means taking away work from those who have work, whereas in Palestine the more immigration there is, the more opportunities it creates for workers and the more need and demand there is for workers."

\$5,000,000 a Month

Prof. Brodetsky called attention to the huge amount of capital Jewish immigrants were bringing to the Holy Land.

"Hardly a month goes by without at least a million pounds going into Palestine. That does not mean that rich Jews are going to Palestine. But it means that a thousand people with a thousand pounds each make up the large investments."

The recent offer of the Syrian government to admit Jews with capital under certain restrictions was commented upon by the Jewish Agency member.

"That sort of thing," he said, "has happened often enough, that countries welcome us, that we build up enterprises, put in work into those enterprises, and then we are kicked out. But in the case of



PROF. SELIG BRODETSKY

Palestine that is not to be. We Jews have wandered all over the world, but Palestine is to be the terminus of our wanderings. Therefore it is clear that the immigration into Palestine must be an immigration of workers."

Commenting on the labor shortage, Professor Brodetsky said: "It is important also to note that the High Commissioner in his statement says that there is a shortage of labor in Palestine. That is what we have been saying all along. Not only is there a shortage of labor in Palestine, but there is a growing shortage of labor."

"We maintain that this labor must be Jewish. There are people who complain that this implies a boycott of Arab labor. There is no boycott. In the same way as the English worker has a right to expect that the English employer should employ English workers, so the Jewish worker has the right to expect that the Jewish employer should employ Jewish workers."

"While there has been an increase in the number of certificates, 7,500 instead of 5,500, nevertheless, it is important to bear in mind that the number of certificates granted is still too small to make good the actual accumulated shortage of labor. Let us hope that the precedent of the High Commissioner in granting a supplementary schedule will be followed again, and that we shall receive another lot of certificates before the six months are over."

Entry Calculations Wrong

"The government said that the number of certificates it thought reasonable was 9,500. We believe the government is wrong. We have all respect for the British mandatory government, but experience has shown us that the government's calculations were wrong in the past. But in addition the government deducted 2,200 certificates for what it calls illegal immigration."

"Now no one wants the law broken. It is to our interest that Palestine should be ruled by law. But the question of immigration into Palestine must be viewed in relation to the Jewish problem in relation to the Jewish need for immigration, the Jewish homelessness. The question of immigration is one on which we shall still have to put our views to the government. What has been done is no small improvement. But our need as a people is so great, that as long as there is room in Palestine for one more Jew and that Jew is not admitted, we are not satisfied."

"In regard to land, the Arabs complained that Jews were taking

away their land. The government has gone into this question very thoroughly, and it has found by careful investigation that this is not the case. There is no wholesale displacement of Arabs. Furthermore, the laws have been so shaped and the opportunities of the Arabs to put obstructions in the way of Jews obtaining land belonging to Jews, that there is no question of Arab dispossession. So the High Commissioner was able to tell the Arabs that they had nothing to complain about."

"And he announced the decision that has been taken with regard to the Huleh area, to grant a concession there. The Huleh area consists of marsh land, very much like the Emek before it was taken over by Jews and cleared. It is land which is now practically useless, but agriculturally it is perhaps the best land in Palestine."

"This land has since 1914 been in the hands of Syrian concessionaires. The High Commissioner pointed out that there was this land which had been in the hands of Arab concessionaires, and for twenty years nothing had been done. A concession is granted by a government on certain conditions, which mean that the concession must be worked. They have done nothing. The land is a center of disease for the whole district. For this reason the government has decided to allow the land to pass to a Jewish company."

Huleh Concession Step Forward

"The other day the documents were handed over formally to the representative of the Jewish Agency. This is a very important event in the history of Palestine. The land is very important. The conditions made by the government are most generous to the Arabs. We have to drain the land, and about a third of it will have to be given to Arabs. We do that because we shall have the rest. In his speech to the Mandates Commission, the High Commissioner estimated that the drainage of this land would cost about a million pounds. It will perhaps cost more, but it is gratifying to

Midwest Jewess, 105 Dies in Minnesota

(Special to the J.D.B.)

ST. PAUL, Minn., Dec. 17.—Mrs. Gertrude Nahinsky, said to be the oldest Jewish person in the Middle West, died here at 105. She was active until the time of her death.

Born in Russia in 1829, she came to this city many years ago. Her husband Jacob, also over 100 years of age, survives her, as do three sons and two daughters.

Anti-Nazis Set for Saar Voters 'Return'

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

MILWAUKEE, Dec. 17.—Though traveling on subsidies of the German government or private Nazi organizations, returning Saarlanders when they reach their destination will be buttonholed by anti-Nazis and urged to vote against Germany in the plebiscite, it was learned here today.

A score of Milwaukeeans, former residents eligible to vote in the plebiscite of January 13, have already left on the Nazi-sponsored free junket to the Saar. Anti-Nazis in the Saar will ask them to vote for the status quo, it was stated.

Francis Salvador, a member of the Provincial Congress of South Carolina in 1775, was killed fighting against the Tories and Indians.

know that a great part of the money is already there.

"This represents one of the most important steps forward in the agricultural development of Palestine, particularly now when land is so difficult to obtain, largely to our own folly in speculating, which is resulting in putting up the price of land. The situation shows that our contention is right, that the restrictions on land sales are dangerously harmful and should be abolished."

Sokolow Shows Disappointment Over British Policy in Palestine

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

JERUSALEM.—"The British administration in Palestine is too slow and too conservative in dealing with the Jewish problem and with the question of Jewish immigration. I am very much disappointed at this attitude," Dr. Nahum Sokolow, president of the Zionist World Organization and the Jewish Agency, said in an interview here with the Doar Hayom.

He would like more encouragement, he said, for Jews who wish to enter the Holy Land, greater opportunity for Jewish participation in government service and larger contributions by the government to Jewish education.

"The government wants to be loyal to its duties," he said. "I do not believe in the speculation that the government is making an effort to encourage the antagonism between Arabs and Jews. But with regard to the question of Jewish immigration there is much too much conservatism."

Arabs and Mandate

With regard to the question of peace between Arabs and Jews, Dr. Sokolow said:

"The Arabs must first recognize the mandate, and what the mandate implies. So long as they refuse to recognize the right of the Jews to settle in Palestine, the danger of trouble remains."

"The early principles of Zionism which emphasize the need for settlement by Jews of agricultural

areas, have been eclipsed by the speedy industrial development of Palestine," Dr. Sokolow complained. "The result has been a setback in farm development. The ideal of a Jewish Palestine, however, is the establishment of farms and villages for Jewish immigrants."

"Of course large cities are necessary for the development of the country," he continued. "People flock in larger numbers to cities, and capital investment is attracted when there are large cities."

Asked what he considers the absorptive capacity of Palestine, Dr. Sokolow said that physically Palestine is about the size of Belgium. Belgium supports seven million people, and this is approximately the number Palestine should accommodate.

Council Premature

"The whole scheme is premature," Dr. Sokolow said, referring to the project of a Legislative Council for Palestine. "The time is not yet ripe for such a step. I do not know what the stand of the Arabs is toward the measure, but the Jews are firmly opposed to its establishment."

Dr. Sokolow exhorted the Jews of the world to come to Palestine in greater numbers, since, he said, "as soon as we are stronger in numbers, Palestine will come nearer to being a Jewish community, and then she will be ready for a measure of self-government such as is now proposed."

Poles Approve Project For Training Pioneers

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

WARSAW, Dec. 17.—Government representatives were present today at the opening of the first labor center for the training of young pioneers for Palestine. Polish government will continue its active support in the upbuilding of Palestine, the audience was assured by the government representatives.

The labor center will have facilities for the training of 100 women and 300 men.

Federation Women To Entertain Workers

A junior group of the blue division, one of the three campaign teams of Federation's women's division, will be entertained at tea this afternoon at 4:30 o'clock by Mrs. Samuel A. Lewisohn, 881 Fifth avenue.

Miss Jane Sicher, who heads the junior group, will preside. Mrs. Joseph Frettau, campaign chairman of the women's division of the emergency appeal of the Federation for the Support of Jewish Philanthropic Societies, will speak.

Asher of Stolín, son of a noted nineteenth century Chassidic rabbi, spent most of his time at the ritual baths.

Members of the Guedella family were agents for the Sultan of Morocco in the early eighteen hun-

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See resident Superintendent on premises.

Bulletin Calendar Of Events

Tuesday, December 18

School for Adult Jewish Education, 35 East Sixty-second street; "Jewish Nationalism as a Program of Adjustment and Survival," Oscar I. Janowsky, 7:45 p. m.; "Cultural Pluralism and the Totalitarian State," Jacob J. Weinstein, 8:50 p. m.

The Group, 2 West Eighty-sixth street, 8:30 p. m. "Wither Is the World Going?" Konrad Bercevic.

Jewish Theological Seminary of America, Broadway and 22nd street, 8:30 p. m. "When the Jews First Came to Russia and Poland," Dr. Abraham A. Neuman.

Rand School of Social Science, 7 East Fifteenth street, 8:30 p. m. "National Tendencies in Recent Music, Debussy, Stravinsky," Adele T. Katz.

Lecture course under auspices of Division of Education, Federation of Jewish Women's Organizations, Temple Emanu-El, 1 East Sixty-fifth street; 10:30 a. m. "Palestine and Syria, Dream Pictures," Branson DeCau.

Young Folks League of Crown Heights, Bazaar and Carnival, Crown Heights Temple, Crown street and Nostrand avenue, Brooklyn; evening.

Meeting of Parents-Teachers Association of Temple Anshe Chesed Religious School, 251 West 100th street; 8:30 p. m. "The Place of the Home in Jewish Education," Dr. Samuel Dinin.

School of the Jewish Women, 251 West 100th street; "Jewish Customs and Ceremonies," Dr. Aaron Rosmarin, 7:15 p. m.

Meeting of Bronx Vigilance Division of Non-Sectarian Anti-Nazi League, Young Israel Building of Claremont parkway, 1389 Washington avenue; 8:30 p. m. Address by Dr. Morris Rose.

Bronx Y. M. and Y. W. H. A., Fulton avenue and 171st street; 8:30 p. m. "Ventures in Science," Dr. Leslie E. Spock Jr.

Young Israel of Manhattan, 229 East Broadway, 9 p. m. "Health," Dr. Samuel Feigin.

Orach Chaim Community House, 1459 Lexington avenue; class for study of Maimonides' Code Book I, under direction of Dr. M. Hyamson, 8:15 p. m.

NEWS IN BRIEF

Reported by the
Jewish Telegraphic Agency

Wins Despite Recount
MINNEAPOLIS, Minn.—Samuel H. Bellman, attorney, elected representative of the thirty-fifth legislative district, was assured his seat in the Minnesota State House when a vote recount demanded by his opponents left him with a plurality of 146.

Membership Drive On
ST. PAUL, Minn.—One hundred volunteer workers of the Jewish Educational Center, organized under Yale Johnson, began a campaign to add 1,000 members to the center's roster.

Marks Elected Mayor
PRINCETON, Minn.—Bert Mark, formerly of St. Paul, was elected mayor of Princeton. He is one of the city's leading merchants and forty years old.

To Mark Congregation's 50th Year
MILWAUKEE.—Plans to celebrate the fiftieth anniversary on February 9 to 11 of Congregation Beth Israel, first orthodox congregation in Wisconsin, were formulated here.

Mosley on Trial With Cronies On Riot Charge

**British Fascists Tried on
'Disgraceful' After-
math of Meeting**

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)
LONDON, Dec. 17.—Sir Oswald Mosley, anti-Semitic Fascist leader, and three of his henchmen went on trial today at Lewes charged with "riotous assembly." The four blackshirts pleaded not guilty.

On trial with Sir Oswald are William Joyce, Captain Charles H. B. Budd and Bernard Mullans. The charges arose from a Fascist meeting at Worthing on October 9. Sir Patrick Hastings, leading British advocate, is defending the Fascists.

Prosecutor John Flowers declared at the opening of the trial that "this hearing is not a political prosecution, but the government is concerned with the disgraceful, discreditable and violent state of affairs in the streets of Worthing."

Jack Pritchard, a bystander, swore that Mosley struck him with his fist during the Worthing affair.

Commends French Refugee Attitude

**Agrojoint Director Holds They
Are Lenient; Kahn to
Leave for U. S.**

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)
PARIS, Dec. 17.—French authorities are by no means unfriendly to German Jewish refugees and show great leniency toward them, Dr. Bernhard Kahn, European director of the Agrojoint, constructive Jewish relief group, informed the Jewish Telegraphic Agency today.

Dr. Kahn will leave tomorrow for a visit to the United States. "In view of the misery of the Jews in Eastern Europe, the Agrojoint is prepared to cooperate with any Jewish body that is willing to help in constructive work," Dr. Kahn said.

Joseph Salvador was the first Jew to be elected to the directorate of Dutch East India Company.

League Grants First Loan to Individual

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)
WARSAW, Dec. 17.—For the first time in its history, the League of Nations granted a subsidy to an individual petitioner, advancing 300 Swiss francs today to Isaac Mejerowicz of Opatowiec, Poland.

The grant came from the League's fund for social aid.

Simple Rites To Mark Wolf Funeral Today

**Philadelphian, 80, Was
Banker and Active
in Philanthropy**

(Special to the J.D.B.)
PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 17.—Funeral services will be held here tomorrow for Edwin Wolf, retired banker and manufacturer, who died yesterday at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Isadore Kohn.

The rites, to be conducted at the Wolf home by Rabbi Louis Wolsey of the Rodeph Sholom Congregation, of which the deceased was a life long member, will be simple and in keeping with the modesty and simplicity that characterized a long and useful career in the civic, cultural, philanthropic and commercial life of the city.

Death was the result of an intestinal ailment, from which Mr. Wolf had suffered for more than a year. He was 80 years old.

Aided Education
Prominent for many years in the business, religious and educational life of Philadelphia, Mr. Wolf at the time of his death was a member of the board of governors of Dropsie College. At one time he was president of the Jewish Publication Society and the Philadelphia Board of Education. He was connected with the latter group for seventeen years, five as president.

At the turn of the century, with his four brothers, Mr. Wolf founded the banking firm of Wolf Brothers & Co. Although born in Ohio, Mr. Wolf lived the major part of his life in this city, coming here at an early age. His first endeavor was a printing business, which eventually developed into an envelope and paper enterprise.

Active Philanthropist
He was active in both philanthropy and rehabilitation of those who broke the law. He contributed to the upkeep of the Foster home. At one time he was an active member of the board of trustees of the Eastern State Penitentiary. He aided many prisoners toward a fresh start in life.

Mr. Wolf was a member of several societies, including the Ohio Society.

He is survived by a daughter, a son, Morris Wolf, an attorney, two brothers, former State Senator Clarence Wolf and Louis Wolf, and two sisters, Mrs. Simon Loeb and Mrs. Louis Saller, all of Philadelphia. His wife died thirty years ago.

Debt Reduction Decree Hits Jewish Merchants

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)
WARSAW, Dec. 17.—Jewish grain merchants were hit hard by a government decree which provides for the reduction of debts owed the merchants by Polish peasants.

A conference of Jewish grain dealers held here today decided to appeal to the Polish government to modify the law on the ground that it was manifestly unjust.

The Jewish Daily Bulletin classified columns have been used most successfully. Try them for yourself.

\$100 Awaits News Contestants Who Submit Best, Brief Letters

The sixth Biggest Jewish News of the Week Contest is now under way. It began in The Bulletin's week-end edition of Sunday, December 15, and will continue until Friday, December 20. Everybody is eligible to enter this simple, interesting and informative contest. Your reward for entering may be a share of the \$100 in cash prizes that is awarded to the winners of this current news competition each week.

The first Biggest Jewish News of the Week Contest began six weeks ago on Sunday, November 10. It immediately caught the interest of The Bulletin readers and has been growing in popularity with each succeeding contest. And, according to returns, with all precincts accounted for, it rapidly became a favorite indoor sport of Bulletin readers and college and high school students.

Winners on Friday
Each Sunday a new contest begins. Each Sunday everybody becomes eligible to enter this letter-writing competition. Every Friday the winners of the preceding week's contest are announced. Every Friday the winners of the Biggest Jewish News of the Week Contest are awarded \$100 in prizes.

The sixth biggest news contest is now two days old, but it is still not too late to enter. The entry coupons which were published in Sunday and Monday's editions of

The Bulletin can be obtained at the offices of this publication, 221 Centre street, New York City.

Which Is Biggest
Do you think the news items concerning the \$2,500,000 loan the most important news since Sunday? Or do you think the attitude of the Zionists towards the Biro-Bidjan project more important? Perhaps more news items will appear in The Bulletin before Friday of this week which you will consider the biggest, the most important Jewish news of the week. Readers, college and high school students who enter this contest can select any news item which they feel is the most important Jewish news. The next procedure is to write a letter of 250 words giving their reasons for the selection. That is all. Simple, isn't it? A share in the \$100 prize may be your reward.

Letters on the FIFTH contest, which ended last Friday, should have been mailed or brought to The Bulletin on or before midnight last night. All letters postmarked prior to midnight will receive full consideration. The winners in this contest will be announced on Friday.

Many readers who have entered this contest regularly and who have not as yet been awarded prizes should not give up hope. Four of the nine prize winners

last week were old timers. They had entered the contest in its first week and only last Friday were announced as winners for the first time. Others have won twice. Remember, winners of previous contests are not barred from further competition. The contest that begins each week is an absolutely new one.

The letters are judged solely on merit by the judiciary board appointed by the editor. Its decisions are final.

Get into this contest today. You'll like it. The Bulletin is sold on all newsstands in the city. Get your copy of the Jewish Daily Bulletin regularly.

Dupree and Phillips Sentenced for Fraud

Beard John Dupree was given an indefinite term in the penitentiary yesterday in Special Sessions Court for defrauding Jewish parents. He accepted money in return for promises to secure entrance into medical schools for their sons.

Martin I. Phillips, convicted of conspiring with Dupree, received a three-months' term in the workhouse. Detective Harry Lichtblau, attached to the District Attorney's office, made the original arrests.

In 1556 the rabbis of Constantinople sought to interdict commerce with Ancona because of oppression which the Maranos of that port suffered.

BIGGEST JEWISH NEWS of the WEEK

RULES—NO AGE LIMIT

- 1.—Competition open to every one except employees of the J.D.B. and their relatives.
- 2.—Prizes will be awarded each week to those writing the best 250-word article on what they consider the BIGGEST JEWISH NEWS OF THE PRECEDING WEEK. The articles MUST tell WHAT is the biggest Jewish news of the week and WHY.
- 3.—A—For Colleges—For Best Articles of the Week:
First Prize.....\$25.00
Second Prize.....10.00
Third Prize.....5.00
B—For High Schools:
First Prize.....\$10.00 and a Gold Medal
Second Prize.....5.00 and a Silver Medal
Third Prize.....2.00 and a Bronze Medal
5 Honorable Mentions
C—For Non-Students:
First Prize.....\$25.00
Second Prize.....10.00
Third Prize.....5.00
In case of tie, equal prizes will be awarded.
- 4.—There shall be a term prize for high schools receiving the greatest number of points during one term.
A—A student of an accredited high school who wins
First Prize..... earns 100 points for his school
Second Prize..... earns 70 points for his school
Third Prize..... earns 50 points for his school
Honorable Mention earns 25 points for his school
The term prize will be a trophy—to be held by the winning school for one semester—e. g. January, 1935, to June, 1935.
- 5.—The news shall cover all items from SUNDAY to FRIDAY inclusive of any one week.
- 6.—Manuscripts must be post-marked not later than midnight MONDAY of the following week. Manuscripts of more than 250 words will not be considered. No manuscripts will be returned. All must be legibly written in ink or typewritten on one side of the paper. Full name, age, address, school, on all sheets in upper left hand corner.
- 7.—In order to enter contest for one week six coupons of that week must be enclosed with article. Coupons appear only in J.D.B. and a full set is needed to enter contest.
- 8.—Names of winners for first week of contest will be published on Friday, November 23, and regularly every Friday thereafter.
- 9.—THE EDITORIAL BOARD OF THE J.D.B. SHALL BE THE SOLE JUDGE IN THIS CONTEST AND ITS DECISION SHALL BE FINAL.

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JEWISH DAILY BULLETIN
221 CENTRE STREET NEW YORK, N. Y.
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ENTRY BLANK No. 3

This Entry Blank, together with the five other entry blanks that appeared in the Jewish Daily Bulletin during the week ending Friday, December 21st, must be mailed or brought to the Bulletin not later than Monday, December 24th, Midnight. Only one manuscript may accompany each set of blanks.

Name
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DECEMBER 18, 1934

TODAYS' COUPON

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The Yorkville Putsch

Latest reports from Yorkville where the Nazis are engaged in a bitter battle over the spoils indicate that the extremist faction headed by Anton Haegle is now in control of the party apparatus and press.

Herr Haegle and his put-schists are blood and thunder Nazis. They want a recrudescence of a violent anti-Jewish campaign, abandonment of diplomacy and guile in coordinating German-Americans and their replacement by strong-arm tactics and storm troop methods.

Despite the momentary discomfort and the alarms and excursions this program will entail, it should be hailed by anti-Nazis with satisfaction.

The Nazi movement here began to be dangerous when it was directed by persons having the aura of respectability who could persuade respectable people of the purity of their aims and who could create a favorable impression.

The return to gangsterism marks the end of this phase of polite Nazism here. It definitely and convincingly labels Nazism on American soil as a rowdy, unlawful alien growth. It makes the task of rooting out this growth so much the easier.

The Palestine Loan

The two and a half million dollar loan which the Jewish Agency has obtained for consolidating its work in Palestine is the result of negotiations carried on in London during the last nine months.

There are certain groups of General Zionists in Palestine who claim that this loan may actually hamper the work of future Zionist Executives, since the present Executive has mortgaged under this loan the entire income of the Jewish Agency and the Keren Hayesod for many years to come.

Needless to say, these groups are not expressing the sentiment of the majority of Jews in Palestine. Later Executives will find the way to continue the upbuilding work in Palestine, whether the income and property of the Keren Hayesod and the Jewish Agency are mortgaged or not. The loan is a fine piece of work for which the Jewish Agency deserves heartiest congratulations.

RUMANIAN FASCISTS

By HENRY BAERLEIN

BUCHAREST.

If you ask a high police official in Rumania for his opinion on the activities of that notorious political party which calls itself the Iron Guard he will probably tell you that the party has been dissolved and that therefore he knows nothing about it.

But meanwhile the Iron Guard is guilty of many acts which deserve, even if they do not receive, the attention of the police. For example, about two months ago some forty Guardists, wearing their blue uniforms and the swastika, took possession of a train during four hours of its journey from Ploesti to the north.

They attacked all Jewish travelers, taking their money and beating them. Most of the Christian Rumanians were indignant, especially an inspector general of the railways, who telephoned for police and gendarmes to await the train at a certain station, and the Guardists, being informed of this, got off at the previous station and disappeared.

Police Prevent Libel on Jews

Some time ago in the province of Bessarabia the police did note a success. They noticed a midnight procession, going ostensibly to bury a man who had been murdered by Jews. The police asked for his name and other questions. The replies were unsatisfactory, they opened the coffin and found in it a number of stones.

Codreanu, chief of the Iron Guard, is fond of operating in the night, particularly on a moonlit one, when he is wont to ride into a village seated on a white horse and followed by an impressive bodyguard. Then perhaps he will deliver a speech, in the course of which he makes as many promises as Hitler, and the simple Moldavian peasants have not yet been disillusioned. It is they, with the numerous unemployed ex-students, who are Codreanu's chief adherents.

There are various other points of resemblance between Codreanu and Hitler, for the Rumanian leader is also a fine mob-orator. He was born about thirty-one years ago in the neighboring country of Ukraina. His original name was Zelinsky; his father was a humble person, a watchman on a railway line. Codreanu has become an arch-patriot of Rumania, in opposition to all the "strains," the non-Rumanians who dwell in the country, such as the large Hungarian minority in Transylvania.

King's Brother Aids Guardists

He would never permit things that the tolerant Rumanian authorities have hitherto allowed, such as a large crucifix which, at some distance from Cluj, the Transylvanian capital, stands on a main road and is painted in red, white, and green, the Hungarian national colors.

Codreanu's program includes anti-Semitic legislation, but for the moment he is not emphasizing this because of Mme. Lupescu. The King's attitude toward the Iron Guard has not been obvious; what he probably desires is not to turn its members into enemies. He has therefore given them more license than is to the taste of many of his subjects.

And Prince Nicholas, his brother, has given the Iron Guard a considerable piece of ground on his mountain estate at Rarau. There it has constructed a large building, where it has collected a supply of arms and where its members undergo a



ZELEA CODREANU

The Iron Guard leader is shown receiving the salute of a detachment of his followers.

sort of military training. The government, asked why these are not halted, replies that it is child's play.

Political Parties Fear Codreanu

But neither of the two chief political parties—the Liberals, who are not in office, and the National Peasants—will allow the Iron Guard to grasp the reins of power. They will not underestimate the potency of this dissolved party as the Social Democrats in Germany underrated Hitler. The other political parties in Rumania are to each other somewhat as dogs are to cats, but in the end they are in agreement, if only for reasons of self-preservation, in their attitude toward the Iron Guard, that party in which are included, among the peasants, so many desperadoes.

Codreanu himself falls under this category, for he is capable of brutality and devoid of scruples.

He was severely criticized by members of the Iron Guard a while ago because he failed to assist a group of ten students who, out of a hundred arrested ones, had been sentenced for misdemeanors.

Party Members Attempt Assassination

Thereupon a certain Stilesco rallied some of his friends around him and Codreanu was condemned to death. They were, however, unable to find him. Subsequently Codreanu resolved to slay Stilesco, and would presumably have carried out his intention if his colleague had not chanced to be in prison. When he is liberated the situation should become interesting. But it would be too much to hope that the rival factions devour each other.

One may say that the Iron Guard makes a good deal of noise, but at present is of not much importance. It received some sympathy from the people when Dr. Vaida, of the National Peasants, declared it illegal two days before the nomination of candidates for a general election. This was regarded as being too much in the nature of a trick, and a dirty one at that.

But the truth was that extremely subversive plans and documents had been discovered. It will be remembered that the Iron Guard assassinated Mr. Duca, the Liberal Prime Minister who succeeded Vaida. This alienated from them many thousands of their fellow-countrymen.

German Nazis Behind Guard

What the Minister of the Interior could have done to thwart them is being accomplished by public opinion. A large party in Rumania cannot be suppressed, but the Minister is powerful when it comes to the smaller ones. The possibilities will be understood if we repeat a sentence that many a Minister of the Interior has used: "My dear fellow, please don't stand in that constituency. I have a friend to get in there. So would you mind going somewhere else?"

It may or may not be a fact that the Iron Guard is receiving financial support from the German Nazis. Otherwise it would be difficult to account for the funds which it undoubtedly possesses. The argument of those, such as the German government, who say that Germany has no money to spare for anything abroad will not hold water, see—

(Continued on Page Five)

Between the Lines

By B. SMOLAR

A Zionist Blunder

It seems to me that The New Palestine, organ of the Zionist Organization of America, is not doing the Zionist cause a service by provoking, in its issue of this week, a discussion on the controversy, "Joint Distribution Committee vs. American Palestine Campaign."

Such a discussion, if it were to become widespread, would not do Zionist interests any good. Every intelligent reader would no doubt have to side with the Joint Distribution Committee in its argument that the Jews in Poland, Rumania and other East European countries require more relief today than the Jews in Palestine. Hence the leaders of the Joint Distribution Committee are quite right in stating that the Zionist Organization of America is not entitled to fifty per cent of the funds collected for the United Jewish Appeal, especially since eighty per cent of the funds come from non-Zionist elements.

Where Relief Is Required

At a time when Palestine organizations send large sums for non-Jewish victims of Austrian Fascism, at a time when—as The New Palestine itself reports—so proudly—the Jews in Palestine send an average of \$125,000 a month to relatives in Eastern Europe, at a time when the same New Palestine reports editorially that "the Zionist organization will no longer operate with a ball and chain of deficits," at a time when the Executive in Palestine has just received a loan of two and a half million dollars to consolidate its work, the question really arises whether Jewish funds collected in America for relief purposes should be sent to Palestine, where there is no need for Jewish relief activities, or whether the funds should better be used for assisting the millions of starving Jews in East European countries.

This question, if brought out for wide discussion in the press—The New Palestine seems to wish—would no doubt be answered by an immense majority in favor of the attitude taken by the Joint Distribution Committee of America. Ardent Zionists in America who have relatives in Poland and who are aware of the desperate situation there would now, we are certain, be the first to side with the Joint Distribution Committee.

The J. D. C. and Its Mission

The J.D.C. is not a political organization. It was established for and is interested only in granting relief wherever such relief is required. If the Jews of East European countries are today in greater need than the Jews of Palestine, it is but natural for an organization like the J.D.C. to wish to see that the larger proportion of the sums collected for the United Jewish Appeal should go for East European aid.

It must be taken into consideration that the Joint Distribution Committee also supports Palestine offices in various East European countries and helps maintain the Hachshara system of training Jewish youth for Palestine. It is the Joint Distribution Committee which this year paid the cost of transporting German Jews to Palestine, and not the Zionist Office in Berlin.

One does not necessarily have to be a lawyer for the Joint Distribution Committee. The New

(Continued on Page Six)

THE READER'S FORUM

(The editors reserve the right to excerpt all letters exceeding 250 words in length. All letters must bear the name and address of the writer although not necessarily for publication.)

Lewisohn's Articles Praised

How tastes differ. Here I experience something in the nature of a private intellectual feast on reading Lewisohn's articles in The Jewish Daily Bulletin. In my estimation his entrance into the ranks of your regular contributors at once lifted The Bulletin to a new high level of journalistic seriousness and dignity.

And now I learn from the Reader's Forum of December 9 of the existence of a reader who exalts in the Sport news and the Woman's page, but who has nothing but dislike, and some vague, disparaging epithets, for the writings of Lewisohn.

This is the more remarkable since that same reader is enthusiastic over Mr. Ziff's articles, which are also in the general vein of

Lewisohn's ideology, the ideology which holds that the rehabilitation of Jewish individual and group life is conditioned upon a renewed effort on our part to fall back on the wealth of our spiritual, moral and cultural values, as a source from which to draw sustenance for a full, dignified, positive and emotionally normalized Jewish existence.

Mr. Lewisohn's analytical powers, sharpened by years of practice as an outstanding literary and dramatic critic, and his constructive suggestions find expression in an elegant and trenchant style which delights the reader. Any serious publication would be justified in priding itself on having him as a regular contributor.

S. LOMANITZ.

Oklahoma City,
Dec. 14, 1934.

BLACK on WHITE

By EUGENE LYONS

"So—you've turned reactionary," he greeted me.

There was no malice in his greeting. Just sorrow. Another good man gone wrong, his tone conveyed another noble spirit lost to the cause. Indeed, whatever insult lurked in the salutation was more than offset by the implied compliment. To his mind, at least, my defection was a minor disaster for the cause.



EUGENE LYONS

A little probing and I got to the root of his sadness. It was a piece under my signature in this column which confirmed his suspicion that I had lost my social conscience and flopped into the catnip delusions of reaction. In that backsliding piece, it appears, I had shaken my aging head sadly over some six dozen executions without benefit of trial or defense in the new Russia. That, obviously, made me a black reactionary.

Of course, I had shaken that sinful head just as lugubriously over lawless official killings in the new Germany. But that, to my friend—or ex-friend—was political camouflage on my part. He had penetrated to the truth, namely, that I was much more distressed over brutalities in Russia than brutalities in Germany.

I plead guilty herewith to his last intuition. I am, in fact, a lot more disturbed by wholesale inhumanity in Russia than in Germany, China or central Africa. Brutality staged in these latter places—including those against strikers in American coal mine areas and the like—seem to me quite natural. It is what I expect. If a genuine demonstration of idealism and human decency were reported from Germany I should be surprised—perhaps a little disappointed. As long as Hitler and the coal mine gangsters and their kind persist in the path of error, their defeat may be envisioned.

But analogous evidences of official Schrecklichkeit in the new Russia offend me. It is decidedly not what I expect. I have too much personal investment of hope in that place. Evidence that the Kremlin leaders have lost all sense of proportion, that their feelings for human life have been dulled by the harsh years, is unpleasant. This is what I tried to tell my disappointed acquaintance. The commission of a crime by a stranger over in Cicero, Illinois, might be cause for mild, routine deprecation on his part. But that same crime committed by his own brother for whom he feels deeply despite everything, would be a great tragedy. . . . That, in a rough way, explains why I—and millions like myself—are more incensed over injustice in Russia than injustice in Germany.

As to the term "reactionary," it is only a matter of definition. Once upon a time, when I was still a middle-aged man and a flaming enthusiast of this, that and the other thing, anyone who favored executions without trial for political effects by any government was considered, without further ado, a hopeless reactionary.

Now, it seems, the definition has been reversed. Whoever objects to such useless panicky killing is a reactionary. Idealism has put on blinders and armed itself with a sword.

It was Busharin, I think, who

(Continued on Page Six)

Digest of World Press Opinion

N. Y. Times Comments On Austrian Attacks

The New York Times, reporting the revival of open Nazi anti-Jewish propaganda in Austria, states:

The open revival of Nazi anti-Semitic propaganda with the full permission of the government, which was signalized by the publication of the newspaper Deutsche Arbeiter Presse, has caused jubilation among the Nazis and consternation among those who believed the policy of the late Chancellor Dollfuss and his successors was to build up a bulwark in Europe against Nazi doctrines.

The newspaper, by special agreement with Chancellor Kurt Schuschnigg, is issued by Dr. Walter Riehle, "pioneer" of Nazi anti-Semitism in Austria, as he proclaims himself in its first issue.

He writes of "Jewish insolence," declares the policy of Theodor Habicht, former German leader of the Nazis in Austria, spelled disaster to the Austrian Nazi movement's glorious ideals and says the only ones to profit by it were the "accursed Jews, who even now dare to call themselves Austrian patriots."

Non-Zionists Aid The Jewish Agency

Speaking of the misunderstandings often occurring between the Zionists and the non-Zionists in the Jewish Agency, The New Palestine, official organ of the Zionist Organization of America, suggests that the New York meeting of the Administrative Committee on December 31 should be utilized for building up the non-Zionist section of the Jewish Agency. The paper writes editorially:

The present anomalous situation cannot continue without destroying the extended Jewish Agency. It is a curious thing that just in the United States, where representative government is regarded as the essence of Americanism, the non-Zionist section of the Jewish Agency should be maintained with no regard for what is usually called

"constituency." It is surprising that under such conditions it should have been possible to operate the extended Jewish Agency for five years without its going to pieces.

A number of the best non-Zionist supporters of the Agency, who are keenly interested in its work, have gradually divested themselves of any and all official responsibility. They seem to think it possible to maintain influence in the Agency without occupying positions of authority. Thanks largely to the uncanny Jewish legalistic ability which overcomes technicalities and statutes and procedure, a semblance of joint responsibility has been maintained in the Jewish Agency with great difficulty, often being the cause of misunderstandings and hard feelings.

Civic Virtues of South African Jews

Commenting on the civic virtues of South African Jewry, the Zions' Record of Johannesburg states editorially:

The civic virtues of South African Jews, their readiness and keenness to shoulder their full share of responsibility for the management and progress of our cities and towns, are remarkably exemplified by the fact that at the moment the three most important civic positions in the Union are held by members of our community.

Pretoria, the capital of the Union, has conferred a signal honor upon Mr. Ivan Solomon in according him, by unanimous vote of his colleagues, a third consecutive year of office. In Johannesburg the elevation to the Mayoral chair of Mr. Maurice Freeman, though not officially confirmed at the moment of going to press, is a foregone conclusion. In Cape Town, Mr. Louis Gradner continues to hold the position which he has filled with such distinction for over a year.

German-Jewish Children's Problem

The problem of Jewish children in Germany is discussed by Miss Cecilia Razovsky in The Reform Advocate:

What are we to do with the 50,000 German-Jewish children of school age who have no opportunities to learn trades or to receive a higher education in Germany? This is indeed a serious problem, the gravity of which can be measured by the fact that fathers and mothers are willing to let their little children leave them for countries that are thousands of miles away.

The Jews of every country in Europe and in the United States are attempting to remove as many children from Germany as they can. It is hoped that 5,000 children will be sent out of Germany to Palestine. The English Jews are planning to educate at least 500 German-Jewish children in their schools. Here in the United States, we intend to offer education to 250 children so that these will be able to plan for a future somewhere in the world when they grow up. In making plans for these 250 children, we are hoping to secure free homes with private families for the children. Some of these youngsters come from religious orthodox homes and would like to live in comparable homes in this country.

To those persons who doubt the advisability and the need of helping Jewish children out of Germany I should like to pre-

sent this picture: Here is a classroom. On one side sit some Jewish children. Between them and other children are rows of vacant seats, for they are pariahs. The teacher is giving instruction to the other children about the superiority of certain races and the inferiority of the Jewish race. What effect can such treatment have on growing, plastic minds? How can we expect children to grow up normal human beings under such pressure and in such an atmosphere?

"The Forty Days" And Reich Jewry

Gilbert Seldes, writing in The New York Evening Journal on "The Forty Days of Musa Dagh," the latest book by Franz Werfel, says:

I do not want to bring in a minority report on the massive and often masterly book, "The Forty Days of Musa Dagh," but I think it is worth noting that in connection with the Jews in Germany this book expresses a dangerous idea.

The novel tells the story of some 5,000 Armenians, facing expulsion and ultimate death at the hands of the Turks, who fortify a mountain top, beat off their enemies, and are ultimately rescued. The adventure side of the story is tremendously good.

The political side is all favorable to the small minority against the oppressor; symbol of the Jews against the Nazis. But in telling the story Werfel has again and again suggested that the small minority is not only in every way superior to the great power, but cannot be reconciled to it.

This may be true of Armenian and Turk. But the argument of the Jews in Germany is that they are good Germans, loyal to Germany, suffering her sufferings, and contributing to her joys. They ask to be allowed to live as Germans. It is a sounder argument than the one implied in the book.

Steuben Society In Its True Colors

Under the title, "Steuben Society in Its True Colors," The Philadelphia Jewish Exponent declares editorially:

The report of the national chairman of the Steuben Society of America on the status of the Jews of Germany removes all further doubt as to the Nazi character of this German-American organization. It will not be surprising to find the national president, who gave the Fatherland a clean bill of health following his five weeks' stay in that country, repeating this propaganda whenever opportunity offers.

This, of course, cannot be stopped. Jews and other liberals, who have been prone to withhold judgment, should now be completely disillusioned. They should make their position clear. The mask should be torn away so that the Steuben Society may be revealed in its true colors.

RUMANIAN FASCISTS

(Continued from Page Four)

ing that farm after farm is being bought in Southern Denmark and German colonists are being settled there.

The Iron Guard, anyhow, is in such close communion with the Nazis that its accession to power would entirely change the direc-

Reich Attests War Statistics Of Jewish Vets

Official Quiz Discloses Claim of 12,000 Dead Is Accurate

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

BERLIN.—An official investigation by the German government into the claims made by the Reich League of Jewish Front Soldiers that 12,000 Jews were killed while fighting for Germany has resulted in vindication for the league's statistics. The investigation was demanded by the league itself when the figures contained in its memorial book to the war dead were contested.

Announcement of the findings of the investigation were made here by Dr. Leo Loewenstein, president, at a Chanukah service in the Prinzregentenstrasse Synagogue.

The inquiry, Dr. Loewenstein declared, established the fact that 90.2 per cent of 3,200 names selected at random by the authorities were without question Jewish war dead.

This result, the league's president maintained, is an effective repudiation of the allegation that non-Jews were included in the list.

"This official announcement," Dr. Loewenstein stated, "confirms in a sense the memorial statistics contained in our book. So far as the other 9.8 per cent are concerned the examination states that in six per cent of these cases sufficient evidence has not been obtained of the religion to which the war dead belonged.

"Since we, however, carefully examined every case on the basis of membership of the Jewish religious community, and the official investigation could not prove the contrary, we count ninety-seven per cent of all the names we listed as definitely belonging to the Jewish religion.

"The other three per cent will not enter into discussion about, because statistically it does not vitally affect the point at issue. The total of 12,000 of Jewish war dead contained in our list must be assumed to be definitely proved, when we take into consideration that our list was compiled ten years after the war, and the communities of the occupied areas were no longer to be reached.

"To go from the figures in the book to the spirit of the book, the spirit is that which animated the German Jews of the front, and it is the task now of the Reich League of Jewish Front Soldiers to hold fast to this soldierly spirit and to hand it down to the Jewish youth of Germany today."

tion of Rumania's foreign politics. It would be disastrous for Rumania, as it would involve the breaking up of the peace treaties and the revision of the present European frontiers, which is the last thing that a sensible Rumanian should desire.

Leadership of Land Highly Improbable

So far as one can judge, it is improbable that the Iron Guard will ever have in its reckless hands the destinies of Rumania. Its members will continue to assassinate themselves and other people; some of their leaders, such as Robu in Bokovina, will remain a general nuisance.

He was once the lowliest servant in a Jewish household; now, in possession of party funds, he looks upon himself as being above the law. But the sagacity of the Rumanian people and the self-interest of the two great political parties will prove, one imagines, unsurmountable obstacles in the path of the Iron Guard.

Critical Moments

By GEORGE JOEL

'Music in The Air' And Victor Herbert

Miss Gloria Swanson, by choosing for her return to the screen a picturization of Jerome Kern's operetta "Music in the Air," made a wise choice. The favorite of the silent screen days has been absent long enough so that the public has had a chance to forget her indifferent pictures and remember only her successes. It is a pleasant surprise to find the tiny star in a gay, delightful, tuneful and enjoyable film made by Fox and written by Oscar Hammerstein with music by Jerome Kern and Howard Irving Young.

At the Music Hall, where "Music in the Air" is being shown, the audience was apparently familiar with Jerome Kern's work when it was a stage play and the fact that this audience expressed its pleasure with the picture is indicative of its quality. "Music in the Air," as you no doubt recall, was a slightly satirical tale of a composer, a lyric writer and a not too talented but ambitious ingenue who breezed into Munich determined to show that musically-minded city a few tricks. How they failed to cause a stir and flopped dismally was told with telling effect. In the film this plot has been retained and even amplified so that none of the sly digs has become obscure.

In the matter of music, the favorite tunes of the operetta have been kept in the picture and Mr. Young has added a number of singable songs. Miss Swanson as the prima donna and John Boles as the leading man manage with some effort to be amusing. The rest of the cast, especially Al Shean who appeared in the original version, fit very well and all help make "Music in the Air" a better than average film.

'Babes in Toyland' At The Astor

"Babes in Toyland," which was brought into the Astor Theatre for the Christmas trade, is based very properly on Victor Herbert's operetta. Laurel and Hardy are the featured players and the result is a fantastic, imaginative film that should delight the children.

Santa Claus, Mother Goose and many of the other favorites of the nursery have been called into being and a plot has been woven around them. It is all extremely funny and not a little exciting. A scene wherein the wooden soldiers save little Bo-Peep from the villain is excellently done. There are many other moments in the film that the children will like. Much as I dislike to use a hackneyed expression, it is a picture that will titillate adults as well as youngsters.

Alas, Lew Brown's musical extravaganza falls far below Broadway musical comedy standards. The music is not tuneful, the dancing indifferent, the skits only mildly funny and the chorus work weak. Even the talents of Lou Holtz, Phil Baker, Everett Marshall and Gertrude Niesen cannot rescue this indifferently conceived piece from mediocrity. Coming after "Say When" and "Anything Goes," "Calling All Stars" is too much of a let-down.

'The Sky's the Limit' And Other Notes

Last evening's opening at the Fulton Theatre was "The Sky's the Limit," in which two vaudevillians, Joe Smith and Charles Dale, play with the idea of radio advertising. The play was written by Pierce Johns and Hendrik Booraem. . . . "Revenge With Music," in which Libby Holman is starred, will reopen next Monday evening. . . . "Dodsworth," which has been running for more than a year will close within four weeks. . . . Beginning December 21 the Theatre Mass will present at the Fifth Avenue Theatre on Twenty-eighth street and Broadway, Ernst Toller's great drama,

"The Red Sun Burning." This is the German Communist's anti-war play. . . . "Ode to Liberty," Sidney Howard's adaptation of Michel Duran's "Liberte Provisoire," which ran successfully in Paris last season, will be presented by Gilbert Miller at the Lyceum Theatre Friday evening.

Avukah to Hold Annual Parley This Weekend

300 Students to Attend 10th Convention at Cleveland

Jewish college students from all parts of the nation, representing forty-seven colleges, will converge upon Cleveland this weekend where the tenth annual national Avukah convention will open at the Hotel Cleveland.

Approximately three hundred students, including fifteen from New York colleges, are expected to attend the parley, scheduled to last four days.

After registration of delegates Sunday evening, the first session will be called the following morning by Samuel Maron, president of the graduate chapter of Avukah of Cleveland. Individual chapters will present reports of their yearly activities at the initial session.

The delegates will be greeted in the morning by Ezra Shapiro, city law director of Cleveland; Max Kohrman, chairman of the Ohio Zionist Region and Dr. Rogoff, of the University of Chicago. A luncheon with prominent speakers will feature the afternoon.

Activities on Campus

During the afternoon Dr. Zelig S. Harris, Avukah national chairman and instructor of Semitics of the University of Pennsylvania, will outline the activities of Avukah and its accomplishments during the past decade.

A symposium on "What Is Avukah" will be held in the evening. Discussion will be led by Rabbis Barnett Brickner and Samuel Blumenfeld, and A. H. Friedland. The first full day will be climaxed with an informal party at the hotel.

The highlight of Tuesday's session will be a discussion of the "Jewish Student on the Campus." Sam Duker, of the Harvard University chapter, and Abe M. Max, of the Wisconsin University chapter, will give addresses.

The morning will be devoted to round-table committee conferences. A formal dinner dance will end activities on the second day.

Committee reports and resolutions will occupy the delegates Wednesday. At the close of the convention officers for the following year will be elected.

Art Exhibit at Hotel

A house party and reunion is planned for Wednesday evening, when former Avukah members will meet present adherents.

Throughout the parley an art exhibit, featuring the work of Saul Raskin, Isaac Sankowsky, Shulamith Wittenberg, Ruth Light and Lionel Reiss, will be held at the hotel.

Another novelty will be the exhibit of Palestinian literature and souvenirs of ten years of Avukah work including mementos of the John Haynes Holmes-Clarence Darrow debate on Zionism, the Avukah Summer School and the Avukah conference on Labor Zionism.

Rose Rosenberg, of this city, is chairman of the convention committee and Rose Baron, of Cleveland, is head of the arrangements committee.

At the RKO Palace



Guy Kibbee in the title role of "Babbitt."

Deborah Society Meets Sunday at Hotel Astor

The annual meeting and dinner of the Deborah Jewish Tuberculosis Society will be held this Sunday at the Hotel Astor. The society's sanatorium is maintained at Brown Mills, N. J.

Reports of the year's activities and future plans will be discussed. Judge Jacob Panken is honorary president of the society and Israel Katz is president. David Dubinsky is vice-president.

Maccabean Festival To Feature Athletics

The fifth annual Maccabean festival, to be held December 22 at the Seventy-first Regiment Armory, Thirty-fourth street and Park avenue, will feature a series of athletic games in which Palestine Maccabiad candidates will participate.

Stage, screen and radio personalities will enhance the program. Harry Hershfield will act as master of ceremonies.

Stage Stars Signed For Yiddish Talkie

Dinah Goldberg, Anita Chayes, Morris Strassberg, Leah Naomi, and Peter Graf, Yiddish stage stars, have been signed by Jack Stillman, president of the Sov-Am Film Corporation, as supporting principals for Boris Thomashefsky and Regina Zuckenberg in "Bar Mitzvah," second of the all-talking Jewish productions on Sov-Am's schedule for this year.

Cedar Sails for London

Ivan E. Cedar, theatrical producer, sailed for London yesterday, where he will arrange for an immediate production of "Days of the Turbines," an adaptation from the original Russian by Eugene Lyons.

This will be followed by "Inga," another adaptation from the Russian by the former Moscow correspondent.

A. Alexander printed the Haggadah in London in 1770.

BETWEEN the LINES

(Continued from Page Four)

Palestine is altogether mistaken in ascribing this role to me. Any American Jew who knows the Jewish situation in East European countries as well as in Palestine will agree that Palestine today does not need any relief, while millions of Jews in Europe do need it. Not only non-Zionists but even Zionists in America agree with my viewpoint.

Praha Paper Explains Outburst Of Anti-Semitism in Student Riots

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

PRAHA. — Commenting on the recent student disturbances here over transference of insignia from the German University, the Selbstwehr, Jewish publication, comes to the following conclusions as to the unexpectedly anti-Semitic character they took:

1.—The work of the gutter press of the city has proved effective.

2.—Confirmation of an old realization that Praha is highly anti-Semitic.

3.—That in this country also a party that wants to win elections cannot do without anti-Semitism.

"Why," the publication asks, "is Praha so anti-Semitic? We are often told that it is because the Jews excite the population by their tactlessness in the language they use, or their assertive behavior."

Obvious Pretexts

Conceding that there are individual Jews who are guilty of being tactless and assertive, the Selbstwehr concludes that such obvious pretexts for anti-Semitism are unnecessary.

"There is no question," it declares, "but that anti-Semitism is not at a loss for motives, and in the same way as it exploits the language, it can exploit race or looks, or social activity as its pretext, since, after all, the very existence of the Jews is sufficient motive for hostility."

Jews 'Miles Away'

The article points out that in the insignia disturbances, the Jews "were miles away from the problem."

"There were no Jews among those students who protested against transfer of the insignia," it declares. "On the contrary, it is certain that the German Nationalist students were anti-Semites. Nevertheless, the demonstration against the German students soon assumed an anti-Semitic character, as all the newspapers made clear. The cries of the demonstrating mob were mostly directed against the Jews. They marched against the Beth Haam and did much damage in the Cafe Manes, because it was frequented by Jewish customers."

"Very soon, student demonstrations followed in Vienna, to express sympathy with the German students in Praha. And how did they do that? By abusing the Jews."

The publication expresses appreciation for the condemnation of the disturbances by intellectuals and the vigorous action taken by the police in quelling the rioters before any serious damage was done.

Reich Organ Explains Outbreaks

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

BERLIN. — The "C. V.-Zeitung," official organ of the Central Union of German Citizens of Jewish Faith, has a leading article on the occurrences in Praha and the cry that was raised there: "Out

with the Germans and the Jews!"

"Hundreds of German-Jewish students and many world-famous German-Jewish scholars contributed to the fame of the German University at Prague," it writes. "To mention only one, Professor Kisch, who was repeatedly Rector of the University. Is that any reason for anti-German and anti-Semitic excesses? The reason seems to lie in the political conditions in Czechoslovakia."

Uses Parole for Campaign

"It must be borne in mind that the Right opposition seems to be endeavoring to make use of the anti-Semitic parole for the election campaign of next year. The Czech opposition holds that for decades it has been the custom to regard the German Jews as the most loyal and dependable support of Germanism. The numerically weak, but therefore culturally and politically strong German group in Praha, would be unthinkable without the financial and culturally important German-Jewish circles and would be condemned to insignificance. Many parts of the country would never obtain the necessary twenty per cent for the recognition of the lingual rights of the German minority if it were not for the numerous Jews who stand with Germanism."

Jews Have Played Big Role

"In the struggle of the Germans in Czechoslovakia for their national and cultural distinctiveness, German Jews have taken an important part, even as German Ministers of Czech governments. With the same loyalty the Magyar Jews in the former Hungarian parts of Slovakia stood by their Hungarianism, a fact that has been largely recognized recently on the Hungarian side."

Hold Conference Today On 'Charity' Racketeers

In an effort to eliminate racketeering by some religious "charity" institutions, representatives of philanthropic organizations and the Department of Public Welfare will confer this afternoon at the office of Assistant District Attorney John J. Sullivan.

BLACK on WHITE

(Continued from Page Five)

the other day excused the wholesale executions by referring to himself and his comrades as people wielding "the sword of history." Naturally, those who wield the sword of history cannot do wrong. Those who wield any other sword cannot do wrong, whether in Germany or Russia, as long as the edge remains sharp and the arm behind it remains muscular.

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PLANTS ON SPORTS

By MORRIS WEINER

Will the Judge Leave Baseball?

Judge Emil Fuchs, owner of the Boston Braves and one of the most colorful men in the game today, may leave baseball. The Judge said so the other day. Friends, however, who are close to one of the grand old men of a grand old game, say that the Judge didn't mean it. Baseball means too much to the Jewish magnate to quit at this stage of the game.



Morris Weiner

The Judge bought the Braves way back in 1922. Baseball was his sole interest then and has been for the past eleven years. This year the Judge is of a different opinion. He stuck to the national pastime as long as he thought he could make money and even after he saw there could be no profitable financial return he still remained the big shot of the Boston Braves.

For some years Judge Fuchs was able to put baseball in the Bean City on a paying basis. He had to because that sport was his only source of revenue. He didn't have a beer plant or a gum factory to tide him over the lean periods.

The Judge wanted to leave the game two years ago but the big shots of the ball game asked him to stick. He did and took it on the chin. This year he came to the meeting of the baseball owners and requested that they permit him to run dog racing at the Boston ball park. Judge Landis said no. Judge Fuchs said, "I'll quit and devote all my time to dog racing. There's money in that."

The Magnate Is Very Sentimental

It has been only the Judge's great sentiment for the game that has kept him in it so long in the face of great financial reverses. He is known as the most sentimental man in baseball today. Yet he doesn't let his love for the pill, the resin and the hickory sway his pocketbook too long. His proverbial sense of humor was evident last year when he said: "It's funny how baseball has changed since Rube Waddell's time. In these days the managers and own-

Will the Judge Leave Baseball?



Judge Emil Fuchs, owner of the Boston Braves and one of the grand old men of a grand old game, may give up his baseball activities as a result of Judge Landis' decision to prohibit dog racing in the Boston ball park.

ers had to get the players out of hock. Now they have to get the owners out of hock."

The Annie Oakleys issued to the Braves' ball park this past season had printed on the backs the pictures of Maranville, Gowdy and Evers, with the following legend underneath: "1914-1934 And Still Together."

When Rabbit Maranville suffered a broken leg as result of a slide during the training season in the southlands, no man was more hurt than the Judge.

The Rabbit was an idol of the Jewish magnate and the latter realized that such an injury at this stage of the game meant curtains for the oldtimer.

Thinks Dog Racing Will Solve Difficulties

Very few of the major league clubs were on the black side of the books at the end of this season. Their ledgers looked like Christmas tree decorations. The Judge, realizing that something had to be done to relieve this situation and still keep the grand old game alive, took to dog racing. The greyhound sport has proved exceedingly popular wherever it has been introduced and the Judge figured that if he could install this sport in his stadium during the summer nights baseball in Boston would be something more than a cellar occupation.

There were a few difficulties in the way. One was an old Massachusetts law prohibiting such sport. Another was the consent of the National League and Judge Landis. The first was the more difficult. But the Judge showed his astuteness, strategy and baseball sense by backing the right man for governor—a man who was close to the Judge and who was committed to the abolition of the racing ban.

Nevertheless, a few short days ago the so-called Great God Brown of the baseball game, upon whom the Judge had banked to come through, put the skids under his plan. It was no wonder that the Judge said, "I'll quit baseball."

Broke Into Big League In 1922

This Jewish fan, because at heart he'll be a baseball fan first and

last, and who desires to be known as a rooter rather than an owner, has had a varied career. His ambition on the East Side of New York was to be a ball player. However, he didn't have the natural ability to get further than a catcher's post on a semi-pro outfit in the gashouse district. Yet all the time his first love continued to flicker in his sentimental soul.

Like many other youngsters of the nineties who played in the shadows of bridges and gashouses, Fuchs turned to the law profession and had a most successful career. His perspicacity accounted for the fact that he never lost a case before a jury. He served as a public official for a time, rising to the magistrate's bench in the Criminal Courts in 1916.

In 1922 he purchased the Braves from George Washington Grant and brought Christy Mathewson out of retirement to become president. The fact that Fuchs was a New Yorker and used a former Giant man as an executive was too much for Boston fans. The bleacherites harbored a dislike against the Judge for many years and this resentment still persists in the form of rumors that the Giants own or control the Boston Braves.

Could Put Baseball Over in Boston

Fuchs, however, was not a New York politician for the love of it. He had been scooped in the old Tammany regime of Boss Murphy and though he didn't kiss every baby in the Bean City, he attended one dinner after another. At one occasion he attended a tea with the high caste of the Boston Back Bay society present. Which proved how eager the judge was to put baseball across in the land of the codfish.

Despite the fact that the Bostonians were as much thrilled by the Jewish magnate's purchase of the Braves as nudists by a strip poker game, they finally came around to his way of thinking. Last year when the Judge needed money the Hub fans came across with 150 grand. This year the Judge wants to have dog racing supply the money to keep baseball going. The question is, will he leave baseball to gain his ends?

Pelley Gazes Into Crystal Ball, Sees F. D. R. and Stalin Pals

Pelley's mimeographed weekly, containing what the mystic and fanatic William Dudley labels as "confidential information," arrived in The Jewish Daily Bulletin's office yesterday and everybody dropped copies of the latest humor magazines to take a peek and indulge in a real laugh.

The theme-song of the latest product of the Asheville, North Carolina, anti-Semite's crystal gazings is substantially the same as previous materializations featured in the weekly.

The Jews are in control of the United States government. President Roosevelt is a tool of these Jews.

Mr. Roosevelt is "the first Communist President of the United States."

"Sensational" Disclosures

Working these old standbys of his, Pelley has this week, however, offered his readers something truly sensational and climactic. The Silvershirt leader, with the "aid" of the Chicago Tribune, presents the discovery that the virus of Communism is being openly introduced into America by the President and his Jewish behind-the-throners through the innocent-looking medium of the Norris Dam project in Tennessee.

The Chicago Tribune is brought into the picture in two places. An editorial, described by Pelley as "terse and well-spiced," which appeared in the Tribune November 4, is quoted as "proof" of the Communist charge leveled at the Norris project.

Not content with quoting the editorial, Pelley modestly takes full credit for having educated Cole R. R. McCormick, owner of the Chicago Tribune, to the "dangers" of the situation.

"Perhaps," he writes parenthetically,

"the fact that for almost one solid year Col. McCormick has been a consistent reader of LIBERATION (defunct Silvershirt organ) had something to do with the attention which his newspaper is giving this innocuous Norris 'experiment.'"

The editorial in question announced that because the TVA refused to confirm or deny certain reports in connection with the Norris work.

"There is no longer room to doubt that at Norris the Communism of Lenin and Stalin has taken root in the United States, for

"No man in Norris may engage in private business.

"No man in Norris may work for wages except for the government.

"No man in Norris may worship in church or build a church to worship in, according to his conscience.

"Can anyone doubt that in the inaccessible mountains of Tennessee is being grown the germ culture that is intended to infect America."

Pelley in many thousand words flatly says he for one doesn't doubt it and proceeds to prove that Mr. Roosevelt, spurred by the ever-present Jewish behind-the-throners, fully intends to spread the Communist dogma from one end of America to the other.

Communism and Roosevelt In substantiation of his charges, Pelley points triumphantly to a speech made recently by the President on a trip of inspection to the Norris Dam.

This speech, in which Mr. Roosevelt is quoted as saying that the work at Norris "is but the prototype and forecast of what lies in store for similar communities all over the United States," is liber-

(Continued on Page Eight)

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Green Charges 'Reds' Plotting U. S. Downfall

Labor Head One of Many Witnesses Before Congress Body

(Continued from Page One)
of the Fur Workers International Union.

Congressman McCormack stated that the committee had evidence that between 200 and 300 employers in New York City are forced by Communists to pay three per cent of their payrolls for protection.

Asked by McCormack for any suggestions as to remedial legislation against activities of subversive groups, Green said that the Federation of Labor had no recommendations to make.

"We are not clear in our own minds," he said, "that the crushing of the evil could be brought about through legislative action. We must rely on healthy and aroused public opinion rather than legislation restrictions. Communism and Communist philosophy thrive largely because of lack of understanding."

"Sponsored" by Soviet

The chairman of the Congressional Committee asked Green to study the possibility of legislation which would permit the prosecution of conspirators against the government rather than wait for the open act as is now necessary.

Matthew Woll, vice-president of the American Federation of Labor, speaking for the National Civic Federation, whose leading figure, Ralph B. Easley, has distributed anti-Semitic literature, charged Communists in this country with an "attempt to form a Soviet America to conform with the Russian model."

He charged that a great deal of the Communist activities in this country is sponsored by the Russian government and made the assertion that the Russians are not living up to their pledge to the United States, made at the time of Soviet recognition, that they would not engage in any propaganda activities in this country.

Woll stated that Communist propaganda is permeating the schools of this country. He also made the sensational charge that the Communists are plotting a general strike as a means of overthrowing the government.

Thomas Kirby, legislative chairman of the Disabled American Veterans, and Rice Means, of the United Spanish War Veterans, both urged the enactment of legislation to make a felony the spreading of any propaganda advocating to overthrow the government.

London Hears of Reich 'Purge'

(Continued from Page One)

their search for alleged immorality, particularly homosexuality.

Storm troopers, Hitler youth group members, government functionaries and party leaders were among those caught in the secret police dragnet.

The drive was said to be under the personal supervision of Reichsfuehrer Adolf Hitler.

Tel Aviv City Hall To Get Smuts Portrait

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

JOHANNESBURG, S. A., Dec. 17.—A portrait of General Jan Christian Smuts, South African statesman, which is now being completed here, will be hung in the Tel Aviv City Hall. Nahum Gutman, Palestinian artist, is at work on the portrait.

The League Ponders a Vexing Problem



Dr. Edouard Benes of Czechoslovakia, with Pierre Laval of France, seated at his right, is shown presiding at the opening session of the council of the League of Nations at which Saar plebiscite problems were discussed.

Pelley Sees F. D. R. And Stalin Pals

(Continued from Page Seven)

ally interpreted by the rabid anti-Semite as follows:

"Ultimately all over the United States we intend to see to it that no citizen may engage in any private business."

"Ultimately all over the United States we intend to see to it that no citizen may work for wages except for the government."

"Ultimately all over the United States we intend to see to it that no citizen may worship in church, or build a church to worship in, according to his conscience."

This change in the character of the government, Pelley warns, is being accomplished by the group of Jews who are the "true political rulers of the United States."

"Rulers" Grow

This group he now numbers as seventy-five, an increase of twenty-four of his last week's estimate of fifty-one.

"It is their introvert alien and radical policies," Pelley declares, "that are responsible for the creation of this titanic and un-American bureaucracy whose Frankenstein potentialities threatens to transfer the conditions prevailing in Russia over here into the Christian United States."

Hull Defers Barter Decision

(Continued from Page One)

here that negotiations on the cotton deal were ready to be concluded. Before final action could be taken, however, the deal had to receive State Department approval.

In view of the fact that the barter proposal represents a wide departure from Secretary Hull's policies on foreign trade, it is expected that the State Department's approval is being withheld.

It is likely that before final action is taken Secretary Hull may take the matter up with President Roosevelt.

The plan involves German purchase of as much as 800,000 bales of American cotton for which in payment Germany would be enabled to send to this country goods to be sold in exchange.

There is strong pressure from the South for the German barter deal to go through.

up their press in the town of that name in the Duchy of Milan in 1453, were the first to print the Hebrew Bible.

HICEM Unit Quit Over Funds Tiff

Emigdirect Asked Changes in Budget, Paris Office Divulges

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

PARIS, Dec. 17.—Reasons for the break between the HICEM, central Jewish emigration group, and one of its constituent bodies, the Emigdirect, were made public here today.

Emigdirect, it was stated reliably, demanded the expenditure of money to ascertain all possibilities in the countries to which immigration is still permitted and also demanded certain budgetary changes. When HICEM refused, relations between the two organizations were severed.

HICEM formerly included the American Hebrew Immigrant Aid and Shelter Society, the Jewish Colonization Association and the Emigdirect, all of which are concerned with migration of the Jews.

DAWA Exhibit Proves Fiasco

(Continued from Page One)

example of the "evil" the Jews in this country have brought down on their own heads.

"Jews here have lost plenty of business on account of that rotten boycott," Schuster said, waving his arm toward the stalls where pro-Hitlerite merchants were vainly attempting to sell their goods.

The reporter looked out into the main room of the exhibit and saw a handful of people wandering aimlessly about—looking, but not buying.

Polish Government Defied by Endeks

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

WARSAW, Dec. 17.—Not one National Radical or National Democrat anti-Semite was sent to an isolation camp for having participated in a riot against the Jews, the Endek deputy Czerwinski declared today in a debate in the Parliament budget commission. The challenge to the government side, however, was unanswered. The government deputies ignored the charge, refusing to answer or even to deny it.

The National Democrats (Endeks) are the chief anti-government anti-Semitic party in Poland. The National Radicals (Naras) were suppressed last summer after the murder of Minister of the Interior Colonel Bronislaw Pieracki.

Spain to Mark Maimonides Day

(Continued from Page One)

ommended him to the royal family and bestowed numerous honors on him.

Famous Commentator

Despite the fact that his fame spread throughout the Medieval world and brought him patients from many lands, the Rambam found time to write numerous works on religion and philosophy and to administer the affairs of the Cairo Jewish community, whose chief he became in 1177.

When the Rambam died, both Jews and Moslems mourned and the Moslem community ordered a three-day public mourning period for him.

Among his chief works are the "Moreh Nebukim," "Millot ha Higgayon," and numerous other works on medicine, theology and philosophy. The works of the Rambam were translated into many languages and he exerted a great influence on later philoso-

German Nazis Fear Haegele's Defiance Here

Keep Hands Off Dispute in New York; 'Friends' War Widens

(Continued from Page One)

and Bronx members of the League who are in sympathy with the secession have been summoned.

Tomorrow night the Schnuch faction will hold a membership meeting in the same building, with Fritz Gisibl Middle West district leader, and Louis Zahne speaking.

At the same time Joseph Schuster, chieftain of the Brooklyn Friends who has maintained his loyalty to Schnuch, will speak on "The Revolution of the Traitors of New York" at a mass rally in Schwaben Halle, Brooklyn.

Zahne Named N. Y. Chief

Schnuch yesterday named Zahne acting League leader and regional group head of New York, to replace the rebellious Haegele.

Rather pathetic was Schnuch's claim that the Ordnungsdienst (American counterparts of Hitler's storm troops) are "already in part" returning to his camp, and that "in Yorkville, too, there already is strong sentiment against the separatists, especially among business men and individuals with foresight."

He listed the following regional groups as remaining loyal to the national leadership which he purports to represent:

Brooklyn, Astoria, Hudson, Passaic and Bergen Counties in New Jersey, Newark, Staten Island, Nassau County, Bay Ridge, Yonkers, White Plains, Poughkeepsie and Philadelphia.

Tombstone Engravers Strike Brings Arrest

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

WARSAW, Dec. 17.—Isser Goldberg, secretary of the Metal Workers Union, was arrested today and charged with having fomented a strike of tombstone engravers.

The workers demanded an increase in pay.

The first Jewess to write German poetry was Rachel Akerman, born in Vienna about 1522.

SLANTS ON SPORTS

By MORRIS WEINER

A breezy, gossipy informative column about Jewish athletes and sportsmen, written by one who has participated in as well as reviewed the sports, appears every day except Sunday.

in the

JEWISH DAILY BULLETIN