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HERMAN BERNSTEIN Contributing Editor

"Truthache"

Adolf Hitler gave toothache as an excuse for postponing his much-heralded reception of Reichbishop Mueller and the provincial bishops of the Nazi Church, at which the Nazi church dictator was to swear allegiance to Hitler. As a matter of fact, Hitler was suffering from what Zangwill once described as "truthache." The diplomatic illness of Hit-ler which prevented him from meeting the Nazi churchmen did not prevent him from re-ceiving the French Ambassador on the same day.

It is reported that Hitler had

decided to have the leaders of the church opposition arrested and thrown into jail, and to pro-claim his full support to Reichs-hishon. Mueller Browneisbishop Mueller. Preparations had been made for a world-wide radio broadcast in which the Nazi leader was to explain his attitude toward the Protestant Church. But at the last moment he yielded to more conservative ocumed and changed his plans. The Reichsbishop and his Nazi church associates were snubbed. The scheme of an open war against the non-Nazi Protestant church has been postponed for the present.

Hitler has been given to un-derstand by his more moderate advisers that his proposed move would call forth strong condemnation in the Christian world outside Germany. And the dic-tator yielded. He has defied world public opinion and Ger-many has paid for his defiance by ever-growing economic dis-tress and moral isolation. He has now reversed himself, for the present, because the Nazi-fication of the Protestant church in Germany not only served to antagonize Protestants abroad antagonize Protestants abroad but also stirred up a most vig-orous, courageous and danger-ous opposition at home.

The Nazi dictator is commencing to back down, under pres-mad of the consequences of his reign of mad terror.

Characteristic Methods

The "Recovery Party" petition nominating Judge John F. Hylan for Governor was thrown out by Supreme Court Justice Gilbert Supreme Court Justice Gilbert V. Schenk. The petition was disqualified because of numerous irregularities a n d falsified names. Criminal investigation is to be instituted, and several people who obtained signatures for the petition have been de-tained.

While Judge Hylan is undoubtedly personally guiltless of any attempts at irregularities and illegality in connection with the "Recovery Party" petition, it is characteristic that the candidacy endorsed by the Nazified German-American is in-volved in scandalous comprom-(Continued on Page Five)

Take Beating On All Fronts

Defeat of Hylan's Petition and Charter Re**buff Cause Grief**

Redraggled and forelown New Bedraggied and foreform, New York's Nazi leaders breathed a sigh of relief as a week which saw them soundly thrashed on many fronts came to an end.

Although former Mayor John F. Hylan has consistently refused to admit that his governorship aspirations bear a strong Nazi tinge, political observers were inclined to regard a Supreme Court ruling banning his name from the ballot as a telling blow at pro-Hitlerdom in this state.

in this state.

Harry A. Gordon, Hylan's counsel and the only Jew on the "Recovery party" ticket, declared his intention of appealing Supreme Court Justice Gilbert V. Schenck's decision that Hylan's nominating petition was invalid "in law and in

Plans "Write In" Drive

The candidate himself said that if all other measures fail, he will start a campaign to cajole voters into writing in his name on elec-

Nazidom was not particularly perturbed by the Albany ruling, since its ardor for Hylan has cooled down considerably, follow-ing revelations that he had no intention of keeping any of the promises he may have made to its

Chieftains of the rabid anti-Semitic element in German-Americandom were more ruffled, how-ever, by the Secretary of State's candom were more ruffled, how-ever, by the Secretary of State's rejection of incorporation papers filed by the Friends of New Ger-many in that organization's attempt to win recognition under the state laws.

Charter Rejected The application was turned down on a technical ground, due to the fact that after Supreme Court Jus-(Continued on Page Twelve)

Defeated Moslems Claim Vote Frauds

Adherents of Nashashibi File Charges in Jerusalem Municipal Election

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)
JERUSALEM, Oct. 26.—Political adherents of Ragheb Bey Nashdefeated mayor of Jerusalem, today filed complaints con-testing the legality of the muni-cipal election, in which Ragheb Bey and two followers were de-feated.

The complaints charge illegali-ties in Ward 1, where Dr. Hussein Khaldi defeated Ragheb Bey in the councillorship; in Ward 2, where Saad el-Din Khalili was elected, and in Ward 3, where Ibrahim Darwish was victor.

Abcarious Bey, M. Eliash and S. Horowitz will appear as attorneys for the complainants. The

The newly elected Moslem coun-cillors are regarded as opponents of the Nashashihia

Hitler Allies Eyes of Jewry on Switzerland As Protocol's Libel Trial Nears

Berne Court Opens Case Monday With World Press Attending

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency) BERNE, Switzerland, Oct. 26. Correspondents from all over the world are arriving here for the beginning of a momentous trial Monday, which involves the on origin and truth of the notorious "Protocols of the Elders of Zion." the bible of the world anti-Sem-

Since the trial involves startling accusation that the Jews of the world are "plotting world domination," the trial is expected to attract world-wide attention.

Complainants in the case are: Dr. J. Dreyfus-Brodezky, president of the Swiss Federation of (Continued on Page Twelve)



DR. EHRENPREIS

Remove 'DasEcho' From Chief Rabbi Hertz Ex-Junior Highs After Teachers Protest

Das Deutsche Echo, the publi-cation which has been temporarily kept off the approved text book list of New York City schools by the Metropolitan Chapter of the American Association of Teachers of German because of alleged pro-Hitler propaganda, has been stricken from the list of approved texts for junior high schools. It was the only publication on the supplementary list presented by Associate Superintendent John S. Roberts to be removed by Board of Superintendents.

Whether this is indicative of a similar action insofar as senior high schools is concerned is unknown. Superintendent of Schools Harold G. Campbell said he wanted to look more fully into the

matter before making a decision Dr. J. B. Edward Jonas, teacher of German at DeWitt Clinton High School and president of the Met-ropolitan chapter of the American Association of Teachers of Ger-man, has recommended the book for circulation in the school system despite the fact that his or-

Reich Court Protects Jewish Concern From Competitor's Slanders

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency) (Jewish Telegraphic Agency)
BERLIN, Oct. 28.—A federal
court here handed down an important decision forbidding "Aryan"
firms to compete with Jewish
firms through appeals to antiJewish prejudice in Germany. The
court forbade "Aryan" business
men from indigating that their men from indicating that their competitors were "non - Aryans" or "dirty Jewish businesses.

The court found the complaint of the insulted Jewish firm com-jetely justified and ordered the Byrd said, "I will introduce a spe-derendant "Aryam" firm to pay claim in the senate when the damages to the Jewish plaintiff. next Congress convenes."

EducatorsTake Discusses Aid Nazi Magazine For Religion Off School Lists With Wauchope

plains Mizrachi Subsidy Demands

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency) LONDON, Oct. 26.—High Commissioner for Palestine Sir Arthur Grenfell Wauchope today received Chief Rabbi Joseph H. Hertz, president of the British Mizrachi, orthodox Zionists.

The Chief Rabbi explained to the High Commissioner the de-mands set forth by religious world Jewry on religious problems in Palestine, stressing particularly, the demands for a government subsidy for Jewish religious courts and government assistance to end the public desecration of the Sabthe public descration of the Sab-bath. Chief Rabbi Hertz cited the fact that the Palestine govern-ment grants a subsidy for Moslem religious courts, but has failed to (Continued on Page Twelve)

Roosevelt Asked To Act in Va. Case

Senator and Rabbi Object to Hotel Billboard as Offensive to Jews

(Special to the J.D.B.)
WASHINGTON, Oct. 26.—Pres-

ident Roosevelt had under consideration today a request by Senator Byrd of Virginia that he take action in the case of the Hotel New Chamberlin of Old Point, Va., which is charged with advertising that gentiles only are desired as guests. The hotel is on a Federal reservation.

Recently Rabbi Louis D. Mendoza of Norfolk, Va., in a telegram to the President protested at the hotel's billboard advertising of its prejudice against Jews.

"If both Virginia and the Federal government are impotent to deal with this situation," Senator

AAA Takes **Neutral Stand** On Poultry

But Says It Will Intervene in Dispute if Both Request It

(Special to the J.D.B.)

WASHINGTON, Oct. 26. — The
Agricultural Adjustment Administration today announced that it
would maintain a neutral position
toward the dispute on rabbinical

Full text of the AAA report to Mayor LaGuardia on the kashruth situation will be found on Page Eleven.

supervision over the kosher slaughter of poultry now raging between the live poultry industry in New York and the Kashruth Associa-

However, in the event that the However, in the event that the representatives of the industry and the Kashruth Association cannot amicably adjust their differences and both request the AAA to asand both request the AAA to as-sist in an attempt to obtain an adjustment, the Administration gave assurance that its services will be available for such purpose.

The New York live poultry industry is operating under a code of fair competition which is under joint authority of the Agricultural Adjustment and the National Re-covery Act. Administration of the code, insofar as the fair trade practice provisions are concerned,

is under the AAA.

When the dispute between the industry and the Kashruth Assoclation developed several months ago, it was suggested that a provision be written into the code covering rabbinical supervision by the Kashruth Association. Funds to cover the cost of this supervi-sion, it was suggested, could be raised through the code provision which would also make possible an assessment on members of the in dustry.

In a report on a study of the possibility of including such a pro-vision which was recently made (Continued on Page Eleven)

Love Conquers Law; 41 Czechs Remarry

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency) BRATISLAVA, Czechoslova-kia, Oct. 26.—Forty-two Jewish couples in the Czechoslo-vakian village of Kadec, who have been married for eleven years and who have 120 off-spring, suddenly discovered tospring, suddenly discovered to-day that legally they are not man and wife, owing to the fact that the marriages had been performed according to the Jewish law-but never offi-

cially registered.

All but one couple immediately agreed to remarry according to the law. One man, however, held out, declaring that legally he considered himself a bachelor, unless his rich father-in-law would consent to a second dowry. Thus the fath-er-in-law is faced with the the choice of granting a new dowry or taking his daughter and her twi children back.

LinksM'Fadden To Secret Nazi Groups Here

Congressman Engaged in Endless Anti-Semitic Drive, Spivak Writes

Congressman Louis T Marad den of Pennsylvania is engaged in continuous anti-Semitio ganda in cooperation with secret Nazi organizations and agents in Nazi organizations and agents in this country, according to the fifth article on "Plotting America's Pogroms" by John L. Spivak, article on "Plotting America's Pogroms" by John L. Spivak, which appears in the current issue of the New Masses

The arricle is entitled "Con-The article is entitled "Con-gressman McFadden, Jew-Baiter and Crook," and charges the Pennsylvania took a \$25,000 bribe in a case in which his activities and those of an associate were and those of an associate were branded by Justice Benjamin N. Cardozo in an official court deci-sion as "fraudulent conspiracy." "The first mass outbreak of anti-Semitic propaganda engineer-

ed by Hitler agents came in the Spring of 1933." writes Spivak. "a period in which, strangely enough, we find Congressman McFadden we mu Congressman McFadden rising in the halls of Congress to attack the Jews while ostensibly discussing a gold clause repeal resolution.

An Oil Transaction

The alleged \$25,000 bribe, according to Spivak, was paid McFadden in connection with the absorption of the Marr Oil Com-Corporation.

writer reports also McFadden was restrained by for-mer Attorney General Ottinger of New York State, through the courts, from selling \$1,300,000 worth of stock of a new corporation known as the Federated Radio Cornoration. Less than two weeks later, the report continues, Mc-Fadden filed a petition for bank-Fadden filed a petition for bank-mptcy in Canton, Pa., in which, the writer says, the value of the stock was placed at only \$60,000. "As evidence that Congressman

McFadden sent bundles of his race-hatred speeches to organizarace-harred speeches to organiza-tions working closely with secret Hitler agents," the article declares at another point, "so that they could distribute the material with-out paying the government post-age, I offer the deter dated con-tage, I offer the declared point of Scott Guiden by Jane C. Bittner. McFadden's private secretary."

Letter to Gulden

Gulden was head of the anti-Semitic Order of '76. Spivak quotes the letter as follows:

quotes the letter as follows:

"Two mail sacks, one containing four bundles of five hundred speeches each, were sent to you this morning. I shall appreciate it if you will let me know when you receive them.

"Also place them.

"Also, please turn over to your postman the two mail sacks as they are property of the U. S. Gov-ernment."

Another letter from McEadden Another letter from McFadden to Gulden, on official Congressional stationery and over McFadden's own signature, Spivak quotes as follows:

follows:
"I cannot begin to thank you for the opportunity which you gave me to meet with the group in New York which you called together. I shall hope that some good may have come from this meeting to your group. It was an inspiration to me, I can assure you, and I want you to know that I am deeply appreciative."

Spivak writes he has no know-ledge of what occurred at this meeting, but adds:
"I do know that it was held at

the Union League Club, where on former occasions Gulden had met secret Nazi agents." The letter secret Nazi agents." The letter quoted bears the date of July 7,

Whether it's legal, domestic or foreign.
if it's news about Jewish life you'll find it
in the Jewish Daily Bulletin.

Talle of Fastinal



DR. FERDINAND SONNEBORN

Folk Song Concert Here Next Sunday

Victor Chenkin to Sing Airs try at Carnegie Hall

For the first time in this country, a new series of Jewish folk songs will be heard next Sunday evening in a music festival arranged under the auspices and for the benefit of the Jewish National Fund. The festival will take place at Carnegie Hall.

at Carnegie Hall.

Victor Chenkin, internationally known singer of folk songs of many nations who has just returned from Europe, will render the tunes. In addition, selections will be played by Toscha Seidel and Mischa Levitzki, famous violinist and mianist respectively.

"The lovers of music as well as "The lovers of music as well as the lovers of Zion will have in this concert an extraordinary combination," said Dr. Ferdinand Sonneborn, a leading figure in the American chemical industry and co-chairman of a city-wide committee formed to sponsor the event, in a statement Friday. capacity crowd is expected.

Cohen to Get Menorah Designed by Local Girl For His 75th Birthday

Alfred M. Cohen, international president of B'nai B'rith, who a week ago celebrated the seventyfifth anniversary of his birth, will be given a menorah—seven-branch candelabrum—in a special ceremony at Cincinnati today,

The menorah, cast in brass, was designed for the occasion by Judith Gutman Quat of New York City. Inscribed in Hebrew characters on the seven branches are the seven cardinal principles of B'nai B'rith.

Judith Gutman Quat is a former scholarship student of the Art Stu-dents' League. Her work has been exhibited at various local galleries.

Federation Youths Reveal Plans for Hallowe'en Dance

The outside activities committee of the young men's and women's division of the Federation for the Support of Jewish Philanthropic Societies, formerly known as the Junior Federation, is sponsoring a Hallowe'en dance next Wednesday evening in the Y.M.H.A. ball-room at Ninety-second street and Lexington avenue.

Mr. Lewisohn's Article

We regret that Mr. Ludwig Lewisohn's column does not appear in its accustomed place in pear in its accustomed place in this issue. Mr. Lewisohn is now on a speaking tour of the country in behalf of the Ger-man Jewish refugee campaign. His column will appear as usual on Wednesday.

Doctors Mark Anniversary Of Committee

Prof. Einstein Is Among Noted Speakers at Dinner

Prof Albert Einstein was to be Prof. Albert Einstein was to be chief speaker Saturday evening at a dinner at the Waldorf As-toria Hotel celebrating the thir-teenth anniversary of the Amer-ican Jewish Physician's Commit-tee. Prof. Einstein was also the tee. Prof. Einstein was also the guest at the first dinner given by the committee, which was founded by Dr. Nathan Ratnoff, director of the Beth Israel Hospital, and a group of associates in 1921. while Prof. Einstein was making his first visit to this country in habalf of the Hebrew University.

Among those scheduled to address the 250 guests at the dinner were Felix M. Warburg, chairman of the Council of the American of the Council of the American Friends of the Hebrew University; Dr. Solomon Lowenstein, vice-president of the American Friends of the Hebrew University and executive director of Federation; Dr. J. J. Golub, director of the Hospital for Joint Diseases; Dr. Ber-nard Sachs, president of the New York Medical Association and chairman of the Committee for Aid of Displaced German Physicians; Dr. Israel Wechsler, neurol-ogist of Columbia University and secretary of the Physician's Com-mittee and Dr. Harry Isaacs of Beth Israel Hospital, treasurer of the Physician's Committee.

Review of Work

Dr. Ratnoff was to give a re-sume of the work of the Physi-cian's Committee which, in addi-tion to supporting the Department of Hygiene and Bacteriology at the University since its opening in 1925, established the first x-ray institute in Palestine, with the cooperation of the Hadassah organ-ization in Jerusalem, and made a ization in Jerusalem, and made a gift of the x-ray laboratory to the hospital of the Hupat*Cholim in the Emek, which was dedicated on his visit to Palestine last summer

The Physician's Committee is now making plans to raise a fund of \$100,000 to carry out its pro-jects through a a nationwide campaign among physicians and interested laymen.

ested laymen.

Plans for the Rothschild-Hadas-sah-University Medical Center in Jerusalem, in the creation of which the Physician's Committee is cooperating with Hadassah, were recently announced at the Hadas-sah national convention in Washington. At that time, the Zionist women's auxiliary heard the dedication ceremonies of the new cen-ter on Mt. Scopus by a special international broadcast.

Funeral Rites Today for Widow of Poet Yehoash

Funeral services for Mrs. Flora Funeral services for Mrs. Flora Bloomgarden, 57, widow of the Yiddish poet and Bible translator Yehoash who died Thursday, will be held at one o'clock today from the Brettschneider Stuyvesant Fu-neral Home, 49 East Seventh

Mrs. Bloomgarden had been ill for several years, but until her death continued to labor on the manuscripts her husband had left unfinished. Knowing neither Heunfinished. Knowing neither He-brew nor Widdish at the time of her marriage, Mrs. Bloomgarden mastered both languages and collaborated with her husband in pre-paring his works for publication.

Gets Arkansas Post
Dr. Samuel Adams Cohen of
New York has been appointed to the executive committee and board of trustees of the Leo N. Levi morial Hospital at Hot Springs National Park in Arkansas, it was announced Friday.

Bulletin Calendar of Events

SATURDAY, October 27
Young Israel of Manhattan, dance Hot-ly Ulcirdar, Fifty-firsh street, and Second-

Annual Fall dance of the Young Folks League of Crown Heights; Crown Heights Temple, Crown street and Nostrand ave-nue, Brooklyn; evening,

Annual reunion and dance of the Horo-witz-Margareten Family Association; Com-munity Center, 220 West Eighty-ninth street; evening.

Boro Park Chapter of the Women's Mis-colon Organization, bridge; Young Israel Pening, 1938 Philloth Street, Brooklyn; Pening, 1938 Philloth Street, Brooklyn;

Manhattan Post No. 1 of the Jewish War Veterans, thirty-first anniversary celebration, dinner and dance; Hotel Lis-more; evening.

Dinner of the American Jewish Physicians' Committee: Waldorf-Astoria, Park avenue and Porty-ninth street; 7 p. m

Rand School of Social Science, 7 East Plittenth street; "The American Federa-tion of Labor Convention," B. C. Vladeck Frances Gorman and George Meaney, 1:30 p. m. School of Philosophy, Steinway Hall, 113 West Fifty-seventh sirect; "Gritique of Pure Reason," Max Fishlor; 9 p. m. "Ler-montov," Prof. Ernest F. Horwitz; 8 p. m.

Youth House, 163 West Pifty-seventh street; "Evolution in Revolution." 2-22

ah Zionist Club; H. E. S. cinson and Sutter avenues, I ess by Ben Rabinowitz; 3:30

Junior Hadassah, dance and entertain-ment; London Terrace, 405 West Twenty-third street; evening. Compinsky Trio, Kaufman Auditorium of the Y. M. H. A., Ninety-second street and Lexington avenue; under the direction of A. W. Binder; 8:30 p. m.

Brownsville and East New York section of Avukah, Bialik program; Hebrew Edu-cational Society, Hopkinson and Butter avenues; evening.

Young Israel Synagogue of Boro Park 1363 Fittieth street, Brooklyn; dedication of cemetery land in Beth David Cemetery Elmont, Long Island; 11 a. m. Speakers Rabbi S. K. Mirsky and Irving M. Bunim

Zionist Club of Brooklyn, 687 Lafayette avenue, Brooklyn; "The Extended Zionis Program." Morris Margulies; 8:30 p. m.

Central Jewish Institute, 125 East Eighty-

BRIDGE CLUB Dancing, Bridge SATURDAY, SUNDAY - 8-12 P.M. 206 WEST 99th STREET

Manhattan Apt. 1A
ADMISSION 25 CENTS

School of Philosophy, Steinway Hall, 113 West Fifty-sevnth street; Max Fishler, "Kant: The Call to Concreteness:" 8 p. Prances D. Drucker, "Sholom Asch—"Three Cities:" 9 p. m.



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Minorities Need League, Says Peer

Warns That Fight to Protect Them Hinges on Its Strength

Points Out That Guarantee, However, Is Not Supported by Machinery to Enable Enforcement

By VISCOUNT CECIL OF CHELWOOD

For months past there has been a concentrated attack upon the League of Nations and all it represents. The assailants appear to desire its destruction. It is certain that with it would go the whole arrangement for the protection of minorities. Those of us who value the attempt to secure the rights of minorities as part of

who value the attempt to secure the rights of minorities as part of the new international system will do well to recognize that if the League disappears it will carry with it that attempt. Normally all those things which—belong exclusively to national sovereignty to national own subjects in a scandalous way sovereignty are outside the international sphere. That is to say that in principle there is no justification for international interfering the internal affairs of any longer than the property of the pr ence in the internal affairs of any state. That principle is accepted in the Covenant of the League of Nations. Therefore, the conception of the framers of the Covenant was that there should be excluded from its purview all subjects which were essentially national. At-tempts have been made from time to time to define "national," but it has been found impossible to establish a hard and fast rule as to what the word exactly implies. Armaments, for instance, are a matter for each country. But extensive armaments may be of poignant interest to other nations, and the reduction and limitation of armaments is a matter of international concern. Further, it has been demonstrated that actions though regarded as within the rights of national sovereignty can yet be restrained.

To guard against invasion of

national rights, an attempt was made to define what was national and what was international. But the attempt had to be abandoned because it was recognized that even the most intrinsically na-tional subject could, if it became the cause of a quarrel between two nations, become an international concern.

The Paraflel

And indeed, the later history of the League has shown how difficult it is to establish any hard and fast rule on the subject. The difficulty of distinguishing between national and international matters has a close parallel in the limits of individual freedom among the citizens of a state. The constitutions of most states provide ex-pressly or implicitly that the lib-erty of the individual should be respected. But this principle is subject to certain limitations. There are limitations imposed by the criminal law, and no citizen is entitled to use his freedom to conspire against the existence of the state or to break the king's

Similarly, under the League system, no nation can so exercise national sovereignty as to endanger the security or the peace of the community or the nations. Actions which prima facie may be regarded within the national sovereignty can be restrained by

international sovereignty if they are likely to lead to ill results.

It is on these grounds that racial and religious minorities have been treated as a matter of international concern. No doubt it is national concern. No doubt it is true that, prima facie, every state is entitled to administer the af-fairs of its citizens as it shall think best, and other states have no right to dictate to it how its governments should be carried on Still, if one section of the citi-

zens of a country is so ill-treated zens or a country is so ar-treated as to excite vehement sympathy in other countries, the result may be a menace to international peace. No nation can oppress its cessions were made to the terri-

treated as a matter of internal concern. It is clear that such ill-treatment may endanger the peace

of the world.

We have seen how the recent German policy resulting in the op-pression of the German Jews has excited the deep sympathy of all co-religionists scattered all over the world, a sympathy shared by many other persons. There are familiar cases of wholesale immigration produced by oppression.

At the present moment we all know that the forced emigration of German Jews from Germany is a matter causing the gravest anxiety in many countries, the solution to which has not yet been found. Again there are cases where gross oppression has been an offence to the principles of morality of the nations of the world; and I might cite again the case of the German Jews, which is clearly in point.

International Repercussions
I think I have said enough to

show that ill-treatment of minorities cannot be regarded as purely a question of national sovereignty, but often has important intertional repercussions. Hence the

conclusion of minority treaties.

In years gone by, the Turkish misgovernment of its Christian minorities was a fruitful source of trouble in Southeastern Europe. That was due not only to the sym-pathy of fellowChristians. In some cases it directly caused internal disturbance in the neighboring countries. For instance, the unrest of the Slavs in the Turkish Em-pire caused such anger among their co-racialists in Austria so seriously as to embarrass the Austrian government and ultimately

to be one of the causes of the Great War. Similarly, there were for long the difficulties caused by Christian and Moslem minorities, and later those caused by Jewish minorities, especially as it happened in Ru-mania. The consequence is that you will find scattered through treaties, particularly those made at the conclusion of great wars, treaties designed to secure the good treatment of racial and religious minorities. The Treaty of Berlin may be regarded as the an-cient and the modern situation of the subject. In that treaty were included several provisions designed to secure the proper treatment of minorities. In particular, the Turks were put under considerable obligations as to how they should govern their Armenian population, and though that policy on the whole failed it was a recognition of the general principle which I am discussing. The case of the Jews in Rumania was even more simple, because there a definite international principle was for the

first time laid down.



LORD CECIL

tory of any country, it was rea-sonable and right to insist that that country should undertake to treat the racial or religious minorities under its domination with justice. It was in the nature of a bargain. It was legitimate to re-quire that the country should carry out its government in a way that did not shock the sense of justice of those who had agreed to its enlargement.

In the Peace Treaties of Paris of 1918 and 1920, the system was not applied to Germany, I suppose, because she received no accession of territory. Nor was it applied to Italy, though she had received ac cession of territory. It is not very easy to see on what principle that exception was made, since racial minorities were actually transferred to Italy with the territory she acquired. It also does not apply to France, though she did receive considerable accession of territory which were, however, regarded as in the nature of retrocessions rather than annexations. As far as one can extract from the proceed-nigs, it would be untrue to say that minorities were only given protection when they belonged to the same race or religion as that prevailing in their country. It is obvious that where the Jews benefited, as they did in some cases by these provisions, that would be

untrue. It was not true in a number of other cases besides.

Complex Measures The present procedure of the League of Nations in dealing with complaints by minorities is complicated and even cumbrous T do not think that anyone who seen it at work would regard this description as severe. Some com-mittees take a much stricter view of the rights of minorities than others. Some are more governed by political considerations and denot to be uncivil or harsh to the state impugned. When they have arrived at the conclusion, they go to the League's Council, which may and often does considthe question entirely de and where, unfortunately, political considerations may sometimes induce the rapporteur to take an unduly favorable view of the case which he is asked to consider.

So much have these difficulties been felt that for some time past there has been a movement among those interested to urge that you should have a permanent committee, which could gradually build up a minorities jurisprudence and could be guided by principles which had been evolved by experience.

I confess, that this seems to me a very desirable change. I believe it would be of advantage to both sides, both to the minority and the states against which they were complaining.

Nations Oppose Change
At present, the states that are
subject to the minority provisions
are resolutely opposed to any
change on the ground that the
principle of the whole of the mino-

rity treaties is unfair, that if it is for the good treatment of minoria matter that really concerns the community of states, there is no ried out, and I am sure that it reason whatever for confining the minority provisions to certain states. They ought to be extended in their view to all alike, and until that is done they are not prepared to consider any modifications of procedure which would improve or facilitate the admini-stration of the code.

I doubt very much whether you can establish a satisfactory sys-tem of minority protection unless you start with the recognition that the community of nations has as such a right to insist on the proper treatment of minorities. It is er treatment or minorities. It is not only a question of promises made to this or that country, it is the admission of certain stand-ards which ought to be maintained by certain countries which claim to be members of the international community. This conclusion seems to me to be very much confirmed an examination of the events which have taken place since the

No Machinery

There is another difficulty in the minority treaties. The League has given a general guarantee of the proper execution of what I have called the minority code. No machinery exists to enable the League to carry out that guaranhee, so that in effect the provision as to the guarantee is almost a dead letter. Personally, I have grave doubts whether this guarantee should not be swept away.

It ought always to be pointed out that the whole conception of the protection of minorities is a very delicate matter and may easily do more harm than good if it is improperly exercised.

Roughly speaking, it is impossible to make any permanent and substantial improvement in the position and law of minorities without the good will of the State con-cerned. There is always the poscerned. There is always the pos-sibility that one may increase the discontent without improving the position of the minorities, that one position of the minorities, that one may convert them from reluctant subjects into inciplent rebels. Mi-norities must always be adjured to act as loyal members of the State to which they belong, how-ever much they may rightly de-sire that their racial or religious rights and liberties may be re-spected. I do not believe it is spected. I do not believe it is possible that any coercive pressure from outside will by itself be sufficient to secure good government for the minoriti

A New System

Is there any possibility, then, of devising some system which would be generally acceptable by minorities and majorities alike? question is a very difficult one. In the first place, it must be agreed by all who value international co-operation in any form, that, as Sir John Simon said at the recent League Assembly, there can be no admission of the doctrine that a party to a Treaty can, by his own unilateral action elect not to be bound by it. That would be from the international point of view simple anarchy.

Next. I should be inclined myself to suggest that a new agreement on the subject might be considered which would definitely abandon the conception of a League guarantee

adds to the irritation which sur rounds the subject.

I would suggest an appeal to international authority, and as far as procedure is concerned I would strongly urge the substitution of a permanent committee, if possible sitting in public, for the ad hoc committee of three.

Any reasonable person must see the very great international diffi-culties of inducing all the States to accept the principles of the Mi-norities Treaties with regard to their own territories. But I do not feel sure that it would be im-possible to induce some of the leading states to accept such prin-ciples, though they are not so far (Continued on Page Six)



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MANHATTAN WASHINGTON

And Running Mates PRES. HARDING Oct. 31 Nov. 28 PRES. ROOSEVELT Nov. 14

JEWISH DOTTO BULLETING

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The Berne Trial

The trial which opens tomorrow in Berne will be watched by Jews all over the world with no less interest than the Drevfuss trials were

watched during their times. This trial, let us hope, will once and forever put an end to the myth exploited by anti-Semites in all countries about the alleged existence of a secret Jewish international. It will show to the world that the "Protocols of the Elders of are nothing but a forgery. It will once and forever destroy the basis upon which the Nazis in Germany are now building their entire anti-Semitic propaganda.

The lewish leaders in Switzerland ought to be congratulated for instituting this trial. By bringing their libel suit against the Swiss Nazi editor for alleging that the "Protocols of the Elders of Zion" are an authentic document, these Jewish leaders of Switzerland are actually fighting the cause of entire world Tewry

The Jews of the world, no less than the involved Tewish leaders of Switzerland, are interested in proving to the world that the "Protocols of the Elders of Zion" are the product of a sick phantasy; that no secret Jewish international ever existed; that all the talk about Jewish efforts to dominate the world is mere nonsense

A recent trial in South Africa has already branded the "Protocols of the Elders of Zion" as a forgery. South Africa, however, is too distant from Europe and Amer-ica. The echo of the trial in South Africa could therefore not be as strong as the one which will now come from Berne, a city located in the very heart of Europe.

That the Jews will come out victorious in this trial is quite clear to every logically thinking person who knows that the "Protocols of the Elders of Zion" are a falsification.

The trial in Berne is actually a Jewish challenge to the anti-Semites of the world. Such a challenge is in itself the best proof that the Jews have nothing to fear. The Jews wish everybody to know that the "Protocols" have

BETWEEN THE LINES

By BORIS SMOLAR

The Biro-Bidjan Conflict

Will Biro Didion he opened to Jews from Poland or is the settlement of Texas in Biro-Ridian

restricted only to Soviet Jews? This question occupied the attention of many Jewish organivetions interested in settling Jews on land in the week just

passed.

Dr. Joseph Rosen, head of the Agro-Joint, is at present in Biro-Bidjan to acquaint himself with conditions of life there, Dr. Zegelnitzky, director of the ORT, is also in Biro-Bidian now studying the situation there.

A clear cut opinion about Biro-Bidian and its fitness for Biro-Biqian and its fitness for Jewish settlement can be formed only upon the return of Dr. Rosen and Dr. Zegelnitzky from their trip into the Far Eastern territory. The impartial reports of these two observers in whom the Jews of the world have the fullest confidence will be the Soviet project to settle Jews in Biro-Bidjan should be taken serionsly.

A Statement From Moscow

In the meantime, however, Dr. Peker, the representative of the Jewish Immigration Society in Poland, returned from Mos-cow with a statement that no statement that no hones of settling in Biro-Bidian should be entertained by Polish Jews. Dr. Peker declared that official Soviet bodies had made it clear to him that Biro-Bidjan is intended for Soviet Jews only and not for Jews outside Soviet

This information, coming as it does from Soviet official sources, is rather disappointing. It certainly does not encourage Jew-ish organizations in America and in Europe to look with sym-pathetic interest upon the Biro-Bidjan project, if this project is limited to Soviet Jews only. The Jews in Soviet Russia are today



in a position which does not warrant their migrating into such distant territories as Biro-Bid-jan. There is still plenty of land free for Jews in Crimea. There are plenty of opportunities for Jews in Soviet industrial enter-prises. The Soviet authorities claim that there is no unemployment today in Soviet Rus-Thus the migration of Soviet Jews into Biro-Bidjan is not an economic necessity.

On the other hand, there would probably be thousands of Jews in Poland today who, facing constant starvation and having no outlook for a better future, would be only too glad to settle even in Biro-Bidjan. The difficulties which the Soviet authorities are facing in selecting immigrants fit for Biro-Bidjan from among Soviet Jews would probably not exist when selecting such immigrants f rom among Polish Jews. The younger Jewish generation in Poland is in despair. There are thousands of healthy young Jewish people

in Poland who compose the best element for Biro-Bidian.

Embarrassment Abroad

It is therefore no wonder that the blunt statement by the Soviet officials that Biro-Bidjan is intended for Soviet Jews only has caused great embarrassment for those pro-Soviet organizations abroad which are trying to stimulate Jewish interest in Biro-Bidjan among the different Jewish communities of Europe and America.

The first organization to express this embarrassment was the Agroyid, a Jewish organization in Poland established for the purpose of raising funds and stimulating interest in Biro-Bidjan. This organization, the existence of which is not justiexistence of which is not justi-fied if Polish Jews are not ad-mitted into Biro-Bidjan, has found it necessary to issue a statement explaining that there there must be a misunderstand-Asserting that Polish Jews are as welcome to Biro-Bidian as Soviet Jews are. The Agroyid, in its statement, refers to the Soviet authorities which Dr. Peker mentions. According to the Agroyid statement, these authorities would welcome Polish Jews in Biro-Bidian, According to Dr. Peker's statement, these same authorities are refusing even to discuss the ques-tion of admitting Polish Jews.

American Attitude The problem of settling foreign Jews in Biro-Bidjan is at eign Jews in Biro-Bidjan is at present not acute enough for American Jewry to inquire which of the two statements is the correct one. American Jewwill wait patiently for the authentic report on Biro-Bidjan which it expects from Dr. Rosen. Dr. Rosen may not have gone to Biro-Bidjan in the capacity of an official investigator. His word on Biro-Bidian will nevertheless play a decisive role. Depending upon Dr. Rosen's con-clusions, many in America will decide for themselves whether or not the Biro-Bidjan project

is worth support and whether or not Biro-Bidian is a place fit for Jewish colonization.

In Poland

'Aryan Paragraph'

While the question whether Polish Jews are wanted in Biro-Bidjan or not was under discussion, a new attack was made on Jewish economic positions in Poland

Fifty-five Jewish doctors have been dismissed from municipal institutions in the city of Lodz alone this week. The "Aryan paragraph" has been instituted by the Lodz authorities silently but firmly.

In the district of Wilno, all Jewish teachers were dismissed from the schools. A campaign to revoke the licenses of Jewish artisans has been started on the ground that the Jewish workers do not hold master's diploers do not hold master's diplo-mas. Hope is being held out that the Ministry of Trade will not accede to this demand, oth-erwise, the economic position of thousands of Jewish artisans is endangered.

Ruthless Taxation

The ruthless taxation system which imposes heavy taxes upon the Jews, reached a stage in the week just passed where Jewish delegations from many districts and towns arrived at Warsaw to plead with the central authorities to alleviate the taxation which is ruining the entire Jewish population. A number of the delegations point-ed out that the taxes imposed upon the Jewish population in their districts are double the amount of the income of those taxed. Local tax collectors are confiscating even pillows owned by poverty-stricken Jewish traders and artisans who are unable to meet their taxes.

Schuschnigg and His 'Pledges

In Austria, Chancellor Schu-schnigg last week received a delegation from the Vienna Jewish community which submitted to him a memorandum with regard to the alarmingly worsened Jewish legal and economic posi-tion in Austria,

The Premier promised the Jewish delegation to see to it that Jews are treated equally. However, a day after this promise was given, eighty Jewish officials were dismissed from different municipal offices in Vienna, and twenty-six Jewish doctors were ousted from the local sick benefit funds.

A report from Prague stated that Premier Schuschnigg has given the assurance of equal reatment to the delegation of the Vienna Jewish community because the Austrian ambassadors in England and in America in England and in America urged him to do so. This is the second time that Schuschnigg has pledged equality for Jews and that his pledge was not respected.

Palestine Clashes

In Palestine there were more street clashes between the Laborites and the Revisionists. The situation has reached a point where the executive of the Jewish Agency and the Vaad Leumi, Jewish national council of Palestine found themselves compelled finally to start a serious investigation of the matter. Both organizations are now working on a plan of how to undertake energetic measures to prevent clashes between the Laborites and the Revisionists in the future.

The American Scene in Review

By VICTOR M. BIENSTOCK The Nazi Situation

Complete failure of the DAWA, the anti-Jewish boycott organization, to conquer mid-West was one of the the the outstanding developments of the week. The widely-heralded nathe tional convention of the organization at Chicago, which to have marked large-scale into have marked large-scale in-vasion of that region by the Nazi group, resulted in complete failure as Chicago and mid-Western German-American elements gave it the cold shoulder.

The Nazi cause also suffered other setbacks during the week when the office of the Secretary of State at Albany threw out or state at Albany threw out the charter application of the Friends of New Germany after many protests had been re-ceived.

The Nazi venture into the field of American politics ran into a shoal when the nomination of Judge John F. Hylan for the New York State governorship was declared invalid. Judge Hylan had the backing of all the Nazi elements in his independent campaign, given, in the words of one of their leaders, in the hope of causing trouble even though Hylan stood no chance of election

Use of the Nazi publication, Das Deutsche Echo, in the Ger-man classes of New York City

ing the week and hanned by the authorities.

Elizabeth, New Jersey, au-thorities moved summarily and arrested fourteen Nazis meeting there in violation of a local

New York's Kashruth

The many factions involved in the tangled kashruth situation which has been vexing New York City for so long failed to approach a working agreement which would provide a measure of rabbinical supervision of the kosher live poultry indus-The rabbinical elements d determined that, on Monthey would proclaim an ur" against consumption of fresh-killed poultry not bearing the tag signifying inspection by rabbinical representatives. Interfaith Relations

The National Conference of Jews and Christians, at a meet-ing presided over by Newton D. Baker, announced plans for round-table discussion of interfor faith problems at a Williams-town Institute on Human Relations to be held in August, 1935 Mr. Baker reported that 300 communities in this country are now engaged in experimentation on technique for improving intergroup relations. The execu-tive council of the National Federation of Men's Clubs of the United Synagogue voted to cooperate with the conference. Other Developments

I onle Linsky, speaking at Pal-

timore, warned that Jewish congress would jeopard-ize the defense of German Jews and the Palestine cause.

President Roosevelt was asked by Senator Byrd to intervene in a case of discrimination against the Jews at the Chamberlain Hotel at Old Point Comfort, Va., which is situated on a Federal

reservation. The case was first reported by Rabbi Louis D. Mendoza, of Norfolk, but Virginia State and Federal authorities said they were unable to act.

An anonymous gift of \$50,-000 toward endowment of a proout toward endowment of a pro-fessorship in Jewish studies at Hebrew University was an-nounced by Dr. A. S. W. Rosen-bach, president of the American Friends of the Hebrew Univer-

The Boston drive for the Associated Jewish Philanthropies reached the half-way mark toward its quota of \$575,000, with 204,462 in contributions an-nounced at the opening dinner

of the campaign. Y.M.H.A.'s and Jewish centers throughout the country began preparations for training American Jewish athletes for competition in the second Maccablad at Tel Aviv in 1935.

Eugene Warner of Buffalo, president of the Jewish Federation for Social Service, was named president of the State Conference on Social Work for 1985.

Yorkville Is Not Yet America

By ABBA HILLEL SILVER

We read with interest the other day some of the thick Teutonic sentiments voiced at the Nazi meeting held in Madison Square Garden under the auspices of the United German Societies celebrating

German Day. One fellow who thought that he was standing on the platform of the Sports-Palast in Berlin instead of New York, delivered himself of the following bit of pugnacious pomposity.



In the Bronx, a few days later, another German-American delivered himself of the following: "I'm happy to preach race; there's nothing better than the German race. As long as I'm able, I'm going to preach the doctrine of race and preach that the German is the cream of all races." Zahne is the name of this modest German whose race humility, so tactfully proclaimed, will undoubtedly make a hit

with the American people. In Chicago, the other day, another German-American, the national "In Chicago, the other day, another German-American, the national "fuehrer" of the Friends of New Germany, referred derisively and with startling originality to the "chosen people of the kosher" (?) and again to "those who are supposed to be chosen people. I wonder who chose them?", and called for a "unified force to counteract Jewish influence." Schnuch is the name of this humorist whose brilliant sallies, however, fell far short of those of Zahne, who, at the Chicago meeting, referred to the "five million garlic eaters who are trying to run things in the United States." The above are samples of the linguistic schreckin the United States." The above are samples of the linguistic schreck-lichkeit, bombast and billingsgate with which the Yorkville Nazi leaders have been regaling the American public in recent months.

They are masters of abuse, fist-shaking and invective, these Nazi lads. The propaganda of all the shirted political parties abroad is rich in colorful polemics but none has evolved so extensive and foul a propain colorful polemics out none has evolved so excassive and soil a propar-ganda vocabulary as the Nazis. Schimpfkunat is their forte. Their compatriots in Germany were evidently impressed by it. In the United States, however, and in other civilized countries, threats and abuse are not looked upon as good argument or good form. Distinctly they are regarded as bad tasts and evidence of petuliant impotence. Strong men are reserved and calm. Weaklings sputter and fume and throw verbal sticks and stones.

Jews should not permit themselves to be angered or frightened by such stage thunder and scurrility. Yorkville is not yet the United States, and the German-Americans—even all the seven millions of States, and the German-Americans—even at the seven imminous or them—most of whom will have nothing to do with the Nazi extremists—are not yet the American people. Some of their self-ap-pointed spokesmen, hankering after political jobs, have been fiaunting the numerical strength of the German-American group in the United With characteristic Nazi contempt for facts and figures they States. With characteristic Nazi contempt for racts and ngures utey claim that the German-Americans constitute twenty, thirty, fifty, eighty percent of the American population. . . And, of course, the German-Americans, discovered, explored, settled and developed America and are the true creators of American culture in the self same way as the Germans are the sole creators and monitors of European cul-ture. . . . Some German-Americans have a way of hypnotizing *hemselves into delectable delusions—just like their brethren abroad.

Nevertheless, and in spite of all this braggadocio, they are not yet the American people. They discovered that in 1917. — The more recent German immigrants seem to have forgotten this. They may discovered that in 1917. — The more recent German immigrants seem to have forgotten this. They may discover it again. , . . No national or racial group in American life can rant itself into any preferential position in our body politic. Furthermore, any hyphemated cilizens in this country who place loyalty to the land of origin above loyalty to their adopted country, and who attempt to carry over into the New World the hatreds of the Old, and to stir up religious and racial strife among the American people which is a mosaic of so many races, peoples and religions, will come to certain grief,—brass, gall and verbal violence, notwithstanding.

America was not taken in by all the high-powered propaganda emanating from the Goebbels, the Goerings, and the Hanfstaengis in Germany. It is not being taken in by the stupid and insolent propa-ganda of the Griebls, the Schnuchs, and the Zahnes here at home. America was acquainted with the disloyal and treasonable acts and attitudes of this element during the World War and dealt with it then. It will know how to deal with it again. . .

It is clear that the anti-Semitic propaganda of these alien and hyphenated Germans in the United States has only begun. It will be ept up as long as the Nazis remain in power in Germany. Some of these propagandists are outspoken pogrom-mongers. They are putting their kinsmen in uniform and training them with rifles for some longedtheir kinsmen in uniform and training them with rifles for some longed-for day of future redoning. They talk with great reliab about some great "Furge" which will take place in the United States similar to Hilter's "Purge" of last June. They have already become bold enough to break up a public hearing conducted by a committee appointed by the Congress of the United States.

If these gentlemen are really looking for trouble, the Jews of the United States should be prepared to give it to them. Policy and wis-dom dictate that our American Jewish youth should be trained in self-defense. In unsattled times it is far more important that our youth should be receiving the necessary training in athletic and sport groups should be receiving the necessary training in atmetic and sport groups than in debating societies. . . In unsettled times, a Jewish Governor or a Jewish President of the Board of Aldermen or influential friends in exalted places are of no help at all. But a trained and disciplined host of a hundred thousand Jews ready to respond to a quick emergency is a reasonable argument which even Yorkville can under

Such physical preparedness against pogrom-mongers will save the largest Jewish community in the world from those frequent waves of hysteria which have been sweeping over it in the last few months,

TEN YEARS AGO

The Jewish Daily Bulletin

October 28 1924

BERLIN — Dr. S. Zeitlin will publish a Jewish quarterly, "The European Jew in the West." It be issued from Hamburg and printed in seven languages, Hebrew, Polish, Russian, German. French and English.

NEW YORK-Diners at a New NEW YORK—Diners at a New York Federation dinner heard President Calvin Coolidge praise Federation in a radio address from Washington. "I want you to know," he said, "that I feel you are making good citizens, that you are strengthening the government, that you are demonstrating the supremacy of the spiritual life and helping establish the Kingdom of God on Earth."

NEW YORK—Speaking before the executive committee of the American Jewish Congress, Judge Mack, reporting on the meeting Mack, reporting on the meeting of the Committee of Jewish Delegations held in Carisbad, urged the need of a clearing house to investigate breaches of Jewish minority rights.

Five Years Ago

JERUSALEM-The Arab execu-tive, it is believed, will demand the withdrawal of the Balfour Declaration and the immediate estab lishment of a parliamentary form of government when it testifies bethe Parliamentary Commission of Inquiry.

NEW YORK — Announcement was made that the Palestine Emergency Fund nears the \$2,000,000 mark.

One Year Ago

GENEVA-James G. McDonald, chairman of the Foreign Policy chairman of the Foreign Policy Association of New York, was on October 26 invited by the League of Nations to be its High Com-missioner for German Refugees. NEW YORK --- Plans for the

German Day celebration collapsed as Mayor O'Brien refused to rescind his ban and it became known that Heinz Spanknoebel, Nazi

propagandist, had vanished.

LONDON — The conference of world-wide Jewish organizations called to discuss the situation of the German Jews which is scheduled to open on October 29 will meet behind closed doors.

Hitler Church Can't Survive. Cadman Holds

Minister Tells Cleveland Audience His Race Ideas Are 'Absurd'

(Special to the J.D.B.)
CLEVELAND, Oct. 26 .- This city heard Hitlerism attacked by Dr. S. Parkes Cadman of Brooklyn, well known radio preacher and former president of the Churches of Christ of America, and Dr. Harry L. Franklin, former American consul in Berlin for twelve

Speaking to 400 women in the Town Hall series of lectures, Dr Cadman bitterly assailed the Ger-man church established by Hitler.

"That kind of religion can never urvive," he said. "The German survive," he said. "The German church claims that only pure 'Aryans' can worship. That is absurd. We're all mongrels. There is

Dr. Cadman paid tribute to the 8,000 churchmen fighting Hitler's church regime and characterized the Hitler religion as "only series of ideas by subterfuge."

Called Political Racket Speaking under the auspices of the League for the Defense of Human Rights Against Nazism, Dr. Franklin said that Nazism is

perhaps the greatest political racket in history, but that it is on the verge of collapse now. "Hitler's movement in Germany

was based on fraud, misrepresen-tation and mendacity," charged Dr. Franklin. "I was in Germany as recently as last January and saw how terrorism overpowered a nation of high civilization and cul-

"The 4,200,000 people who dared to oppose the government in the last plebiscite should be admired. They actually risked their lives to defy the scourge of Nazism.

Dr. Franklin also addressed gatherings at Lakewood High School and the First Methodist School and the First methods: Church, In his address at the high school, he charged that hundreds had been held in concentration camps without trial since early in 1933. Personal rights, including that of habeas corpus, have been abolished, he said.

College Honors Wiley (Special to the J.D.B.)

EASTON, Pa., Oct. 26.-Louis Wiley, Business Manager of The New York Times delivered the address at the Founders' Day celebration at Lafayette College here this morning, and received degree of Doctor of Laws.



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NOW-

(Continued from Page One) and declared "Shaw has nothing

The Nazi theories of race hatred are based on falseboods and forged documents. It is not surprising that falsification and forgery should figure also in con-nection with this Nazi-endorsed petition.

Shaw in Naziland

Bernard Shaw's "Saint Joan" was revived recently in Berlin. In place of the German-Jewish actress Elizabeth Bergner, who played the title role in the Reinhardt production ten years ago, and who created a real sensa-tion, Paula Wessely acted the part in the manner of an enthusiastic Hitler girl. She was not a success as Saint Joan, even though the present "co-ordithough nated" German dramatic critics praised her.

But Shaw himself did not fare so well with, the Nazified dra-matic critics. Thus the critic of the Berlin Boersen Zeitung at-tacked Shaw's "destructive wit"

in common with our period."

The Nazi Angriff and Voelkischer Beobachter criticized the play, demanding "heart" and not 'head," The Angriff wrote that "the play is more an essay than a dream, more dialectic than poetry."

A Catholic reviewer of Shaw's

play in Berlin expressed the hope that Shaw will soon find his way into the Catholic Church. And the same critic dared to refer to Elizabeth Bergner by name, but stated that she was "a real daughter of over-cultivated, over-bred intellectualism."

Drama, literature, science, art judged in Germany today ac-cording to Nazi standards. Bernard Shaw, who was perhaps the most popular dramatist on the German stage until the advent of Hitler, is no longer in vogue under the system which is seeking to eliminate from its culture both "heart" and head."

and from such blundering affairs as that of the "Black Hitler." Instead of giving this Barnum-and-Bailey African showman the grand instead of giving this Barnum-and-Balley African showman the grand order of the boot, a frenzied Jewish press (with an eye, perhaps, to circulation) built him up into a dreadful ogre—another Hitler—and his shadow was east by nationally syndicated articles across every Jewish community in the United States. And the affair was allowed

to end in a disgraceful judicial fiasco. . . . Training and preparedness rather than hysteria, protest meetings, and linguistic tournaments, are clearly indicated!

And the boycott! . . .

CAPITAL & COMMENT

WASHINGTON

The outcome of an impending struggle between sectional interests will in the near future determine whether or not the United States enters into a trade agreement with Germanyanticipated clash will be between the cotton interests of the south and the industrial interests



American cotton has been a leader in the NATHAN KOENIG world market. Normally, about 60 per cent of the cotton produced in the United States is exported. The south does not want to lose out to the foreign cotton producing areas. The staple is the best erop and the money crop of thes

south Cotton consuming countries are seeking cotton, not on a price basis primarily, but are buying first from countries with which they may have favorable trade relationships. These countries say that unless the United States is willing to buy goods from them, they are not in position to buy American cotton and other prod-

Germany has been quite out-spoken on this phase of the situa-tion. She is in dire need of American cotton, but under present conditions is unable to pay for it. German representatives have infli-cated to officials in Washington that if the United States box more German goods, then Germore German goods, then Ger-many would have the means with which to pay for the American cotton which she sorely needs. Last season Germany bought about ten per cent of the total

American crop. Recently repre-sentatives of German interests were in Washington and pointed out to officials that unless Germany could through some arrange-ment sell more goods to the United States, German purchases of cot-ton from this country would de-

cline 50 per cent,

While southern cotton interests are just beginning to demand that the United States buy more goods from other countries so that more cotton may be sold to them, northern and western industrial interests are afraid that importing more manufactured goods from abroad will work injury on their enterprises. The whole conflict may not come out in the open un-til after Congress convenes in Jan-

Secretary of Agriculture Henry A. Wallace has pointed out that Germany "has cut down on her lard purchases even more than on cotton purchases, and that falling off in the German demand may account for the greater part of the falling off next year." Secretary Wallace said a continued decline in wallace said a continued declarate exports of American goods is anticipated and "a very large part and action in exports will be "due to the German situation." He said, "I don't know just what we could do except in a broad trade way to remedy that situation."

In the meantime, Germany has given the United States a year's notice that she intends to abrogate her most - favored - nation treaty with this country. Since h etary troubles became acute. Germany has been bargaining with other nations and has failed to extend to the United States the same concessions granted these nations as required under the treaty. The Hitler government explained that as long as it was impossible for Germany to sell more goods to th United States, it was impossible for her to extend to the United ror ner to extend to the United as the State Department is con-States concessions granted to other cerned, Germany is not in a very it. I carnestly hope it will be done, countries through hargaining ar-favored position. But, there are rangements under which these countries would take more Ger-la trade pact with the Bitler gov-will crown our efforts.

man goods. To add to the effec-tiveness of this position, Germany is exercising rigid control over hevchange

An example of wliat is happening, may be found in the Egyptian-German hargain which has just been completed. Under this agree-ment, Germany will take large supplies of cotton from Egypt and in return supply that country with fertilizers. This transaction means that Germany will have to buy less American cotton. At the same less American cotton. At the same time Germany will have an outlet for her fertilizers with which she will be able to pay for the cotton obtained from Egypt.

Secretary of State Hull and George N. Peek, head of the Export-Import Bank and special ad port-import Bank and special ac-viser to President Roosevelt on foreign trade, have some differ-ences between them on this for-eign trade situation. Hull is a strong believer in the principle of reciprocity with respect to trade agreements to improve world trade. Peek believes that if this country cannot increase exports through the sale of goods, it should increase its exports through an exchange or barter of goods.

Germany has proposed that the United States enter into a barter agreement with her. In keeping with his stand on reciprocal agree ments, Secretary Hull turned thumbs down on the proposition. the proposition. Peek looks with favor on the barter scheme as a means of increasing trade.

the Hitler government gave notice of intention to aban-don the most-favored-nation treaty with the United States and a the same time stated that Ger many was ready at any time to many was ready at any time to discuss new trade arrangements with this country, Peek has said publicly that, "Where general publicly that, "Where general trade agreements cannot be reached or are subject to long delay, specific agreements may be negotiated independently and in advance of the general trade agreements." He also said that "in the case of countries exercising exchange controls against us the satisfactory solution of the exchange problem should be made a prerequisite to the negotiation of any general trade agreement."

The Export-Import Bank, ac cording to Peek stands "ready to handle sound business in the for-eign trade field, to assist in barter transactions, and to cooperate with the commercial banks and other financial institutions in handling business which on account of its maturity, its size or other unusual conditions can qualify for consideration" by that institution.

During the next few months there will be much talk about stimulating foreign trade. As far as the State Department is con-cerned, Germany is not in a very

ernment. There are strong agri-cultural and certain business intergets who are backing the idea of a trade agreement with Germany,

On the other side of the picture are the large industrial interests who have developed this country's opposed to bringing greater quan titles of foreign-made goods into this country. These interests are opposed to an agreement with Germany, largely on the basis that the United States would have to import considerably more goods from Germany than would be sold to that country.

While the different groups are arguing this whole foreign trade question, as far as Germany is concerned an important factor to be reckoned with is the opinion of those in the United States who are supporting the boycott against German goods. This boycott is being supported by such organiza-tions as the American Federation of Labor in addition to hundreds of thousands of people in this country who are opposed to the Hitler government's policy of per-secution of individuals because of secution of individuals because of racial or religious differences. This vast group holds a balance of power which no doubt will be ex-ercised when the proper time comes

La Guardia to Attend Israel Sachs Dinner

Mayor LaGuardia on Friday accepted two tickets for himself and Mrs. LaGuardia to attend the testimonial dinner being given No-vember 11 by the Beth David Hos-pital to Israel Sachs in recognition of the work he has done for that institution over a period of many

Charles D. Loventhal, chairman of the dinner committee, and Mrs. Ira Sobol, representing the ladies auxiliary of the hospital, made the presentation in the Mayor's office.

Find 1800 Reservations Needed for \$100 Dinner

Brooklyn Federation Jewish Charities has increased its quota of reservations for its tenth annual \$100-a-couple dinner and ball to 1,800, the organization an-nounced Friday, after examination of the current needs of the twenty-five agencies for which the Federation acts as a community chest. The affair will take place at the Hotel St. George on November 18. The previous quota was 1.500.

Cecil Gives Views On League

(Continued from Page Three) bound by them—like the United Kingdom, for instance.

I cannot imagine why we should object in this country to having minorities treaties applied to our territory.

Certainly I should greatly re-gret the abandonment of the effort to secure good treatment for the minorities. The nations of the minorities. The nations of the world have been trying to secure it for a long time. It is not, as some people think, a new invention which came into being at the time of the formation of the League of Nations. The only connection of the League is that it has accepted the duty of carrying out the new treaties, which themselves proceed from precedents centuries old. I believe it would be a serious threat to the peace of the world if this attempt were abandoned. I am sure that it would be rightly re-garded as something like treach-ery to the principles of interna-

I am sure that if the British people is determined to put this thing through it can be done. I am sure we have the power to do

tional progress.

Ex-Ohio Rabbi Gets Workers' Alliance Publicity Job Here In Midwest Parley

Former U. S. Minister to Persia, Dr. Kornfeld Now With Insurance Agency

The Rev. Dr. Joseph S. Korn feld, former United States Minister to Persia, has been appointed dirctor of public relations of the Clifford L. McMillen Agency of the Northwestern Mutual Life Insuronce Company

Dr. Kornreid recently resigned from the position of rabbi of the Collingwood Temple, Toledo, Ohio. He was the American diplmatic representative in Persia from 1921. when he was appointed by Presi-dent Harding, to 1924.

"His long and distinguished record as a public servant, both as a clergyman and as United States Minister to Persia, has given him a broad and comprehensive view of economic and sociological ques tions," a statement issued Friday

by McMillen said.

Dr. Kornfeld is a graduate of the University of Cincinnati.

Jersey 'Y' Federation Lays Convention Plans

(Special to the J.D.B.)

PATERSON, N. J.—Oct. 26.—
Felix M. Warburg, Justice Irving
Lehman, Harry L. Glucksman and Mayor Meyer Ellenstein of Newhave been invited to the annual convention of the New Jersey Federation of Y.M. and Y.H.H.A.'s here on November 10 and 11.

More Than 100 Delegates Attend Conference Madison, Wis.

pecial to the J.D.B. (Special to the J.D.B.)
MADISON, Wis., Oct. 26.—The
annual conference of the National
Jewish Workers' Alliance, district
No. 7, comprising middle western
states, was held in Madison this week, with an attendance of more than 100 delegates.

Plans for an intensive membership campaign were discussed and turned over to a special committee for a detailed report.
Officers elected for the

vear are Sam Rissman, T. Golden year are Sam Rissman, T. Golden-berg and Dr. H. Epstein, all of Chicago; J. Rosenthal and Abe Mintz, of Madison; N. Tropp, Gary, Ind.; M. Levin, Milwaukee; and Mrs. Cohen, Milwaukee; and Mrs. Cohen, Milwaukee; and Levin, Milwaukee, David Pinski, Jewish author and national chairman of the or-

ganization, was the guest speaker ganization, was the guest speaker at a banquet given by the na-tional group in conjunction with the Madison branch, which acted as host. Pinski discussed organization problems.

Other speakers were J. Swetin, Rabbi Max Kadushin, Rabbi Cashden, David Shapiro, M. Ostrowsky, Judge S. B. Schein, Dr. A. Boner, J. Rosenthal and H. Lax.



DR. I. M. RUBINOW

Secretary B'nai B'rith

Savs of the JEWISH DAILY BULLETIN

American Jews, and perhaps especially those in professional Jewish life, have grown so used to the Jewish Daily, · Bulletin, and have come to depend upon it so much for world-wide Jewish news, that I sometimes fear we are too inclined to take it for granted and withhold from it that measure of praise and gratitude which it deserves. It therefore gives me unusual pleasure to greet The Bulletin on its tenth anniversary, and to hail it as a valuable asset to Jewish life.

It is difficult to believe that ten years ago there was no Jewish Daily Bulletin-that 'American Jewry actually was able to get along without it. Today it is indispensable, it has proved its worth. Long live The Bulletin!

Adjusting Our Lives Holland's Jews

By DR. HERMAN FRANK

Vocational Readjustment of the Jew

The prolonged depression has intensified the sufferings of the Jewish workers and small business men whose trade and occupajewisi workers and small business file whose transfer the social and economic changes of our times. The dislocation of industry and



trade is an outcome of new mechanical inventions, new methods of merchandising such as chain stores, new standards of living and other changes in the industrial and commercial structure of the nation. Tews whose trades and vocations become obsolete through the recent social and economic trends have to be readjusted to the new conditions, if their present plight is not to result in chronic unemployment and misery. Thus a new set of social service problems

has been created on behalf of thousands of families within the formerly self-supporting Jewish groups. They are the real victims of the dislocation of industry, when for instance, cheap garments replace

the more expensive raiments, rayon takes the place of silk, and

refrigerators send the ice-man into the limbo.
Work along lines of industrial adjustment of the Jew will become more complex, if time is lost. of physicians. Delay and negligence will make the problem increasingly more difficult of solution.

Need for Centralized Effort

In preparation for this task there is, first of all, a need for the centralization of information about the status of the Jew in trade, commerce, professions, agriculture and industry. Secondly, investigations should be made into the changes taking place in the trades and industries in which Jews are concentrated. Central-ized information of the industrial situation would help the Jews, throughout the country, to be transferred into new branches of industry.

Again, expert advice should be provided by our various Family Welfare Associations and other social service agencies as to the best methods of ascertaining the vocational aptitudes of their new clients, and as to the prospects for their vocational re-ducation and re-employment along fresh lines. Public school authorities have to be urged to enlarge the educational and vocational retraining opportunities for adult groups in areas of dense Jewish ettlement.

Furthermore, in order to provide employment, plans are being taken under consideration as to taken under consideration as to a Jewish employment exchange service, or at least as to timely measures for applying the best skill available, that is to say, ex-perts in vocational guidance, to-ward fitting Jews to fresh jobs. Vecetrowded Occupations

Vocational guidance for the Jew, who as a rule tends to concentrate in a few chosen occupations, is particularly called for a time like ours when so many pro-fessions and other vocational careers are overcrowded,

To take the case of medicine. How many medical students are How many medical students are really fit, or, in two words, have the right "personal equation" to prove successful and socially use-ful in their future calling? Why, then, not be guided in the choosing of a career by the sound principle of putting the right man in the right place, which in a nutshell is the essence of the science and practice of vocational guid-

Secondly, economic satisfaction in the medical profession is tied up with, and conditioned on, the further spread of Jews over the vast territory of the country. Be-hold what the recently published Final Report of the Commission on Medical Education has to say: "Although there is an over-supply of physicians in the country as a whole, there is a relative short-age in certain areas because physicians are concentrated in larger communities. . . . The develop-ment and support of better central facilities for medical practice in the smaller communities is the most important single factor in 1518.

correcting the uneven distribution of physicians."

Here is another telling illustra-ion. The high earning power of tion. Jewish foreign-born women cleri-cal workers is a fact proved by statistical study. More than that, when consideration was given to training and experience, our Jew-ish women were found to have an earning power in clerical work in-ferior only to the native white women and to the English-speaking immigrant women from Great Britain, Canada, etc., and superior to women of the "old" immigrant stocks, Germans, Scandinavians, etc.

On the other hand, Jewish woon the other hand, Jewish women, having a disposition to avoid by all means factory work and domestic service, provide, as a recent investigation in Buffalo has shown, a more miscellaneous and therefore less uniformly high grade of office worker as comwith some other foreign stocks.

Now, why not direct the least fit among Jewish women aspir-ants for office jobs to a more promising occupation for them? Are there not among the thou-sands of occupations this or that opportunity for a trained woman worker besides office jobs, factory jobs, and domestic service?

A Problem for Jewish Youth Unfortunately young Jews of both sexes are less and less wel-come in the occupations that exert

upon them the greatest power of attraction, such as white collar

jobs and the professions.

The new situation of job scareity and acute competition for em-ployment makes it more necessary than ever before to develop a Jewish program of vocational guidance. By this is meant an educaance. By this is meant an educa-tional and sociological activity that helps the adolescent traits and holds out high promise for economic reward. Very little ef-fort has yet been made to adapt this practice to a solution of some of our pressing educational prob-

With proper attention to this with proper attention to this question, for instance, thousands of young Jews could be directed to agriculture and other fields of basic industry and productive occupation. Not more than 180,000 Jews are found in American agri-Jews are found in American agri-culture. But in quality Jewish ag-riculture surpasses by far its small quantitative weight. The second generation of Jewish farmers has proved particularly suc-cessful in intensive agriculture of many descriptions, such as poul-try, dairy, tobacco, pigeons, wheat, etc., towering high above the aver-

re farmer of many generations. This offers a hint as to some of the possibilities of vocational readjustment of the young Jew in the United States.

The first mention of Jews in the town of Aach, Baden, Germany, is founded in a document of the year

M'Donald Tells Of Refugee Aid

Expresses His Approval of Rehabilitation of Intellectuals

(J.T.A. Special Correspondence)
AMSTERDAM, Oct. 18.—Under
the auspices of the board of the foundation for Jewish labor in the Wieringermeerpolder, land reclaimwheringermeerpolder, and reciam-ed from the Zuyder Zee, and of the Committee for Special Jewish Interests, James G. McDonald, High Commissioner for German Refugees, spoke here about the problems of refugees.

He expressed his sympathy with the work of Dutch Jewry in behalf of German Jewish intellectuals in physically creative professions.

Speaking of the emigration of Jews from Europe's centers, he recalled that his American Jewish friends in February, 1933, had said to him that Hitler was no real danger and that the German Jews, danger and that the German Jews, who had been in the main "100 per cent German," did not think so, either. Now the problem of migration and settlement in other countries for German Jewish youth is urgent, he declared, pointing out that more than £100,000 has been collected toward this end.

He was pessimistic regarding the status of German Jews and the status of German Jews and urged on the Jewish people, and particularly on the Dutch Jews, who already have given so much, to continue to help their unfor-tunate brethren, not only in Ger-many, but also in Poland and Ru-mania and the other East European countries.

He expressed his disappointment regarding lack of cooperation by Christian organizations, whose help has been insufficient, he said.

"Your example," he concluded, gives new hope to the fugitives and the refugees."

The president of the Ashkenazic Jewish community in Holland and also of the Committee for Special also of the Committee for special Jewish Interests, A. Ascher, who presided, expressed the thanks of Dutch Jewry to the High Com-missioner for his work, and de-clared that in Holland many Chris-tics have made eiths toward the tians have made gifts toward the cause of German Jewish fugitives.

Dr. H. Lubinski, director of the working village Nieuwesluis, spoke of the retraining problem, while a motion picture, "A Day in the Jewish Working Village," was be-

ing shown.

"For the coming months," Dr. Lubinski said, "50,000 Dutch guilders will be needed to increase the number of the inhabitants of this village to 300.

Honor Home Life In Nation's Temples

Conservative Rabbis to Observe Next Saturday as 'Home Sabbath'

Conservative synagogues Conservative synagogues throughout the country will ob-serve next Saturday "Home Sab-bath," it was announced Friday by Dr. Elias Solomon of New York, chairman of the National Committee on the Enrichment of Home Life,' of the United Synagogue of

This will be first of a series of special Sabbaths during November designed to emphasize various phases of the religious life of American Jewry.

Rabbis will devote their sermons the first Sabbath in November to the importance of the home as the bulwark of every aspect of human life. In addition the auxiliaries of the congregations, Women's Leagues, the Men's Clubs, and the Young People's League will arrange special programs dedicated to the home.

Zahne Confesses All

MILWAUKEE, Oct. 25. The Friends of the New Ger-many want chiefly to be known many want chiefly to be known as "good American Nazis."
Louis Zahne, of New York, head of the German-American Independent Voters League, 10d a meager audience here. 10d a meager audience here. 10d now for the cause that I will love for the cause that I will earn the title of being a good American Nazi," he said with fervor,

Two More Cities Join United Drive

Pottstown, Pa., Glens Falls, N. Y., Launch Campaigns This Evening

Pottstown will be the ninety-sixth community in Pennsylvania to hold a campaign for the United Jewish Appeal, and Glens Falls the thirty-seventh in New York the thirty-seventh in New York State, when these towns inaugurate campaigns this evening, Harry L. Glucksman, chairman of the administrative committee, said resterday

Marvin Lowenthal, author and lecturer, will address the mass meeting of Pottstown's effort for the United Jewish Appeal at the Jewish Community Center there. A quota of \$1,000 has been set for A quota of \$1,000 has been set to the community and the officers of the campaign are Edgar Orenstein, Martin A. Felt and Rabbi Maxwell M. Farher

In Glens Falls leadership of the campaign has been assumed by Carl Bronne, Charles Garlan, Charles Gelman, Rabbi Bert Stein and Lester Erlanger, who have made \$2,000 their goal. The principal speaker at the launching of Glens Falls campaign will be Jacob

Junior Hadassah Swells Its Roster

Strives in 200 Cities to Add 5,000 New Members to Its Rolls

Junior Hadassah's nation-wide campaign for 5,000 new members is progressing in 200 cities, the organization reported Friday. Cul-mination of the drive is scheduled for November 25, when simultaneous celebrations will be held. The membership at present is 10,000.

The celebrations will include dances, parties, fashion shows, masquerades, suppers and indoor circuses. The New York unit aims to double its envolument of 350 while the Brooklyn chapter, with 400 members, also aspires to a 100 per cent increase.

The national campaign is under the direction of Miss Nell Ziff of Minneapolis.

Bronx Zionists To Milwaukee Group Open Second Annual Parley

Judge Lewis Addresses 2-Day Regional Conference

Judge William M. Lewis of Philadelphia, vice-president of the Zionist Organization of America, was to have addressed the open-ing session of the Bronx Region of the Zionist Organization Saturday evening at Elsmere Hall, 284

East 170th street, Bronx.
Sunday's sessions will start at
10 a.m. and the second annual conference of the region will come to a conclusion in the evening with a banquet. The Bronx region was organized last year to create Zionist sentiment in the Bronx. In the course of its year of activity, it has increased Zionist membership in the borough by fifty percent. It published a periodical, The Bronx Zionist.

Morris Margulies, secretary of the Zionist Organization of Ame-rica, will address the Sunday ses-sion of the conference. He will discuss the work of the ZOA, particularly its roll call and the Zion-ist Extension Fund which was created for the stimulation of cultural and educational activities in accordance with the plan submit-ted to the national convention last July by Morris Rothenberg, presi-dent of the Zionist Organization of America.

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NBC Network To Run Weekly Jewish Period

Rabbi Jonah B. Wise to Speak on First Five Broadcasts

on Monday evening at the National Theatre with "Within The Gates," Under the auspices of a com-mittee of which Felix M. Warthere was a course served every evening thereafter and even on burg is chairman, a series of na-tion-wide half-hour broadcasts, entitled "The Message of Israel," Saturday, after Friday night's dessert of "Geraniums In My Window," a dress rehearsal of entitled "The Message of Israel," will begin next Friday evening at 10:30 o'clock, over a National Broadcasting Company network. In New York City the program will be heard over WJZ. Window," a dress rehearsal of "Waltz In Fire" which will open officially Wednesday evening at the Masque was set up for the hearty eaters. The in-between courses consisted of "Conversation Piece" (44th St. Theatre), "Goodbye Please" (Ritz), and "Between Two Worlds" at the Belacco.

The broadcasts will consist of a half-hour of prayer and service in accordance with the Jewish ritual and will include addresses and sermons by outstanding raband appropriate music.

For the first five broadcasts on successive Friday evenings dur-ing November, the speaker will be Rabbi Jonah B. Wise of the Cen-tral Synagogue, Fifty-fifth street and Lexington avenue, New York

City.

Rabbi Wise for the past four chairman of the years has been chairman of the fund raising committee of the Joint Distribution Committee and is at present co-chairman of the United Jewish Appeal.

Control Jewish Appeal.

Rabbi Wise went to Germany in 1933 shortly after the advent of the Nazi regime, and after conferences with the Jewish leaders in that country organized the work there of ameliorating the disagrants accomple pileth into which is the work of the property of the pr astrous economic plight into which the Jews of that country were so suddenly plunged.

Pastels by Raeben On Exhibit Here

An exhibition of landscapes in pastel by Norman Raeben, son of Sholom Aleichem, will open tomorrow at the Contemporary Arts Galleries, 41 West Fifty-fourth street, to continue to November 10.

The pictures represent scenes in ew York, France and Palestine. Raeben has made several visits to

San Francisco Festival (Special to the J.D.B.)

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 26.— an Francisco's Jewish community will celebrate its first anniversary with a week of festivities beginning November 7, and concluding with an anniversary ball on the night of November 11. Paul Bissinger is chairman of arrange-ments, assisted by George Levison.

Addresses College Avukah Dr. Zelig Harris, president of National Avukah, will be guest speaker at a meeting today of the intercollegiate Avukah group of New York, at the Jewish Central

Join College Drama Unit Make-up Box, dramatic society of Hunter College, will welcome thirty-three new members, of whom twenty-three are Jewish, at a tea November 2.

New Menorah Courses Hebrew history, philosophy, Jew-ish and Hebrew folk music and Jewish current events are taught in four classes in Hebrew culture added to its curriculum by the York University Menorah Society.

> CURRENT JEWISH EVENTS (in English) TONIGHT AT 7:15 WMCA Sponsored by

ROKEACH

STAGE

Week's Theatrical Menu

Theatre-goers should have that

nice well fed feeling that comes after a heavy meal. Starting off

"Within The Gates" left me with

mixed feelings. Poetic, sensitive, beautifully acted, well directed, it

was often moving. Its symbolism is quite obvious and it is extremely

theatrical. Yet there were moments when Sean O'Casey's fan-tasy of life seemed to have es-

caped from the author and wan-dered off into irrelevant realms,

For the seekers after realism and

transcriptions of life as they know-it, "Within The Gates" will be of small interest. Its appeal is in-

tellectual, although there is much

that will titillate the senses. Lillian Gish, as a lady of prac-

tically no virtue, and Bramwell Fletcher, as the poet who protects

her from the stupidity of the mob, are skillful and believable players.

The rest of the cast is equally able. Although the dialogue often tends

to become flowery and prosy there is much that is beautiful and stir-

ring and you are quite willing to forgive the author his lapses.

From England comes Noel Cow-

ard's "Conversation Piece" and that is something to talk about

When it was presented in London last season, Noel Coward played

last season, Neel Coward played one of the roles. In the American version, that versatile gentleman is missing but Yvonne Printemps, the French actress, is still very much in evidence and that is a

guarantee of entertainment. There

is nothing that can compare with

Mr. Coward is at home in all phases of the art known as play-writing and one soldom knows what to expect. "Conversation Piece" is on the light side, a cross between operetta and musical comedy. You will have to find its

proper niche yourself but whatever

ti is, it is enjoyable. Before I forget to tell you, it is best to pollsh up your French before visiting the Forty Fourth Street Theatre as a great deal of that

language comes over the footlights.

As I hinted above, Yvonne Printemps is delightful. She is not beautiful and her figure would never earn her a second glance from Earl Carroll but her charm, her singing, her ability to use her avers her expressive face her waite

eves, her expressive face, her voice

and gestures set her apart from the other ladies of the stage. She

There is a plot to "Conversation Piece"—it is slight and unimpor-tant. Yvonne is a young girl taken out of a French cafe by an im-

poverished nobleman and brought

poverished nobleman and brought to England to make a wealthy marriage. The nobleman tries to pass the girl off as a French countess whose parents were

killed in the Revolution. His plans would have succeeded but the girl

the word.

would be flat,

an actress in the best sense of the word. Without her, the play

on the American stage.

'Conversation Piece' or Something to Talk About

Critical Moments By GEORGE JOEL

A Scene in New Mayfair Film



Here is Basil Rathbone as he appears in "Loyalties," the picture based on the play by John Galsworthy.

Klemperer Bids City

Temporary Farewell

Otto Klemperer will make his final appearance with the Philharmonic Symphony Or-chestra this afternoon at Carnegie Hall in a program comprising the Weber "Freischuetz" Overture, the Janacek Sinfoni-etta, and the Beethoven Seventh

Symphony.

Klemperer will return to
New York later in the year
with the Philadelphia Orchestra which is conducting for seven weeks after January 1. In the interim he will be on the Pacific Coast as director of the Los Angeles Philharmonic.

tumes are charming and most of the cast play their roles as though they were having a perfectly grand time.

"Conversation Piece" is one of the most restful, soothing and amusing evenings the theatre has

The less said about Mr. Burt The less said about Mr. But Clifton's offering, "Good - Bye Please," which opened quietly at the Ritz Theatre, the kinder a play reporter would be. It will undoubtedly soon be gone.
"Geraniums In My Window"

which Vera Caspary, the novelist, and Samuel Ornitz, the author of the much read "Haunch Paunch and Jowl," have prepared for a run at the Longacre, will be dis-cussed at length in these columns very soon. Both the authors have been flirting with Hollywood these past few years and this is a step toward escape. As for Elmer Rice's "Between Two Worlds" in which Joseph Schildkraut and Rachel Hartzell will play the leading roles, that too will be reviewed here early in the week.

Next Week and Other

Stage Notes This coming week looks promrins coming week looks prom-ising for the ticket brokers. On Monday evening at the Empire Theatre, Leigh Burton Wells's play "Allure," will open. The conplay "Allure," will open. The con-stantly rehearsed and revised "The Farmer Takes A Wife" by Marc Connelly and Frank B. Elser which is a dramatization of Walter Edmond's novel "Rome Haul," will would have succeeded but the girl Edmond's novel "Rome Haul," will falls in love with him and finally start trueday at the Forty-Sixth wins his affection. Before this climax she manages to comfound and embarass some of England's Fire" by David Glory" by Joseph more stuffy society leaders. The schamk and Philip Duming at the action takes place in the years beginning the 19th century. The event is a new George Abbott WEISBORD play is nicely directed, the coss show titled "Ladies Money," at the Ladies Money," at the cost of the school of the cost of the c

the Ethel Barrymore. Irving Kaye Davis will see his "All Rights Reserved" open at the Vanderbilt. And to close the week with fitting grandeur, the much discussed "L'Aiglon" of Edmond Rostand will launch the Civic Repertory season for Eva Le Gallienne at the Broadhurst. Ethel Barrymore is also in the cast.

"Judgement Day," the play by Elmer Rice which has managed to survive despite its undeserved bad notices has been published in book

form by Coward-McCann. . . "Jayhawker," a drama of American politics by Sinclair Lewis and Lloyd Lewis, the Chicago dramatic critic, which was due to open this week will not be seen until sometime early in November. ting is the mid-west in Civil War

Cinema Happening's

Paramount has two pictures on Broadway this week.—at its own theatre it is presenting "Mrs. Wiggs Of The Cabbage Patch," an amusing picturization of the famous novel in which W. C. Fields, Pauline Lord and Zasu Pitts are the three stars. Over at the Music Hall, a Paramount film, "The Pursuit of Happiness," is the attraction. This is the Broadway play of the same name done into films with Francis Lederer, Joan Reputet Challe Busels and Mary Bennett, Charlie Ruggles and Mary Boland, the last two named walking calmly but surely off with all ing canny but surely on with all the honors. The Strand presents "Madame Du Barry" in which the Spanish or Mexican, (I'm not so good in the nationality of picture stars), Dolores Del Rio plays the part of the French mistress of the Wing. Battan bistorical live heave. King. Better historical films have been made.

NewOperaPlan GoesInto Effect AtHippodrome

SCREEN

Four Night Shows, One Matinee Scheduled Weekly

Four evening performances and one matinee will be presented this week by the Cosmopolitan Opera Association at the Kippodrome in pursuance of a new pol-icy, Max Rabinoff, director, au-nounced Friday. There will be no performances on Tuesday and Wednesday.

Four Verdi operas will be given

La Traviata, Aida, Il Trovatore
and Rigoletto. La Traviata, scheduled for Friday evening, will be heard for the first time this season. Another newcomer will be Noniuszkio's Halka, in Polish Monday evening. Aida will be sung Thursday, II

Aroyatore Saturday and Rigoletto Sunday evening. Gounod's Faust will be the Saturday matinee at-

Jaffe Visits Artef

Sam Jaffe, recently seen on Broadway in "The Bride of the Torozoko," was a guest at the Saturday night performance of "Rrecruits," famous Soviet com-"Recruits," iamous soviet com-edy, now playing at the Artef Theatre, 247 West Forty-eighth street, formally known as the President.

Music Lectures Start Nov. 1

A course in "Current Events in Music," given by Adele T. Katz, opens November 1, at the Com-munity House of the Central Synagogue, 35 East Sixty-second street.

EADIO MUSIC HALL 50th ST.

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TOWN HALL, Fri. Eve., Nov. 2, at 8:30 GRISHA GOLUBOFF 11 YEAR OLD VIOLINIST SAMUEL YAPPE at the Steinway Judson Mgt,

In the Realm of Authors and Literature

Smaller Publishers Have Doubts Of Advantages of NRA Code

The book publishers have finally er's "City Editor," which Stokes and reluctantly agreed upon a code yubilished last week. It is true via NRA to govern their industry, that they will learn next to noth-The larger publishers are quite ing about how to get a job, but satisfied with it but the smaller they will be regaled with a grand, fellows are dubious and slightly exciting and glamorous collection worried. Such asblects as the pay- of years about them who write the pay- of the pays of the pay ment of royalties to authors, price cutting and discounts have been left in status quo. Practically the only innovation introduced con-cerns the selling by publishers of

In the past, when a hopeful publisher printed 5,000 copies of a book and sold 1,000, he found himself with 4,000 copies of an un-saleable book on his hands. This saleable book on his hands. This is simple arithmetic and still remains as such, but in the past, the publisher could take his 4,000 the publisher could take his 4,000 copies, call up Max Salop or some other remainder,man, and dispose of these copies for as much or as little as he could get. You, as a little as he could get. You, as a book buyer saw these copies in the drug stores and other unlikely places at a greatly reduced price. But now it is not so simple. The publisher can still dispose of his copies but he must wait until at least one year from the date of publication has eliber, keeping a trock on here! for a year is no

stock on hand for a year is no problem. Being large, he has capi-tal, but the smaller publisher tal, but the smaller published works on a more rigid margin. He is constantly investing his money in new titles. Printing and paper bills must be paid within a certain time, in fact there is a code tain time, in fact there is a code among the printers and paper manufacturers to that effect. If he issues a book that does not sell abruptly it represents a certain investment and a loss. He then investment and a loss. He then inds that he needs more money to bring out a new book. Where will he get it? In the past if he found himself hard-pressed he called in the remainder-man and raised cash that way, but as things are now arranged, he must wait are now arranged, he must want at least a year before he indulges in that practice. It is true that after the first year under the code he will find himself in the same position that he was before the code was enacted but until then he is in a tight spot and he is he is m ____ unhappy. Random Remarks

Random Remarks
Talk about publishers optimism
—one young thing in discussing
one of his new titles said to a
literary critic a few weeks ago,
who, I don't think it will said
well as 'Anthony Adverse,' I don't
expect it to go over 150,000." At
this writing, the book mentioned
has yet to reach the 10,000 mark
and it is seiling with increasing
slowness.

Here is an honest cheer for Gene Fowler's latest — "Father Goose, The Story of Mack Sen-nett" easily the most amusing and entertaining book of the season. It is Hollywood at its worst and

boys backing the Times now have a slight edge. Three or four months ago it was the other way ound. . . . One publisher last week reported

seventy-four requests for review copies of a recent book. Fifty-two of these requests came from Jew-ish and Anglo-Jewish publications. The book asked for could not possibly be construed as being of any particular Jewish interest. . . .

City Editor

Young men and women who aspire to become newspaper em-ployees should read Stanley Walk-

the news. Mr. Walker, who is the city editor of the Herald-Tribune, admits that he is a Tory. He is opposed to the Newspaper Guild and the NRA code for newspapers. He is in favor of better English, more accuracy and more life for the daily prints.

Bernhard Says **Boycott Must NotBeDropped**

Exiled Editor Warns Nazis Respect Only Him Who Resists

(J.T.A. Special Correspondence)
PARIS, Oct. 16.—The boycott of goods made in Germany must be unconditionally continued, declared Dr. Georg Bernhard, editor of the Pariser Tageblatt, in a speech at the German Club here.

While the boycott idea has been taken up spontaneously by the Jewish masses of Eastern Europe, England and America, it is no longer a purely Jewish matter, Dr. Bernhard asserted. He pointed out that the most ardent supporters of the boycott at present are faithful Christians of all confessions.

The Hitler government will not be conquered by the boycott alone, Dr. Bernhard said, but it is a most important factor, since "National Socialism respects only him who offers resistance and opposes force with force."

Hananiah, a Jew of Babylonia of the second century, sought to emancipate the Jews of Babylonia intellectual domination of those of Palestine.



The Viking Press is publishing his three plays, "Prisoners of War," "1918" and "The Dutch Merchant," in book form.

LION FEUCHTWANGER

Greek Solons Sold Votes for Electoral Deal

17 Pledged Their Support of Zaimis to Restore Old Setup

(J.T.A. Special Correspondence) SALONICA, Oct. 17.—The separate Jewish electoral college, arate Jewish electrical coolege, abolished by Act of Parliament, signed by the Fresident Zaimis in spite of its rejection by the Verizelist Senate, has been restored, despite the government's insistance that the separate Jewish college must go.

This new turn of events was brought about by the action of seventeen senators belonging to the Venizelist opposition who the Venizelist opposition who signed a statement pledging them selves to vote for the re-election of M. Zaimis as President of the Republic. M. Zaimis is the Gov-ernment candidate, and these seventeen votes are sufficient to secure his re-election so that there is no need of fresh elections. The

prophet in Israel



ELMER RICE His much-discussed "Judgment Day," appeared in book form under the Coward-McCann imprint.

seventeen senators made it a condition, however, that the new elecatton, nowever, that the new elec-toral law which was adopted twice by Parliament, being re-adopted after its rejection by the Senate, and has already been signed by the President, M. Zaimis; should be withdrawn.

Law Cancelled

In view of the circumstances of the government agreed to cancel the law. The Jewish electroal col-lege, therefore, once again exists. Jewish leaders are of the opinion, however, that notwithstanding its restoration the separate Jewish electoral college will be abolished. The Tsaldaris government has re-

to abolish the college, and the Jew-ish elders believe that the govern-ment will stand by the pledge.

The last minute change in the situation when the Chamber was on the verge of dissolution for new elections already fixed for November 12, has resulted in postpone-ment of the elections. Negotia-tions are to be resumed with the Venizelist opposition, and there is a probability that a proportional electoral system may be adopted, so that the Jews of Salonica would cease to be the butt of the two opposition parties. Under a system of proportional voting there need be no Jewish separate college.

Considerable tension still exists in the country and the feeling against the Jews among the Veni-zelists has so far shown no abatement.

Blue Men to March

The National Blue Men, opponents of Hitlerism, will parade in the Brownsville section of Brooklyn next Thursday evening. A mass meeting at Empire Manor, 70 Thatford avenue, will follow.

> "The Hasidic Anthology" by Rabbi Louis I. Newman and Samuel Spitz

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scribed the search for ultimate reality with more impressive reverence, with finer ardor, with deeper beauty." \$2.50 HARPER & BROTHERS . 49 East 33rd St. NEW YORK

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WOMEN - WISE AND OTHERWISE

OU surely know the verse of Robert Burns: "Oh, what a gift the giftie give us, to see ourselves as others see us," a verse evid implying that we can gain true self-knowledge, the aim of the Greek sopher, only when we behold ourselves mirrored in the clear glass of other minds.

Of course, it has to be a clear glass, a glass undimmed by prejuwill not be a true revelation, but merely a caricature such as one sees sometimes in trick-mirrors, either distressingly elongated or hideously squashed. Only a straight mirror gives a straight picture.

Jews have suffered greatly from the fact that the mental mirrors in which their personal and racial traits were reflected lacked that necessary straightness and were faulty and distorted. Thus a picture was created which had no relation whatsoever to actual fact was created which had no relation whatsoever to actual fact. It is, therefore, a real pleasure to encounter in a book a personality that is honest, straight, clear and limpld, and which mirrors Jews and Jewsessen not as caricatures but as living beings. This personality is H. C. Bainbridge, and the book is called "Twice Seven." It is a de-#ghtful autobigraphical volume and in it Mr. Bainbridge has much to say about Judaism in general and Jews in particular.

R. BAINBRIDGE is in a position to judge fairly and impartially. M. As a quite young man he did important chemical work for Dr.
Ludwig Mond, who occupies in the chemical world the place which is
accorded to Pasteur in medicine. Later, as a representative of the
Russian court-jeweler Fabergé, he came in contact not only with crowned heads and the aristocracy of England and the Continent, but also with the so often and so much maligned rich Jews. What, then, has Mr. Bainbridge to say about our race?

He whole-heartedly admires Mr. Mond. "It has been my good fortune to know many great Jews, but the greatest of them all was Dr. Ludwig Mond." he writes. "I formed the opinion that not only was Dr. Mond a Jew but that in him Judaism has produced one of its finest examples." About Judaism itself Mr. Bainbridge says "The sanctity of everyday life and work . . . the conception of Charity, Falth, and Hope as Sciences for everyday use instead of virtues to lead to heaven tomorrow, the influencing the character through conduct and not through emotion—all seem utterly healthy and a sure way of turning this old earth of ours into the heaven it should be."

Later he speaks of Jews in business life—the Rothschilds, Mr. instance after instance of the disinterestedness, the consideration, the innate kindness and courtesy of Jews. "Of all people," he says, "I give the palm to the cultured Jew."

OMEN readers will be interested to hear what he has to tell of W Mrs. Leopold Rothschild, whose wealth and social position would have given her practically the privileges of royalty, had she chosen to exercise them. Mr. Bainbridge says: "Whenever I think of the Rothschilds there comes to my mind one little incident: a barely opened door and through the crack Mrs. Leopold's head. 'May I come in?'' She must have known that the visit of a Rothschild client would more than welcome to the representative of even the greatest artist-jeweler in the world, yet she did not sail in full of presumption but stood and asked courteously: "May I come in?" Mr. Bainbridge adds that this "May I come in?" hits off the Rothschilds to a \mathbf{T}_{τ}

This, then, is the picture of Judaism and Jews if the mirroring personality possesses straightness, honesty and sympathy, and in reading "Twice Seven" every Jewess will feel truly gatified and proud of her race and its foremost representative

SOCIETY NOTES

Engagements this week include | street, announce the birth Mrs. D. Parker of Pelham, N. Y., and the late Mr. Parker. Miss Hirschberg is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Morris Hirschberg of Riverside drive.

Miss Hirschberg attended Cal-houn School in this city and the National Park Seminary in Wash-ington. Mr. Parker attended Co-lumbia University and the Law School of St. Lawrence University. He is a member of the law firm of Kraus, Leman and Parker The wedding will take place in the latter part of December. The brother of the groom, Rev. Dr. Benjamin M. Parker of Cambridge, Mass., will officiate.

Miss Beatrice Edith Serge, daughter of Mrs. Samuel A. Serge of this city, has pledged her troth to Samuel L. Schlossberg, also of New York.

Miss Serge is a Barnard grad-uate, class of 1932. Mr. Schloss-berg was graduated from New York University in 1925. A De-

cember wedding is planned.

Miss Beatrice Hirschberg to Joel son, Steven Richard, on October Ritz Parker of this city, son of 14 at the Doctor's Hospital. Mrs. Steven Richard, on October Passerman, the former Miriam Rosenthal, is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Rosenthal of 251 West Eighty-ninth street,

> A daughter, their second child, was born to Mr. and Mrs. William Frankel of 15 West Eighty-first street, last Sunday at the Doctor's Hospital, Mrs. Frankel is the former Miss Selma Rentner, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Maurice Rentner. . . .

Dr. and Mrs. Vernon B. Herbst of Chicago have announced the engagement of Mrs. Herbst's daugh-ter, Miss Elinor Rosenwald, daughof the late Morris Rosenwald and niece of the late Julius Rosenwald, to Dr. Joseph Harris of Los Angeles.

Mr. and Mrs. Lessing Rosenwald of Philadelphia have announced the surprise marriage of their daughter, Miss Helen A. Rosenwald, to Harry H. Snellenburg Jr. of Wyncote, Pa., on Monday night at Harrison, N. Y. Although it was an elopement, both families heartily approve of the marriage, the

Pertinent and Impertinent Francine Larrimore Scoffs at Glamour, Dazzle of the Stage

Niece of Jacob Adler Calls Acting Hard, Exacting Work

At the Grand Guignol they once played a sketch which was very played a sketch which was very idyllic for this haunt of horrors, yet imbued with a queer heart-break. A young queen looked down from her turreted castle on the shepherd-maiden in the valley and envied the girl's freedom, her peace, her swains, and the untroubled quietness of her days. And the shepherd-maiden in return Ine snepherd-maden in return looked up to the castle, wishing fervently she were queen, dressed in gorgeous rainment, wearing pricelees jewels, wielding an in-toxicating power, and waiting for a glorious prince to come and woo her. The destiny of the other one, the little sketch proclaimed, is always full of allurement.

Many a woman, sitting in the orchestra and admiring Francine Larrimore, one of the most fascinating, the most successful and most talented of our young actresses, must have felt like the shepherd-maiden full of envious iration, and must have thought it the greatest happiness to the glamorous figure on the stage

Calls it Work

Strange to say, Francine Larri-more herself takes no such ro-mantic view of her destiny, her

"It is hard work," she savs "nothing but hard, relentless work More relentless than the work of the writer, the painter, or the com-poser, for they, at least, keep their person inviolate and let the book, the picture, the composition stand by themselves. But the actors or actresses must use their own per consists as their material. they are creator and creation, clay and spirit, at the same time, and one can hardly imagine how wearying that is. And we can never let private feelings, indispositions, nerves, interfere with our work. And we can never let We can not, like other artists, wait for the inspirational moment. play has to go on and, whether ill or well, we have to take our part."

while talking thus, sipping a cup of tea and crumbling a bit of toast, her simple meal before her

New Stort Daily

"Perhaps the most bitter thing



FRANCINE LARRIMORE

Each performance is much like a surgeon's operation. One stands always before a new case, a new problem, and has to succeed, or one fails completely and all former successes are forgotten. The memory. At least here it is so. England one may live for while on past performances, on while on past performances, on yesterday's glory, but here you have to conquer each evening anew if you do not wish to be van-quished."

Undoubtedly Francine Larri more possesses the talent, the personality and the power to accomplish this trying feat to conquer each evening anew. Lovely to look at with her golden red hair, her eyes, her expressive er voice has a haunting beautiful mouth, her timbre and her gestures have grace and ease that come only as the result of tireless training.

Coming from a theatrical fam ily—she is the niece of the fam-ous Jewish actor, Jacob Adler— she went on the stage when she was but fifteen years old. A few years on the road added to her natural gifts the necessary experi-ence, and then came Broadway and stardom

Surely a wonderful career, culminating now in her playing lead in Spring Song, the new, suc-cessful venture of the Spevacks. Miss Larrimore, however, shakes her head. "It is hard work," she says, "nothing but hard, relentless work." But she cannot convince her audience. The admiring pubof all," she says, "is that we have lic will always look up with to start every evening all over again, practically from scratch.

ORGANIZATIONS The National Council of Jewish Juniors today Inaugurates a na-

tion-wide observance of November as Council Month. During this period, emphasis will be laid upon a three-fold program: community social service, a 10,000 membership campaign and an aggressive peace program. A national executive office has been opened in New York City and the various local sections will co-operate with the National Council of Jewish Women, the parent organization, in the promotion of national and international welfare work.

This Sunday is also a great day in the social life of the Sisterhood of the Congregation Beth Israel of Richmond Hill, L. I. The annual Community Capers are held tonight at eight o'clock at the Comnight at eight o'clock at the Com-munity Center. Mrs. Belle Joseph is chairman of the entertainment committee. Net proceeds of the event will enable the Sisterhood to continue its manifold philan-thropic activities. Officers of the organization are: Mrs. Agusta B. Dunieff, president, Mrs. Blanche J. Marx, recording secretary and Mrs. Mollie Diringer, corresponding secretary. Meetings are held every second and fourth Tuesday of each month at the Community Center. Eighty-eighth avenue and 102nd street, Richmond Hill.

The Queens Village Chapter of Junior Hadassah has just elected the following officers: Beatrice Fiedelbaum, president; Eva Diavice-president; resident; Florence treasurer; Gladys mond, Grossberger, treasurer; Gladys Berlow, recording secretary; Eva Kallen, coresponding secetary.

The Bronx Junior Hadassah newly organized Bronx Young
Women's Hebrew Association Women's Hebrew Association chapter, is already engaged in an energetic membership-drive. Newly elected officers of this group are: Frieda Rich, president; Martha R. Frieda Rich, president; Martha R. Kesler, vice-president; Florence Krentar, corresponding secretary; Roslyn Gulack, recording secre-tary; Eva Andottin, treasurer.

The First Daughters of Abraham held a card party last Monday afternoon at the Pythian Temple, Jamaica. Mrs. Mollie Goldenberg Jamaca. Mrs. Mone Goldenberg was hostess to 150 guests, A major prize, donated by Mrs. Rose Winokur, was won by Mrs. Fannie Bruck. The proceeds of the card party will benefit the group's activities in the social welfare field.

The Sisterhood of Young Israel, at a meeting Wednesday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Lillian Goldman, of Jamaica planned its winter activities. The Sisterhood has decided to take an active interest in all civic and welfare problems of the communty.

The dough must be neither sticky nor crumbly and must be easily lifted from the mixing bowl in one mass It is best to chill it in the box before rolling it out. After chilling, toss it on a floured board and roll lightly, always maintain-ing a circular shape. Roll very thin and make your circle larger than the pie-plate you are going to use. Place carefully over the tin and flatten the dough to the plate to press out air. For single crust ples build up a ridge and flute the edge with a fork For double crust no edge is built up and the larger upper dough layer is put over the filling and perforated so that the steam may escape while baking. That is, according to this expert, the perfect ple-crust recipe.

BREVITIES

"As easy as pie"-it was surely | 100 per cent successful, follow the a man who has coined this simile, a man who has only eaten and never made pie. For a really good pie, a pie with a flaky, light, delicious crust, a tasty fruit or sp sweet potato or pumpkin or mince filling, is by no means easy to make. In fact the merely average cook shies away from making pies It is only the expert who knows how to conquer all difficulties, or the amateur who does not rea them, who light-heartedly goes at the task to bake a pie. Lucky for those who delight in this type of pastry-and there is hardly any one who is not partial to ples-both experts and amateurs suc ceed more often than they fail. There must be a special culinary who watches over pie

But if you wish to take the ele-Mr. and Mrs. Maxwell W. Pas announcement of which was made ment of chance entirely out of the shortening must be cut in with Another time we will report her serman of 115 West Seventy-third by Mrs. Lessing Rosenwald, your ple-making and to become a large knife or a wooden spatula, instructions on pie fillings.

following simple instruction have been laboriously written out by an unlettered cook whose pies are so delicious that great men and charming women come to her to pay her homage and to learn secret What she has to say is interesting and instructive.

The crust is the pie, she insists, and to make good pic-crust one has to use winter wheat flour, also called pastry flour. It makes the pastry more tender than the usual bread flour. Everything needed in the preparation of the dough must be very cold, and the dough itself must be kept cold and handled as little as possible. For the usual ple-crust one needs one cup of this special flour, one-quarter teaspoon salt, one-quarter cup shortening and one-quarter cup ice water. Sait and flour are sifted together,

By JOAN KLEIN

OUR Shop-snooper Memorial Gold Medal and the Order of the Shop-hounds goes to I. Miller,

that shoe shop with genius.-This establishment will take your awkward old foot, put a shoe on it, and lo! you look like the Queen of Sheba, so far as your pedal extremities concerned.



JOAN KLEIN

The shoes there look singularly high-arched, well-bred and aristocratic in a century m which most shoes are pretty good. They have quantities of lovely autumn kids and suedes, in all styles, plain to the uttermost point but all slender, smart and

YOU know the way I feel about Marie Ollendorf. I believe in her, like the heathens in their gods, or like children in Santa Claus. I believe Marie Ollendorf ean turn a mean miracle when she feels like it and the joy of it all is that she is always in the mood. She can take your dilapidated old figure and within a few weeks turn you out so trim and shapely that even the angels rejoice. Her's is no ordinary massage given in an effort to tighten the skin, but a combination of scientific flesh manipulation plus the use of a wondrous preparation, a reducing soap and lotion—absolutely harmless - that removes inches and inches in a short time. If you don't believe it, drop into her salon at the St. Moritz and read the countless testimonials and messages of thanks that have come to her from people she has reshaped.

OUR eyes practically exist giving us a chance to do exciting things! Who, for example, will be contented with thin, dull eyelashes, when they can fasten cu glamorous ones on in strips? curling will endure uninteresting straight ones, when they can be curled up with a little eyelash iron? Who will exist with sandy colored brows, when a liquid eyebrow darkener will keep them dark and shiny, for weeks on end? And who will be tolerant of dull, listliss, tired eyes, when there are drops that do dazzling things in brightening them? A physician evolved the formular for this wash so you needn't be afraid of it. Write me for the name of these preparations and where they can be obtained

THE neatest trick of the month is to be four? is to be found at the Helena Rubinstein salons and leading de-partment stores, in the form of Madame Rubinstein's beauty luggage. If you haven't already ar overpowering desire to travel, you will have when you see this Paris luggage. You can take your choice linggage. You can take you choose of land, sea or air when you are going, because there is a kit for each type of traveling. They're fuxurious, yet practical. The preparations contained in them were selected to meet modern traveling selected to meet modern traveling problems, as well as the beauty problems of every climate. They insure perfect grooming en route as well as at journey's end—and even if you are stranded midst your travels, on a desert isle, the kits contain enough of each preparation to keep up your appearance and morale for a year. This new beauty luggage is presented just in time to remind you to do your holiday shopping early. They make grand gifts. . .

"A FTER sun-down" has a new meaning this year, what with elegant, swishy fabrics, elaborate headdresses, and modes such larger sister.

Text of AAA Report to LaGuardia

WASHINGTON, Oct. 26. — Following is the full text of the the Agricultural Adjustment Administration on the question as to whether there should be included in the Live Poultry Code a provision cover-ing rabbinical supervision by the Kashruth Association for the live poultry industry in New York City:

The Agricultural Adjustment Administration, through its resident field investigator in New York City and then later York City and then later through two special investigators have made a study of various aspects of the problem above indicated. This study has taken quite some time, since it meant investigation into the problem involved, for the purpose of determining whether such problem may properly be covered by the inclusion of a provision, by amendment to the Live Poultry Code, in that it would not tend to effectuate the declared policy of the National Industrial Recovery Act.

Provision 'Unwise,' Statement Holds

The result of such study has lead to the following conclusion by the Agricultural Adjustment Administration:

The immediate problem before the Agricultural Adjust-ment Administration is whether the dispute which has arisen between the Kashruth Association and the members of the industry can be settled by the in-sertion of a provision in the Live Poultry Code to take care of this matter. It is the opinion of the Agricultural Adjustment Administration that as a matter of administrative policy it would be distinctly unwise to have such a provision inserted in the Code and further that as a legal matter such provision would undoubtedly be held to be invalid. The decision has been reached on the following grounds

Both Disputants

Have Objected

(a) The members of the industry and the Kashruth Assodistinctly expressed their desire that the Agricultural Adjustment Administration refrain from interfering with the dispute and also refrain from in-serting in the Live Poultry Code serting in the Live Politry Code any provision affecting the problem relating to Rabbinical supervision. As a matter of policy the Agricultural Adjust-Administration has consistently refrained from inserting in codes provisions which are unanimously objected to by those persons who are covered by the code.

Calls Issue

Entirely Religious
(b) The entire problem of rabbinical supervision, which is

AAA Takes Neutral Stand

by the Administration to Mayor LaGuardia, it was emphasized that "as a matter of administrative policy it would be distinctly unwise to have such a provision in-serted in the code and further that as a legal matter such provision would undoubtedly be held to be

as the Robe de Style, gaining fawith the fashion-wise. Res ing the importance of evening wear this year, Lane Bryant has opened an "after sun-down shop" which features only evening wear. Sizes start at 16½ and there is no size tax there. They are prepared to outfit everyone from the short, slim woman to her tall and the basis of the dispute between the Kashruth Association and the members of the live poultry industry, raises an issue which is entirely a religious one. The problem does not have as its basis any economic relation to the declared policy of the Na-tional Industrial Recovery Act. The opinion of the Administra-tion is therefore that it would not be pursuant to the declared policy of said Act to include in the Live Poultry Code a pro-vision which is related solely to a religious issue.

(c) Furthermore, there are several legal objections to the inclusion of any provision relating to rabbinical supervision. For instance:

Legal Objections

Are Cited (1) Because of the fact that any provision in the Code re-

lating to the foregoing problem is based entirely on a religious issue such provision would un-doubtedly be held invalid be-cause the inclusion of such pro-

Toch, Christy, Flagg

on View Monday

Pictures made at social welfare

agencies affiliated with the Fed-eration for the Support of Jewish

Philanthropic Societies will go on exhibition tomorrow afternoon at

the John Levy Galleries, 1 East Fifty-seventh street, in connection

with the current campaign to raise \$2,071,000 to balance Federa-

tion's \$3,655,000 budget. The show

will last through Friday and ad-mission will be free.

Dr. Maximilian Toch will be on

chairman of the art committee of

the women's division of the Fed-

eration, which is responsible for the exhibition, "the pictures hung are representative of each artist

in his best vein.
"From a social viewpoint they

are a remarkable contribution to ward the vivid presentation of

philanthropic activities that might

to us.

Club.

therwise remain pale abstractions

Organization work in the to-bacco, automobile and children's and infants' wear fields was re-

and infants' wear fields was re-ported as making headway Friday, following meetings held at the Hotel McAlpin and Metropolis

The tobacco industry is expected to produce \$60,000, the automobile

group \$30,000 and the children's and infants' wear division \$25,000.

(Special to the J.D.B.)
MONTREAL, Quebec, Oct. 26.—
A report made public today by

the Dominion Bureau of Statistics showed that imports from Ger-

many to Canada during the first six months of the fiscal year be-

tween April and September, 1934, amounted to \$5,140,000 as com-pared to \$4,765,000 in the same

period of the previous year.

The rise in imports is attributed

to the fact that many Canadian Jewish merchants are still carry-ing on trade with Nazi Germany, breaking the boycott front.

In Canadian Market

Reich Increases Sales

"In choice and treatment of

said Mrs. Lewis L. Strauss

of the industry to penal prosecution, pursuant to the terms of the National Recovery Act, because of the violation of such

(2) The Code clearly cannot contain a provision assessing members of the industry for oneys which would be us payment to a private unofficial association which would not be subject to governmental supervision or control; nor would such funds be used for the ensuch funds be used for the en-forcement of the provisions of the Code. The Administration has carefully included provi-sions in other codes for assessment of members of the industry only where such assessments were necessary for the administration and enforcement of the provisions of the code; the administration and expenditure of such funds in all cases have been subject to very careful governmental supervision and

However, it should be per-

Art Exhibition Says Chassidim To Show Work Saved Festive Of Federation Jewish Dances

Pictures of Pels, Dr. Dvora Lapson, Writing in Magazine, Traces Their History

At the American premiere of 'The Pioneers," an opera by Professor Jacob Weinberg, to be sung in Hebrew at Mecca Temple November 25, 27 and 29, the Palestinian dances will be staged and arranged by Miss Dvora Lapson, Miss Lapson, writing in American Dancer says:

"In modern times, the greatest group of what may be called tra-Drawings and paintings by Howard Chandler Christy, James Montgomery Flagg, E. R. Schabel-itz and Edouard Benito, and camera studies by Margaret Bourke-White, Herbert Pels and ditional Jewish dances has been preserved by us by a sect of Jews known as Chassidim. This sect came into existence during one of the darkest moments in Jewish history, during the turning point of medievalism, when the Jew of the European ghetto saw before him nothing but darkness.

"One who is interested in the Chassidic dance can still see examples of it on any Sabbath or festive occasion, by visiting the Shtiebel, or gathering place of a Chassidic congregation, of which there are still many throughout the world.

"In our own generation, as we observe the return of the Jew to Palestine and the recreation of a Jewish national culture, find that the dance has begun to play a new role in the life of the Jew. Both as a spontaneous expression on the part of masses of enthusiastic young Jews and as a medium in the field of creative art the Hebrew dance is once more coming to the fore."

Villard and Liepmann To Speak in Jersey City

(Special to the J.D.B.)

JERSEY CITY, N. J., Oct. 26.—
Oswald Garrison Villard, Heinz
Liepmann and Dr. Louis Anspachat a series of forum lectures at the Jewish Community Center, it along the Jewish Center, it along t

Villard speaks next Monday night on "Does America Need a Dictatorship?" Liepmann, exiled German novelist, will discuss German novelist, will discuss "Murder-Made in Germany," on November 26. "Today's Theatre as a Social Force," will be Dr. Anspacher's topic on December 26.

fectly clear that the Agricultural Adjustment Administration has a very vital interest in the administration of the Live Poultry Code. The present dispute be-tween the Kashruth Association and the members of the indus-try threatens the successful administration of such Code. possible strike which has been possible strike which has been suggested would necessarily result disadvantageously to the producers of poultry. The Administration feels, as probably Mayor LaGuardia does, that it would be most unfortunate if any plan is put in force for which the cost will exceed what is absolutely necessary to carry into effect an adequate supervi-sion system. For this reason the Administration wishes to suggest that in the event the members of the industry and the memoers of the industry and the Kashruth Association cannot amicably adjust their disputes and both request the Agricul-tural Adjustment Administration to assist in an attempt to obtain an adjustment of the dispute between the opposing interests, the Administration wishes to state that its services will be available for such pur

STEAK is more flavorful when spread before cooking with GULDEN Mustard 2

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Support of Fund to Attain Goal

Baruch Zuckerman, Histadruth delegate to this country, declared that Palestine is prepared to absorb 100,000 Jews every year, in an address before the Joint Confer-ence of the National Labor Committee for Palestine and the Na-tional Executive Council of the League for Labor Palestine.

Replying to the oft repeated assertion that Palestine is too small a country to hold many more Jews, Zuckerman said that by examining a map of Palestine and by viewing the comparatively small portion of the land now occupied it is evident that there is room for many more thousands of Jews.

He stressed the point that the resources for colonization in Pales-tine must be utilized in order to aid in the development of the coun-To achieve this purpose the speaker urged support of the Keren Hayesod and the Jewish National Fund.

Elisheva Kaplan, representing the Jewish women in Palestine, also spoke. Both Zuckerman and Miss Kaplan were to be officially welcomed by the League for Labor Palestine Saturday night at the Hotel Pennsylvania.

Isaac Hamlin, national secretary, reported that \$117,000 was raised this year in the Palestine labor campaign compared to \$70,000 for Expenses for the campa which took speakers to more than 200 cities in the United States and Canada amounted to twenty nine per cent of the total money raised.

Hamlin thanked trade unions which contributed \$6,000 to the fund, among them the Dress Pressers Local 60, of the International Ladies Garment Workers Union, the Typesetters Union, and the Millinery Union Local 24.

He announced that the League for Labor Palestine will hold tenth annual convention at the Hotel Pennsylvania on December 1 and 2. More than 1,000 delegates are expected. Resolutions expressing satisfaction with the report were passed by the body.

Newark Sons of Zion To Hear Grandmaster

(Special to the J.D.B.)

(Special to the J.D.B.)

NEWARK, N. J., Oct. 26.—Under the auspices of its national organization meeting, the Order of Sons of Zion constituent camps in this city and suburbs will tender an informal reception next Wed-nesday night to their grandmaster, Joseph Kraemer, Newark lawyer, who lately toured Palestine.

Kraemer will report on his ob-servations. Another speaker will be Robert Szold, former president of the Zionist Organization of America. Judge Joseph Siegler will preside and there will be an enter-tainment program. Louis Weiss, national chairman of the organization committee, is in charge of arrangements.

Nazi-Ousted Scholar Gets Posts at N. Y. U.

A number of German scholars A number of German scholars exiled by the Nazis have been given posts in New York Univer-sity, Chancellor Harry Woodburn Chase reported today in his annual message to the council of the uni-

message to the council of the tim-'versity.

Funds for the professorships were raised by a special commit-tee, which secured appropriations from the Rockefeller Foundation and other philanthropic institu-

Among the visiting professors Panofsky, art.

100,000 Yearly On All Fronts

Zuckerman Advocates Hylan Petition Defeat and Charter Rebuff Cause Grief

(Continued from Page One) tice John F. Carew had approved the papers, the name of Ludwig Glaser was substituted for that of Carl Griesinger on the list of char-

This, in the opinion of Congressman Samuel Dickstein, will afford him an opportunity of convincing Justice Carew against approving the papers in their amended form. He plans to point out, at a special hearing, which he has asked the judge to call, that the organization is "un-American, undemocratic and subversive to this country."

ter applicants.

"The principal objection to the filing of the certificate of incorfiling of the certificate of incor-poration of the Friends of New Germany," Dickstein said in a statement Friday, "is the fact that the avowed objects of the organization and its general ideology are repugnant to the principles of American democracy.

The Nazi Pledge

"Every member of the organiza-tion, before being elected to membership, must sign a paper to the effect that he believes in the 'leadership principle,' which means that he believes in the principle that a leader shall be chosen with dictatorial powers over his followers in the same manner in which Hitler is the 'leader' of the German

"The 'leader' is unlimited in what he may do, and every memher of the Eriends of New Germany recognized Adolf Hitler as the leader of the German race, no matter where situated and irrespective of whether or not the member of the German race is an American citizen.

"Even American citizens born in the United States are to be deemed subject to the leadership of Mr. Hitler, or whoever may for the time being be the official 'leader' the German people.

Officers Not Elected

"As a matter of fact it is this principle of leadership which is followed throughout in the organization and management of the Friends of New Germany. They do not elect officers in the manner in which the Membership Corporation Law of this state calls for the selection of officers and directors

orderium or omeers and directors of membership corporations.

"The method of government is by the selection of a 'national leader' by a national convention, which 'leader' in turn appoints

which leader in turn appoints state leaders, etc. "This is, of course, not the method of government provided for in our Membership Corporation Law, nor is it the established method of government of American Membership Corporations. It again shows a foreign method of selection based on the same philosophy and ideology which is sponsible for the present form of government in Germany."

Dickstein indicated further that he intends to go before Federal district attorneys to ask cancellation of the citizenship papers throughout the country of numerous recently naturalized citizens of German origin, on the ground that because of "mental reservations," they did not take the oath of United States allegiance in good

"We have examined hundreds of "We have examined minuted or, these men," he said, "and the extent to which they hold a dual allegiance—to the United States in theory and to Hitler in fact—is amazing."

this year will be Dr. Richard Courant, mathematics; Dr. Fritz Morstein Marx, municipal government and administration, and Dr. Irwin

Sees Palestine Allies of Hitler Eyes of Jewry on Switzerland Bank Explains Able to Absorb Take Drubbing As Protocols Libel Trial Nears Nazi - Palestine

(Continued from Page One)
Jewish Communities and head of the Basle Jewish community; Dr. Marcus Cohen, president of the Zionist Federation of Switzerland; and Dr. Marcus Ehrenpreis of Stockholm, Chief Rabbi of Swe-

Defendants in the original criminal libel suit were Dr. A. Zander, editor-in-chief of the Swiss Nazi organ, Eiserne Besen (Iron Broom), who published articles affirming the truth of the "Protocols"; Theodor Fritsch, German anti-Semite and publisher of anti-German book; and Colonel Mueller von Hansen, a retired German officer, who published a book, "The Secrets of the Elders of Zion" under the pen name of Gottfried zur Beek. The last two named de-

Beek. The last two named de-fendants have died since the in-ception of the suit. Dr. Zandor is, therefore, the only defendant. Says "Protocols' Are True In an article published on June 9, 1933, the Elserne Besen de-clared that Jews were contesting the truth of the "Protocols" be-cause it revealed their secret de-cause it revealed their secret designs on the rulership of the world, and cited von Hansen and Fritsch as evidence of the truth of the allegations contained in the "Protocols."

Jewish and Jewish-con trolled press may rave and yell as they please, the truth of the 'Pro-tocols of the Elders of Zion' is ob-vious to all." the article concluded.

Associated with the Swiss Jewish leaders in pressing the libel charge is Dr. Ehrenpreis, who was drawn into the affair when the Swiss Nazi paper, in attempting to prove the verity of the "Protocols," alleged that "a secret Jewish world government was organized in Basle, Switzerland in 1897 at the first World Zionist Congress called by Dr. Theodor Herzl, founder of modern Zion-ism." The Eiserne Besen quoted an article written by Dr. Ehrenpreis many years ago on the be-ginnings of modern Zionism to prove the fact that such a world super-government had been organized at the Basle Zionist Congress and called attention to the fact that both von Hansen and Fritsch

had used the same article Dr. Ehrenpreis indignantly denied that anything he had ever written had dealt with such a fanwritten had dealt with such a fan-tastic subject or that the Basle Congress had ever considered "world domination." He also pointed out that since the death of Dr. Herzl, he had disagreed with the Zionist leaders and was no longer active in the Zionist move-

Allege Damage

The Jewish complainants declare they have suffered personal damage, since the "Protocols" are an attack on the integrity of the Jewish community, to which they be-

iong.

In a preliminary investigation, which involved confiscation of some 700 copies of the "Protocols," Dr. Zander expressed himself as willing to withdraw the self as willing to withuraw the statement that Dr. Ehrenpreis himself had proven authenticity of the "Protocols." The attorney for the plaintiffs, however, refused to assent unless the court declared the "Protocols" were a forgery and the books of von Hansen and and the books of von Hansen and Fritsch deliberate incitement against the Jewish people. Noted Jewish and non-Jewish leaders of the world opinion are

scheduled to appear in Berne to testify that the "Protocols" are an outright forgery. Professor Paul Hiliukov, former Minister of Foreign Affairs under Alexander Kerensky, and Vladimir Burtzev, Russian journalist and enemy of Czarism, are to testify. The late Dr. Leo Motzkin chairman of the Committee of Jewish Delegations. was to have been the chief witness was considered an authority on the history of the forged "Proto-

Basis of Incitement One of the most notorious for-

geries in modern times, the "Pro-tocols" have constituted a basis for all anti-Semitic agitation, since they were first made public in Rusthey were first made puone in Russia in 1905. At that time a Russian reactionary, writing under the name of "Nilus," published the book to help the Czarist govin the anti-Semitic campaign which was a definite part of Czar-ist policy. The book was transwhich was a dennite part of Czar-ist policy. The book was trans-lated into many languages and became the bible of the anti-Sem-ites of the world.

Jews everywhere protested that the "Protocols" were a ridiculous forgery, but the anti-Semites continued to publish the book in many languages and to insist that it proved the "existence of a Jewish plot to forment revolution and dis-order and thereby conquer the world."

In 1921 the London Times, leadin 1921 the London Times, leading British paper, published an expose completely disproving the "Protocols" and showing in detail how the book was forged. Ward Price, Istanbul correspondent of the Times, came into contact with Russian monarchists, who told how a pamphlet written by a Parisian a pamphiet written by a Farisian lawyer, Maurice Joly, in 1864, thirty years before the Zionist Congress in Basle, which was an attack on Napoleon III, had fallen accidentally in the hands of a Russian monarchist. The book was entitled "A Dialogue in Hades was entitled "A Dialogue in Hades Between Machiavelli and Montes-quieu," and revealed the alleged plot of Napoleon to conquer the entire world.

Discusses Aid For Religion

(Continued from Page One)
do the same for Jewish religious courts.

A reception was tendered Sir A reception was tendered sir Arthur by the Anglo-Palestine Club. Under the leadership of Nor-man Bentwich, former Attorney General for Palestine, and Harry L. Sacher, noted attorney, Anglo-Palestine Club discusses portant Palestinian problems.

Polish Jews Arrange Relief Conferences

To relieve the impoverished con dition of Jews in Poland, the Federation of Polish Jews in America is arranging "landsmanshaft" conferences to be held in New York, Chicago, Detroit, Philadelphia, ferences to be neid in New Lula, Chicago, Detroit, Philadelphia, Pittsburgh, Boston and other cities during the winter. The New York gathering will be

held at the Hotel Pennsylvania next January. Invitations have been sent to various organizations, those affiliated and not affiliated with the Federation. Plans will be evolved to make the assistance given to the Jews in Poland most

Shochtim Deny Charges Bad Fowl Was Sold

Hillel Gershon and Rabbi I. Wise, slaughterers for the A. L. A. Schechter Live Poultry Market, testified on Friday that Jewish law prohibited the slaughtering of diseased chickens.

The slaughterers, wearing the traditional skull caps, appeared as witnesses for their employers, who are charged with conspiring to are charged with conspiring to violate the NRA live poultry code by selling diseased poultry. Other witnesses also testified that no diseased chickens were sold by the for the prosecution, but Dr. Motz-kin died before the date of the trial was announced. Dr. Motzkin the Brooklyn Federal Court. Schechter firm. Judge Marcus B. Campbell is hearing the case in

Trade Set-Up

Declares Arrangement Is Not Actually a Barter Pact

(J.T.A. Special Correspondence)
LONDON, Oct. 19.—A statement explaining the barter agreement reached this week between Germany and Palestine was issued here today by the Anglo-Palestine Bank, describing the details of the arrangement. The statement

"The export of oranges from Palestine to Germany during the forthcoming season will probably be in the neighborhood of one and a quarter million boxes to a value of about £600,000. "The German authorities have

approved arrangements under which payment will be made in the following way. German importers of oranges and grape-fruit may pay the purchase price in marks into an account to be opened with the banking firm of Messrs. M. M. Warburg & Co. at Hamburg. Ger-man exporters to the Far East. British India and Egypt, may ac-cept payment as to half the invoice value of their ordinary exports in those 'orange marks.' The countervalue of those orange marks is to be remitted by the importers the aforementioned countries the Anglo-Palestine Bank Ltd., of London and Tel Aviv, in order to be paid over by the latter to the orange exporters. "This arrangement holds good

for the present for an amount of 4,000,000 marks, and it will, if it works satisfactorily, probably be extended to cover the whole volume of oranges exported. There is no requirement that the exports, the proceeds of which go towards the payment of the oranges, should be susaetslich (i.e., in addition to the normal volume).

"It would not be correct, as has apparently been done in Germany, apparently been done in Germany, to describe the arrangement as a barter agreement. It is a triangular arrangement under which devises derived from the normal export of goods to the Far East and other overseas countries will be used for the purpose of paying for oranges imported from Pales-

Nazi Magazine Off School List

(Continued from Page One) ganization has, as a body, taken a different stand.

An excerpt from the issue of August 19, 1934, translated by a teacher of German in the city schools who opposed the publica-tion's circulation by the Board of Education, has been presented to Dr. Campbell. Before making any statement. Dr. Campbell said he was desirous of checking the trans-lation with the original text. The translation reads as follows:
"And there he stands, the Chan-

cellor Adolf Hitler. His face, powerful and yet so lovable, smiles in a friendly manner. He salutes in every direction, and the rejoicing, the cries of 'Heil' resound for minutes at a time over the Wil-

helmplatz....
"All faces beam with joy. The many, even men, have tears in their eyes. When the window is again closed, the crowd becomes calm. Satisfied and happy, all set out for home, to make room for others who likewise want to see him (Hitler). So it goes, all day and into the night, Then the foreigner also goes home, sunk in thought."

We never make demands upon our readers. But—patronizing our adver-lisers does help us considerably.