Bialik Dies Suddenly

Hebrew Poet Laureate Passes Away in Vienna at the Age of 61

(Vienna, Austria) — Rabbi Chaim Nachman Bialik, Hebrew poet laureate, died suddenly tonight of a heart attack. He was sixty-one years old.

He had been in good spirits all day, despite the news of an accident on the railroad tracks involving several people. He appeared completely healthy yesterday.

Bialik was a leading figure in the early 20th century Jewish literary movement.

(Continued on Page Eight)

People of U. S. Against Naziism, Declare War

Hitler Has Alienated Millions, Rabbis Concede

(Chicago, Illinois) — Rabbis in the United States have denounced the policy of the Nazi regime, which has alienated millions of people in the U.S.

“Hitler has been a factor in the history of the United States for over a quarter of a century,” said Rabbi Max Weisz, president of the Central Conference of American Rabbis.

Weisz, speaking at a special conference of American rabbis held this week, said, “The policy of the Nazi regime is a threat to the future of the United States and the world.”

(Continued on Page Eight)

Hиндenburg Sees Holding The Whip Hand

Decision Follows Visit of Chancellor to President

BULLETIN

(Leipzig, July 5) — Reports that four Jews, three women and a child, had been slain in Silesia “while attempting to escape” could not be confirmed here in Berlin tonight.

The Jewish Telegraphic Agency learned that while four deaths had been reported, there was nothing to establish that the victims were Jews.

Dispatches to London newspapers this morning refer to the victims only as Germans. None of them describe any of the victims as being Jewish.

(Continued on Page Eight)

Reich Official Issues New Order on Names

(Stuttgart, July 5) — A decree prohibiting the use of certain names, effective immediately, was issued today in an order of the Prussian Minister of the Interior.

The decree prohibits in principle the changing of names by Jews to “Aryan-sounding” appellations. It provides that Jews wishing to change “Aryan-sounding” names must do so only if they adopt another Jewish name.

By the same token “Aryan-sounding” Jewish names are entitled to “Aryan-sounding” names.
Thursday, July 5, 1934

East Side Resounds to Boos
As Celebrants Observe July 4

With thousands streaming from the tax-covered streets of New York to escape the intense heat yesterday, the fiftieth anniversary of the Fourth of July celebration was celebrated in sections throughout the East Side. One pushcart peddler, using a rooster to adorn his head, straddled his patriotism by displaying both American and Hebrew flags.

In contrast to the fever caused by the heat on the island, the many large crowds of celebrants throughout the East Side, One pushcart peddler, using a rooster to adorn his head, straddled his patriotism by displaying both American and Hebrew flags.

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American flags of every dimension, from the button-hole size to the immense flags at the four corners of the vast East Side, however, celebration was everywhere.

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The exodus from the city started early in the morning. Every means of transportation to seashore and parks was crowded with humanity. Down the Bowery on the East Side, however, celebrations were especially numerous.

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Feinbloom Admonishes President To Aid Sight of Partially Blind

Microscope Spectacle, Increasing Visual Acuity by 250 Percent, Employs New Principle—Invention Given to Science

(Today) TOLEDO, Ohio—A recent announcement of the Microscope Spectacle, a device that increases visual acuity by 250 percent and employs a new principle of focal length, was made today by Dr. Philip Feinbloom of the University of Chicago.

The spectacle, he said, uses a method of using the vision of the partially blind beyond their normal range.

Dr. Feinbloom, who has been working on the problem of vision for the partially blind, stated that his device would enable them to see objects at distances farther than they could normally see.

The invention has been patented and is now available for purchase.

Turks Give Reason For Expelling Jews

Country Divided Into Three 'Population Zones' Under New Ruling

(Eastern Telegraph Agency)

ISTANBUL, July 4.—Under Turkish government today made public the text of the law dividing the country into three "population zones" for Jews.

The law states that Jews who have been resident in the country for more than 20 years will be expelled from Turkey.

The law also prohibits Jews from owning land or property in certain areas and requires them to register with the government.

The Turks cited “military reasons” as their reason for expelling Jews.

Opposition to the law is expected to be strong, and it is feared that it may lead to a new round of persecution and violence.

Johnson Has Defense For K. K. Attacks

JAPAN—The defense for the recent attacks on the Johnson family, who was receiving heavy boxing champion of the world, was presented by their lawyer, Dr. Feinbloom.

The Johnson family was attacked by a group of men, who were reported to be members of a local gang.

The defense argued that the Johnson family was simply a victim of a dispute between local gangs.

Lippowitz, Austrian Jewish Fascist, Commits Suicide

(Eastern Telegraph Agency)

VIENNA, July 4.—Jacob Lip- powitz, publisher and chief editor of the Neues Wiener Journal, committed suicide, according to official reports here today.

Lippowitz, who was sixty-nine years old, was an avowed anti-Semite and was widely despised in Austria.

He is survived by his wife, whom he married in 1910, and by three children.

Jew Killed By Pole Over Sixty Cents

WARSAW, July 4.—Bickering over six cents, a Jewish peddler was killed by a Pole.

The Pole reportedly struck the Jewish peddler with a pole, who was selling newspapers.

The Pole was arrested and charged with murder.

Apologetic for his actions, the Pole said he was provoked by the peddler's lewd remarks.

In 1940 he went to Vienna to become the editor of the Neues Wiener Journal, which was then founded.

In 1942 he set up shop in Austria, which opened an editorial office, the first of its kind, which is awarded annually by the Jewish Daily Bulletin and the Jewish Daily Bulletin of America, for the outstanding editorial on a specific topic, chosen by the league.

A second award of its kind, that of the Cordoba Bureghe, was made in commemoration of the 150th anniversary of the foundation of the Bureghe.

IF YOU ARE INTERESTED IN THE JEWISH ASPECT OF THE SECOND GERMAN REVOLUTION—IF YOU WANT THE COMPLETE UNVARNISHED TRUTH AS TO DEVELOPMENTS IN GERMANY...
ZUA Plans Ambitious Program

Seeks Conversations With Soviet on Jews

Convention Was Most Peaceful in History, Veterans Affirm

By M. TURKEYETZ
J.D.R. (Press Correspondent)
ATLANTIC CITY, N.J., July 4.—The atmosphere was one of searching optimism and gratification at the remarkable recovery of the Zionist Organization of America, which doubled its membership in the last year and ended the deficit of $6,000,000, delegates to the thirty-seventh annual convention of the organization, which closed here late last night, unanimously adopted and pledged to carry through in the coming year an exceedingly ambitious program designed to secure the support of all American Jews; adopted a program of organizational changes calculated to increase to a maximum the efficiency of the organization and reaffirmed their faith in the mission of General Zionism and in the future of Palestine.

Characterized by veteran Zionists as the most peaceful convention in the history of the organization, the gathering still had its critic, fighting sessions during which resolution of an implied attack on the Revisionist Zionist group opposing the leadership of the World Zionist Executive were hotly debated. Despite the fact that after the fighting on the floor of the convention was over, all the controversies were settled on the floor, one on the Slavians' case was left unassailed, and it was obvious that much bitter feeling had been engendered and that the lines of the Zionist political parties were which will culminate next year in the election of delegates to the nineteenth World Zionist Congress, had been definitely laid.

Fuel to the smoldering fire of group and party antagonism.

Converses on Jews

MORRIS ROTHBERG

in fortuitous terms that the General Zionists, those union and in the Zionist movement, were warmly defended, came out and support the Laborite position “100 per cent.

While neither speech was implemented in the resolutions introduced, they were thoroughly discussed in the debate on other resolutions. It was evident from the resolution in the convention and from the debate that many of the delegates were opposed to the views expressed by Mr. Fishman.

In fact, a declaration protesting against the speech was signed by some sixty delegates, and was read in the convention, but the opposition having no real issue on which to fight, failed. That the pro-Laborite group in the convention was strong and probably would have won in a straight cut-and- cut fight was indicated by the applause during the debate and by the votes on the resolutions.

But the majority of the delegates seemed to confuse the recent formation of General Zionism and a neutral stand, standing neither on one faction or the other, but calling for the end of all internecine strife in the Zionist movement.

Politics Subordinated

The political struggle, however, was clearly underlined this year to the consideration of measures involving the advancement of the cause of the Zionist movement in the United States.

Resolutions were adopted following the speech on the "Future Program of the Zionist Organization of America" delivered by President Morris Rothberg, making it possible to enroll Zionist "undersiders," who do not share the full Zionist viewpoint; granting funds to the education group to carry on Zionist education work among American Jews; passing the path of the American and Jewish nation and the Zionist movement.

Russian Zionist Work

Probably the most interesting and unusual resolution adopted by the convention and which called upon the new Zionist administration to initiate conversations with Soviet leaders to the end that Russian Jewish Zionists might have freedom of expression in that country brought out the interesting revelation that Mr. Rothberg and other Zionist leaders had been in touch with Maxim Litvinoff, former Russian minister to the British government, and with Ambassador Alexander Trozansky, the presence of Ambassador William C. Bullitt.

Mr. Rothberg disclosed that while the Soviet officials had been noncommittal, their attitude cooperated with the position of Ambassador Bullitt to make a thorough investigation of Russian Zionism in the Soviet Union and to act accordingly, had encouraged the Zionist leaders to hope that much could be accomplished for Russian Jewry through negotiations.

Soviet League Membership

Another resolution called for the creation of a Jewish cultural league in Palestine to help initiate steps to secure the admission of Jewish people to the community of nations in the League of Nations.

of equal importance with the resolution on the Soviet Jewish position was the resolution introduced at the close of the vitriolic attack on the immigration restrictions imposed by the British government and the project of the American Jewish Committee to secure the dramatic appeal to the League of Nations in order to secure the rights of Jews in Palestine, only to find the doors shut to them. He urged the convention to make all-Jewish conferences, consisting of representatives of all groups in America, Jews, to bring pressure to bear upon the mandatory power to open the gates of Palestine.

Role of U. S. Jews

Mr. Lipshy recalled the role of the American Jewish movement at the end of the World War, when thousands of Jews were granted permission to immigrate, and declared that a united American Jewish community, acting under the sponsorship of Simplex Verlag in Prague.

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SIMPLEX VERLAG
N.-Zirkova 4C, Prague, Czechoslovakia

The Third Reich in Caricature

• A collection of almost 100 famous caricatures on conditions and events in Germany—

In English, French & German

Foreword by Heinrich Mann

• This volume will make its appearance early in January under the sponsorship of Simplex Verlag in Prague.

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Take advantage of Altmans' Four Days Special, from Tuesday July 3rd to Sunday July 8th. All Far. 40 Cents. Kindly Make Reservations in Advance.

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At The Beach

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CHARLES L. ORNSTEIN, M. A.

HOTEL PARAMOUNT

46th St., W. of B'way, NEW YORK
Trip to America Successful, Says Chancellor of Hebr. U.

Dr. Magnes Pays Tribute to Friendship Shown by U. S. Jews

(‘I. S. Special Correspondence) JERUSALEM, July 5—Dr. Abraham Isaac Magnes, chancellor of the Hebrew University, has returned from a visit to the United States. In his appreciation of the friendship shown to the Hebrew University by the American people, he paid a glowing tribute to the Jewish community.

"The trip to America was, I am sure, successful, in many respects," Dr. Magnes said on his return to the Hebrew University. "I felt that the American people, and I am sure the American Jewish community, are deeply interested in the Hebrew University, and are willing to assist it in every way." He added that the American community had shown a great interest in the Hebrew University and its work.

"The American Jews, I am sure, are proud of the Hebrew University," Dr. Magnes said. "They see in the Hebrew University a symbol of the rebirth of the Jewish nation.

"I am sure that the Hebrew University will continue to flourish and to grow," Dr. Magnes said. "It is a symbol of the Jewish people's determination to rebuild their land and their nation.

Bukowina Jews Seek Changes In Labor Law

Depression Hit Them Hardest, Union Reports

(‘I. S. Special Correspondence) BUCHAREST, July 26—The Union of Bukovina Jews in Romania is seeking changes in labor law that would bring it more in line with the Jewish law of the land.

The memorandum deals with the relations of the Bukovina Jews to the Jewish community in Romania, which it presents on the question of the Jewish labor for the protection of national labor.

The memorandum states that the Bukovina Jews suffer most from the depression. About 600,000 of them, the majority of the Bukovina Jews, live in the Bukovina region. The Bukovina is the most impoverished Jewish region in Romania, and the Bukovina Jews are the poorest of the poor, especially in the towns and villages of the Bukovina.

It is therefore assessed that their right to work cannot be interfered with and that nothing should be done to endanger their work. The memorandum urges the government to act with caution and to support the Jewish community in its efforts to protect its labor force.

The Bukovina Jews belong to the autochthonous population of the Bukovina region. Part of them trace their descent from the old Dacian Jews, who settled in the Bukovina after its conquest by the Romans. The Bukovina Jews are of the same tongue as the eastern Slavic Jews, and are considered as an integral part of the Bukovina population.

Straboli Sees Jews’ Solution In Transjordan

Palestine Land Limited, He Tells Youth Meeting

(‘I. S. Special Correspondence) LONDON, June 20—Although the available land in Palestine is limited, the entire problem of the country can be solved by allowing the Jewish side of the Jordan to be settled, declared Lord Straboli, formerly Commander Kossacev M.P., at a meeting called by the Jewish Youth Organizations to protest against the restriction of Jewish immigration into Palestine.

He also said that "the one small point that seems to have escaped the general depression is the country.” The reason is the energy, courage, ability and capital that have flowed into the land ever since the doors were opened to Jewish pioneers to recreate there their National Home. The Jewish immigrants have made it into a hospitable and economic activity.

"But more labor is urgently needed," Mr. Straboli said. According to the administration, has cut down the issue of immigration certificates by seventy-five per cent. Contrary to England put all obstacles in the way of immigrants; such a policy is incompatible with the country’s economic and agricultural activity.

"Yet, while we are restricting the immigration of suitable Jewish pioneers who require no help from the British taxpayer to get on with the work,” he said, "we are being asked to guarantee a $2,000,000 loan for Palestine. The Jews themselves do not want this money, and it would be far better spent in supplying water to the parched areas of Britain. Nearly 200,000 acres are being quarantined for water and drainage schemes in Palestine, while the extent of the government’s drought policy is that water is needed in order to irrigate the land. The Jews are not interested in the product, but are more interested in the land."

Hebrew U. Students Aided

The Students’ Organization of the Hebrew University in Jerusalem, according to an announcement made in the New York Jewish Daily, has secured for its members a thirty-five per cent rebate on kosher meals, part-time jobs, and tuition fees.

Brazil Is Facing Rising Wave of Anti-Semitism

Jewish Paper There Urges Action to Check Hate

(‘I. S. Special Correspondence) RIO DE JANEIRO, June 19.—The rising tide of anti-Semitism is an alerting wave of Vital importance in the Jewish community in Brazil and the local Jewish Press points out the danger.

The article is based on the observations of a special correspondent of the paper of the situation in the smaller towns where there are but a few Jewish families. A warning to Brazilian public opinion not to let itself be inveigled into any considerable newspaper editorial campaign and to take deep impression.

Japan’s Node Assures Jews on Rights

Dr. Rauschning Declares Against Prejudice in Free City

(‘I. S. Special Correspondence) JERUSALEM, July 4.—During his recent inspection visit to the Jewish community in Jerusalem, Dr. Rauschning declared that there is no slightest infringement of the constitutional rights of Jewish citizens of the free city of Danzig will be tolerated, he said. He also expressed his hope that the city government will continue to observe the rights of Jewish merchants and citizens in the city.

In his speech, Dr. Rauschning said, "The Jewish community in Danzig is one of the most progressive in the world. The city government is doing everything in its power to protect the rights of its citizens, and I believe that the Jewish community will continue to thrive in Danzig for many years to come."

Dr. Rauschning’s speech was well received by the Jewish community in Danzig, who expressed their appreciation for his words of encouragement.

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Wreck Offices Of Labor Unit In Warsaw Riff

Aguadath Psoelim Headquarters Assailed In Smersh

Jewish Telegraph Agency
WARSAW, July 4.—Conflict between members of the local Jewish labor union, Aguadath Psoelim, and a local labor organization, Smersh, resulted in the smashing of the Aguadath Psoelim offices

Gruessome Body was found tangled in the cabling and wiring of the offices. Reports from the labor union said theSmersh men had smashed the windows and broken the door with heavy stones. Smersh officials denied this.

The Aguadath office was one of the few Jewish labor unions in Poland. It was founded last year, according to local leaders.

Legalization of Polish Jewish Artisans Sought

Group Formed to Aid Unregistered Workers for New Law

UJA Special Correspondence
WARSAW, June 25.—A United Commercial Artisans Association has been formed here, comprising representatives of the Jotot District Artisans Association, the Central Jewish Artisans Union, the Warsaw Jewish Artisans Union, and the Lodz Jewish Artisans Union, to undertake action to legalize the unregistered Jewish artisans workshops that now exist, and which will have to close when the recent industrial law becomes effective.

Thousands of Jewish artisans were permitted to remain in the workshops, but some had to close down because of the lack of the necessary papers, while the larger ones were able to continue with the necessary permits for the workshops. The new law, however, will make it necessary for all Jewish artisans to register, and if they do not legalize their places of business within the next few months, they will be thrown into the ranks of the unemployed.

The committee is therefore starting to organize a united movement of Jewish artisans with regard to their rights and duties, and it will afford them an opportunity to prove that they are willing to abide by the law and to obtain the necessary permits for their workshops.

The committee will seek to release public opinion on the question. It is believed that the commission of the committee will clearly publish official declarations, clarifying the situation of all Jewish artisans under the newly amended industrial law and also giving practical suggestions as to how, in their legal position, by August 15.

The committee is arranging a committee of Jewish artisans to organize social workers in the big towns, so that they may be employed in organizing the work.

Little Theatre Tournament Starts in Jersey Tonight

The annual Little Theatre tournament held at the open-air Adams theatre in Oakland, N. J., will present the Livingston Art Players of Newark in "The Night Was Blue." The program was an original play by the Hum- noh. The Livingston art group was the winner of the 18th tournament year and was awarded the "Round Born" which was directed by thebufio team.

The tournament concludes each Saturday night for the next two weeks at the Adams theatre. The opening night was on Wednesday, July 1, at the Adams theatre, Oakland, N. J.

In Persia

The World's Largest Jewish Heavyweight Champion

MAX BAER

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"KISS ME GOODBYE" A PERSONAL PICTURE WITH CARLOS FREDDY

Dinner $1.00 Rural Atmosphere and Dancing
SUPER $1.50

ATTENDED BY THE FAMOUS MINETTA BROOKS
ATENI ANDA

On Thursday, July 5, 1934

The Bulletin's Day Book

Mrs. Hecht Helps Her Husband

BUFFALO, N. Y., July 4.—"You're too fat," said Mrs. Frank Hecht to her husband.

"That's nothing," said Frank Hecht. "I'm going to go on a diet for the second picture which he and Charles MacArthur will produce.

"You're going to strike a deal with Hungarian censors," said Mrs. Hecht. "They must have the Crown of St. Stephen make its nest on your head!"

Equally bad taste is displayed by Rothenberg in the advertising department of the larger newspaper. Mr. Rothenberg, who is characterized by the Daily Mail as the greatest statesman Great Britain has ever seen, that affect this type of promotion will have in a country where the mythical "man in the street" is a member of the House of Commons, is history and not a little common of them to be seen.

Small disturbances at previous meetings also failed to make an impression on the British public. What with Hyde Park, industrial unrest, and so on, the country was rather used to them. But on Tuesday at the Olympia Hall a riot was exulting enough to suit anybody.

Members of Parliament began to annoy government representatives with embarrassing questions. Very distinctly, Mosley was the talk of the press. It is said he is in favor of the bill.

In their most boldest days England's suffragettes proved to be a political force, and so they were. The police stayed in the Olympia. Those present saw a flag with a black lion on its sleeve. One of the victims of the Fascist treatment was played on the organ, and the orchestra was heard to greet the ruffians. Women and old people were not exempt from Black Shirt brutality. However, due to the fact that Communists patronize the gatherings of Fascists, the latter did not take the lips. This Black Shirt uses Olympia firewires and not a few of them were listed among the casualties.

Now a controversy is raging about it, but it is to be seen if the fair. Some charge the police with neglect, but the government appears to have taken the right to enter the private hall without violation from the spectators. Eynon witnesses are rubbish junkards. Let us go to the press, some benefiting "the Black Shirt for propaganda reasons, troubles, others criticising the anti-Fascist element in the audience.

A similar arrangement developed in the House of Commons. And so it goes.

What is shocking about the whole scandal, so far as a社会主义-minded observer is concerned, is that no one, as hardly anyone among the many who have entered the post-socialist controversy, is showing any alarm about the evil of the ugly and alarming growing up of the Fascist movement.

Fascists have been in power for many years, the "red" and other "memorables" were not only tolerated but their cause was. The growth of the movement can be seen from the following propaganda. If you would like to see more, contact us at 201-555-5555.
The Human Touch

BY HARRY SAPLTER

My Russian Friend

I HAVE a Russian friend. We are old acquaintances, and we are well disposed to each other, perhaps just because we have never quarreled, a fact which is usually a pretty tough friendship that can survive many unhappy meetings, unless we're sent off and his, before I can understand their content. So that we usually discuss essential matters—and in brief.

This Russian friend lives in Len- ingrad. He's a rather Bohemian type, trades by craft and by art. What he does, he can do, and that's how he speaks. He speaks in blocks of wood with certain knife-like tools, but these are just the tools he uses for his work. If you have, there are no particular existences in art until he has sold them and pulled proofs from the inked blocks. Each sheet of paper thus produced is a piece of art, in itself, and the average person can't tell how good an artist he is, until they have been "proved," as to speak. In other words, a woodcut needs paper no more than wood and the quality of paper and the wood and the block and the skill of the artist in making it, none of it matters as long as you don't have the quality of wood into which the pictures are cut. and

Most woodblock artists—so far as we know—use exposed paper. At least my Russian friend does, and, frankly, I understand the matter. I have been to New York to Leningrad, a small package of 25 sheets of paper, which was perfectly capable of being sold by ten inches at that time. I purchased at the wholesale rate for ten dollars. It was packed, sealed, signed, and shipped in such a way as to show that it had been delivered. I saw it off on its lonesome, and I had no idea about being in a mood of anything but something with the form of anarchy that is a common experience in all cases. As long as the shipper was enclosed in the piece of paper, the shipping and the handling, the handling and the handling, the handling of every legitimate effort to acquire his little package free, but for very good Soive reasons, and a sense of the economic policy, or prigs or reforms. And my Russian friend was, in his letter to his wife Masha, was telling her that his petition was denied, and this package was made to reappear every four times the length of the shipper, the way it finally came, back to its source, named, nameless.

Federal Funds Aid Students

Twenty-two thousand hours were spent in four months by students at the New York Institute of Technology and Brooklyn Polytechnic, at work made possible by Federal Funds. Dr. Frank A. Fall, assistant to the dean, announced in his final report on the project that the Earnings totaled $7,700.

Shop Talk

By JOAN KLEIN

AFTER wireless endeavor and exhaustive research this shop has already rounded up the top five first-rate places to shop, and I have added my own, and if any ladies think that is any thing approaching a cliché, you just try finding a good one yourself. This treasure under discussion goes by the name of Beauty Supply, of 75 Mass. Ave., N. L. Last Saturday night. The scene was set on the mezzanine floor of a small store, the only one of its kind in the Boston area. Miss Green's and some of her friends had been wandering around in the Fashion section, looking for some new shades of lipstick, and foremost among those from our point of view is a lovely blue, called in a touch of a shade over blue, called a touch of a shade of green, called "Heavenly." The［...］

Types of Chalutzim

The Young One (Braid Back), the plain worker, the student, the dreamer, and the girl companion who does not shrink from her burdens. From the sketch by Saki Raw.

Booster Club Installs New Officers Tuesday

(Special to the J.D.B.)

PATRICK, N. J., July 4.—The installation of officers of the Booster Club of the Y. M. H. A, will take place next Tuesday night, Exercises will be held on the roof of the Community Center.

Officers to be installed are Harry B. Niles, honorary presi dent; Edward H. Balsam, president; Sayer Myloe, first vice-president; Ben Blans, second vice-president; Jacob Moskow, treasurer; Archie Kirshner, secretary, and S dorfe Jaffe, sergeant-at-arms.

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(The Chocolated Laxative)

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ROOMS TO LET

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Who knows, perhaps in time we shall have sheets, as in Europe, half as long as long beds.

THAT paradise of debutantes and people who want their feet to look small, the Vanity Boot Shop, on Madison avenue, has gone out with a little inside a low-heeled shoe with a strap low on the instep, which makes your foot resemble anything but a gunboat. On the contrary your foot, the favorite part of the shoe, is shown as black of this black bit of magic we award our semi-annual Gold Medal. Anyway, the shoe is made in all colors with perforations and buckles. This way the shoes areclearly seen by anyone who sees them. Whatever the shoe is made of, it is

AL King Neptune's favored sons and daughters attended the formal opening of the Colony Club, N. L, last Saturday night. The scene was set on the mezzanine floor of a small store, the only one of its kind in the Boston area. Miss Green's and some of her friends had been wandering around in the Fashion section, looking for some new shades of lipstick, and foremost among those from our point of view is a lovely blue, called in a touch of a shade over blue, called a touch of a shade of green, called "Heavenly." The［...］

DOWN the Runway of Fashion comes black sheer hose, new and yet very, very, old. Men will be delighted at learning that they are once again in style. For some reason the masculine emotions has always been appealed to by such articles. The Garment Shop, as well as Altman's, assert this return to black silk stockings is the result of a trend sighted in Paris. We believe it has something to do with the increasing Spanish mode, when the harnessed hosiery was a farrago of colorful skirts, and hose will be black-ing contrasting.

Fruition Leads Excursion

As S. S. Berengaria Sails

When the S.S. Berengaria sails today to Poland and Palestine, the passengers, including the office of the Cunard-White Star Line will be in charge of an excursion.

Mr. Fritton will continue to hold his position in the successor company has held for a number of years under the Cunard Line.
Retention Seen as Victory for Conservative Element in Reich

(Continued from Page One)

Hitler, it was believed, at first having von Papen out of the cabinet, was going to keep him in the government as a scapegoat. However, it was not von Papen's non-affiliation with Hitler that was responsible for his dismissal. The conclusion drawn by the public was that von Papen was not agreeable to Hitler and that if he were to go out of the government, he would go out entirely.

But the decision, apparently, did not rest with Hitler. Although von Papen's dismissal was taken by Hitler and Goering in consultation with the other Nazi officials and the Fuehrer himself, this was not definitely known in whom he called "dear comrade" must remain in the government. That is the only interpretation that can be put on the unexpected dismissal, a move which could indicate Hitler's return from a conference at Berchtesgaden and further discount the idea of his trusted advisers here today.

When Hitler left Berlin last night by airplain, it was, on the basis of many reports, the understanding of the government's permission to dismiss the man considered the President's favorite politician. It was confidently predicted that von Papen's resignation was a foregone conclusion, that it was coming, particularly in view of von Hindenburg's furious approval of the Berlin police for the blood-cleansing of hostile elements.

Von Papen's retention in the cabinet, therefore, be considered a victory for the conservative elements that have been trying to prevent the Nazi regime from taking its course. In the Nazi regime, the Nazi regime had been taking its course.

It's significant also that Hitler recognizes the authority of von Hindenburg and the republic, which he is trying to retain, especially so since Hitler must depend on the support of the military to maintain his power, because of the unsoundness of his own claim to power, on the assumption that he could again be in a position to use the military to control the country.

The solution of the problem, he said, is for the Jews to direct their political efforts to the defense of their own honest life, and against the chains which are waiting for them.

The Rabbincal Assembly of the Jewish Theological Seminary in convention observed that there is least unemployment among conservative rabbis today than there was in 1933. The present status of the conservative organization was reported by Rabbi Robert Lieberman, New York, to be the same as it was in 1933, and by Dr. Louis Blumkin of Chicago, the president of the organization.

In the executive session of the convention, there was considerable discussion on this report. Another question that was discussed was that of the committee on Jewish education, which met to discuss the situation in the schools of Philadelphia, and read by Dr. Louis Blumkin of Chicago, the president of the organization.

Support for the National Jewish Welfare Board Talmud Torah Association which has been working among poor children coming to Colorado to prepare them for life in the community, was given by Rabbi C.B. Ellicott Kauffman, of Denver. Rabbi Louis Hammer, of Brooklyn, also spoke in support of the circulating library among rabbis.

Steen Sails

Max D. Steuer will sail for Europe aboard the White Star liner Titanic this afternoon, heading a group of American Jews for the Holy Land.

By an honorary doctorate in Hebrew literature from the Jew- ish Theological Seminary, Steuer, a 50-year-old lawyer, was em- havished by the 83-year-old family head, who lived in the city of Zohorem, where the father and two of his brothers were successful, the family in very reduced circumstances. The father was a tailor, while the mother, child, was plowed under by the Nazi's. Their daughter, a fanatic, was possible, for the slightest mischief, and kept from harming any other children.

Bialik's aptitude for learning and for poetry became apparent when he was between twelve and thirteen years old. He was particularly impressed by the world of books and literature, which served as rich food for his poetic imagination. At thirteen he wrote his first poem, "Requiem," which he recited before the family. Shortly thereafter he went to the school taught by the Zohorem Rabbis, where he stayed but a short time, growing up, however, many lasting impressions of the world of books and literature and the ideas of Ashkenazi Judaism. His first published work was Bialik's first poem, "To the Spring," belongs to this period.

After the war, Bialik's only desire for worldly learning, Bialik saw the town of Zohorem and then he went to Odessa to further his education. When Odessa she suffered from financial troubles, Bialik returned to his birthplace in 1898. In 1901, Bialik was forced to return to Odessa to earn a living. He tried various occupations, including farming and dealing in timber.

Founded Moriah Group

The Moriah Group is the result of a poem of several Jewish publications in his name became popular in the Soviet Union. In 1930, the group was invited to settle in Odessa, where Bialik remained for some time, founder, with Alter Gutman and L. H. Harslev (II. Zolin), of whom Bialik had been one of the members, which played a considerable part in the development of modern Jewish culture. In 1933, after the first Kishinev pogrom, Bialik wrote the story of Mengrow, which has been translated into several languages and has been published in a number of places.

After the October revolution Bialik suffered great hardships at Odessa, near which he had lived. During this period Bialik was erroneously reported dead. Through the intercession of Maxine Gorky he finally succeeded in obtaining permission to leave Odessa. Bialik spent some time in France, Spain, Berlin, and then departed for Palestine in 1934.

Bialik was a poet, essayist, literary critic and journalist in Yiddish and in Russian. His works, which are in the language, include many poems, articles, essays and stories. His most famous works include a number of Yiddish Yiddish writings into the Yiddish language.

Receieved by Coolidge

Bialik was married in 1883. With his wife, he emigrated to the United States in 1929, primarily in the in- stitution of the president. During that visit he was re- ceived by President Coolidge, and a reception at the the University of Pennsylvania, where he is a member of the Department of English. Bialik is known as the "Wormwood of Jew- ish life" or "The Wormwood of the Jews."