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EDITORIAL NOTES By HERMAN BERNSTEIN

America's Note to Germany

At last the American government has spoken to Germany regarding the policies of Nazism which called forth the economic boycott against Germany in many parts of the world.

Secretary of State Hull, in a vigorous note delivered to the representative of the German government in Washington, outlined the weak points in Germany's exposition of its financial situation and in its reasons for the moratorium. He protested against the German policy of discrimination against American investors in the suspension of payments on Germany's external debts.

Secretary Hull said in his note:

"The German government is no doubt aware that its policies have created opposition in many parts of the world, which has expressed itself in various trade conflicts and the probable reduction of Germany's capacity to transfer."

He also emphasized the facts that the German policy has caused foreign creditors to withdraw their credits from Germany, that German bonds have been repurchased at depreciated prices at a time when the German government is striving to maintain the conditions which caused the low quotations, and that Germany has been making abroad extensive purchases of material susceptible of military use, and that for these reasons Germany's ability to meet her external obligations have been lessened.

In other words, Germany is practically told in this Note that her policies of religious and racial discriminations and persecutions have created opposition in various parts of the world, expressed in various trade conflicts, or economic boycotts and withdrawals of credits, which have affected Germany's capacity to meet her external obligations.

Germany is also diplomatically told in the note that it is repurchasing her bonds at depreciated prices and in purchasing war munitions upon an extensive scale while pleading inability to meet her obligations to the United States and to American investors.

The American Note is certain to produce a sobering effect on the Hitler government. But it would have been far more effective to remind the Hitler government that it has created opposition in many parts of the world, for the policies of the Nazi government have shocked liberty-loving people everywhere for more than fifteen months. And it would also have been still more effective if such an expression on the part of the American government.

Zionists Set For Parley at Atlantic City

Wide Problems Will Be Discussed—Warburg to Speak

(Special to the J.D.B.)
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., June 29.—Zionist workers and sympathizers were converging on this city today for the sessions of the thirty-seventh annual convention of the Zionist Organization of America. The convention opens to-

The report of Morris Rothenberg, president of the Z. O. A., will be found on page 10 of this issue.

morrow evening with a meeting of the executive committee. Regular sessions commence Sunday morning at the Hotel Chelsea.

The convention an off-year parley since this year it does not precede a World Zionist Congress will be devoted mainly to two problems of importance—the party struggle in Palestine and the future course of the American Zionist movement.

In the debate on the first chief topic, the Labor and the National Labor points of view will be presented, will the views of the Zionist element in the organization. Among those taking part in this discussion will be Rabbi Edward L. Israel, Jacob Fishman (Continued on Page Twelve)

Polish Police Continue Arrests of Jews as 45 Are Apprehended

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)
LODZ, June 29.—Polish police raided the Jewish Talia Association, according to reports reaching here from Warsaw, arresting the forty-five members of the group present at the headquarters of the organization. They were taken to police headquarters, where they are being detained.

Nathan Bursbaum, Aaron Wahl, M. Winder, Rosenbaum and Zavitzy, Jewish working class leaders, arrested by the Pilsudski police and who were reported to have been released, are still in custody, it was learned today. The case against the men is now in the hands of an examining magistrate.

Soviet 'Political, Human Center Of Mankind,' Says I. W. Wise

Praising the Soviet Union as the "political and human center of mankind," James Waterman Wise, author and editor of Opinion, returned Friday on a cruise which he began after having spent one month in visiting Jewish centers in Russia.

Mr. Wise, who was enthusiastic in his praise of the treatment received by the Russian Jews, described his visits to Jewish colonies in the Ukraine and the Crimea. He berated the progress in their colonies as "astounding" and declared that the Soviet government attempt to rehabilitate the displaced

Nazis Threaten Fight As Boycott Tightens

Hitler Swings To Right, Calls Stahlhelm Quiz

Storm Troops Answer With Defiant Note on Incident

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

LONDON, June 29.—Chancellor Hitler took another step today in aligning himself with the conservative forces arrayed against his radical Nazi forces when he ordered an inquiry to ascertain the sources responsible for disobedience of his order that the storm troops cease attacks on the Stahlhelm, monarchical war veterans' organization.

Although the Nazi chieftain had demanded that the storm troops cease their agitation for dissolution of the Stahlhelm, following the outbreak attendant on the stabby of a Nazi storm trooper by steel helmet in Pomerania, the storm troops command today dared issue another statement assuring that the incident had been innocent and not a personal dispute between the two men involved.

Statement of the Nazis today, newsmen enmity of the veteran-approved a conclusive rejoinder to conciliatory statements yesterday of Vice Chancellor von

Oaxifians Support Of Jews to Red Army

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)
MOSCOW, June 29.—The conferees of the Oaxet, Soviet organization for the settlement of Jews in the land, closed today their meeting with a message of greeting to Soviet Minister of War Kliment Voroshilov and General Vas Blucher, Commander-in-Chief of the Red Army, saying they Russian Jewish working men were "ready to defend the Eastern Soviet border."

Hundreds of Jews Driven From Thrace By Turk Authorities

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)
ATHENS, June 29.—Hundreds of Jews have been mysteriously expelled from Chanaak in the Dardanelles region and from Thrace. The refugees are streaming into Istanbul, penniless and deprived of all their possessions.

While no reason for the sudden expulsion has been given by Turkish authorities, it is believed that the action is connected with the secret erection of new and powerful fortifications in these regions.

The terrible plight of the refugees added to the secrecy with which the situation is shrouded, has aroused the anxiety of all Turkish Jews.

Answered by Nazis



COL. VON PAPPEN

Hull Debt Note To Nazis Seen Forcing Change

Hitler's Fight for Survival Has Received Severe Setback

(Special to the J.D.B.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 29.—Hitler's intense struggle for political existence under highly nationalistic policies has received a serious setback as a result of the note on Germany debts sent Thursday by Secretary of State Cordell Hull.

Observers here believe that as a result of the frank statement by Hull, which has attracted world-wide attention and favorable comment, the Hitler Government will be forced eventually to make drastic changes in many of its policies.

In his note, Hull made particular mention of the wide "anxiety aroused by various phases" of

(Continued on Page Twelve)

Jews Assailed As C. V. Organ Is Confiscated

Had Compared Status of Reich at End of War With Jews Today

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

BERLIN, June 29.—The C. V. Zeitung, organ of the Central Jewish Faith, has been confiscated for having dared compare the treatment accorded Germany at Versailles with Germany's treatment of the Jews. Der Angriff, organ of Propaganda Minister Paul Joseph Goebbels, reported today.

At the same time Rudolf Hess, deputy leader of the Nazi party and confidential assistant of Adolf Hitler, speaking before a meeting of representatives of foreign chambers of commerce in Germany, declared that the "German nation was not prepared to submit to the boycott without self-defense and unwilling to renounce regulation of internal affairs, which are in accord with the wishes of 95 per cent of the population."

Sees Attack on Hitler

The C. V. Zeitung article resulted in a bitter attack on the organization by Der Angriff under the heading "How the Jews Use Versailles." The virulent Nazi sheet declared that the article "was an attack on Chancellor Hitler by insinuation."

However, officials of the Central Union denied that they had received any official communication from the Nazi government regarding the confiscation of their central organ.

In addition to Herr Hess, Vice Chancellor von Pappen and Franz Seidte, Minister of Labor and leader of the Stahlhelm, war veterans organization, which has just won a victory over the storm troops, addressed the foreign businessmen at the meeting.

Hess attacked world Jewry violently, declaring that "wide circles

(Continued on Page Twelve)

Revisionists Proclaim July 3 as Labor Day

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)
JERUSALEM, June 29.—The Jewish National Labor Alliance, newly-formed Revisionist Zionist labor organization, today proclaimed the twentieth of Tamuz, July 3, the anniversary of the death of Dr. Theodor Herzl, as Jewish Labor Day.

The action of the Revisionists is intended to counteract the celebration of May 1 as Labor Day by the Histadrut, official Palestine Labor Federation.

A call was issued by the Revisionists group asking all Jewish workers to abstain from work on July 3.

Soviet 'Political, Human Center Of Mankind,' Says J. W. Wise

(Continued from Page One)

Wise, also visited Poland, Austria and France. He contrasted the rapid progress in the Soviet Union with the situation in other countries, where the tide of Fascism is rising.

Conversations with leading diplomatic and political personages in Europe showed that the opinion is general that the Hitler regime in its present form is doomed and soon will be replaced by a monarchist dictatorship.

"The time that I have spent in the Soviet Union," Mr. Wise said, "has convinced me that it constitutes the greatest experiment in history, in channeling the collective impulse along peaceful and constructive lines."

"Nowhere is this more evident than in the status of minority peoples and races. These enjoy not a grudging tolerance, but full equality, in fact as in name, to maintain and develop their group identity. The Jew from his position of minority position as pariah and outcast, he has emerged into free citizenship. His cultural and national rights are guaranteed. Quotas—legal and otherwise—no longer restrict entry into the professions and institutions of higher learning are unknown; and discrimination against him is virtually nonexistent. The counter-revolutionary and anti-social.

No Special Privilege

"This change is due to no special privilege extended to the Jew. He occupies no favored position in Russia, and there were years when he suffered extremes of hardship because of his middleman status prior to the revolution. His stable position has been earned. It has shown clear that anti-Semitism and Communism are irreconcilably opposed. For anti-Semitism is the economic scape-goat; while Communism represents the determination to end economic scape-goating; whether of the Jew or any other race or people."

Despite the obvious difficulties in redirecting the interests and capabilities of the great mass of Russian Jews, Mr. Wise found that satisfying progress has been made.

"Entire districts," he stated, "have been converted into Jewish settlements and colonies, and conditions of life prevail which, while far from ideal, stand in shining contrast to those of pre-revolutionary Russia and to those of other East European countries. Every effort should be made further to advance the work which is being done along these lines, and to ensure the fullest absorption of the Jew into the economic structure of the Soviet Union."

"The possibility of Biro-Bidjan as an autonomous home for great numbers of Jews cannot be known in full until after a most intensive

investigation, but the preliminary report already made reveals a prospect of peace and decent living conditions which no Jew, who has the interests of his people at heart, can afford to ignore. The obviously sincere proclamation of the Soviet Union in regard to Biro-Bidjan deserves, and I believe will receive, a sympathetic hearing from the Jews of the world."

Appraisals Filed For Two Estates

Mrs. C. Goldschmidt Leaves \$1,239,470, and Mrs. Schwab \$519,253

Transfer tax appraisals were filed Friday in the estates of Mrs. Georgette Goldschmidt, who left net holdings of \$1,239,470, and of Mrs. Caroline Schwab, whose properties are valued at a net figure of \$519,253.

Mrs. Goldschmidt, widow of Henry P. Goldschmidt, died December 27, 1931. Charitable and educational institutions and similar organizations will share \$50,000 of her estate. She left that sum for distribution by her son-in-law, Henry L. Moses of 998 Fifth Avenue, at his own discretion. Mr. Moses is also named executor.

The gross estate is placed at \$1,239,471. Its assets consist chiefly of stocks and bonds.

Two sisters, Mrs. Florence Rosenheim of London, England, and Mrs. Bertha Boris of Paris, France, are left life estates in \$50,000 each. A daughter, Lucy G. Moses, wife of the executor, receives \$50,000 in cash, all household and personal effects and one-half of the residue.

Two grandchildren, James H. and Nadine Sachs of 340 East Seventy-second street, get life estates in one-fourth of the residue.

Mrs. Schwab's Will

Mrs. Schwab, who died January 31 of this year, left a gross estate of \$1,212,106, of which \$395,977 was in stocks and bonds. Two grandchildren, Everett and Carol Wahl of 42 West Seventy-second street, receive temporary life estates of \$25,000 each, payable at the age of thirty.

Two physicians also are beneficiaries. Dr. Philip M. Grausman gets \$25,000 in stocks and bonds for professional services to the testator, while Dr. Roland Grausman receives \$5,000 for a similar purpose.

Russia Impresses Him

Inquiry Body's Rabbis to Visit Nazi Findings U. S. Problem To Go on Air Faced by Jew

Quiz Will Be Conducted Under Regular Court Procedure

Arrangements are being completed for accommodating as many spectators as possible at the American Inquiry Commission's probe into conditions obtaining in Nazi Germany, which will open in the morning of July 2, at the New York County Lawyers Association, 14 Vesey street, according to the announcement by Raymond L. Wise, secretary of the Group.

Highlights in the proceedings will be broadcast from 3:30 to 4 p. m. Monday and 4:30 to 5 p. m. Tuesday direct from the session chambers through Station WEVD.

Some 400 American and foreign newspapermen, photographers, newsmen, and spectators will be seated in the hall, with admission by special invitation only.

Varied Testimony

The Monday program has been planned in such a way that when a qualified witness gives testimony regarding the position of women and education of children in Germany and is cross-examined by members of the commission, the microphone will come into play. Testimony also will be taken on such civil liberties and culture under the Hitler regime. Summation of what took place during the first two days will be given by the chief prosecutor.

The unofficial court consists of George Gordon Battle, Clarence Darrow, Arthur Garfield Hays, Stephen D. Haskin, and Dr. George Z. Modale, and Mr. Wise. Several individuals well acquainted with conditions in Hitler Germany have signified their willingness to offer testimony. Mr. Wise said. He issued a request to those who have relevant and important testimony to get in touch with him, at 205 Madison avenue, as soon as possible, regardless of whether they have facts favorable or unfavorable to the existing regime in Germany.

All European witnesses are already in this country, with the exception of Dr. Franz Hoellering, formerly editor of important newspapers in Germany, who arrives on the Lafayette today.

Those who are already here include Dr. Kurt Rosenfeld, former Minister of Justice for Prussia; Mrs. Annabel Williams-Ellis, British author and journalist; and Anatole France, labor Party member of the British Parliament. Dr. Hoellering, it is expected, will supply expert testimony on press censorship and registration of radio, film and stage under the Nazi dictatorship.

Although the commission is an unofficial body, it will follow a strictly legal procedure. Dr. Hays announced. Witnesses will be sworn in and questioned as in court. The German Embassy was invited to send German witnesses, but an attorney representing its government. Interpreters will be employed, and complete transcripts of questions and answers will be made by stenographers.

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Three - Day Convention at Tannersville to Open Tuesday

Problems confronting American Jewry as well as economic and social questions facing the nation will be considered at the thirty fourth annual convention of the Rabbinical Assembly which will be held at the Fairmount Hotel, Tannersville, N. Y., Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday. Rabbis from all parts of the country will attend.

Speakers at the first sessions on Tuesday, will be Dr. Elias Margolis, president of the Assembly; Dr. Cyrus Adler, president of the Jewish Theological Seminary of America; Professor Louis Etkin, Rabbi M. Goldberg, Rabbi A. Bazel, Rabbi Leon Lang and Rabbi H. Goldberg.

At the second session, on Tuesday, a symposium will be held at which speakers will be Dr. M. Waidman of the American Jewish Committee, Dr. L. Goldstein and Dr. Solomon Grayzel.

The third session, on Wednesday, will be devoted to the report of the social justice committee, which will be presented by Rabbi M. Steinberg of the Park Avenue Synagogue. General discussion of the report will be indicated by R. H. Plodin of Jersey City, N. J., and Rabbi A. Landman of Brooklyn. The session will also listen to a survey of "The Rabbinical Status in Modern Conditions" which will be presented by Rabbi A. M. Heller of Brooklyn. Other speakers will be Dr. S. R. H. Epstein of Brooklyn, Mass., will be chairman of the day's session, on Wednesday, which will be devoted to independence Day exercises and an address on "The Preservation of Liberty" by Dr. E. Solomon of New York. Reports on various activities undertaken by the Assembly will be presented at the same session by Rabbi H. Parzen of New York, Dr. N. A. V. of Scranton, Pa., Rabbi A. Bazel of New York and Dr. J. Greenstone of Philadelphia. Plans for the celebration of the centennial of the birth of Moses Maimonides will be discussed.

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NOW

(Continued from Page One)

ment had been based purely on moral grounds.

America has unjustly and falsely been branded in Europe as a country that is chiefly concerned in pursuing Diplomatic Diplomacy. The fact is that the World War and the events that have followed since the end of the war have demonstrated before the whole world that America has made more sacrifices to help other nations than any other country in the world.

America saved millions of German people immediately after the war through the American relief organization. The American people have poured millions into Germany which enabled Germany to pay some of the reparations to other countries. American inventors loaned huge sums to Germany which enabled her to get on her feet after the war. The American people

manifested on all one's a most sympathetic interest in Germany before and after the war. The Hoover mission prevented a European Pogrom which would have cost the most of their time during summer months in carrying effective work in giving relief suffering people in the country.

Under these circumstances, a friendly warning by American government to Hitler government, if given in the earlier stages of the "created opposition party" of the world, would have been entirely in keeping with established American and lofty traditions, light and shadow, and would have changed her course, would have been a blessing German people and which incidentally, also have saved Germany's "capacity" for the future.

However, the Americanote will not fail to make and impression even on the German people who have been victimized and degraded by present rulers.

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Hitler Forcing Jews To New Unity Wars On Them As National Body

Consolidation Is Seen as Outcome of Persecution

A. A. RABACK, former Professor of Psychology and English at Northeastern University, and instructor at Harvard University, in the following article makes a penetrating analysis of the new Jewish attitude since the Hitler persecutions. He also forecasts the future outlook of Jewry as a national group.

By A. A. RABACK

While the Nazis and Hitler in particular have been exhorting for their brutality toward their opponents and the Jews, there has been no analysis of the situation in terms of the Jewish future. That many thousands of individual Jews have suffered because of Nazi ruthlessness in crushing Semitic aspirations is a truism; but the result of the anti-Jewish campaign is not wholly unfavorable to the Jews as a people. In a sense Hitler is a benefactor of the Jewish race; for he has provided the arena for the Jew to demonstrate his stamina.

Rally to Race

Nothing has ever happened to the Jews since their dispersion tending to consolidate them so much as the Nazi treatment of them. Men who stood aloof from the race, who were converts to Christianity, who even reviled their race fellows returned penitently to the fold, even dying a martyr's death like the late Professor Theodor Lessing. The galaxy of German-Jewish writers, like Emil Ludwig, Jakob Wassermann, Alfred Doehlin, to mention only a few, have found themselves—Jews after years of both conscious and unconscious inner conflicts, after tortuous soul wandering and racial stammering.

The group consciousness or esprit de corps has been intensified in those very circles which have begun to represent successfully their Jewish antecedents and to sing the psalms of Deutschland in crescendo tones. There is now talk of a Jewish inter-territorial parliament, of a possible seat for Jewry on the League of Nations and other such projects and claims, which even if they should not be realized, are a step forward toward the recognition of Jews as a national group.

Relish Jews See Error

The German Jews were wont to consider themselves apart from all the other Jews, as if their residence in the land of Bach and Beethoven, Goethe, Kant and Hegel elevated them to a status which their brethren in other countries could not attain. Toward the beginning of the Reign of Terror in Germany, I questioned a German Jew as to the happenings in the Jewish quarters in Germany, and he was disposed to make light of the situation. "These activities are directed only against the Ostjude," he said as if the East European Jews were hardly human enough to consider. Of course no harm could befall the patrician German Jew from the Nazi Walpurgisnacht.

So the German Jews thought at first. It was Hitler who taught them the lesson of fraternity; and it was not long before they saw in the Ostjude not an uncouth vagrant but a potent factor, both moral and material, abroad. A great many German Jews in their naivete were under the impression that all the Jews who amounted to something in the world were of German origin.

Nazis War on Nation

The Nazis themselves have been eminently just in their absence of discrimination between Jew and Jew. Even baptized Jews were not recognized as anything but Jews, and were treated accordingly i.e.

Every Evil Has Its Good, States Professor in Analysis

plated curses had been turned into a blessing, even if Hitler is very far from changing his attitude. At any rate, we may recall here Emerson's words in his famous essay on Compensation: "For everything you have misad, you have gained something else, and for everything you gail, you lose something. Every event has its sour; every evil its good."

Individually the Jews in Germany have drained the cup of bitterness. Collectively the Jews have suffered but little, if any, at the hands of the Fuehrer and his bands. The war between the Swastika and the Star of David is yet to be fought out not on the battlefield but in the realm of ideas and public opinion. Hitler has placed into the hands of the Jews a

A. A. RABACK

deprived of the rights of earning a livelihood at the occupation they were engaged in. The Jews were thus looked upon as a national foe; in other words, Nazi Germany is recognizing Jewry as a nation with which it is at war. It matters not that Jewry was the first to be attacked, or that it is more helpless than Belgium in 1914. The fact remains and it is the first time in centuries that such a compliment is paid them—the Jews are regarded, as a nation in bello by a more or less powerful country.

The strength of the international Jewish unit cannot yet be fully felt by Nazi Germany, but already the reaction is noticeable. In nearly every country, the Nazi German is confronted with a powerful foe in the shape of the wandering Jew whose influence is a match for the sinister propaganda and plot of the myriads of Nazism.

See Palestine Gaining

The oppression of the German Jews will have led to the exodus of nearly 100,000 Jews, most of them, Jewish and Gentile, efficient and many of them unusually able, not to mention famous men like Einstein, Wassermann, Feuchtwanger, Walter and scores of others. The majority of these expatriates is settling in places where there is already a Jewish nucleus, and thus the existing colonies of Jews are greatly strengthened by the influx of a highly capable element. Palestine, in particular, will be benefited by its increment of German Jewry. The re-distribution of the German Jews and their transplantation in distant countries is not altogether a bane to the Jewish people; although to the individuals involved the ordeal is most trying.

Viewpoint is Changed

Finally, it must be said that Hitler and his cohorts have afforded the world's Jewry a point of view which is apt to stay with it. Hitler's Jew as a group and many of them unusually able, not to mention famous men like Einstein, Wassermann, Feuchtwanger, Walter and scores of others. The majority of these expatriates is settling in places where there is already a Jewish nucleus, and thus the existing colonies of Jews are greatly strengthened by the influx of a highly capable element. Palestine, in particular, will be benefited by its increment of German Jewry. The re-distribution of the German Jews and their transplantation in distant countries is not altogether a bane to the Jewish people; although to the individuals involved the ordeal is most trying.

At the time of the World War, by far the majority of the Jews could not bring themselves to side with the Allies. They could not believe the tales of atrocity related about the Germans and simply could not dissociate the Junker Germany from the culture country of philosophers, poets, composers and scientists. The Jews have now learnt their lesson. It will not be easy to win them over to a doubtful cause again.

We are reminded of the story of Balaam in that the contem-


weapon of moral force, which elevates the Jews to that status required by Hegel for a nation to survive. Hitler has invigorated the backbone of the Jews, which in Germany was becoming a bit atrophic, and this is not a slight favor.

Co-ed Chosen to Edit L.L.U. Group Yearbook; Alumni Officers Chosen

For the first time in L.L.U. history, a coed will serve as editor-in-chief of an official student publication. Edith Ducker, 1417 Avenue C, Brooklyn, has been elected to edit Sound, yearbook of the College of Arts and Sciences, during 1934-35. Abraham Auerbach, 693 East Twelfth street, Brooklyn, who led the entire student-body in scholastic ranking during the first semester of 1933-34, was elected business manager of Sound. The post of editor-in-chief of Seawanhaka for next year will be filled for a second time by Oscar Mitelman, 327 East Ninth street.

Elected "to serve for the rest of their natural lives," alumni officers of the recently graduated

Class of 1934 were announced Friday by Lester Waldman, president of the L.L.U. association. Sidney Reisberg, 231 Second avenue, Manhattan, president; Jerome Harris, 811 Whitlock avenue, Bronx, vice-president; Minnie G. Fink, 699 Manhattan avenue, Brooklyn, secretary, and Alfred S. Schadt, 477 Eighth-fifth street, Brooklyn, treasurer.



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Shop Talk

By JOAN KLEIN

AT THE glorious, wind-swept Monmouth Beach in New Jersey is Vivian Johnson's. It's a grand place and a fine argument that you spend there you'll be conscious of the many clever swaps you've made. A far flung blue horizon in place of four walls and a desk... cool, beautiful, rooms instead of that incubator apartment at home... the impelling strains of Enric Madriguera and his marvelous tango orchestra, direct from the Waldorf Astoria... in trade for the strain of traffic and taxi horns... constant amusement, refreshing repose, all outdoor sports, a huge bar, boat shaped, new friends, new faces and super cuisine instead of dull, oppressive, humid monotony of the city. It's a place of relaxation from the uninteresting every-day existence we have become accustomed to living.

EVEN the most ardent dieters among us raise bumps now and then. Marie Ollendorf at the St. Moritz has a reducing soap named after the Hôpital which will fix you up in no time at all. It's absolutely pure and harmless and works miracles with a few applications. What's more the bumps go away.

EVEN as far as garters are concerned bumps are out. The latest news is the Invis-a-grip, which is much flatter than a pan-cake and has the tenacity of a bulldog. It can't prevent runs, but it does keep them from causing them, as the pull is equally distributed. You'll find them on Vasarettes. They'll get your summer dresses looking smart as your couturier hoped they would and your evening gowns can be skin tight without a bluish.

JUST because I. Miller does doesn't mean that they're always cheap. Not at all. In fact they've got a complete line of sports shoes which will rejoice all you gals who are in for doing your sports up brown. Following are some lines of thought that your martinet models are made up with low heels as well as high heels.

This doesn't imply fallen arches. But there's no question that the day of the giants is upon us, a six foot beauty is no rarity. Still she doesn't want to add inches instantly and she'll love the comfort of the low heel plus the chic of these models.

HERE is a cosmetic that actually matches the color of your blood. The Mary Nolan products change all previous conceptions of make-up in makeup. The rouge and lipstick, sold in matching colors, approximate your actual blood color and hence banishes forever all trace of that bizarre, cheap, gaudy effect that one sees too often today. One application lasts through a full day and is not affected by heat, sun, eating, drinking, swimming or kissing. Send me ten cents and a description of your coloring and I'll mail you a two weeks' trial supply.

THE Prophylactic toothbrush which has practically become a hygienic institution with us has a new feature that makes it better than ever. It's an entirely new method of bristle fastening called "Perma-Grip" and it means that the bristles will never

WOMEN'S NEWS

Miss Razovsky on Radio
Miss Cecilia Razovsky, field counselor of the National Council of Jewish Women, will be the featured speaker on the Women's Radio Review for July 9 on a nationwide hookup over Station WEA. She will discuss the gleanings of her unique experience with refugee problems and in the immigration field.

Chicago Hadassah Elects
The Chicago Hadassah announced the election of the following officers to serve for the coming year: Misses. Harry Berkman, president; S. H. Soboroff, H. M. Fisher, J. Lebowitz, vice-presidents; M. Silbermann, financial secretary; J. Olshan, recording secretary; A. A. Goldsmith, corresponding secretary; M. Marcovitch, treasurer; A. E. Rubenstein, vice-chairman of title; C. M. Halperin, treasurer of title; H. B. Weil, recorder of title; Bernard Franklin, honorary president; B. Davis and J. Risman, honorary vice-presidents.

Miss Carmi Rated Highly
Miss Ziona Carmi has received the highest rating in her class in absentees from the Hôpital, the highest rating in her class in the time for study. Before coming to New York she was dental hygienist in the Hadassah Straus Health Center in Jerusalem. She is here to study advanced methods in her field in order to introduce them to her native country, when she returns next February.

Richmond Hill Program
The Richmond Hill Section of the National Council of Jewish Women plans a varied and extensive program for the coming season. This group, which works under the able leadership of Mrs. William W. Mandelbaum, is not only going to support the city effectively in the Welfare Island project, but will also form a study committee, classes in Jewish history, citizenship and social service work, giving each member opportunity to serve in some way the interests of the community.

Evelyn H. Goldenson Weds Naaman Glick

At a quiet ceremony in her father's study Miss Evelyn H. Goldenson, daughter of Rabbi Samuel H. Goldenson of Temple Emanuel and Mrs. Goldenson, on Thursday morning became the bride of Naaman Glick, son of the late Mr. and Mrs. William Glick of Pittsburgh. The bride had no attendants. A small wedding breakfast for the immediate family followed at Pierre's.

Mr. and Mrs. Glick will make their home in New York.

Miss Goldenson is a graduate of Margaret Morrison College of Carnegie Institute of Technology in Pittsburgh and is interested in social work and painting. The bridegroom is a graduate of Princeton and is associated with the City Bank Farmers Trust Company.

Baruch Sails for Europe On Leviathan Saturday

Among the 850 passengers on the United States liner Leviathan, which was due to sail for Plymouth on Saturday afternoon, are Bernard Baruch, banker; Harvey S. Firestone Jr., vice-president of the Firestone Tire & Rubber Company and Mrs. Firestone; Paul Block, newspaper publisher; and Mrs. Block; Maurice Hildus, writer on Russia; Joseph Robinson, British vice-consul at Ant-

Meeting of the Faithful



"Ever since Dr. Schacht declared non-payment of debts to be patriotic, there are in Germany more patriots than solvent persons."

Hitler's Hand Is Seen as Jews Are Berated by Cuba Terrorists

By DAVID W. UTIANSKI (J.T.A. Special Correspondence)

HAVANA, June 25.—The frequent revolutions, attempts at assassinations, street demonstrations and similar terrorists which keep the political life of Cuba in a state of tumult, give the Jewish colony the cold of the rest. In some mysterious fashion the Jews are usually accused of complicity in most of the troublous incidents.

For a while conditions were improving for the Jews of Cuba. They were finding work and engaging in trade to an extent greater than at any time during the past six or eight years.

But suddenly this normalization of Jewish life was paralyzed and a series of openly anti-Jewish attacks of a systematically threatening nature have created a state of panic among the Jews.

The newspaper, Popular, owned by Pepin Rivera (an anti-Semite who also owns the Catholic newspaper, Diario de la Marina and Information, an evening paper), recently came out with a sensational article on the organization in Cuba of a secret society "to save the country from the Jewish danger."

Nazi Influence Seen
In what purported to be an interview with the leader of this secret group the newspaper enumerated the aims of the organization:

- 1) "To keep the Jews from creating a state with a state, as they do everywhere;
- 2) "To oppose and break down the strong economic and political position of the Jews in Cuba;
- 3) "To prevail upon the government to close the doors of Cuba against this detrimental element."

Bulletin Calendar Of Events

Saturday, June 30
Youth Zionist-Revisionist Organization
at 8:30 p.m.
evening; speakers: Mr. Joseph B. Murray
street, L. 1; 8:30 p.m.

Sunday, July 1
Lewishon-Symphony No. 6; Wagner, Prelude to "Die Meistersinger"; conductor: Joe Zerk; Amsterdam avenue and 138th street; 8:30 p.m.

Congregation Beth Israel, evening session. Mr. and Mrs. Rose, 118 Sixty-third street, Brooklyn; 8:00 p.m.

PARK WEST MEMORIAL CHAPEL

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The newspaper declared that the organization would employ every means, including those of terror, to combat the "Jewish evil," and emphasized that the organization needed no material or financial aid, being powerful and wealthy in its own right.

This latter remark arouses the suspicion that German Hitlerites in Cuba subsidize the secret group. Then came the June 17 mass demonstration of the national revolutionary ABC party, which ended with the killing of six women and fourteen men and the wounding of fifty others. All evidence produced show that the demonstrators were shot at by opponents of the ABC. Yet the same day the ABC declared over a prominent radio network that those responsible for the shooting were "Polak-Jews."

Provincial Jews Terrorized
This charge against the Jews spread among the Cuban masses with lightning speed, and was repeated everywhere. The anti-Jewish atmosphere in the streets of Havana was reminiscent of the days of 1915-16 in Russia, when attempts were made to convince the Russian masses that the Jews were shooting at the Russian military.

Jews in the provinces experienced days of nightmare-like fear and panic, for there the news cre-

ated a virtual pogrom atmosphere. Thus, after an absence of short few months, tension had found its way back and carry of Cuban Jewry. The government is too busy with its own trouble to be burdened with a Jewish question.

But Jewish leaders have tackled the problem. A special conference called by the Jewish Interscopic Committee resolved to combat Hitlerism in Cuba and carry on the necessary educational activity in both governmental circles and among the general population.

Junior Hadassah Meets

The first meeting of the new executive board of New York Junior Hadassah was held at the home of the president, Mrs. Rose W. Ravid.

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of

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Beginning Tomorrow in The

JEWISH DAILY BULLETIN

and thereafter every Mon., Wed., and Fri.

Russian Jew Sees New Industry in Extraction of Oil From Seeds

The idea for the new industry was one that has been in Weinberg's mind since he was a boy in Trostinez, Podo'sk, Russia. He had seen how the Russians extracted the oil from hemp seed. He discussed the possibilities of extracting oil on a large scale with his father. It became a dream for both, but it was difficult in Russia to start such a project, and Weinberg's father was the victim of a Polish pogrom, being killed

That the idea is practical is borne out by letters Weinberg has received from Dr. C. A. Gortner, bio-chemist at the University of Minnesota, and J. H. Hay, Deputy Commissioner of Agriculture for Minnesota, in which they indicate that his ideas are sound. The State of Minnesota has offered him idle lands to experiment in the growing of hemp. He has been asked to start the project in Wisconsin, but desires to give it to Minnesota.

George M. Stutz, assistant prosecuting attorney, heads the resolicitation committee. The drive raised \$140,000 toward the goal of \$175,000.

lin.

Workmen's Circle in Paterson Begins Erection of New Home

PATERSON, N. J., June 29.—Alvin Jarmulowsky has been elected head of the local Junior Order of the B'nai B'rith, the A.Z.A. Fraternity. He succeeds Harry Bornstein who held the office for two consecutive terms. Other officers elected were Morris Lunde, Henry Schreiber, Sidney Levine, Burnett Levinson, Harry Bornstein, Sidney Simon and Joseph Picon. David Goldberg, winner of the oratory championship in the eastern section of the United States and Canada, will attempt to win the national oratory prize at the annual convention of the A.Z.A. Fraternity from July 9 to 12.

PATERSON, N. J., June 29.—Benjamin M. Bornstein, local attorney, was installed president of the Junior Lodzer association at their annual banquet.

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CARD COMMENT

BY NATHAN KOENIG

WASHINGTON.

With a climax about to be reached in the political and economic crisis engulfing Germany, a number of Hitler's policies may be expected.

Reports received in Washington indicate that the Hitler government is in a poor position to follow a course of retaliatory action against other nations. Despite all talk of barring imports and intensifying the nationalistic tendencies, the fact remains that Germany cannot divorce herself from the rest of the world.

The German government's viewpoint is not definitely supported by any of the important European powers. Such countries as Russia, Poland, Turkey, Rumania, Yugoslavia, Czechoslovakia, Belgium and Finland are siding with France. The attitude of Great Britain, Italy, Austria, Hungary and Bulgaria toward Germany is uncertain. But the significant thing is that no nation has come out definitely in support of Hitler's policies.

Before Hitler came into power, Russia, Bulgaria, Austria and Hungary were definitely supporting Germany's policies. The attitude of Great Britain, Italy, Turkey, Finland and Greece was uncertain.

While business and industrial conditions in practically all European countries are making gains and indicate a more hopeful outlook, Germany finds herself in an unsettled state.

Reports received in Washington from Departments of Commerce representatives in Germany reveal that for the first five months of this year Germany imported goods amounting to 1,925,400,000 marks and exported goods totaling 1,747,500,000 marks. This represents an adverse balance of 177,900,000 marks against a favorable one of 263,000,000 marks a year ago. A major factor contributing to the unfavorable trade balance is the boycott against German goods by other countries because of Hitler's policies of anti-Semitism and persecutions.

Now the Hitler government is engaged in some deep thought. Uppermost in the minds of leaders is the problem of finding ways and means of meeting the threat of economic paralysis. The Reich is in a critical financial condition and a way out must be found. From all indications the Hitler government is determined to do some relenting and enforce marked changes in policies before other nations will aid in easing the situation.

General opinion in government circles here is that Dr. Hans Luther, German ambassador to the United States, now in Germany, was recalled to lend his talents to bringing about a solution to the Reich's grave problems. Dr. Luther is one of the outstanding financial experts in Germany, ranking in this respect with Dr. Schacht, president of the Reichsbank, formerly was chancellor of the Reich and president of the Reichsbank.

In his conferences with high Reich officials, Dr. Luther probably will be in a unique position. He has been in the United States for some time and far enough away from Germany to gain an excellent perspective of the world's attitude toward Hitler policies. In this respect he should be able to contribute much to the discussions.

Representative Sol Bloom of New York is an authority on

Memorial University at Cumberland Gap, Tenn.

Recognizing Representative Bloom's devotion to the memory of Washington and Lincoln, the university recently conferred on the New Yorker the honorary degree of doctor of laws. In conferring the degree, Chancellor John Wesley Hill made the following citation:

"In recognition of his pre-eminence in law, history and political science, his epochal services as director of the United States George Washington Bicentennial Commission, his influence and distinguished leadership as member of Congress from the State of New York, his contribution to social and economic progress, his patronage of higher education and his adherence to the ideals of Abraham Lincoln."

One of the outstanding firstments of the Seventy-third Congress is Representative Herman P. Koppelman of Connecticut. As a legislator, Representative Koppelman has made an enviable record. To his credit are three bills, for one of which he was solely responsible. The other two carried important provisions which he fathered.

The bill written by Representative Koppelman and passed by the House and Senate, was one calling for a nation-wide investigation of the milk industry by the Federal Trade Commission. It is conceded to be one of the most far-reaching pieces of legislation designed to unearth facts for the development of a system of milk production in which the farmer gets a fair price for milk delivered to the consumer at a reasonable cost. The other two bills which Representative Koppelman has carried through to final passage include loans to small industries and the tobacco production control measure. The House member from Connecticut represents the first district of that state and all three measures are of considerable importance to the district as a whole.

Brockton YMHA Elects Officers for New Term

(Special to the J.D.B.)
BROCKTON, Mass., June 29.—Officers of the Brockton Y.M.H.A. have been elected as follows for the ensuing year: president, Daniel S. Tarlow; vice-presidents, Dr. S. Benjamin Altman, Abraham Rusacow and Dr. Fred F. Weiner; treasurer, Aaron Tarlow; secretary, Emanuel Rafkin. Other officers include Hyman Weiler, Harry W. Becker, Joseph V. Burger, Harry S. Freedman, Edward Frye, David Silverstein, Joseph Warschauer, Kenneth Dorn, Gabriel Harris, Irving Levine, Harry S. Rubin, James E. Siskind, Harry Tarlow, Isadore Tarlow, Harry Warschauer, Roland and A. S. Yaffe.

William Pinkner, executive director, addressed the meeting.

"All the news concerning Jewish" is faithful and promptly reported in the Jewish Daily Bulletin — the only Jewish daily newspaper printed in English.

Minneapolis Jews Mourn Borushak

Leading Figure in Communal Life Passes Away After Trip to Zion

(J.D.B. Special Correspondence)
MINNEAPOLIS, June 28.—Minneapolis Jewry is mourning the death of Isaac L. Borushak, leading figure in Jewish communal affairs. He passed away six weeks after he and Mrs. Borushak had returned from a visit to Palestine. He was born in Poland in 1864, was married there and came to the United States with his wife in 1889 to settle in New York City. Subsequently the couple made their home in Milwaukee and later in St. Louis. They came to Minneapolis in 1914 and, except for periods on visits to Palestine, resided here since that time. For years he was president of the firm of Borushak and Rubenstein, which he established.

Mr. Borushak was a leading figure in the Zionist movement, serving for years as president of Mizrahi here.

'Y' Home Camp Starts Tomorrow With 75

A "home camp" conducted daily during the summer for children whose parents cannot afford to send them to regular camps will be started tomorrow by the Y.M. and Y.W.H.A. of Washington Heights, Port Washington avenue and 178th street. Samuel S. Soder, executive director, has engaged a staff of counselors to take charge of camp activities. Seventy-five children are expected on the opening day.

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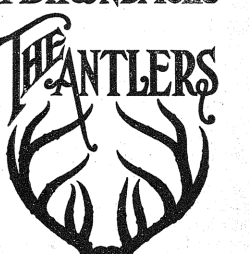
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DAYS UP

Calls for War on Bias
(Special to the J.D.B.)
MINNEAPOLIS, June 27.—"Those American Jews sublimely unconscious" of the spreading current of anti-Semitism in the United States, being fostered by Nazi Germany, received a call to action from Richard E. Gustadt, director of the Anti-Defamation League of B'nai B'rith, at a lodge membership campaign committee meeting.

Civil Service Appoi
(Special to the J.D.B.)
MINNEAPOLIS, June 26.—Samuel G. Smulow, attorney appointed by Mayor A. G. bridge as civil service commissioner to succeed Edward J. If the appointment is confirmed by the city council, Mr. Smulow take office August 1.
Keep up with Jewish news by the Jewish Daily Bulletin, only 1 because Jewish daily newspaper.

ADIRONDACKS THE ANTLERS

RAQUETTE LAKE, N.Y.

The Antlers, on Raquette Lake, in the heart of the Adirondacks, heretofore an exclusive hunting, fishing and golf club, and more recently available as a hotel catering to a discriminating clientele, announces the opening of its tenth season under the management of Hecht and Firsichbaum of the Hotel Manhattan in Lakewood, N. J.
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By HARRY SALPETER

Quotation Mainly

you find separate nations, possessing different characteristics (and sometimes boasts of them) reacting, at wide intervals of time, in the same manner to the same general set of stimuli, you begin wondering whether there is not a so-called "science of his- Adams called the book of the same title, and it is not at all impossible to plot the tides and waves of culture on the basis of the and graphs of the past, as Spengler, for example, at- to do in "The Decline of

and my text for this Sunday book of art, of all places. I want what we know about the real drive for compensation in German art against the Jews today, the following passage from Thomas Craven's "Modern Art"—passages in which he is attempting to summarize the situation and the France of the beginning of this century—hit us with the force of a French revolution on a modest and disorganized scale, of the organized and furious fury against the Jews. I

anti-Semitic feeling raged against the Jews as the cause of the medieval plague. The cause of the malignant hatred of the Jews has not been satisfactorily explained. Panchenko does not explain the mass murder of the Jews in Poland to wounded pride—the refusal of France from external humiliations. "Mutilated and injured by Germany; a but for the Jews, the Jews would have been despised by their allies and slapped in the face by the English at Fashoda; she was obliged to work off her vengeance on the Jews." "The Jew on whatever most resented the foreigner, on the oldest of all foreigners, the Jew. The root of the evil, I think, is the Jew in the aggressive position. The Jew has always characterized France. Her prestige depends upon the inviolability of her little ideals. She welcomes foreigners, but on business terms only. She says to them, 'If you want to pay your money, enter yourself—and get out.'"

The Unpardonable Sin
The Jew remained, but com-
ing the unpardonable crime
illiberal, exemplary citizen. F
ot pay. On the contrary, a
ing the tripartite guarantee
French republic at its fa-
e, he opened shops and bank
made money. More than
en, he was the best of patri-
He even became an artist
last insult to French vani-
wrote profitable plays; he w
-owner of Proust and Ber-
it; he became, later on, t
thiest and most influent
of the modern Ecole

The revision of the Dreyfus case hurried the phobias into camps; France was divided into camps; the enlightened were forced by literary notables as Zola and Anatole France to stand justice; the Nationalists, supported by gilded bigots like Gyp, clamored for the execution of an innocent officer. . . . calmly considered the case. When Gyp was asked for her opinion by the Court, she answered 'Anti-Semite.' His Montmartre studio was full of outsiders and intruders upon the Jewish side of the unwashed man, worse than any

ating talent to illustrations for a popular anti-Jewish song called "The March of the Yids," and to dastardly caricature in which he pictured the Republic as "a fat Jewish Baron, wearing a Phrygian bonnet or a Dreyfus cap, who was responsible for the failure of banks, for schools without God, and a subsidized Parliament."

"With the acquittal of Dreyfus, Jew-baiting, on a grand scale, went out of fashion. But the Jews were not to be so easily forgotten from time to time, in politics, society and letters. In art circles there is a strong under-current of hostility against the Jews. Weinsteubism was successfully fostered by the politicians, and Max Jacob, the more conservative Frenchman, fluttering on the verge of spiritual bankruptcy and protecting the old bouidor tradition of nudes and daring Impressionists, was denounced as a premeditated outrage, the invention of shifty faillites seeking pecuniary rewards. When they were convinced of this, the Jews' suspicion hardened into confirmed and eternal enmity."

An Artist's Rant

Mr. Craven brings to a close his summary and observation on the anti-Semitism in French life and the attitude of the French people toward the Jew. He had praised the work of a certain well-known French painter who thereupon wrote a letter reams long, the burden of which was that he was not against the Jews. "The exotic exaltation consumed, eleven paginated, the Semitic element had ruined the French tradition, the French people, French tradition, besmirched by vulgarity, that the Jew should try to paint was another proof of trivial insouciance. It was nothing; they had no imagination; and no culture. They were bad, but the Central-European, the Russian, the German, the English, the Modigliani, Pascin, E. F. Soutine, Epstein, and the puny Cubists not worth mentioning, Picasso was a Jew—he was a Jew—and therefore not an artist. The case was backed by the dealers and the critics were Jewish. He made a pogrom of it, much to the mediocrity—they were worse than the Americans. Was I an American? He could not bring himself to say

I have heard that Western critics of art has launched an attack on Mr. Craven on many occasions. He is accused of being anti-Semitic. I consider that charge ill-founded. His scathing remarks are made against the Jews, but not against the Jews against them as persons and as Jews. He makes a slight reference to Matias looking like Zborowski, the Polish who discovered and fought Magdalen, very much and very much, but he does not mention the movement in American art during the time of the Armory show in 1913, which was the prelude to the appearance of non-American art, but it is in fun rather than in ice. If Mr. Craven were not a Jew, he would not be so much more have written in such terms, but he has a high regard for high laudation as he calls of J. Epstein, whom he has one of the most beautiful things in the world. If Mr. Craven is anti-Semitic, it is anti-French and if he is anti anything, he is for the high art, and I am sure that his criticism is neither pro nor anti-Semitic.

Center Ends Semester

Children of the Jacob S. Center, the Bronx, ended spring semester with an open "The Royal Playmate," under direction of the Misses Celia

If Hitler Says So . . .



"At the risk of talking nonsense, I will say that the Nazis will stay in power for a thousand years."—Adolf Hitler.

CRITICAL MOMENTS

By **GEORGE JOEL**

Season Talk Starts

This is the time of year when all motion picture companies splash news of their attractions for the coming season. Paramount, Fox, Universal, Warner Brothers, RKO, Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer and the lesser concerns, are all convinced that each has a corner on the cinema attraction market. MGM has only a few of the fifty-two feature and 181 short subjects; RKO boasts that they have produced a score of popular books and a like number of successful plays, each one of which will be turned into a "sure fire box office attraction." Universal talks about 100 or more new feature films and 100 or more new shorts and hints on behind closed doors, which when opened will startle the cinema world.

[illegible]

dancers on the stage, is inveigled into a studio at a fabulous salary and then put into a picture, "Wonder Bar" where he does one show dance, and in black-face at the Fred Astaire, who has no peer as a dancer, suffered a like experience in "Flying Down to Rio."

per. Guy Lombardo's band is asked to do a picture and instead of allowing this fine combination to play a medley of tunes they are handed one or two numbers which they play until the audience is distracted.

A Favorite Pastime

Overworking stars is one of Hollywood's favorite and fondest misdeeds. It's a habit that's been appealing as slickly Temple climbs along and Shirley Trepalme comes out. The picture makes money, and the company makes money. It's a sure thing in every film it possibly can, without the result that she will start to lose her popularity before she has a chance to get it back. Shirley Trepalme, who made such a hit in "Little Women," was immediately thrown into a piece of tripe called "The Firebird." She was supposed to make a comeback if she wisely decided to return to the screen to retain her box office appeal. But she didn't. She was replaced by Charles Laughton, and other stars are the victims of this habit. Before one picture has fairly been made, the star is being dropped, announcing something new. That's why stars have such a short life in pictures. The same thing happens in the theatre. The star of the night only way to last in Hollywood is to be neither too good nor too bad. Mediocrity is the keynote of such success. We were given a label for the great majority of pictures that came from California.

Transatlantic

Merry-Go-Round'
Reliance announces that "Transatlantic Merry-Go-Round" is the title of its production featuring a cast of screen, stage and radio stars. In the cast will be Jack Benny, Nancy Carroll, Gene Raymond, Sydney Howard, Sid Silver and a host of lesser lights. Be-

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Hippodrome Gives A Russian Opera

**'Boris Godunoff' Will Be
Heard Thursday for
First Time**

Russian opera will be brought into the Hippodrome for the first time next Thursday evening when Alfredo Samlaggi will present Moussorgsky's "Boris Godunoff," with Max Panteleeff singing the title role. Eugene Plotnikoff will conduct. Another premiere of the week will be this Sunday's performance of Verdi's "Otello." Pedro Lafuente will be in the title role.

The week's programs, all in the evening, follow: Sunday, "Otello"; Monday, "Hansel and Gretel," and "Pagliacci"; Tuesday, "La Traviata"; Wednesday, "Aida"; Thursday, "Boris Godunoff"; Friday, "Tosca"; Saturday, "Otello," and Sunday (July 8), "Il Trovatore."

First Jewish Principal Of High School Named By Minneapolis Board

(J.D.B. Special Correspondence)
MINNEAPOLIS, June 27.—Albert M. Bank was named principal of North High School here today by the Board of Education. He succeeds Waldo W. Hobbs, former principal of the city's largest high school, who served in that office for forty-two years. Mr. Hobbs tendered his resignation to the Board last week.

Mr. Bank is the first Jew principal of a high school in Minneapolis. He is a graduate of the school, having received his diploma there in 1902 from Hobbs.

Rabbi Cohen Officiates At Center Installation

(Special to the J.D.B.)
MINEOLA, L. I., June 29.—Rabbi Bernard Cohen of Congregation Beth Shalom officiated at the installation of officers of the Mineola Jewish Center. The new

Benjamin Kaplan, president; Charles Z. Goldstein, vice-president; Dr. I. L. Seifer, second vice-president; Samuel Banks, treasurer; Henry Ross, secretary; Charles Weldy, Robert Joffe, Markowitz and Samuel Panitz, trustees. Rabbi M. Speier, Rockville Center, spoke.

Herbert Wilcox, production of British Dominions Pictures, is now on a visit to this country, he host at a special preview "Nell Gwyn," recently completed screen play, to be held at the Lyric Theatre Tuesday evening, 10. It will be followed by a formal reception.

Adapted by Miles Malleeson incidents in Pepys' Diary and directed by Wilcox, "Nell Gwyn" stars Anna Neagle and C. Hardwicke. The supporting includes Jeanne De Casalis, Percy, Helena Packard, Dorothy Robinson, Miles Malleeson and Renée Anderson.

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Jewish Life, Thought and Action in Books of the Day

Cardinal Faulhaber Repulses Nazi Drive on Old Testament

"JUDAISM, Christianity and Germany" is the title of the five sermons preached in St. Michael's Church in Munich by Cardinal Faulhaber on the four Sundays of Advent and on New Year's Eve last year and now published in translation by the English house of Burns Oates & Washbourne, Ltd., publishers to the Holy See.

These sermons are in essence a justification of the Old Testament, and particularly of the Mosaic code, not so much in themselves as of prophetic to be fulfilled with the coming of Christ and in the New Testament. The embarrassing Jewishness of Christ is maintained and justified and in the last of the five sermons Cardinal Faulhaber launches into an attack of the manners and the morals of the Cardinal as much as says, shall be construed as a whitewash for the Jews who came after Christ, or as a justification for the Jewish books not in the Old Testament, for these latter were not God-inspired, that inspiration passing over to the writers of the books of the New Testament. Nor, continues the Cardinal, shall modern Jews draw from his support of the Mosaic books aid and comfort. There are only oblique condemnations of the Nazi drive which the Nazis have indoctrinated Germany, although the Cardinal does admit that salvation continues a matter of faith rather than blood.

Church Was Jammed

That such sermons as these should have jammed the church in which they were given and even two neighboring churches which were to be connected by loud-speakers may give the non-German reader a notion of the extent to which un-ordained Germans could be stirred by the public statement of the least difference of opinion. Only a German reader, perhaps, could assay for us the amount of courage required to speak these sermons. It is not underrating the courage and integrity of Cardinal Faulhaber to say that for the non-German reader these sermons have an intense moral and political rather than theological.

Cardinal Faulhaber explains his

Jacob de Haas's Monumental History of the Land of Zion

PALESTINE: THE LAST TWO THOUSAND YEARS. By Jacob de Haas. The Macmillan Co., \$5.50.

Reviewed by Milton Steinberg, Rabbi, Park Avenue Synagogue; Author, "The Making of the Modern Jew."

He who sets himself to write the history of Palestine undertakes in effect a miniature history of Western civilization. For the story of the Holy Land is not the tale of one people or culture. In its telling are involved, in varying degrees, the records of all the nations of the Occident. Its history cannot be a compendium, familiar with the tongues and ways of all these inspiring peoples, of all these to describe the land itself. The author does this extremely well. The circumstances exhaust the difficulties which confront the would-be chronicler. He must reckon with

motivation for giving this series of sermons (considered important enough as news to be summarized by American correspondents at cable rates) in the first of his series.

"When racial research, in itself not a religious matter, makes war upon religion and attacks the foundations of Christianity; when antagonism to the Jews of the present day is extended to the sacred books of the Old Testament and Christianity is condemned because it has relations of origin with pre-Christian Judaism; when stones are cast at the Person of our Lord and Saviour; and this in the year in which we are celebrating the centenary of His work of Redemption, then the bishop cannot remain silent. And therefore I preach these Advent sermons on the Old Testament and its fulfillment in Christianity."

Faith Alone Blood

In discussing the permanent religious, ethical and social values of the Old Testament, Cardinal Faulhaber makes it plain, by implication, that he is no Jude-phobe, and that he is not asking his auditors to accept the Old Testament for itself, but only as a base for the New Testament. "By accepting these books (the Old Testament) Christianity does not become a Jewish religion. These books were not composed by Jews; they are inspired by the Holy Ghost, and therefore they are the word of God. Antagonism to the Jews of today must not be extended to the books of pre-Christian Judaism." He makes the point that the Old Testament was so much drawn upon by the makers of German literature that to disown it would be to disown "the intellectual history of our nation."

It is in this manner that the Cardinal takes his stand for faith, and not race or blood, as the test: "The question is not: Was Christ a Jew or an Aryan? It is: Are we members of Christ by baptism and by faith? . . . The Old Testament was founded upon the Jewish people. Christianity is founded upon the life of faith."

H. S.

the fact that the earliest history of Palestine is lost in the confusion of myth—a confusion further confounded by archaeological findings. He must grapple with recurrent "Dark Ages" in which the materials from which history is written are fragmentary or lacking altogether and must survey a vast secondary literature. In the light of all these considerations, it is easy to understand why the adequate general history of Palestine existed until Mr. de Haas published his work.

Authoritative History

Mr. de Haas is to be congratulated on his achievement. He has done successfully what no one had dared attempt before him. Equipped for scholarship, he has devoted thirty years of painstaking research to the study of a huge and bewilderingly variegated literature. The result is a monumental, authoritative history of Palestine from 63 B.C.E., when

Pompey subjected the Jews to Roman domination, to the issuance of the Churchill White Paper in 1922. The choice of the points of departure and conclusion are a bit arbitrary. In his preface Mr. de Haas explains his reluctance to treat with either Biblical or immediately contemporary sources. He wisely argues the difficulties which are implicit in both these extreme limits. It is regrettable, however, that in the interests of brevity, Mr. de Haas did not open his narrative three centuries earlier with Alexander the Great.

"The major emphasis of the book is on political movements but, wherever information is available, accounts of economic and social developments are included. The text is carefully documented throughout and is supported by references to a diversified bibliography." This book should prove to be the definitive history of Palestine. It should take its place alongside of those authoritative texts which serve as standard books of reference.

As a Lover of Zion

Mr. de Haas, however, is no pedant and his work is no dull tale of facts. He approaches his subject with all the intensity of a life-long "lover of Zion." He is acutely aware of the romance implicit in his material. He speaks of "the glamorous thread which easily obscures the sadder reality." He closes his text with the assertion: "The lure of Palestine has not waned, it waxes."

In consequence, the book is aglow with life, lucid and graceful in style and animated by a sense of drama and poetry. It intrigues as much as it instructs, and it is richly informative. The accounts of the Roman Era, of the Crusades and the Latin Kingdom, and of the intense Jewish politics centering about Palestine during the World War make fascinating reading. Even his best informed readers may learn to learn from Mr. de Haas, especially when he treats of obscure and neglected periods such as the Ommyyad and Abbassid Caliphates and that long stretch of confusion from the thirteenth to the nineteenth centuries. In brief, Mr. de Haas has compiled an encyclopedia of rare and unfamiliar information, which is also a saga.

Inaccuracies

This is not to say that "Palestine: The Last Two Thousand Years" does not suffer from limitations. For all its careful scholarship, it is sometimes inaccurate in the details. The following are typical instances of the trivial inaccuracies which occur from time to time. They are unimportant save that they are distracting in a book so obviously destined to be a standard reference. For example the Latin phrase quoted from Dio Cassius on page 87 is obviously incorrect; the decision reached by the rabbinic synod at Lydda (page 60) is misquoted. It is incorrect to say, as does Mr. de Haas (page 62), that Justin Martyr was executed for heresy. His Latin syntax allows for a *religio licita* but not a *religio licite*, and, on account of Eusebius, however brief, can afford to omit reference to his *Præparatio Evangelica*. The final separation of the Easter from the Passover by the Christian Church took place not in 193, as Mr. de Haas asserts, but at the Council of Nicea in 325.

Other limitations might be mentioned: Mr. de Haas' failure to exploit fully the wealth of material found in Talmudic literature; the fact that he sometimes crowds his text with facts that the reader's interest, so well sustained generally, is relaxed; and the glaring omission of any trace of a map. Compared, however, to the vastness of the achievement, these failings are insignificant.

gean stable of history can be pardoned for stray straws which have escaped his broom.

Author's Services

It should be observed finally that Mr. de Haas has performed a distinct service not alone to the general cause of scholarship but also to Jewry in particular. Between a people and its land an organic relationship exists. The land determines in great measure the character of the economy and polity of its inhabitants, thus molding their culture. It is, in brief, a determinant in the career of a nation. The sin of geographical determinism like Buckle and Ellsworth Huntington is not one of falsehood but of over-simplification and over-emphasis.

In the case of the Jew, the land played a typical role. It molded the early life of Israel and its culture. During the Galus, it continued its influence both as an object of the imagination and as a physical reality. In writing "Palestine: The Last Two Thousand Years" Mr. de Haas has done more than write a fascinating and objective book. He has also helped define and clarify a factor which has molded the Jew in the past and gives promise of remaking his life in the future.

Among the Literati

Mostly About People

Max Salop, who buys more than any one in the business, I got to duck the other day while he was out playing golf with partner. He is now coming half differently. It is conceivable that this head injury in no way affect Mr. Salop's judgment of what "re-der" to buy. . . .

Harold Strauss, just because one of the New York Times' Sunday book reviewers, has taken a place at Fire Island for the summer where he will be in the line of literary creation. . . .

(Continued on Page Eleven)

Book on Hassidism

Rabbi Jacob S. Minchin announces the completion of a book on Hassidism which will be published under the title "The History of Hassidism." The subject is treated from the biographical, historical and philosophical perspective.

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Zionist Head

(Special to the J.D.B.)
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., June 19.—Jews will be the first sufferers when "the powder barrel which Europe" explodes, and it is as a matter of fact, the duty of the Jewish people to rebuild the Jewish Nation Home in Palestine, Morris Rosenberg's report at the 17th annual convention of the Zionist Organization of America, Saturday at the Hotel Atlantic City.

There are more than 300,000 Jews in Palestine today as compared with 85,000 in 1921, the report declares. It is a comprehensive review of the agricultural, industrial and commercial growth of the Holy Land as well as a summary of the political situation of the Zionist movement and the relationship between the Jewish people and the British government.

Immigration Policy
Regarding Jewish immigrants who entered Palestine in 1933 numbered 30,327, according to Mr. Rosenberg. Commenting on the British government's immigration policy, the report states:

"A entire policy with respect to Jewish immigration in Palestine, existing at a time when the Jewish people is under the shadow of the tragedy which has befallen our brethren in Europe, and in which large numbers of Jews are suffering in other lands, too, is doubly disappointing and strangely unbecomingly un-Jewish. The continued expression of sympathy expressed by British statesmen at the massacre that has come to our people under all the circumstances, and which is the strongest reason for demanding a more just, not to a more generous attitude to Jewish immigration."

"The government also is criticized for not allotting enough to Jews the £2,500,000 loan to Palestine recently authorized by the British parliament. The report continues: "While not applying an active policy to the further Jewish development in accordance with the provisions of the mandate, the government appears to incline to view that its main task is that of looking after the interests of the Arabs. Its duty in that direction is of course undeniable, and is indeed no less important for the welfare of the country as a whole than that of the Jewish people. But the standard of life for the Arabs should be raised, but a policy based on such a one-sided exclusive line is hardly in accord with the spirit of the mandate. If persisted in, especially as it is reflected in the Jewish attitude toward the Jewish question, it must in the long run have serious effects on Jewish development in Palestine."

General Situation
Turning to the general Jewish situation, the report says: "When we met a year ago, the world had just had a year of peace and power in Germany. Its not only violence and tyranny had already stemmed and revolted the civilized world. In the year that has elapsed since the creation of the League of Nations, Germany has revealed all its stark and cruel features."

"Disaster in Germany has been a disaster in every other coun-

Palestine His Panacea



—Olip Gether Studio
MORRIS ROSENBERG

stricken land and divert the thoughts of hungry peasants from the economic conditions which oppress them—and Jews to the same extent. Already violence has become common. In other neighboring lands—if to a lesser extent—there is noticeable a rise in anti-Semitic propaganda and anti-Jewish activity. The powder barrel which is Europe is exploding first in the faces of the Jews."

"The only luminous spot on the Jewish horizon has been Palestine. The tempo of its rebuilding; its ability to absorb an appreciable portion of German Jews and other fleeing from hostile forces; its transformation of Jewish character and infusion of new courage into those who have entered Palestine have attracted the attention of Jews everywhere. Palestine today has but a small fraction of the Jewish population throughout the world; it is nonetheless a significant influence, not only for the refuge it has given to those within its borders, but also because it has shown to other Jews in many stricken lands a path to a new and brighter future."

"The progress in Palestine previously recorded has continued uninterrupted and the past year has been one of steady economic development. The investment of capital has grown considerably, resulting in an expansion of commerce, agriculture and industry. The influx of Jewish capital and the increased Jewish immigration and settlement were largely responsible for furthering addition in a world of economic disaster."

"During the year 1933 the Jewish population increased by approximately twenty-two per cent so that now the Jewish population is 245,000, although actually it is undoubtedly over 300,000."

Approximately 40,000 Jews came to Palestine during the past year. The proportion of immigrants arriving from different countries is as follows: 10,000 from Poland; 10,000 from Germany; 10,000 from Russia; 10,000 from France; 10,000 from the United States; 10,000 from other countries. This is to be recorded, despite the fact that a wholly inadequate number of certificates were granted to meet the tragic situation.

"While the number of capitalists entering in 1933 in possession of £1,000 or more numbered 3,250 as compared with 727 in 1932, they represented in both years approximately the same percentage of the total immigration."

"The proportion of immigrants under the Labor Schedule increased from 55.1 per cent of the total in 1932 to 64.5 per cent in 1933. On the other hand, the category of dependents on residents in Palestine was reduced from 13.3 per cent to 9.7 per cent of the total immigration. The number of skilled artisans who were admitted with a capital of £250 and over was again very small and totaled only 121 in 1933."

"The capital brought into the country by the 3,250 heads of families under Category 'A' amounted to the very minimum to £2,500,000, but investigation has shown that actually the total capital in their possession amounted to more than twice that figure, and is estimated to be about £7,000,000."

"During the year ending September 30, 1933, there was utilized by the various bodies associated with the Jewish Agency for Palestine the sum of \$477,000 contributed by the Jews of the world. The expenditures of the Keren Hayesod totaled \$168,000; of the Jewish National Fund, \$151,000; of the Hadassah Medical Organization,

\$65,000; of the Women's International Zionist Organization, £20,000; of the Hebrew University, £38,000; of the Haifa Technical Institute, £5,000.

German Find Haven
"The German situation has been a measure of Palestine's importance in meeting the refugee problem. With the gates of the world practically closed, with opportunities for gainful employment limited in those lands which have generously admitted refugees, Palestine has been alone in welcoming—not refugees—but immigrants."

"At the last report over 12,000 German Jews had already entered Palestine since the Hitler regime began its reign of terror in April, 1933. The Association of German Immigrants in Palestine, the Palestine Amt in Berlin and similar bodies have been important factors in regulating immigration and directing the activities of immigrants. Correlating the work of these various bodies has been the Central Bureau for the Settlement of German Jews in Palestine, headed by Dr. Chaim Weizmann."

Magnificent developments in Palestine. Mr. Rosenberg's report states, have overshadowed the activities of the Zionist movement in America, but he expresses satisfaction with the latter "in protecting and furthering her interests in Palestine. He says:

"It has been one of the deplorable phases of Jewish organizational life in the United States that the preponderant interest in Palestine and the Zionist ideal has not been adequately reflected in the numerical strength of the Zionist Organization. However, the power that is implicit in such direct support has given the Zionist Organization a background which it needs in safeguarding Palestinian interests."

Condition of Membership
Commenting on the condition of the membership, Mr. Rosenberg states:

"It is with a sense of satisfaction in the cooperation of Zionists

everywhere that I report upon the improved status of membership to this convention. For the past five years there had been a continually descending ratio of membership. This disastrous depletion of our ranks was stemmed in the year 1932-33. In 1933-34 there has been a reversal of this trend."

(Continued on Page Eleven)

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Liggett & Myers Give \$500 to Jewish Drive

The Liggett & Myers Tobacco Company has contributed \$500 to the United Jewish Appeal, according to an announcement from Julius Klorfein, the cigar and tobacco division of the campaign.

Although it was formed but recently, this group has already enlisted many leading figures in the industry for the participation in the campaign.

Greater New York's leading specialists have also formed a special committee headed by Theodore Elum. The "Dentists' Division" is a subsidiary of the Trades Council of the drive, which embraces more than thirty Jewish business and professional groups.

Palestine Jews Seek Aid of Polish Regime For Abraham Stavsky

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency) JERUSALEM, June 29.—The Jewish Association of Polish Jews, Ole Polania, today submitted a memorandum to the Polish Consul asking the Polish government to intervene with the British government in the interest of Abraham Stavsky, since he is a Polish citizen.

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency) TEL AVIV, June 29.—Yitzchak Meuchod, secretary of the Yehonah Club, notified today by local authorities that the paper would be closed down if it continued to publish "inciting" articles on the Stavsky case.

Hull Note Seen Forcing Change

(Continued from Page One) Germany's policies. He made clear the fact that Germany, instead of paying her obligations, has made foreign purchases of "material susceptible of military use."

Hull said that the "reduction in foreign trade brought about by the increase of trade barriers has increased Germany's difficulties in meeting its obligations."

The message clearly indicated that, while Germany adopted many policies, including persecution of the Jews, detrimental to itself in international affairs, the Hitler regime has taken no steps toward changing these policies to regain the good will of the other nations of the world.

The note to Germany is regarded in official Washington as one of the most critical in many years to a foreign government.

In many quarters it is suggested that it may prove to be the last standing force leading to a massing in Hitler Government policies.

What makes the note so significant is the fact that it is the first official question on the part of the United States to the Hitler's policies. This adverse expression crystallizes American opinion and in general expresses what other countries have wanted to say but for various reasons could not.

For the first time, the United States Ambassador to the note is given in Germany a greater force, expected to have the effect that Dr. Luther is familiar with the attitude of the United States.

Leib HaCohen Succeeds Father as Radium Rabbi

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency) WARSAW, June 29.—Rabbi Leib HaCohen, oldest son of the Leib HaCohen, chairman, Sanitary Polish Jews' Council, died last year in his own home in Poland in his 67th year. He was already an appointed rabbi of

Mosley Newspaper Praises the Jews

Cites Success of Rothschild Film as Proving Lack of Anti-Semitism in Isles

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency) LONDON, June 29.—Lord Rotherham's London Daily Mail, the children of Sir Oswald Mosley and his black-shirted Fascists, today published a fulsome panegyric on the achievements of the Jewish people.

The success of the film depicting the rise of the house of Rothschild, an American article of the fact that there is no anti-Semitism in England, the Daily Mail declared. If anti-Semitism had been a force in England the career of the great Disraeli would have been impossible, the Daily Mail said.

In view of the fact that Sir Oswald and his group have been repeatedly accused of being anti-Semitic, the Daily Mail article would appear to be an attempt to win the sympathy of British Jews.

Zionists Faced With Problems

(Continued from Page One) Jacob de Haas, Rabbi Louis I. Newman and Robert Solov.

Morris Rotherberg, president of the Z. O. A., is expected to urge a program for the organization here on a broader scale than heretofore, to include cultural and other activities not now within the scope of the organization.

Discussion on this point, which will be introduced by Mr. Rotherberg in his presidential address Sunday, will be led by Louis Lipsey, chairman of the American Palestine Convention and member of the Jewish Agency Executive; Abraham Goldberg, Jacob Fishkin, Dr. S. Margoshes, Israel Chiplin, A. H. F. Friedman, Rabbi Milton Steinberg, Charles Cowan and Rabbi Solomon Goldberg.

Other features of the convention will be an address by Felix M. Warburg, making his first appearance at a Zionist convention. Ludwig Jonckheere will address the convention of "The Re-education of the Jewish People." Dr. Stephen S. Wise will also speak on the subject of Zionism.

A visitor to the convention this year will be Berl Locker, member of the World Zionist Executive, who will be the leader of the Zionist movement.

Mr. Locker, who arrived here from Europe last week and addressed the Palestine Zionist convention in Chicago, will undoubtedly make a strong plea for the Labor viewpoint in the rebuilding of Palestine.

Tuesday with services commemorating the thirtieth anniversary of the death of Theodor Herzl, father of political Zionism.

Hitler Calls For Stahlhelm Quiz

(Continued from Page One) Paper, leader of the conservative forces, that there was complete unity in the Reich under the leadership of Hitler. He stated emphatically that despite all talk of the danger hovering over Germany's "struggling factions in the composition of the Reich's supreme council has yet to be resolved and Hitler still has to make the choice of discovering his radical Nazi comrades of the past year or of aligning himself definitely with them against the rapidly strengthening conservative element represented by von Papen, the army, the industrialists, the Reichswehr and the Stahlhelm.

rabbi of Radium for a short time. Before he retired from the ministry, he called a town meeting and asked the pardon of anyone whom he might have inadvertently harmed.

Labor Dearth Menaces Zion, Deputies Claim

Cunliffe-Lister Receives Delegation From Jewish Board

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency) LONDON, June 29.—The entire structure of Jewish colonization in Palestine is threatened by the grave deficiency of workers, a delegation from the Board of Jewish Deputies told the Colonial Ministry.

Reception of the delegation in the House of Commons by Sir Philip Cunliffe-Lister, Secretary of State for Colonial Affairs, accompanied by his Parliamentary private secretary, Capt. T. H. Dugdale, and by several other permanent officials of the Colonial Ministry, was announced today by the London Colonial Office.

Isadore Salmon introduced the Jewish group, whose other members included Dr. H. H. Weizmann, Dr. Feldman and David Goldsmid.

They presented a resolution passed by their Board on June 10, in which they regretted the expression over the Palestine government's decision on the last immigration's schedule.

The resolution calls attention to the ever-increasing shortage of labor, which it claims already has made apparent the schedule's inadequacy. The shortage is giving rise to deep anxiety, it declares.

Hits Entry Policy

The resolution points out further that the Immigration policy of the British Government is in great need to be in accord with the needs of neither the Holy Land itself nor of the great masses of Jewish laborers.

It calls particular attention to those Jews who are suffering the effects of discrimination and persecution in Germany, declaring that it is of the most vital importance that the doors of Palestine be opened to the widest possible extent for persons such as these.

The board asks that the government adopt the principle of permitting immigration into Palestine to the fullest extent within which the country is capable of absorbing fresh entrants.

The delegation informed the Ministry that it is the feeling of Palestinian and world Jewry that current labor schedules are inadequate for the absorptive capacity of the country, and that the government is unable fully to exploit the economic possibilities of its natural resources.

Youths Seek Entry

"The matter was dealt with in detail by the delegation at a session which a discussion ensued," the Colonial Office's statement said. "The speaker emphasized the fact that there are many specially trained youths awaiting permission to enter Palestine."

He was very glad to lister, "The speaker said that the government is anxious to give a full practical effect to the policy and principle which it is not under dispute."

The role of the nation must be governed by the economic absorptive capacity of the country," he declared. "The policy must rest as hitherto with the man on the spot—the High Commissioner. I plan to send a full account of this discussion."

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Comment After Session Here Friday

Private hearings of the McCormack Congressional Committee to investigate Nazi activities were held on Friday in the Bar Administration Building on West Forty-fourth street. They were scheduled to continue through Saturday.

Congressman Samuel Dickstein, it was reported, was the only member of the committee in attendance. Dickstein gave indication before the hearings that he would interrogate Communists with regard to their activities and support, particularly with respect to the Henry Street Settlement, which the representative recently branded as "a nest of Communist spies."

It is understood that a number of New York Nazi suspects have also brought before the congressional committee on Friday.

Nazis Threaten Boycott Battle

(Continued from Page One)

abroad were beginning to realize that the boycott was a two-edged weapon. Jewish leaders produced a leader said, "were endangering the economy of the countries where they were enjoying hospitality."

Zionists Deny Secret Parley

The story, carried by Der Angriff and describing with great solemnity the "raid" upon an alleged secret meeting of Jews gathered "treasonably," was completely refuted by the Berlin Zionist Federation, which declared that the meeting was merely a routine gathering of Zionist youth groups to discuss "past and future work of the youth groups." The meeting was halted by police before it opened and therefore never took place, the Zionist announcement stated.

A sharp reduction in maximum of the amount of cash which emigrants from Germany are allowed to take with them was ordered by the foreign exchange control department. In the future emigrants will be allowed to take with them 2,000 marks instead of the 10,000 hitherto permitted.

Exception will be made only in the case of emigrants going to Palestine, the exchange control department stated. Exports involving the trade agreements with the Palestine government will also be excepted, it was announced.

Boycott Responsible For Local Withdrawals

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency) LONDON, June 29.—The reduction in the amount of cash which emigrants are allowed to take out of Germany entirely due to the boycott of German goods, German officials declared.

The boycott was the principal subject of addresses made by three leading Nazi cabinet members. Minister of Economics Dr. Kurt Schmitt, Foreign Minister Baron Constantine von Neurath and Rüdiger von Winterfeldt, members of Adolf Hitler, declared at these mass meetings that if the boycott against Germany continues, German officials will be forced to shut out all foreign goods.

55 Students From Palestine Attended Columbia Since 1910

Fifty-five students from Palestine attended Columbia since 1910. The students, who were enrolled at the University since 1910, a survey reported by Dr. Frank D. Fackenthal, secretary of the University, showed that the total of 545-

Outlook For Jewish Immigration

A brilliant outlook for the Jewish immigration is being seen by the Zionist movement. The second session of the Zionist Congress, which opened in London on June 29, is expected to discuss the problem of Jewish immigration in detail.

The Zionist movement, which has been active in the United States since 1906, is expected to discuss the problem of Jewish immigration in detail. The Zionist movement, which has been active in the United States since 1906, is expected to discuss the problem of Jewish immigration in detail.

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