



## NOW

EDITORIAL NOTES  
By  
HERMAN BERNSTEIN

**Dr. Rubinow's Program**  
WE ARE publishing today extracts from the address by Dr. I. M. Rubinow, executive director of the B'nai B'rith, delivered before the National Conference of Jewish Social Service in Atlantic City. His paper, entitled "Methods of Dealing with Problems Affecting General and Jewish Community Relationships," contains a serious and important analysis of the problems confronting the Jewish people today and a number of proposed remedies. It is thus far the most comprehensive and sensible program outlined by the representative of any Jewish organization in America that we have seen.

Dr. Rubinow is a statistician and economist of note, the author of numerous authoritative works on sociological, economic, financial and political subjects. He was connected as expert with the Bureau of Statistics, United States Department of Agriculture and Department of Commerce and Labor, and was director of the Zionist medical unit in Palestine. He is also executive director of the Zionist Organization of America. He is intimately familiar with the various phases of the Jewish problem, and his suggestions are worthy of the most serious consideration.

**Nazi Humor**  
According to a report from Vienna, the German Nazis endeavored to prove that they have a sense of humor by broadcasting their "Achievements in German Humor." A German "Aryan" humorist, Charlie Roellinghoff, was entrusted with the task of furnishing characteristic examples of German humor. When the Nazis discovered at the last moment that most of the typical examples of German humor selected by Roellinghoff were the creations of German Jews, the broadcast was cancelled. A German comedy is primarily by itself, by Adolf L. Arronge, which was to be produced at the Berlin Lustspielhaus, was withdrawn when the authorities suddenly discovered that the author was not an "Aryan" and that his real name is Aronshon.

The only a sense of humor, but also a sense of shame, and a sense of honor. The Nazi drive against "non-Aryan" literature and art has served to make them ludicrous. Thus the Prussian Minister of Education tried to justify the suppression of the best of the best of our literary and artistic productions in Germany, by the following explanation:

The campaign is against the subjective factors determining racially characteristic ways of thinking and philosophy of life — i. e. against the "asphalt literature," which is primarily in-

## Corporal Osman Returns Home; Has Honorable Army Discharge

### Anti-Semitism Was Factor in His Conviction, Says B'hilyn Soldier

Charging that anti-Semitism had considerably to do with his conviction but too exhausted to discuss details, Corporal Robert Osman, who at the second trial recently on the charges of being a spy in the Canal Zone was acquitted, arrived yesterday on the government transport, Chateau Thierry and proceeded to the home of his parents at 995 Clarkson street, Brooklyn, for a rest.

An hour after arriving here he was honorably discharged from the U. S. Army and received \$450 in back pay. His discharge papers bore the notation "character very good." Great jubilation prevailed in the welcoming party as prior to the second trial Osman had commenced to serve the original sentence of twenty years at hard labor.

Osman is twenty-four years of age and enlisted in the army in 1920. His friendship with a girl named Fremia Karry, said to be a Communist, was among the principal reasons for suspicion against

## Triumphant



LOUIS WALDMAN  
him. The whole case was characterized by him yesterday as "a

(Continued on Page Eight)

## Widow Blamed Arab as Killer, Engineer Says

### Murder Trial Defense Challenges Testimony Of Mrs. Arlosoroff

(JERUSALEM, May 29.—A direct attack on the testimony of Mrs. Sima Arlosoroff, widow of Dr. Chaim Arlosoroff, for whose murder Abraham Slavsky and Zvi Rosenblatt are being tried, was made today by defense witnesses, who declared she had identified one of her husband's assassins as an Arab.

All through the preliminary investigation and during the trial Mrs. Arlosoroff remained steadfast in her testimony that she had

## Agudath Israel Meets in Warsaw

### Delegates From Ten Lands Attend First Convention Since 1929

(Warsaw, May 29.—The first all-Jewish world congress of the Agudath Israel in 1929, the world council of the orthodox Jewish organizations, opened in Warsaw. Delegates included Belgian, Czechoslovakian, Austrian, Dutch, English, Rumanian, Swiss, Polish and German representatives.

The German delegation included J. Rosenheim, Isak Bruer, R. A. Hoffman and many others. The Polish delegation included several famous Chasidic rabbis.

Deputy Rabbi Lewin, who delivered the opening speech, declared that while sorrow and per-

## Der Stuermer Published in Dutch Edition

### Funds From Berlin Believed Supporting New Broadside

(THE HAGUE, May 29.—A Dutch edition of Julius Streicher's bitterly anti-Semitic weekly Der Stuermer appeared here today. The paper, which it is believed was published with the aid of money from Germany, is written in a peculiar mixture of Dutch and German and contains virulent attacks on prominent Dutch Jews.

Immediate action against the paper is impossible because one house of the Dutch legislature has passed a bill prohibiting anti-Semitic incitement, followed by Minister Van Schaie. The bill

## Out of Reich When Hitler Came, He Kept Out, Mann Declares

One of the first things Thomas Mann, German novelist and Nobel Prize winner, did yesterday morning after sighting the never-before-seen skyline of New York from the deck of the Holland-America steamer, Volendam, was to make it plain to the reporters who had swarmed up from the revenue cutter that he had not been exiled from Germany by Hitler. His status, as he put it, was that of a German citizen who chooses to live in Switzerland.

Herr Mann, however, did not forbid you to reach your own conclusion that he was a voluntary exile from Hitler's Germany and

## Palestine Loan Passes Commons Second Reading

### One More Step Required Before Bill's Adoption; Colonel Josiah Wedgwood Charges Britain Has Broken Faith With Jews

(London, May 29.—A bill that will float the £2,000,000 loan in behalf of the Palestine government passed its second reading in the House of Commons today. Three readings are required for adoption.

The motion to pass the bill was made by Sir Philip Cunliffe-Lister, British Secretary of State for the Colonies, following a stormy debate which evoked from prominent members of the Commons violent reproach which condemned the British policies in the Holy Land.

Featured in the discussion was a statement by Colonel Josiah Wedgwood to the effect that Britain has broken faith with the Jewish people and that her present policies are contrary to promises made in the Balfour Declaration.

The £2,000,000 loan, which will be used chiefly in public works and in extending aid to landless Arabs in Palestine will, according to Colonel Wedgwood, lead to economic hardship for the very people whom it is intended to help.

## Jewish Rebuke Deters Soviet Synagogue Ban

### Vice-President Defers Investigation After Rabbis Protest

(MOSCOW, May 29.—A memorandum complaining that local authorities in the Soviet Union are infringing upon the Soviet constitutional guarantees of freedom of religion was submitted today to Peter Smidovich, vice-president of the Soviet Union, by a Jewish delegation from Dnieperpetrovsk headed by Rabbi Lewis Schneiderman and Aron Lischoff.

The Jewish delegation cited the fact that local authorities have closed synagogues in Odessa, Kiev, Baku and Dnieperpetrovsk.

Synagogue closures in Dnieperpetrovsk were termed "starring" by the delegation in view of the fact that there are only three small synagogues in a city containing 10,000 Jews, of whom 1,000 are still able to practice religion.

Albert Fuchs, representative of the Moscow Jewish community, also appeared to Vice-President

## North German Losses \$11,000 Last Year

(Berlin, May 29.—The North German Lloyd line lost \$11,000 during last year and threatened with a loss of an equal sum during 1934, Karl Lindemann, chairman of the line, said in a general meeting of the company today.

"We will only be able to reach a solution of world trade when currencies are stable," Herr Lindemann declared.

### Lodge to Hold Rites for Jews Of Revolution

### B'nai B'rith Plans Service at Graves of 15 Heroes

Graves of fifteen Jewish Revolutionary War patriots will be dedicated tomorrow at the cemetery of Congregation Shearith Israel by members of the New York lodge of B'nai B'rith.

The cemetery, located at Chatham square near Oliver street, was given by the Dutch governor, Peter Stuyvesant, to the congregation. It is the oldest cemetery in the city, dating back to 1658.

Rabbi David de Sola Pool, spiritual leader of the congregation, which is also known as the Spanish and Portuguese Synagogue, will read the memorial service. Speakers will include Myron Solzberger Jr., president of the lodge; Dr. Harold Krom, vice-president, and Captain N. Taylor Phillips, president of the congregation. Members of the Finkenau Cooper troop will also participate.

### Scholarship Open To Avukah School

### Summer Classes Will Be Held At Glen County Lodge Near Port Jervis

Ten scholarships to the fifth annual Avukah summer school will be awarded this year to qualified Jewish students in ten American universities, according to an announcement by Rabbi Milton Steinberg of the Port Jervis Synagogue, chairman of the national scholarship committee of Avukah, American Zionist Federation.

The school will be held at Glen County Lodge, Glen Spey, near Port Jervis, N. Y., from June 20 to July 3. Courses and lectures will be given by Jewish scholars and leaders. The program is planned to give students a survey of the Zionist movement and current Jewish problems.

### Long Island Temple Women Observe 25th Anniversary

(Special to the J.D.B.) LAWRENCE, N. Y., May 20.—The Women's Auxiliary of the Temple Israel observed its twenty-fifth anniversary with a luncheon at the temple's social hall. The function was attended by 300 women, including delegates from sisterhoods and auxiliaries representing temples in the Manhattan, Brooklyn and Queens sections of New York City.

Mrs. Julius Joseph retired as president after eight years of service. She was succeeded by Mrs. Harry Zalkin.

### Holiday No Check To Brooklyn Drive

### Federation Women Move at Top Speed as Campaign Nears End

Despite the Memorial Day holiday today several hundred women worked at top speed in a last-minute effort to add ten thousand contributors to the \$500,000 twenty-fifth anniversary campaign of the Brooklyn Federation of Jewish Charities. The drive ends tomorrow.

At the final luncheon and report meeting tomorrow in the main dining room of the Abraham and Strauss stores, district chairman and team captains will turn in their lists. Speakers will include S. Louis Mitchell May and County Judge Algernon W. Mrs. Nathan L. Goldstein will preside.

### 14,000 Workers to Aid In Intensive Campaign On Annual Flower Day

More than 14,000 volunteers will conduct the sale of flowers for the benefit of the Jewish National Council Saturday evening and all day Sunday on the occasion of the twenty-first annual Palestine Flower Day. It was announced yesterday by Leo Wolfson, chairman of the Jewish National Fund Council for Greater New York.

More than 2,000 members of one hundred units and branches of the Zionist movement of the following organizations will participate: Hashomer Hatzair, Masada, Young Pioneers, Mirachi Youth, Junior Hadassah, Avukah, Young Pioneers, Women, Mirachi Women, Hadassah, Zionist District clubs, Kerem Kayemeth Volunteer League, League of Jewish Youth and Brith Trumpelder.

### Children's Home Board Pays Mark of Tribute To Institution's Head

G. Richard Davis, builder, was honored at a meeting of the directors of the Convalescent Home for Hebrew Children, held in the group's headquarters, Rockaway Park.

As a mark of tribute to Mr. Davis for his completion of fifteen years' service to the home as its president, the board of directors, the board presided to the home a large oil portrait of him.

Dr. Maximilian Toch, honorary president, made the presentation address.

### Newark Synagogue Plans Erection of \$125,000 Building

(Special to the J.D.B.) NEWARK, N. J., May 20.—Celebrating its fifteenth anniversary, the Newark Synagogue, one of the foremost orthodox units in the State, announced plans for the erection of a new \$125,000 house of worship with a seating capacity of about 2,200. The building will have a seating capacity of about 2,200. The building will have recreational facilities as well as other conveniences. Among the speakers at the anniversary dinner were Rabbi Hyman Brodsky, spiritual leader emeritus and Rabbi Joseph Konvis, president of the Union of Orthodox Rabbis of the United States and Canada.

### Aspires to Sheriff's Badge

(Special to the J.D.B.) MINNOLLA, L. I., May 20.—Maurice Cohen, Nassau County County Clerk, is running for sheriff of the Democratic nomination for Sheriff.

### Ku Klux Klan Active In New Jersey Again

(Special to the J.D.B.) HASKOYICK FORESTS, N. J., May 20.—The burning of crosses, long associated with Ku Klux Klan activities, turned up again in the section.

A huge flaming cross was observed on the side of a hill just back of a restaurant being operated by a Jackson-born Negro, former world's heavyweight boxing champion, The Ku Klux Klan is claimed responsible for the cross.

### Points to Record Of Jews in War

### Rabbi Newman Views Vets as Symbolizing Contribution to America

American Jewish war veterans are symbols of Jewish contributions to American life, declared Rabbi Louis I. Newman of Congregation Lodge Shalom in an address yesterday before the Sidney Rosenberg Post of the American Legion, at the Unity Club, Brooklyn.

Reading a commentary upon the crisis in which we live," Rabbi Newman said, "that the record of Jews should be held so important. The men who were the patriots of the republic are public officials, professional men, business and communal leaders, who prefer to enhance the life of America through peaceful and civilian activities.

"But the canons of judgment which Hitlerism has imposed not only upon Germany, but upon other nations, have made it essential that Jews indicate that they are always been ready, if need be, to offer up their lives on the battlefield for their country."

### Sweeder to Advocate CWA Division to Aid Unemployed Lawyers

Creation of a works division of the CWA for unemployed lawyers will be urged by Municipal Court Justice Nathan Sweeder at a luncheon of the presidents of the Bar Associations in the five New York counties to be held at the Lawyers' Club, 115 Broadway, on June 8. Among those who have accepted the invitation to attend are:

Herman Bachrach, president of the Brooklyn Bar Association; Meyer Levy, president of the Bronx County Lawyers Association.

Julius F. Newman, president of the Queens County Bar Association, and Supreme Court Justice Mitchell May, president of the Union Federation of Jewish Charities.

### Jewish Council Studies Problems of Education

Problems of Jewish communal organization, research and adult education were taken up by the Jewish Council of Greater New York in a special conference at Roosevelt's Restaurant, 147 West Forty-third street, with representatives of forty-five Jewish organizations present.

Abraham Goldberg analyzed the lack of unity among Jews in New York and stressed the need for coordinated adult education.

Other speakers were: Rabbi A. H. Heller, Harold M. Phillips, Carl Sherman, Meyer Levy, Morris Karmel, Rabbi Aaron Lefkowitz and Sylvia R. Cowan. Bernard G. Richards, city councilman, presided.

### Fellowship Giving Brotherhood Kulan Testimonial

### Brooklyn Big Sister and Big Brother Committee Plans Dinner

The Fellowship Committee of the Brooklyn Jewish Big Brother and Big Sister Association will tender a testimonial dinner to its chairman, Daniel Kohan, tomorrow night at Peter's Tavern, 217 Fulton street, Brooklyn.

Among those invited are: Dr. David L. Seder, president of the Boy's Vocational Division of the NRA; Magistrate Sylvester Sabatino, leader of the Catholic Big Brothers; Rabbi Leon Hurwitz; Samuel Pepler, Thomas G. Ryan, John J. Dorman, Justices Joseph Fennelly, Murray Hearn and Jacob S. Strick; Magistrate Joseph Blumstein; Murray Hoffstaeter, executive secretary of the association.

Albert D. Scherzer will be toastmaster and Siegfried Sommerfeld is in charge of arrangements.

### Synagogue Awards Annual Prizes to Congregation Members

Rabbi Philip Goodman and Abraham Bernstein, executive directors of the Institutional Synagogue, 37-48 West 116th street, announced prizes awarded annually for various activities of the congregation's members.

Moë Greengart, winner in the Jewish Essay Contest, received a silver medal. In the Shabbath question contest J. M. Goldstein, the winner, was given a copy of "Ethical Judaism" by Home Reading, by Rabbi Herbert S. Goldstein, spiritual leader of the synagogue.

Dr. Irving Lubove was the recipient of a medal for "distinguished medical service." The Acme Girls Club won a plaque for winning the one-act play contest in which honorable mention went to the Tranquility Club and the Semphils Club. The Veranties received a plaque for capturing the basketball championship.

Speakers included Rabbi Goldstein, former Congressman Isaac Siegel, president of the congregation.

### Bronx League to Start Class in Naturalization

A weekly class in naturalization will be inaugurated by the Bronx Jewish Civic League, 888 Prospect avenue, on the evening of June 7, it was announced yesterday.

Lectures on history and civics, prepared by the league, will be given by four instructors each Thursday evening. The instructors will be Arthur M. Eisner, Benjamin M. Cohen, Teddy Kainza and M. R. Bernhardt.

### Maryland Veterans Will Honor Patriot Who Fought Bigotry

(Special to the J.D.B.) BALTIMORE, Md., May 20.—The Maccaean Post of the American Legion will sponsor a pilgrimage to the grave of Thomas Kenney, early Maryland patriot, at Hagerstown on Sunday, June 24.

While a member of the State Sons of the American Revolution, Kenney fought to gain for Jews and Catholics the right to hold public office. The committee of which State Senator E. Milton Alfild is chairman, has invited Gov. Albert W. Wise of Maryland; United States Senator Millard E. Tydings of Maryland; United States Senator William H. King, of Utah, and Rabbi Stephen S. Wise, of the Free Synagogue, New York City, to speak at the ceremonies.

### Rally Will Hail New Unionism In Biro-Bidjan

### 114 Organizations to Be Represented at Garden Saturday

Representatives of 114 organizations are expected to participate in a mass meeting at Madison Square Garden Saturday evening to celebrate the granting of autonomy to Biro-Bidjan, the Jewish colonization territory in Eastern Asia.

Speakers at the meeting, which is sponsored by the ICOB (Association for Jewish Colonization in the Soviet Union), will include Hyman, president of the Needle Trades Workers Industrial Union; Herbert Goldkrain, national secretary of the Friends of the Soviet Union; and Earl Browder, secretary of the American Communist Party. S. Almazov, secretary of the ICOB, will preside.

Toscha Seidel, violinist, and the Freilich chorus of 300 voices will give a musical program. In a statement issued yesterday, sponsors of the affair pointed out the benefits to Jewry from the Russian government's grant of autonomy to the district. "Ten thousand Jewish toilers are engaged in active pioneering in Biro-Bidjan," the statement asserts, "and 10,000 more will be settled there in the course of this year."

### Funeral Services For Tillie Tauszig

### Chemist's Widow Succumbed on Sunday in Her 78th Year

Funeral services for Mrs. Tillie Tauszig were held yesterday morning at the Universal Funeral Home, 444 Lexington avenue and Fifty-second street, with interment afterwards in the Union Fields Cemetery, Brooklyn. Rabbi Isaac Newman and the Temple Rodef Shalom officiated, assisted by the Rev. Martin Melzoff.

Mrs. Tauszig, who was the widow of Nicholas Tauszig, chemist, died at her residence, 409 West 114th street, last Sunday, in her seventy-eighth year. She was long active in the welfare projects of the Temple Rodef Shalom, of which her father, the late Joseph Wolf, was a founder.

Survivors include a son, Douglas N. Tauszig; two sisters, Mrs. Emanuel Strauss and Mrs. Isaac Wolf, and brother-in-law, Jacob C. Wolf, all of New York.

### N. Y. U. Scholarships Go to Jewish Students

Nineteen Jewish students were among the ninety-two who received scholarships from the New York University School of Retailing for the academic year 1934-1935, according to an announcement yesterday by Harold O. Voorhis, secretary of the University.

### Manheim to Speak

Rabbi Edward S. Manheim will speak at memorial services of the Allied Veterans of Foreign Wars at a Winthrop park, Brooklyn, this afternoon. Dr. Manheim will be, "The Price of War—Hitler To-day and Peace Tomorrow."

### Cadet to Win Stripes

(Special to the J.D.B.) PASSAIC, N. J., May 20.—Irving Bunclick, this city, will be graduated from the United States Naval Academy, at West Point, this week.

**JEWISH DAILY BULLETIN**  
 Published every day in the week except Saturday and Jewish holidays  
 by JEWISH DAILY BULLETIN, INC.  
 325 WEST 42ND STREET, N. Y.  
 Telephone CANAL 4-5553  
 JACOB LADAR, President  
 MORRIS BERNHEIMER, Editor  
 Member of Jewish Telegraphic Agency  
 London—London House, Fleet Street  
 Berlin—K. H. Rostkampfer  
 Warsaw—Jewish Community Center  
 Jerusalem—Jewish Community Center  
 Daily rate: 10c  
 Weekly rate: \$2.50  
 Entered as second-class matter Nov. 24, 1927, under Act of March 3, 1979, N. Y., under the Act of March 3, 1979.

# B'nai B'rith Women Mark 25th Birthday

## 10,000 Members Over U. S. Hold Anniversary Celebrations

(Special to the J.D.B.)  
CINCINNATI, O., May 29.—More than 10,000 Jewish women, who are members of B'nai B'rith Women's Auxiliaries in one hundred cities from coast to coast, are celebrating in this district the twenty-fifth anniversary of their organization.

The first B'nai B'rith Women's Auxiliary was founded in San Francisco in 1909, sixty-six years ago after the order was established. As the women's movement grew, a district organization, patterned after that of the men, was formed by them in District No. 4, the Pacific Coast region. Later a similar district organization was founded in No. 1 New York and New England—and two years ago District No. 6—the north Middle-west followed suit. Only this month at the St. Louis convention of District No. 4, the Women's District Grand Lodge No. 2 was established.

New auxiliaries are being founded rapidly. Within the past few months they have been organized in Detroit, Aberdeen, Wash., Beloit, Wis., Wichita, Kan., and several other cities.

A new Auxiliary in Columbus, Ohio, with seventy founders, was established yesterday.

At a luncheon in Los Angeles the officers' conference of Southern California B'nai B'rith Auxiliaries will present a pageant depicting various phases of B'nai B'rith work in honor of the auxiliary movement's silver jubilee. On June 13 San Francisco Auxiliary No. 1, the original group, will celebrate. Similar celebrations are being held throughout the country.

New York and Chicago have the greatest number of auxiliaries—six in each city. In sparsely populated sections of the country it requires six cities to furnish membership for one auxiliary.

## Rabbi Wise Accepts Invitation to Speak in Bluefield, W. Va.

(Special to the J.D.B.)  
BLUEFIELD, W. Va., May 29.—Rabbi Stephen S. Wise has accepted an invitation to speak at the Bluefield Association of Jewish Credit Men's annual dinner Thursday evening.

Afterwards he will address the graduating class of Beava High School. On Friday morning he will speak to students of Concord College, Athens, as the final lecture of a Lyceum course at that institution.

## Roanoke Will Honor Rabbi Stephen S. Wise

(Special to the J.D.B.)  
ROANOKE, Va., May 29.—The degree of doctor of letters will be conferred on Rabbi Stephen S. Wise at the First Synagogue, New York City, by Roanoke College at the institution's eighty-first commencement exercises on June 4.

Dr. Charles J. Dennis, president of Roanoke, made the announcement yesterday. He also said that Rabbi Wise will make the principal address to the graduates at the exercises.

## Hadassah President to Talk Of Palestine in Broadcast

Mrs. Samuel W. Halprin, national president of Hadassah, will talk on present-day developments in Palestine in a broadcast from Station WJLB on June 7 from 11:15 to 11:30 A. M.

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## Writer Discusses Possibility Abdullah Will Rule Palestine

### Many Observers See Gradual English Tendency to Create Arab Government in Holy Land Commentator States

(J.T.A. Special Correspondence)  
VIENNA, May 29.—A recent edition of the Neue Freie Presse contains a very extensive discussion entitled "An Arab King for Palestine?" The article is written by the newspaper's Jerusalem correspondent, Ernst Davis, who goes into great detail about the alleged ambitions of Emir Abdullah of Transjordan, to become ruler of Palestine and holder of the British mandatory power.

Davis declares at the outset of his report that the idea that Emir Abdullah, descendant of Mohammed, would succeed the throne of David, the son of Jesse, in Jerusalem appears wholly fantastic. Nevertheless, many fantastic and improbable things have happened since the great war, things which shortly before would have been thought impossible by everyone. After describing the career of Abdullah, until he became Emir of Transjordan, Davis continues:

### Emir Long Ambitious

"Even during the negotiations with England about his installation in Transjordan he indicated that he also aspires to Western Jordan. He tried in every way to win the sympathy of the various parts of the population. At the beginning of last year he gave the Jews an option on long-term leasing of Transjordanian crown lands by Jewish settlers. At the end of last year he intervened for the Palestinian Arabs during the Jaffa demonstration. His followers influence the Jews, as far as can be ascertained, by the promise that when he is crowned he will recognize the Balfour Declaration, while

the Arabs are told that the fulfillment of the Declaration can then no longer be English, but would be entrusted to him, that is, to Arab hands.

"But it depends more upon the fulfillment than upon the recognition, as the Jews have also learned in the decade and a half of public life. True, Abdullah can argue with the English in two ways: First there is the chance to make a treaty about the annulment of the mandate with a ruler recognized officially as sovereign of the whole Palestine mandate territory, to which Transjordan also belongs, as they did with King Faisal of Iraq. In that way England would be relieved of the control of the League of Nations and of all possibility of intervention from other powers. But at the same time it would be assured of actual rule of the land by the provisions of the treaty. In the second place, England would no longer have to disassociate itself, self-deprecatingly, from the movement for Jewish repatriation. But Abdullah could mean an advantage to England only provided he could succeed in obtaining the mutual approval of Jews and Arabs on his candidacy, and thus free England of the danger of a general Jewish opposition, which would threaten it if the administration of the country were yielded to an Arab government.

### Political Changes Imminent

"Under these circumstances," Davis continues, "one can give credence to the official reports emanating from both the Jewish and the English side, to the effect that the coronation of Abdullah as King

of Palestine next June is out of the question. But that political and constitutional changes are imminent, changes which should have a great influence upon the future of the Jewish national home, is just as certain. Between Jewish and Arab leaders there is talk about the setting aside of the conflict which has been separating the two nations. These conferences are secret. Naturally, it is difficult to foretell how they will end. England is planning the introduction of a legislative council which would be composed in accordance with the present-day population distribution (which was artificially created) but which would in addition contain enough government officials to insure England's having the decisive position between the Jews and the Arabs.

"Many see in this the first step towards the creation of a parlia-

# Bomb Wrecks Polish Zionist Hall in Poland

## Watchman Injured; All Records Wiped Out; Police Investigate

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)  
LWOW, Poland, May 29.—A bomb was exploded on the premises of the Zionist organization here yesterday. The watchman was seriously wounded and the conflagration caused by the bomb completely wrecked the building and all the Zionist records it contained.

The bomb was said by police to have been placed there by an unidentified individual who despatched letters to Zionist officials. The police opinion is that the culprit belonged to the Hitachduth group, which blames the General Zionists for their exclusion from the municipal elections.

Zionist officers, however, discount the police theory, particularly in view of the fact that the local elections were accompanied by anti-Jewish acts on the part of the Endek anti-Semites, who wounded several Jews in various districts of Lwow.

This opinion is based upon the Arabization of the administration, already begun. The post of second-highest judicial official, heretofore held by an Englishman, has been relinquished to an Arab. The post of Attorney General, formerly held by a Jewish barrister of international renown, was turned over to an Englishman a while ago. Now the hour has struck for the Director of Immigration, who will shortly be replaced by an Englishman. There is talk of conferring a high post, the chief secretary of the General Administration of the country to an Arab. The naming of an Arab as Private Secretary to the High Commissioner has already come to pass. This tendency is also evident in the municipal administration of Jerusalem, where a short time ago the director of water supply was dismissed. The new municipal law is so planned as to insure an Arab majority in the municipal administration, although the Jews constitute sixty per cent of the inhabitants and a still higher percentage among the taxpayers.

"In many circles all these phenomena are taken to be an indication that England is working for the gradual creation of an Arab government, with which it would try to bring about the administration or control it in some other fashion."

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# Could Defend Jewish Institutions

## Atlantic City Conclave Hears New York Hospital Director

### Joint Diseases Experts Opines Segregation Is Desirable

(Special to the D.B.)  
 ATLANTIC CITY, May 20.—A vigorous defense of Jewish health institutions for Jews was uttered here today by Dr. Jacob J. Golub, director of the Hospital for Joint Diseases, New York, speaking in a general session of the National Conference of Jewish Social Service. The session was part of the joint four-day convention at the Hotel St. Charles of that group, the National Association of Jewish Social Workers, and the National Council for Jewish Education.

"It is traditional with the Jew to have his own place wherever he dwells," Dr. Golub declared. "It is one of the many ways in which he gives self-expression to his cultural and philanthropic strivings."

**Segregated by Others**  
 Outlining the various arguments put up against such special institutions for Jews, Dr. Golub declared:

"Whether Jews will or will not segregate themselves, others have segregated them and we must continue to do so in the future. Now, more than ever, efforts to assimilate the Jews have become hopeless."

Dr. Abraham Epstein of the American Association for Social Security, who presided for the inauguration of a system of compulsory contributory insurance for workers in New York, also gave a deviation in most countries abroad."

Mr. Epstein spoke during the afternoon in a discussion on "A Community Program for Care of Jewish Aged," under the chairmanship of I. M. Rubinow, executive secretary of the B'nai B'rith. Other speakers during the day included:

Charles F. Wilinsky, Beth Israel Hospital, Boston; Michael M. Davis, Jewish Community Center, Philadelphia; Blanche Ruzick, Jewish Federation, New York; Mrs. Alice M. Brennan, Brooklyn; Francis Bardwell, Massachusetts Bureau of Old Age Assistance; Mrs. William G. Levi, Home for Aged and Infirm Hebrews, New York; Dr. Ernest F. Bass, New York; Mrs. Bernstein, Hebrew Orphan Asylum, New York.

Prof. Marks Nathan Jewish Orphan Home, Chicago; Aaron D. Faber, Hebrew Home for the Aged, Houston; Leela L. Galsburg, Hebrew Orphan Asylum, Denver; Mrs. Josephine J. Weis, Jewish Orphanage of Providence, R. I.; Rose Chinitz, Jewish Home for the Friendless, Philadelphia; Mrs. Josephine H. Weis, Hebrew Orphan Asylum, New York; Mrs. Josephine H. Weis, Hebrew Home for the Aged and Infirm Israelites, Philadelphia.

Dr. Frederick Zennaro, Home for Aged and Infirm Hebrews, New York; Ludwig B. Bernstein, Federation of Jewish Charities, New York; Charles Rosenblum, Federation of Jewish Philanthropies, Pittsburgh; Dr. Chas. L. Leonard, Jewish Welfare Board, New York; Aaron Robinson, Board of Jewish Education, Philadelphia; F. Meisler, Philadelphia; Emanuel Goman, Commission on Jewish Education, New York.

**A Business Ends Today**  
 The day's session of the National Association of Jewish Social Workers was held during the morning at the Hotel St. Charles. The National Council for Jewish Education met in business session in the afternoon. The convention will close tomorrow with a business session of the National Conference of

### Jewish Health Service

By DR. JACOB J. GOLUB  
 Director, Hospital for Joint Diseases, New York

Assuming that for many years to come, government divisions will not entirely take over the health and hospital service, the question may be rightfully asked: Why should Jews try to keep Jewish health? It is already known, for example, that more Jews are treated in non-Jewish hospitals and dispensaries than in institutions controlled by Jews.

The same could not be said with reference to private practice. It is believed that Jewish physicians and dentists are not as numerous as the Jewish population. Although non-Jewish physicians have no negligible amount of Jewish patients, the number of non-Jewish patients treated by Jewish physicians may be regarded as relatively small.

In the case of hospitals it cannot be said that the largest cities were without Jewish hospitals, there would result an insufficient number of beds for the community's problem of health service. It has been reported that there has been for several years, and there are now, a larger number of beds than can be utilized.

The question is much different in dispensary service. While there are numerous types of out-patient department facilities, the load of patients in them is heavy, and it is possible that in some large dispensaries, should such ever come about, thousands would turn to the existing overworked, under-manned, and physically inadequate municipal and non-Jewish dispensaries already conducted at large deficits.

**What Price Treatment?**  
 One might ask: What price do the Jews pay for their health and hospital service? The Bureau of Jewish Social Research reports that for the year 1932, fifteen federations spent 32.4 per cent of their total for health service. This represents the largest single functional expenditure among a dozen activities supported by these federations.

It is safe to say that of whatever Jews contribute toward conservation and maintenance of charitable institutions, at least one-third goes toward health and hospital service.

It is not without reason that the relative position of health and hospital service in the entire welfare picture of some organizations regarded as a high one.

It is "traditional with the Jew to have his own institutions, wherever he dwells. It is especially true in those ways in which he gives self-expression to his cultural and philanthropic strivings."

**Environment Congenial**  
 Since the program is mutual, it is natural that Jewish institutions form a congenial Jewish environment for Jews. They find in them men, women, things, and attitudes which are congenial to which they are accustomed. The hospital is a good example.

### For Economic Welfare

#### Defends Bulletin

2. **Defamation of Infamation**  
 The Jewish Daily Bulletin, "Today," the Anglo-Jewish press and many other Jewish publications daily, weekly and monthly have been made available to the Jewish as well as general public. There is some difference of opinion as to the wisdom of throwing up the information obtained. With a masochistic tendency, perhaps characteristically Jewish, we love to read of our troubles in Galuth and perhaps grossly exaggerate them. On the other hand by a process of psychologic compensation against this tendency many of us show a desire to hide the truth. "I would give the Jewish Daily Bulletin all the money they ask," quotes a Southern leader, "but for suppression, not for publication of this sheet. It serves as a continuous reminder to the Gentile that the Jews are being discriminated against and cruelly exploited not only in Germany but throughout the world. What better defense does Hitler need?"

A thoroughly infantile sentiment, for no policy of desecration is possible unless it is aware of the situation. Besides any effort to place a cloak of respectability on a public scandal to an even more alarming exaggration.

### Communal Work Among Jews

By I. M. RUBINOW  
 Executive Secretary, B'nai B'rith

There is a Jewish problem in the United States. Until comparatively recently this assertion would have been resented with considerable bitterness by a substantial proportion of Jewish leadership in the United States.

**A Link in the Chain**  
 Whatever the changing manifestation of the problem may be, fundamentally it is a question of relations between the Jewish group in America, the four and a half million of them, and the world of 120 million Gentiles surrounding them.

This defined, the Jewish problem finds its definite place in the domain of sociological theory. It is a link in the chain of group relations, beginning with tribal wars of primitive society and world conflicts embracing sometimes all of humanity. But a mere classification of the problem, its assignment to its proper niche, may satisfy the theoretical sociologist. It does not meet the situation. Something more than definition, classification or description or even explanation of a problem is what living society expects.

What humanity wants is a solution, not merely an abstract ideal on the horizon but a roadway to it. The study of the problem may begin with a mere explanation. It must end with a program. What can we do to solve the Jewish problem in the United States or wherever else on the assumption that a solution is not only necessary but possible. What can and must we do? That is the practical question. It is especially noteworthy wording of the theme to which tonight's discussion is devoted.

Obviously any effort to outline a social program or even more modestly a course of immediate action must reckon with various steps already taken or suggested.

The course of events in Germany during the last ten years offers a significant warning that the anti-Semitic movement cannot be regarded as a passing phase, but of existence no matter how preposterous it is and its theoretical

promises may appear to be. Apparently there is no inclination on the part of American Jewry to disregard it.

With a masochistic tendency, perhaps characteristically Jewish, we love to read of our troubles in Galuth and perhaps grossly exaggerate them. On the other hand by a process of psychologic compensation against this tendency many of us show a desire to hide the truth. "I would give the Jewish Daily Bulletin all the money they ask," quotes a Southern leader, "but for suppression, not for publication of this sheet. It serves as a continuous reminder to the Gentile that the Jews are being discriminated against and cruelly exploited not only in Germany but throughout the world. What better defense does Hitler need?"

A thoroughly infantile sentiment, for no policy of desecration is possible unless it is aware of the situation. Besides any effort to place a cloak of respectability on a public scandal to an even more alarming exaggration.

**Broad Knowledge Needed**  
 3. **Counter-propaganda.**  
 The situation of anti-Semitic movement is complicated. Its most passive instrument may be classified as "defamation" of Jewish character in the past, present and future. The main mechanism is a proposal of measures against the Jew, either legal expulsion, restriction of legal rights or extra legal measures such as to isolation, discrimination, social or economic, (boycotts) or in extreme cases to direct physical attacks (Russian pogroms of German atrocities).

The necessity for counter-propaganda is recognized. Its organization leaves much to be desired. The organization is not undoubtably the most extensive experience but its resources are too limited. On the other hand a large number of competing or at large independent organizations have sprung up, hundreds of committees and in addition thousands of inter-Jewish St. Michaels ready to undertake the slaying of the dragon.

It is assumed that every literary or even every literate Jew, and certainly every Jewish attorney or lawyer, should be active in this. The long and short of it is that they are not. Meeting invective with invective, epithet with epithet, may satisfy a certain number of our emotions, but is seldom convincing to the bystanding public. Effective and honest counter-propaganda requires a knowledge of comparative religion, of economics, philosophy, statistics and other sciences, and above all an understanding of the nature of the movement should be entrusted only to experts of integrity and recognized standing. It is a common task of American Jewry, and that concerning the nature of the Jewish task has not yet been established is a serious reflection upon our practical sense.

**Reviews Accusations**  
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communism, the excessive insanity record, the arson charge, the bankruptcy charge, the unwillingness to engage in manual labor or in agriculture or in domestic work. Frequent? Perhaps. But even Mencken, once the mouthpiece of sophisticated American youth, is not above accepting such charges as being available. Over and over again from one end of the country to the other these charges come up in thousands of instances. For one cannot in counter-propaganda must continue.

It is futile, says the poster. It is all a part of the good will bias. You can't overcome a prejudice by argument. But tempting as such positivism and skepticism may be—bond to a natural tendency towards resentment—it certainly lacks the virtue of consistency. For one cannot in one breath point at the danger of misrepresenting propaganda and also decry all efficiency of counter-propaganda. It is not a sufficiently powerful to mislead people who must it remain futile in overcoming these misleading teachings.

### 4. Defensive action

An organism attacked has a right to defend itself. In fact, it is not even the question of an abstract right. It is the natural reaction of any organism to an individual or social. It is a question of self-preservation, of the emotion of rage. It is an expression of the natural instinct of self-defense mechanism but again in combat the outcome is never certain. Moreover, the reaction should not be out of proportion to the attack. In the case of conflicts with a merely a measure of strength between Goliath and David. It is a matter of strategy and tactics and the question of diplomacy.

**5. Education.**  
 One may truthfully say that the problem of education—the education of our will—of the entire people, if you will, as well as the child, is a gigantic task. But equally gigantic is the problem which only the achievement of this task can hope to solve. The Jewish problem for thousands of historical reasons has its many special and especially difficult aspects. Never the less it is but one aspect of the entire problem of education.

### Collective Efforts Work

Now there is a great deal of lip service rendered to the necessity of education as a method of solving the Jewish problem in this direction. As the Jewish community are being made, but the weakness and futility of these efforts, individually and collectively, are being felt. An excellent pamphlet now and then, sometimes published largely for the purpose of establishing the claim of this or that organization, or even of a thing, or a slogan published under non-Jewish auspices with the naive timidity of admitting the Jewish sources, a few lectures by rabbis, politicians, and other public figures and pathetic grabbing of every kind word said of Jews by prominent non-Jews—these are all methods of self-defense, and they are all failures but not to change the environment, thinking and feeling of a great people. In this task of education and re-education, one must admit that the methods of the National Conference of Jews and Christians, sometimes so superciliously referred to among us, are the only ones which, for much more direct and no more effective.

It is in contemplating the magnitude and importance of this task that the failure of activity, the complete unity of effort among Jewish leadership is most obvious and most distressing. No resources are available to the methods of this purpose. No brain trust need be (Continued on Page Five)

# Speakers Urges Jews Not to Yield

## Hyman Views Aid to Refugees As Body Blow at Anti-Semites

### Confirms Opinions Expressed by Waldman in Earlier Talk

Following is an excerpt presented by Joseph C. Hyman at Atlantic City last Sunday. Joseph C. Hyman, secretary of the American Jewish Joint Distribution Committee.

### Problems Facing Jews of World

By JOSEPH C. HYMAN Secretary, American Jewish Joint Distribution Committee  
The Joint Distribution Committee, which has been operating now for twenty years in Eastern and Central Europe, bears witness to Jewish distress and oppression to an extent not less acute and tragic than during the World War and the immediate post-war period. All reports substantiate a condition in many instances of unparalleled suffering and destitution. These conditions are not alone to the general and world wide collapse affecting all of the population, but also to the added calamities visited upon our people through special disabilities, excesses, racial hostilities, economic boycotts and the progressive strangling of Jewish opportunity for self-support—all of which have weakened the very foundations of their livelihood and aggravated their economic catastrophe.

#### No Jews in Public Life

In Eastern Europe there are today virtually no Jews in the public service. Government monopolies have thrown out Jews by the millions. Lawyers and judges are handicapped severely. Discriminations are complained of in the collection of taxes, the granting of licenses for business, the regulation of artisans, the meagre appropriations from governments and municipalities to Jewish institutions. That is why today it is necessary to supplement the desperate efforts of the Jewish people who had achieved a measurable degree of self-reliance in the maintenance of their institutions of welfare and philanthropy, but who, in the last five years experience a degree of helplessness in rapidly giving way under the increased pressure upon them.

When the catastrophe befell our brethren in Germany we had to react quickly and decisively so—and we were instrumental in stimulating among the Jews of Germany who had great resources, and in the United States—a Central Federated Committee for Relief and Rehabilitation. That Committee today is representing the Jewish people and set-backs, of virtually all major groupings and organizations. It devotes itself primarily to the task of re-educating the great bulk of Jews who must remain, of vocational training for the young, of economic aid for destitute and of immigration to the United States. Over 500,000 remain in Germany over 500,000 remain. Let us not lose hope and perspective—and we are and shall be increasingly concerned with their position.

#### High is Essential

The High Commissioner for Refugees, with whom we have the privilege of going to Europe in the early stages of the organization of the Commission, who is studying the situation as an insuperable problem, in the light of economic uncertainty throughout the world and consequent anti-Jewish feeling, has insisted, in

the first instance, and in the most urgent fashion, that we advance such aid to Jewish cultural, philanthropic and economic organizations as will enable them, in true, on reduced standards and even on shifting sands, to live in Germany. It is not merely a matter of their support, their existence in a physical sense, but their self-respect and in all their debasement they are obliged to plead for aims from their own persecutors who revile them—and lest a new exodus of refugees pour forth—expressed to unwilling and unresponsive lands.

#### Refugee Problem a Challenge

The refugee problem, while a challenge to civilization, will be met, and will be relieved, if not solved almost entirely by our own effort and our own contribution. The governments of the world, thousands of whom to which refugees have fled, regard us—and especially so the relatively favored Jews of this country and England—as the only ones who stand to cooperate with them in the solution of the many problems which the influx of the refugees entails. It is our duty to provide for these people is therefore not merely and solely the walks of philanthropy or relief, if we are to have any sense and if I measure my words with solemnity—every helpless, unarméd, unprovided for refugee spreads a stain upon the face of his religion—even amid former friendly scenes and milieus. The aid rendered the refugees is almost exclusively in the form of self-defense and sterilization of contagious areas of anti-Semitic poisoning.

#### Palestine Is Opportunity

About 11,000 refugees from Germany entered Palestine, of whom about 4,000 of them came in on tourist visas—Palestine unquestionably has offered, in this crisis, the largest single opportunity for settlement—but we dare not and cannot limit our effort solely to Palestine. The opportunity, no matter how small, dare be neglected, though the door be opened ever so slightly—and with a high percentage of success and pressure for every avenue of immigration. In this work of refuge adaptation, of preparation, of training, and of the British, the J. D. C. has with the Jews of the British Isles, the balance by the British Jews; and their relief and training in refugee lands has been a very major burden. The actual cost of transportation of refugees to various lands, including Palestine, has, up to the present time, been borne by the J. D. C. 6090, the balance by the British Jews; and their relief and training in refugee lands has been a very major burden.

What will be the fate of the Jews of the world? The future can prophesy. How many can be removed will depend entirely on the funds made available through the sense of kinship of the Jews of the world. The great bulk of them will remain in Germany. According to Miss Henrietta Scott's program, 600 to 700 children are to be brought to this country during the first half of this year. There are 60,000 Jewish children of elementary school age in Germany, and the great bulk of these people up to the age of fifteen. Dr. Lowenstein will tell you later of the small group of children to be brought to this country.

#### "Character and Worth"

I had not intended to go into all of this detail. Mr. Waldman's remarks are to be believed strongly with him that it would be fatal, suicidal for us, to consider whether in Germany, or anywhere else, that we are to be

### Official Observer

Lionel J. Simmonds of the Hebrew Orphan Asylum, who took part last night at the dinner of the Institutional Child Care Group in Atlantic City, was quoted as follows by the speakers including Aaron D. Faber, Leola L. Gainsburg, Maurice Stollerman and Rose Chentiz.

judged or denied or advanced by any test but that of character and worth. Our lot, as individuals, must ever be cast with those who cherish the principles of democratic representative government. Wherever, and however Jews of Germany may wind their way, we must not and dare not, for one moment, concede the pernicious and contagious theory that racial or any other accidental identity in any sense should excuse or delimit their rights or ours. We stand on a parity with all other people. Gladly as we should support the uprising of Palestine, not merely as a struggle, but even a home for many of the homeless amongst us, as a centre of new Jewish contribution to culture and ideals and to the spirit of dignity and self-respect instilled in Jewish life there, I am constrained to remember that for most of us our problem, like that of the Jews of Germany, will have to be settled in the lands in which we live. For us, it seems to me, there is no choice but to accommodate with our history and tradition and throughout the ages, to bear witness to the eternal principles of social and ethical justice which may be concluded but which ultimately will again be vindicated.

### Pensions and Social Insurance

#### By ABRAHAM EPSTEIN

American Association for Social Security  
Our population is growing rapidly and the fact that it has been people than before. The aged represent a steadily larger proportion of our population and more and more are every day becoming old people. In 1870 there were only a little over one million persons sixty-five years of age and over, less than three per cent of the population. In 1870 there were only a little over seven million in the same age group in 1920—almost twice as many per hundred persons as sixty years ago. While the prospect of a longer expectancy of life should be welcome news to all of us, the sad part of this news lies in the fact that it has been accompanied with a number of developments which complicate and burden the period of old age.

It is the sad irony of our civilization that while the period of old

age is being lengthened the years of remunerative employment are being steadily curtailed. Although more and more of us can anticipate living to a ripe old age, fewer and fewer of us can look forward to holding on to our jobs after we have reached 65 or 70 years. Aged workers are being eliminated from all the major industrial occupations.

#### Elderly Workers Unwanted

It is now an established fact that modern American industry does not want men and women past middle age.

With curtailed operation and a limitless supply of all kinds of labor the chances for an aged person to find a job have almost completely vanished.

Professionals and technical men are faced with the same difficulties. These groups too can no longer expect to support themselves by their own work, but over a long period as their fathers and grandfathers did. As the number of professional people who depend for their living upon a salary from their corporation or firm is constantly mounting, the professional classes also are face to face with the terror of joblessness and poverty.

#### Pension Experience

The present old age pension statutes have proved of considerable benefit to tens of thousands, but they have not yet fulfilled all the hopes of the proponents of the legislation. Most of the important states still limit the age to 70 years. While the average grants in most states cannot be criticized, many of them do not exceed the allowances made under unemployment relief, they are of course not altogether adequate to meet the full needs of the aged. The discrimination requirement in all the laws, except in Delaware, works tremendous hardships upon those who, although they have met the age requirement in all their lives, except in Delaware, works tremendous hardships upon those who, although they have met the age requirement in all their lives, have for one reason or another not become formal citizens of the United States. Since this discrimination chiefly affects old women it frequently results in serious hardship, and unfortunately its removal is not yet in prospect.

While the above criticisms can easily be remedied through

amendments, there are a number of difficulties which are inherent in the very nature of these acts.

#### Urges Insurance

These difficulties can be overcome only through the institution of a system of compulsory contributory insurance similar to those now in operation in most countries abroad. Contributions should come from workers, employers, the various state governments, and the Federal Government. Preferably such a plan should be tied up with validity and health insurance. A system of compulsory contributory old age insurance either as a separate plan, or preferably in combination with a comprehensive system of social insurance offers the most adequate long-range program. The contributions necessary for an actuarially sound annuity plan can be determined with almost flawless accuracy.

### Communal Work Among Jews

(Continued from Page Four)

too proud to devote itself to it. There is need in the brain trust of Jewish and Gentile brains alike. Its task is much more complicated than the mere effort at counter-propaganda spoken of earlier. It must be able to clear up the historic details of the distorted story of crucifixion, not merely to deny the idiotic charges of the blood accusation or the world conspiracy. It must create entirely new attitudes of man to man impressing itself in relations of group to group. It must do this by apologetics for Jewish cultural traits or explaining them away. It must not teach more condescending tolerance. It must give to the majority an understanding appreciation of cultural values contributed by minority groups no matter how small. It must boldly disclose the reactionary character of every dictatorial effort at domination of one culture over another.

It is a large task and it is not to be accomplished in a day, but who is there to believe that anti-Semitism with its history of two or three or four thousand years will be wiped out in a day. And who is there to believe that the Jewish problem in any country can or will be solved unless and until such a radical change in group attitudes has been accomplished.

### Sum of \$63,162 Raised in Detroit Fund Drive

(Special to the J.D.B.)  
DETROIT, May 29.—Workers in the Allied Jewish Campaign, meeting at the Hotel Statler, announced the subscription of \$63,162 towards the \$175,000 quota on the first day of the drive. The sum raised to date is thirty-six per cent of the assigned quota for local institutions and for German Jewish relief.

Keep "regular" with **EX-LAX**  
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### Dos Teller! Fun Him!

By ALEPH KATZ  
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# SLANTS ON SPORTS

By MORRIS WEINER

## The Grand Old Game

Judge Emil Fuchs, owner of the Boston Braves, is one of the most colorful men in the game today. His sole later-

rest lies in baseball and although he hasn't a cheering gum factory or a beer plant with which to subsidize his play- ers, he has put himself in baseball in the Bean City back on a paying basis. He has to be the only source of revenue these days.

The Judge has been able to take the ups and downs of big league ownership with his proverbial sense of humor. In referring to the "grand old game in the good old baseball days," he said, "it's funny how baseball has changed since Ruth's deathly time. In those days they had to get the players out of hook. Now they have to get the owners out of hook."

## Very Sentimental

Fuchs is by far the most sentimental man in the game today. Perhaps due to the fact that he's been in it for such a long time. However, on the back of the Ammie Oskays' that are issued in the Braves' ball park this year are pictures of Maranville, Gowdy and Evers, with the printed legend underneath "1914-1934. All in all together."

The broken leg that Rabbit Maranville suffered while training down in the southlands hurt no man more than it did the Judge. The fact was an idol of the public and he realized that such a severe injury at this stage of the game meant curtains for the oldtimer.

## Broke Into Big League in 1912

The ball fan, because at heart he'll always remain a baseball fan first and last, and desires to be known as a roofer rather than as an owner, had a varied career. His ambition as a kid on the east side of New York was to be a ball player. However, ever didn't have the natural ability to get any further than a catcher's post for the semi-pro outfits around the gashouses. Despite this, his first love continued to be baseball.

Like many other youngsters of the nineties in New York who played in the shadow of the bridges and the gashouses, Fuchs turned to a professional career at a most successful career. His Jewish perspicacity accounted for the fact that he rarely lost a case before a court. He served as a public official for a while, rising to the Magistracy's bench of the Criminal Courts in 1916.

In 1912 he purchased the Boston Braves from George Washington Brant and brought Christy Mathewson out of retirement to become president. The fact that Fuchs was a New Yorker and used a former Giants man as an executive, was too much for Boston rooters. The bleacherites harbored a resentment against the Judge for many years and this dislike still persists in the form of rumors that the Giants own or control the Boston Braves.

## On Road to Success

However, Fuchs was not a New York politician for the love of it. He had been schooled in the old Tammany regime of Murphy and though he didn't kiss every baby in the city he attended one dinner after another. On one occasion he even attended a tea with the high caste of Boston society present. This in itself can show how much the Judge wanted to put his team across.

Despite the fact that the Bostonians were as thrilled by the

Judge's purchase of the Braves as nudists by strip poker, they finally came around to his way of thinking. Last year when Fuchs needed plenty of money to keep control of his ball club the fans in the Hub City came across with 150,000. There aren't many like the Judge left in this grand old game.

## The Indianapolis Speed Classic

Today at the Indianapolis Motor Speedway the annual racing classic will get under way to another flying start. For years this sport has attracted thousands of speed enthusiasts to the Indiana oval and it is one of the most thrilling sporting spectacles in the speed galaxy.

Annually this race takes its toll in human lives. There is no sport so replete with thrills, dangers, and suspense as auto racing where in death lurks on the swerve of every wheel on the sharp banks or a slicking skid around a turn at a dizzy pace.

Already a flash from the Indianapolis track starlet that Pete Kreps, the driver, and his mechanic, Bob Haver, of Chino, Calif., were killed when their car skidded on the speedway and left the track. The Kreps car was warming up when the accident occurred probably zooming along at a mere eighty miles an hour. The car rolled over and the driver was instantly, and then went over crashing into a tree. The career of another racing driver comes to a tragic close as the crowd roars.

## Trying to Repeat

Not only Eisenberg, Shaftell, Grossman, Julliber, Finkelstein, Aronson, and Post,

notably Eisenberg, Shaftell, Grossman, Julliber, Finkelstein, Aronson, and Post, notably Eisenberg, Shaftell, Grossman, Julliber, Finkelstein, Aronson, and Post, notably Eisenberg, Shaftell, Grossman, Julliber, Finkelstein, Aronson, and Post, notably Eisenberg, Shaftell, Grossman, Julliber, Finkelstein, Aronson, and Post,

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## Women's Swimming Association

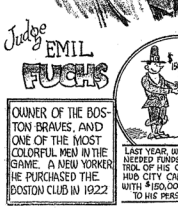
Many well known national and international champions will appear in the events today at Manhattan Beach. Among the women swimmers to start are: Lida, under the age six event program are Lisa Lindstrom and Dorothea Dickinson, Olympic team members; Erna and Elizabeth Kompas, Ann Nerich, Jessie Conway, Susan Robertson, Janice Lifson, Elizabeth Harrison and Margaret Burn.

However, a group of girl swimmers from the West End, under thirteen years of age will compete in a special 100 yard free style race in the opening event today at Manhattan Beach. They are expected to reach their older sisters' level of competition in record making.

## Metropolitan Association A.A.U. Track Meet

Over three hundred entries have been entered in the junior championships to be held this afternoon at Ulmer Park. Leading clubs in the metropolitan district have entered their full team. New York University is also entered. Many Jewish athletes have been entered in this meet, held under the auspices of the Scottish Clans,

# A Grand Old Man in the Grand Old Game



Judge Emil Fuchs, one of the most colorful and sentimental men in the game today. As a Jewish lad he played football in the garbous district of the East Side during the turbulent days of the nineties. Although he left baseball for a career as a lawyer he returned to the national sport in 1922. Baseball is his first and only love.



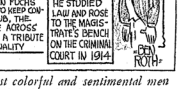
HE IS A BASEBALL FAN FIRST AND LAST AND DESIRES TO BE KNOWN AS A ROOFER RATHER THAN AN OWNER



HE ASPIRES AS A KID ON NEW YORK'S EAST SIDE AND TO BE A BALL PLAYER. HE DID GO AS FAR AS PURCHASING THE BOSTON CLUB WITH A \$500,000 OUTFIT



LAST YEAR JUDGE FUCHS MADE FUNDS TO KEEP GOING OF HIS CLUB, THE HUB CITY CAME ACROSS WITH \$150,000, A TRIBUTE TO HIS PERSONALITY



HE HAS STUDED LAW AND ROSE TO THE MAGISTRATE'S BENCH ON THE COMMONS COURT IN 1914

# Latvia Prohibits Sole Jewish Paper

Each Minority to Be Allowed Only One Publication

( Jewish Telegraphic Agency )  
WARSAW, May 20.—Unsettling, Riga organ of the Agudath Israel, orthodox Jewish group, was prohibited by the Latvian authorities yesterday. This was the only remaining Jewish paper in Latvia.

Reports received yesterday stated that the Latvian government announced that every minority group will be allowed to publish one newspaper, but that the question will be regulated by the government at a later date. In the meantime the Jewish population of Latvia is left without newspapers. Foreign Jewish newspapers were prohibited last week.

## Visit Home for Blind

The Florence Grafman Braile Group of Tremont Temple visited the Yonkers Home for the Jewish Blind. Members were conducted through the institute by Mrs. Rentlinger.

The Jewish Daily Bulletin brings you daily news and interesting news in all parts of the world.

## Classified Advertising

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## The Sporting Calendar Soccer Scribbles

Memorial Day will be Jewish Day at Hawthorne Field, Brooklyn. • Four Jewish teams will participate in a soccer double-header. Hatikvah's best eleven will oppose the strong Jordan team and the Hatikvah Reserves will meet the crack eleven representing the Brooklyn Knights.

The kick off for the first game is scheduled for 1:30 and the second contest will get under way at 3:30.

This is a treat for soccer fans of greater New York.

## The Ridgewood Grove

The regular Wednesday night wrestling contests at Ridgewood Grove have been postponed on account of the holiday today until Thursday night. Ed Don George meets George Hagen. In a special attraction Hans Kampfer tackles Louis Baicigalupi. Bert Rubin grapples Casey Colombo and Coleyano meets Tommy Tein.

## Cosmo Island Vendrome

Abie Coleman will meet Jimpin'

## United Zionist Council Formed in Rochester To Coordinate Efforts

(Special to the J.D.B.)  
ROCHESTER, N. Y., May 29.—Delegations from all the Zionist organizations here have organized to form a United Zionist Council of Rochester.

The council, which will coordinate the work the various groups are conducting, is composed of representatives from the Zionist District, Senior Hadassah, Junior Hadassah, Mizachi, Poale Zion, Women Pioneers, Poale Zion Jewish National Fund and Young Judaea. Herman A. Sarachan is president of the new organization.

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You may send us up to ten names and we will mail sample copies—gratis—with your compliments.

# Labor League First National Parley Opens

## Two Members of Palestine Delegation Among Speakers

The First National Conference of the League for Labor Palestine opened last night at the Hotel Pennsylvania.

Among the speakers were Rabbi Edward L. Israel of the Har Sinai Congregation of Baltimore; Rabbi Samuel Wohl of the Isaac M. Wise Temple of Cincinnati; David Pinski of the Poale Zion organization; Hayim Greenberg, editor of the Yiddisher Kämpfer; Joseph Sprinzak, vice-president of the World Zionist Actions Committee; and Goldie Myerson, both members of the Palestine Labor Delegation now visiting this country.

Professor Hayim Fineman of Temple University presided as chairman. He was followed by Joseph Sprinzak, who was welcomed by Judah Wattenberg of the New York chapter of the League for Labor Palestine. Miss Rose N. Siefert spoke in behalf of the Brooklyn chapter of the league. S. Dingo, city editor of the league, S. Dingo, city editor of the league, also a member of the national executive committee of the league, also spoke.

Palestinian songs were sung by Moshe Nathanason.

# Osman Returns; Is Discharged

(Continued from Page One) frame-up," with the testimony "stupid, transparent, contradictory."

While Osman was recounting the tale of his trying experiences to his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Osman, Louis Waldman, his counsel in the case, and another Socialist candidate for governor of New York, who himself arrived from Cristobal, Canal Zone, Monday, were busy in telling the dramatic inside story of the case at a luncheon given to celebrate the attorney's achievement, held at the Plaza Hotel, 111 Second Avenue, under the auspices of the Jewish Daily Forward, several labor unions and other organizations. Through appeals printed in his column the Forward succeeded in raising funds for financing Waldman's trip to Panama. Mrs. Waldman attended the luncheon.

B. C. Vladcek, general manager of the Forward, who presided at the luncheon, sounded his conviction that Waldman's conduct of the case of the Arab was distinguished, ranked with the most interesting on record.

As Waldman himself arose to recount his experiences at the trial, he was the interest of about 200 persons present at the outset and held it through his narrative which was reminiscent of the trial of the Arab and whose sensational intrigue, with a military background, secret service and everything else that goes with it. The Jewish angle of the affair was not insignificant. In a second trial Waldman established that Col. Buchanan, who headed the Military Intelligence Department in the East, and whose testimony was the most damaging to Osman, was prejudiced against the accused because of his Jewish ancestry.

\*All the news concerning Jews in this bulletin and promptly reported in the Jewish Daily Bulletin printed in English.

## Speaks on Labor



JOSEPH SPRINZAK

# Bronstein Trial Postponed Again

## Rumanian Zionist Was Beaten by Police; Recovered Health

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency) CZERNOWITZ, May 20.—The trial of the four Rumanian gendarmes accused of brutally torturing Samson Bronstein, member of the central committees of the Rumanian Poale Zion, was postponed today by the Czernowitz court of appeal for the eleventh time.

Bronstein was arrested in May, 1932, on suspicion that he was identified with illegal Communist activities in Rumania. During his "examination" by local gendarmes headed by Captain Panisoara, he was so brutally beaten and tortured for six hours that he was confined to a hospital for more than six months. At first it was thought the Bronstein would never walk again, but he has since recovered.

The three gendarmes and Captain Panisoara have pleaded not guilty.

# Rumanian King Honors Two Jewish Merchants

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency) BUCHAREST, May 20.—Gustave Zeckler and Jonah Lichtenstein, Jewish merchants, were today awarded the Rumanian Order of Merit for Commerce and Industry by King Carol.

# Palestine Loan Passes Commons Second Reading in Debate

(Continued from Page One) the English regime in Palestine for having broken faith with the Jews and of turning people prepared to be friends into enemies.

Unfair to Jews were declared that it was unfair to argue that the Jews received large sums of money from the United States and that therefore the Arabs should receive the benefits of the loan. He pointed out that taxation is equally the burden of Jews and Arabs and that it would be unfair to use money derived from taxation for the benefit of one group only.

"It is inexcusable to give self-government to Arab communities and to deny it to Jewish communities ten times their size," Colonel Wedgwood said. He declared that the educated, politically minded Jews were deprived of votes and asked whether the government considered that fair.

"The Jews, who a few years ago were prepared to be the best friends of the British, are losing faith and hope in the British government and are saying, 'we don't

# St. Louis Saengerfest Groups Turn Thumbs Down on Luther

(Special to the J.D.B.) ST. LOUIS, May 20.—The invitation to German Ambassador Luther to attend the eighth national saengerfest which opens here Wednesday has aroused dissension in the ranks of the St. Louis German community.

It is learned from an official source that police authorities will not allow the swastika to be carried in the parade arranged in connection with the musical festival. Delegates representing 75,000 workers, including a large number of Germans, have voiced unanimous protest against Luther's visit to the celebration. The protest was made at a meeting of the Central Trades and Labor Union.

Other Earlier Protest This follows the action of three local German organizations; and of the Socialist Party, which have already protested to Mayor Bernard Dickman against a city welcome to the Ambassador of Nazi Germany.

Charles Nagel, a St. Louis resident, secretary of Commerce and Labor under President Taft, in honorary secretary of the committee arranging the saengerfest. Several days ago Nagel denounced racial prejudice and the recent letter to the Kansas City Star he made it clear that he abhors Nazi persecution of the Jews. He has taken this stand many times, and will not countenance any effort on the part of Nazis to exploit the German musical festival here, the former abnical member of the party.

No public action by Jews has as yet been taken, although it is known that leading Jews and representatives of Jewish organizations

tions have been assured that the saengerfest will be purely a musical event. A protest on the part of the Nazi element against the saengerfest after Luther's arrival as conductor of the orchestra has been voiced, but the leaders of the affair have over-ruled this protest.

As a gesture of good will leaders of the local Jewish community have taken boxes for the festival, after having received assurances that the swastika will not be in evidence at the arena where the performance is to be given.

How Ambassador Luther was invited has not yet been made clear, but it is certain that his presence would be source of trouble. The resolution adopted by the labor groups expressed regret that he was invited at all. The resolution also states that the government of the Weimar Republic has destroyed democracy and the German trade union.

Victory Against Nazism This action on the part of local labor groups has won a great victory against the Nazis, in view of the large German population of the city. The Workers Gymnastic and Sport Alliance, the Workmen's Shop and Loan Benefit Fund and the German League Against Fascism are the three local German organizations that protested to the Mayor.

Jewish purchasing tickets ask at the box office if the swastika banner will be on display at the festival. Plans for holding a great protest meeting against the Nazi arrival and the presence of Luther after leaders of the Jewish community decided against such a move.

# Der Stuermer in Dutch Edition

(Continued from Page One) must pass both houses and be signed by King Wilhelmina before it becomes law.

Der propagandists are known to be very active in Holland and secret Nazi groups have been fled from terrorize exiles who have fled from Germany. Recently Hottel Liepman, redneck novelist, was sentenced to prison for one month on the charge of having insulted President von Hindenburg in his novel "Hinder the Jews, Germany." After his sentence was served Her Liepman was deported to Belgium.

# Widow Blamed Arab as Killer

(Continued from Page One) identified Rosenblat and Stavsky as the killers.

The defense also introduced a witness who told of a startling conversation with Osher Chazan, Stavsky's landlord in Tel Aviv, in which Chazan declared it was essential to convince the Revisionist Zionists of the murder.

"90 Per Cent Certain" Engineer Andrei Gut testified he had picked up Dr. Arlosoroff. He said Mrs. Arlosoroff declared, "I am ninety per cent certain that the smaller man who shot him was an Arab, while the taller man was a Jew."

Asked by Attorney General Trusted why he hadn't revealed this statement at the preliminary hearing, Gut replied, "I didn't know it was important, but I know of the importance attached to the statement I would certainly have insisted on having it recorded."

Brucha Kutlitsky, wife of a Jewish merchant, testified she and her husband had been in the Katedon Hotel on the night of the murder and when she saw Mrs. Arlosoroff she recognized her. She approached her and asked her what was wrong. The witness declared she heard Mrs. Arlosoroff say to herself, "I must not forget what to tell the police."

# Cluniff-Lister Explains Arrest of Achmeier

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency) LONDON, May 20.—The request of Colonel Joseph Wedgwood, Sir Philip Cunliffe-Lister, British Secretary of State for Colonies, gave the date of the arrest of Aba Arlosoroff, the ally of Aba Arlosoroff, Stavsky, originally ac-

# Mann States He Will Remain Out of Reich

(Continued from Page One) there is no reason in law to prevent him from returning to Germany; that he is not in the same position as Lion Feuchtwanger, whose property was confiscated; that his books continue to be published in the original German editions from Berlin, and not from any part of Holland, as the case of a hundred per cent exile authors.

In answer to the question as to why he does not prefer to return to Germany, Herr Mann said that he did not choose to return because "the public spirit of the country at this moment is not sympathetic, because I could not possibly work in the prevalent atmosphere."

"I am not a man without a country," he had explained earlier in the day on shipboard. "I am a German, a German citizen, whose citizenship has never been revoked."

He is visiting the United States for a ten-day period on a temporary permit issued to himself and his wife by the American consular office in New York. His passport has lapsed and has not been renewed, his application for the renewal having been turned down.

The Manns are here as the guests of Henry Mann, American publisher, Alfred A. Knopf. On June 6, on the eve of his return to Zurich, he will be the guest of honor at a dinner being arranged by Mrs. Knopf, at which will be present such shining lights of letters as Sinclair Lewis and Willa Cather, as well as Walter Dammrosch, Thomas V. Lamont and Owen D. Young. He will give the only lecture at New Haven, as the guest of Yale University. The evening of the dinner will signalize also the publication of the American edition of "Joseph and His Brothers."

This is Herr Mann's first visit to the New World and to New York. He calls New York different from all other cities of the world in that it seems to have been built not by and for human beings but by and for Cyclopean giants.

# Agudath Israel Meets in Warsaw

(Continued from Page One) sections of Jews were increasing and were comparable to the Middle Ages, there was no doubt that the Jewish people was alive. He criticized the Palestine administration about its curtailing Jewish immigration.

The two chief projects before the meeting, it was learned, are negotiations with the Palestine government over the chief rabbi of the Middle East, and the project of establishment of an Agudath bank in Palestine.

# Jewish Rebuke Deters Soviet

(Continued from Page One) Smidowitch, who it is understood telegraphed the local authorities, asking them to hold up the liquidation of the synagogues until an inquiry could determine the cause of the disturbance and in accordance with the Soviet law permitting the closing of synagogues upon the request of synagogue authorities themselves.

of the murder of Dr. Chaim Arlosoroff. He stated that after his acquittal on a charge of complicity, Achmeier was "detained" on suspicion of complicity in an unlawful association."