

# WORLD JEWISH AFFAIRS PULCHET

The Only Jewish Daily in English

All the News Concerning Jews

Vol. XI.—No. 2835

(National Edition)

NEW YORK, THURSDAY, MAY 3, 1934

Entered as Second-Class Matter at Post Office, New York

Price 3 Cents

## EDITORIAL NOTES

By  
HERMAN BERNSTEIN

### Why They Are Silent

THE current issue of Science, a weekly journal devoted to the advancement of science, edited by Dr. J. McKeen Cattell, contains a striking statement entitled "The Disgrace of German Science," which reads in part as follows:

"The material and moral degradation of scientific men in Germany because they are liberals or of Jewish descent (so-called non-Aryans) continues uninterrupted, and not a voice is raised there in protest. It seems that only the religious leaders have sufficient courage for their convictions to protest against the government's infringement upon their rights and beliefs. Is it possible that groups of scientists or technicians have not enough courage enough to protest against the mistreatment of their colleagues, or are they merely glad of the opportunity of a few vacancies thus left open?"

"Is it perhaps the unceasing and relentless propaganda which threatens to spread its vicious tentacles in many . . . If there is no courage left among the men of science to say 'thou shalt go no further?' There were times when men of science were willing to die for their convictions. Or are these only cheap mountebanks that do not deserve the name of 'Men of Science,' that do not dare to raise the voice of protest against the mistreatment of their colleagues, teachers and friends?"

### A Strange Brand of Sophistry

And the current issue of The American Spectator, a literary journal edited by George Jean Nathan, Ernest Boyd, Sherwood Anderson, James Branch Cabell and Eugene O'Neill, publishes an editorial finding fault with the protest voiced in this country against the Nazi outrages. Resorting to a strange brand of sophistry, The American Spectator goes through a series of mental acrobatics in its effort to justify its criticism of the American critics of Hitlerism.

"The popular pastime of putting Nazi Germany on trial is becoming a bore. Dictatorships are flourishing in Europe, and have been doing so long before the American Fuehrer decided to become a German. We do not recall any meetings of protest against Mussolini or Mustafa Kemal."

"In this country our notorious affection for the Good, the True, the Beautiful, for Liberty, Equality, Fraternity, for the pursuit of Happiness, has made us the sacrificing idealists of both hemispheres."

(Continued on Page Eight)

## 1,100 Honor Ussishkin at Astor Fete

### Many Notables Attend Dinner—Palestine Colony Benefits

Menahem Mendel Ussishkin, the grand old man of the Zionist movement, was honored last night at the dinner given by the Jewish National Fund at the Hotel Astor. About 1,100 attended the \$25 per plate affair. As a result of the banquet the Kfar Ussishkin project received great aid and about 100 acres of Palestinian land will be redeemed for the Kfar. Ussishkin, world president of the Jewish National Fund, is in Palestine. Tribute after tribute was paid by leaders of Jewry, including the Rev. Dr. Stephen S. Wise of the Free Synagogue, Dr. Judah L. Magnes, chancellor of the Hebrew University, Dr. Israel Goldstein, head of the Jewish National Fund in America, who presided last night; Rabbi Wolf Gold, Mizrahi head; Joseph Kravitz, Chaim Greenberg, Norman Haggard, Mrs. Robert Solod and Louis Lipsky. Greetings came from Secretary of Agriculture H. A. Wallace, Secretary of the Interior, Harold C. Ickes, officials of the Jewish National Fund headquarters in Jerusalem, the Zionist Executive in London, Dr. Chaim Weizman and others.

Wise Praises Ussishkin  
Ussishkin was described by Rabbi Wise as standing "virtually alone as a great Eastern Jew who uprooted himself out of his native soil and betook himself straight to Palestine without lingering in Europe and permitting the veneer of European culture to stand between his personality and the native culture and genius of Palestine."

"Palestine is not physically trying but it is spiritually taxing," (Continued on Page Eight)

## Poland Arrests 40 Following Attacks

### Anti-Government Radicals Had Assaulted Jews in May Day Parade

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)—Warsaw, Poland, May 2.—Forty members of the National Radical party, which recently seceded from the National Democrats to adopt a more violent anti-Semitic policy, have been arrested today following attacks on Jews here yesterday on the occasion of the May Day celebration.

The "Naras" made several attacks on the May Day parade in which the Jewish Workers Party (Bundists) marched with the Polish Socialist Party. Jewish passersby were attacked in the streets and windows in Jewish shops and homes and in the Talmud Torah were broken.

The Jewish merchant Abraham Bronzowski was seriously injured. The "Naras" distributed many leaflets throughout the city announcing their intention of making further attacks on the Jews and calling on the general population to join them.

# McDonald Asks For Freer Immigration

### Honored Here



M. M. USSISHKIN

## Vladeck to See Board Member On H. S. Affair

### Stuyvesant Center of Charge of Nazi Propaganda

A representative of the Board of Education will confer today with B. C. Vladeck, chairman of the Jewish Labor Committee, who several days ago made charges that students in German classes of Stuyvesant High School were required to read Nazi propaganda pamphlets issued in Berlin.

Jacob Greenberg, director of foreign language studies in city's schools, yesterday said that arrangements have been made for him to meet Mr. Vladeck today at 12:30 o'clock in Manny's Restaurant on Forsythe street.

Dr. George J. Ryan, president of the Board of Education, late yesterday afternoon denied reports that a direct order was sent to all school librarians to bar Nazi propaganda literature and that before anything is accepted for the public shelves of school libraries the principal of the institution in question.

(Continued on Page Eight)

## 'Arab Jewish State' in Palestine Is Called Ideal by Dr. Magnes

The eventual possibility of establishing a "Jewish state" in Palestine was described as being "impossible" by Dr. Judah L. Magnes, chancellor of the Hebrew University in Jerusalem, in an interview at the Commodore Hotel yesterday.

"The Arabs have their own nationalistic ambitions," said Dr. Magnes, "as well as the Jews. Their idea is perhaps to set up a strictly Arab Palestine. It seems

## Must Aid Refugees Rebuild Their Lives, Homes, He Says

### Summers Plea in Report to Council—Warns Against Over-Optimistic Schemes for Large-Scale Settlements—Lauds Palestine's Opportunities

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

LONDON, May 2.—A plea for relaxation of immigration restrictions by the governments of the world and for a more sympathetic attitude toward the homeless refugees from Germany was sounded today by High Commissioner James G. McDonald in his report to the council of the autonomous governing body created by the League of Nations to handle the refugee problem.

Mr. McDonald pointed to the need to move the refugees from their temporary asylums in countries bordering on the Reich to permanent homes where they could rebuild their lives and warned against undue hopes placed in optimistic schemes for large-scale settlements. He emphasized the steady progress of settlement of refugees in Palestine and characterized the country as almost the only area offering immediate opportunity for refugee colonization on an appreciable scale.

For the moment, Mr. McDonald declared, other schemes for large-scale settlement are impracticable.

### Many Plans Submitted

Plans have been submitted to the High Commissioner, he said, for large-scale settlements in Mexico, Angola, East and Southwest Africa, Ecuador, Brazil, Turkey and in Bureya, Siberia. All of these, however, he emphasized, are still in the plan stage. Some of the projects are under investigation by committees of experts. But at present, he declared, there is no financial instrument enabling their execution.

More immediate possibilities for agricultural and industrial settlements exist in Argentina, where the Jewish Colonization Association has large, undeveloped areas of land available for refugees. When the general economic situation improves and gives promise that refugees may become self-supporting after a few years, he said.

While it is primarily essential everywhere to relax immigration restrictions and obtain greater funds, nevertheless openings exist in individual small groups in many countries in North and South America, parts of Africa and some Mediterranean countries, Mr. McDonald declared. Greater numbers of refugees were urgently needed, he said, because many organizations today are on the verge of being forced to discontinue.

### Warns Against Schemes

The High Commissioner's warning against over-ambitious and exaggerated schemes for South American colonization was repeated by Dr. Alberto Guani, Uruguayan representative and vice-chairman of the council. Such reports, he said, are damaging to whatever possibilities exist there.

Referring to reports of a Jewish autonomous settlement in Ecuador, he said that was impossible, since no South American state would sacrifice its sovereignty.

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# Jewish Activities in the Metropolitan Area

## 1,000 at Rites For Unterberg, JEA President

### Rabbi Pool and Kaplan Officiate; Burial in Cypress Hills

Israel Unterberg, banker, manufacturer, philanthropist and president of the Jewish Education Association, was buried yesterday in the Washington Cemetery of the Shearith Israel, Cypress Hills. He died Tuesday morning at his home.

Funeral services were held earlier in the morning at the Unterberg Memorial Building in the Jewish Theological Seminary, Dr. David Sola Pool officiating. Rabbi M. Kaplan officiated. Approximately one thousand people attended the auditorium to pay their last respects.

Among the honorary pallbearers were Judge Irving Lehman, Judge Otto A. Rosensky, Judge Jonah J. Goldstein, Borough President Samuel J. Fish, Dr. Cyrus Adler, Israel S. Chiplin, Felix M. Warburg, Bernard Semel and others.

Israel Unterberg, born in Lithuania December 15, 1868, received his early religious education at the home of his grandfather. At the age of ten he crossed the ocean to America where he received a public school training and then embarked on a commercial and philanthropic career.

#### Tribute Is Given

"His innumerable friends, his colleagues, and the community at large have suffered a great loss through the death of Israel Unterberg. A devout Jew, he not only professed his religion but he lived it," was Felix M. Warburg's tribute.

Israel S. Chiplin, director of the Jewish Education Association; Bernard Semel, honorary secretary of the Jewish Education Society; Judge Otto A. Rosensky, Judge Jonah J. Goldstein and Dr. Cyrus Adler, president of the Jewish Theological Seminary, also paid tribute in messages.

M. Unterberg was seventy-one years old. He is survived by a widow, two sons, David and Clarence, and four daughters, Mrs. I. C. Rubin, Mrs. Edgar J. Nathan, Mrs. Milton J. Powell and Mrs. Samuel Dorekoff.

### Slate Rabbi Hoffman For University Post

Rabbi Isidor B. Hoffman has been appointed counselor to Jewish students at Columbia University, it was announced yesterday. Rabbi Hoffman will assume office in September upon completion of his studies for the degree of doctor of philosophy at Cornell University.

### JEWISH DAILY BULLETIN

Published every day in the week except Saturdays and Jewish High Holidays

JEWISH DAILY BULLETIN, Inc.  
321 Center Street, New York, N. Y.  
J. B. L. Telephone BR 5-1234  
JACOB LANDAU.....President  
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Member of Jewish Telegraphic Agency  
New York.....321 Center Street  
London.....10, Abchurch Lane  
Paris.....2, Rue de Valenciennes  
Canton.....10, Rue de Valenciennes  
Warsaw.....10, Rue de Valenciennes  
Frankfurt.....10, Rue de Valenciennes  
Prague.....10, Rue de Valenciennes

DAILY AND WEEK-END EDITIONS

Year.....\$10.00  
6 months.....6.00  
3 months.....3.00  
1 year.....12.00  
Single copy.....10c  
Week-End Edition, 6 mos., 1.50  
Single copy.....10c

Entered as second-class matter Nov. 18, 1925, at New York, N. Y., under Act of March 3, 1879.  
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## Stricken in Hotel

### 400 Jewish Groups At AJC Conference

Will Discuss Vital Problems Affecting Jewry Sunday at Edison Hotel

More than four hundred Jewish organizations will participate in the American Jewish Congress conference Sunday morning at the Edison Hotel, 228 West 47th street, it was announced yesterday.

The conference will discuss many important questions concerning Jewry in the United States. The opening address will be delivered by Bernard S. Deutsch, president of the American Jewish Congress.

Among others who will speak are Dr. Chaim Greenberg; Dr. Karl Vosenberg, who will report on an economic survey of Jewish Life in the United States; Dr. Joseph Tenenbaum, chairman of the American Jewish Congress Boycott Committee, who will speak on the counter-boycott; Professor Jerome Michael, who will discuss Congress Anti-Nazi activities.

Dr. Samuel Margoshes will deliver an address on the World Jewish Congress; Louis Segal will speak on democratic elections for the American Jewish Congress; and Nathan D. Perlman will discuss the relation of Jewish organizations to the American Jewish Congress.

Mrs. Stephen S. Wise will speak on the work of the Women's Association. Dr. Benjamin Jablons on the work of the Physician's Division and Emanuel H. Sonnenreich on the Youth Division.

## Theology Students Protest Against War

### New York Schools Meet Tonight at Jewish Theological Seminary

For the first time in the history of New York City the schools of theology—representing more than six distinct religious beliefs—will meet this evening at 8:15 at an inter-seminary conference to protest against war and war preparations.

From the rostrum of the Unterberg Auditorium in the Jewish Theological Seminary at 122nd street and Broadway, Wendell A. Phillips of the Jewish Institute of Religion, chairman of the meeting, will introduce representative leaders of the religious life of New York. Among the religious groups uniting in this common cause are students from the Union Theological Seminary, the General Theological Seminary, Yeshiva College, the Jewish Institute of Religion, the Jewish Theological Seminary and others.

Included in the list of peace leaders who will address the conference will be Kirby Page, Professor Reinhold Niebuhr, and Rabbi Sidney E. Goldstein. An invitation has been extended also to Bishop Manning to be present.

## Goldenson Makes Plea For 'Free Intelligence'

"Moral will, a free intelligence and sympathetic imagination," are the moral concepts which result in justice, according to Rabbi Samuel H. Goldenson, of Congregation Emano-El, who spoke on "Justice" yesterday before about one hundred students of Columbia University and Teachers College at Milbank Chapel, Teachers College.

Dr. Goldenson emphasized the need for the use of the same kind of unbiased, open-minded intelligence in dealing with our neighbors as is used in scientific investigations.

He also pointed out the "need for a change from the wishful to the sacrificial attitude," and "a feeling of personal responsibility toward those who live in need, in pain and amid threats."

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## Government Officials Are Well Represented At Sherman Testimonial

Federal, state and city governments will be represented at the testimonial dinner which the Infants Home of Brooklyn is giving Sunday night to Benjamin Z. Sherman at the Menora Masonic Temple, 5000 Fourteenth avenue.

With Judge Mitchell May and Register Anson L. Johnson as honorary chairmen, the roster of speakers includes Postmaster General James J. Farley, State Senator Philip M. Kleinfeld, Judge Frank Wasserman, Judge Peter Hanson, Judge Frank E. Johnson, Justice John McCrate, Assemblyman Albert D. Schanzer, Kenneth C. Sutherland, Fymie Schorenstein, Commissioner of Plants and Structures Frederick J. H. Kracke, County Commander James M. Goldstein of the American Legion, Jennie M. Shannon of the State Department of Social Welfare and others. Morris Wolf heads the testimonial committee.

## Judaism Tradition, Says Rabbi Berman

"Judaism is not only a religion, nor a brotherhood, nor yet a nationality, but the fundamental traditions of our people," asserted Rabbi Milton Berman of the Free Synagogue in a speech at the Women's League for Palestine yesterday at Temple Emanu-El, 1 East Sixty-sixth street.

Mrs. Riezel Gotthelf spoke on the "Importance of Knowing History." Mrs. A. P. Kaplan also spoke. Entertainment was provided by Sylvia Cyde, singer, accompanied by Irene Genger.

## Youth Group to Hold Rally at Synagogue Commemorating 'Day'

The youth division of the Religious Reconstruction Fund Committee is sponsoring a youth rally at the Ohav Zedek Synagogue, 124 West 95th street, on Sunday at 8:00 p. m. The rally will be the climax of Youth Day, celebrated throughout the nation on May 6.

Rabbi Joseph H. Lookstein of Kehillath Jesurum Congregation, will be the principal speaker of the evening and will discuss "Youth in Jewish Affairs." State Senator Albert Wald and Mrs. Isador Friedman, chairman of the Women's division of the Fund Committee, will also speak.

## Suit Result of Boycott Up Today in Brooklyn

Charges instituted by the Certified Yeast Company against the Jewish Bakers' Voice, the Bakers and Consumers Yeast Company, and the Ideal Yeast Company, will be aired in the Supreme Court in Brooklyn this morning.

The complaint, which asks damages and a restraining order, charges the three companies with intimidation and a concerted attack upon the company. The charges arose from the anti-German boycott.

## Food Mixtures Subject Of Yeshiva Experiments

A paper on an experimental investigation of the problem of mixtures of milk and meat foods, which play an important part in Jewish dietary laws, was recently published by Dr. David I. Macht, director of the research department for pharmacology and experimental therapeutics at the Yeshiva College.

"As far as we know," Dr. Macht declared, "the experiments offer the first scientific basis for the laws concerning 'aruboth, or mixtures of animal and dairy foods."

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## B'klyn Group Gets \$173,465 In Fund Drive

### Judge Nova Announces Progress in Appeal For Contributions

A total of \$173,465 has been raised thus far by the Brooklyn Federation of Jewish Charities in its \$500,000 twenty-fifth anniversary campaign, it was announced last night by County Judge Algernon I. Nova, chairman of the drive at a dinner meeting of chairman and vice-chairman of the more than ninety divisions of the Trade and Membership Council, the fund-raising organization, meeting at the Unity Club, Brooklyn.

Detailed reports were made by division representatives. Divisional reports from Manhattan were that prospects are bright for very substantial contributions there to the Brooklyn Federation's campaign.

Judge Nova declared that "although the philanthropy bill of the Brooklyn Jewish community is steadily on the increase, the number of communally-minded citizens who stand ready to meet this bill has actually decreased." Supreme Court Justice Mitchell May, president of the Federation, explained that the real purpose of the Federation is "to alleviate human suffering and distress of every possible form."

## Rabbi Lazarow to Interview European Dictators on Trip

To discover what America can learn from the European totalitarian states, Rabbi Morris S. Lazarow of Baltimore will visit Europe and interview some of the dictators next summer, the National Conference of Jews and Christians announced yesterday.

"All the news concerning Jews" is faithfully and promptly reported in the Jewish Daily Bulletin, a daily Jewish daily newspaper printed in English.

# Why Henz Liepmann Was Arrested

## Belgium Resents His Volume 'Libeling' Friendly Government

**"Murder—Made in Germany" Sends 29-Year-Old Thinker to Prison—Was Punishment Justified, Is Theme of Article Written for J.T.A.**

(Henz Liepmann, author of the following, is the twenty-nine-year-old Jewish refugee who wrote "Murder—Made in Germany," a scathing indictment, in fiction form, of the Nazi regime in Germany. After his escape from a concentration camp, he took refuge in Holland where, on February 22, he was sentenced to a month's imprisonment because his book was considered libelous of the head of a friendly government. After he served the sentence he was returned to Belgium. In the following articles he discusses the reasons and motives behind his arrest and punishment.—Editor's note.)

(Copyright, 1934, Jewish Telegraphic Agency.)

The first sentence of my book "Vaterland" ("Murder—Made in Germany") says:

"There is in this novel—which is really not a novel, but a pamphlet—not one word which was not spoken in my presence, not one word which was not personally, not one deed which I did not see with my own eyes (or which was not seen and reported to me by people who have been seen and reported to me by people whose reliability I vouch). With my honor, my existence and my life I am ready to answer for the actuality of all the events in this book."

In December, Van Kampen of Amsterdam, publisher of the German language edition, informed me upon a passage of my book dealing with the relationship between the East Prussian Relief Fund, Hindenburg's estate and the appointment of Hitler. I made a statement and was freed. On Saturday, February 10, my housekeeper told me that during my absence two police officials had come to the house. They had left a summons demanding my appearance at the police station at nine o'clock on Monday morning. My friends earnestly advised me to leave the country at once. During the previous few weeks I had suffered a great deal as a result of the injuries which were inflicted upon me at the German concentration camp "Vaterland." In Paris I had been operated upon twice and in Holland I had been under daily treatment by two physicians.

On Monday, February 12, I went to the police headquarters and was taken into custody. Two hundred copies of my book had been found and confiscated. After five days I was taken before the examining judge. Immediately after it became known that I had been imprisoned, my physicians protested at their own record against the assumption that my imprisonment would not be dangerous if I did not have constant attention and treatment. But on the evening of February 15 was turned by the investigating magistrate that I would be kept in prison. I was taken on February 22, the public prosecutor demanding two months imprisonment. I was then brought to the head of a state in friendly relationship with Holland. The resume of his evidence

was that the "honorable" Reich President Hindenburg, who had fought "in the front ranks during the war," was the head of that country. Holland and Germany were preparing a trade agreement, in the meantime something else happened. My attorney, Francois Pauwels, was interrupted by the judge as he made the point, in the course of the defense, that this charge must have originated in Germany. Pauwels asked whether the judge knew anything to the contrary, at which the judge pointed to a document which lay on the desk. Pauwels walked up to it quickly and, returning to his place, read it softly. But not so softly that the audience and the press could not hear. First of all he read aloud the word "secret!" and spoke the name of the Dutch reserve officer Brandenburg, at whose suggestion the Dutch minister president had given the charge to the prosecutor's office. This incident served to reveal, in part, the political background of the case. The judge had been withheld from my attorney, at whose disposal all documentary material about my case (and including the "secret" label) had been placed. And it was only as a result of the rash correction made by the judge that it and its "secret" label was revealed. The judge's decision of a month's imprisonment and my immediate arrest.

**Prison—And After**  
I spent thirty-four days in jail. In prison I was very friendly and sympathetic. Nevertheless I left prison a very sick man. The prosecuting attorney behaved in the spirit of his accusation speech. He kept me in solitary confinement, banned the weekly visit period—a privilege accorded every prisoner—and confiscated a large part of my mail and led me to believe until a few days before my release, that I would be extradited to Germany if I refused to hand in a petition for pardon.

Now, what is the background of the affair?  
This attempt by the German government to discredit and have an anti-Fascist who it finds undesirable extradited through intermediaries, and especially to frighten my colleagues, was only partly successful. First of all, it did not succeed in befaming either my book or person. We succeeded in giving the trial the political complexion it deserved by means of the constant reports of my utterances in the press after I had been refused the opportunity to present evidence. And therefore the court sentenced me not because my book libeled the truth but rather because I had told the truth.

Nevertheless the danger that the frightening intention of the German government was successful seems substantiated to me. In the future the intellectuals will be more afraid than heretofore to see and represent truth and actuality. And the publishers will be more cautious than ever.

Fortunately I am in a position to prove to authors, publishers and the German government as well that the go to England and the trial was just the opposite of what its initiators intended.

The ideal leisure for work which one enjoys in prison should appeal to me. I was able to draft a considerable part of my new book. To the publishers I make the exceedingly comforting announce-

### Tells of Dispute



HEINZ LIEPMANN

ment, that "Vaterland," which for four weeks had been forbidden and confiscated, received, during and after the trial, a record publication abroad. But to the German government it must have been decidedly disappointing to have the press of all the world concern itself intensively not only with the background of the trial but also especially searclingly with that Neudeck affair.

The attitude of Holland in the whole matter is curious. The book appeared in the same text in almost all civilized languages, yet nowhere was the objectionable particular passage provocative. And it is strange that the book was not forbidden in Germany until I had been sentenced in Holland. What could have persuaded the Dutch government to permit its prosecuting attorney to play such a role? There are many indications that I would have been extradited to Germany were very different unanimity with which the burgomasters of Laeren had delivered up my four comrades, had not communists and social democrats aroused the country in great mass meetings and through their press, and had there not been many more than a thousand telegrams and letters from factories in Russia, from P.E.W. clubs, trade unions, writers and leagues of every sort. The international press sounded a distinct warning. Actually, it was the solidarity of the proletariat and the intellectuals which had won the fight.

I do not, myself, understand the attitude of Holland. It would not occur to me—not even on account of this verdict—to engage in a controversial argument against a country whose inhabitants and leaders have in most understanding fashion met the spiritual and material need of the emigrants half way, against a country whose national dignity has never in all its history turned to national hysteria.

Nevertheless, I cannot understand the verdict. I take it that the government of Holland did not know anything of the comrades of Herr Brandenburg.

It did not know that this affair was symptomatic. For I have just received the report that a court action against another quotation, from the English edition of the book, which bears the title "Murder—Made in Germany," has been instituted by a more select friend of Hitler, the English journalist Delmar.

I confess, for the information of the German government, that if this charge should be admitted, I shall go to England and the English court may also substantiate the fact that my book is an account of facts. Should I also be condemned in England, because I dared to speak the truth, I shall finish my new book, in which the same sentiments will be expressed as were expressed in "Vaterland."

## U. S. Rabbis Favor Limitation Of Capitalism, Survey Shows

If the opinions of 203 rabbis are a criterion, the American Jewish rabbinate is dissatisfied with the economic system in this country and would like to see drastic—but not too drastic changes effected.

The opinions were expressed in a form of yes-and-no answers to a questionnaire that was sent out to 100,000 clergyman and rabbis by a group headed by Kirby Page, editor and author, and including Edward L. Israel, S. Parkes Cadman, Harry Emerson Fosdick, Daniel A. Poling and others. Answers to the questionnaire were made by 20,870, 203 of whom were rabbis.

The first eight questions, answers to which were made public yesterday, were concerned with war and 73 per cent of the 203 voted against it. The final seven questions of the fifteen were concerned with economics.

In keeping with the pacificist response made to the first batch of questions, the answers to the second group indicate the liberalism of the rabbis. Only four of the entire number, however, would go to the extreme of favoring a communist system of government, while eighty-four desired a socialist state and eighty-seven would be content under a drastically reformed system of capitalism. None voted for a Fascist form of government.

**Favor Capitalist Limitation**  
An overwhelming majority of the rabbis indicated that they wanted a major operation of one sort or another performed on capitalism as it now stands. To the question "Do you favor the drastic limitation, through the inheritance tax, of the amount of wealth that may be inherited by an indi-

vidual?" 189 of the 203 rabbis answered in the affirmative. One hundred and seventy answered yes to the question "Do you favor the drastic limitation through the income tax and the renewal of the tax-exempt sources, of the annual income that may be legally retained by an individual?"

Compulsory unemployment insurance under government administration found 192 voting yes and national unions of workers (instead of local company unions) received the approval of 18. The question of private ownership of banks found thirty-eight rabbis favoring them as against 108 who put their faith in a "system of socialized banking as a public service." On this question forty-eight were in doubt, not expressing an opinion.

Question number fourteen brought the greatest agreement. The question was: "Which economic system appears to you to be less antagonistic to and more consistent with the ideals and teachings of Jesus and the noblest of the Hebrew prophets?" The answers were 192 for a cooperative commonwealth of some sort as against four who expressed their continued faith in capitalism, while seven didn't answer the question at all.

### Rabbi Addresses Methodists

(Special to J.D.B.)  
SPRINGFIELD, Mass., May 2.—Rabbi David M. Eichhorn of Sinai Temple spoke on "My Religion" at the meeting of the senior high school forum of Trinity Methodist Episcopal church.

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# BOOKS

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Foreign Books of Jewish interest will receive particular attention in a special department.

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also

Among the Literati

a column of book news and chatter.

# Nazis Here Affirm Belief in Equality

## Adolf's Faithful Oppose Race Discrimination, Leaders Claim

But Another Resolution Says, "To Defend With All Lawful Means the Good Name of Germany Against All Defamation and Lies"

Nazi activities in this country have been brought to a head by the first open attack on the Jews of America by the Friends of New Germany, a New Germany organization in the United States, which has proclaimed a boycott on the Jews. The following is the third article of a series of articles detailing the rise and growth of the Nazi-inspired anti-Semitic movement in this country to all its ramifications. The articles are based on an exhaustive investigation of Nazi propaganda activities in this country and in Germany for a period of over a year.

By PAT McGRADY  
(Copyright, 1934, Jewish Daily Bulletin, Inc.)

The League of Friends of New Germany has swept the United States from the Pacific to the Atlantic in a wave of political conversion such as this country has never before seen. It began first at the National Socialist Party, which embraced all Germans here voting in elections in the homeland; then it became the League of Friends of New Germany (Deutsch-amerikanischer Wirtschaftsausschuss, German American Protective Alliance) which professes to be a defense organization for all German-Americans; and which later will be extended to include "Aryan" Americans wishing to exclude Jews socially, politically, and economically.

It is now obligatory for German-Americans to join the DAWA, unless they would be classified with the "Juden-geringers" (Jewish spirit). Quite obviously, as the organization grows, and which later will be extended to include "Aryan" Americans wishing to exclude Jews socially, politically, and economically.

It is now obligatory for German-Americans to join the DAWA, unless they would be classified with the "Juden-geringers" (Jewish spirit). Quite obviously, as the organization grows, and which later will be extended to include "Aryan" Americans wishing to exclude Jews socially, politically, and economically.

Wolf in Sheep's Clothing  
Unlike Communist organizations, the Nazis here assume a guise of respectability as they drive triphammer blows at the bed of democracy. Unlike Hitler's party they profess to protect the country from a greatly exaggerated Communist menace and a mythical ring instigated by a legendary ring of powerful international Jews. Thus they gain support from the German Americans and the approval of a number of respectable American patriotic societies.

Today the League of Friends of New Germany, a direct outgrowth of Hitler's American branch of the

National Socialist Workers' Party, has captured more than fifty percent of German American society and has laid siege about its still uncoordinated organizations. It is only a matter of time until all give way to the influence of the League of Friends of New Germany and its Nazi allies, until American elements rise to defend themselves at least as energetically as they are being attacked.

The manner in which Nazis are corrupting German American society is similar to that employed by termites. They are boring both from within and without through the exclusive concentric social circles. The modus operandi is to station representatives in the wider untouched circles. These representatives have the duty of so interlarding the organizations in which they are placed that by the time the League applies external pressure they crumble.

The conversion of United German Societies was undertaken in this manner. Nazi representatives had so Hitlerized the society that Jews and liberals could not prevent the time came to crack down. The inner Nazi circle had succeeded in gaining the franchise by selecting as voting members representatives from the League of Friends of New Germany. Jews were forced to withdraw from the organization, and the sixty groups composing the United German Societies, became "gleichgeschaltet" to Hitler's American party, which now assumed the guise of American composition.

A Bad Infection  
The third great circle now being attacked by the Nazis is the German American Conference, which is still under liberal and American leadership. At present this organization, embracing twenty-six major German society leagues of which the United German Societies is only one, is well infected by the germ of anti-Semitism. Many believe that if an election were to be held tomorrow, the German American Conference would be swung under Nazi control. Hence, the German American conference at present is inactive and impotent. It meets only as frequently as is absolutely necessary and then limits its discussions to such as possible to non-political matters.

The fourth great circle is composed of the national German societies, many of which have headquarters in New York. Many of these have been driven to the Nazi fighting front. Difficulty is found in complete "gleichschaltung" of these, however, because many local units in the hinterland are headed by Jews. The showdown is expected to come early in June, however, when the Third German American Congress is called in Cleveland. I am sure that Nazis hope to inspire German American organizations throughout the country to come into the Hitlerite fold by a mammoth celebration over which the Nazis will preside. The showman Hans Luther, the German ambassador, will speak.

Beyond this circle there are the national and even consensuses of American and local American patriotic organizations from which the Nazis will draw for support. In preceding articles I have told of the foreign branches of the DAWA, which are being propagated in this country as well as many of our homegrown Fascist and anti-Semitic

societies. Direct communication has been established between the League of Friends of New Germany, their German American co-conspirators, and these groups.

What Will Tomorrow Bring?  
In preparation for the Nazi conversion of German America, the League of Friends of New Germany is active in twenty principal cities throughout the United States and is working to bring Nazis in the United German Societies and the German American Conference is being duplicated in other large centers throughout the country.

The purpose and aims of the American League of the Friends of the New Germany have been made public by their organization. The statement begins: "To unite all honorable, serious minded courageous and unselfish men and women of the Germanic Race, now residing in the United States, proud of their Germanic blood and treasuring Germanic traditions, language, and mode of national and individual liberty, justice, truth, duty, and absolute honesty into one great, free, proud, and respect-demanding American League of Friends of the New Germany for the mutual benefit of the United States of America and Germany."

The resolutions include one "To defend with all lawful means that our dignified good name and honor of our mother-country, Germany, against all base defamation, willful and poisonous lies, and purposeful malice." To do this the League has succeeded in actually the entire American press, attacked our government officials, and attempted to weaken the prestige of German-language newspapers in this country which may say to report objectively the developments within the new Germany.

Another resolution reads: "To abstain from all senseless, harmful, and ignoble propaganda and incriminations of all kinds," such, perhaps, as that carried in the League organ, the Deutsche Zeitung, which has been filled with an assortment of fresh and warmed-over attacks on Jews, government officials, and the congress.

Another says: "To work incessantly to buy from most favored nations." The League has repeatedly attacked France, forgetful that France is Germany's and not America's traditional enemy.

The League announced as its motto, "All for one and one for all." It resolves "to be and remain worthy of the Germanic blood, our German Fatherland, our German brothers and sisters, who are now fighting for their very existence and honor; to cultivate our German language, customs, and ideals; and to be unapologetically proud of this."

These Are the Chosen  
With regard to the motto, it becomes increasingly clear that all outside the pale of the organizational requirements of the League are "ausgeschaltet" from this exclusive ring of German Americans. Through their protective alliance DAWA, the League expects to isolate itself by a pure social, economic, and political bloc, the scope of which may later be extended to "Aryans." Members of this alliance, the DAWA, are pledged to buy from German American stores handling

## Polish Writer Honored By City of Warsaw for Historical Research

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)  
WARSAW, May 2.—The literary award of the city of Warsaw for the past year has been awarded to Dr. Szymon Askenazy, it was announced today. Askenazy, a well known Jewish writer, was acclaimed as the best Polish stylist of Nations.

Dr. Askenazy is a specialist in history of the thirteenth and nineteenth centuries and is widely known for his monumental work, "Polen und Preussen." He is a professor at the University of Lwow and in 1921-22 was a delegate from Poland to the League of Nations.

Among his best known works are biographies of Prince Joseph Poniatowski and Valerian Lukninski, and a study on "Danzig and Poland." He is sixty-seven years old.

## Mob Stones Jewish Mourners in Wilno

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)  
WILNO, Poland, May 1.—Hooligans and thugs who had gathered for a funeral procession here stoning the mourners and the coffin.

The mob accompanied its attack with cries of "Down with the Jews! Long live Hitler!" They begged police who rushed to the scene.

## Fete Syracuse Couple

(Special to the J.D.B.)  
SYRACUSE, N. Y., May 2.—The local Folk School in conjunction with the Jewish National Workers' Alliance, Prof. W. Z. Zinn and Women Pioneers held a special "Mave Malkie" celebration in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Ben Zion Miller for their work in those movements.

German goods and to boycott Jewish stores and other American stores not in favor of the policies of the League of Friends of New Germany. It also has announced itself ready to vote against Jewish and other governmental officials.

Such is the cleverness with which Nazi organizations are working that few of the subjects can resist enlistment in the scheme. German organizations, such as the Steuben Society, which may seek autonomy from the ever-widening sphere of the Nazi organization, are forced to compromise their philosophies evermore to prevent withdrawal of Nazi elements and intermingling with them. The shadow of Hitlerism has fallen across all of German American society. (To be continued tomorrow)

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MORRIS I. GOLDMAN,  
President, Royal Lodge 195, B'nai B'rith.

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1-18

## German Jewry Taxed By Gov't On Departure

## Although Reich Benefits, Emigration Charge Remains

(J.T.A. Special Correspondence)  
BERLIN, April 10.—The Reich Finance Court today affirmed a decision which concerns the emigration of "non-Aryan" citizens, all of whom are to be required to pay emigration taxes regardless of the benefits that he had arranged for as a result of their departure.

According to a report published in the Reichssteuerblatt, the statement of the Court says "It is not possible to see any German interest in the emigration of 'non-Aryans' which would justify special treatment in the matter of taxation, either generally or through the Ministry of Finance."

The case in question was brought up by an attorney, Jewish, who based his claim of exemption from emigrant taxes on the fact that he had arranged for importing German goods into Palestine.

"To support his contention that his emigration is in the German economic interest, the former lawyer submitted that he intended to import German goods to Palestine," reads the court's decision. "As evidence he produced two certificates from German firms that they were prepared to give this ex-lawyer their representation for the sale of their goods, agricultural machinery in the one case, confectionery in the other."

"This cannot be considered as proof that the emigration of this Jew is in the German economic interest," reads the court's decision. "If the grounds for claiming exemption from emigrant tax put forward in this application were admitted there would hardly be a case in which exemption could be refused."

## Austrian Jews Cease To Return To Faith

(J.T.A. Special Correspondence)  
VIENNA, April 15.—The return of a large number of Konfessionssche (persons who have forsaken their faith) to the fold of Judaism which was provoked by the February occurrences, has taken a new turn here.

There is a definite movement out of the Jewish community particularly by persons whose children had left school as Jews. The case for the youngsters who might be subjected unnecessarily to race prejudice.



# Life of North American Jewry in Review

## Syracuse Jews Unite to Help Reich Victims

### Show United Front; Will Conduct Drive for Major Funds

(J.D.B. Special Correspondence)  
SYRACUSE, May 1.—Leaders representing all Jewish organizations in the city met last night under the united banner of the Syracuse Welfare Fund to plan the drive for the relief of Jews in Nazi Germany as well as those suffering in other foreign countries, and make it possible to settle them in Palestine.

Rabbi Benjamin Friedman of the Temple Society of Concord was elected general chairman of the 1934 Syracuse drive. The campaign will be conducted during the last week in May. Meanwhile the canvassing machine is being set up and the workers are being organized.

The outstanding factor in this drive was the willingness on the part of all the Jewish groups of Syracuse to show a united front. The campaign primarily, will be to help German Jewry, but will also include the relief of Jews in Poland, Czechoslovakia, Austria, Hungary, and other countries. The drive marks one of the most forward steps in the history of the Jewish community in Syracuse.

## Catholics in Canada Protest Immigration

(Special to the J.D.B.)  
OTTAWA, May 2.—A large delegation of the Confederation of Catholic Workers of Canada presented their legislative program to Premier R. B. Bennett and asked the Government to prohibit the mass immigration of German Jews to Canada, particularly to the province of Quebec.

The Premier assured the delegation that immigration had now been so restricted that the total for the last three years was around 30,000, whereas in the twelve months before the present administration assumed office 165,000 people had come to Canada.

## Dr. Lothman Richter Wins Post in Dalhousie University

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)  
HALIFAX, N. S., May 2.—Dr. Lothman Richter, a refugee from Nazi Germany, has been appointed professor of German literature at Dalhousie University. It was announced today.

Professor Richter is a noted scholar and authority. He was attached to the German ministry of culture for thirteen years. He is the author of numerous books on social and political subjects.

## Berman Addresses Men's Club

(Special to the J.D.B.)  
HARTFORD, Conn., May 2.—Addressing the Men's Club of Temple Beth Israel, Referee in Bankruptcy Saul Berman predicted there will be fewer bankruptcies in Poland both locally and nationally and that the "period of deflation is over and we are on the upgrade."

## Form Palestine JNF Council

(J.D.B. Special Correspondence)  
SYRACUSE, April 30.—With the growing strength of the Zionist movement here a special conference, represented by various groups in Zionism, was held at the



Ben-Zion Weinman vividly recalls the legend of the village cellist who serenaded all and fell asleep while playing.

## Rabbi J. Wise Will Open St. Louis Drive

Addresses Campaign May 9 for United Jewish Appeal; Other Cities Active

(Special to the J.D.B.)  
ST. LOUIS, May 2.—Rabbi Jonah B. Wise of New York, will be guest speaker here May 9 at the opening of the campaign for the Jewish Welfare Fund, of which the United Jewish Appeal, of which he is a co-chairman, will be the largest single beneficiary. The campaign will open with a dinner at Temple Emanuel. Preceding this, he will address a luncheon meeting of leading members of the community.

The next evening Rabbi Wise will be featured speaker at the opening of the United Jewish Appeal in Kansas City.

## Indianapolis Drive Soon

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., May 2.—A campaign to raise funds for the United Jewish Appeal, among other causes, will be projected here shortly. I. Ferd Kahn will be the chairman of the drive. It is anticipated that the drive, under Mr. Kahn's leadership will be the most successful in several years and that the amount raised will permit a substantial contribution for the aid of the Jews of Germany.

## Lincoln, Neb. Raises Funds

(Special to the J.D.B.)  
LINCOLN, Neb., May 2.—Funds are being raised here, under the auspices of the Jewish Federation, for the United Jewish Appeal and other Jewish causes. The total amount sought is \$8,000.

## Synagogue in Detroit Plans Service for Girls

(Special to the J.D.B.)  
DETROIT, Mich., May 2.—Congregation Shaarey Zedek will inaugurate a new type of ritual service for girls, at a special ceremony on May 27, with Rabbi Sagan's main address. Judge Anna Moscovitz Krass of New York will be the guest speaker.

## Legion Services May 27

(Special to the J.D.B.)  
DOVER, Del., May 2.—The annual memorial service sponsored by Walter L. Fox Post, American Legion, and the Churches of Dover, will be held in the Capital Theatre on May 27, with Rabbi William H. Fineshbirer, of Congregation Keneeth Israel, Philadelphia, as guest speaker.

## Cleveland Interested In Temple Celebration To Be Held on May 27

(Special to the J.D.B.)  
CLEVELAND, May 2.—The Jewish community of Cleveland is showing considerable interest in the celebration by the Tifereth Israel Congregation of the tenth anniversary of the dedication of the Temple to be held May 27.

The gathering will be of intimate congregational nature and will include a review of ten years' achievements and prospects for the future. It will be a combined meeting of the congregation, Men's Club and Women's Association.

Dr. Abba Hillel Silver is rabbi of the Temple. Rabbi Leon I. Feur is minister of religious education and Eugene H. Wolf is president of the congregation.

## Rabbi Newman Hits Coughlin Air Blast

Most Vicious Attack Since "Dearborn Independent," He Declares in Talk

PORT CHESTER, N. Y., May 1.—"American anti-Semitism is increasing day by day through chatter, letters, financial news-agencies, Fascist agencies, and now through Rabbi Coughlin of Detroit, whose recent blast against Secretary of the Treasury Morgenthau is one of the most vicious things that has appeared since the articles of the Dearborn Independent," declared Rabbi Louis I. Newman at the Port Chester Jewish Center tonight in a meeting held under the auspices of the Jewish Community Center and Sisterhood.

"Every mail brings to the rabbi of the country information of the anti-Semitic who are seeking to incite Gentiles secretly and publicly against the Jews of this country. Literature is being disseminated in the subway and on other public conveyances; is being left at door-steps of private homes, and otherwise purveyed," he asserted.

"Scenes behind the scenes are Nazi propagandists who are playing upon American Gentiles to do their work for them, under the cover of 'Americanism,' but whatever the cause, it is certain that anti-Semitism is becoming a veritable flood which may engulf American Jewry, or reduce Jewish activity to a minimum in public affairs."

"Father Coughlin's statement on Sunday was particularly ominous."

## Rabbi Blames Jews For Jewish Crisis

Falling Away From Ideals and Youthful Indifference to Blame, He Says

(Special to the J.D.B.)  
PITTSBURGH, Pa., May 2.—Addressing a large meeting of local Zionists at the Pittsburgh "Y," Rabbi Solomon Goldman of Chicago declared that the "present Jewish crisis is due to the falling away of the Jews from their ideals and traditional culture."

Continuing, the Chicago rabbi declared that the "indifference of youth, and not anti-Semitism," was partly to blame for the straits in which the Jews find themselves today.

"Within a generation three-fourths of the Jews in Germany became converts to Christianity," he pointed out. "Many German Jews have participated in anti-Semitic movements and Jews of one country despise and distrust Jews of another nation," he asserted.

"The Zionist movement is the real beginning of a conscious effort to make all Jews realize the importance of keeping their identity. Palestine is offering a refuge to many whose leaders oppose it," he concluded.

Rabbi B. A. Lichter, president, Cantor Julius Bloom led the musical program. Many new members were enrolled in the group, which is part of Zionist Region No. 5.

## Wisconsin Negro Instructor Says Bias Exists on Campus

(Special to the J.D.B.)  
MADISON, Wis., May 2.—An aftermath of the recent anti-Semitic uproar at the University of Wisconsin was the declaration by Samuel Warren, Negro instructor in economics, that considerable racial prejudice does exist on the Wisconsin campus, demands to the contrary notwithstanding.

## Address Mass Meeting

(J.D.B. Special Correspondence)  
PORTLAND, Me., May 1.—Under the auspices of the Portland chapter of the Inter-racial Fellowship, the Rev. Michael J. Healy, of Waton, Mass.; Rabbi Joseph S. Shubov of Boston and the Rev. Charles W. Healey of Auburn addressed a mass meeting against racial hatred. More than 1,500 attended.

Keep up with Jewish news by reading the Jewish Daily Bulletin, only English-language Jewish daily newspaper.

## Duo in Milwaukee Give Praise to Hitler

Business-Man Returns From Reich—Hoch Fuchrer Minister Lifts as Corporal

(Special to the J.D.B.)  
MILWAUKEE, Wis., May 2.—Praise for Hitler from two unexpected sources will probably evoke widespread criticism here in the next few days.

George J. Meyer, head of a local bottling company bearing his name, returned from a trip to England and Germany, declaring the "United States should have a Hitler." At the same time the Rev. E. G. Homrighausen, Indianapolis minister, sought to picture Hitler as a "champion of national traditions and ideals" before the Milwaukee Ministerial association.

Meyer came into the limelight several months ago when he was prosecuted by the Federal government for hoarding \$90,000 in gold. He gave up the gold later. Meyer claimed that ninety-eight per cent of the German people are "believe Hitler" and that Hitler's objectionable activities "are greatly exaggerated in this country."

The Rev. Homrighausen contended that such classes rallied around Hitler in a desperate attempt to escape Communism.

"Even his dealings with the church are understandable," he declared, "the bar challenged the church in Germany to be loyal to his movement."

## Jewish Women Lauded By Sisterhood Head

(Special to the J.D.B.)  
EAST ORANGE, N. J., May 2.—That the sisterhood of a Jewish temple is the left hand of the rabbi and the right hand of the congregation, the statement of Mrs. Marius Ranson, wife of Rabbi Marius Ranson, who was elected president of the Sisterhood of Temple Sharey Teflo. Mrs. Clarence Nathan of South Orange, the outgoing president, read her annual report and in addition gave a report of four years office as president.

Other officers elected were Mrs. Edward Friend of West Orange, Mrs. Frederick Samuels of East Orange, Mrs. Abraham Barnett of East Orange, Mrs. Lothar Ullman of Caldwell, and Mrs. Sumner Gutman of East Orange.

## West Pointers Will Judge Passaic Military Competition

(Special to the J.D.B.)  
PASSAIC, N. J., May 2.—Army officers from West Point will come to Passaic to judge the annual military competition in the first indoor fire, drum, and bugle corps competition, under the auspices of President-Veteran Post No. 47, Jewish War Veterans of the United States, at Canterbury Auditorium.

## Rabbis Attend Conference

(Special to the J.D.B.)  
ST. PAUL, Minn., May 2.—One hundred representatives of fourteen Jewish congregations in Minnesota, Wisconsin, North Dakota, and Iowa attended the second annual meeting of the Northwest Conference of the Union of American Hebrew Congregations at Mount Zion Temple here.

## Ehrlich Unopposed for Post

(Special to the J.D.B.)  
SPRINGFIELD, Mass., May 2.—H. M. Ehrlich, prominent local attorney, has been nominated and elected to the Executive Association of Hampden County. As the office is unopposed, his election is assured.

with Helen Phillip Helen  
HAYES MERIVALE MENKEN  
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# Shop Talk

By JOAN KLEIN

Yesterday, roaming through Wanamaker's display of furnished rooms, nooks and corners, we felt like a little girl in a make-believe world. But it isn't make-believe really; Wanamaker's has placed the facts of life and furnished rooms tastefully and beautifully for unbelievably low prices. Rubber dachas couldn't stretch further than they have stretched the buying power of little green dollars for tasteful home building. Of definite charm was a modern walnut and maple bedroom complete for about \$100. In their Modern House a bedroom done in soft pastels and white would make you fight off the sandman so that you could lie awake and admire it. The Budget House famous the world over and visited by countless thousands, is packed with amazing ideas and innovations for inexpensive living. A big cheer for Wanamaker's for making luxurious living within the reach of everyone.

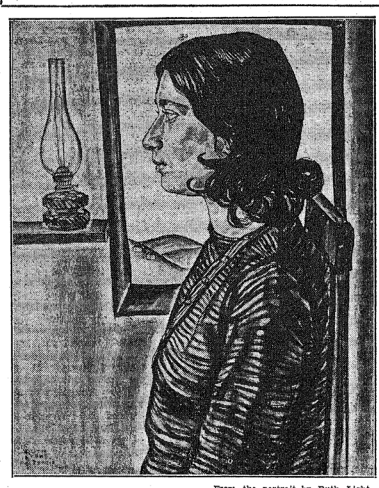
Look to your heels m'lady! Heel tinting is probably the next step in pedicure. Women's toe nails went the scarlet way long ago, and now the I. Miller shoe stores are slicing large segments of the heel of sandals and exposing a new area for beauty specialists. There is always something new under the sun and I. Miller leads the way this time.

When you have just about decided that "compact" is a misnomer for the very necessary article you carry in your hand, you may Ann Rovon creation. It is adorably tailored, pure white, and is everything the word compact implies. Miss Rovon has also given considerable thought to the lip-stick. After a thorough try-out it has taken the place of honor in our bag. It is very indeffible and keeps your lips very soft. All of the products have been approved by one of New York's leading dermatologists. They make grand make-up make a careful note of a coming wedding, graduation or birthday, when you can give it proudly.

Ovington's porch furniture is the last word in luxury and money. If you are a lazybones and like nothing better than to loll in an easy chair in your garden or on your terrace, then I advise you to rush right down to Ovington's to make your selection. The new and intriguing use of chromium, metal and moisture-proof fabrics make these chairs and porch furniture worth-while. Porch gliders in chromium and colors are matched by easy chairs with water resistant cushions. A special conceit for this year is their New Knee Action magazine rack. It solves the problem of what to do with papers and magazines on windy roof tops. Magazine racks slip through the coils of a powerful spring on the rack and are held firmly up against the breeze.

Twenty years old! Forty years young! You are only young once but that once can last indefinitely. The new Bra-Belts are made for young girls, and to make older figures young. They have an effective way of making you look like your daughter's sister. Whether your curves are a subtle suggestion or a solid fact, you'll like yourself in a Bra-Belt. It fits like a second skin and has all the mod-

## Olga the Chaltutza



—From the portrait by Ruth Light.

## The Human Touch

By HARRY SALPETER

### Intermarried Cookery

THYRA SAMTER WINSLOW is a very able writer of short stories. Incidentally she is a Jewess, the almost completely assimilated daughter of Old World rabbis and teachers. I believe that she has been twice intermarried, certainly once. The present husband is the son of a New England clergyman, but even so she hasn't been too proud. As a way of getting into the theatre without buying the tickets she used to review the New York stage for one of our lesser known Anglo-Jewish weeklies, and for a lady who was receiving high prices from the expensive slick-paper magazines, that was almost an affirmative of her Judaism.



Harry Salpeter

In the current issue of the magazine known as Serenade (one of those Woolworth brain-teasers) Thyra Winslow tells us something of the pleasant problems associated with being intermarried. The problems are chiefly culinary, having to do with the pleasant reconciliation of opposing table tastes. The reconciliation, it appears, has been chiefly a capitulation, but certainly anyone who comes from a part of the world where boiled potatoes and boiled beef are the order of the day, should capitulate to the appetite-teasing sauces and spices which are so pleasant a part of Jewish cooking.

After telling us about the culinary compromises, or surrenders, entered into between a Scotch-Norwegian couple and a Swedish-American couple, and a German-American couple, she tells us something about the smart woman demands in a "brass," including Inviz-a-grip garters which hold the stocking flat and thin without a bulge and with no danger of garter runs. Its evening back it conforms to the waist and its belt conforms with your figure so that your outfit will be smooth and straight. Bloomiegold's sells Bra-Belt.

thing of her own story, of how she slowly began weaning away her husband from his insipidavorless food, teaching him the pleasant itinerary from onions to garlic, which are now rubbed into his chickens and roasts. She finds her worthy spouse no longer hostile to Armenian dishes—hostile are, after all, only a slight nudge on Russian foods—but she finds him still insensitive to the odors of a well-stocked delicatessen and he knows less than a mouse about the differences in chesses. Come to think of it, I don't believe that Mrs. Winslow's rabbinical ancestors had much to do with chesses either. Incidentally, the one man I know who knows about chesses is not a Frenchman or a Swiss man, but an Iowa farm lout who made a great success writing novels.

"My problem," concludes Mrs. Winslow, "was simple enough. Of course a man as well as my husband [he heh] would succumb to the delights of Southern-German Jewish cooking if he and the food were given even half a chance."

But more successful than the record of Mrs. Winslow's table temptations to which her husband succumbed is the little sketch of how her grandmother used to season the sauces of her savory dishes: "Long before dinner was ready my grandmother would go into the kitchen, tie a huge apron around her waist, and taste and season each dish. . . . "Rub a little more garlic on the duck!" my grandmother would say. Or "Do you think there is enough saffron and bay leaf on the fish. . . ."

The pungent smells that came from that kitchen! I sniffed and begged for bites until they shooed me out to play. Cinnamon and citron, orange rind and white wine. Or onions and garlic and mushrooms frying in olive oil. Or meats roasting. Or lemon cookies baked. And tastes—savory flavored with anchovies and spices, gravies made with wine, fish accompaniments of crisp cucumbers flavored sharp and piquant. They were giants in those days—if they didn't have heartburn. These nostalgic murmurings of Mrs. Winslow's are very touching. Indeed, but I doubt whether she

## Reich Children German Jews To Be Settled In Palestine In Palestine

### Mandate Gov't Issues Certificates to Jewish Agency

(J.T.A. Special Correspondence) JERUSALEM, April 16.—About 500 youngsters from Germany will be settled in Palestine during the current year by the Central Bureau for the Settlement of German Jews in Palestine.

Miss Henrietta Sould, chairman of the children's section of the bureau, told the Jewish Telegraphic Agency that about 200 have already been placed in Ben Shemen, children's village, and in Ain Harod.

The children range between the ages of fifteen to seventeen. Three hundred and fifty certificates have been awarded for them by the Jewish Agency of the Palestinian government. An additional hundred certificates have been given by the government to Ben Shemen's children's village.

The Jewish Agency will be responsible for the children until they reach the age of eighteen and subsequently will be permitted to enter kivasim (colonies) or enter trades. Parents are to bear half of the cost of their maintenance.

Periodical reports will be submitted to parents by the agency,

### Young and Old Feel That Their Problems Can Be Solved In Reich

(J.T.A. Special Correspondence) BERLIN, April 12.—Joint action of the question of the Jews in Germany is possible without emigration from the National Socialist Reich State, according to a statement made by Dr. Leo Lowenstein, president of the Union of Jewish Front Fighters, in the Reich, official organ of the union.

"The thousands of young Jews who are organized in the Youth League of our union," writes Dr. Lowenstein, "are, as we older people are, filled with the belief that the German Jews have had for centuries past only one fatherland and this fatherland is Germany."

"For this fatherland we have fought in all its wars, since the time military service was inaugurated; we have shown ourselves to be men in the exercise of the supreme duty and the supreme privilege of the homeland."

"Our youth is convinced, as we are convinced, that solution of the Jewish question is possible within our homeland, at least if racial differentiation is not followed by a defamatory which we repudiate as unjust on the grounds of our equal blood achievement."

realized how savory Jewish cooking was until she had a session of cold boiled potatoes and watery tasting beef. One of the most hated dishes I had had was in the home of an intermarried couple, a home in which the Jewish wife had had no tradition of Christian cooking—where the law of the kitchen was laid down by the Gentile (New England variety at its worst) mother-in-law. Mrs. Winslow ought to write a postscript sometime about the intermarried home where dyspeptic tastelessness triumphs.

A Restaurant Guide of Jews in New York can have all the Jewish cooking we desire, either of the vegetarian or delicatessen variety. I ate a vegetable soup, dinner time and became meaty at night. But outside of New York one cannot always find the Jewish cooking of our grandmothers. I recall, in this connection, that one of the Sunday afternoon while walking up Fifth avenue in an automobile of travellers going South. This man at the wheel said out and asked me: "Say, Mister, tell us where there's a Jewish restaurant around here?" They were out-of-towners.

I was in Oklahoma City for some time and for a period had my meals with an American peasant family that had migrated from Oklahoma. Kansas, where the status of schooling and general literacy is pretty low. The faces of my fellow-diners were not too friendly at that table and eating became for me a process to be got through with as quickly as possible. I learned later that one of our fellow-diners was a manager for the Kew-Forest Hotel, where the manager had invited me to a Jewish dinner. I learned that even Oklahoma City—and that was in 1924—had a Jewish restaurant. It saved all the sorrowful meals I had been having in the boarding house of the Arkansans. Perhaps was a little too meaty. But I learned that it was possible to eat Jewish even that distance from the Atlantic seaboard.

I believe it can be stated as an

axiom that Jewish food has an attraction for the Gentiles. The wide sale of matzoths during the year seems to me to prove that. I recall years and years ago, that one of my cousins just before the Passover holidays was to deliver to a small group of Gentile friends of an elder brother—five-pointed stars of the Jews, the Israelites of old ate matzoths as a deprivation; the Gentiles today eat it as a treat.

### Rosenblum Addresses Kiwanis

(Special to the J.D.B.) SPRINGFIELD, MASS., May 2.—Rabbi William F. Rosenblum of New York City spoke last night at the Kiwanis club meeting Wednesday noon.

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We want alert representatives to solicit subscriptions for The Jewish Daily Bulletin in New Jersey. Our liberal commission arrangement makes it possible to earn real money. See L. J. Weiner, 27 North 6th St., Newark, N. J., mornings, 8-12.

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SALERMAN will welcome into the S. Life Insurance business only serious persons. S. Life Insurance Co. has a train to make a living from the start. Contact S. Salerman, 1250 Broadway, Room 1505.

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# Honor Ussishkin At Astor Hotel

(Continued from Page One)  
Rabbi Wise said, "Only the fewest of men can stand up under the searching, scorching test of the pioneering years. Ussishkin has stood and emerged from that test as completely as any figure in Palestine. Some have felt concerning him that he is a fanatic, but he is unyielding, a firm and rock-like figure who in an age of compromising opportunism has stood with all the strength of an indelible rock and an unshakable purpose."

Commenting on the uniqueness of a dinner honoring someone 5,000 miles away, Dr. Goldstein declared in his address:

"The fifty years of Ussishkin's service in the Zionist cause mark a period which will go down in Jewish history and in the history of the western world as a period of the western world's Jewish hopes. When he appeared upon the Jewish scene fifty years ago, liberty and brotherhood were the slogans of the western world. The Zionism of the Jew in Western Europe seemed to many to be the new day of human rights in which the Jewish was would at last be healed."

# Claim Stavsky Has Death Threat

(Continued from Page One)  
The policeman had been under suspicion of concealing stolen property and that his home had been searched by the police. He also charged Kessler with having abused the police. Stavsky stated that he struck of the Histadruth in Petach Tikvah. Samuel also asserted that Kessler had borrowed money from the labor bank and that he was the owner of an orange grove.

Kessler retorted that he had never been suspected by the police; admitted that his house had been searched by them, but said that the warrant was not for him. He denied having abused the Revisionist strikebreakers. Kessler admitted that he had borrowed money in the labor bank for the past three years, but asserted that he was under no obligation to the bank. He said that the orange grove was owned by his wife.

## Rosenfield Testifies

Police Inspector Rosenfield testified that he had arrested Zvi Rosenberg at Kfar Saba, but that nothing incriminating had been found during the search. He said that Rosenfield was arrested because his orders were to do so regardless of what the search revealed.

Earlier in the day Sholime Weisskopf, a well-known woman, yesterday created a sensation in court when he voluntarily stated that the footprints at the scene of the murder might have been made by his way into the school library was cross-examined by Samuel. He continued to insist that the footprints could have been made by a pair of shoes the same size as Stavsky's.

# Gladeck to See Board Members

(Continued from Page One)  
tion has been read and passed on the book or pamphlet.

In an earlier statement Mr. Gladeck said the Nazi booklet "German Youth in a Changing World" came into the school library and was stamped by the librarian. Six students are said to have been instructed by a teacher to read it and prepare a paper on it.

## Describes Ideal

# McDonald Asks Freer Immigration

(Continued from Page One)  
"We are willing to let the refugees but such statements arouse prejudice," he declared.

McDonald also emphasized the increasing distress of the non-Jewish refugees. "The Jewish leaders throughout the world," he declared, "not only in theory, but in action, have been a disgrace to non-Jews. But I am forced to express the greatest disappointment over the failure of the Christian world to meet responsibilities in this regard."

"If Christians had done as much as the Jews there would be no refugee problem today," Mr. McDonald said. "I feel it necessary to declare this before this governing body, which does not contain a single Jewish member."

## Realize Futility of Wandering

The High Commissioner for German refugees stated that the total number of refugees in April was 63,000, in comparison with 59,300 in December. He declared that refugees continue to leave Germany, but that a return to Germany is no longer a panacea, but an orderly procession.

Mr. McDonald said that the countries adjacent to Germany had increased entrance restrictions against the refugees making passage through these countries difficult and forcing those fleeing to realize the futility of mere wandering.

The process of distributing them to various countries is continuing slowly, but he pointed out that the 63,000 Jewish refugees had settled in Palestine and that thousands of refugees previously in Europe were now in North and South America and various countries of Asia and Africa.

Fewer refugees were now being supported by relief committees everywhere, Mr. McDonald said, and the refugees were rapidly being exhausted and that it was exceedingly difficult to collect more funds in the countries where the bulk of the refugees were now living.

## Opportunities are Limited

Countries near Germany were severely limiting the opportunities for work for the refugees and it was essential to move them as rapidly as possible to permanent homes, Mr. McDonald declared.

Challenged by several representatives of various governments as to the correctness of his statements on the number of refugees in their own countries, which they claimed were underestimated, Mr. McDonald stated that the figures were only an estimate and possibly too low, since the Refugee Commission had no machinery to determine exact figures. He said that they would be empowered to take a census of all refugees.

Mr. McDonald stated that since the beginning of the war, the possibilities of emigration had improved, but that pending the completion of emigration plans the governments of various countries must allow the refugees to remain and cause carrying them.

## Appeals to Governments

"I appeal to the various governments to give effect to the resolutions of the League of Nations Assembly creating the High Commission in rebuilding the shattered lives of the refugees," he declared. "I appeal to Christians and Jews throughout the world to break down the barriers of misunderstanding. I ask all to apply the fundamental principles of Judaism and Christianity, which love thy neighbor."

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