

NOW

Editorial Notes
By
HERMAN BERNSTEIN

Jewish Workers' Committee

THE formation of the Jewish Workers' Committee for Jewish Affairs is a healthy and welcome event in American Jewish life, notwithstanding the fact that the conference, in which over a thousand delegates of labor organizations participated, resulted in a split when 200 delegates of the Zionist labor organizations walked out in protest against the resolution forbidding the members of the newly formed Committee to be affiliated with other Jewish organizations engaged in the defense of Jewish rights.

Outwardly it would seem that the establishment of the new Committee is creating a new division in Jewish life in America, at a time when the tragedy of the Jewish people abroad makes it imperative to present a united front against the united front of the enemies of the Jewish people. But actually the new Committee, representing the great masses of American Jewish labor, will undoubtedly become an instrumentality for unity and will work with the other existing Jewish organizations for the common cause. The American Jewish Committee, composed of prominent and influential Jewish leaders in various parts of this country, and the American Jewish Congress, composed of the public-spirited leaders of the Jewish middle class, could hardly speak effectively for Jewish labor. The cooperation of the various organizations, now representing all groups and factions in American Jewish life, would enable American Jewish labor to make for real unity and would enable American Jewish labor to cope adequately with the unparalleled catastrophe that has befallen the Jews of Germany. And as all these organizations will sincerely in their determination to help our brethren abroad and to combat bigotry and race hatred, it is inconceivable that they will fall out on the face of the common danger.

Brain and Muscle

At the annual meeting of the Jewish Welfare Board, Felix M. Warburg counseled the Jewish youth to engage to a greater extent "in the hard muscle and pioneer activities," pointing out that the attention of our young men should be drawn "to the appreciation of architecture, engineering and the many pursuits where the brain and the muscle are brought into work to their satisfaction and to their country's health."

This may convey an erroneous impression to those who are not familiar with Jewish life in America. It will take the form of one which led to the split in the previous conference. The groups adhering to the new provisional committee are the Jew-

Soviet Jewish Press Urges Purer Tongue

Would Purge Language Of Hebraisms for Russian Phrases

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)
MOSCOW, Feb. 26.—The Communist Yiddish daily Stern or Star of Charkoff in the Ukraine today urged the convoking of an All-Soviet conference of Yiddish scholars, newspapers and Arkhors, worker correspondents, to decide on measures for the elimination of Hebraisms from the Yiddish language.

Soviet Yiddish papers including the "Times, Truth, of Moscow, Oklilaber, of Minsk, and the Stern have been flooded with complaints from all over the country that the Hebraisms are incomprehensible to the Jewish masses and urged the

(Continued on Page Eight)

Lehman Commutes Death Sentence

(Special to the J.D.B.)
NEW ALBANY, Feb. 26.—The Mallow of Brooklyn, seventeen-year-old murderer will not die on the electric chair March 1. Governor Lehman today commuted the Brownville youth's sentence to life imprisonment.

"At the time of the commission of the crime, Mallow, according to his birth certificate, was sixteen years old and at the present time is little more than seventeen years old," said the Governor. "Because of this and several other circumstances, commuted the sentence of Benjamin Mallow to that of life imprisonment."

Governor Lehman had been widely urged to commute the boy's execution which was scheduled to take place on Purim. Assemblyman Schanzer was to have introduced a bill tonight which would make it legally impossible to execute those under twenty-one years of age.

Dissenting Workers Plan Own Jewish Labor Parley

The provisional committee created by the 200 delegates who left the conference of the Jewish Workers' Committee for Jewish Affairs may night when it voted to adopt a clause in the constitution of the organization forbidding groups adhering to the conference from belonging to "other Jewish organizations with a general Jewish aim," will meet tomorrow evening at the Trumpador House of the Jewish National Workers Alliance. It will take the form of one calling another conference within the next few weeks. The new conference will attempt to create "Jewish worker unity for Jewish Affairs." It will take the form of a free federation with its groups bound by no such cause as the one which led to the split in the previous conference.

The groups adhering to the new provisional committee are the Jew-

Palestine Immigration Should Be Eased—Bingham

Scores Religious Bigotry In Interview; Decries Nazi Persecutions

(Copyright, 1939, J. T. A., Inc.)
His belief that the persecution of the Jews by the Nazis in Germany is deplorable and economic instead of religious, that the Palestine immigration laws should be "liberalized as far as is practicable" and that anti-Semitism will never gain a substantial foothold in America, was voiced in an interview by the United States Ambassador to England, Robert W. Bingham just prior to his departure for London to resume his duties.

Talking freely and with a revealing frankness, Ambassador Bingham, declining to be quoted on the question of the permanency of the Hitler regime in Germany, stated that, "the Jewish persecution is not, in my belief, religious but economic." Ambassador Bingham spoke to C. W. Cohen, publisher of the Louisville Jewish Agency representative.

Passing from the persecution in



—International News Photo
SENATOR BINGHAM

Germany to Palestine, the Ambassador said, "as far as is possible in my opinion, immigration into Palestine should be liberalized. In addition, on account of the situation particularly in Germany, there is more reason now, than ever be-

(Continued on Page Eight)

Hearn Backing New Federal Boosts Boycott Of Nazi Goods Starts May 9

Department Store Bars Further Importing From Germany

Hearn Department Stores, one of the oldest and biggest merchandising organizations in New York City, will not buy any more goods from Nazi Germany, according to a communication yesterday to the Jewish Daily Bulletin from Leonard Ginsberg, vice-president.

"I am very happy to inform you that our store has definitely issued instructions to every buyer that

(Continued on Page Eight)

New Federal Goods' Order Starts May 9

Will be Rigidly Enforced, Treasury Dept's States

(Special to the J.D.B.)
WASHINGTON, Feb. 26.—The Treasury Department intends to enforce rigidly its order requiring goods imported on and after May 9 to bear the name of the country of origin instead of the name of the state or province as is now the practice.

The new order, an amendment to the customs regulations, became effective on that date, it was stated at the Treasury Department. Customs officials at all ports of entry have been furnished with copies of the new regulations.

According to the Treasury Department goods imported on and after May 9 will not be permitted to enter this country unless the requirements of the amended regulations are met. The name of the country of origin must be clearly indicated on each article. The regulations define the name of the country as being a political entity known as a nation. Under this regulation goods imported from Germany must carry the word "Germany" in the required place on each article imported from that country. The Treasury Department made it clear that the designation of a sub-division as a place of origin will not be acceptable. This does not apply to colonies outside the mother country.

The change in regulations making it obligatory to mark imported goods with the name of the country instead of just with the name of the state or province was made partly because of numerous com-

(Continued on Page Eight)

Fascist Head Blasts Super Race Theory

National-Minded Jews No Problem for Land Says von Starheimberg

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)
VIENNA, Feb. 26.—There is no Jewish problem in Austria so far as "national-minded" Austrian Jews are concerned, Prince Ernst Ruediger von Starheimberg, leader of the Heimwehr, the Fascist home guard, told the correspondent of the Budapest Ujsag today. He condemned "Utopian race theories."

"No Jewish problem exists so far as our national-minded Jewish citizens are concerned," the Fascist leader declared. "They are no burden. The Jewish question arises only in the case of individuals without fatherland feeling, who are not able to adjust themselves to the Austrian fate."

"All Jews standing on a national basis," he asserted, "and who do not follow international misteachings are not involved in any discussion of the Jewish question. Besides the Jewish question will not be solved by force. Only action by the State to prevent the settlement of individuals harboring internationalism, will be the solution."

"We insist, under all circumstances," he concluded, "on the independence of Austria and condemn all Utopian race theories".

Persistent rumors of a "march on Vienna" by the Heimwehr, of the secret arrival in Austria of Otto, pretender to the Austrian throne, of an invasion of Austria by Nazi exiles from across the German border continued to contribute today to the state of feverish unrest manifest in all quarters and circles.

While the statements issued by high government authorities almost daily are tending to reassure the few that the Jewish question is planning no action hostile to the political, civil and economic interests of the Jewish population, considerable animosity and tension exist among the Jews as to action affecting their status.

Nominate Two Jews For Italian Senate

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)
ROME, Feb. 26.—Among the newly nominated Senators were the well-known Jewish lawyer, Felice Altredo, and the Jewish industrialist, Falcio Giorgini. In Fascist Italy, the members of the Senate are nominated by the Fascist party and election is a mere formality.

The small Italian Jewish community is well represented in the political life of the nation. Recently a number of other prominent Jews were included in the list of nominees for the Italian Senate. The Italian papers have openly ridiculed the race theories of the Nazis and extolled Italian Jews as fine and desirable citizens.

Jewish Activities in the Metropolitan Area

Sees Palestine Good Derived From Tragedy of Germany

German Jews Aid Land in Many Ways, Mrs. Halprin Declares

"Hadassah is an index of growing Zionist interest," according to Mrs. Samuel W. Halprin, young and energetic national president of the organization, quoted from reports on increase in membership, more intensive participation in activities and a more generous support of health work in Palestine which were indifferent or even antagonistic to Zionism.

Said Mrs. Halprin: "Palestine's stability in a world of turmoil has made many friends for Zionism in those circles which were indifferent or even antagonistic to Zionism. "And what the tragedy in Germany and the rapid and unbelievable spread of anti-Semitism as a political credo and governmental policy has made Palestine the only hope for the whole gamut of world Jewry."

She went on to point out the irony of fate which is driving the most assimilated of the Jews back into the fold. That these German Jews, who repudiated any other credo and governmental policy has made Palestine the only hope for the whole gamut of world Jewry.

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Knowledge of Country Mrs. Halprin, her husband and children spent a year in Palestine recently. Her family goes back and forth between here and Palestine as if six rather than 6,000 miles separated the two countries.

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Guild for Blind To Meet Deficit In Concert Here

Fund Exceeding \$12,355 Needed by Charity Group for Work

The New York Jewish Guild for the Blind spent \$130,806 last year in its work and incurred an operating deficit of \$12,355, Jerome Levine, treasurer of the organization, reported at the annual meeting of the group last night at the office of the Guild. Former Commissioner of Education I. Montefiore Levy presided at the meeting.

Leonard M. Walstein, chairman of the Guild committee in charge of its forthcoming concert, reported that the advance ticket sale indicated that the event would enable the group to reduce the deficit incurred during the year.

The income of the Guild from memberships, pencil campaigns, contributions, benefits and other sources was \$117,950.68, it was reported.

Of the expenditures, \$53,993 went for maintaining its home and workshops at Yorkers, where the blind receive support, education, training and vocational guidance; \$23,280 for its welfare department, which supports the blind in their own homes and furnishes medical care, nursing service and aid in saving and restoring sight; \$23,031 was spent by its community workers auxiliary, which provides workshops where the blind may earn a living, and a community center for recreation and social exchange. Another Guild auxiliary offers accommodations to the blind, and a dormitory in the city.

The following officers and directors were elected to serve for the ensuing year: I. Montefiore Levy, president; Leonard M. Walstein, vice president; Ephraim B. Levy, honorary president; Mrs. Goshka Riza, honorary vice president; Jerome Levine, treasurer; Miss E. Alimee Pisa, recording secretary, and Abraham Arndt, corresponding secretary.

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Enthusiastic Report On Biro-Bidjan Given By Marley at ICOR

Lord Marley, deputy speaker in the British House of Lords and chairman of the World Committee to Aid the Victims of German Fascism, gave an enthusiastic report of what he saw in Biro-Bidjan at a mass reception which was arranged for him by the ICOR, Association for Jewish Colonization in Soviet Russia. About 3,000 people attended the reception which took place at the Central Opera House, 206 East 67th street.

A. Olken, secretary of the New York City ICOR Committee, presided. He expressed the thanks of his organization to Lord Marley for the fine report which he made. S. Almazov, national secretary of the ICOR, spoke of the work of the organization. Sergei Radnasky, reporter, sang a number of modern Soviet songs.

New England Student Wins Lehman Trophy For Address on Jews

Norman B. Robbins, 21, a student at Northeastern University School, Sunday night was awarded the Irving Lehman Trophy for being adjudged first place in the National Oratorical Contest for Jewish Centers sponsored by the Jewish Welfare Board.

The contest was held at the Bronx Young Men's Hebrew Association, Lexington avenue and 92d street.

Robbins, who is a resident of Worcester, Mass., discussed "The Scapago of the World." Abraham Pleschman, of Staten Island, was awarded second place. Others who competed were: Isadore Zamos, of New Jersey; Lester Benjamin, of Pennsylvania, and Harry S. Levine of New York.

Bulletin Calendar of Events

Tuesday, Feb. 27
Benefit concert, Medical Department, Hebrew University in Palestine, Carnegie Hall, evening; auspices of American Jewish Physicians Committee.

Center, German Jewish Club, 21 West 51st street, evening. Address by Professor Edward L. Ransome.

Meeting, Zionist Club of Brooklyn, Regina Mansion, 601 Wiloughby avenue, Brooklyn, 8:30 P. M. Charles A. Cowen, "The Social Structure of Jewish Palestine."

Reception in honor of Lord Marley, auspices of Peoples' ORT Federation of Women, ORT, Hotel Astor, 5 P. M. Speakers, B. C. Vladeck, Dr. Henry Moskowitz, Mrs. Florence B. Dolowitz, Louis B. Bourdin, Herman Bernstein.

City Forum, 113 West 57th street, 8:30 P. M. "From Lodes to the Past Future," Margaret D. Schacter, Estelle Goldstein, Henry S. Rosner.

New School Research, 66 West 12th street, 8:20 P. M. George S. Medalla, "Reforms in the Civil Law."

Dinner-conference, Trade and Membership Council, Brooklyn Federation of Jewish Charities, Daily Club, Bedford avenue and Dean street, Brooklyn, 6 P. M.

"Why Hitlerism Cannot Last Long," Herman Bernstein, Station WED, 8:15 P. M.

Purin party, Slatkoff Park, 8th Avenue Synagogue, 50 East 87th street, 2 P. M.

Meeting, New York Lodge No. 1, 2nd Fl. B'nai B'rith, 2nd Fl. Club, 30 West 96th street, 8:30 P. M. Guest speaker, Rev. Dr. Samuel H. Goldenstein.

Tuesday WED, 8:30 to 9 P. M. Songs recited by Joseph Viskind, 10:30 P. M. broadcast of records to Lord Marley at Hotel Astor.

Brooklyn Hebrew Home and Hospital for the Aged, 213 Howard avenue, 3 P. M. Irving Davidson, "Jewish Humor."

Annual Purim gathering, Women's Branch of Union Orthodox Jewish Congregations of America, Congregation of America, Congregation Yeshiva Yehoshua, 117 West 85th street, afternoon. Speakers, Dr. Charles G. Tillinghast, Joseph L. Lookstein.

Young Israel of Manhattan, 230 East Broadway, 9 P. M. "Jewish National Fund's Poets, Figures and Meaning," P. M. Raskin.

Jewish Theological Seminary, Broadway and 12nd street, 8:30 P. M. Concert by New York Salon Orchestra, composed of musicians from Civil Works Service Bureau.

Anti-Nazi Meeting, Far Rockaway Jewish Community Center, evening. Speakers, Matthew Wolf, Stanley Hlph.

Menorah Article in a Writers' Committee, lists and exhibit of paintings, Mrs. Samuel H. Goldenstein, Washington Square South, 3 to 5:30 P. M.

To Broadcast Anti-Hitler Rally

Highlights of a New York mass meeting concerning "The Case of Civilization Against Hitlerism" will be broadcast over the WABC-Columbia network from 10:30 to 10:45 p. m. Station WABC will carry the program from 10:30 to 10:45 p. m., Wednesday, March 7.

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Mrs. Schlein Heads Group For Third Time

Gives Annual Report After Beth Moses Auxiliary Meet

Mrs. Harry Schlein was elected for the seventh consecutive time president of the women's auxiliary of Beth Moses Hospital at the twentieth annual meeting held yesterday at the Arlon Fykinan Temple, Brooklyn. Mrs. Schlein disclosed that the auxiliary had spent \$10,642 and rendered service to 22,271 cases during the past year in her original report.

Other officers elected at the meeting, over which Magistrate Jeanette G. Brill presided, included Mrs. John Bailey, Mrs. David Singold, Mrs. Fred Gopolinsky, Mrs. Henrietta Werblin, Mrs. David Schlein, Mrs. Jacob Meisel, Mrs. Harold Rabinowitz and Mrs. Maxwell Thurin.

Speaking for aid from the community, Mrs. Schlein in her report declared that "the free work in both the hospital and dispensary has increased considerably during the past year. The difficulties seem even greater than they were the year before."

Among the directors and associate directors elected at the meeting are Mrs. B. Gerzog, Mrs. N. L. Goldstein, Mrs. L. Loewe, Mrs. H. Crinsky, Mrs. W. Margolies, Mrs. A. Zarokel, Mrs. W. Raschin, Mrs. B. Rifkin, Mrs. A. Salber, Mrs. A. M. Schwartz, Mrs. M. Thurin, Mrs. M. Blumberg, Mrs. L. Frencher, Mrs. W. Fink, Mrs. H. Fischer, Mrs. L. Friedman, Mrs. A. Goldshay, Mrs. M. Goldring, Mrs. J. Leitman, Mrs. I. Lipp, Mrs. J. Sobel, Mrs. M. Rockover, Mrs. I. Sirkis, Mrs. A. H. Weisler, Mrs. J. Weisner and Mrs. A. Weinstock.

Psychologist Declares Germans Hate Chancellor

Expressing the belief that the majority in Germany "hate Hitler" and that the masses in that country are subservient to him will only because they are subject to mob psychosis, mob insanity," Dr. A. A. Brill forecast early yesterday at a luncheon in an address on "Anti-Semitism, Past and Present" a "be weekly forum of the Kingsbridge Heights Jewish society."

Anti-Semitism first reared its head when the Torah was adopted, according to the psychologist.

Officers Elected

At a regular meeting of the Zionist Organization of America, district 11, at the Holywood Gardens, the Bronx, the following officers were elected: Moses Wortman, president; Louis Sheingold, vice-president; Simon Meisler, secretary; Dr. J. Jacobson, treasurer; Ann Finkelshten, financial secretary, and Anna Cohen, recording secretary.

Religious Services

A. W. Binder, choirmaster of the Free Synagogue, will join Rabbi Philip Kaufman, religious adviser to the students of Columbia University, tomorrow noon in his participation of religious services at Milbank Chapel, Teachers College.

Mailman Marks Purim

Mailman and the Jewish Club will have a Purim celebration and sickle party at the Jewish Club, 1 West 73rd street, Sunday evening. In addition to singing the Philip Raskin on "What is Purim?" songs and dances of Padua will be presented. Judge Sam J. Goldstein will preside at a gathering.

Painting of President by Jewish Artist



Max Baud, with the portrait of President Roosevelt, which he recently completed. The painting will be sent to France, where it will be hung in the American Embassy.

—International News Picta

Pastor Says Boycott Divides Opinion Among Reich Jews

The Rev. Dr. Ewart Turner, pastor of the American Church in Berlin, now engaged in lecturing in this country, indicated in an interview that the boycott, according to his observation, is not the proper weapon to use against Hitlerism. The impression he carried from Germany, he says, is that the Jews there are not in favor of it.

"I talked with twenty German Jews in Germany," he narrated, "and all but two emphatically protested the boycott of German goods in theory and practice."
"Assume for the sake of argument all the Nazi claims against the Jews in Germany, there still exists no excuse for the method of eye-for-eye vengeance used against them on April first or since. Two wrongs do not make a right."

Dr. Turner said he discussed the boycott with leaders of the American Jewish Congress.

"Rabbi Stephen S. Wise," he said, "asked me about the attitude of the German Jews toward the foreign anti-Nazi boycott. I told him that sentiment was divided, that many Jews were in favor of the boycott but that the majority of them were against it."

Germany Protests
"Germany," he continued "has perhaps as long and as violent an anti-Semitic history as any nation in Europe. At the close of the war and the beginning of the

republic German Jews enjoyed a measure of emancipation never before experienced by them. The flood-gates of anti-Semitism, which had been wide open for so many years were officially closed, and the Jews promptly became "first class citizens."

"Germany now protests the predominance of Jews in professions, a situation created largely by the exclusion of Jews from agriculture by virtue of their inability to hold land prior to the republic and by governmental edict restricting them from holding civil service and other public posts."

Dr. Turner said that the Nazi Government has made strides toward solving the Jewish problem by creating a committee to study the Jewish question. He does not feel that anti-Semitism for the moment is letting up, he added.

"Personal relations between Jews and Germans have not been completely changed," he continued. "More than half the Nazis I know still invite their Jewish friends to their homes quite as readily as before Hitler."

Women's Card Party

The West Bronx Women's Division of the Non-Sectarian Anti-Nazi League of Champion Human Rights is giving a card party at the Burnside Manor, 85 West Burnside avenue, tomorrow evening.

United Synagogue Will Hold Annual Convention

The twenty-second annual convention of the United Synagogue of America will be held at the Willard Hotel, Washington, from May 6 to 8, according to an announcement issued by Louis J. Moss, president of the United Synagogue. The principal subject of the convention will be "What Can the Synagogue do to Ameliorate Racial and Religious Prejudice?"

Coinciding with the convention the seventeenth annual convention of the Women's League of the United Synagogue and the sixth annual convention of the National Federation of Jewish Men's Clubs will be held.

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Life of North American Jewry in Review

Prejudice In CWA Phila. Jobs Charged

Board of Education Accused of Discrimination

(Special to the J.D.B.)
PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 26.—Charges that the Board of Education of this city is definitely discriminating against Jews, Italians and Negroes were made yesterday in a statement issued by Franklin G. COLLOR, director of the Civil Works Administration bureau here.

Mr. Collor declared that when his bureau, acting in accordance with its designated function, recommended qualified unemployed individuals to the Board of Education for employment as janitors, cleaners, firemen and engineers, such individuals were refused employment unless they were of English or Irish origin. The refusal, the statement charged, was the result of instructions issued by Harvey F. Ritew, Engineer of the Board of Education and in charge of heating and lighting in the public schools.

Floyd T. Talerfio, unemployed Italian father of three children, in an affidavit sworn to before Emanuel Ramm, local Jewish lawyer, declared that when he applied at the CWA employment office Friday morning for a card which would identify him as qualifying for a Board of Education job, he was told:

"There must be some mistake. The Board of Education has given orders that we are not to send any Negro, Jew or Italian."

Eril H. Biddell, director of the State bureau of the CWA, declared that should the charge of discrimination be proven true the appropriate change to the school board would be withdrawn.

"There must not and there shall not be any race discrimination against unemployed who are provided with work through Civil works funds," Mr. Biddell said.

Colored Tribe, Jews', Gets in Trouble When Members Bare Pistols

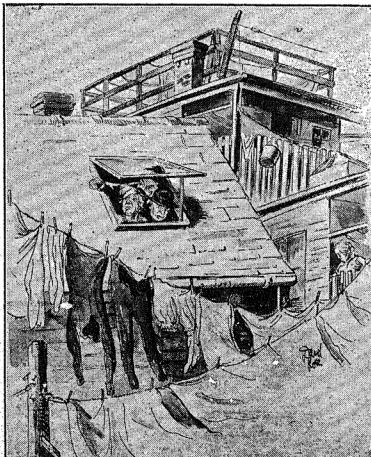
(Special to the J.D.B.)
BUFFALO, N. Y., Feb. 26.—"Rabbi" Ben Shuali Abed, colored, who describes himself as chieftain of one of the ten lost tribes of Israel, got himself in hot water the other day when members of his Lodge of the Mystery Ten staged a pistol duel that landed two of them behind bars.

"Rabbi" Abed, otherwise known as Prince of the Kingdom of Abyssinia and God Prophet from the Beginning, ejected one Larry Ross from a Lodge meeting. Ross didn't like it. He was formerly the grand keeper and high in Abed's godly circle. So one night the keeper tried to soothe his shattered vanity by crashing a meeting from within and bearing down on Abed.

Edward Williams, one of the faithful, who stood guard at the portal to the inner sanctum where the Lodge was performing holy rites, held Ross at bay. They fought a pitched battle. The rest of the story is history, but the outcome will be settled by the grand jury.

One of the good old customs Prince Abed likes to teach his followers is a method of writing English from left to right. A fair attainment this, even for educated persons. The Lodge holds it up as a qualification for being Jewish. Also, Prince Abed sells His-brew prayer books at three times their worth.

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Rosenblatt to Lead Tour to Palestine

Will Enable Him to Visit Grave of Father; Journey From June 23 to Aug. 2

(Special to the J.D.B.)
BALTIMORE, Feb. 26.—In order to enable him to visit the grave of his father, the late Cantor Josef Rosenblatt, who died last June 19 and was buried in the Mount of Olives Cemetery in Jerusalem, the Rev. Dr. Samuel Rosenblatt, rabbi of the Beth-El Synagogue, has made arrangements to conduct a forty-day tour to Palestine this summer.

The journey will be from June 23 to August 2, and the party will sail on the steamers Conte di Savoia and the Rex of the Italian Line. Rome and Naples in Italy and Cairo and the pyramids in Egypt will be visited en route, and twelve days will be spent in the Holy Land. Lectures will be delivered by the rabbi on the history of the countries, as well as other diversions. The tourists will enjoy the benefits of his acquaintance with the local customs and his experience as a traveler.

Dr. Rosenblatt will be accompanied by his wife. A large number from Baltimore are expected to make the trip.

Jewish Students Honored

(Special to the J.D.B.)
MONTREAL, Feb. 26.—Jewish students have gained four out of five places in the high school leaving examinations held at the high schools of this city, according to an announcement by Dr. W. F. Percival, Director of Protestant Education in the Province of Quebec. Jacob Starr, of Baron Byng High School, came first with 836 points out of a possible 1,000, followed by three other Baron Byng Jewish boys, Moses Rossin, Abie Rozen and Howard Solomon.

Drive Extended

(Special to the J.D.B.)
PATERSON, N. J., Feb. 26.—Because of a snowstorm which tied up local activity in the \$15,000 drive for the German Jews, the drive has been extended until Thursday evening.

Cornestone Laid by Gen. Grant; Grandson To Attend Anniversary

(Special to the J.D.B.)
WASHINGTON, Feb. 26.—The sixty-fifth anniversary of the founding of the Adas Israel Congregation will be celebrated on the evening of March 7. Speakers for the occasion include Representative Herman P. Koppelman of Hartford, Conn., Rabbi Margolis of Mount Vernon, N. Y., and District Commissioners Allen and Hazen.

The Adas Israel Congregation is one of the oldest congregations in the city. The cornerstone of the building was laid by President Grant. At this anniversary's celebration, the Civil War hero's grandson, Lieut. Col. U. S. Grant Shreve, will be among the speakers. The speaking program will be followed by a buffet supper given under the auspices of the Adas Israel Sisterhood. Arrangements for the anniversary celebration are in charge of Edward Rosenblum.

Rabbi Rudolph Rosenthal Installed in Cleveland

(Special to the J.D.B.)
CLEVELAND HEIGHTS, Ohio, Feb. 26.—Rabbi Rudolph Rosenthal who for the last nine months has occupied the pulpit at the Temple P'nai Jesurun, better known as the Temple on the Heights here, was officially installed at a simple impressive ceremony.

Rabbi Stephen S. Wise of New York called Rabbi Rosenthal, now only 27 years old, "gloriously young" and predicted a brilliant future for him. The president of the congregation, Ben Labowitz, was leader of the ceremony.

Goldberg Will Speak

(Special to the J.D.B.)
MINNEAPOLIS, Feb. 26.—Abraham Goldberg, member of the governing board of the Zionist organization of America, will speak on "What Is Happening in Palestine?" at a meeting of the Zionist district here March 1.

300 Brave Rockaway Storm to Attend Mass Meeting on Boycott

(Special to the J.D.B.)
FAR ROCKAWAY, L. I., Feb. 26.—Three hundred people braved inclement weather here last night to attend a boycott demonstration arranged by the Jewish Council of the Rockaways and the Rockaway Beach Post of the Jewish War Veterans of America at the Jewish Community Center here.

The gathering, after hearing Municipal Court Justice William P. Morris declared that Nazi persecution of the Jews had aroused people all over the world, non-Jews as well as Jews, and speeches by Asher Zeide, Rabbi Robert E. Gordis, of Rockaway Park, Rabbi Henry Fisher of Arverne and others, adopted resolutions supporting the boycott and expressing protest at discriminations against the Jews in Germany.

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Austrian Strife Is Credited to Jews in Land

Der Stuermer Waxes Hot Over Race Of Jews

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)
BERLIN, Feb. 26.—Jews instigated the recent civil war in Austria in order to bring about the mass murder of Austrian Germans to provide room in Austria for Jews fleeing Germany. Der Stuermer, the anti-Semitic weekly published by Julius Streicher, Nuremberg, has issued a leader and boycott organizer, declares.

In an article featured on page one of the publication which is one of the propaganda sheets barred by the authorities from circulation abroad, the charge is made that the Austrian disturbances were planned and organized under the so-called Protocols of the Elders of Zion.

On another page of the current issue, the Streicher paper points out under a banner headline, "Jesus Not a Jew," that the Galileans were "Aryan Ammonites," not Jews. Semites, the paper reports, are racially incapable of committing crimes.

In connection with the approach of Purim, the Jewish Fast of Esther, Der Stuermer seizes the occasion to renew his allegations of ritual murders against the Jews devoting a full column to a list of all-geed cases beginning with Abtich in the year 418 and including the massacres and Kishineff cases.

Paper Reassuring On Liepmann

Manchester Guardian Says Author May Not Be Extradited

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)
LONDON, Feb. 26.—Heinz Liepmann, German Jewish author of "Murder—Made in Germany," who was sentenced to a month's imprisonment on the charge of having instigated President von Hindenburg in his book, is in no danger of being extradited to Germany, the Manchester Guardian reports.

The reassuring message comes from an authoritative person in Holland, the article in the Manchester Guardian states, recalling the fact that Holland had even refused to extradite Kaiser Wilhelm.

Polish Revisionists Send Greetings to Strasky, Rosenblatt

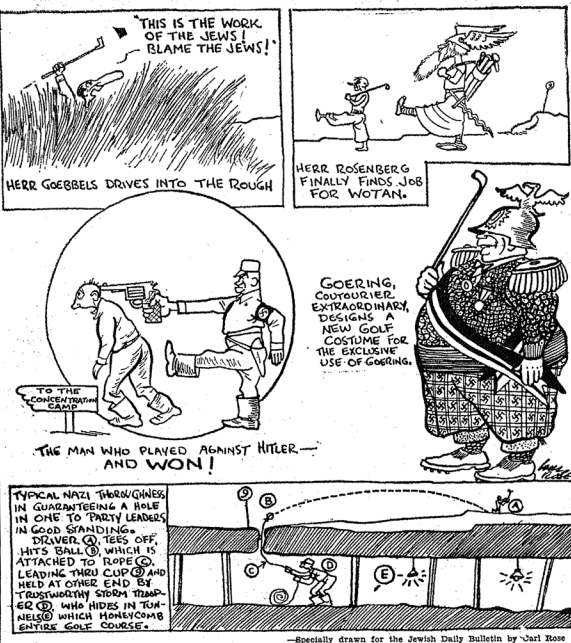
(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)
WARSAW, Feb. 26.—Messages of greetings were received from the fourth annual all-Polish Revisionist conference now in session here, to Abraham Stavsky, Zvi Kohn and Dr. Joseph Achimovitch, three Revisionists who are now being held in connection with the murder of Dr. Chaim Arlosoroff, noted Zionist labor leader.

The conference, dispatched to reports regarding the petition which the Revisionists are sponsoring for presentation to Great Britain in connection with Jewish immigration into Palestine.

The Keren Hayesod, Palestine Foundation Fund, Polish division, gathered in congress today, a considerable number of prominent Polish Jews attending.

The impoverishment of Poland's Jews was seen in figures reported to the congress on its income from contributions during 1933, when 707,947 zlotys, equivalent to about \$60,000, were collected. In 1930, 1,000,000 zlotys, about \$100,000, had been given to the fund by the number of contributors.

Germany Proclaims Golf Its National Game



some question that they will be permitted to trade at all.

Austrians Need German Trade
Christian deputations from various cities in Austria have already called upon Dollfus and have declared that although they do not lack patriotism or faith in the Chancellor they are simply compelled to go over to the Nazis because it has become economically impossible for the Christian population to make a living since Austria has been cut off from Germany and because Jews play too great a part in business. They declared that for them it is a matter of life and death to have the German boundaries reopened and Jewish trade limited.

Resolutions recently adopted by the chambers of commerce in Tyrol, Salzburg and other cities formulated these demands clearly. They indicated that their members had been carrying on trade with Germany for hundreds of years and cannot exist without Germany. They directly demanded a complete understanding with the government and they would make it clear that they want Austria reorganized as a "Christian land."

The president of the Federation of Austrian Industrialists, inspired by a strong speech which Dollfus delivered, declared that the whole federation stood behind Dollfus and was ready to aid him in his fight against the Nazis. Several hours later, however, he was compelled to withdraw his words. Protesters from all over Austria—with the exception of Vienna and Upper Austria—simply forced him to do so.

From all these facts it is easy to see that the more influential elements in Austria—the Austria merchants and industrialists—are daily becoming more and more inclined to Nazism, for purely economic reasons. Not to mention the youth. For the youth believes that its chances will be better when Austria will have become a part of a country numbering 70,000,000 souls than to be if Austria remains an isolated country of only 6,000,000. Austrian youth is definitely in favor of the Nazis and believes sincerely that National Socialism is unavoidable in Austria.

With this the ruling sentiment prevailing among the Austrian youth of "racial purity" appeals so strongly to the youth. It is easy to see why anti-Semitism is gaining ground among the youth.

Does the present government check these anti-Semitic tendencies? Unfortunately, no. The government does not at all wish to meet Jewish any opposition to anti-Semitism.

As yet, the Nazis are not in power. But Jewish bank employees are already being discharged from their jobs. Jewish merchants can no longer obtain credit. The Jews of Austria may still be able to fight for their political rights through the League of Nations, but their economic rights will have to be defended by the Jews of the rest of the world.

Jewish Credit Banks Essential To Uphold Jews in Austria

Government Institutions Review Help to Jewish Concerns

By BORIS SMOLAR
(Chief European Correspondent, J. T. A.)
VIENNA, Feb. 19.—(N. Y.) Jews have not as yet come into power in Austria, but in the Austrian government banks Jews are no longer given credit, while Jewish employees of such banks are being thrown out of their jobs just as they were in Hitler's Germany.

In this respect—that of credits—that Jews of Austria will be in a much worse position than the Jews of Germany. The Jews of Germany can still find some way to take themselves over. If they are in business, they still have a little capital. They have special Jewish credit associations upon which they can depend. Moreover, in Germany to this very day there is a rule that no special discriminations be made against Jews in business or bank credits.

In Austria, things are different. There are no rules about Jewish credit in Austria. But it is no longer a secret that Jewish merchants can no longer hope to get their usual credit at Austrian banks. It is being said openly and clearly that a "Christian Austria" is no place in which to stimulate Jewish trade by state or municipal credit extension.

Without the usual credit system upon which Jewish business in Austria, heretofore depended, without Jewish credit societies of their own, with personal—even though small—capital, whether can the Jewish small trader in Austria survive? To whom can he appeal? How will he be able to exist?

The average Jewish merchant in Austria was never a very wealthy man. He has never had much capital of his own. He always

Mr. Smolar, chief European correspondent of the Jewish Telegraphic Agency, in this article outlines the economic position of Austrian Jewry and the measures that should be taken to safeguard the Jewish Community.

conducted his business on loans on a "give and take" basis. He would take credit and also give it. Now he has been entirely cut off from his credit sources. He is suspended in mid-air. He has no idea where aid will come from, nor how he can make it possible to continue.

These economic discriminations against the Jews, begun even before the Nazis came into power, are in many respects worse for the Jews than the expected political discriminations. They are a "purely internal" matter. No complaint to the League of Nations can be made about them. Sympathy cannot be expressed abroad on that score. It can not even be shown that they are against the existing Austrian constitution.

The Jews of Austria are now faced with the problem of finding some way out of these economic discriminations, some way of conducting their businesses, both greater and lesser.

The only way they can help themselves is by establishing special Jewish banks and Jewish credit associations, institutions "by Jews for Jews."

Austrian Jews are discussing such credit societies as their last hope. Thousands of Jewish families in Austria are building their plans upon the foundation of such credit sources. The "to be or not to be" of all Jewish business, which the dominating anti-Semitic forces in the country seek to undermine under the pretext that "in a Christian country there is no place for

Money From Abroad Necessary to Finance New Projects

Jewish trade" depends entirely upon such credit associations.

The Jewish credit banks in Austria—these urgently needed constructive aids for Austrian Jewry—will never come to be if Austrian Jewry does not get help from abroad. Help from America, from the "Joint" and the "Foundation."

The American Joint Distribution Committee and the American Joint Reconstruction Foundation have already had much experience in the establishment of such special Jewish credit banks. In Poland and in Rumania, in Lithuania and in Latvia, the Joint has established such banks and by means of them actually saved Jewish small trade from destruction.

Now the turn has come for Germany and Austria.

In Germany, where Jewish trade has not as yet been forbidden, central Jewish relief organizations are now planning much on the strength of the Jewish credit funds which the Joint has begun to establish there. In Austria the Jews are putting their last and only hopes upon these funds.

The Jews of Austria believe that in another week or so the Nazis will certainly come into power here. They know that for the Nazis are merely looking for an appropriate moment to take control legally, and they have no doubt whatsoever that such a moment is near.

Under such conditions it is no wonder that Austrian Jewry is very much worried about the future of Jewish business. Austria is not Germany. When the Nazis come into power in Austria the Jews will not only lose their credit and their jobs, but there is even

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The Bulletin's Day Book

Captain of Aviation Kraut has been disciplined because of anti-Semitic propaganda. Goering even ordered his arrest. However, Kraut was freed under pressure of the S. A. It is obvious of course, that Goering does not object to anti-Semitic propaganda. The charges was a mere pretext to cover a retaliatory measure against an offending Nazi clique.

Princess Catherine Radziwill reveals that Hitler has made a great effort to procure Marlene Dietrich for the Third Reich. Adolf Hitler has a very great affection for Dietrich, at least so the Princess claims. She is his foremost film idol. His desire is to make her the Czarina of the film industry. Later on, the Princess says, Hitler sent a special emissary to the Mediterranean coast in order to prevail on Marlene to return to Germany.

Marlene was bathing in the warm waters of the Mediterranean, when the Dutch brash music manager arrived. He clicked his heels before her and presented the compliments of the Chancellor. Germany awaited her with open arms, he said.

His diplomatic mission failed. Marlene did not say yes or no, and the emissary left. However, she did not disappoint Germany. A second emissary to proceed to Marlene, who amiably and graciously dismissed the emissary, this time with an emphatic no.

Marlene recently announced that she will visit Europe soon, but she will spend her time in France.

Physicians, scientists, lawyers and writers who imagined that the elimination of Jews from Germany would bring "Paradise on Earth" for them, have been sadly disillusioned. They were never worse off than at the time. In the professional papers prints a pitiful article about their position. Of 50,000 physicians some 7,000 are no longer livelihood. About 9,000 do not obtain even a minimum of 160 marks monthly, while another 12,000 have an income of about 300 marks monthly. The paper expressly says that

transference of "Aryan" patients from Jewish physicians has not financially improved the status of the Jewish physicians. The fees paid by the insurance departments are so low that the physicians must have at least twenty-five patients daily in order to exist. Costs of instruments, etc., have increased, but fees have decreased. There are many insurance departments which pay only two marks for the first examination and one mark for further visits. Even those physicians with a large private practice, they are being paid very slowly and in all, drawn-out installments, if at all. On the other hand, new burdens are being imposed on the physicians in the nature of fees for federations, physicians' societies, gratuitous treatment of S. A. men and the elite guard.

Lawyers are in a similar position, despite the fact that the competing Jewish element has been even more definitely eliminated. The civil courts are no longer fully occupied, because going to court is not very popular in Germany. It is not absolutely necessary, also does not go to court. Fear is a major factor. Contracts, notices, etc., have become so rare that the lawyers have not won much with the elimination of the Jews. The National Socialist Association of Lawyers figured out that lawyers in Germany may have an average income of 230 marks a month, which means that 25 per cent are without income, and that in the larger cities there is a modest number who earn 1,000 or more, while the majority do not earn the minimum required to ensure a livelihood.

Free-lance writers are in the same position. A large number cannot find publishers, and even if they do, the sale of books is so small that they receive starvation fees.

One theatrical writer whose play is still in the theatre, has received a total of only 287 marks for his play. With few exceptions, 20,000 German writers look to their pens alone for their livelihood. They have no side lines.

The Theatre East Side, West Side

By HERB KRUCKMAN

By FREDERICK V. SEANE

DODSWORTH, a play in three acts and fourteen scenes, by Sidney Howard, dramatized from Sinclair Lewis' novel of the same name. Staged by Robert B. Shubert; settings by M. Milner; produced by Max Gordon. At the Shubert Theatre.

Making plays and moving pictures out of novels is Sinclair Lewis has almost gained the proportions of an industry, and not a very profitable one at that. "Main Street," "Elbow Room," "Arrowsmith" have been dramatized in one form or another and not any of these ventures caused excited excitement to the "house" treasurers. The latest effort to translate to the stage one of Mr. Lewis' pokes at American citizenry is "Dodsworth," which opened the other night at the Shubert Theatre.

"Dodsworth" is one of the more important Lewis novels. It is the story of a successful man's reaction to life and postures which he finds himself out of the familiar surroundings in which he made his success. He is a man who has ideals but he also has an ambitious social-climbing wife who is impressed by pseudo-culture. Her nagging at his lack of social graces and her affairs with suave gentlemen finally drives him to another woman who recognizes his genuineness of his character. His discovery that his home life was not as he thought it might be comes to him while he and his wife are on a continental vacation. He leaves his wife to marry the other woman.

Mr. Lewis' idea in writing "Dodsworth" was in the nature of a defense of the much maligned successful businessman. He had poked and her affairs with suave gentlemen finally drives him to another woman who recognizes his genuineness of his character. His discovery that his home life was not as he thought it might be comes to him while he and his wife are on a continental vacation. He leaves his wife to marry the other woman.

Under the hands of Sidney Howard, who dramatized it at the Shubert, the play "Dodsworth" fails to emerge with the strength and virility of the novel. Mr. Howard does not bind himself rigidly to the book. He has created new dialogue and given a different emphasis to some of Lewis' ideas. These are things a good play should do. The result is a version that Howard has fashioned rambles, becomes diffuse. It is saved from complete failure by the strong acting of the cast, especially by the glorious performance of Walter Huston, who has been too long absent from the legitimate stage.

At the Shubert, the automobile manufacturer, Mr. Huston gives as near a perfect performance as has been seen on the stage this cold winter night at the Shubert. He has created the part were written with him in mind. Fay Bainter as Mrs. Dodsworth is also excellent. Others are: Ruth Hussey, as Mrs. Dodsworth; Maria Ouspenskaya, Nan Sunderland, Harlan Briggs, John Williams, Charles Halton and Kent Smith.

Los Angeles Sanatorium 4-Day Convention Ends

(Special to the J.D.B.)
LOS ANGELES, Feb. 26.—The twentieth anniversary convention of the Los Angeles Sanatorium concluded last night at the Elk's Temple here. Delegates numbered more than twenty states attended the four-day conference.

The Jewish Daily Bulletin brings you daily complete news of events concerning Jewish parts of the world.

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Concord, Boston Rabbi, Talks at Concord, N. H.

(Special to the J.D.B.)

CONCORD, N. H., Feb. 26.—In an address at the Religious Education Association Conference in the legislative hall of the State House here, Rabbi Beryl D. Cohen of Temple Israel, Boston, said that "It is not the dollar alone that is being reevaluated, all our moral codes, all our ideals, all our aims, as to what is just and good and honorable, are being reevaluated, if not devaluated."

Young Israel Theatre Party

The tenth annual theatre party for the benefit of Young Israel will be held at the Second Avenue Theatre on Sunday evening, March 15. The Jewish comedian Julius Nathanson and his all-star cast will present the "Organ Grinder," a three act comedy.

In a change of the theatre party are Mary Bredine, Mrs. Spielman, Dr. Ivan Kohr, Samuel Gottesman, Dr. Ivan Kohn, Adele Miller, Sol Jockowitz, Aaron Nissenfeld and Sylvia Goldsmith.

Zionists Arrange Purim Fete

A Purim festival will be given by Zionists District 39 at the Hebrew Institute of University Heights, 1835 University avenue, tomorrow evening at 8 o'clock. Rabbi William F. Rosenzweig of Temple Israel will speak on "Builders of Palestine and Lovers of Zion." Max J. Schneider, president of the Institute, and Rabbi Simon C. Kramer will also speak.

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Purim Play Presented At Free Synagogue School

A humorous playlet in nine scenes describing Esther's victory over Haman was the feature of a Purim celebration held Sunday morning at the Free Synagogue, 40 West 68th street. The playlet was part of a program arranged by the Sunday school of the Free Synagogue.

Jacob Wassermann's book, "My Life as German and Jew," was presented to fourteen-year-old James Mastbaum as a prize for the best essay of the school on the noted novelist. The book was autographed by Rabbi Stephen S. Wise.

Brooklyn Charity Ball To Aid Infants' Home

Many prominent persons have taken boxes for the charity ball and entertainment of the Infants Home of Brooklyn to be held Sunday evening, in the grand ballroom of the Hotel St. George.

Included among the boxholders are: Mayor F. H. La Guardia, Rudolph Bauer, Supreme Court Justice Mitchell May, Register Aaron Jacoby, Frank Wasserman, Peter B. Hansen, Kenneth F. Sutherland, Conroy Island Democratic Chief, Louis Marcus and Herman Bachrach. Proceeds of the affair will go towards a newly erected building which is planned to accommodate more children.

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The Reader's Forum

Rabbi Cliver and the Boycott

Editor, Jewish Daily Bulletin:

I read with great interest Dr. Akiba Hiller Silver's trenchant article in the boyscott in the recent issue of the Bulletin and was greatly surprised to find him attacking publications for carrying articles tending to establish the boycott of Nazi Germany is not completely successful.

For any one to hold otherwise is to be in complete denial of the facts of the situation and I do not think it fair of Dr. Silver to attack a publication for "defeatism as sabotage of the boycott effort." If Dr. Silver is convinced that the boycott is eminently successful in this country, let him visit almost any department store in New York City or his own city of Cleveland.

Finkelstein Describes Jews' Love of Peace

"Jews were persecuted in Germany because a nation preparing for war must remove the people who are in possession of ideas." So declares Professor Louis Finkelstein at the thirteenth anniversary dinner of the Jewish Center of Jackson Heights.

In an impassioned plea for Jewish Jewish in position and ideas Professor Finkelstein declared that a "Judaism united for peace is the hope for world salvation."

The Reader's Forum

Let him talk confidentially with store executives and be told that the action against the sale of German goods is almost entirely negligible and let him study the publisher lists of German liners.

It is certainly not "falsehood, evasion, dilution or evasion of publication to state the facts as they are. Rather, the facts should be a basis for renewed effort in making the boycott effective and if the facts are palatable to the opponents of the boycott, the remedy is in their hands—let them lead in making the boycott a complete success." Here, Delage says that this has already been accomplished is to mis-state the situation.

A Boycott Supporter.

N. J. Jewish Youth Night Plans Perfected Yesterday

(Special to the J.D.B.)
JERSEY CITY, Feb. 25.—Delegates from forty Jewish youth organizations met tonight at the Jewish Community Center to make final arrangements for "Jewish Youth Night" to be held Monday, March 12.

Louis J. Krieger, president of the local community center, who will preside at the event, announced that Dr. Albert S. Rosenberg, chairman of the committee on arrangements.

THE HUMAN TOUCH

By HARRY SALTHER

THIS being the Jewish Daily Bulletin, it is no more than fitting, even at the pleasant risk of writing an other column, to devote a column to the Menhuh family, that we put into print Yehudi's story, as definite a form as possible, of the story of how the young musician came to live living virtuosos of the violin got his

Harry Saltther

Yehudi—Jew. Paraphrasing what is noted, during the hours I spent with the family, that when he was referred to, in his absence, or addressed, in his presence, by either mother or aunt, it was with the full name of Yehudi, every syllable receiving full value, and every word being taken as if detracted from its dignity. Young Menhuh's use of that name is at classic an example as the race has of a name conferred with the first object on a simple dignity, a dignity that it would not be exaggerating to call grandeur.

The father told me the story while the campus way toward Yehudi. Moses Menhuh's name was originally pronounced Menhuh—in the first graduation class of the Hebrew Gymnasium at the City College. He built the school and studied there when there was yet no habitation in that place and he had to commute to his father's.

He then came to New York and studied at New York University, where he met the girl who became his bride and the mother of Yehudi. Her given name was Marutha and she comes from the south of Russia. They were married in the day England entered the war. As August 14, 1914, the young Mrs. Menhuh went to look for an apartment in the vicinity of the campus—the real campus way up University avenue, not the one at the University of the City on University place. She found a large sun-drenched apartment at University avenue and 151st street, and something like this she desired convenience. She gave a deposit and was about to leave the house, but the renting agent, not content with her choice, tried to impress Mrs. Menhuh with her good luck in being allowed to live there, affecting destiny in a way he could not have dreamed of. He said something like this to her: "You know, I think you'll like this house very much. This is an exclusive place, we're very careful about who we rent here, and a little more confidentially: "We don't allow Jews here." Mrs. Menhuh had been no less self-conscious a Jew than she is now, but she didn't seem to be much more painful for her. "In her high Crimean way"—as her husband now describes it—she blurted out, "You are talking to a Jewess, I should like to have my deposit back." The renting agent strove to undo his business—not to say great harm, but to say that he would be glad to have her as a tenant, nevertheless, insisted that if he meant no offense implied that if she was a Jewess, she was not talking to a Jewess, and she was so good as to consent to remain? The reply was "No." She retrieved her deposit and as she went to the street, she thought she vowed that if ever she had a son, he would call him Yehudi and he would stand, or fall, by that name.

"And, thank God," commented the father, "he has been more of an honor to his people than a hundred." "We refrain from quoting the names of the hundred persons whose work should be gloried on the race that does Yehudi Menhuh. It was agreed that

the name of Yehudi might have been a curse to an ordinary average boy, but the name has not imposed on his boy the pathological commonness of the name which it might have sharpened in another, said Mr. Menhuh. Perhaps Yehudi Menhuh can afford to promise to change his race the more he goes on in life, because that pours out of his violin transcends the limitations of any race, and all races, perhaps, have the same procedure. In one race speaks in a tongue which is the property of no one race, and appeals to all.

Yehudi Menhuh was born in New York January 22, 1917, and at the age of nine months was taken to San Francisco, which has since looked upon Yehudi as its own. His father tells me that after his Stradivarius violin, the thing of which Yehudi is most proud is the badge which makes him an honorary member of that city's police department. He was a year old his parents sensed the power that music had over him. He was carried to his first concert, a matinee performance of the San Francisco Symphony Orchestra and lay perfectly still, manifesting great delight. He was taken to his first violin at three he was given a tiny violin to play and a year afterward a child's size instrument was given him. It was on this that he began his first lessons with Louis Persinger, who is now associated with the Juilliard School of Music. The rest is musical history—and will be.

Every concert appearance of his has been a revelation. He plays programs which would exhaust the ears of the wisest. He believes that music should be played as written, not in edited or abbreviated versions. He is capable of giving new freedom and vigor to the music of Beethoven, of Beethoven's Kreutzer Sonata, and his name has the magic effect of drawing ten thousand to the same hall to hear him and on the rare occasion when he performed over the radio tens of millions turned their dials Yehudi-ward. Even though he is a violinist, he is prodigal but the conscious artist, growing in maturity from year to year, there is also in him something of the instrument, a creature who has limits to his own powers beyond his knowledge or control. If this seems mystical nonsense to the rationalist, let them explain on their own basis the possession in him of such powers as are his.

As an indication of his loyal and affectionate nature, I quote from his letter to his mother, written in his "dear and beloved Maestro Toscanini," from St. Louis, when he heard of the half-million dollar gift to the city of the Juilliard-Symphony Orchestra.

"May I humbly offer you, dear teacher and Master, my services to appear without fee with you in your work at some future date, this or next season. It is a mutually convenient time, in a special public performance, for the benefit of the orchestra. To set a goal to hear him and on the rare still richer, than we musicians anyhow, let each one of us, you, the orchestra and I, donate our share to the fund. The total sum of \$500,000 should be immediately secured to prove our rights to Democracy and Civilization. A sum of \$500,000 or double that sum would be a fine example of spiritual life in America. The democracy which we love and of which we are proud should not have a dictator and a dictator dictator donates or dictates the support of a noble cause in a free and civilized country! I am sure you would be happy to play with you your orchestra any place you wish: Bach, Mozart, Brahms, Mendelssohn, Paganini!

'David Cohen, or Success In the Modern Soviet

Son of Blacksmith Rises Under the New Russia; Eleven Years a Laborer, Becomes a Master Mechanic

When Russian persecution of the Jew came to an end with the downfall of Tsarism, new opportunities opened to the Jews. Many are the instances of success stories which might be told about Jewish boys who made good. One such story is that of David Cohen, the son of a blacksmith, official organ of the Central Executive Committee of the Soviet Union, is of particular interest and follows in translation:

"David Cohen is the son of a village blacksmith in Volodarka, South Russia. It is a molder of common knowledge that the son of a Jewish blacksmith in a pre-revolutionary Ukrainian village meant hard labor, complete isolation from the world, and a life of abject poverty and constant fear for one's life and miserable personal property.

"To be sure this fear proved not unfounded. In 1919, when David was only eight years old, his father was killed by one of Petura's bands of marauders. The parents were finally driven out, the Soviet power was restored, this time for good.

"The Worker. Eight years of his independent existence David worked with the neighboring farms. In 1927 he joined the Comsomol, an organization for young people) and after three years was drafted, together with a number of his comrades, for work at the Bobrsk plant. From that time on he has been a worker for the Revolution, the change from farm work to unskilled labor would not have made any difference to him. He was a worker who would not have been anything for young Cohen to look forward to. His future now became a matter of course. He had no other concept than the Comsomol organization, which he had joined, said to him that he followed the path mapped out for young people like him by the better Worker.

"During his first days at the Bobrsk plant, Cohen went with a will at his work of digging. Eleven years as an unskilled laborer had not qualified him for any but physical employment. But mentally, three years of Comsomol education were not lost on him. He became a social-minded youngster and, after a hard day's toil found time and energy to go from barrack to barrack and from dormitory to dormitory, to talk among his fellow-workers for greater efficiency, for better coordinated efforts to help complete the work.

"When the most complicated part of the work—the dam—was finished, David found employment in a garage as an assistant mechanic. He had joined the Comsomol with the reputation of the "Hero of the Dam," David found his authority as a Comsomol worker very high. He was interested in "time in the garage. After his shift retired he would stay on and watch the men on the next shift do their work. David Cohen, however, organized as the best shop organizer in the place, who always exceeded his quota, was sent to Moscow to take courses in his work, he knew much. He was interested in engines than any other assistant mechanic without a technical education.

"As a student Cohen remained true to himself. During the five-month course, he developed himself by hard application. He was first in his class in general educa-

anything you say. It is a privilege as well as a grand lesson to play with you for you.

"Your adoring and faithful Yehudi Menhuh.

tional subjects, and led his schoolmates in practical laboratory work.

"On his return he found quite a change in the plant. Tall structures had been erected all over the grounds, a cobweb of falsework, concrete mixers were busily humming. The day when the plant would be ready for production was rapidly approaching. Soon after his return, David Cohen, the prize student, was commended again, this time to the Chernorechik chemical works and to the Bobrsk plant. Another six months went by almost imperceptibly, and Cohen returned once more to Bobrsk to work as a mechanic with an Eight Grade mechanic.

"When it came to mounting the machinery, Cohen was assigned to fix a German engine, whose idea of promotion was that a youngster like Cohen should command himself lucky if he stays at his job. He was promoted to assistant mechanic at the ripe age of fifty. That was the way they did things in Germany. And that is why David was at first below his real qualifications and ability.

"But in January, 1931, David Cohen was no longer a mere apprentice, as it seemed at the start of his career. He knew he was a bona-fide mechanic and member of the Comsomol, a conscious builder of Socialism and that the Soviet Union was a better school at its expense for a whole year to make an errand boy out of him. The German would not have been able to do that. Well, then, Cohen would become his own instructor. He took to studying at night the mounting done by the German during the day. During the working hours he followed closely every move of his chief. Whatever he did not understand he would jot down and ask another worker to explain it to him. The latter, a rather good-natured fellow, was amused by the young man's apparently meaningless inquisitiveness and was not at all averse to entering into protracted technical discussions with him.

The Master Before long, Herr Zander began to notice that his youthful assistant was doing it all unaided under his very eye into an expert technician. Soon he rewarded the erstwhile apprentice by entrusting him with the most complicated mounting jobs and installations. But David was not selfish—he shared the knowledge he succeeded in winning out on his own, and he shared it with his fellow workers.

And against Dzborkov who Cohen was transferred after the mounting job was completed, Cohen and his engineers put together the most complicated conduits and pumps designed for a pressure of three hundred atmospheres. David Cohen's department as a highly qualified expert in assembling imported parts, with the result that the squad of which he was the foreman never missed, exceeding its quota of the work assigned to it by from forty to sixty per cent.

"What with his arduous work and his departmental duties he did not neglect his other duties and not alone kept perfecting himself but also trained a number of reliable unskilled laborers and technicians. When they were ready for their responsible tasks and passed the required tests, David Cohen was awarded the title "Master of the Trade." He was ordered to the road from unskilled laborer to expert technician in two-and-a-half years.

ANSWERS

By L. G. MONTEFIORE

Nazi propagandists speak frequently about Jewish corruption. In their case, it is not only scandals; they mention the cases of Barmat, Kutscher, Sikarek and Katzenellenbogen. In the case of the latter, there are some bad scandals, it is also true that Barmat, Kutscher, Sikarek and Katzenellenbogen are Jews, but it is not less true that the accomplices are mostly non-Jews and even converted anti-Semites, as Herr Bruhn, editor of an anti-Semitic paper, has pointed out. Herr director Reinhart was implicated in the Scheitels-Patschenhofer scandal together with Katzenellenbogen; Reinhart is not only "Aryans," he is a Nationalist and is now a member of the economic advisory committee of the Hitler Government. Why do the Nazi propagandists not mention his name?

And why do they speak only about the Barmat, Kutscher, Sikarek and Katzenellenbogen? Why do they not speak about the scandals of Favag, Raifeissen, Dewahshin and Lahunan? The answer is simple. Why do they not speak about the bank for agricultural cooperative societies. The members were mostly small peasants, the bank was run by Nationalists. In 1930 they ruined the bank by lending enormous sums to a Russian adventurer, an alleged "Swastika officer." Sixty marks' worth of German peasants' savings were lost.

The Favag was one of the most important financial institutions of the Third Reich. Why do the directors, none of whom were Jews, brought about its ruin.

The Raifeissen was a union for land settlement, founded and managed by Protestant clergymen. No Jew whatever was connected with it. Why do the directors, many of whom were rabbis of the Jewish faith, brought about its ruin.

The worst scandal of all, worse than the Barmat, Kutscher and Sikarek scandals together, was the Lahunan scandal, the fraudulent bankruptcy of the Nordwelle Trust. The Lahunan lost seventy millions were lost through fraudulent transactions. The directors Lahunan were intimate friends of the Nazis. Why do the Nazis not mention this scandal?

Jewish Contributions To Psychology Enumerated

Pointing out that "the Jew has made distinctive and creative contributions to modern psychology far in excess of his numerical strength," the Young People's League of America has published "The Contributions of Jews to Psychology" over radio station WBNX, last night, under the auspices of the Young People's League of the district synagogues of America.

Reiss pointed out that "of the 'psychoanalytic trinity' Freud, Jung, and Adler, only Jung is a Jew." He also mentioned Abraham A. Brill, Kurt Koffka, Wolfgang Kohler, Kurt Goldstein, Solomon Stricker, Samuel Schminchman, and Dr. I. D. Neustadt. Dr. Blum and Sander Ferenczi were among the Jewish psychologists mentioned.

Satirize Trustees

A Purim celebration will be held at the Jewish Center of Beth-El, Brooklyne, 236 Kane Street, Brooklyne, March 4. The main attraction will be a comedy, "Bible League of a Trustees Meeting."

McDonald Meets Jewish Leaders At Conference

Informal Gathering Last Night Hears Report of Commission

James G. McDonald, high commissioner for German refugees, held an informal conference at 99 Park avenue last night with a group of representatives of the American Jewish community on the action taken at the recent London meeting of the permanent committee of the governing body of the High Commission and the members of the Advisory Council. He also spoke of his recent visit to Jerusalem.

Among those present were Sir O. E. D'Avigdor Goldsmid, chairman of the allocation committee of the British Central Fund for the relief of German Jewry, Philip M. Warburg, Paul Baerwald, Rabbi Jonah B. Wise of the Joint Distribution Committee; Alfred M. Cohn, of the Ethical Culture League; Lipinsky of the American Palestine Campaign; Morris Rothenberg of the Zionist Organization of America; Mrs. Samuel W. Haigripin, Eleanor M. Bernson, of the American Jewish Congress, and Bernard Flexner, chairman of the board of the Palestine Economic Council.

Others were Bertram M. Aufseser, Dr. George Baehr, William Berman, Henry J. Bernheim, Herman Bickstein, John H. Bernstein, David M. Bressler, David A. Brown, A. M. Calerman, Philip Coven, Mrs. Moses P. Epstein, Louis F. Felchman, Dr. Ernest Felchenfeld, Harry P. Flersht, Harry Fischel, Jacob Fahman, Rabbi Israel Gold, Dr. Samuel Goldmann, Maurice L. Goldman, Maxell David Goldstein, John J. Goldstein, Louis G. Gluckman, Mrs. David Greenberg, Judge Benjamin E. Grossman, Harry P. Gurewitsch, Abraham Herman, David N. Heyman, Joseph C. Hyman, Stanley N. Isaacs, Rabbi Leo Jung, Dr. Horace N. Kallen, Joseph K. Kallen, Dr. Samuel Kallman, William A. Koehland, Judge Edward Lazansky, John L. Liebowitz, Aaron William Levy, Dr. Benjamin L. Lippman, Dr. Louis L. Lerman, Dr. G. A. Lowenstein, Solomon Lowenstein, Judge Julian W. Mack, James Marshall, Albert M. Marmor, Dr. Henry Moskowitz, J. D. Mordecai Edgar, Dr. Louis M. Mordecai, Louis I. Newman, Nathan D. Perlman, Dr. David de Sola Pool, Dr. Nathan Ratnof, Miss Beicie Rapoport, Dr. Samuel J. Rosenman, Mrs. Samuel J. Rosenzohn, Dr. I. M. Rubinow, Michael Schnap, Mrs. Mary D. Schonberg, Dr. Richard S. Shulman, Dr. Louis S. Sloan, James Speyer, Judge Horace J.era, Ethel D. Stone, Hugh Grant Struhs, Mrs. Lou Sulzberg, Dr. Louis S. Sussman, Dr. Lawrence Tauszig, Sigwin T. Tauszig, Dr. Vladeck, Edward G. Vogel, Ludwig Vogelstein, Morris D. Waldman, Peter Wernick, Louis Wiley and Leo Wolfson.

Federal Goods' Order Will Start

(Continued from Page One) complaints by persons who boycotted German goods because of that country's persecution of Jews and some Gentiles. These people believe the goods were imported from Germany with a stamp of origin that led buyers to believe the goods were not of German make when actually they were.

At the Treasury Department it was stated that the objective of the new regulation is to require the use of more universal markings on imported goods. The regulation applies to goods imported from any foreign country.

Urges Easing Of Immigration

(Continued from Page One) fore, for immigration into Palestine. It is natural and proper that Palestine should be the national homeland of the Jewish people, and every facility possible should be provided to enable them to go there.

Amassador Bingham talked convincingly and informatively on the relation between the Jews and the United States. Especially was he impressed with the general economic condition in Palestine today and the evident improvement wrought by Jewish settlers there.

Denounces Anti-Semitism
When the subject turned to the Jewish Shirts, the Amassador talked more unreservedly. Here was a subject, religious bigotry, which he had met and courageously fought, all through his career of newspaper and magazine editor. He pointed to the Louisville Courier-Journal and the Louisville Times.

Denouncing the Jewish Shirts and the Ku Klux Klan, he did not believe that anti-Semitism will ever gain a foothold in America. The flurry in the United States to assume any form of anti-Semitism is of relative insignificance. The general attitude of religious tolerance and respect for the Jewish people is too great for anti-Semitism to assume any real form.

Recounting how his two newspapers, under his generalship, had attacked an exposed the Ku Klux Klan Amassador Bingham also resented anti-Semitism as a personal affront because although in the first instance he derided it as a "small and unimportant" second place he himself firmly hated any form of religious bigotry.

One of Amassador Bingham's most solicitous regard for the Jewish people is an orientation to the Jewish problem which threads back almost fifty years to his childhood. He has written for him a monograph to read from the pen of General Zebulon Vance, reverend North Carolina Civil War soldier, "The Lordered Nation". Although so young, he endeavored to preclude any real understanding of the question, he was admonished by the elder Bingham to "read it thoroughly" and to take to heart this sympathetic account of the wandering through the ages of the Jewish people.

It is such a congenial environment, it is not difficult to comprehend how, when Judge Bingham retired from the bench in 1911, and was looking about for a firm, he selected two astute and high-minded Jewish men, the late Louis B. Brandeis and the late Stanley Sloan. The first name was Kohn, Bingham and Sloan.

Close Association With Jews
The Amassador said that when he was informed of his appointment to the post he immediately asked Supreme Court Justice Louis D. Brandeis to swear him in.

"For Justice Brandeis I have profound respect as a great man, as a great citizen and as a great jurist," Amassador Bingham exclaimed.

"I have been associated with Jews all my life," the Amassador told the Jewish Telegraph Agency. "My partners were Jewish, and when it became necessary to leave my publishing business in assuming the post I now hold, I did so with perfect confidence because the man I selected to run the business, Emanuel Levy, is a man in whose courage, integrity and intelligence I have the most complete confidence."

And Amassador Bingham says that the High Commissioner for Refugees James G. McDonald, is able and energetic, and will do his best to get the best of Jewish people, but what can be accomplished at this time is extremely doubtful, it is certain that he

Loss of 70,000 Pounds by Fire In Palestine

Nearly Million Orange Cases Destroyed at Jaffa

(Jewish Telegraph Agency) JAFFA, Palestine, Feb. 25—A fire which did damage estimated at more than 70,000, and destroyed nearly a million empty orange cases, broke out in a Jewish-owned lumber company here today.

The fire was said to be the most destructive ever to break out in Palestine. The export season, now at its high tide, will probably be seriously affected.

Oranges are the chief export item in Palestine, and articles incidental to the trade have been, until recently, purchased abroad. Industrial development has been rapid, however, and most of the requirements of life in Palestine, including such necessities as food clothing, furniture, building materials, as well as small articles, can be obtained from domestic sources.

Fascist Tolerant Of All Peoples

Deputy Says No Race Is Barred From State; Roman Custom

(Jewish Telegraph Agency) ROME, Feb. 26.—Fascism is in principle opposed to the exclusion of any people or race from the state, said Eugenio Costigliola, head of the recently created Comitato D'Azione Per La Universita Di Roma, declared today in an interview with the Jewish Telegraph Agency.

The new organization was established to spread Fascist principles throughout the world and will review Fascist activities in all countries. "Our underlying principle is a return to the ideals of ancient Rome, which never prevented various ethnic groups from freely developing their own institutions," its president declared.

Soviets Urge Purer Tongue

(Continued from Page One) replacement of these Hebraic expressions with Russian phrases. It is through the elimination of Yiddish that the Soviet Union, they believe, will be able to bring about their replacement with Russian. In addition they pointed out that the Arbeiter, pioneer Jewish labor union, has already adopted the use of familiar Russian expressions.

The Stern in a three column editorial, agrees that the elimination of Yiddish from Yiddish is necessary since the latter are associated with religion and with nationalism, the point is made that the Yiddish language is not an acclimated Yiddish, but a Yiddish which is dying. The paper urges the elimination of Hebraisms from Yiddish. It is agreed that a Yiddish which is not Yiddish, but Yiddish with a Russian accent, is not Yiddish, but a Yiddish with a Russian accent.

While Amassador Bingham declines to be quoted on the restriction of Jewish immigration into Transjordan, it is probable that he believes that any additional territory should be thrown open to Jewish settlement.

Now

(Continued from Page One) striven to enter the professions in larger numbers than others, because their parents had been deprived of similar opportunities in the lands of their birth, on account of discriminatory laws. It is a fact that the great mass of the Jewish people in America is engaged in just such work as Mr. Warburg advises the youth to take up.

On the very same day that the famous philanthropist spoke on the subject of discriminatory laws, the distinguished labor leader and chairman of the newly formed Jewish Workers' Committee Herzl Affairs, declared that two-thirds of the Jewish population in this country is made up of Jewish workers. Those who always find fault with the Jews and who might try to distort or magnify the Warburg statement for their own purposes, will be challenged by the facts as presented by Mr. Vladeck.

Hearn Backing Boosts Boycott

(Continued from Page One) they are not to bring in any more German merchandise. Any merchandise in our stores at the present time that was made in Germany will be sacrificed in price in order to dispose of same as quickly as possible. Mr. Ginsberg declared.

The statement marked the culmination of a campaign by Hearn executives to eliminate Nazi-made goods from the shelves of their store.

In a previous communication to the editors of the Jewish Daily Bulletin, Hearn had stated that Mauricio Levin, president of Hearn, pointed out his store was making every possible effort to eliminate German-manufactured products.

In his letter Mr. Levin said in part: "Our policy is not to buy or offer for sale any German goods at the Hearn establishments until such time as Germany is no longer dominated by such tyrants at Hitler."

Mr. Levin further stated: "We find that we have bought \$10,000 or \$12,000 worth of merchandise in the house, which we are endeavoring to dispose of at any price possible. It is to be understood, disposed of, this store will have no further German goods to offer."

Levant Fair Sets Space to British

(Jewish Telegraph Agency) LONDON, Feb. 26.—Twenty per cent of the space set aside for the British pavilion at the Levant Fair, to be held in Tel Aviv in the first week of next month, will be reserved for the Levant Fair, Minister of Overseas Trade Colville announced in the House of Commons today.

Nazi Periodical Rebukes Jews On Agriculture

Asserts No Chance for 'Alien Race' in Farming

(Jewish Telegraph Agency) BERLIN, Feb. 26.—German Jews are rebuked for their proportion of Jews in the professions by encouraging German Jewish youth to enter agriculture and the handicrafts. The article, published by the Westdeutsche Beobachter, a Nazi publication, which told them that they were not wanted even in these occupations.

Commenting on the recent statement of the Reichsvertretung der Deutschen Juden, the all-German Jewish representative body, in Berlin, the article advised them to prepare for careers in agriculture and in artisanship, the papers warned.

"It would be any mistake, while one German remains unemployed, this whole question is not real and can arise only when German unemployment is completely eliminated.

"Even then," it asserts, "there are only limited opportunities for Jews to find a way of earning to the slightest extent, incorporation of alien races in these occupations."

The Reichsvertretung, as the body most thoroughly representative of all German Jewry, since its inception, has encouraged the Jewish youth to enter agriculture and craftsman instead of into the free professions and has aided organization to foster the Jewish movement and to the reorientation and education of adults along these lines.

It has been actuated in this program by the belief that the majority of German Jewry should work out their destiny within Germany, making the best of prevailing conditions.

Dissenting Group Plans Own Party

(Continued from Page One) news details, the dissenting group left the conference after Seigel had read a prepared statement. Leaders of the group explained that they could never vote for the clause adopted since they held that the critical situation of world Jewry necessitated the union of all Jewish groups and elements to fight for all Jewish causes. Over 400 delegates at the Sunday conference voted for the resolution, 200 voted against it and a large number abstained from voting altogether.

When the Socialist Zionist group walked out, the Jewish Socialists, the Jewish union groups, and the large Workers' Federation, which remained and elected permanent officials.

B. C. Vladeck, general manager of the Jewish Daily Bulletin, was elected chairman, J. Baskin, secretary, and David Dubinsky, treasurer. Joseph Schlossberg, Morris Weisberg, and Dr. Joseph Tennenbaum were elected vice-presidents.

The newly elected officers and the committee which arranged the conference, will meet the executive committee of the Jewish Workers' Committee for Jewish Affairs.

Negotiations are said to be proceeding between the two groups in order to achieve a compromise that will restore unity between the two groups.

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