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Hungary Yields to Demands For Numerus Clausus; Students Pledge Peace

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

BUDAPEST, Dec. 11.—The Hungarian government has promised the Hungarian anti-Semitic student associations strict enforcement of the numerus clausus against the Jewish students, in return for a promise to maintain peace, Minister of Education Balint Homan revealed today.

Not only will the numerus clausus be applied to the universities, but in addition, only a small number of Jewish pupils will be permitted to pass their final matriculation examinations in the secondary schools, thus preventing Jews from studying, the Minister of Education declared.

At the University of Szegedin, Jewish students complained to the rector that in spite of the assurances they had received, attacks against them are continuing. They announced their decision to stay away from all lectures during the term. The rector admitted the attacks on the Jews and promised not to deduct credit for the term, since the absence of the students was forced, not voluntary.

The festival of the Jewish girls union at the University of Szegedin was broken up today by stench bombs thrown by anti-Semites.

Further disturbances by anti-Semitic student groups occurred today at the Polytechnic Institute of the University of Budapest.

The Minister of Education threatened to close the institute for the rest of the term unless peace is re-established by Wednesday.

Eight Czechs Admit Nazi Aid in Anti-Jewish Acts

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

PRAGUE, Dec. 11.—Eight twenty-year-old Czechs were in custody today following their arrest yesterday by Karlsbad police as they were painting Jewish houses and shops with the swastika sign and posting up anti-Jewish placards. The arrested youths admitted to the police that they had received their instructions and materials from the German center.

Iron Guardist Leader Hunted in Roumania; Police Rout Membership

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

BUCHAREST, Dec. 11.—Roumanian authorities are conducting a nation-wide hunt for Cornelius Codreanu, leader of the banned Iron Guard, anti-nationalistic, anti-Semitic organization. Codreanu is said to have disguised himself as a woman and escaped from police detachments now searching for him. More than 3,500 members of the Iron Guard were arrested by the police.

Police acting under instructions of the government raided Iron Guard headquarters in various parts of Roumania. Numerous pistol battles and riots were reported in Bucharest. No deaths are listed, but a police commissioner was seriously wounded in a clash with Guardists.

Anti-Semitic students, celebrating the anniversary of the creation of their organization, smashed Jewish shop windows in the principal streets of Bucharest.

Deputy Michael Landau protested to the government that police were hindering the filing of the election slate of the Jewish party in the various constituencies.

The Zeire Zion, organization of the Zionist laborites, decided not to support the Jewish ticket and to refrain from participating in the general election.

18 Jewish Youths Jailed Following Tel Aviv Riots Against Immigration Ban

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

TEL AVIV, Palestine, Dec. 11.—

Eighteen Jewish residents of this city, arrested as a result of disorders here Saturday when a crowd led by members of the Brith Trumpeldor, militant youth group, attacked the Revisionist, right-wing Zionist faction, demonstrated against the government's Jewish immigration policy, will go on trial tomorrow in Jaffa. Chief Magistrate Ralph B. Bodilly will preside at the hearings.

The disorders resulting when the crowd refused to heed police demands to disperse continued to form the chief topic of conversation in this all-Jewish city today and resulted in heated disputes between the Zionist factions.

The affair was the principal topic discussed at the meeting of the municipality last night which turned into a heated debate on the responsibility for the disorders.

Mayor M. Dizengoff condemned the demonstrators in strong terms for not maintaining order. He was equally bitter in his condemnation of the measures employed by the government to round up tourists who had overstayed their leave in the country, terming the use of

(Continued on Page 4)

GERMAN JEWISH SITUATION STILL PRECARIOUS, AMERICAN JEWISH COMMITTEE REPORT SHOWS; DR. ADLER RE-ELECTED AT ANNUAL MEETING

The persecution of the Jews in Germany by the Nazis and the efforts made by the American Jewish Committee to aid in the restoration of the human and civil rights of the German Jews were the main subjects of consideration at the twenty-seventh annual meeting of the Committee, held all day Sunday at the Hotel Astor. Officers and delegates from thirteen states attended the session.

Dr. Cyrus Adler, president of the Committee, who presented the report on the year's activities of the Committee, pointed out that "while the situation of the non-Jewish opponents of the regime in Germany

is possible of improvement upon their being reconciled to Nazi principles and measures, the lot of the Jews will remain precarious as long as the existing racial principle prevails. The existing racial principle expressed in the Aryan clauses makes it impossible in effect for the Jews of Germany to live as citizens of the country and to take part freely in the economic, official, professional, or educational life of Germany."

"It appears," Dr. Adler declared in his report, "that in spite of all efforts, there has been no change for the better in the status of the

(Continued on Page 2)

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Confer on Sentencing Of Spanknoebel Aide

Representative Samuel Dickstein, chairman of the House Committee on Immigration which is now conducting an investigation into Nazi affairs in this country, yesterday conferred with Judge Daniel J. Brennan in Newark regarding the sentencing of Walter Kauf, bodyguard to Heinz Spanknoebel, who was convicted of carrying concealed weapons, assault, and instigating a riot following a Friends of New Germany meeting in Newark two months ago.

Kauf, according to Dickstein, has refused to discuss his connections with Spanknoebel, the American Nazi chief now a fugitive from justice. He has been asked for information by both Dickstein and Assistant United States Attorney William Prager, but toward both officials he maintained a stubborn refusal to talk.

It is expected that he will be sentenced to two years in jail in Newark, after which he will be deported.

Total of \$2,689,573 Raised In Federation Campaign

The sum of \$83,000 contributed by the clothing, woolen and allied trades, has brought the total raised by the Federation for the Support of Jewish Philanthropic Societies to \$2,689,573. The Federation Drive for \$4,200,000 is reported as being well on the road to success.

Presentation of the check for \$83,000 was made at a testimonial dinner held in honor of Charles D. Jaffee, president of the New York Clothing Manufacturers' Exchange and chairman of the publicity committee of the clothing code authority at the Hotel Commodore.

GERMAN JEWISH SITUATION STILL PRECARIOUS, AMERICAN JEWISH COMMITTEE REPORT SHOWS

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Jewish population of Germany. Although through the various "Aryan" decrees the German government has deprived Jews, as a group, of elementary human rights, yet the government has done nothing to define the status of the Jewish citizens. Recently reports have appeared in the press to the effect that comprehensive regulations on this subject are being considered, and that Jewish leaders had been requested by the government to submit their proposals. This, it is stated, they have declined to do, on the ground that as self-respecting citizens of Germany, they cannot submit to being governed by any laws other than those affecting the German citizenry as a whole. Throughout, the claim of the German government has been that the treatment of any part of the population is its own internal affair.

"This claim has misled many organizations and individuals all over the world into acceptance of that dogma, which they have prefaced to their protest against the barbaric treatment of the Jews.

"This attitude certainly does not represent the sentiment of civilized governments and of civilized peoples, among whom the voice of conscience cannot be stilled and speaks no matter where injustice may be done. When a government brings a section of the people to a condition of despair, and this despair becomes so great that many must flee from the country in which they and their ancestors have lived for centuries, they become an object of international concern, not only because they are refugees to other countries, but because of the basic causes which lead them to become refugees," Dr. Adler reported.

He cited international action taken with regard to the situation of the German Jews and historical precedents for international concern.

"Certainly as Jews," he declared, "we cannot regard the attitude of Germany to its Jewish citizens an internal affair. It we permit acceptance of the doctrine that the Jew as such is not fit to be a part of the German State, it may be taken as an admission that he is not fit to be a part of any state. This we must profoundly resent, and combat with all our moral strength.

"We believe that the events in Germany are a challenge to modern civilization and we trust to the civilized forces of the world to rally to the defence of a people who have existed for three thousand years, from whom the world has received great spiritual benefits and who are

neither capable nor desirous of protecting themselves by brute force.

"It is imperative that we continue to resist the threatening danger with firmness and dignity, and by a continuous appeal to the conscience of mankind, plead for justice and equality for the Jews in Germany and elsewhere.

"To this purpose the American Jewish Committee solemnly re-dedicates itself. Conscious of its great responsibility, the Committee calls upon the Jews of America for moral support and for adequate material support, without which its tasks cannot be effectively performed."

The report also contained a summary of the Committee's attitude and an explanation of the many steps it had taken in regard to the critical situation in Germany.

As to the boycott on German goods, Dr. Adler's report expressed the view that "Nazism is not only a Jewish problem, but also a world menace. In this view it is supported by unmistakable evidence from within the German borders; the suppression of all freedom of speech, press and assembly; the destruction of the rights won by labor unions and women; the utilization of the church for the aims of the state, and the militaristic aims of the Nazi leaders. While the American Jewish Committee sympathizes with the desire, and recognizes the right of individuals to refrain from buying goods made in Germany, it reaffirms its definite decision not to endorse or participate in a boycott organized by Jews in America."

The sessions also dealt with the situation in Poland, Roumania, Austria, and Mexico.

Enlightened public opinion, in this country and abroad, was called upon to combat the Nazi menace to civilization.

The report of the executive committee and the proposals for continued efforts for public enlightenment were approved by the delegates. Among those who presented reports were: Sol M. Strock, Joseph M. Proskauer, Lewis L. Strauss, I. M. Ittelson, James N. Rosenberg, Leo Wolfson, Albert Berner of Baltimore; P. Irving Grinberg of White Plains and J. K. Weitzenkorn of Wilkes-Barre, Pa.

Dr. Adler was once more re-elected president of the American Jewish Committee; Abraham Elkus, honorary vice-president; Judge Irving Lehman and Louis Kirsten, vice-presidents; S. D. Leidesdorf, treasurer; Morris D. Waldman, secretary.

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Horace Samuel Assumes Defense of Stavsky in Jaffa Murder Trial

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

JAFFA, Palestine, Dec. 11.—Horace Samuel, noted British barrister, today took over the defense at the resumption of hearings in connection with the trial of Abraham Stavsky, Zionist Revisionist who is charged with complicity in the murder of Dr. Chaim Arlosoroff, noted Zionist labor leader, on the night of June 16.

Levand Turgeman, 18, daughter of the hotel proprietor whose premises Stavsky claimed housed him on the night of the murder, testified that she had registered the defendant June 16 but said she had not seen any more of him.

Jacob Friedman and Moshe Mendelboim told the court they had spent the night in Turgeman's Hotel. Friedman identified Stavsky as having been a fellow lodger while Mendelboim admitted that he had bandaged Stavsky's hand. The evidence confirms statements made by the defendant regarding his presence in the Jerusalem hotel on the night of the murder.

Professor Nahum Slusz testified that he had seen Aba Achimeir in the Holy City on the night of June 16. The latter is another of the three Revisionists charged with the murder.

Palestine Govt. Weighs Restricting Number of Jews in Professions

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

JERUSALEM, Dec. 11.—Deputy Director of Health Joseph W. P. Harkness informed the Jewish Telegraphic Agency yesterday that the government of Palestine was considering a possible restriction of the number of licenses issued to doctors. He declared that out of a total of 1,043 physicians in Palestine, 882 were Jewish. Most of the Jewish physicians licensed this year, he stated, were German immigrants. The total number of doctors and dentists in Palestine on November 30 was 1,566. Since the end of 1932 there had been an increase of 500 Jews in these professions, Deputy Director Harkness declared.

Vienna Nazis Use Bombs in Attacks on Jews

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

VIENNA, Dec. 11.—Jewish shops and cafes patronized by Jews were bombed by Austrian Nazis over the week-end, causing considerable damage. Jewish pedestrians were attacked in the streets by the Nazis Saturday night. Nazi terrorists also exploded a bomb outside the synagogue on the Schiffgasse, but no one was harmed. Police efforts to cap-

Vienna Clergyman Asks Gov't Intervention in Curbing Austrian Jews

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

VIENNA, Dec. 11.—The necessity for an immediate settlement of the Jewish question as a means of forestalling the danger of forceful measures, was stressed by Pastor Wilhelm Schmidt, Professor at the University of Vienna, in addressing a conference of Catholic leaders today.

Pastor Schmidt pointed out that Jewish predominance in Austria was unbearable. He said it had penetrated the professions of teaching, medicine and law, pushing out needy Christian youths, who have before them the example of the radical treatment of the Jews in the Third Reich of the Nazis.

Jews also dominate the cinema, the theater and the press, the Catholic cleric complained. He admitted that the solution of the Jewish question was rendered very difficult in the case of the converted Jew, declaring, however, that conversion does not remove the disadvantages created for the Christians and therefore, the converts too must be treated differently from the Christians.

Professor Schmidt's speech is held to foreshadow a proposed Jewish law in Austria based on these premises.

The liberal Austrian press asks whether the government intends the withdrawal of equality rights from the Jews which are guaranteed under the constitution and peace treaties. The Jews themselves certainly will not agree voluntarily to the numerus clausus suggested by Professor Schmidt and Bishop Cernak, who made similar proposals some time ago, adds the paper.

Schmitt Explains Stand on Jewish Boycott, Asks Aid

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

BERLIN, Dec. 11.—An explanation to the public press was forthcoming this afternoon from Dr. Kurt Schmitt, Reich Minister of Economics, regarding his stricture against discriminating against Jewish business establishments.

The Cabinet member said that it is essential to keep the interests of the Fatherland above all else. It is necessary, he insisted, to use every individual and every opportunity to develop the German economic system and encourage the restoration of prosperity. It would be inconsistent, therefore, he maintained, to discriminate against persons who have economic status.

ture the bombers have proven fruitless so far.

Chanukah Festival to Answer Steuben Day in Anti-Nazi Protest

A demonstration intended to answer the challenge of the recent German Day celebration held by the Steuben Society at Madison Square Garden, will be the purpose of the Maccabean festival scheduled at the Madison Square Garden on Saturday evening. Samuel Untermeyer will deliver the principal address which is to be a rejoinder to remarks made by German Ambassador Hans Luther.

Mr. Untermeyer described the speech made by Mr. Luther as "condemning testimony of the efforts of the Nazis to spread German propaganda in this country."

Morris Margolies, secretary of the Zionist Organization of America, which is sponsoring the festival, announced that the Chanukah celebration has been "transformed into an anti-Nazi demonstration." He added that such a change is fitting since the celebration commemorates the victory of the ancient Maccabees over would-be destroyers of the Jews more than 2,000 years ago.

In a letter received by Mr. Margolies from Mr. Untermeyer, the latter wrote:

"There can be no more fitting occasion than the celebration of Chanukah, the holiday which symbolizes the triumph of liberalism and enlightenment over bigotry and reactionary discrimination, for a vociferous demonstration against the evils of Hitlerism."

Appeals Court Holds Jews May Act as Executors of Aryan and Jewish Estates

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

BERLIN, Dec. 11.—The Kammergericht, court of appeals, today annulled the ruling of the Berlin district court, cancelling the right of Jews to act as executors, in wills filed in German courts.

The court of appeals not only upheld the right of Jews to act as executors in wills filed by Jews, but also upheld the right of Jews to be executors for Aryans, if such a desire is expressed in the will of the deceased.

An executor does not necessarily act as lawyer, the appeals court explained, and therefore the Aryan clause cannot affect executors.

Isaiah Levy Is Named Member of Italian Senate

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

ROME, Dec. 11.—Isaiah Levy, Jewish industrialist of Turin, has been appointed a Senator by the Italian government, it was announced here. Signor Levy is one of fifteen to be appointed by Premier Mussolini's government.

18 Jewish Youths Jailed Following Tel Aviv Riots Against Immigration Ban

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child informers by the government "disgraceful."

The brown-shirted Trumpedorites came in for a scathing attack from Rosa Cohen, a Zionist laborite, who had to be called to order by the mayor who presided at the meeting. The right-wing Revisionists and the laborites engaged in heated exchanges of invectives, the former accusing the latter of trying to place blame for the demonstration upon them.

Laborite speakers assailed the city administration for stating that the identity of the demonstrators was unknown. They insisted that these be named to remove the stigma of disorderly conduct from the remaining members of the community.

An appeal for an end to party strife was made by David Pinkas, representative of the Mizrahi, orthodox Zionist group, who deplored the desecration of the Sabbath by the demonstrators.

After a heated commentary on police tactics, a majority of the meeting adopted a resolution expressing sympathy with the police and deprecating the violence that occurred.

Among those arrested were four Yemite Jews, one member of the Brith Trumpeldor and four members of the mob that joined the protest march. One of those arrested, a reporter for the Tel Aviv Hebrew daily, Haaretz, was later released. His arrest was attributed to a mistake.

The Jewish policemen who were injured in the fighting that resulted when the police attempted to break up the march were Inspector Goffer, Corporal Wortman, and Constables Lutker, Griebner and Sharmeister. Sergeant Marshall of the British police and Constables Axel, File and Taylor, were also injured. Inspector Goffer was taken to a hospital with head and abdominal injuries. Three civilians were also taken to hospitals with injuries received in the riot and four others treated for minor injuries.

The meeting of protest under Revisionist auspices that led to the riot, began peacefully enough, with an audience of a few hundred listeners.

The meeting held in the morning discussed many problems before taking up the question of a protest against British immigration policies. At 11 o'clock, a group of Brith Trumpeldorites left the meeting carrying the Blue and White Zionist flag and a number of placards with inscriptions reading: "Down with the Tourist Hunters" and "Give Us Uncontrolled Immigration." When they refused to disperse at the command of the British police, a con-

stable snatched the flag. He was attacked by the marchers, was kicked and trampled.

A running fight between the police and the marchers who had been joined by many in the street, took place. Heavy police reinforcements were hurriedly summoned from Jaffa. They charged the mob with truncheons. But the infuriated crowd threw stones and bricks at the police and from balconies lining the street, poured water on the heads of the police officers.

The police charged the mob time and again, but, outnumbered, were finally forced to retire to the side streets.

Fighting between the police and the rioters continued for three hours until the arrival of the military in armored cars. One driver of an armored car was beaten by the crowd and forced to escape from a shower of stones. The mob was only dispersed when police and soldiers armed with rifles were drawn up in two ranks across the street and the mob warned that they would be fired on unless they went home.

Dizengoff Asks for Patience

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

TEL AVIV, Dec. 11.—Following Saturday's riot in Tel Aviv, Mayor M. Dizengoff declared in a statement to the Jewish Telegraphic Agency that the entire incident was the result of the resentment felt by the public at extraordinary and uncivilized measures adopted by the Government in the hunt for tourist illegals.

"I do not justify the illegal public demonstration against the police, for which there is no room in a civilized society," Mayor Dizengoff declared. "Those guilty must be severely punished, but I hope that the police will understand that detectives and juvenile informers, operating publicly have introduced demoralization into this tranquil city."

"Great patience is required for those undertaking to raise many sons in one house. I hope that when the anger of all elements has subsided, the country will become tranquil and be blessed with a peaceful and happy life."

Jabotinsky Applauds "Righteous Outbreak"

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

PARIS, Dec. 11.—In a message addressed to the participants in Saturday's demonstration against the immigration policy of the British government, which took place in Tel Aviv, Vladimir Jabotinsky, leader of the Revisionists, declared: "Your righteous outbreak and sacrifice will remain in Jewish history as the birthday of a decisive Jewish world onslaught, which will smash the anti-Zion rule in Zion, and aid in bringing the dawn of the Jewish state."

German Jewish Situation Still Precarious, American Jewish Committee Reports

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tary, and Harry Schneiderman, assistant secretary.

Sol M. Strock was elected chairman of the executive committee to succeed Judge Horace Stern, of Philadelphia, who declined re-election.

The executive committee for the forthcoming year consists of Dr. Adler, Judge Stern, Lessing J. Rosenwald and Morris Wolf of Philadelphia; James H. Becker, James Davis and Albert D. Lasker, of Chicago; Judge Eli Frank of Baltimore; Louis E. Kirstein, A. C. Ratahesky and Dr. Milton J. Rosenau, of Boston; Fred M. Butzel of Detroit; Fred Lazarus, Jr., of Columbus, O.; Ralph J. Schwarz, of New Orleans; Hon. Julius L. Meier, of Portland, Ore., and David M. Bressler, Abram I. Elkus, Henry Ittleson, Max J. Kohler, Irving Lehman, Samuel D. Leidesdorf, James Marshall, Joseph M. Proskauer, James N. Rosenberg, Samuel I. Rosenman, Roger W. Strauss, Mr. Strock, Lewis L. Strauss, B. C. Vladeck and Felix M. Warburg, of New York City.

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